

Assessment performance tests of Basler optical digital system vs. the standard BTV system at CLEAR/CERN

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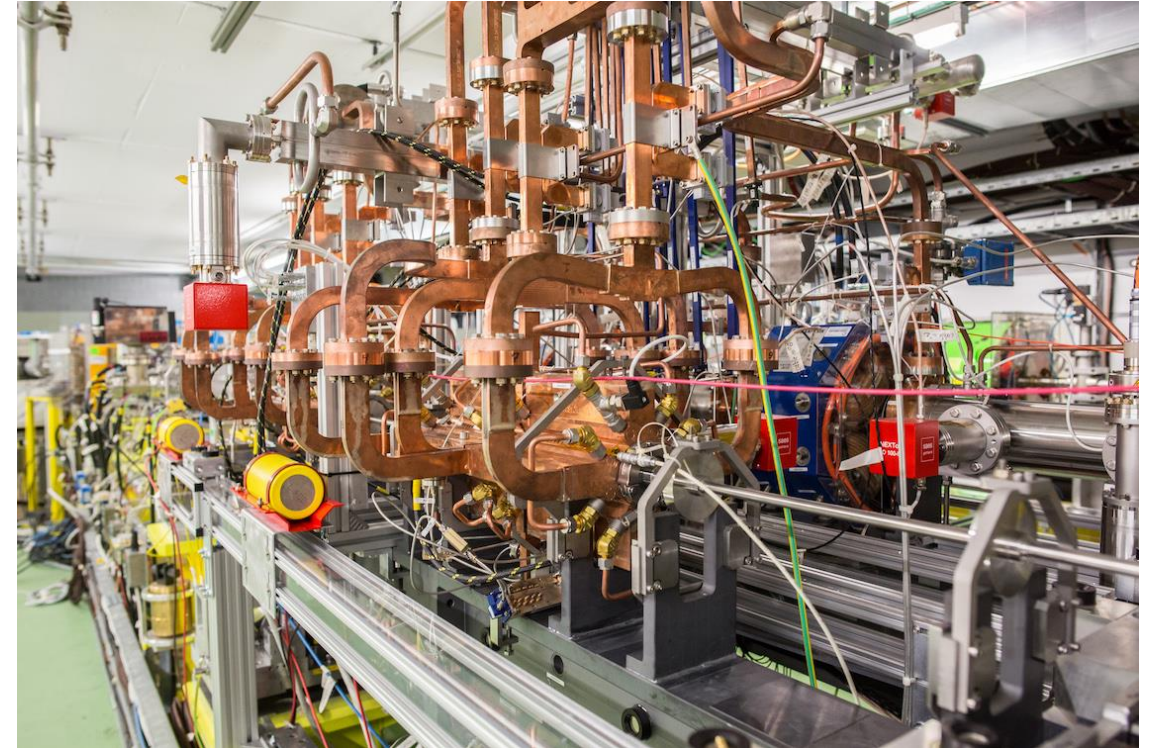
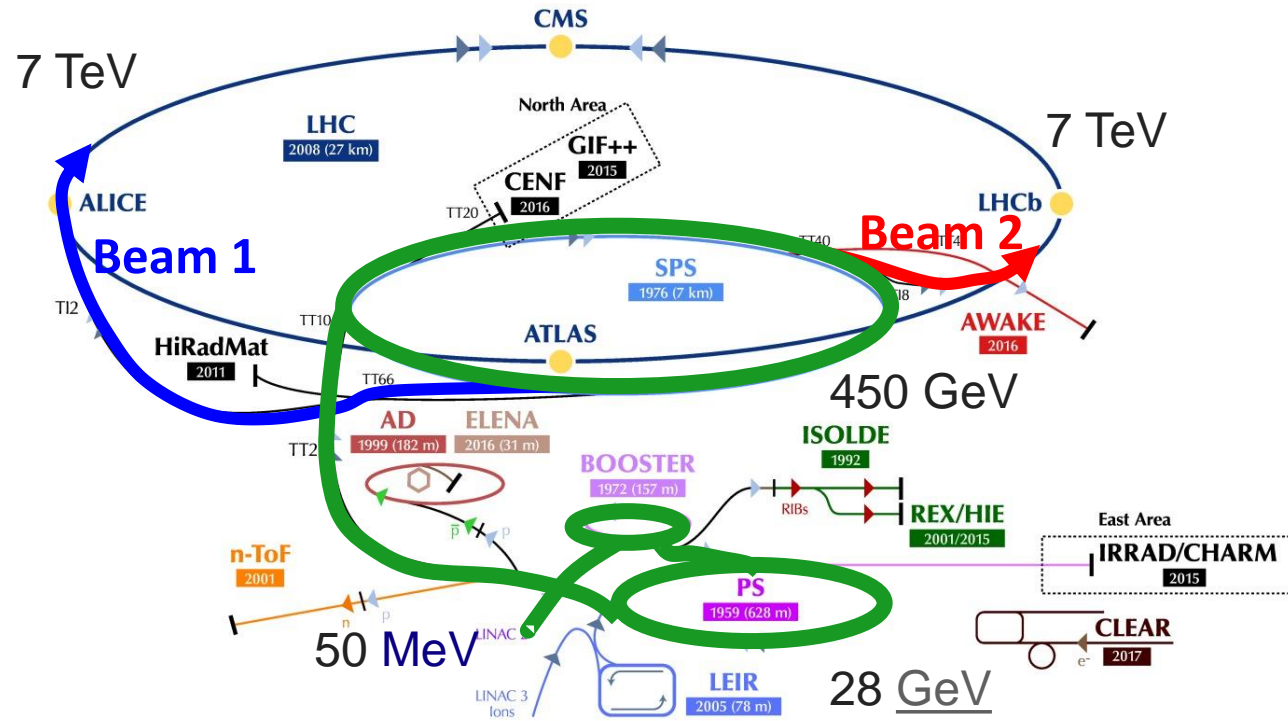


ESCUELA DE
CIENCIAS FÍSICAS
Y NANOTECNOLOGÍA

LHC and CLEAR

Protons on the way to LHC

The CERN accelerator complex
Complexe des accélérateurs du CERN



CLEAR (CERN Linear Electron Accelerator for Research) increases the energy of the beam at 200 MeV

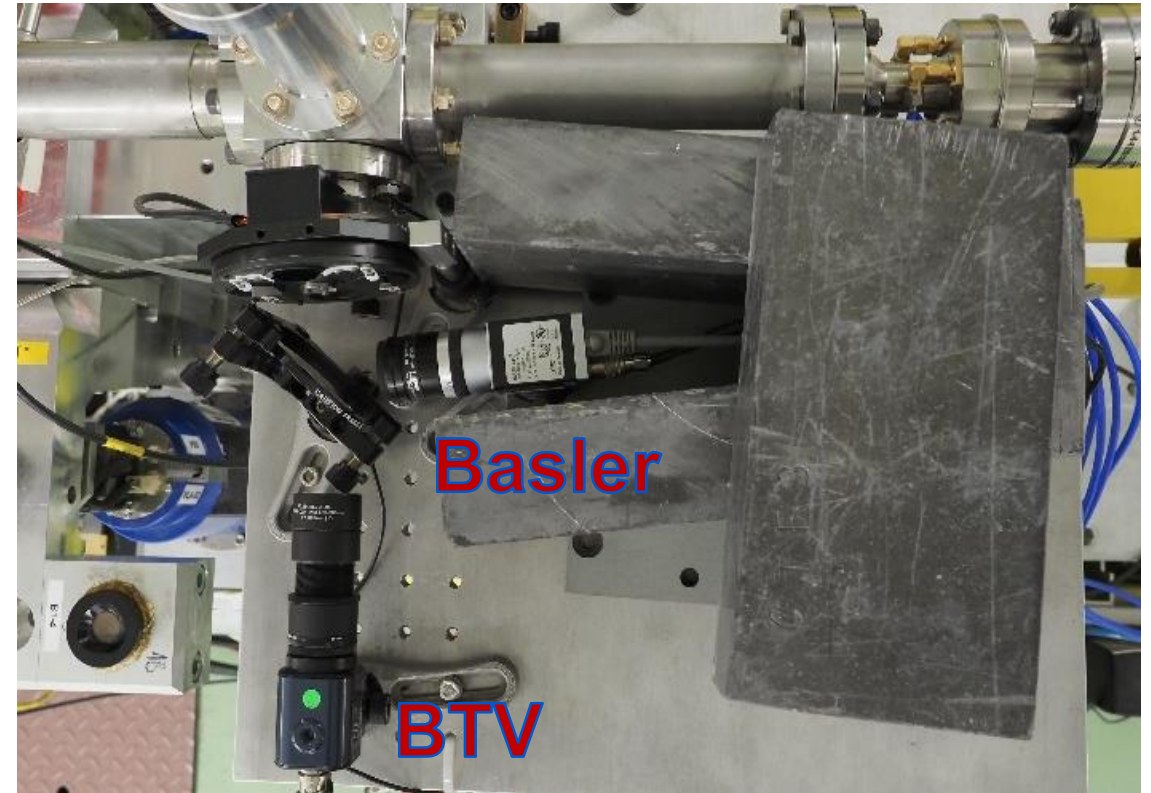
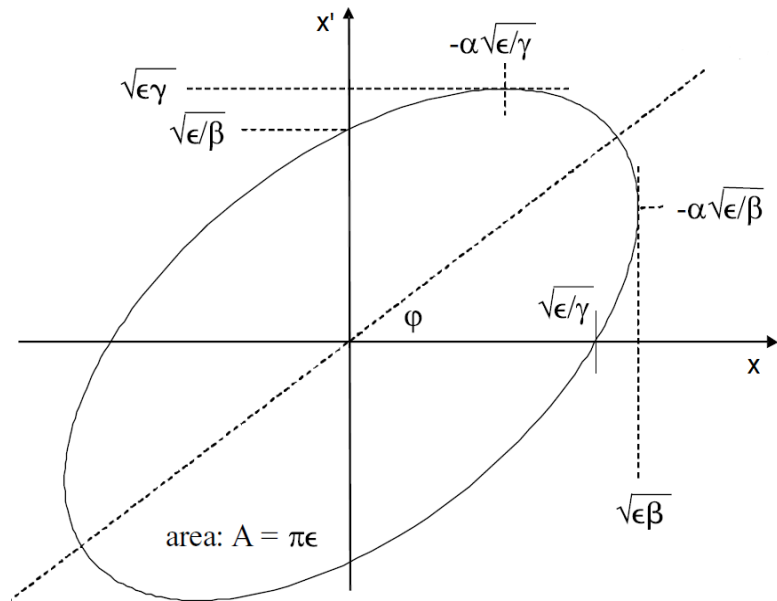
The higher the particle's energy the larger the circumference.

Emittance measurement:

Phase Space $x(s) = \sqrt{\epsilon\beta(s)}\cos(\varphi(s))$

$$\gamma x^2 + 2\alpha x x' + \beta x'^2 = \epsilon$$

Twiss Paramete $\beta(s)$ $\alpha(s) = -\frac{1}{2}\beta'(s)$ $\gamma = \frac{1 + \alpha^2}{\beta}$

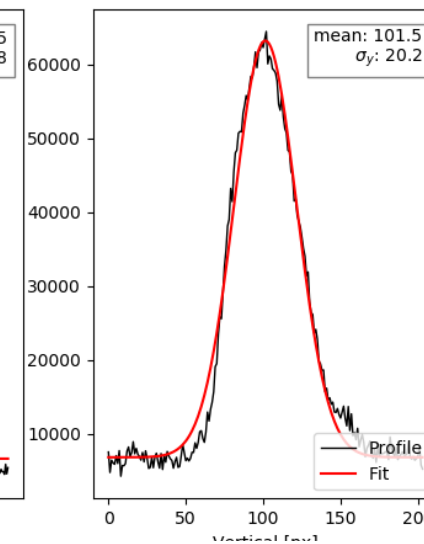
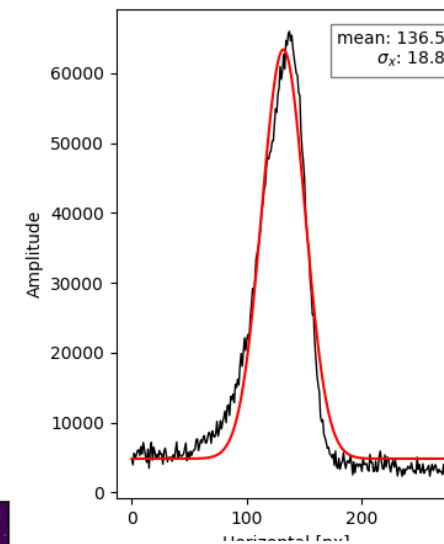
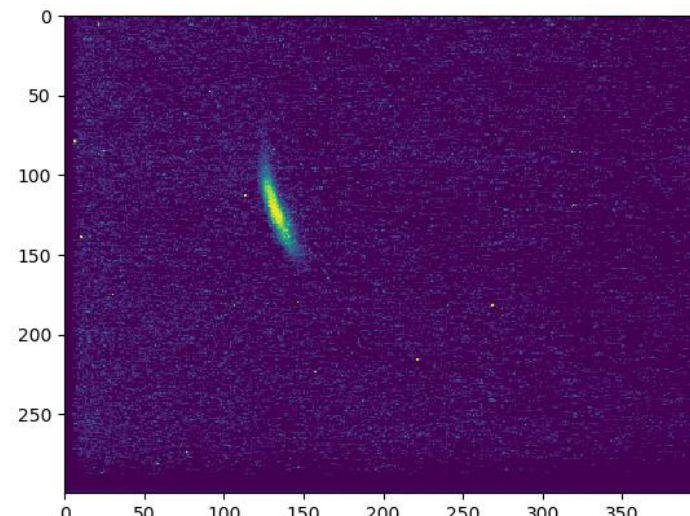
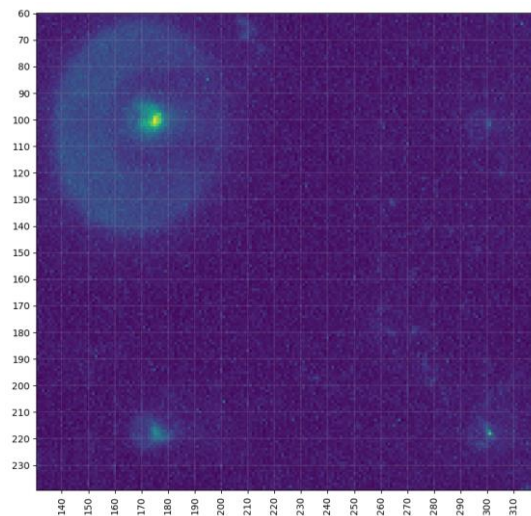


$$\sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & \sigma_{xx'} \\ \sigma_{xx'} & \sigma_{x'}^2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{11} & \sigma_{12} \\ \sigma_{21} & \sigma_{22} \end{bmatrix} = \epsilon \begin{bmatrix} \beta & -\alpha \\ -\alpha & \gamma \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \det(\sigma) = \epsilon_{rms}^2 \\ \epsilon_N = \beta_{rel}\gamma_{rel}\epsilon_{rms} \end{bmatrix}$$

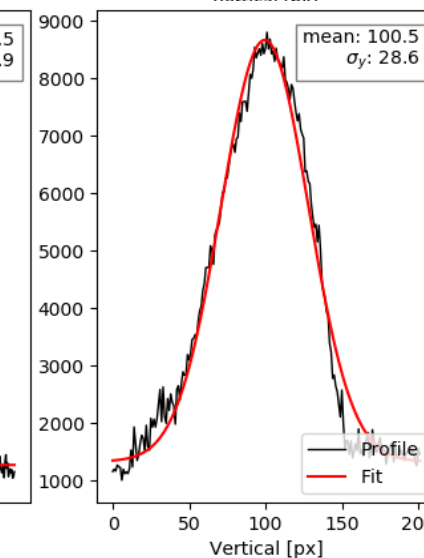
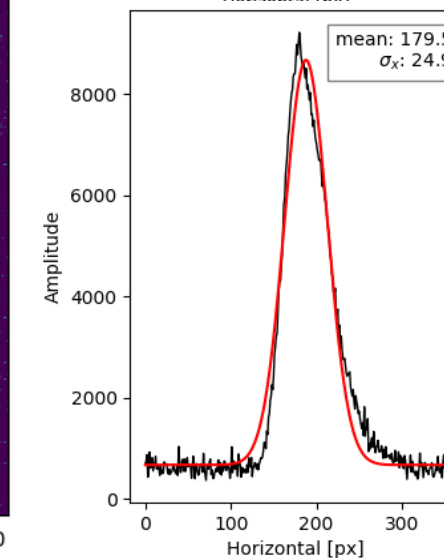
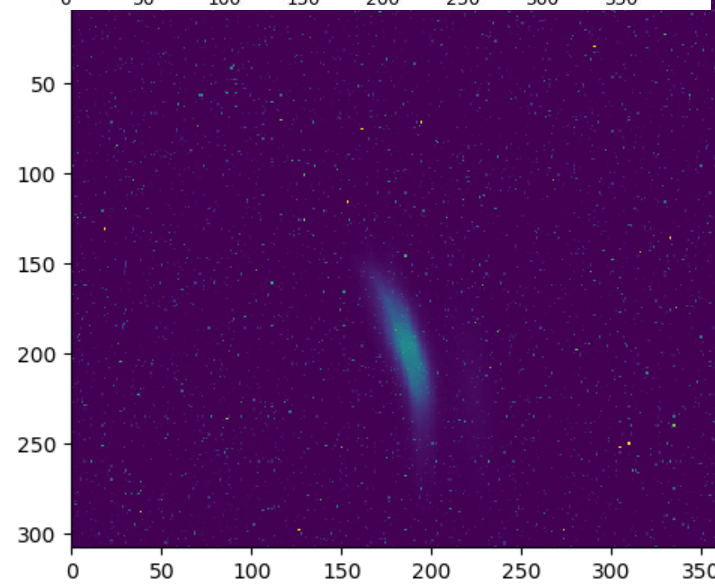
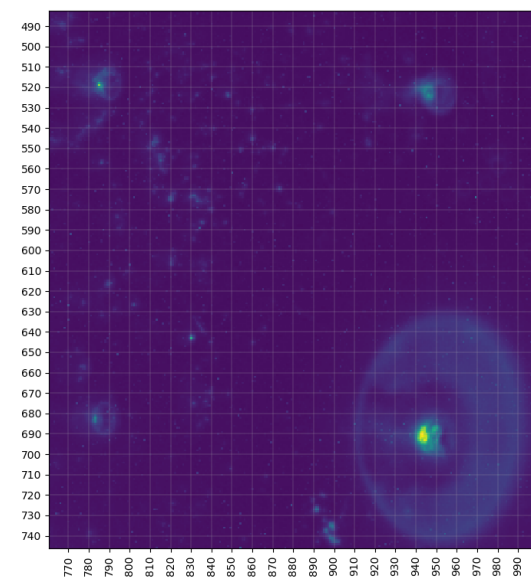
Keeping the emittance small means that the likelihood of particle interactions will be greater resulting in higher luminosity.

BTV camera vs. Basler camera

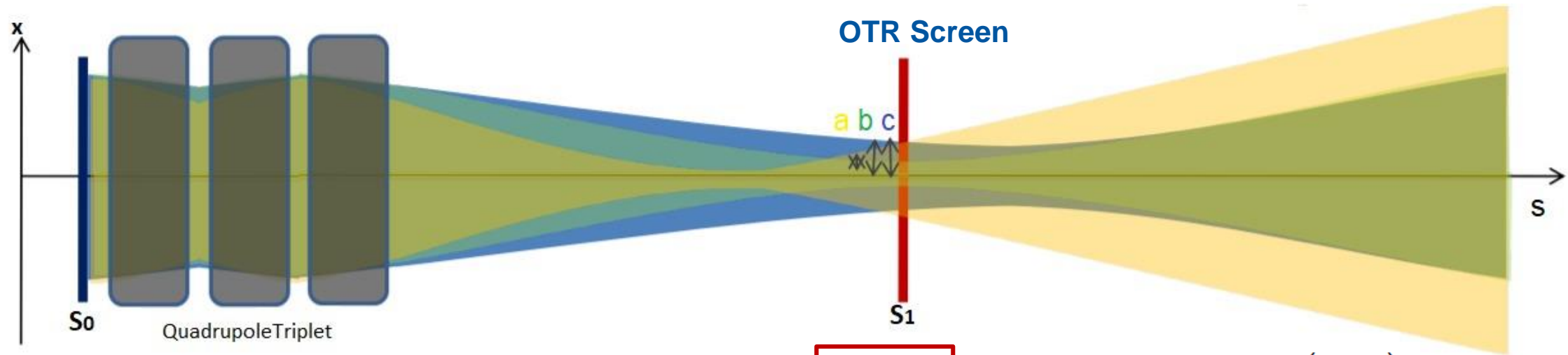
BTV



Basler



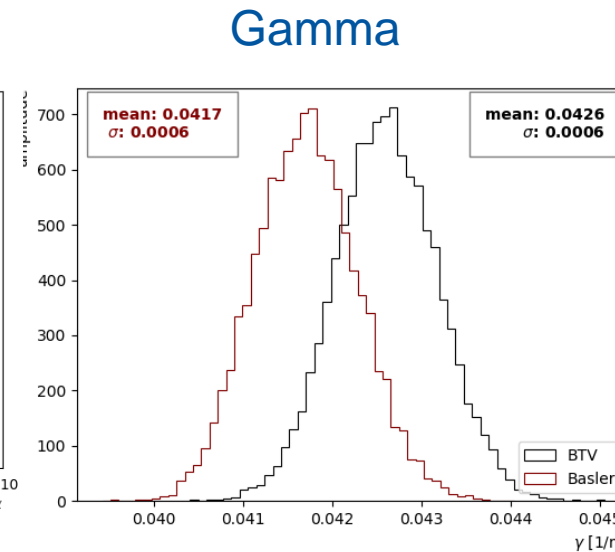
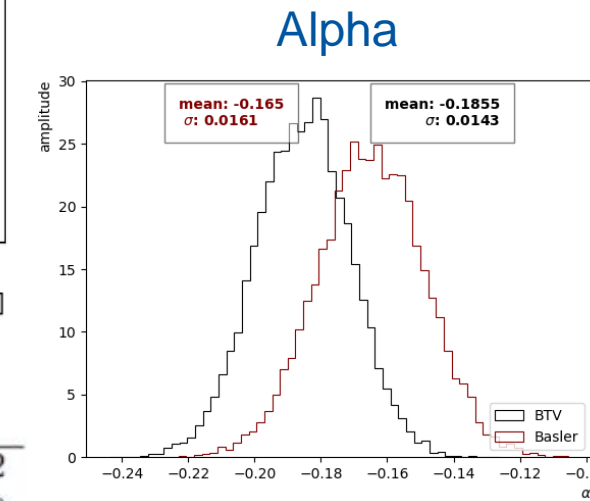
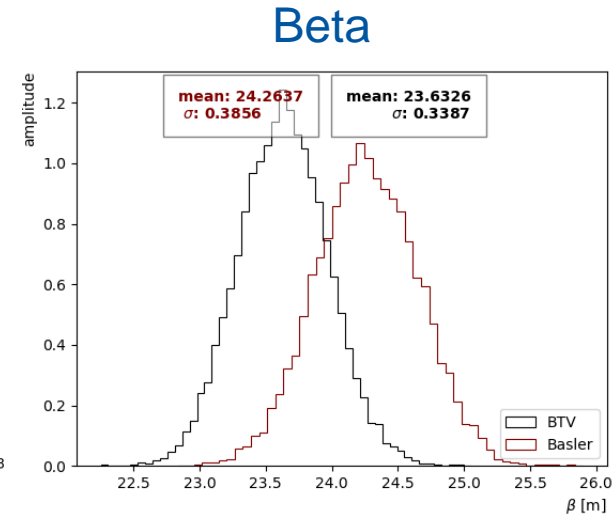
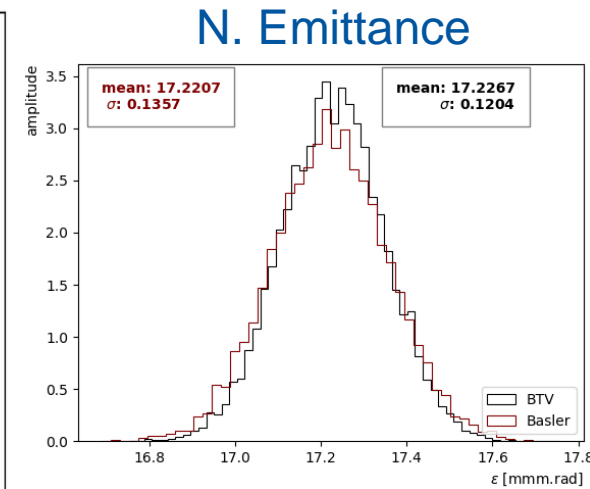
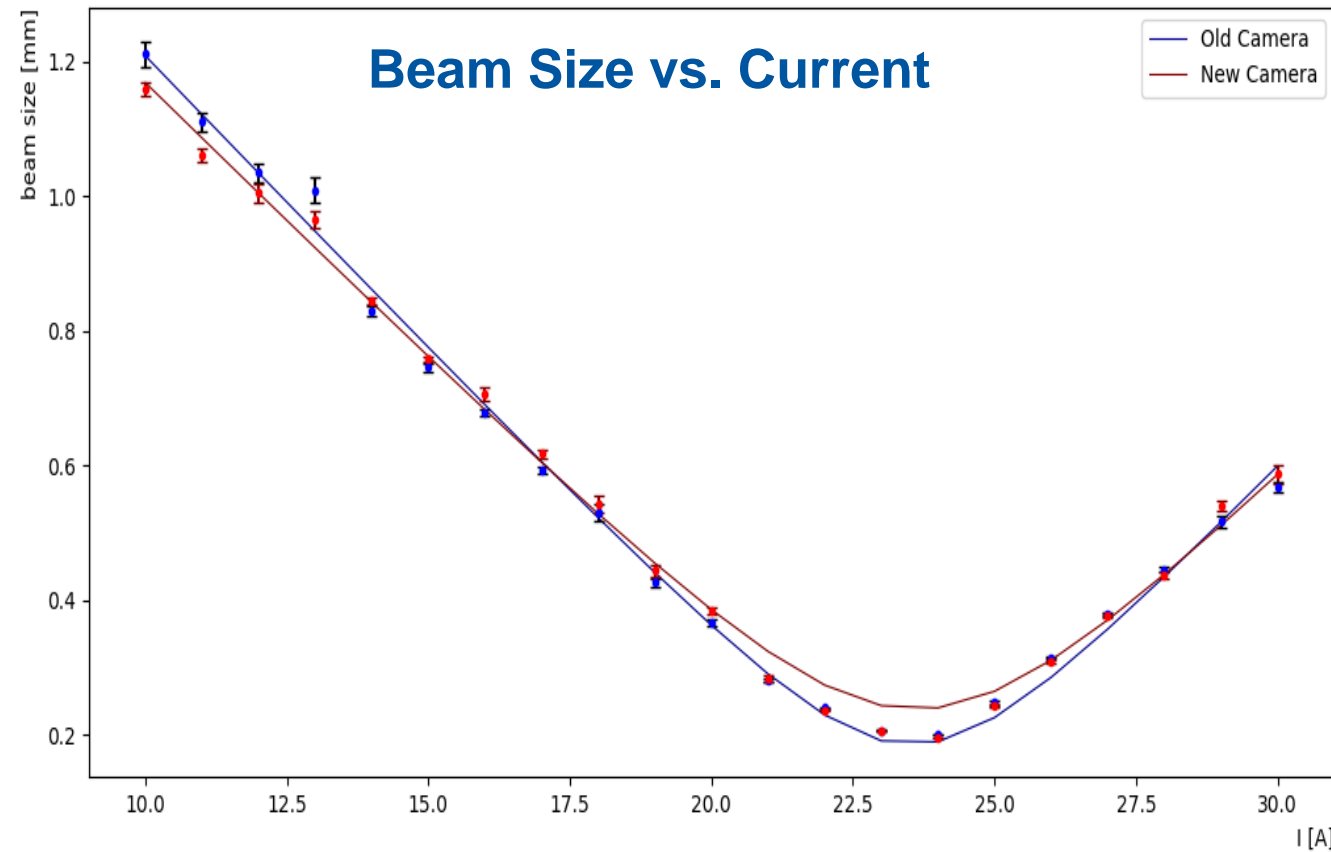
METHODOLOGY



$$M_{foc} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\sqrt{K}s) & \frac{1}{\sqrt{K}} \sin(\sqrt{K}s) \\ -\sqrt{K} \sin(\sqrt{K}s) & \cos(\sqrt{K}s) \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{0,11} \\ \sigma_{0,12} \\ \sigma_{0,22} \end{pmatrix} = (M_{\sigma,n}^T M_{\sigma,n})^{-1} M_{\sigma,n}^T \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{1,11} \\ \sigma_{2,11} \\ \vdots \\ \sigma_{n,11} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_{1,11}(k) = (d^2 l_q^2 \sigma_{0,11}) k^2 - 2(dl_q \sigma_{0,11} + d^2 l_q \sigma_{0,12})k + (\sigma_{0,11} + 2d\sigma_{0,12} + d^2 \sigma_{0,22})$$

RESULTS



	ϵ_N mm.mrad	$\delta\epsilon_N$ mm.mrad	β m	$\delta\beta$ m	α	$\delta\alpha$	γ 1/m	$\delta\gamma$ 1/m
BTV	17.1670	0.1229	23.5344	1.1178	-0.1232	0.0243	0.0432	0.0022
Basler	17.1633	0.1418	25.2564	1.0871	-0.1719	0.0176	0.0408	0.0018



Thanks for your attention !

