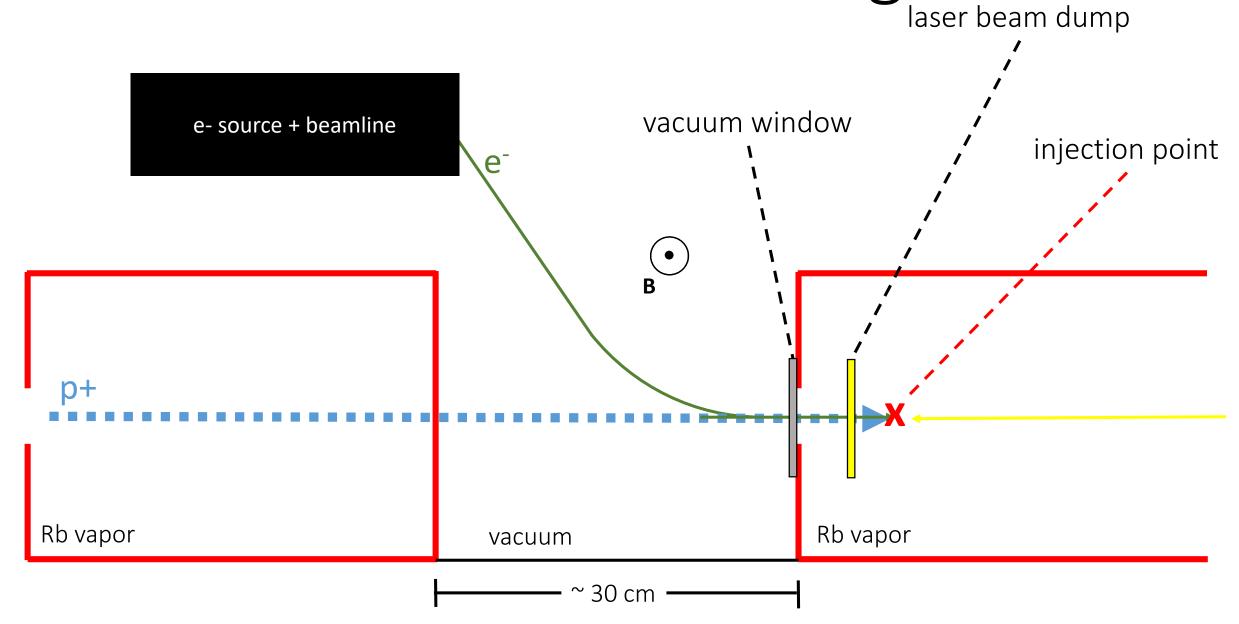
Electron beam final focusing



Given:

- 30 cm gap between sources
- 70 μm aluminum vacuum window
- 100 μm aluminum laser beam dump
- β function at the window = 7.13 mm
- $\varepsilon_N = 14 \mu rad (\varepsilon_g = 0.04 \mu rad)$

What final focusing system should we use??

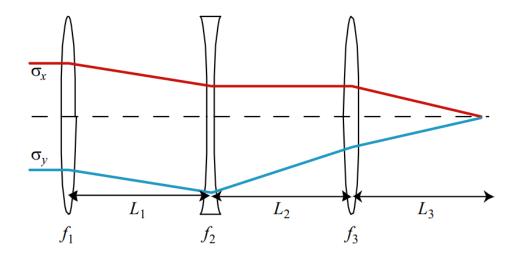
Permanent magnet quadrupole (PMQ) triplet could be a solution:

PROS:

- very high magnetic gradient (100s T/m)
- short focal length (order of cm)
- short physical magnet length

CONS:

• difficult tuning & alignment



$$f_2 = f_3 = L_1 = L_1 = L_3$$

 $f_1 = 2f_2$

Maximum compression of the beam size:

$$\frac{\sigma^*}{\sigma_0} \approx \frac{\delta_p}{p}$$

if $\sigma_0 = 250 \ \mu m$, $\sigma^* = 18 \ \mu m$, ratio = 7.2 % < δ_p / p ~ 0.5%

focal length with this scheme: f = 6 cm if magnets are 2 cm long: G = 458 T/m

Also the protons pass in this system, but $f = 121 \text{ m} \rightarrow$ the effect on micro-bunches should be negligible

Many details to study:

• effect of momentum spread

• tuning for different beam parameters

• technical realization

• ...