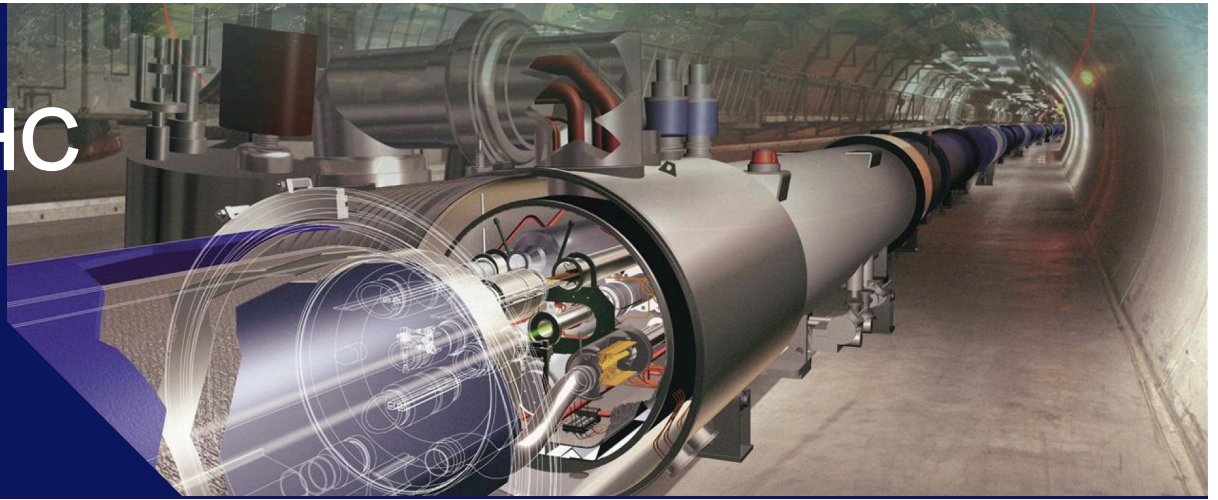


electrons for the LHC
Chavannes de Bogis
24 – 25 October 2019



Proton PDFs and α_s

Claire Gwenlan, Oxford

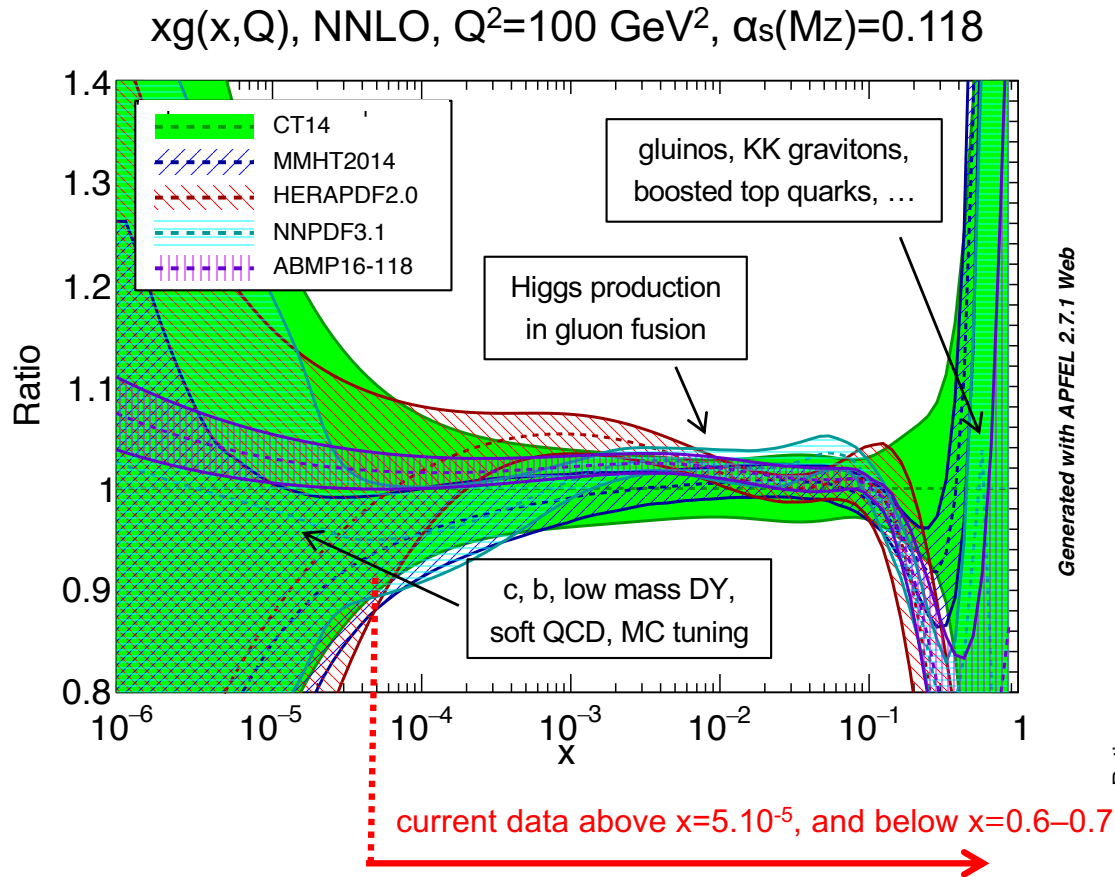
Fred Olness, SMU

on behalf of the PDFs and QCD WG

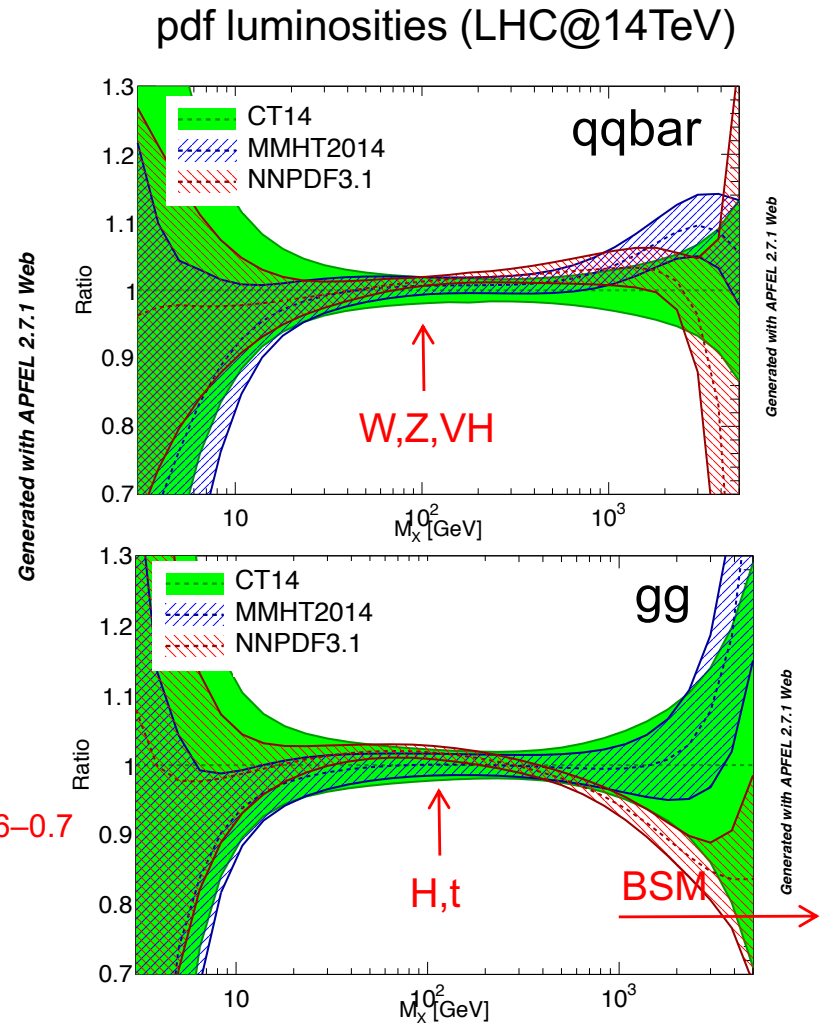
with special thanks to Max Klein and Daniel Britzger



pdfs: the situation today

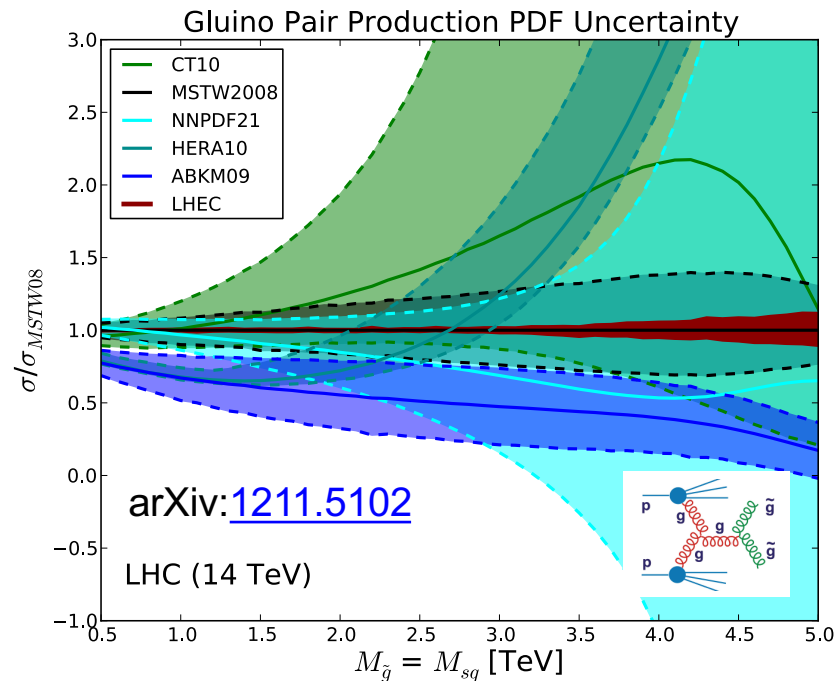


pdfs poorly known at **large** and **small x**
 higher precision needed also for H, W, t

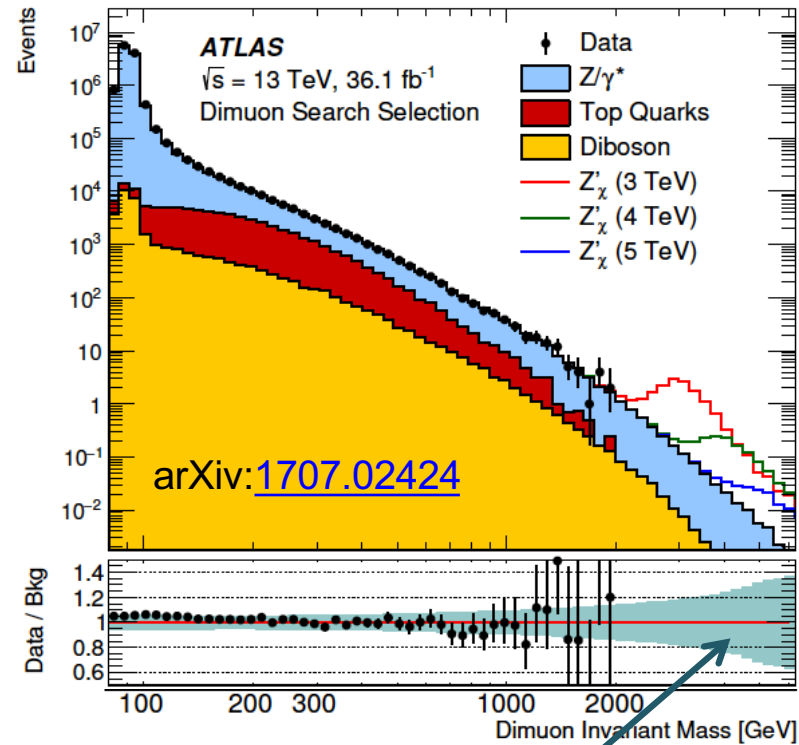


why large x pdfs matter at the LHC

BSM searches at high scales limited by (lack of) knowledge of large x pdfs



many interesting processes at LHC are **gg** initiated – top; Higgs; BSM, EG. gluino pair production, LQs etc.; ...



pdf uncertainty dominates

current BSM searches at high mass also limited by **large x valence** and **sea quark** uncertainties

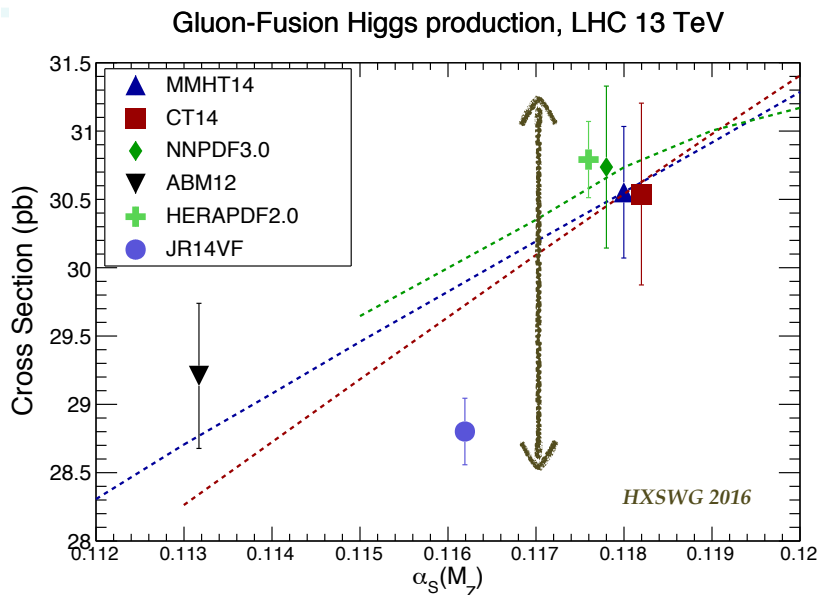
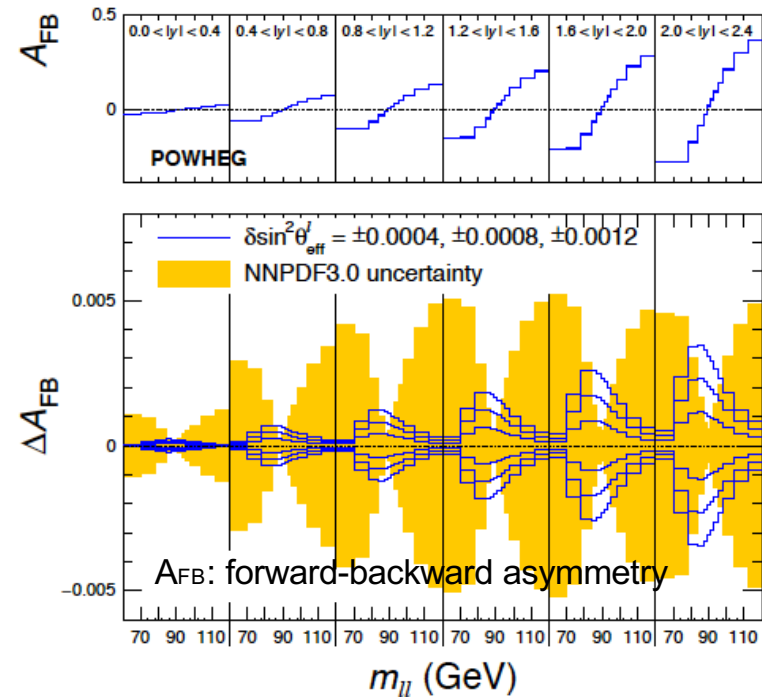
and other LHC measurements...

... such as precision M_W , $\sin^2\theta_W$ (where small discrepancies may indicate BSM physics) and Higgs, are also limited by **pdf uncertainties** at medium x , where we know pdfs best!

ATLAS M_W , arXiv:[1701.07240](https://arxiv.org/abs/1701.07240)

Channel	$m_{W^+} - m_{W^-}$ [MeV]	Stat. Unc.	Muon Unc.	Elec. Unc.	Recoil Unc.	Bckg. Unc.	QCD Unc.	EW Unc.	PDF Unc.	Total Unc.
$W \rightarrow e\nu$	-29.7	17.5	0.0	4.9	0.9	5.4	0.5	0.0	24.1	30.7
$W \rightarrow \mu\nu$	-28.6	16.3	11.7	0.0	1.1	5.0	0.4	0.0	26.0	33.2
Combined	-29.2	12.8	3.3	4.1	1.0	4.5	0.4	0.0	23.9	28.0

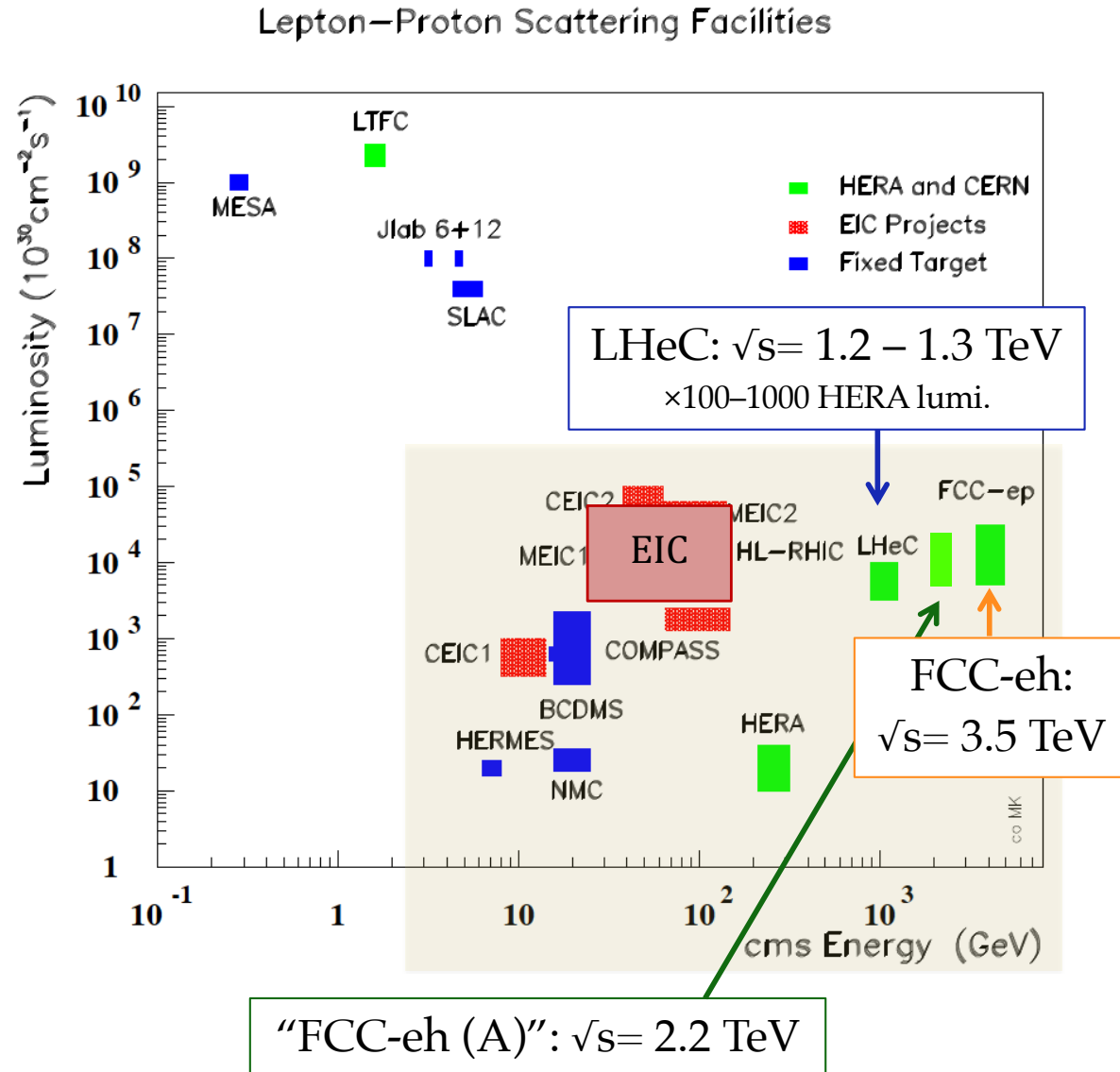
CMS $\sin^2\theta_W$, arXiv:[1806.00863](https://arxiv.org/abs/1806.00863)



BLUE: vary $\sin^2\theta_{eff}$ for fixed pdf

ORANGE: NNPDF3.0 pdf uncertainty for fixed $\sin^2\theta_{eff}$

ep collider configurations



LHeC and FCC-eh

ERL, Ee: $\rightarrow 60$ GeV

LHeC

Ep: 7 TeV (or more, with a HE-LHC)

LHeC CDR, arXIV:[1206.2913](https://arxiv.org/abs/1206.2913)

FCC-eh

Ep: 50 TeV

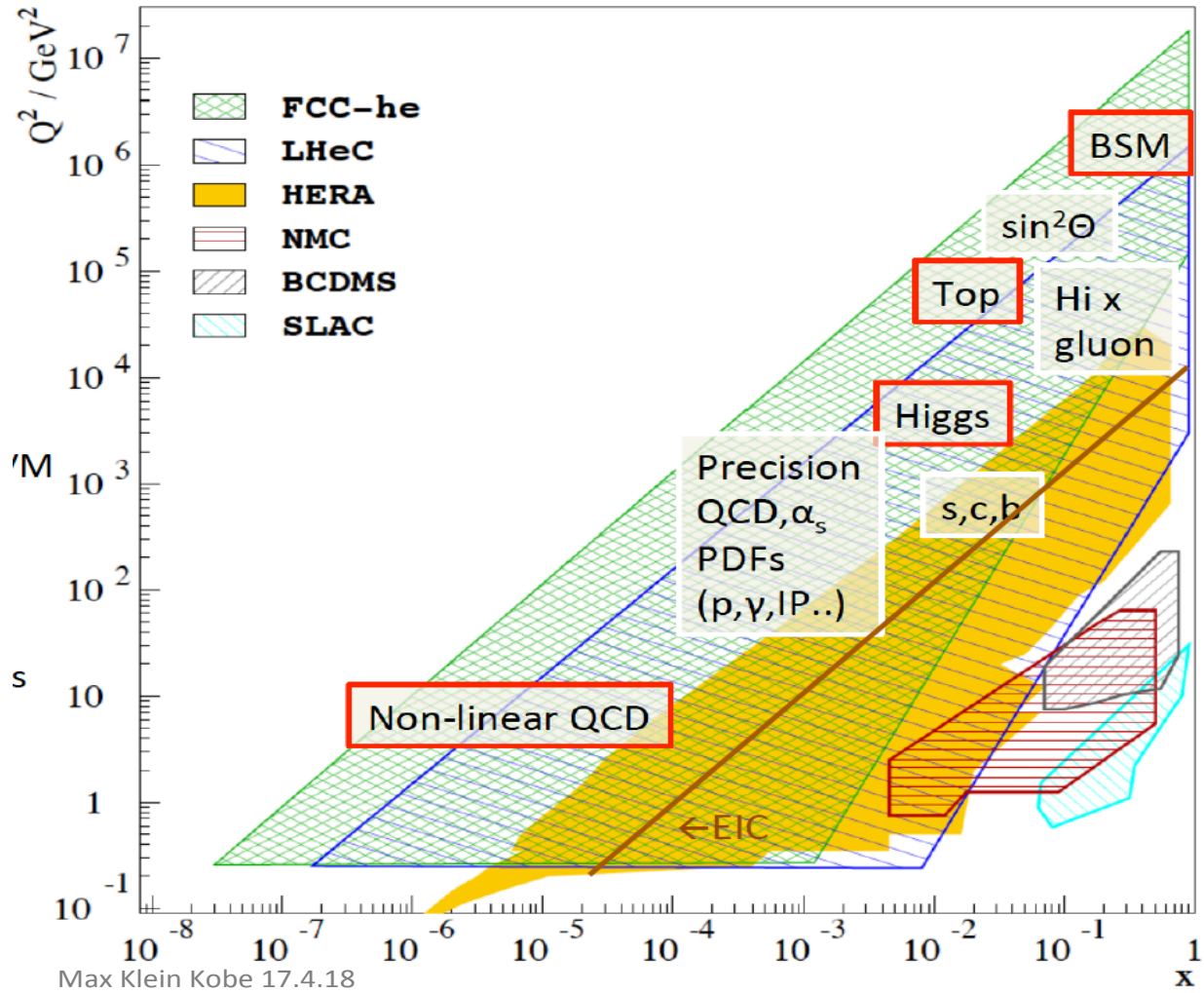
FCC CDR, volume 1,

[EPJ C79 \(2019\), no.6, 474](https://arxiv.org/abs/1907.01141)

or possible earlier FCC configuration,

Ep: 20 TeV

kinematic coverage



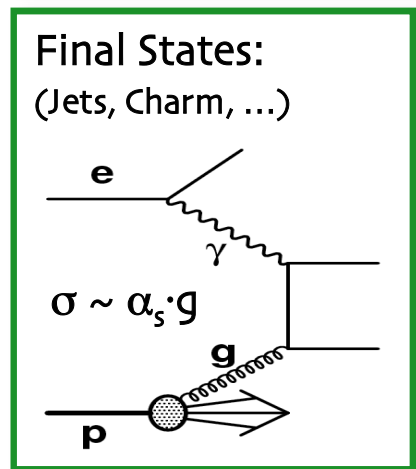
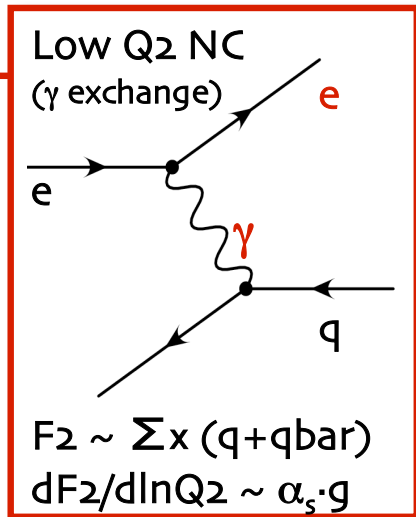
opportunity for
**unprecedented
 increase in DIS
 kinematic reach;**
 ×1000 increase in lumi.
 cf. HERA

no higher twist,
 no nuclear corrections,
 free of symmetry
 assumptions,
 N³LO theory possible,
 ...

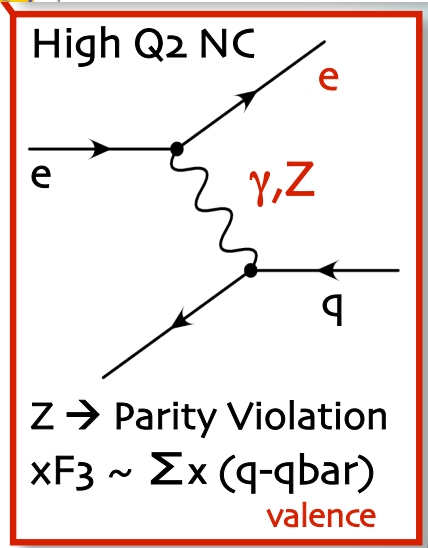
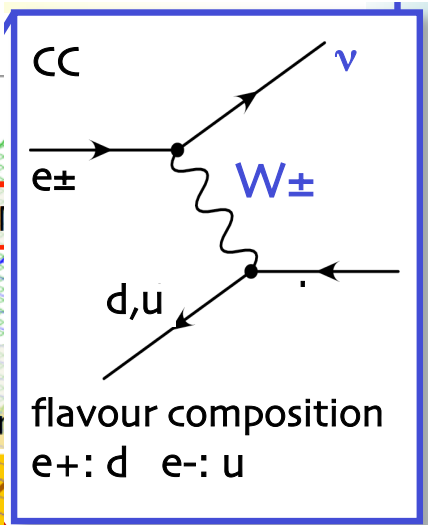
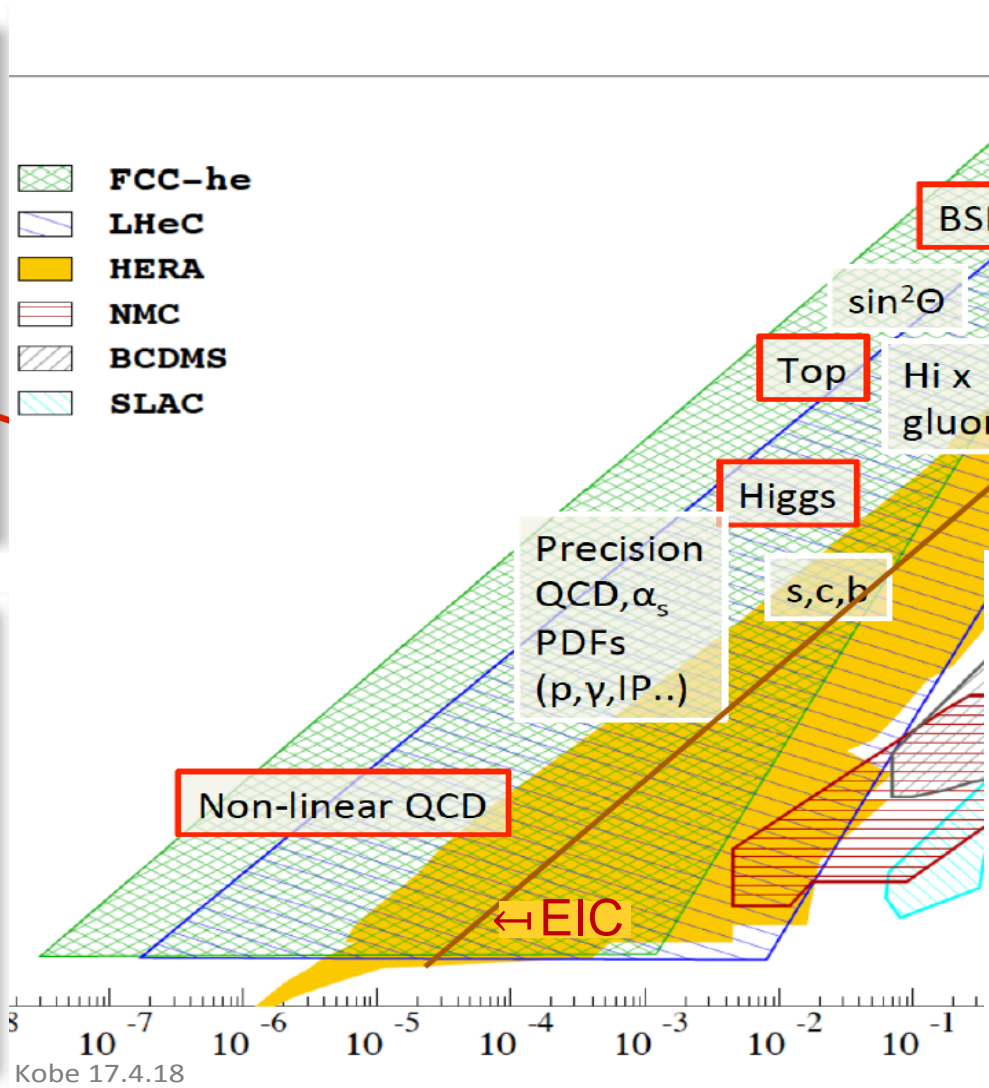
**precision pdfs up
 to x→1,**
**and exploration of
 small x regime;**
 plus extensive
 additional physics
 programme

×15/120 extension in Q², 1/x reach vs HERA

pdfs from LHeC or FCC-eh



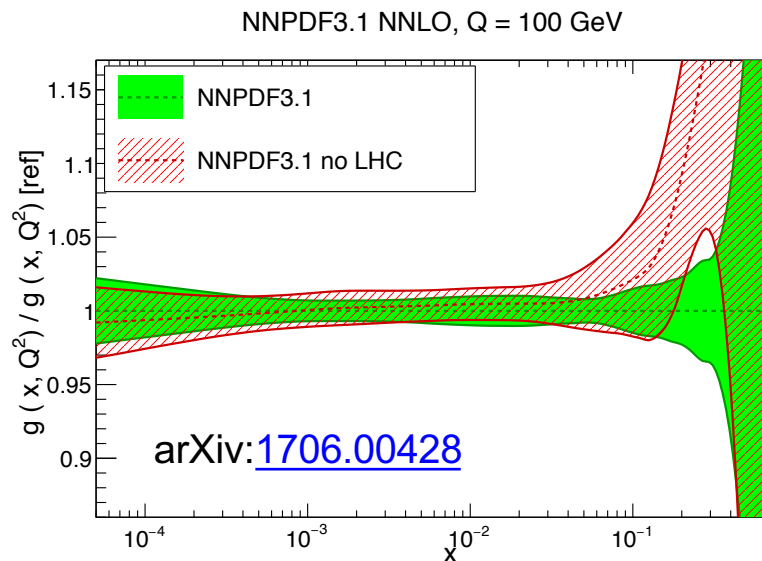
- FCC-eh
- LHeC
- HERA
- NMC
- BCDMS
- SLAC



completely resolve all proton **pdfs** and $\alpha_s \rightarrow u\bar{u}, \nu\bar{\nu}, d\bar{d}, \nu\bar{\nu}, s, c, b, t, xg$ and α_s

pp vs ep ?

LHC data constrain **pdfs**, BUT
do not precisely **determine** them



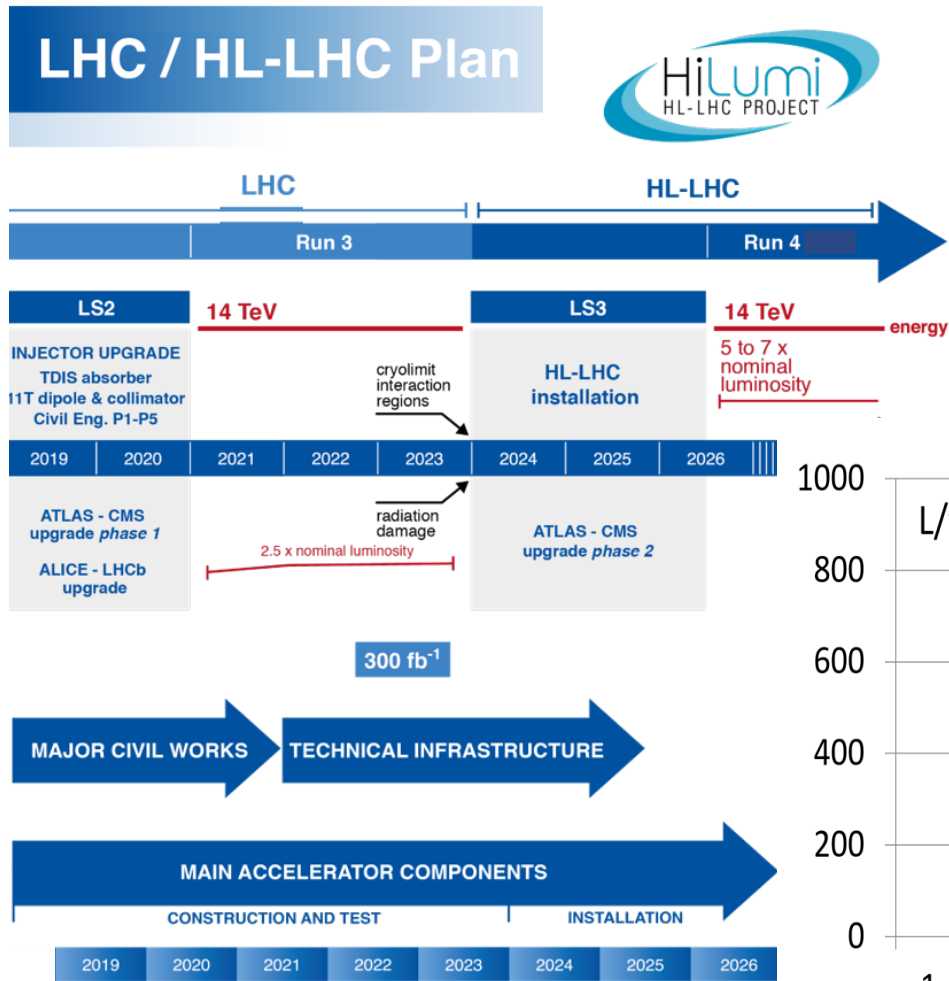
pp: providing useful constraints in global fits and also interesting results (EG. non-suppressed strange at $x \sim 0.01$ from ATLAS); **must nevertheless be aware that it is not ep ...**

cf. ep

- complete q, g unfolding at all x
- α_s to order permille precision (not in pp)
- clear theory (EG. N3LO, scale choice, hadronisation)
- strong effects from Q^2 variation (which cannot come from EG. W, Z at $Q^2=10^4$ GeV²)
- HQ separation: s, c, b, (t)
- understanding of small x dynamics, EG. BFKL, saturation, ... (comes from F2 and FL)
- gives external precision input for QCD subtleties (EG. factorisation, resummation), and for subtle discoveries
- single DIS dataset a tried and tested reliable way to achieve precision ($\Delta X^2=1$; Cf. current LHC measurements; issues understanding systematics, correlations, data inconsistencies, ...)

see also talk by **L. Harland-Lang**

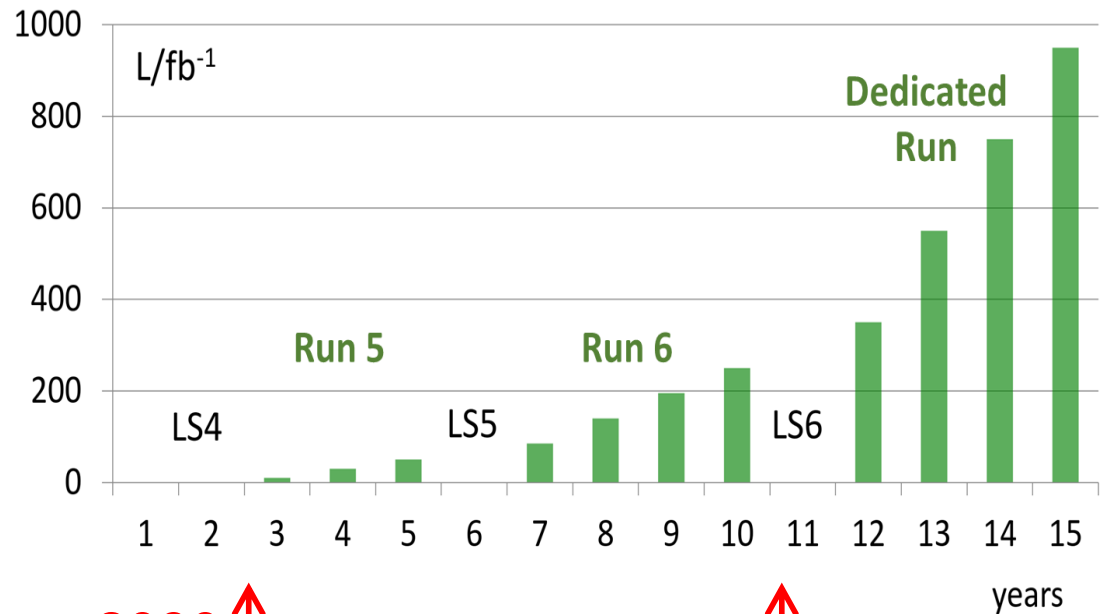
... plus, issues of timing?



LHeC: first 3 yrs: $L_{int} \sim 50 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
total: $L_{int} \rightarrow 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

F. Bordry et al. arXiv:[1810.13022](https://arxiv.org/abs/1810.13022)

LHeC projected Integrated Luminosity:



↑
today

↑
circa 2030

↑
end of HL-LHC

50 fb⁻¹ (×50 HERA) achievable by LHeC in 3 yrs, long before end of HL-LHC operation

LHeC and FCC-eh pdfs WG



lhec.web.cern.ch
fcc.web.cern.ch

PDFs and Low x Working Groups

LHeC and FCC-eh

Conveners:

- [Nestor Armesto Perez](#) (Universidade de Santiago de Compostela (ES))
- [Paul Newman](#) (University of Birmingham (UK))
- [Anna Stasto](#) (Penn State (US))
- [Claire Gwenlan](#) (University of Oxford (GB))
- [Fred Olness](#) (Southern Methodist University (US))

Working Group Meetings

A list of all LHeC+FCC-eh related Indico meetings is [here](https://indico.cern.ch/category/1874/)

everyone is welcome!

contributions:

(partial list)

L. Bella
M. Bonvini
D. Britzger
S. Camarda
A. Cooper-Sarkar
F. Giuli
A. Guffanti
C. Gwenlan
T. Hobbs
M. Klein
U. Klein
P. Nadolsky
F. Olness
R. Placakyte
G. Pownall
V. Radescu
J. Rojo
W. Slominski

see talks in this WS by:

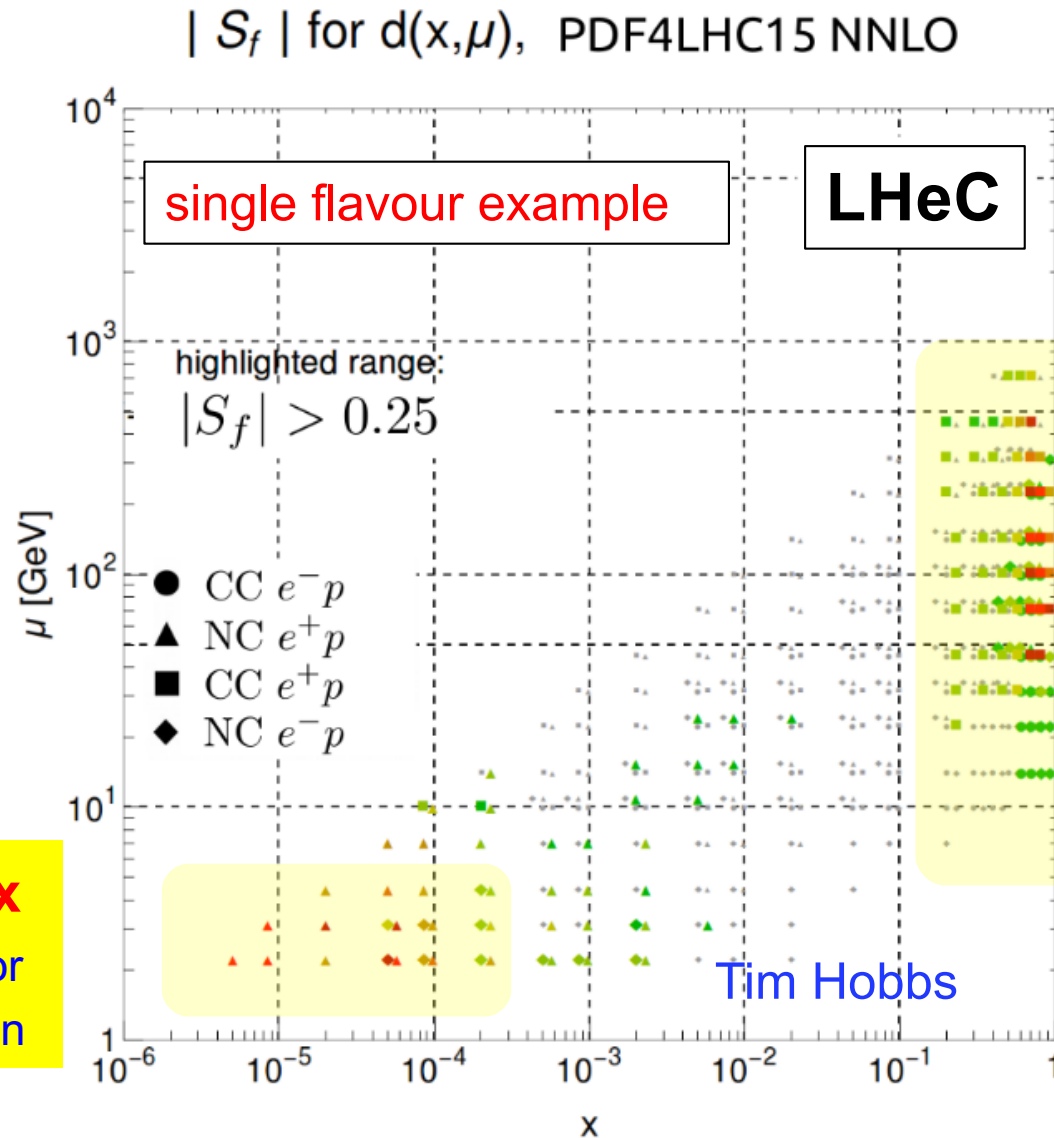
Anna Stasto
Lucian Harland-Lang
Oleksandr Zenaiev
Nestor Armesto Perez
Paul Newman
Daniel Britzger

since the LHeC (arXiv:[1206.2913](https://arxiv.org/abs/1206.2913)) and FCC (vol1, [EPJ C79 \(2019\), no.6, 474](https://arxiv.org/abs/1906.0474)) CDRs,
many additional studies, with updated running scenarios etc.

LHeC sensitivity to pdfs

“sensitivity” S_f
= Correlation \times
scaled residual

$$S_f(x_i, \mu_i) \equiv \frac{\delta^{(\text{PDF})} r_i}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N r_i^2}} C_f(x_i, \mu_i).$$



LHeC simulated data and QCD fits

NEW: LHeC simulations (e: 50 GeV*, p: 7 TeV†)

simulation: M. Klein

dataset	e charge	e pol.	lumi (fb-1)	
NC/CC	–	–0.8	5,500,1000	luminosity
NC/CC	+	0	1,10	positron
NC/CC	–	0	50	polarisation (important for EW)
NC/CC	–	+0.8	10,50	
NC/CC	–	0	1	low-E (p: 1 TeV)

uncert. assumptions:
 elec. scale: 0.1%
 hadr. scale 0.5%
 radcor: 0.3%
 γp at high y: 1%
 uncorrelated uncert.: 0.5%
 CC syst.: 1.5%
 luminosity: 0.5%

*corresponds to possibility of smaller ERL cf. previous 60 GeV simulations

†except for low-E

various combinations studied;
 shown frequently in following slides:

LHeC 1st Run
 (50 fb⁻¹ e⁻ only; 3 yrs)

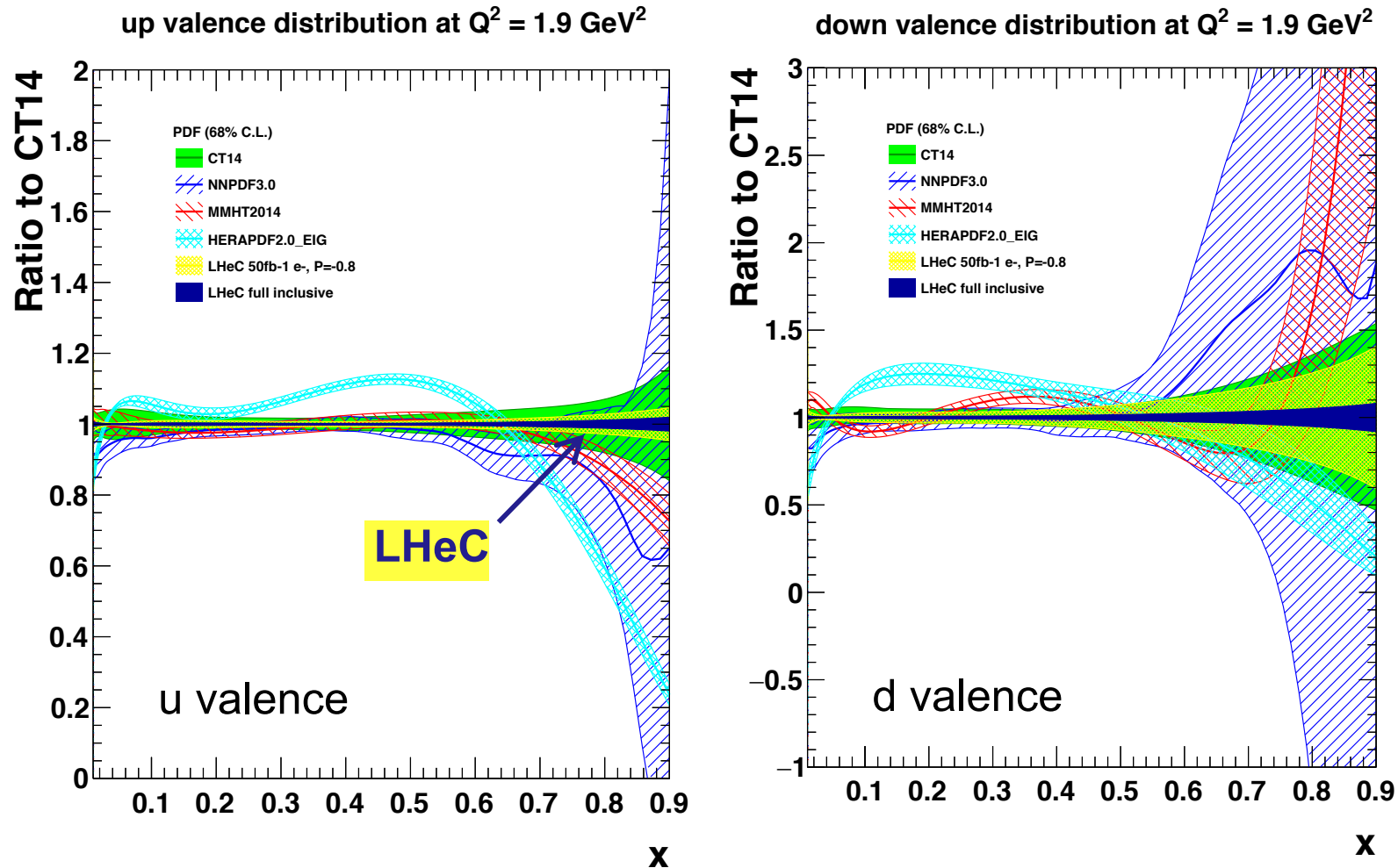
LHeC full inclusive

QCD analysis a la HERAPDF2.0, except **more flexible**, notably in **NO constraint** requiring $d_{\text{bar}}=u_{\text{bar}}$ at small x;

4+1 xuv, xdv, xUbar, xDbar and xg (14 free parameters, cf. 10 by default in CDR)

5+1 xuv, xdv, xUbar, xdbar, xsbar and xg (if strange and HQ included; 17 free parameters)

valence quarks from LHeC

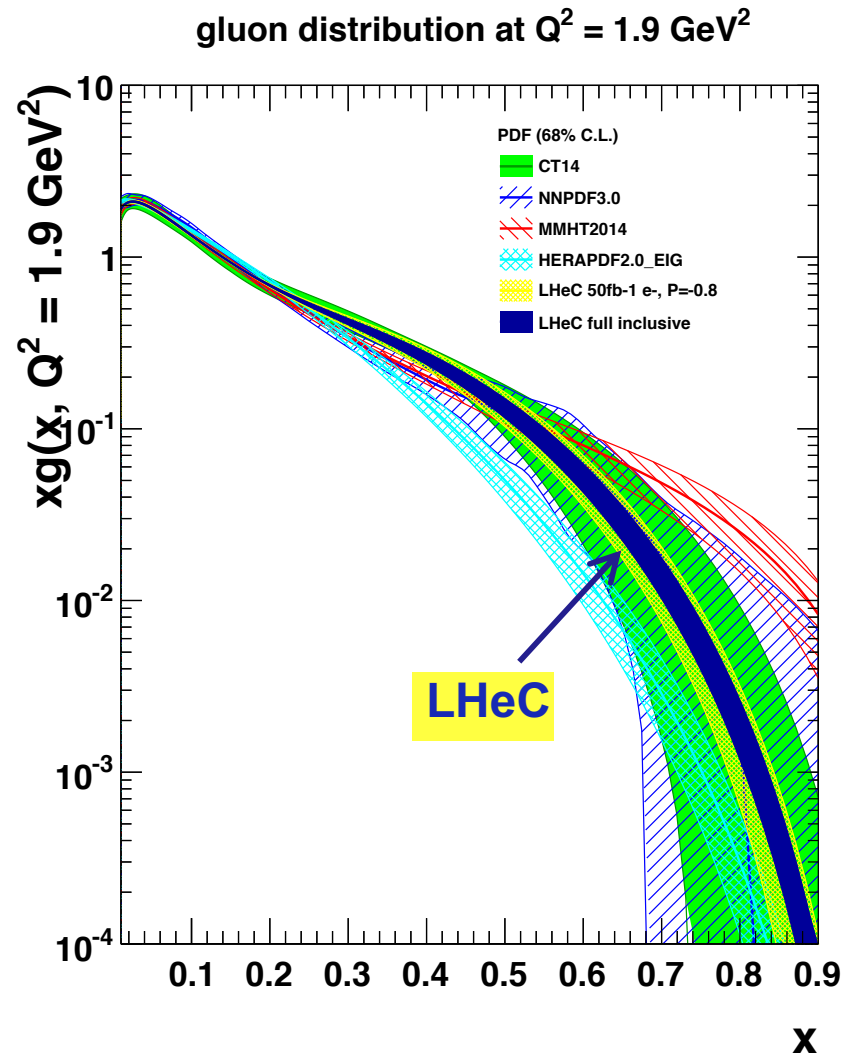


precision determination, free from higher twist corrections and nuclear uncertainties

large x crucial for HL/HE-LHC and FCC searches; also relevant for DY, MW etc.;

and resolve long-standing mystery of **d/u ratio at large x**

gluon at large x



gluon at large x is small and currently
very poorly known;
crucial for new physics searches

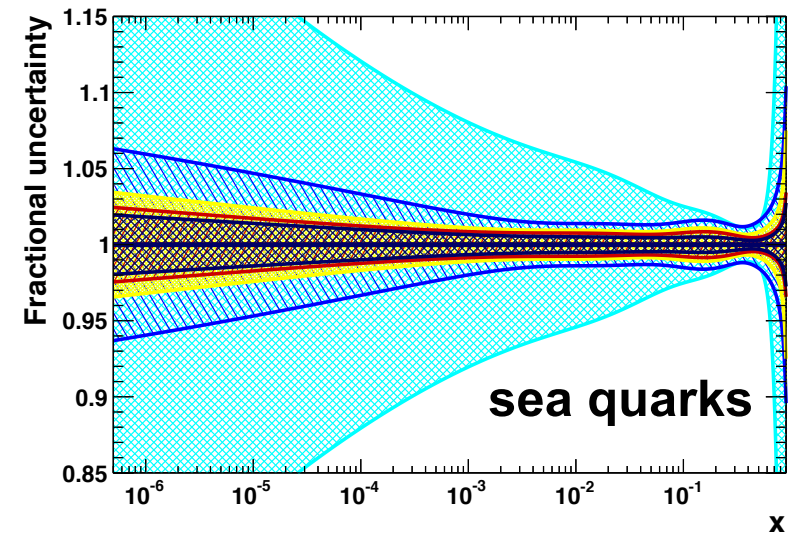
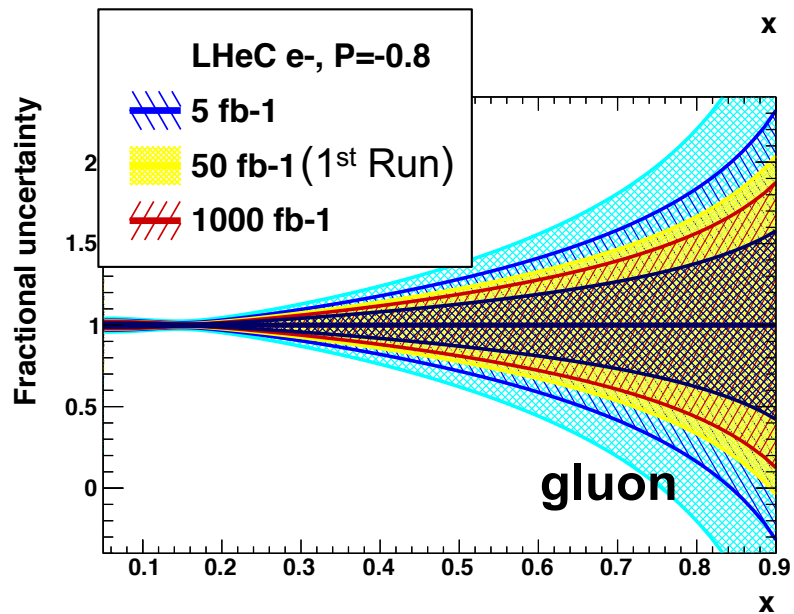
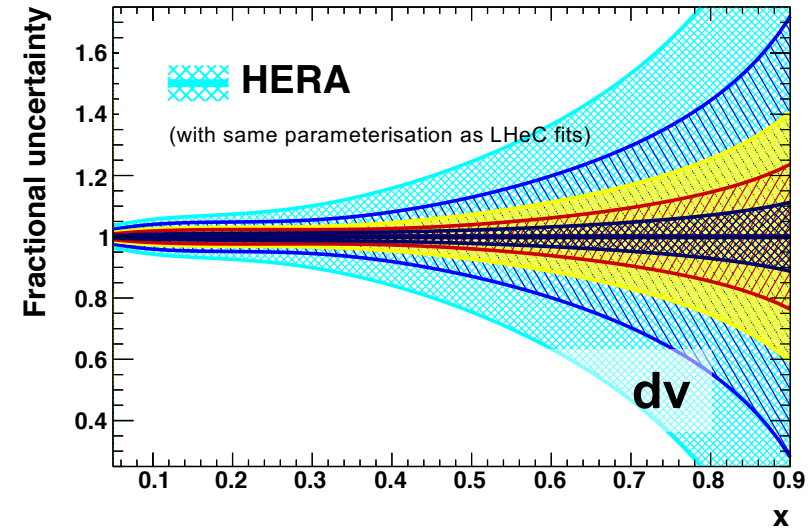
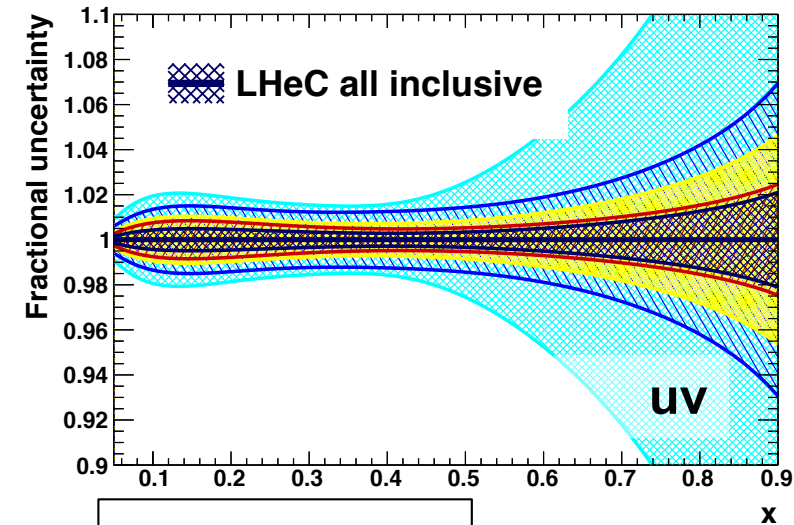
LHeC sensitivity at large x comes as
part of overall package

high luminosity ($\times 50\text{--}1000$ HERA);
fully constrained quark pdfs; small x;
momentum sum rule

gluon and sea intimately related

LHeC can disentangle sea from
valence quarks at large x, with precision
measurements of **CC** and **NC** $F_2^{\nu Z}$, $xF_3^{\nu Z}$

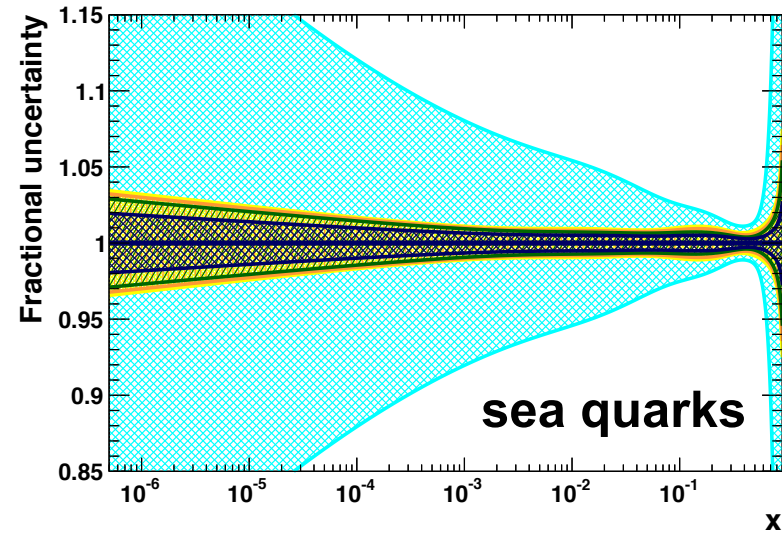
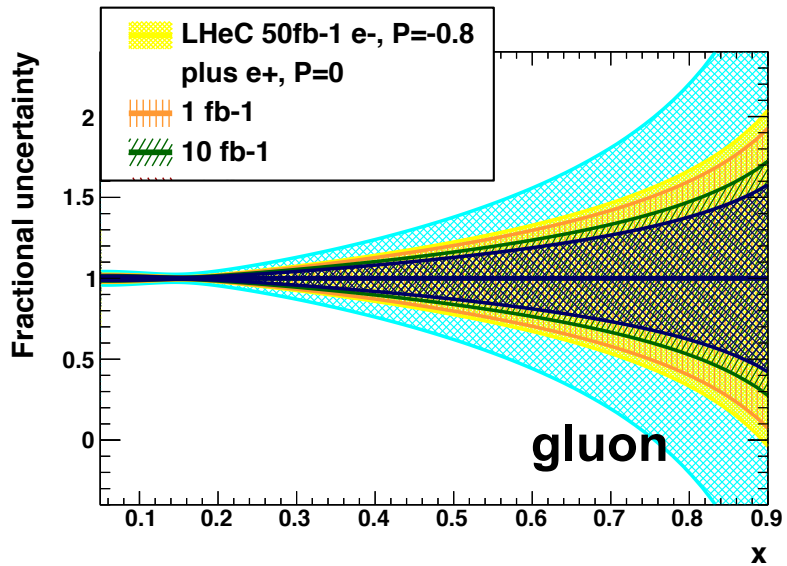
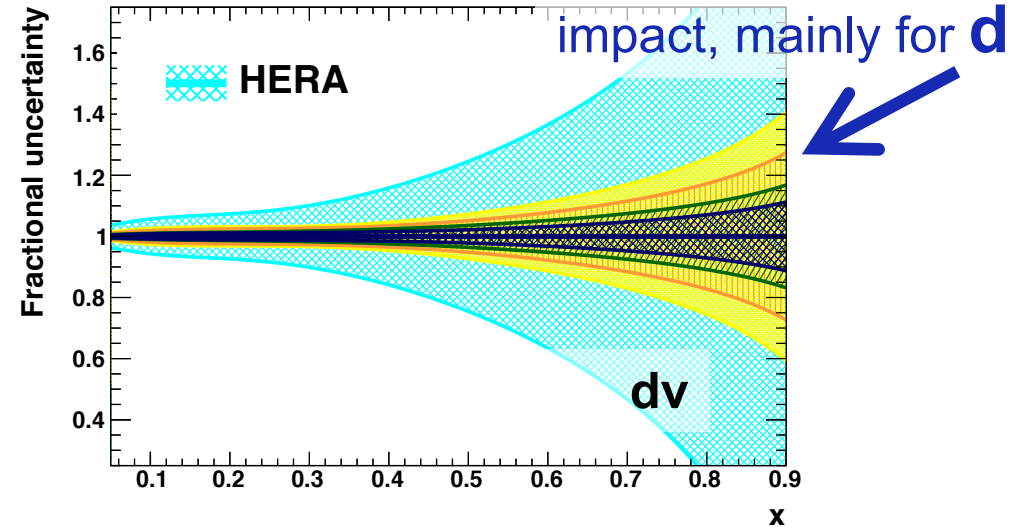
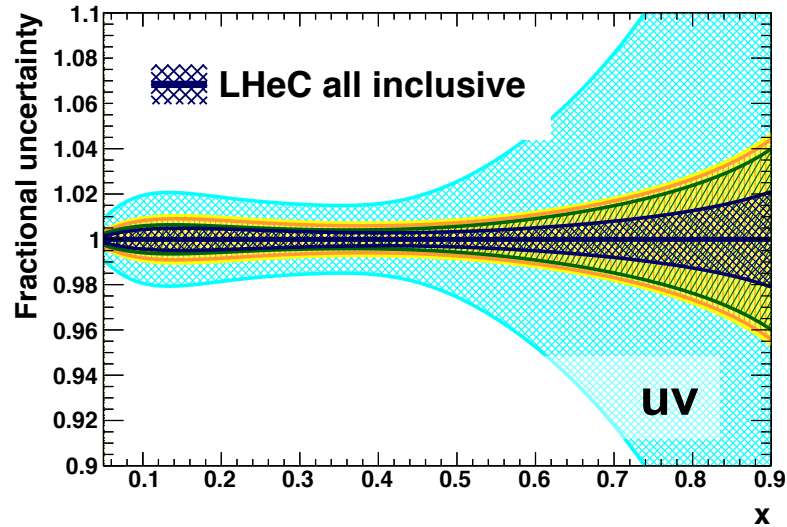
impact of luminosity on LHeC pdfs



small and medium x quickly constrained ($5 \text{ fb}^{-1} \equiv \times 5 \text{ HERA} \equiv 1 \text{ year LHeC}$)

large x (\equiv large Q^2), gain from increased L_{int} ; still, early massive improvement cf. today ¹⁵

impact of positrons on LHeC pdfs



CC: e^+ sensitive to d ; **NC:** e^\pm asymmetry gives $x F_3^{\nu Z}$, sensitive to valence

empowering LHC searches

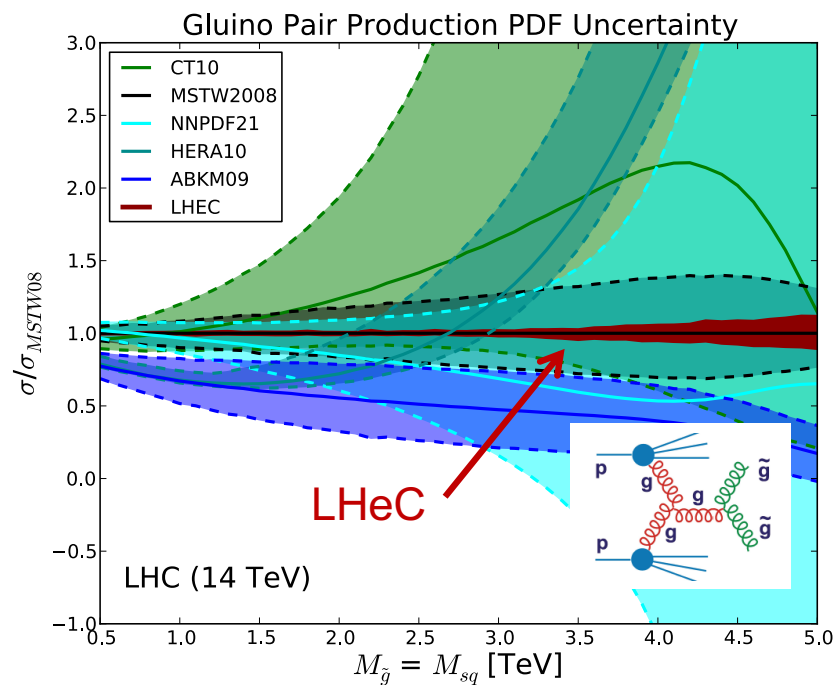
external, reliable, precise **pdfs** needed for range extension and interpretation

gluons at large x

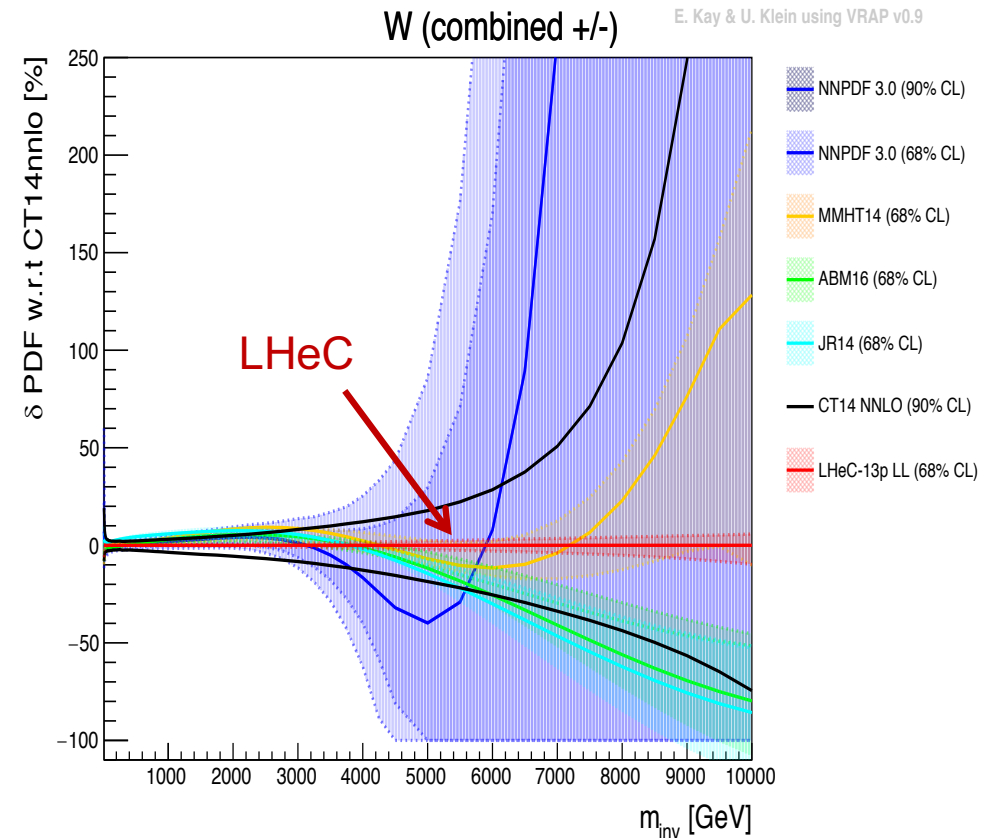
SUSY (RPC, RPV), LQs, ...

quarks at large x

exotic and extra boson searches at high mass

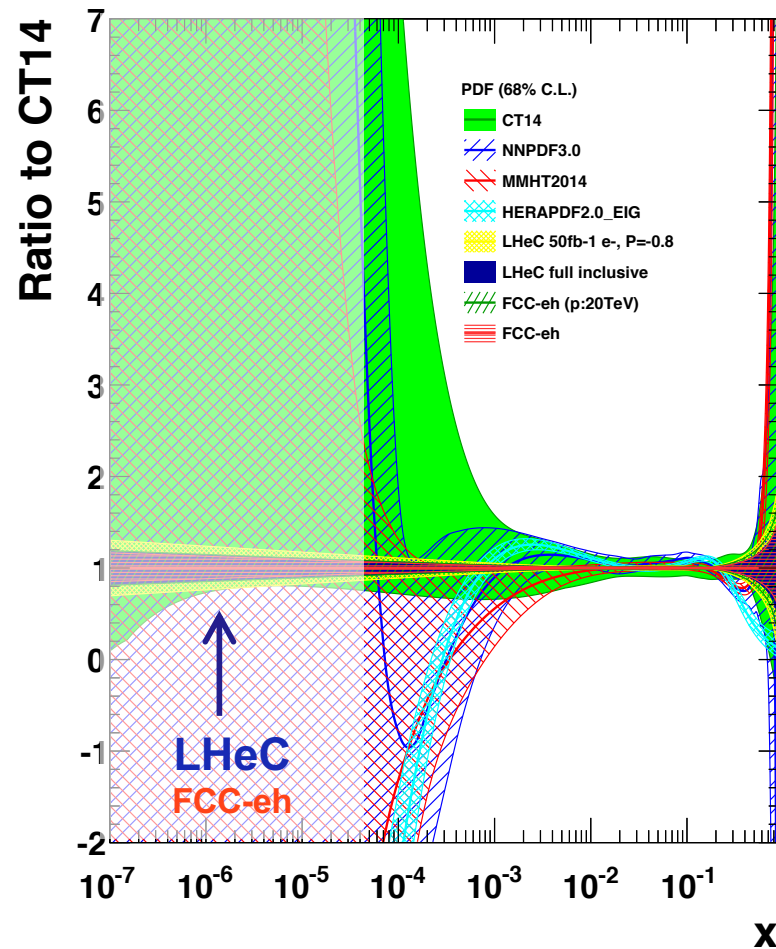


arXiv: [1211.5102](https://arxiv.org/abs/1211.5102)



gluon at small x

gluon distribution at $Q^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$



no current data much below $x=5 \times 10^{-5}$

LHeC provides single, precise and unambiguous dataset down to $x=10^{-6}$

FCC-eh probes to even smaller $x=10^{-7}$

explore small x QCD:

DGLAP vs BFKL; non-linear evolution;

gluon saturation; implications

for ultra high energy neutrino cross sections

small x also important for **pp** phenomenology,

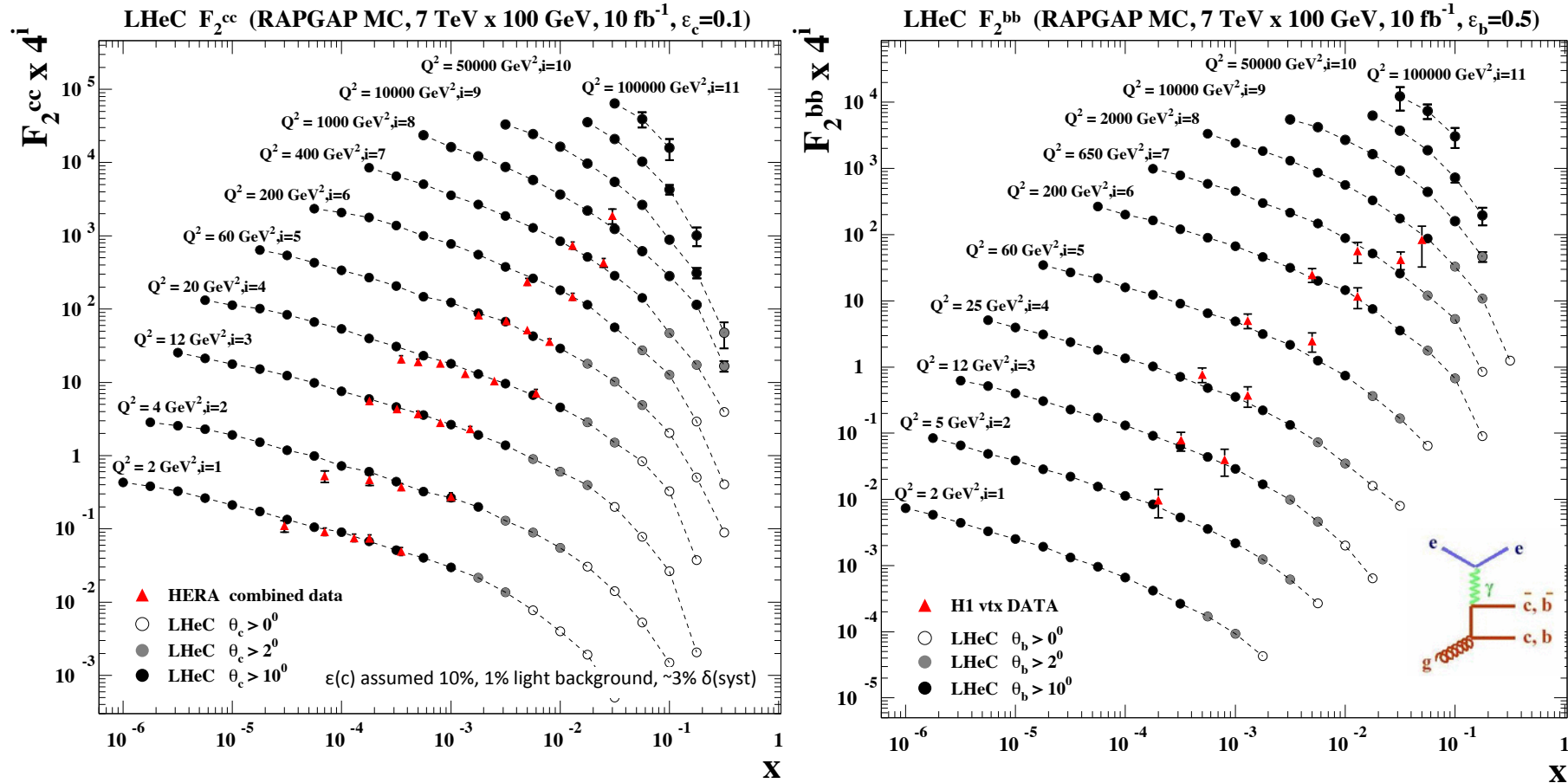
especially as collider energy increases,

EG. arXiv:[1802.07758](https://arxiv.org/abs/1802.07758)

see talk by **A. Stasto**

c, b quarks

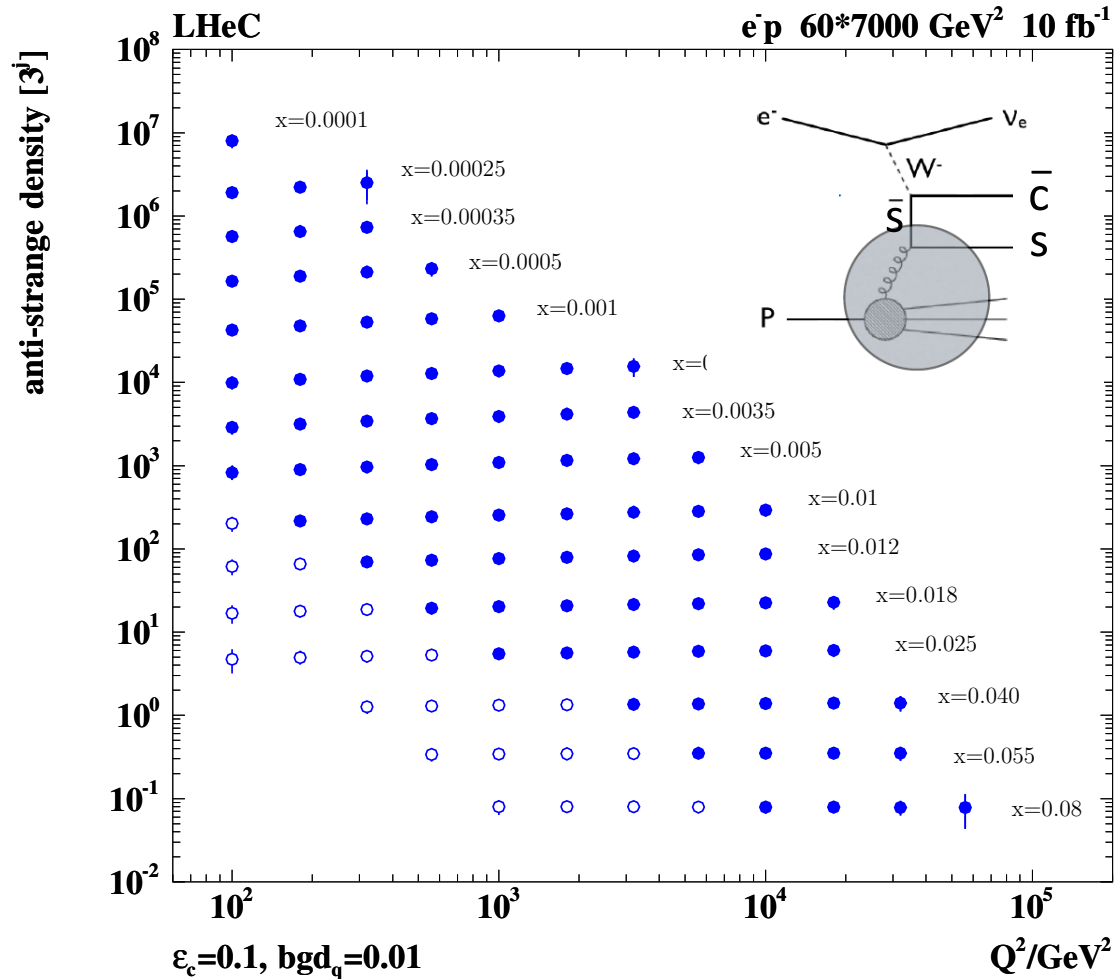
arXiv:[1206.2913](https://arxiv.org/abs/1206.2913)



LHeC: enormously extended range and much improved precision c.f. HERA

- $\delta M_c = 50$ (HERA) to **3 MeV**: impacts on α_s , regulates ratio of charm to light, crucial for precision t, H
- δM_b to **10 MeV**; MSSM: Higgs produced dominantly via $b\bar{b} \rightarrow A$

strange

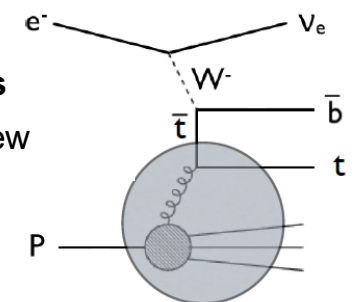


strange pdf poorly known;
 suppressed cf. other light quarks?
 strange valence?

LHeC: direct sensitivity to
strange via $W+s \rightarrow c$
 (x, Q^2) mapping of (anti) strange
 for first time

also top PDF

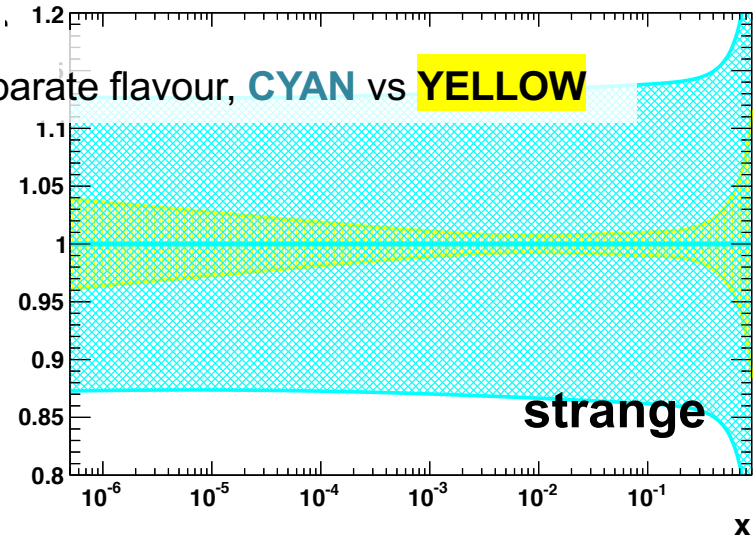
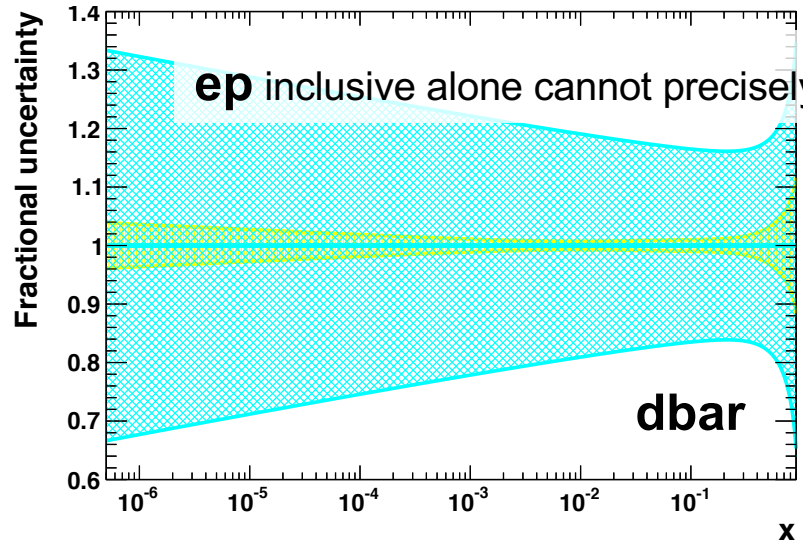
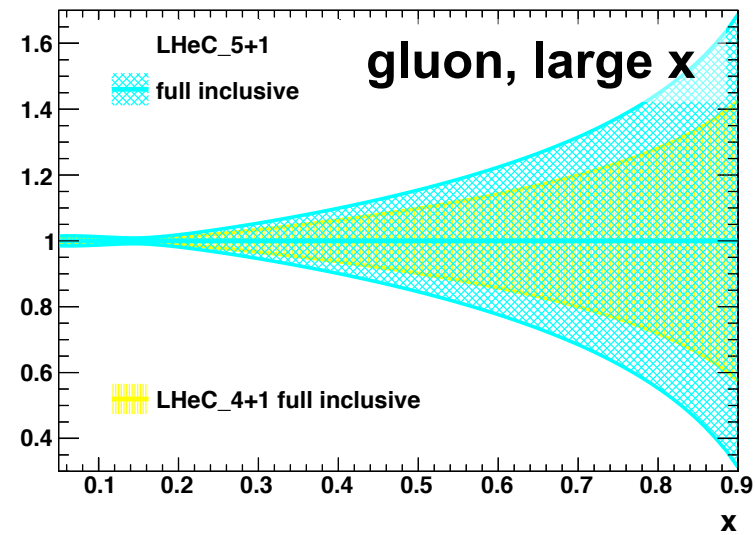
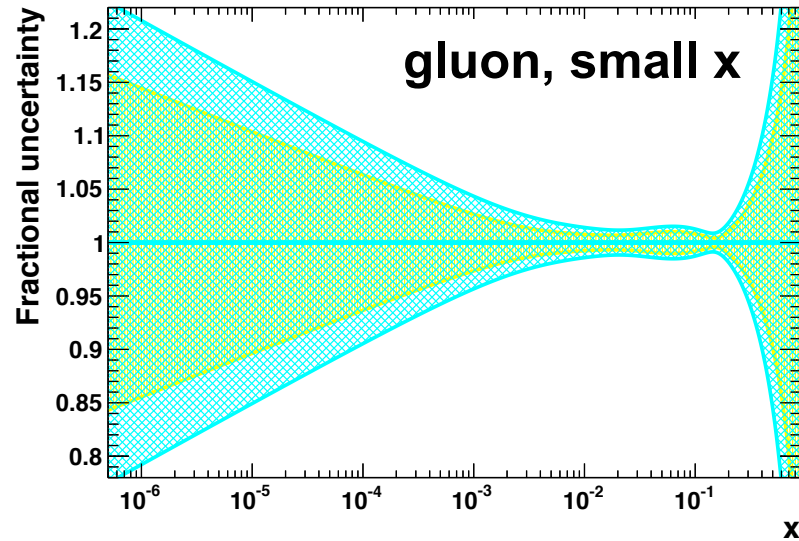
top quark becomes
light at large Q^2 : new
 field of research
 opens for top PDFs!



G.R. Boroun, [PLB 744 \(2015\) 142](#)

G.R. Boroun, [PLB 741 \(2015\) 197](#)

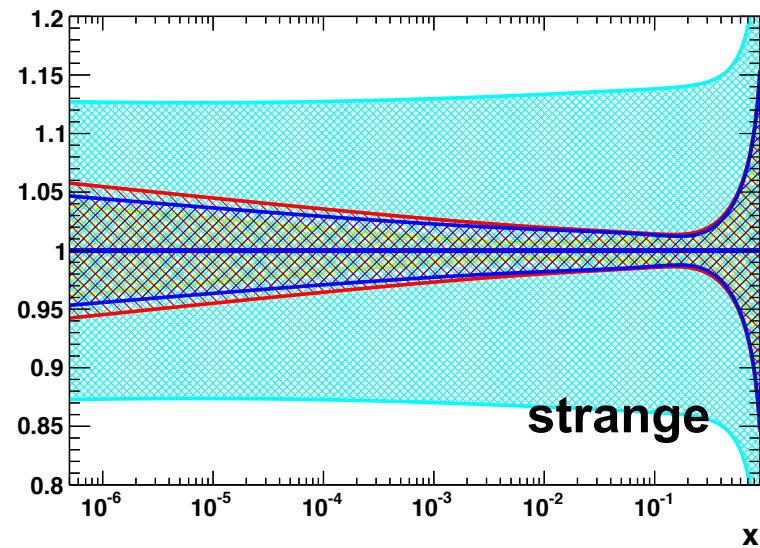
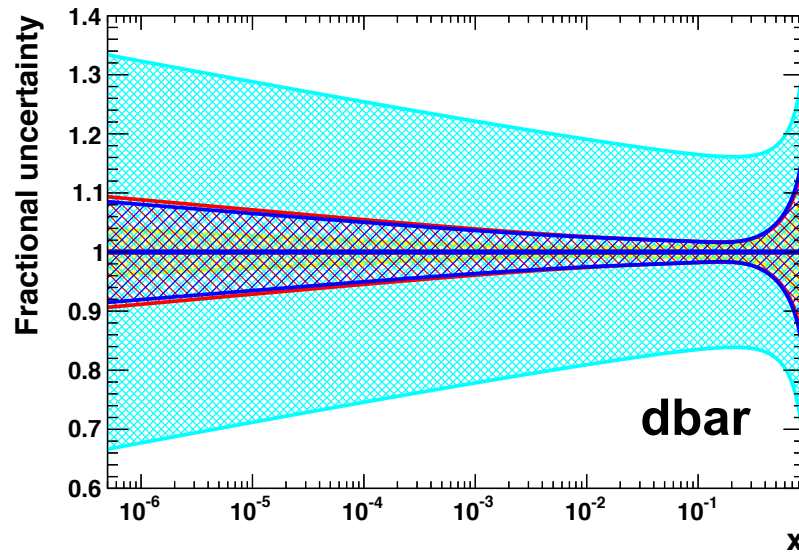
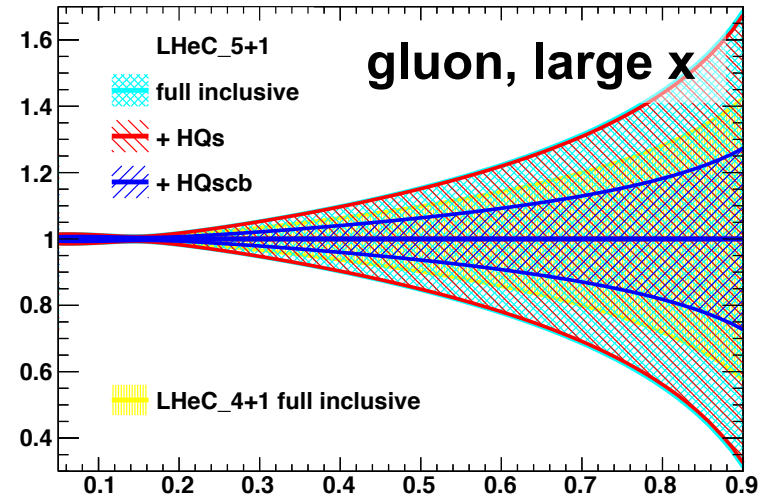
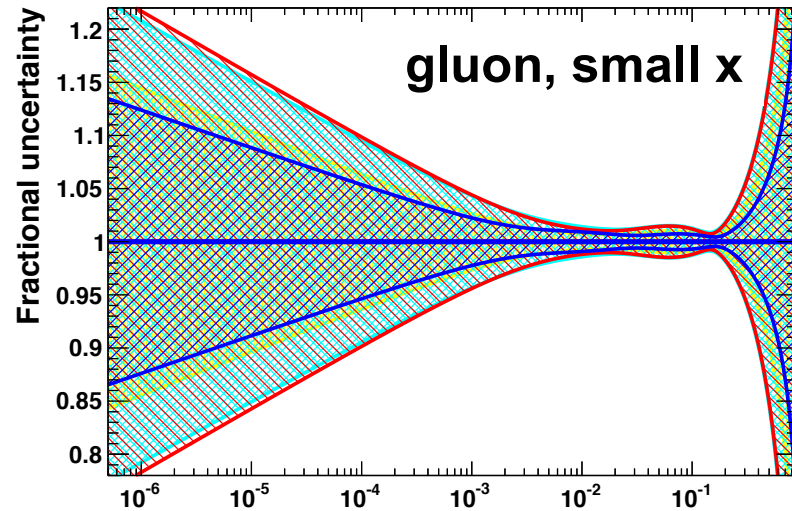
pdf flavour separation



ep inclusive alone cannot precisely separate flavour, **CYAN** vs **YELLOW**

more flexible parameterisation (5+1): x_{uv} , x_{dv} , $x_{\bar{u}}$, $x_{\bar{d}}$, $x_{\bar{s}}$ and x_g

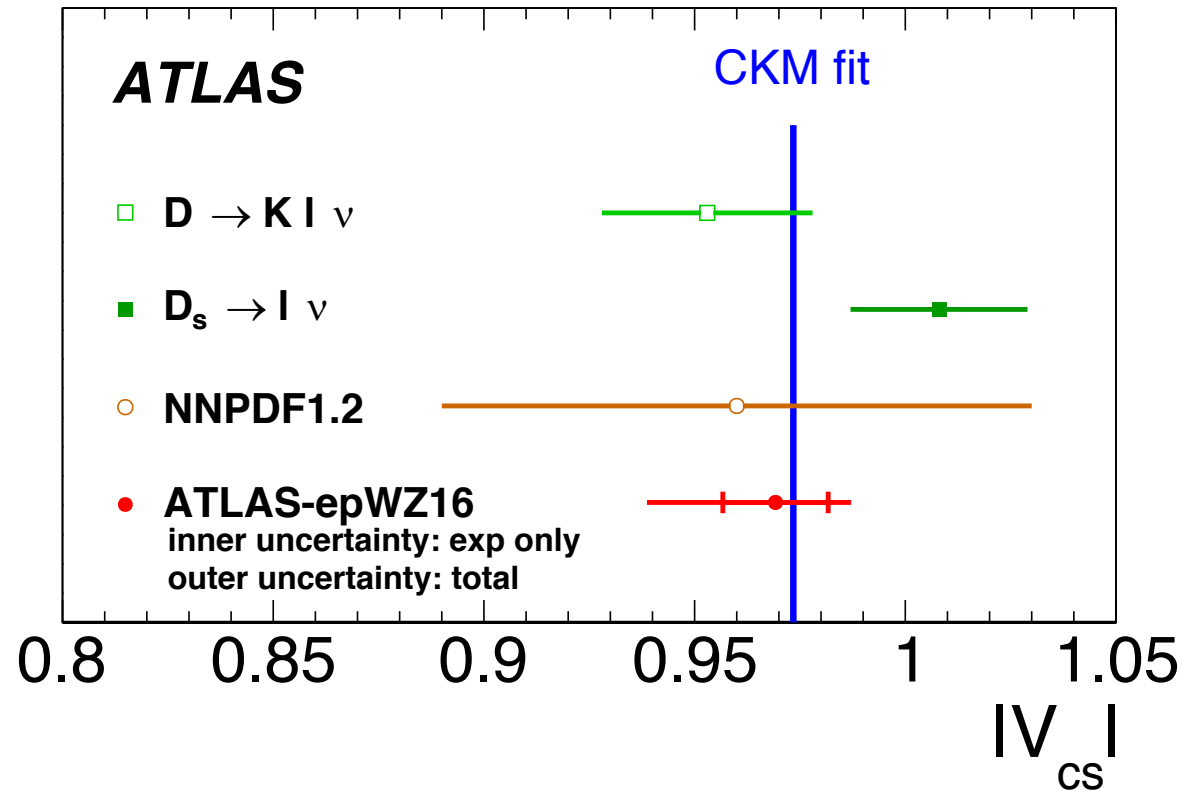
impact of HQ data on LHeC pdfs



s and **b,c** in addition to **inclusive ep** data gives flavour separation!

Vcs

ATLAS coll., arXiv:[1612.03016](https://arxiv.org/abs/1612.03016)



HERA+ATLAS $\rightarrow V_{cs}$

expect much better precision from **LHeC** or **FCC-eh** ($\times 10$ or more)

other LHeC pdf studies

M. Bonvini, F. Giuli

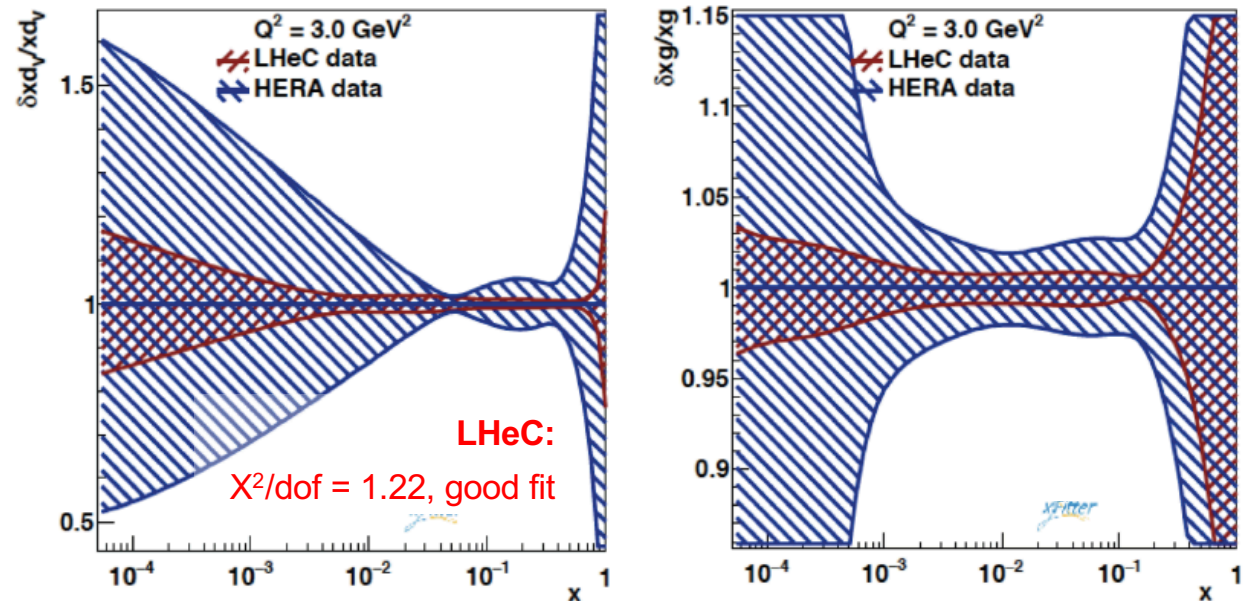
see also poster in this **WS** for more

ongoing study to understand **pdf uncertainty dependence** on:

- pseudo-data set choice created new LHeC dataset starting from different input pdf
- parameterisation bias QCD fits using new, flexible parameterisation, arXiv:[1902.11125](https://arxiv.org/abs/1902.11125)
- tolerance criteria

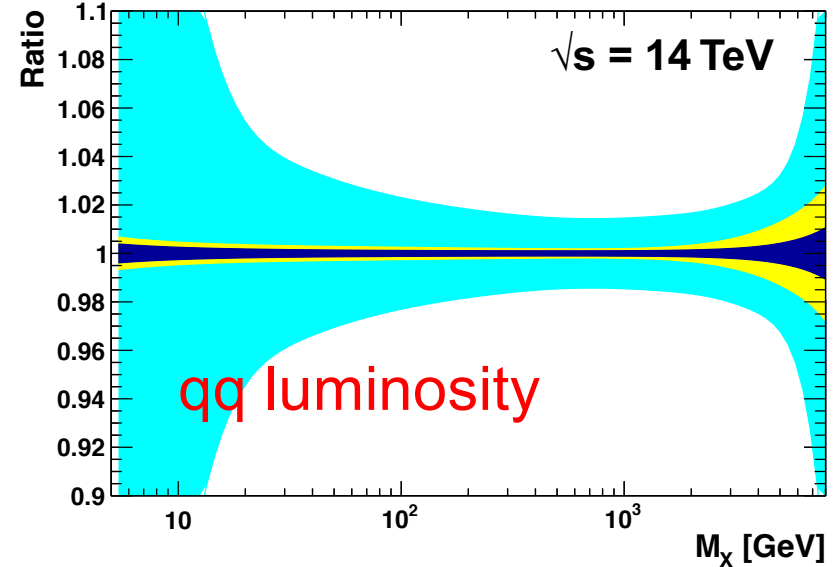
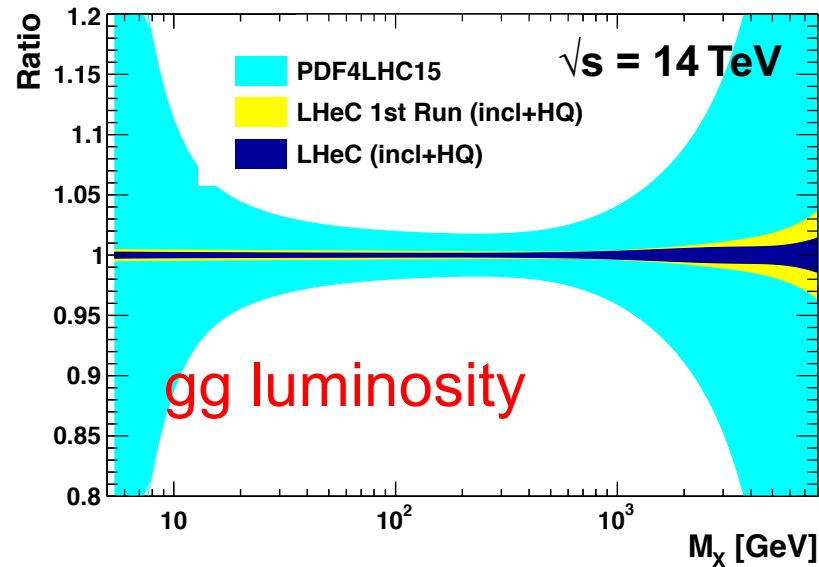
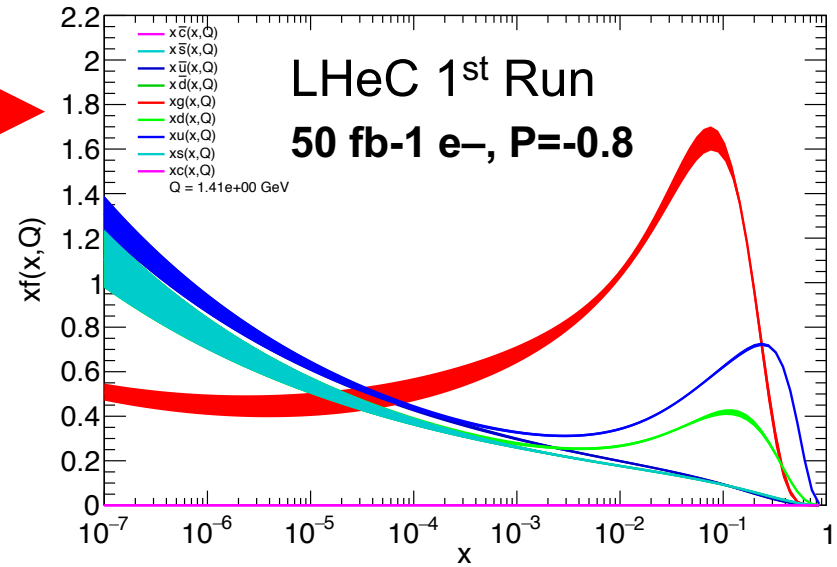
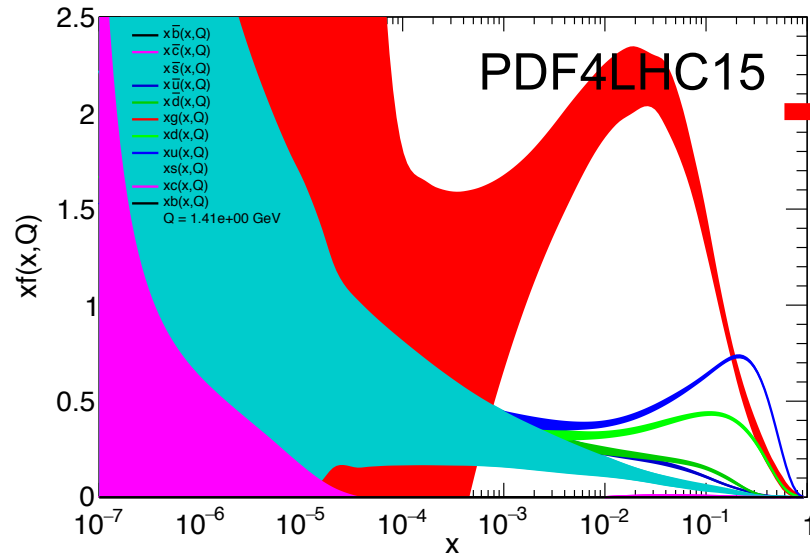
comparison of fits
with **LHeC** vs **HERA**
data →

(remarkable uncertainty
reduction, also when cf. modern
global pdfs)

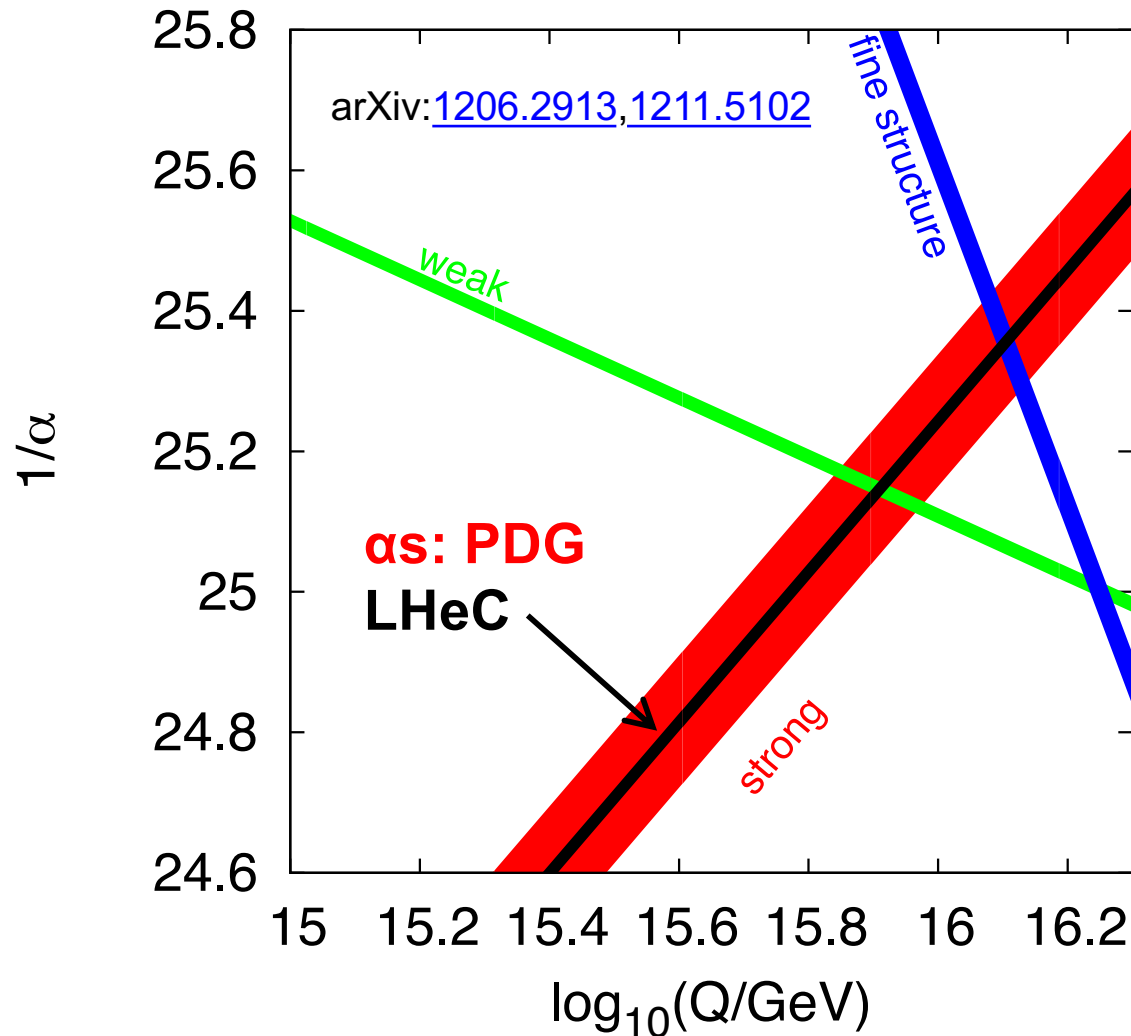


see also talk by **L. Harland-Lang**, for summary of Khalek et al., arXiv:[1906.10127](https://arxiv.org/abs/1906.10127)

summary of pdfs from ep



strong coupling, α_s



α_s is least known
coupling constant

PDG 2018:

$$\alpha_s = 0.1181 \pm 0.0011$$

$$\text{or } \alpha_s = 0.1174 \pm 0.0016$$

w/o lattice QCD, 1.4% uncertainty

current measurements
not all consistent!

accurate and precise α_s
needed:

to constrain GUT scenarios;
for cross section predictions,
including Higgs; ...

NEW updated studies performed and ongoing ...

α_s from LHeC jets

NEW LHeC α_s studies using NC DIS jet

(pseudo) data for the first time

NNLO calculations used for α_s fit

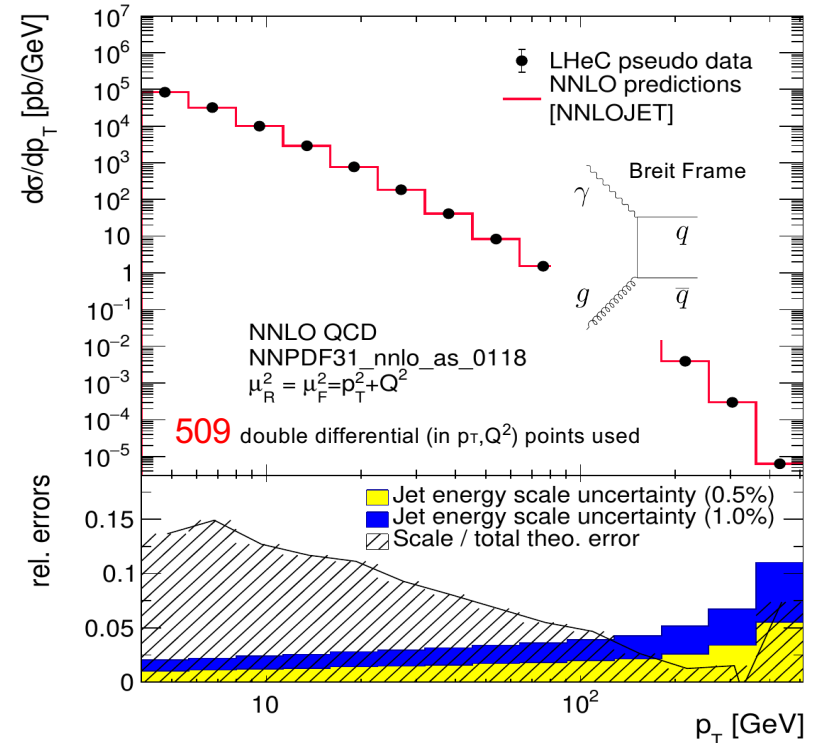
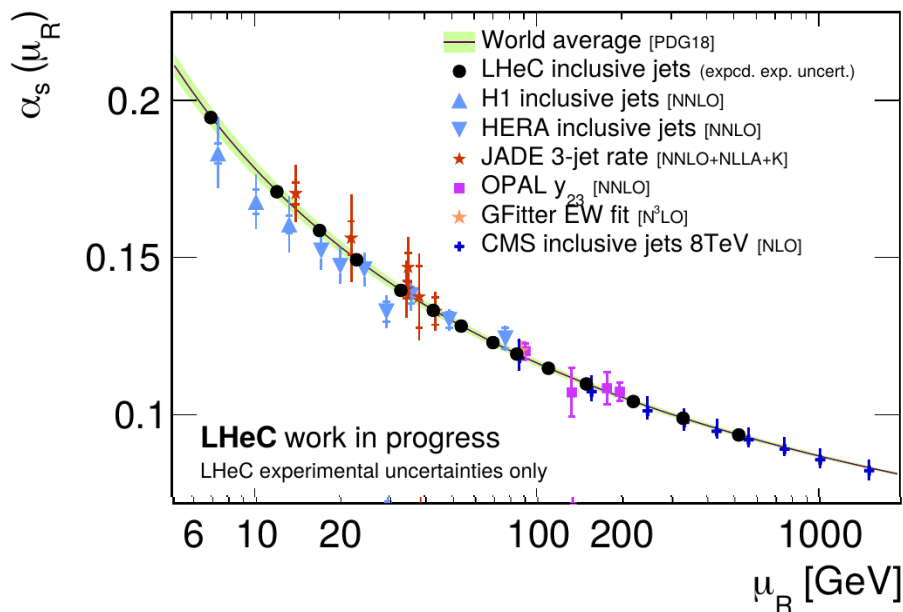
methodology as for arXiv: [1709.07251](https://arxiv.org/abs/1709.07251), [1906.05303](https://arxiv.org/abs/1906.05303)

$\delta\alpha_s(M_Z) = \pm 0.00018$ (exp. \oplus pdf)

extraordinary experimental precision

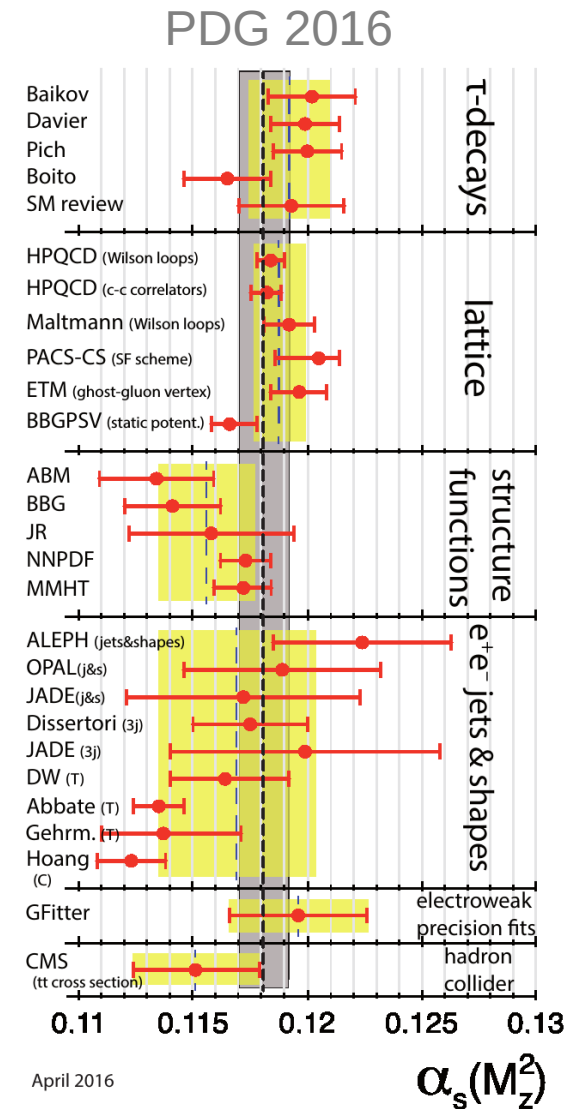
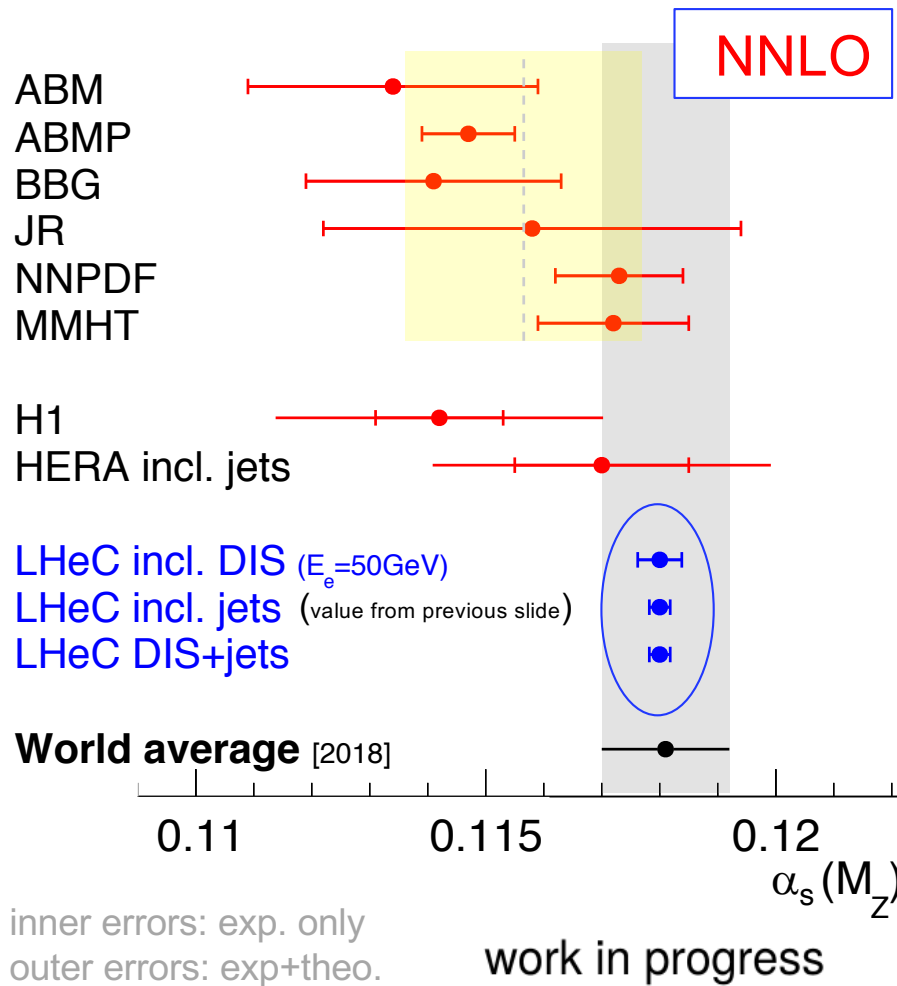
scale uncertainty dominates; need improved theory

α_s running tested over two orders of magnitude in μ_R ↓



Exp. uncertainty	Shift	Size on σ [%]
Statistics with 1 ab^{-1}	min. 0.15 %	0.15–5
Electron energy	0.1 %	0.02–0.62
Polar angle	2 mrad	0.02–0.48
Calorimeter noise	$\pm 20 \text{ MeV}$	0.01–0.74
JES	0.5 %	0.2–4.4
Uncorrelated uncert.	0.6 %	0.6
Normalisation uncert.	1.0 %	1.0

pdf+ α_s fits



pdf+ α_s fit studies in progress (inclusive only, incl.+jets)

$\delta\alpha_s$ sensitive to size of uncorrelated systematic uncertainty – studies underway...

summary

precision determination of quark and gluon structure of proton and α_s
of fundamental importance for future hadron collider physics programme (Higgs, BSM, ...)

much activity since CDR(s), on both LHeC and FCC studies, and work still ongoing... (writing for LHeC CDR update in progress!)

NEW pdf studies presented for the LHeC

all critical pdf information can be obtained early from LHeC 1st Run ($\sim 50 \text{ fb}^{-1} \equiv \times 50 \text{ HERA}$; 3 years), **in parallel** with **HL-LHC** operation

α_s : order of magnitude improved experimental precision over “today”

ep colliders essential for full exploitation of **pp** machines

external precision pdf input; complete q,g unfolding; high luminosity, $x \rightarrow 1$, s, c, b, (t); N³LO theory; small x; **α_s** to extraordinary experimental precision; ...

extras

LHeC studies: fit parameterisation

QCD fit ansatz based on HERAPDF2.0, with following differences

much more relaxed sea ie. no requirement that $\bar{u}=\bar{d}$ at small x

no negative gluon term (simply for the aesthetics of ratio plots – it has been checked that this does not impact size of projected uncertainties)

$$xg(x) = A_g x^{B_g} (1-x)^{C_g} (1 + D_g x)$$

$$xu_v(x) = A_{u_v} x^{B_{u_v}} (1-x)^{C_{u_v}} (1 + E_{u_v} x^2)$$

$$xd_v(x) = A_{d_v} x^{B_{d_v}} (1-x)^{C_{d_v}}$$

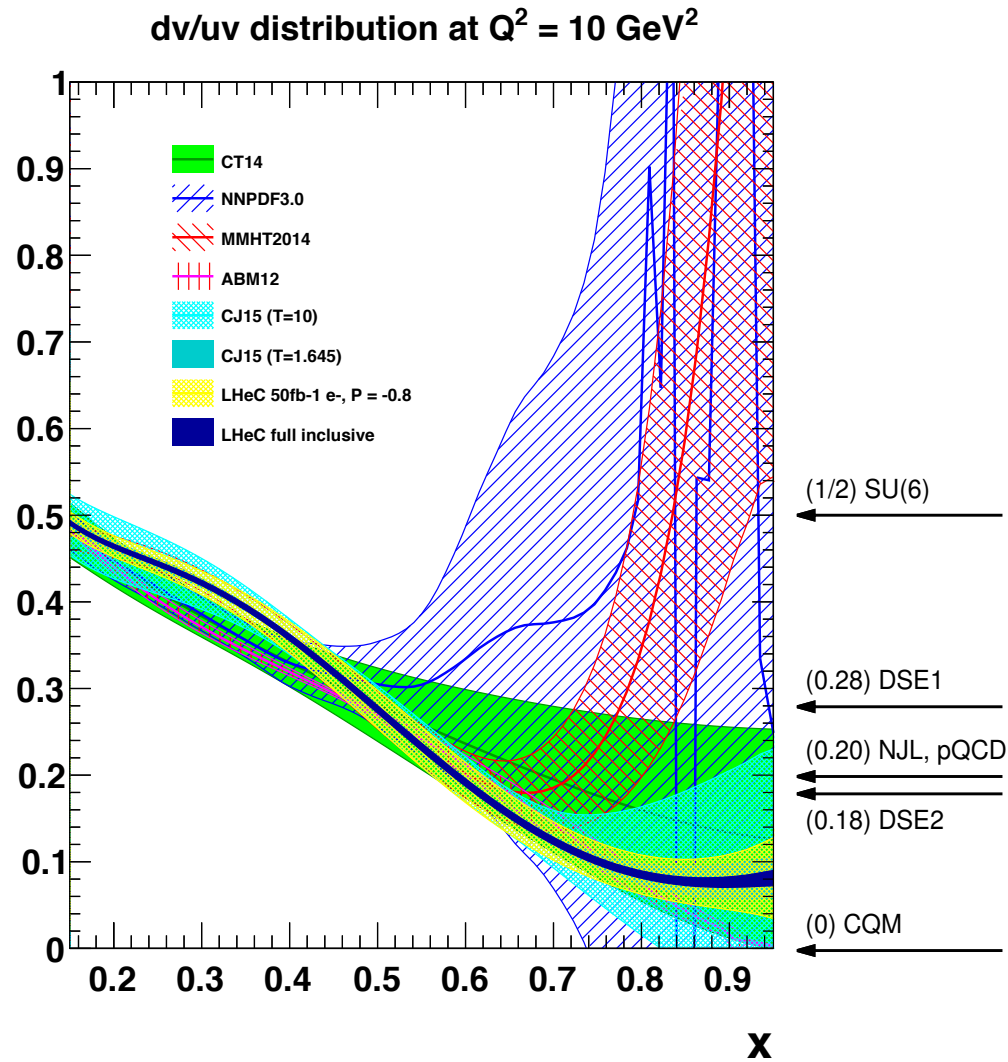
$$x\bar{U}(x) = A_{\bar{U}} x^{B_{\bar{U}}} (1-x)^{C_{\bar{U}}}$$

$$x\bar{D}(x) = A_{\bar{D}} x^{B_{\bar{D}}} (1-x)^{C_{\bar{D}}}$$

4+1 pdf fit (above) has **14 free parameters**

5+1 pdf fit for HQ studies parameterises \bar{d} and \bar{s} separately, and has **17 free parameters**

d/u at large x



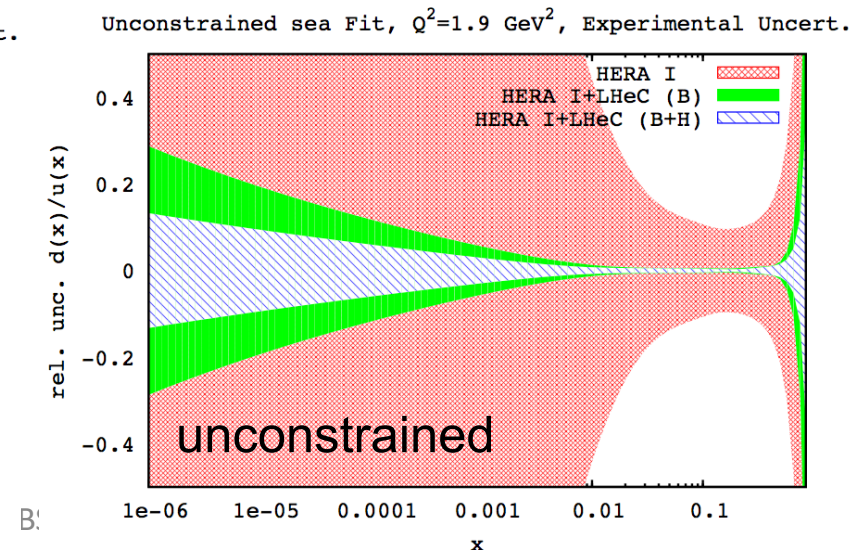
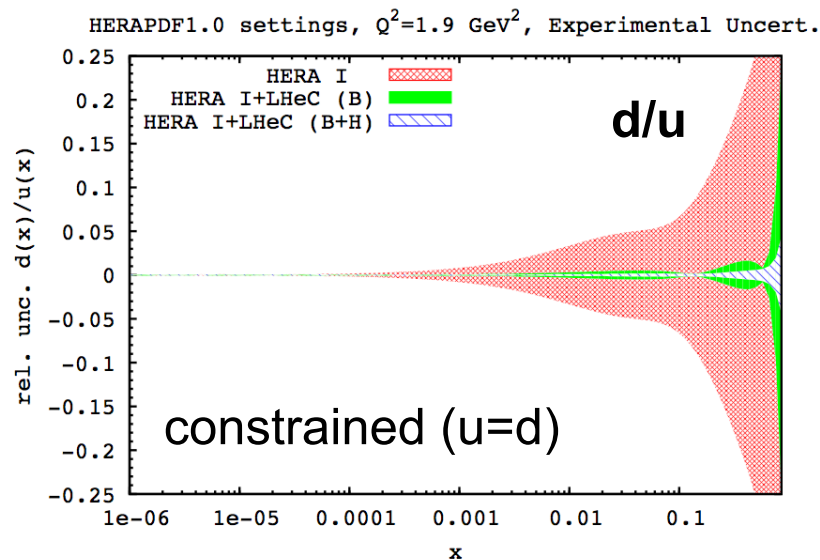
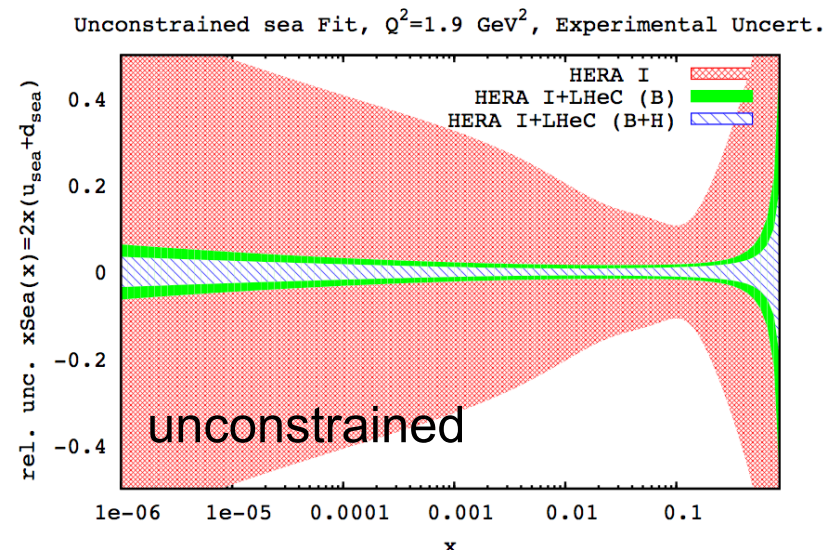
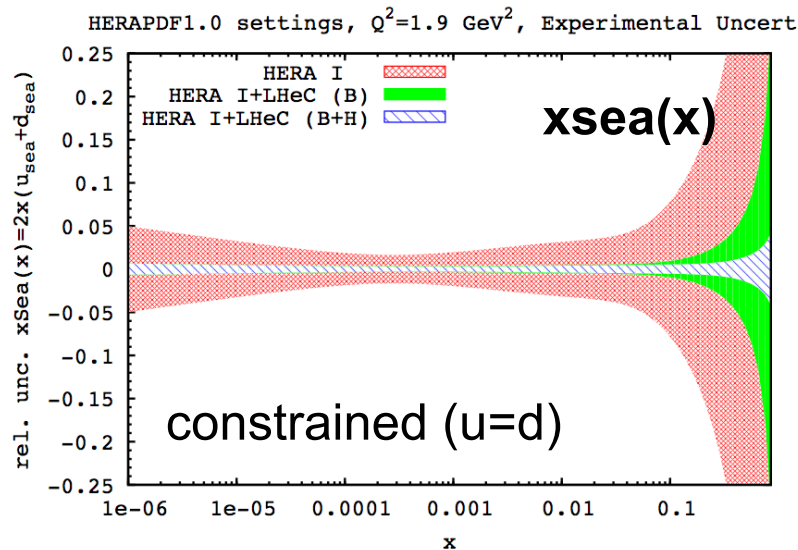
d/u essentially unknown at large x

no predictive power from current pdfs;
conflicting theory pictures;
data inconclusive, large nuclear uncertainties

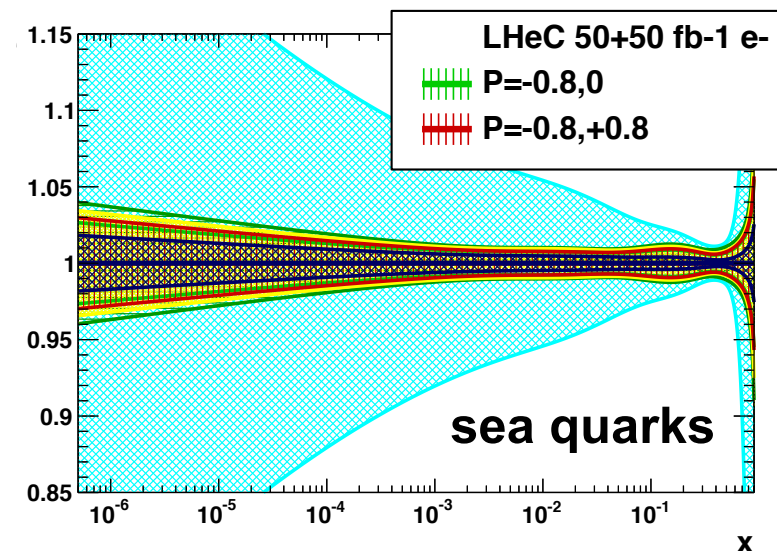
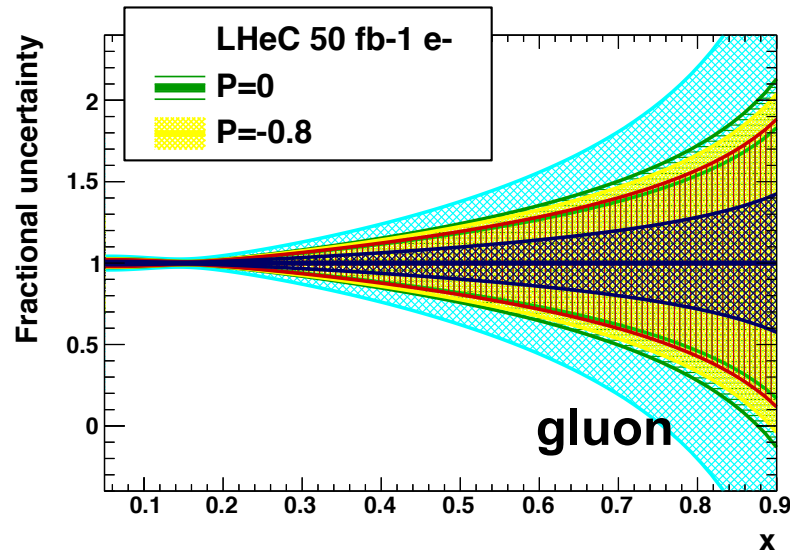
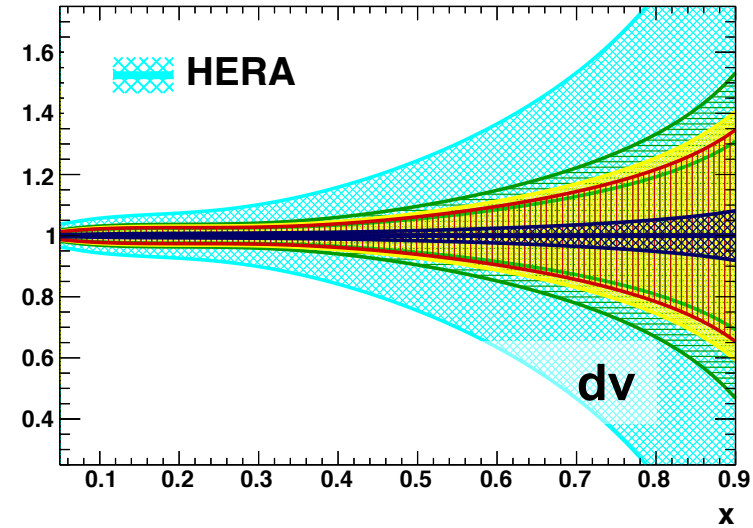
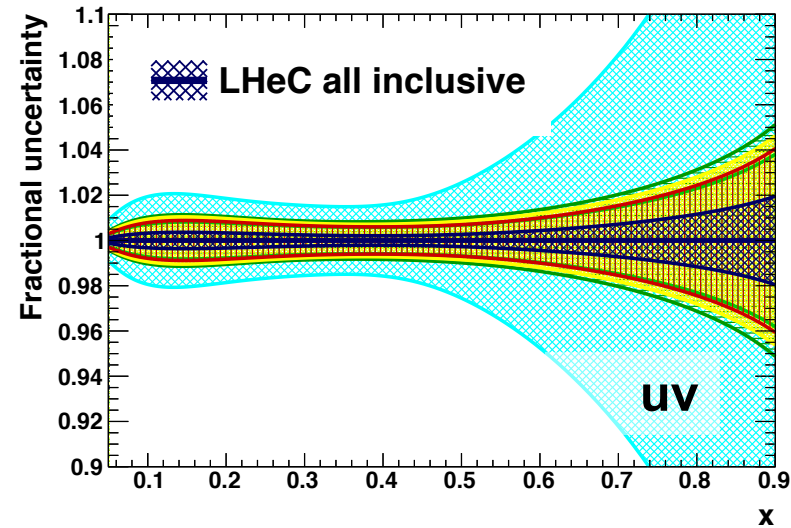
resolve long-standing mystery of
d/u ratio at large x

(old) LHeC pdfs with released assumptions

- LHeC does not need to rely on 'usual' constraint that $\bar{u}=\bar{d}$ at small x , which **may not be valid** (all new QCD fits shown in this talk use an 'unconstrained' version)



impact of polarisation on LHeC pdfs

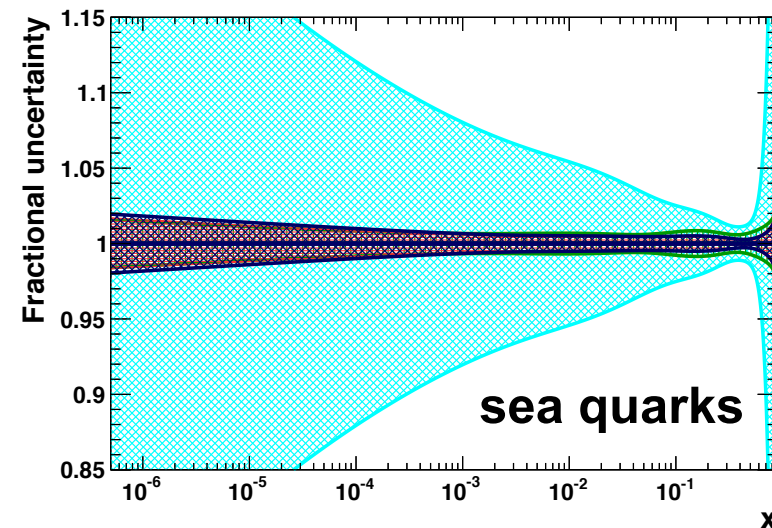
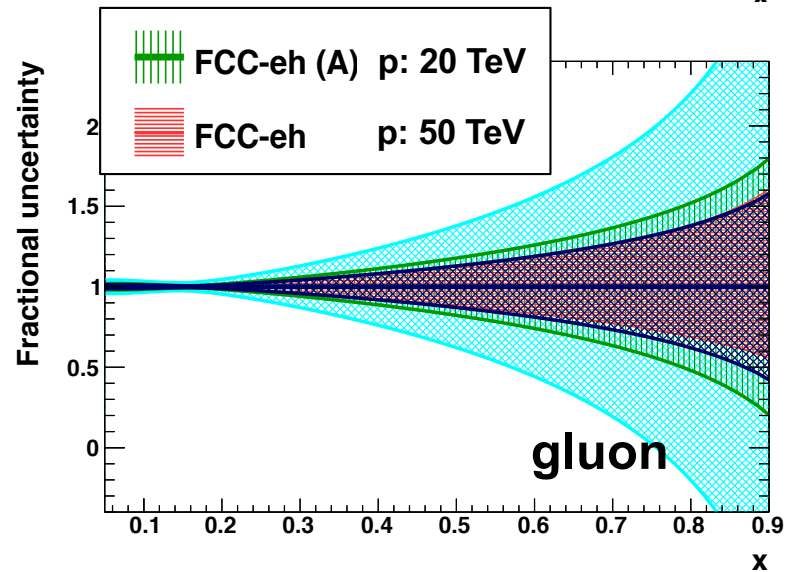
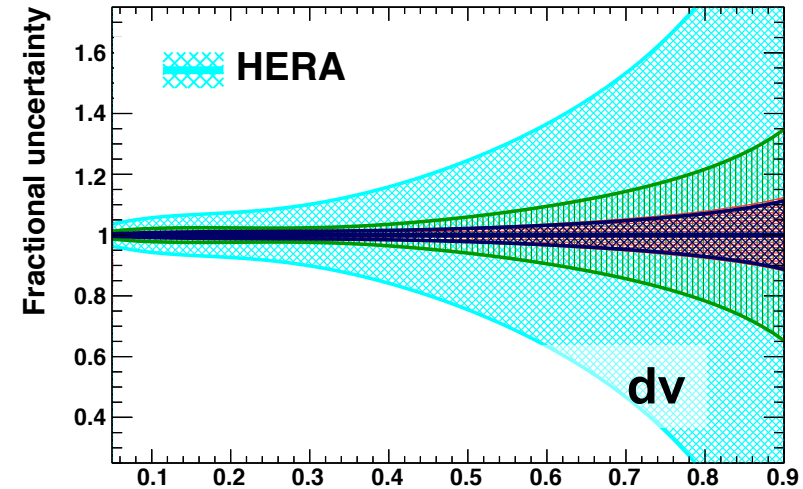
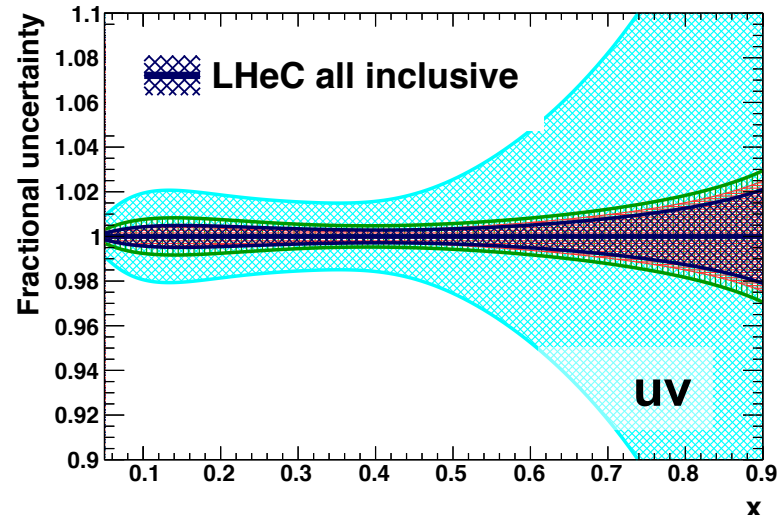


impact of polarisation on pdfs generally small (but pol. important for ew)

(**CC**: $\sigma(e^\pm)$ scales as $(1 \pm P)$; **NC**: effects subtle; pol. asym. gives access to $F_2^{\gamma Z}$, new quark combinations) 34

collider configurations

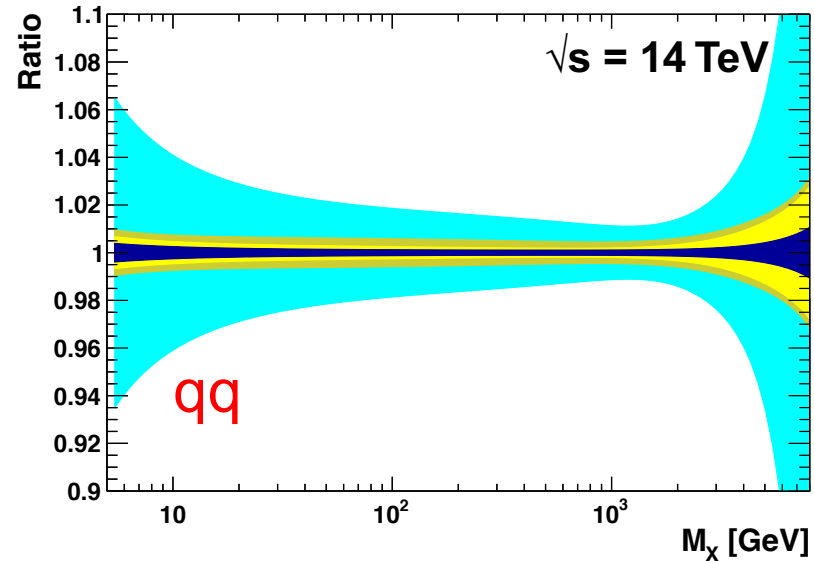
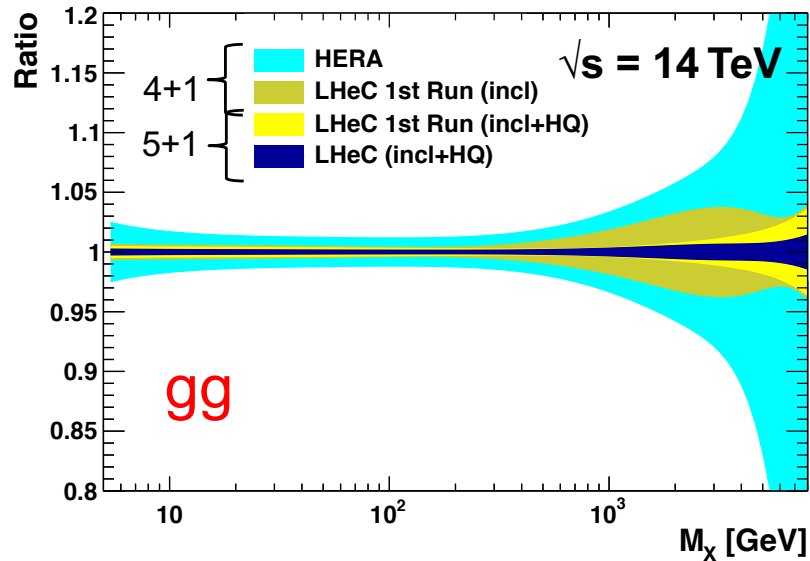
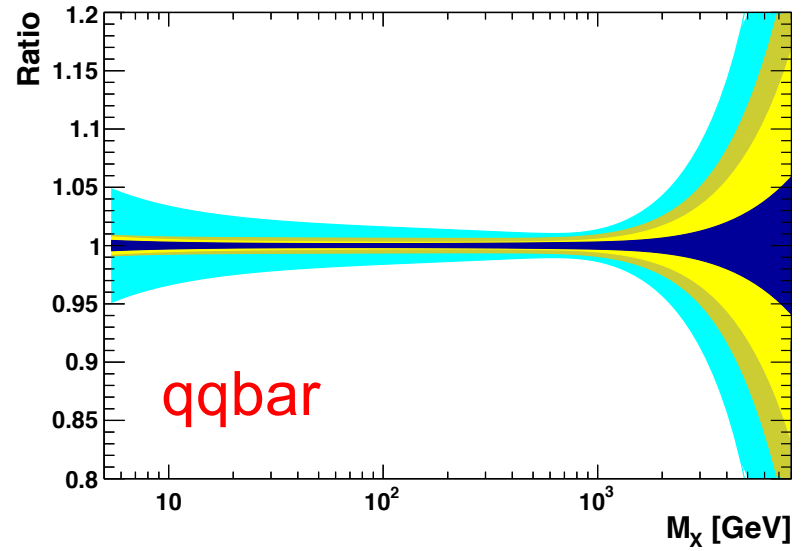
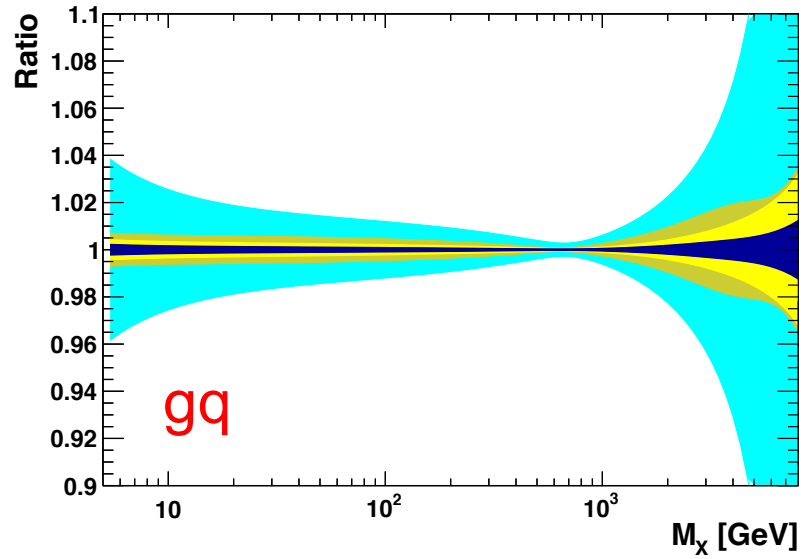
work in progress



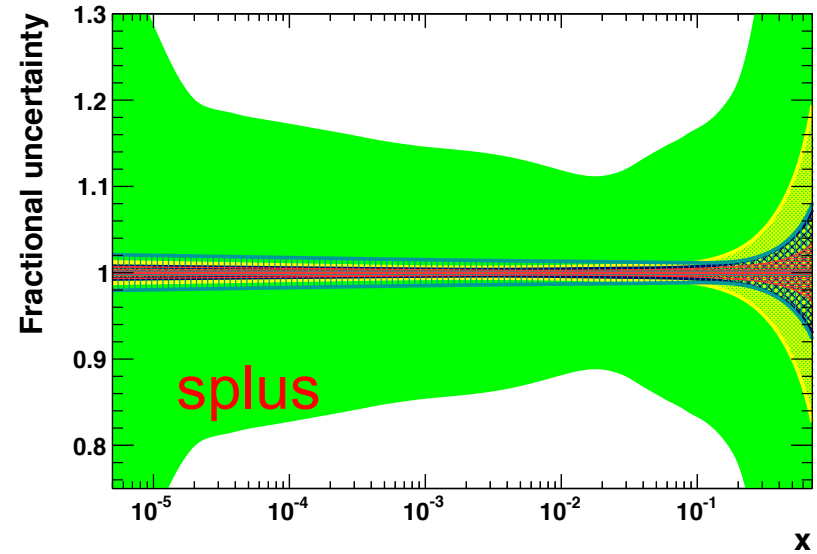
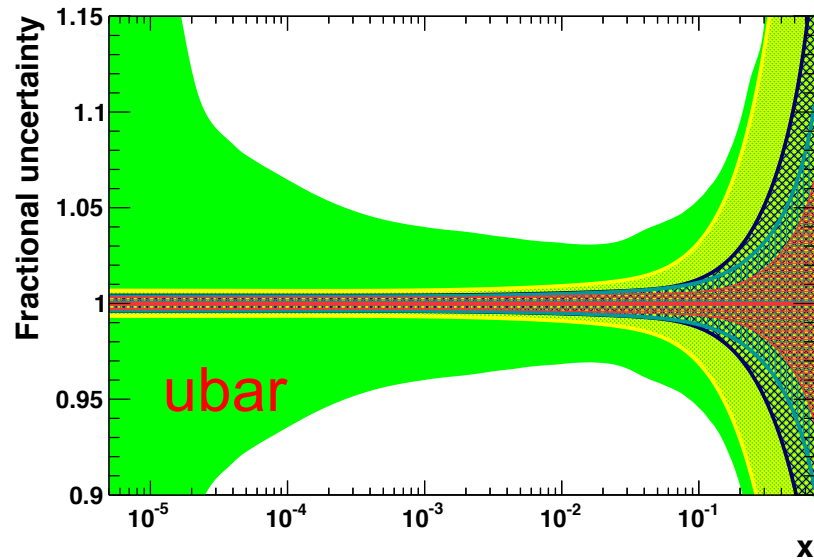
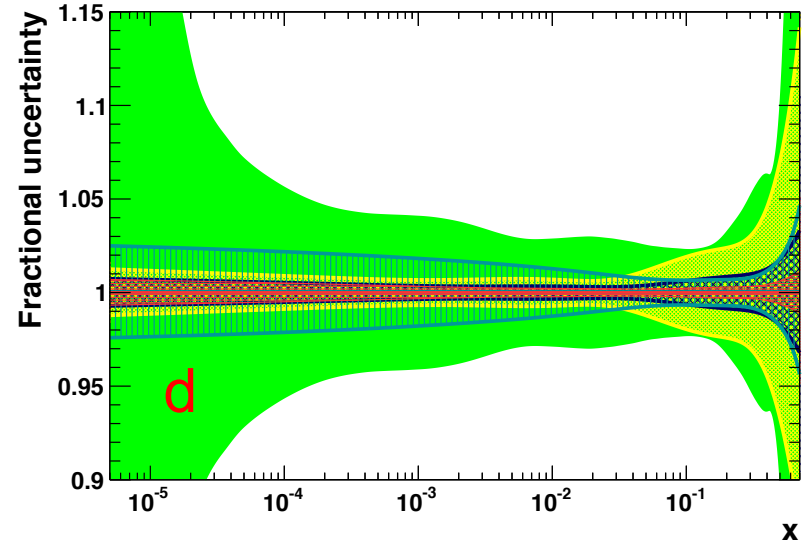
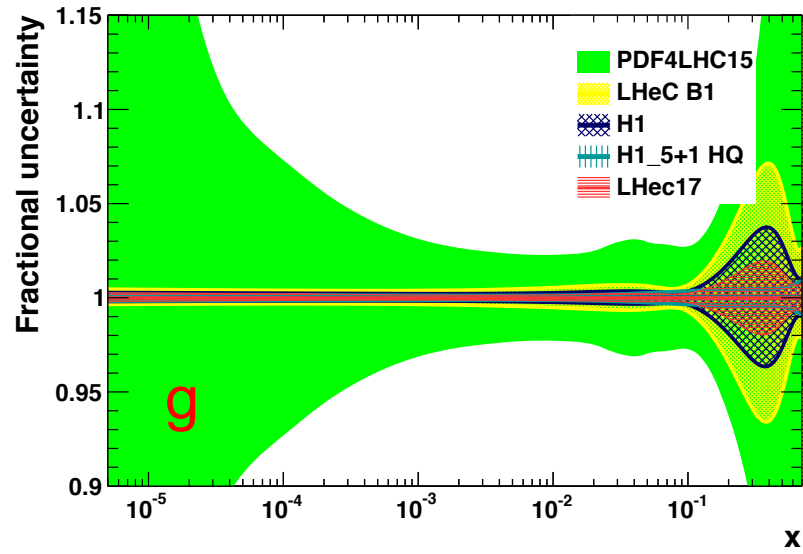
FCC-eh (A): new preliminary simulation with 2 ab⁻¹ polarised e⁻ (NB, NO e⁺ yet; impact especially in dv)

FCC-eh: CDR, volume 1, [EPJ C79 \(2019\), no.6, 474](#)

pdf luminosities



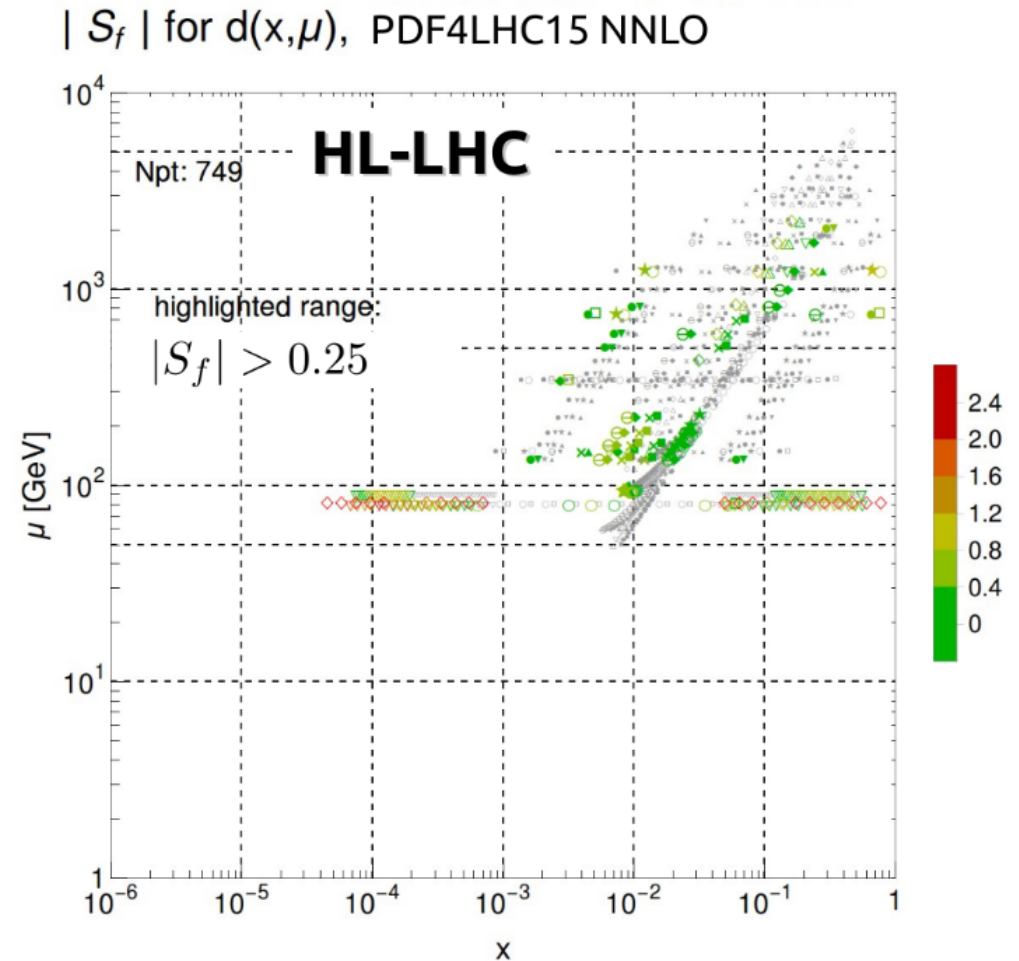
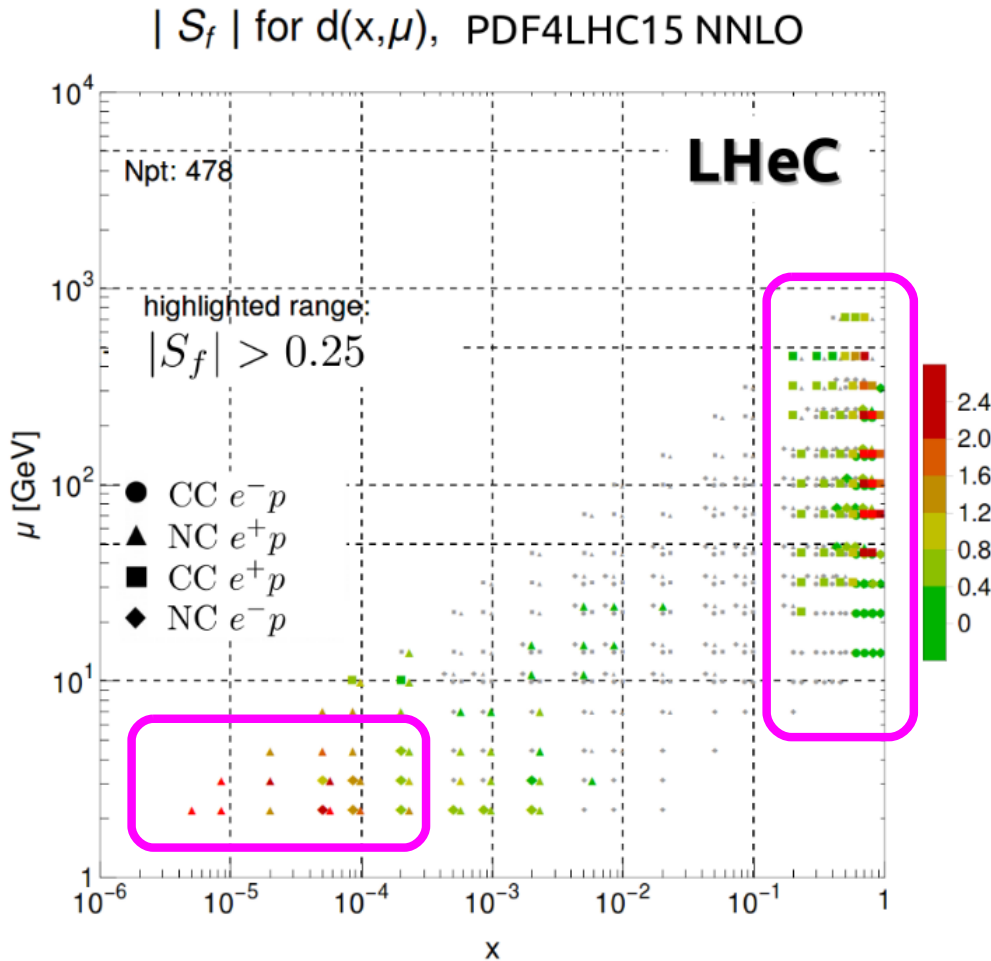
pdfs at Q=10 GeV



Sensitivity S^F :

Correlation times
the scaled residual:

$$S_F \sim C_f \frac{\delta r}{(r)_{exp}} \quad \delta r \sim \frac{T - D}{\sigma}$$



Different Kinematic Regions
LHeC Reach is **Crucial!!!**

α_s with inclusive jets

D. Britzger, J. Hessler, et al.
see poster

$\alpha_s(M_Z)$ with inclusive jets

- double-differential pseudo-data with 509 data points
- NNLO predictions for α_s -fit

$$\delta\alpha_s(M_Z) = \pm 0.00013_{(\text{exp})} \pm 0.00010_{(\text{PDF})} = \pm 0.00018$$

- Improvement by factor 6 w.r.t. world average value
- (LHeC)-PDF uncertainties small

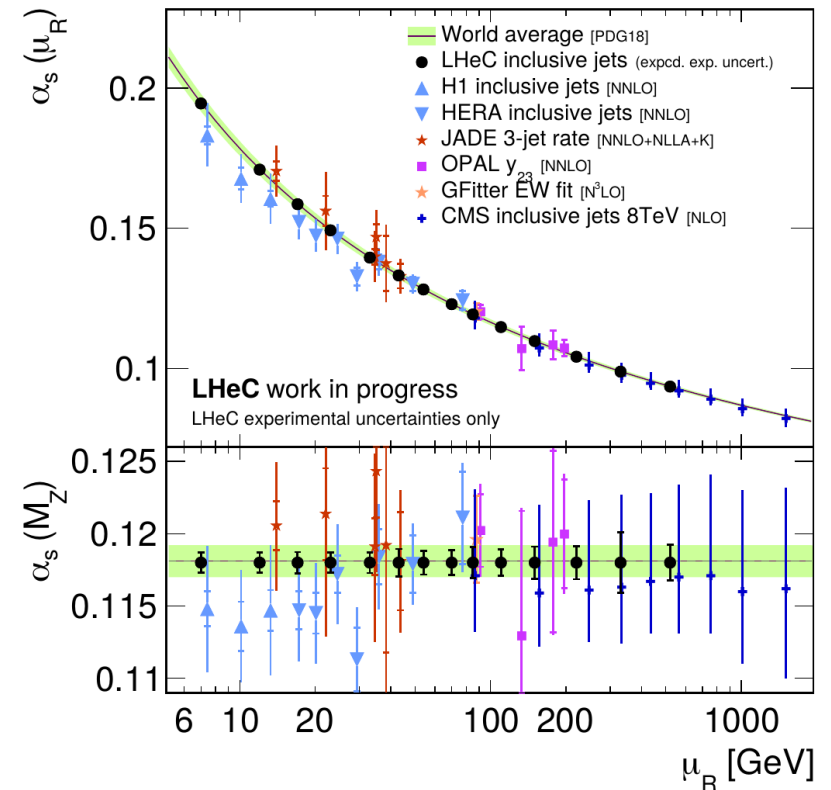
Test running of α_s

- Fit to ranges of the pseudo-data
- Experimental uncertainty smaller than 1% over huge kinematic range

Scale/theory uncertainties

- NNLO scale uncertainties are dominant (not shown)
- Improved predictions, or other observables will be studied

D. Britzger, J. Hessler et al.



α_s from inclusive DIS

LHeC with $E_e=50\text{GeV}$

- Simultaneous determination of α_s and PDFs
- Inclusive NC and CC DIS pseudo-data

Three scenarios

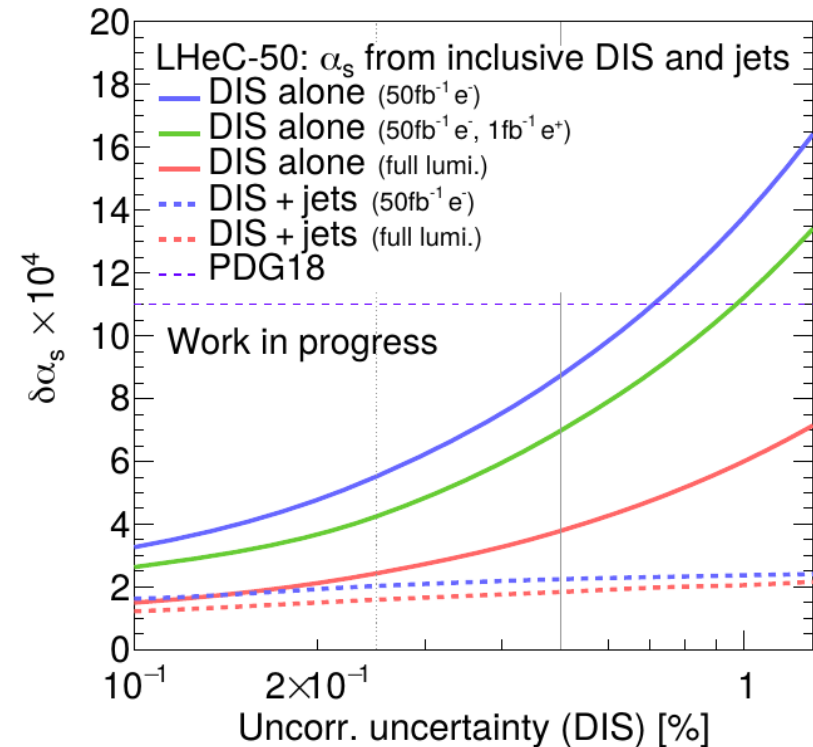
- 1st year data taking: e^- with $L\sim 50\text{fb}^{-1}$
- 1st year data: e^- ($L\sim 50\text{fb}^{-1}$) and e^+ with 1fb^{-1}
- All data: $1\text{ab}^{-1} e^-$, $10\text{fb} e^+$ + Low-E data

Uncertainty of α_s

- With 1 year data: $\delta\alpha_s(M_Z) = 4 - 8 \text{‰}$
- With full data: $\delta\alpha_s(M_Z) = 2 - 3 \text{‰}$
- Sizeable dependence on uncorrelated uncertainty complicates the estimate

Using inclusive jets in addition

- Inclusive jets will have superior sensitivity to α_s
- but likely larger theo. uncertainties (to be studied)



D. Britzger, J. Hessler et al.

α_s with inclusive jets

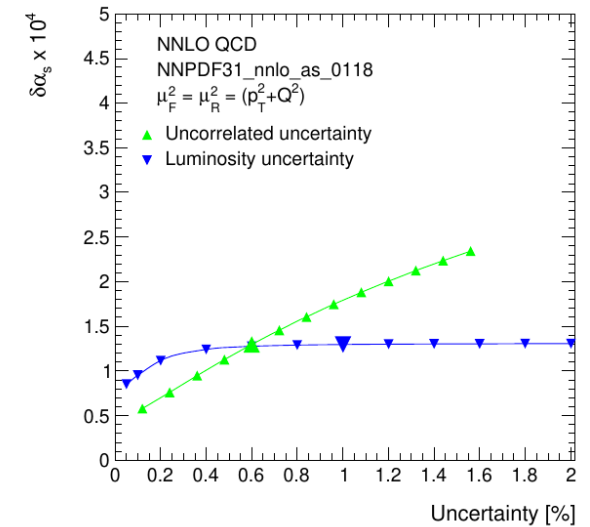
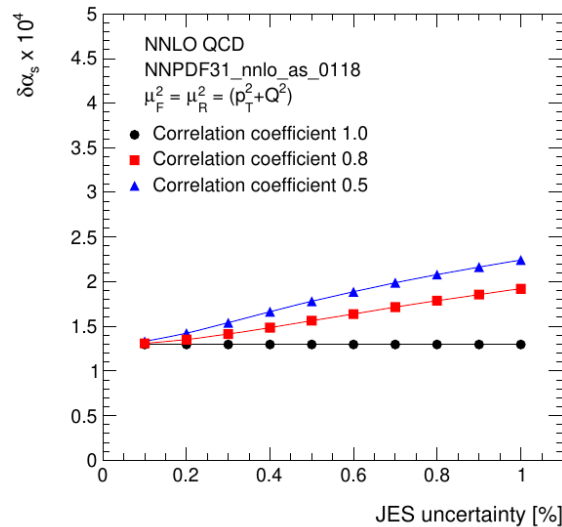
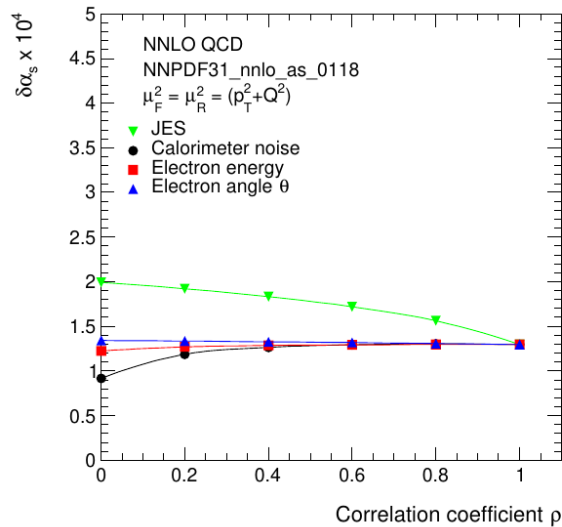
$\alpha_s(M_Z)$ with inclusive jets

- double-differential pseudo-data with 509 data points
- NNLO predictions for α_s -fit

$$\delta\alpha_s(M_Z) = \pm 0.00013(\text{exp}) \pm 0.00010(\text{PDF}) = \pm 0.00018$$

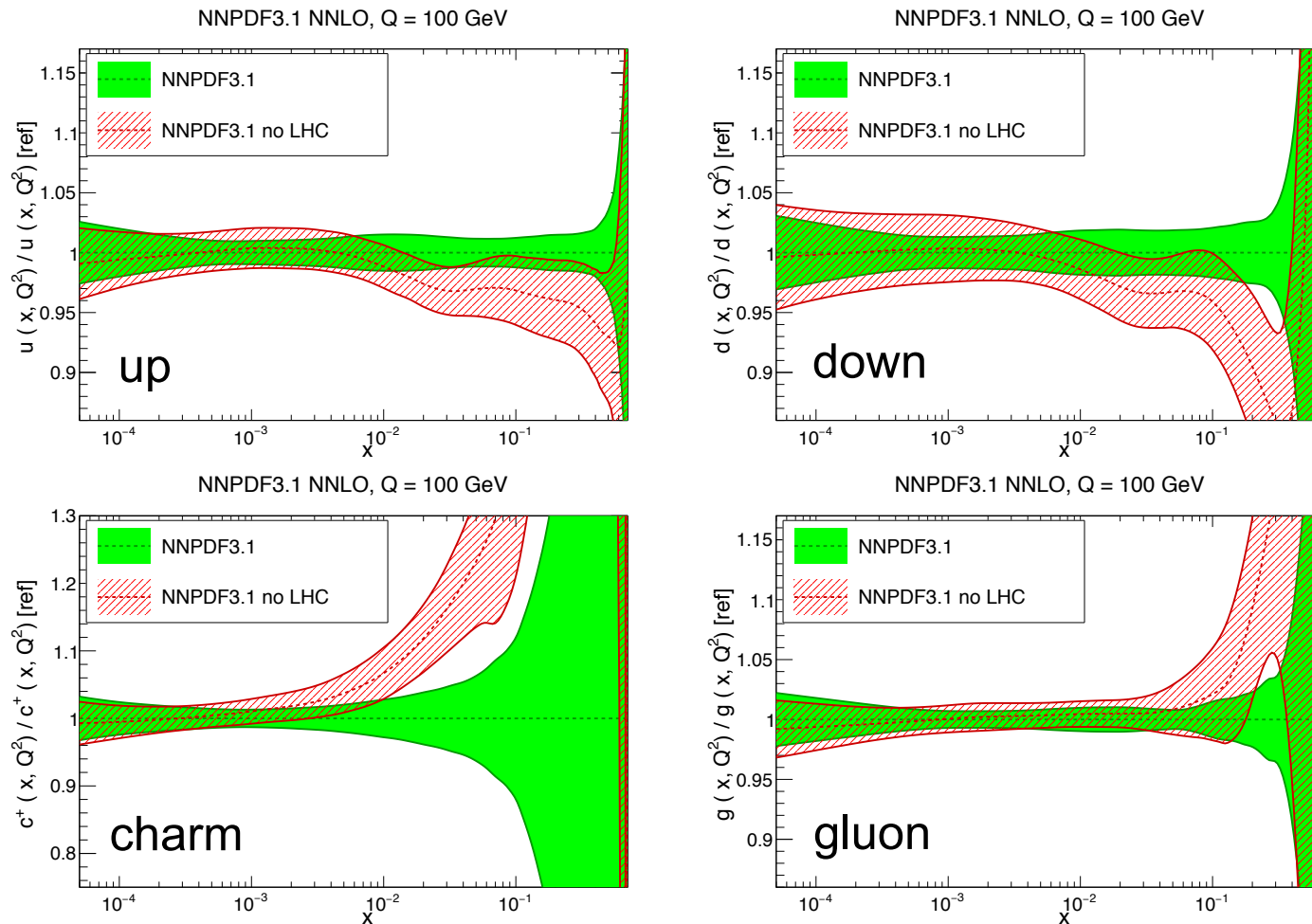
Study of uncertainties

- Even with more conservative uncertainty estimates $\delta\alpha_s < 2\%$



D. Britzger, J. Hessler et al.

impact of LHC on today's pdfs



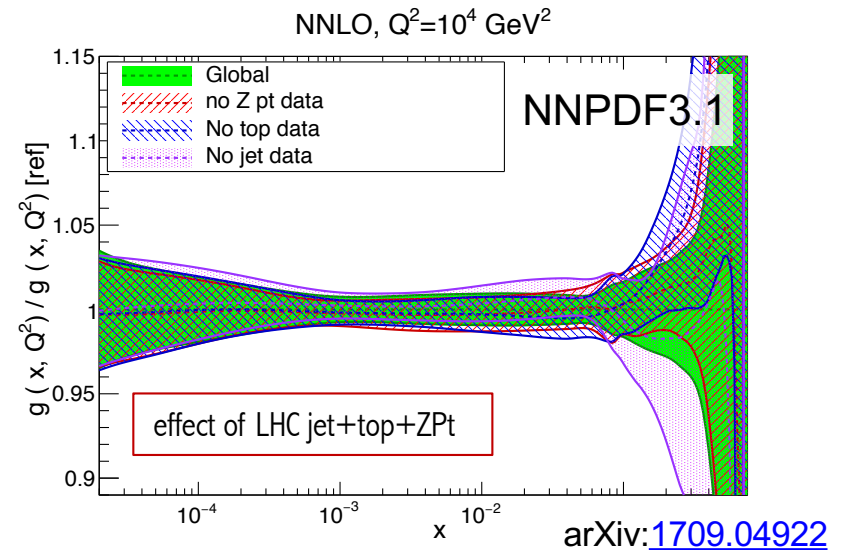
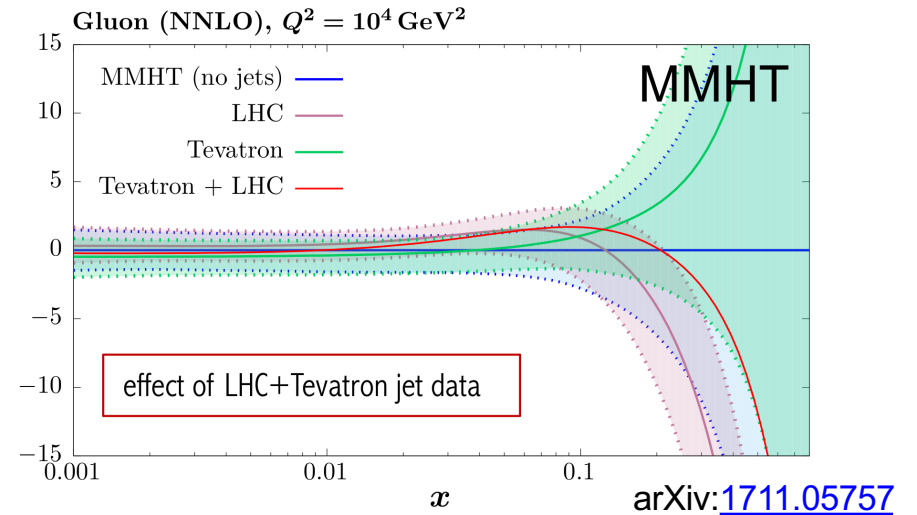
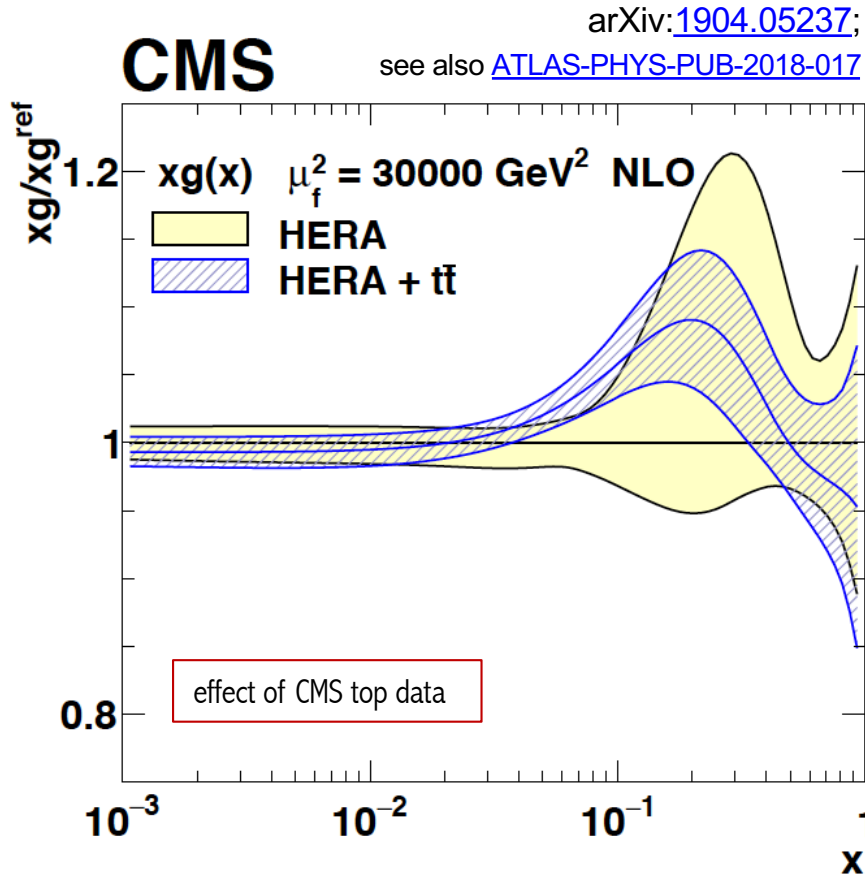
arXiv: [1706.00428](https://arxiv.org/abs/1706.00428)

(NNPDF3.1 includes modern LHC data on W,Z+top+jets+ZPt)

updates to main global pdf fits, including more LHC data, expected soon

LHC: large x gluon

direct γ : arXiv:[1802.03021](https://arxiv.org/abs/1802.03021)



jet, top quark pair, ZPt and γ measurements
constrain **gluon** at medium and **large x**

numerous studies from ATLAS, CMS, xFitter and global fitters

NNLO QCD calculations now available in all cases

(**LHCb forward charm and beauty**
COULD also help at small and large x?)

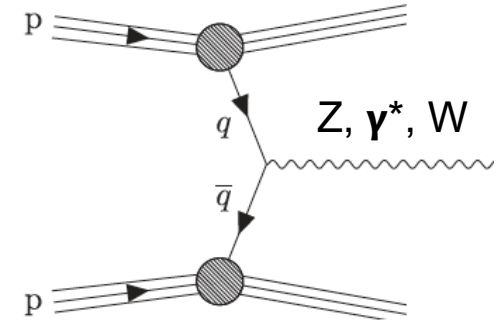
LHC: large x quarks and flavour separation

electroweak gauge boson measurements give information on quark and anti-quark flavour separation

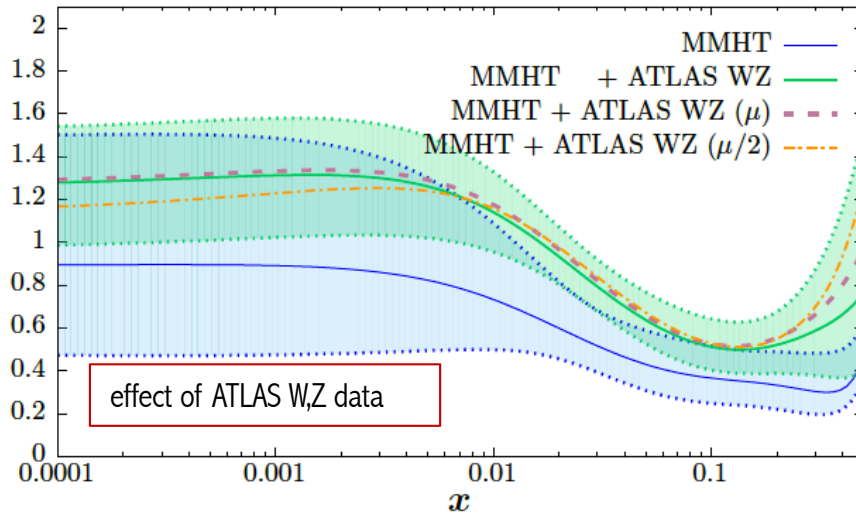
HM DY gives access to large x (also sensitive to proton's γ pdf)

LHCb measurements extend to forward region (small & large x)

W,Z & W+c also sensitive to strange pdf

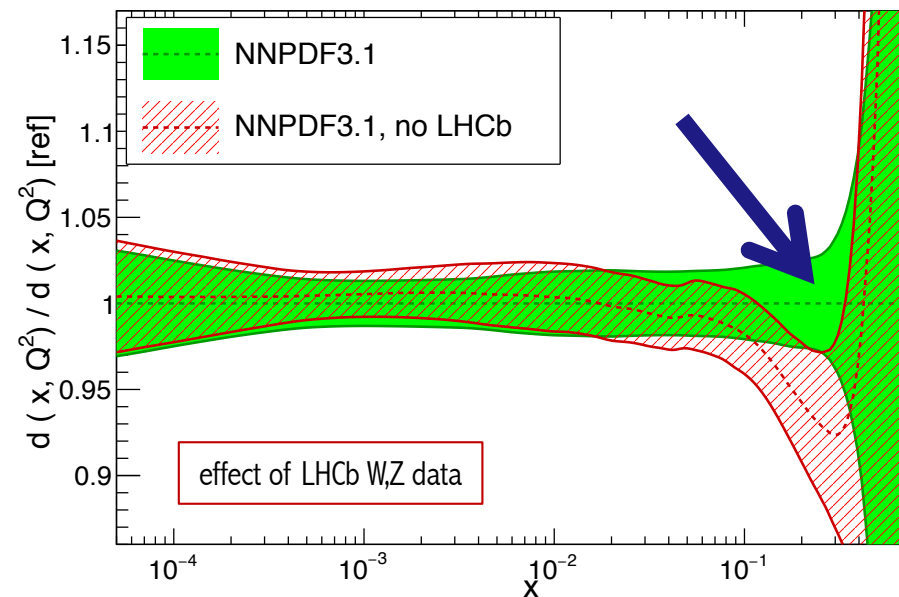


$(s + \bar{s})/(\bar{u} + \bar{d})$ (NNLO), $Q^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$



R. Thorne, [DIS19](#)

NNPDF3.1 NNLO, $Q = 100 \text{ GeV}$



arXiv:[1706.00428](#)

numerous studies from ATLAS, CMS, xFitter and global fitters, using combinations of:

W,Z including HM & LM DY; W+c; and most recently W+jets [\[ATLAS-PHYS-PUB-2019-016\]](#)

LHC datasets used in NNPDF3.1

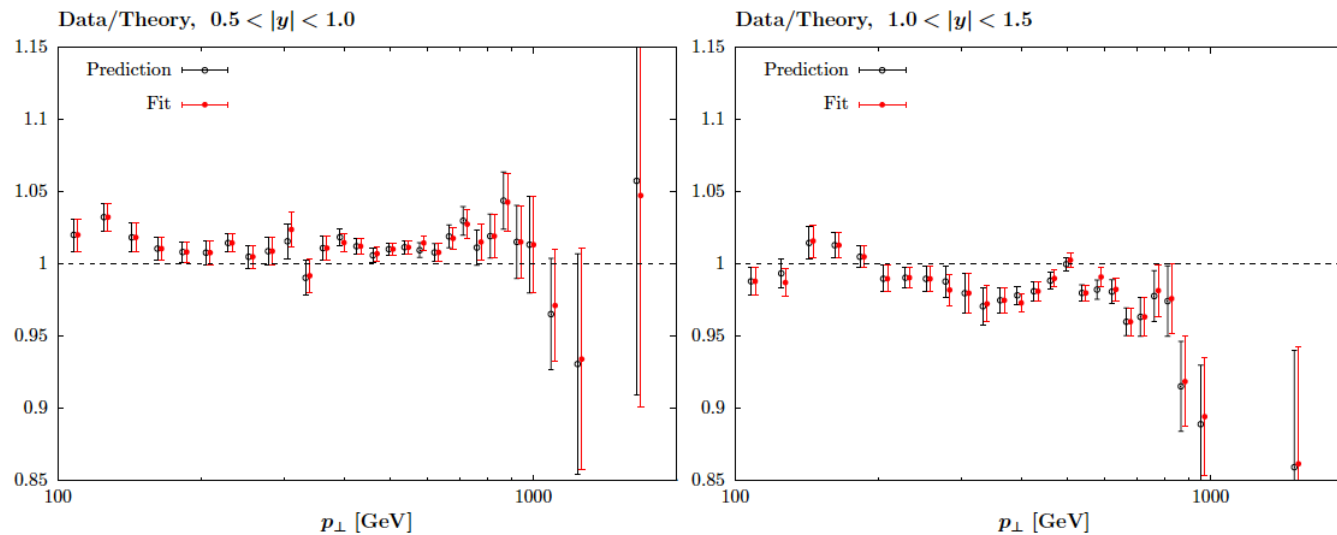
Exp.	Obs.	Ref.	N_{dat}	Kin ₁	Kin ₂ (GeV)	Theory
ATLAS	W, Z 2010	[49]	30 (30/30)	$0 \leq \eta \leq 3.2$	$Q = M_W, M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ
	W, Z 2011 (*)	[72]	34 (34/34)	$0 \leq \eta \leq 2.3$	$Q = M_W, M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ
	high-mass DY 2011	[50]	11 (5/5)	$0 \leq \eta \leq 2.1$	$116 \leq M_{ll} \leq 1500$	MCFM+FEWZ
	low-mass DY 2011 (*)	[77]	6 (4/6)	$0 \leq \eta \leq 2.1$	$14 \leq M_{ll} \leq 56$	MCFM+FEWZ
	$[Z p_T 7 \text{ TeV } (p_T^Z, y_Z)]$ (*)	[78]	64 (39/39)	$0 \leq y_Z \leq 2.5$	$30 \leq p_T^Z \leq 300$	MCFM+NNLO
	$Z p_T 8 \text{ TeV } (p_T^Z, M_{ll})$ (*)	[71]	64 (44/44)	$12 \leq M_{ll} \leq 150 \text{ GeV}$	$30 \leq p_T^Z \leq 900$	MCFM+NNLO
	$Z p_T 8 \text{ TeV } (p_T^Z, y_Z)$ (*)	[71]	120 (48/48)	$0.0 \leq y_Z \leq 2.4$	$30 \leq p_T^Z \leq 150$	MCFM+NNLO
	7 TeV jets 2010	[57]	90 (90/90)	$0 \leq y^{\text{jet}} \leq 4.4$	$25 \leq p_T^{\text{jet}} \leq 1350$	NLOjet++
	2.76 TeV jets	[58]	59 (59/59)	$0 \leq y^{\text{jet}} \leq 4.4$	$20 \leq p_T^{\text{jet}} \leq 200$	NLOjet++
	7 TeV jets 2011 (*)	[76]	140 (31/31)	$0 \leq y^{\text{jet}} \leq 0.5$	$108 \leq p_T^{\text{jet}} \leq 1760$	NLOjet++
$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(t\bar{t})$	[74, 75]	3 (3/3)	-	$Q = m_t$	top++	
$(1/\sigma_{t\bar{t}})d\sigma(t\bar{t})/y_t$ (*)	[73]	10 (10/10)	$0 < y_t < 2.5$	$Q = m_t$	Sherpa+NNLO	
CMS	W electron asy	[52]	11 (11/11)	$0 \leq \eta_e \leq 2.4$	$Q = M_W$	MCFM+FEWZ
	W muon asy	[53]	11 (11/11)	$0 \leq \eta_\mu \leq 2.4$	$Q = M_W$	MCFM+FEWZ
	$W + c$ total	[60]	5 (5/0)	$0 \leq \eta \leq 2.1$	$Q = M_W$	MCFM
	$W + c$ ratio	[60]	5 (5/0)	$0 \leq \eta \leq 2.1$	$Q = M_W$	MCFM
	2D DY 2011 7 TeV	[54]	124 (88/110)	$0 \leq \eta_{ll} \leq 2.2$	$20 \leq M_{ll} \leq 200$	MCFM+FEWZ
	[2D DY 2012 8 TeV]	[84]	124 (108/108)	$0 \leq \eta_{ll} \leq 2.4$	$20 \leq M_{ll} \leq 1200$	MCFM+FEWZ
	W^\pm rap 8 TeV (*)	[79]	22 (22/22)	$0 \leq \eta \leq 2.3$	$Q = M_W$	MCFM+FEWZ
	$Z p_T$ 8 TeV (*)	[83]	50 (28/28)	$0.0 \leq y_Z \leq 1.6$	$30 \leq p_T^Z \leq 170$	MCFM+NNLO
	7 TeV jets 2011	[59]	133 (133/133)	$0 \leq y^{\text{jet}} \leq 2.5$	$114 \leq p_T^{\text{jet}} \leq 2116$	NLOjet++
	2.76 TeV jets (*)	[80]	81 (81/81)	$0 \leq y_{\text{jet}} \leq 2.8$	$80 \leq p_T^{\text{jet}} \leq 570$	NLOjet++
$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(t\bar{t})$	[82, 88]	3 (3/3)	-	$Q = m_t$	top++	
$(1/\sigma_{t\bar{t}})d\sigma(t\bar{t})/y_{t\bar{t}}$ (*)	[81]	10 (10/10)	$-2.1 < y_{t\bar{t}} < 2.1$	$Q = m_t$	Sherpa+NNLO	
LHCb	Z rapidity 940 pb	[55]	9 (9/9)	$2.0 \leq \eta \leq 4.5$	$Q = M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ
	$Z \rightarrow ee$ rapidity 2 fb	[56]	17 (17/17)	$2.0 \leq \eta \leq 4.5$	$Q = M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ
	$W, Z \rightarrow \mu$ 7 TeV (*)	[85]	33 (33/29)	$2.0 \leq \eta \leq 4.5$	$Q = M_W, M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ
	$W, Z \rightarrow \mu$ 8 TeV (*)	[86]	34 (34/30)	$2.0 \leq \eta \leq 4.5$	$Q = M_W, M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ

Table 2.3: Same as Table 2.1, for ATLAS, CMS and LHCb data from the LHC Run I at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}$, $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ and $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$. The ATLAS 7 TeV $Z p_T$ and CMS 2D DY 2012 are in brackets because they are only included in a dedicated study but not in the default PDF set. The total number of LHC data points after cuts is 848/854 for NLO/NNLO fits (not including ATLAS 7 TeV $Z p_T$ and CMS 2D DY 2012).

arXiv: [1706.00428](https://arxiv.org/abs/1706.00428)

Fit to high luminosity ATLAS 7 TeV inclusive jet data – MMHT (JHEP 02 (2015) 153)

Difficulty simultaneously fitting data in all rapidity bins. Mismatch in one bin different in form to neighbouring bin constraining PDFs of similar x, Q^2 .



Similar results also seen by other groups.

Qualitative conclusion shown to be independent of jet radius R , choice of scale or inclusion of NNLO corrections.

Exercise on decorrelating uncertainties

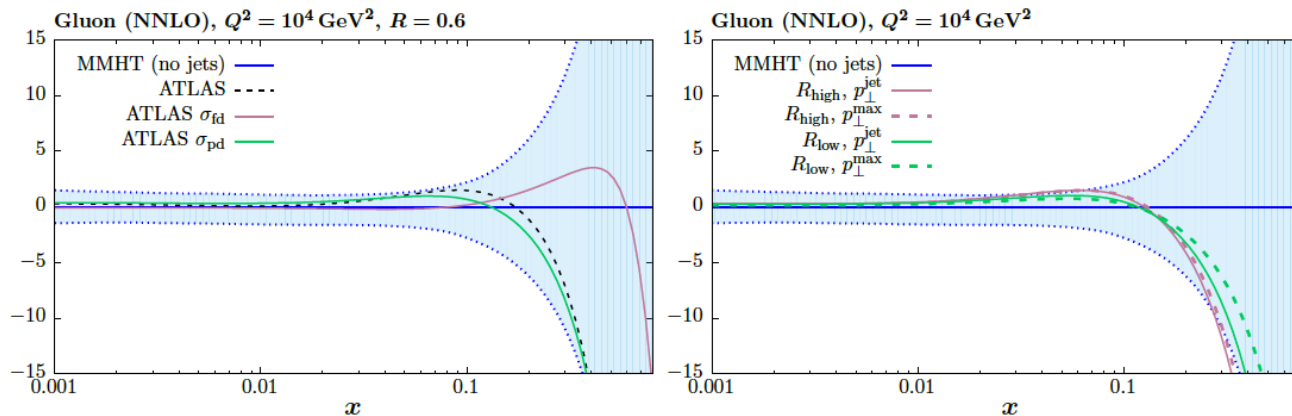
We consider the effect of decorrelating two uncertainty sources, i.e. making them independent between the 6 rapidity bins. More extensive decorrelation study in [ATLAS – JHEP 09 020 \(2017\)](#).

	Full	21	62	21, 62
$\chi^2/N_{\text{pts.}}$	2.85	1.56	2.36	1.27

Similar results using new **NNLO** results.

	$R_{\text{low}}, p_{\perp}^{\text{jet}}$	$R_{\text{low}}, p_{\perp}^{\text{max}}$	$R_{\text{high}}, p_{\perp}^{\text{jet}}$	$R_{\text{high}}, p_{\perp}^{\text{max}}$
NLO	210.0 (187.1)	189.1 (181.7)	175.1 (193.5)	164.9 (191.2)
NNLO	172.3 (177.8)	199.3 (187.0)	149.8 (182.3)	152.5 (185.4)

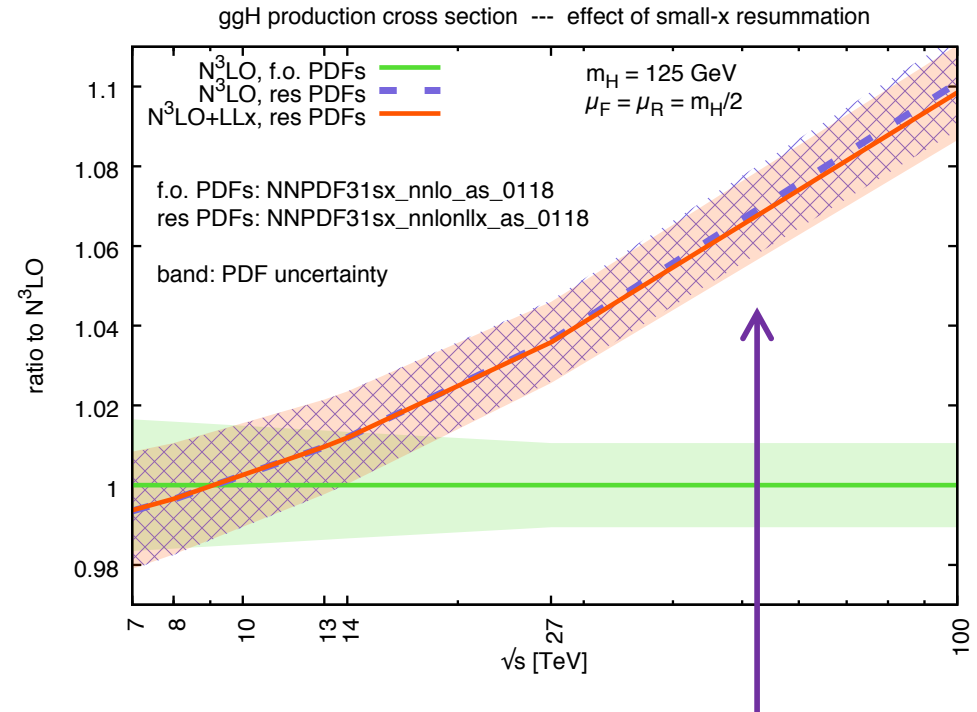
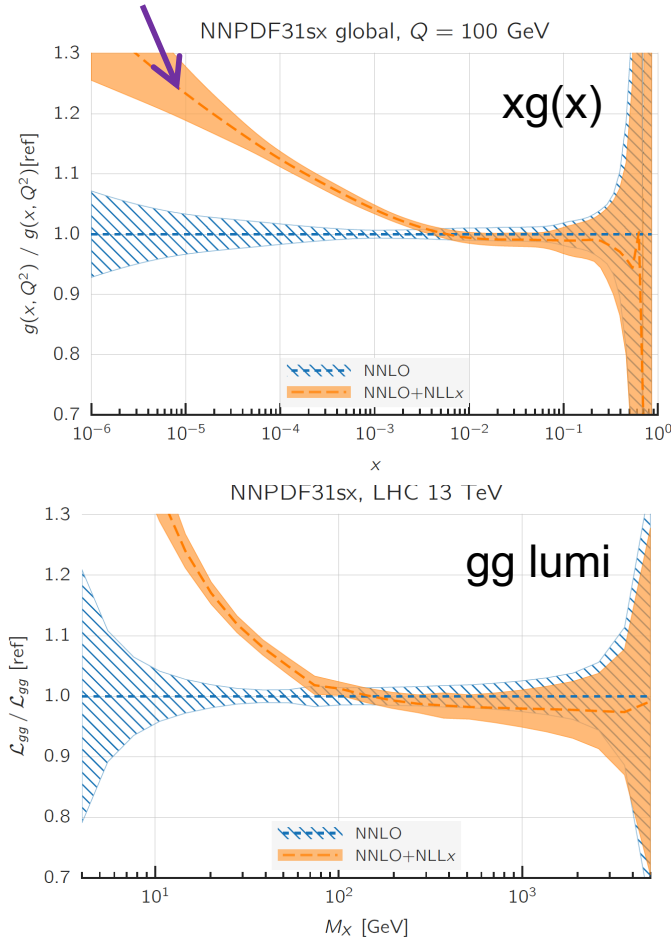
ATLAS (CMS)



Results insensitive to decorrelation. Find softer gluon, reduced uncertainty. Also relatively little sensitivity to scales and jet radius.

gluon at small x matters

effect of small x resummation

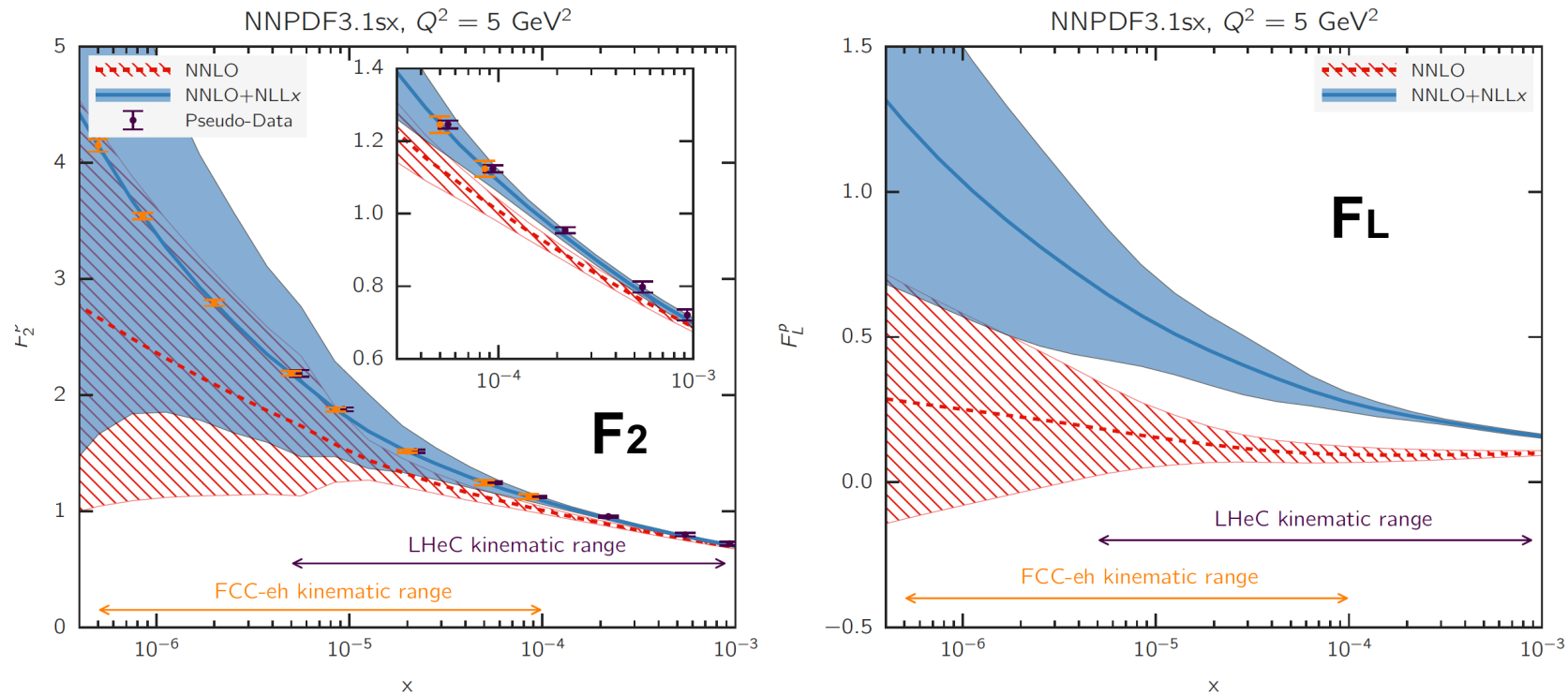


effect of small x resummation on ggH cross section
 impact on other EW observables could be as large

- recent evidence for onset of BFKL dynamics in HERA inclusive data
 arXiv:[1710.05935](https://arxiv.org/abs/1710.05935); confirmed in xFitter study, arXiv:[1802.00064](https://arxiv.org/abs/1802.00064)
- **impact for LHC and most certainly at ultra low x values probed at FCC**

gluon at small x

arXiv:[1710.05935](https://arxiv.org/abs/1710.05935)



F_2 and F_L predictions for simulated kinematics of **LHeC** and **FCC-eh**

ep simulated data very precise – significant constraining power to discriminate between theoretical scenarios of small x dynamics

measurement of F_L has a critical role to play

see also M. Klein, arXiv:[1802.04317](https://arxiv.org/abs/1802.04317)

FL at LHeC

