



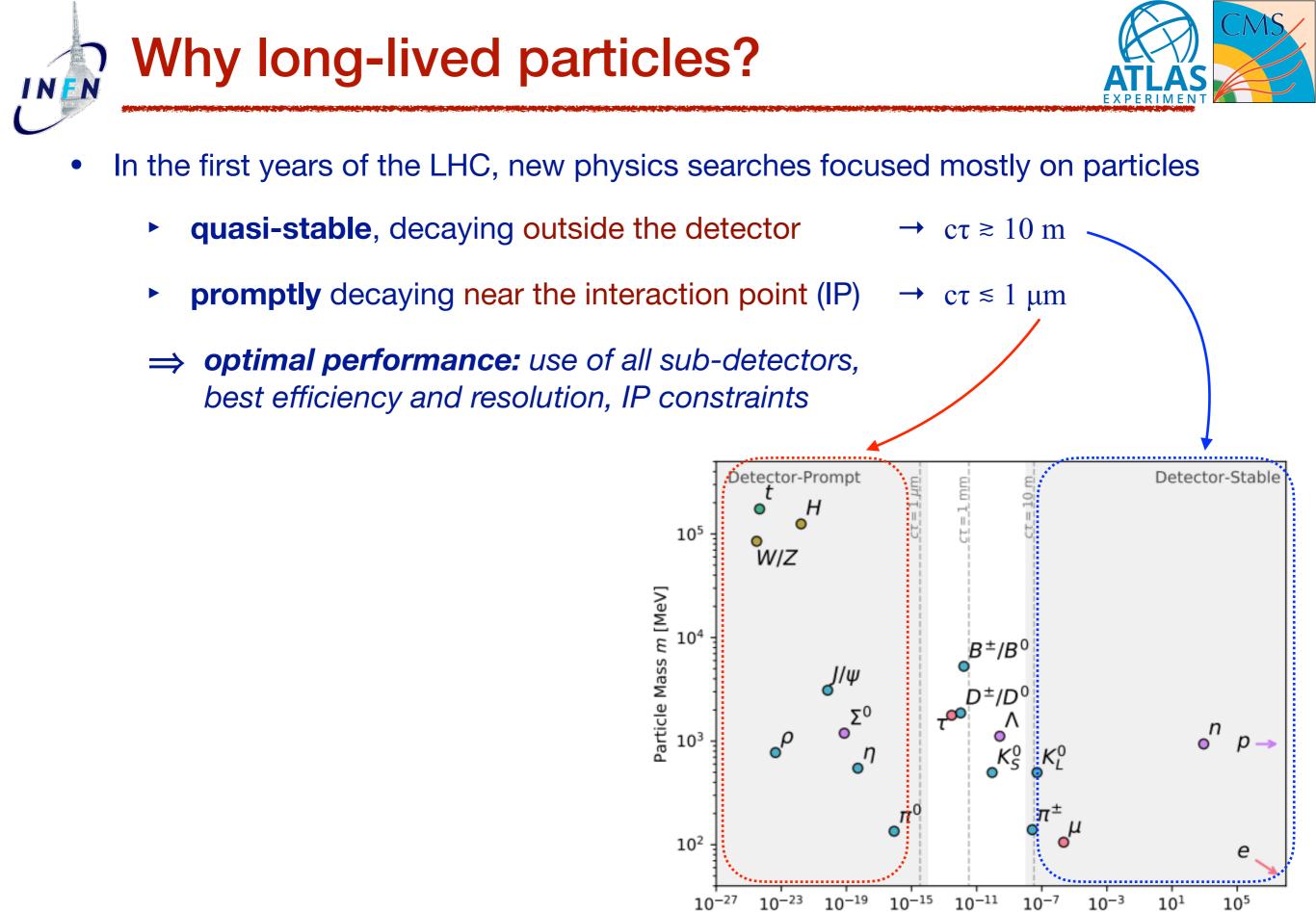
Search for long-lived particles at ATLAS & CMS

Daniele Trocino INFN Torino

on behalf of the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations

IPA2022 — Interplay between Particle and Astroparticle physics

September 7, 2022



 10^{-27}

 10^{-23}

 10^{-15}

 10^{-11}

Proper Lifetime τ [s]

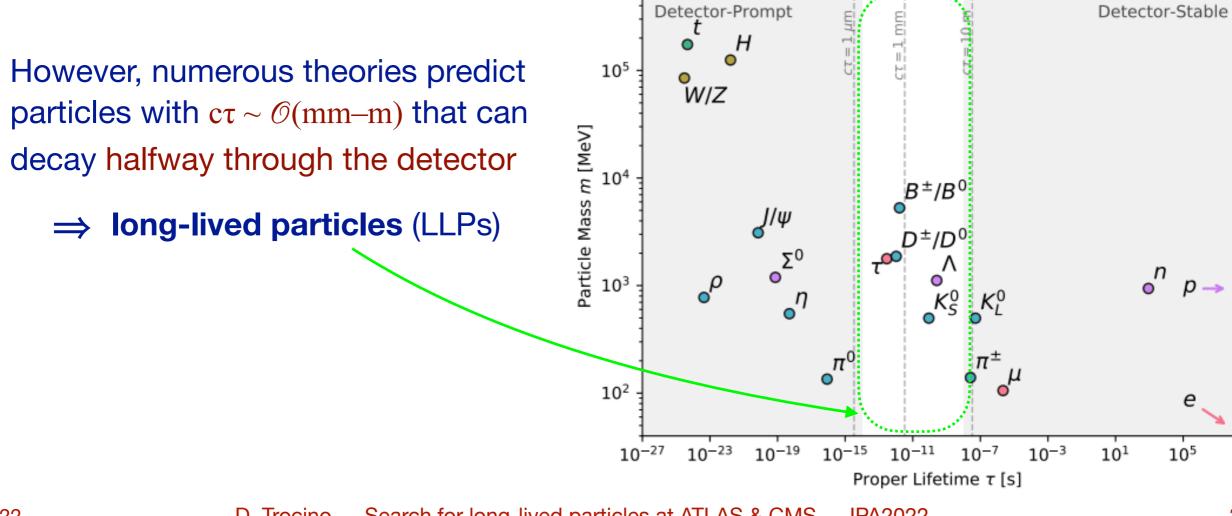
10¹

105

 10^{-7}

I N <mark>E</mark> N





- optimal performance: use of all sub-detectors, best efficiency and resolution, IP constraints
- quasi-stable, decaying outside the detector \rightarrow c $\tau \gtrsim 10$ m
- **promptly** decaying near the interaction point (IP) $\rightarrow c\tau \leq 1 \mu m$
- In the first years of the LHC, new physics searches focused mostly on particles







- Models with quasi-degenerate mass states, small couplings, or highly virtual mediators can lead to LLPs, e.g.:
 - ► **SUSY:** RPV models, split SUSY, GMSB, AMSB, etc.
 - Hidden sectors: scalar portal, dark photon, ALPs, heavy neutrinos, etc.
 - Magnetic monopoles
- Typical benchmark models used to interpret LHC results
 - SM-like or BSM Higgs: $H \rightarrow XX \rightarrow 4f$ with scalar or vector X
 - SUSY: electroweakino/gluino/slepton/squark pair production
 - Heavy neutral leptons (HNL) with (semi-)leptonic decays





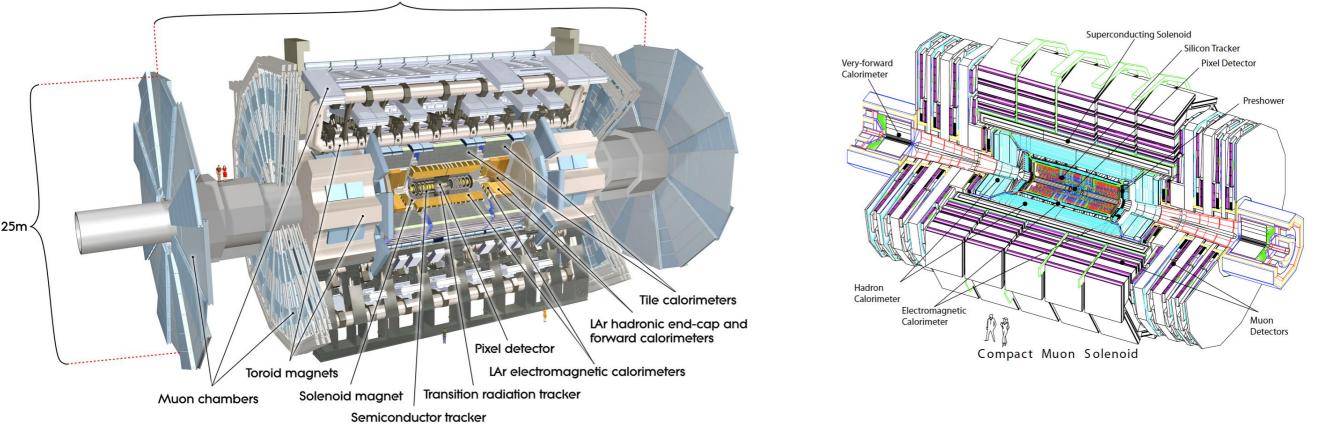
- Models with quasi-degenerate mass states, small couplings, or highly virtual mediators can lead to LLPs, e.g.:
 - ► **SUSY:** RPV models, split SUSY, GMSB, AMSB, etc.
 - Hidden sectors: scalar portal, dark photon, ALPs, heavy neutrinos, etc.
 - Magnetic monopoles
- Typical benchmark models used to interpret LHC results
 - SM-like or BSM Higgs: $H \rightarrow XX \rightarrow 4f$ with scalar or vector X
 - SUSY: electroweakino/gluino/slepton/squark pair production
 - Heavy neutral leptons (HNL) with (semi-)leptonic decays

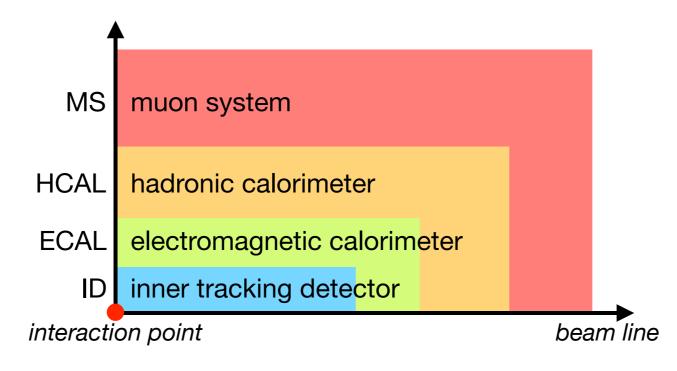
Searches will be presented following a **signature-driven** (rather than **model-driven**) criterion

The ATLAS & CMS detectors





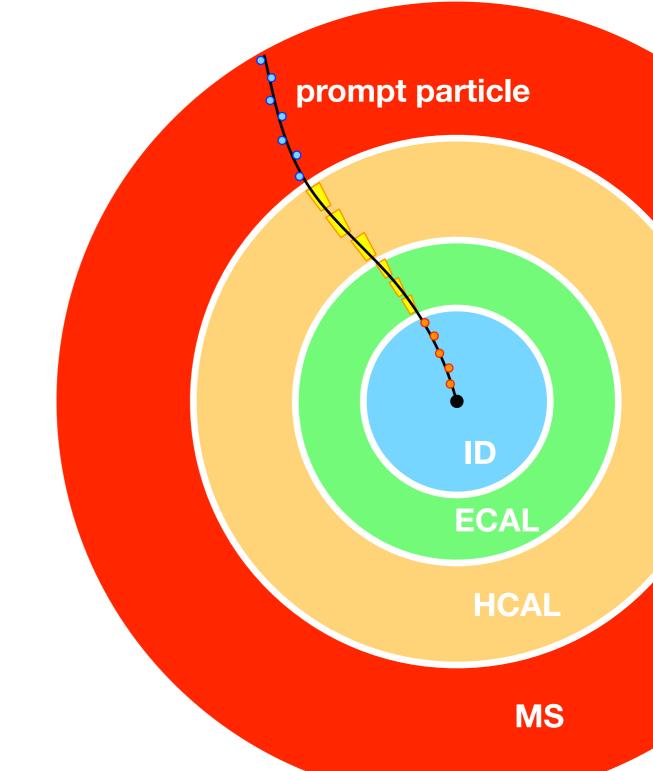




INEN



• LLPs produce characteristic and "unusual" signals in ATLAS & CMS





- LLPs produce characteristic and "unusual" signals in ATLAS & CMS
 - displaced track with large impact parameters



ID

ECAI

HCAL



- LLPs produce characteristic and "unusual" signals in ATLAS & CMS
 - displaced track with large impact parameters
 - disappearing track with missing outer hits



ID

ECAI



ID

ECA

HCAL

- LLPs produce characteristic and "unusual" signals in ATLAS & CMS
 - displaced track with large impact parameters
 - disappearing track with missing outer hits
 - displaced vertex (DV) from ID or MS tracks

ATLAS XPERIMENT

ID

ECAI

HCAL

- LLPs produce characteristic and "unusual" signals in ATLAS & CMS
 - displaced track with large impact parameters
 - disappearing track with missing outer hits
 - displaced vertex (DV) from ID or MS tracks
 - displaced and delayed CAL jet
 - not pointing to the IP
 - delayed w.r.t. p-p collision

ATLAS XPERIMENT

ID

ECA

HCAL

- LLPs produce characteristic and "unusual" signals in ATLAS & CMS
 - displaced track with large impact parameters
 - disappearing track with missing outer hits
 - displaced vertex (DV) from ID or MS tracks
 - displaced and delayed CAL jet
 - not pointing to the IP
 - delayed w.r.t. p-p collision
 - Iow ECAL/HCAL energy ratio

ATLAS XPERIMENT

ID

ECA

HCAL

- LLPs produce characteristic and "unusual" signals in ATLAS & CMS
 - displaced track with large impact parameters
 - disappearing track with missing outer hits
 - displaced vertex (DV) from ID or MS tracks
 - displaced and delayed CAL jet
 - not pointing to the IP
 - delayed w.r.t. p-p collision
 - Iow ECAL/HCAL energy ratio
 - high-multiplicity shower in MS

ATLAS EXPERIMENT

D

ECAI

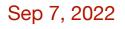
HCAL

MS

~1

|q| = 1

- LLPs produce characteristic and "unusual" signals in ATLAS & CMS
 - displaced track with large impact parameters
 - disappearing track with missing outer hits
 - displaced vertex (DV) from ID or MS tracks
 - displaced and delayed CAL jet
 - not pointing to the IP
 - delayed w.r.t. p-p collision
 - Iow ECAL/HCAL energy ratio
 - high-multiplicity shower in MS
 - unusual ionization levels
 - multiply/fractionally charged particle
 - slow, heavy particle



D. Trocino — Search for long-lived particles at ATLAS & CMS — IPA2022

β < 1

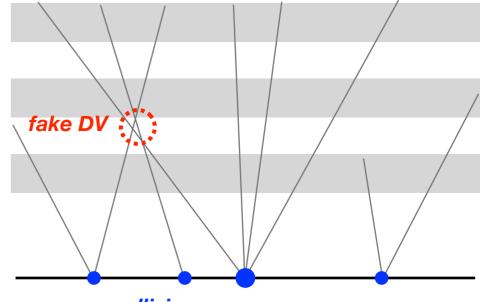
or

|q| > 1

|q| < [



- Common background sources emerge in many LLP searches
 - Random track crossings
 - Main background for many searches
 - Reduced by requirements on vertex quality and other vertex-related quantities
 - Interactions in the detector material
 - Veto vertices in the detector layers
 - Cosmic rays
 - Generate displaced tracks or anomalous energy deposits
 - Veto back-to-back muons and use detector timing
 - Beam-induced backgrounds (BIB)
 - Anomalous early deposits in the calorimeter barrel
 - Use shape and time of deposits to veto

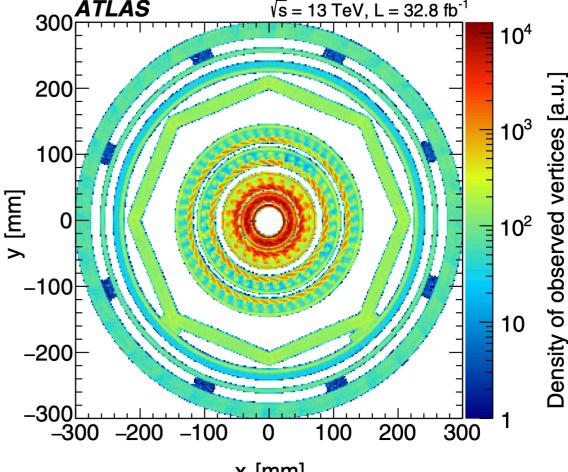


p-p collisions

I N EN



- Common background sources emerge in many LLP searches
 - Random track crossings
 - Main background for many searches
 - Reduced by requirements on vertex quality and other vertex-related quantities
 - Interactions in the detector material
 - Veto vertices in the detector layers
 - Cosmic rays
 - Generate displaced tracks or anomalous energy deposits
 - Veto back-to-back muons and use detector timing
 - Beam-induced backgrounds (BIB)
 - Anomalous early deposits in the calorimeter barrel
 - Use shape and time of deposits to veto

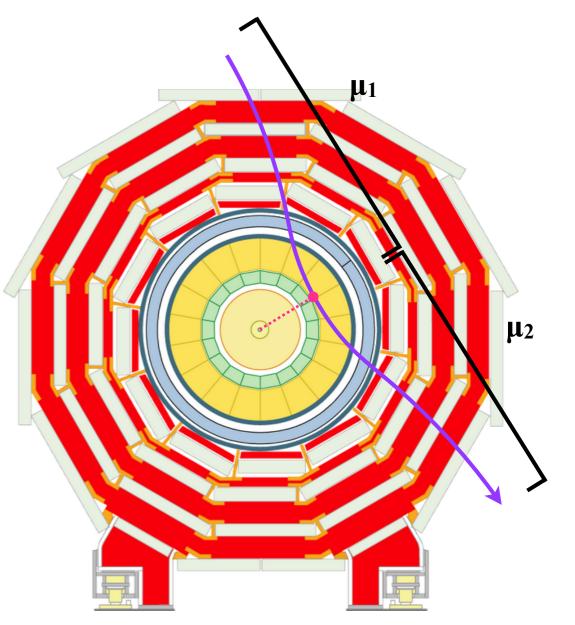


x [mm]

I N EN



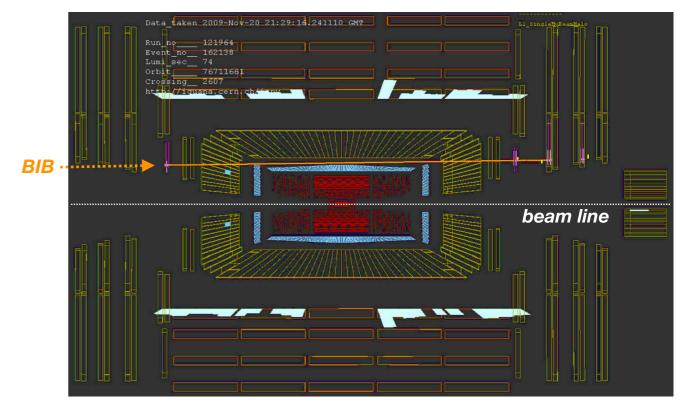
- Common background sources emerge in many LLP searches
 - Random track crossings
 - Main background for many searches
 - Reduced by requirements on vertex quality and other vertex-related quantities
 - Interactions in the detector material
 - Veto vertices in the detector layers
 - Cosmic rays
 - Generate displaced tracks or anomalous energy deposits
 - Veto back-to-back muons and use detector timing
 - Beam-induced backgrounds (BIB)
 - Anomalous early deposits in the calorimeter barrel
 - Use shape and time of deposits to veto



I N 🔊

ATLAS XPERIMENT

- Common background sources emerge in many LLP searches
 - Random track crossings
 - Main background for many searches
 - Reduced by requirements on vertex quality and other vertex-related quantities
 - Interactions in the detector material
 - Veto vertices in the detector layers
 - Cosmic rays
 - Generate displaced tracks or anomalous energy deposits
 - Veto back-to-back muons and use detector timing
 - Beam-induced backgrounds (BIB)
 - Anomalous early deposits in the calorimeter barrel
 - Use shape and time of deposits to veto



INFN

Latest LLP searches (by final states)



	Final state		ATLAS	CMS
Hadrons	Displaced jets and vertices	in beam pipe		<u>Phys. Rev. D 104, 052011 (2021)</u>
		in ID	ATLAS-CONF-2022-054	Phys. Rev. D 104, 012015 (2021)
		in ECAL or HCAL	<u>JHEP 06 (2022) 005</u>	<u>Phys. Lett. B 797 (2019) 134876</u>
		in ID and MS	Phys. Rev. D 101, 052013 (2020)	
		in MS	arXiv:2203.00587 [hep-ex]	<u>Phys. Rev. Lett. 127, 261804 (2021)</u>
		plus Z	<u>JHEP 11 (2021) 229</u>	<u>JHEP 03 (2022) 160</u>
			Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 151801 (2019)	
		plus muon	Phys. Rev. D 102 (2020) 032006	
	Emerging jets			JHEP 02 (2019) 179
	Displaced taus			arXiv:2207.02254 [hep-ex]
Photons	Displaced/delayed photons		ATLAS-CONF-2022-017	<u>Phys. Rev. D 100, 112003 (2019)</u>
			ATLAS-CONF-2022-051	
Leptons	Displaced dileptons	within ID, no vertex	Phys. Rev. Lett. 127 (2021) 051802	<u>Eur. Phys. J. C (2022) 82:153</u>
		within ID, vertex	Phys. Lett. B 801 (2020) 135114	
		within ID, high-rate		JHEP 04 (2022) 062
		within MS	arXiv:2206.12181 [hep-ex]	arXiv:2205.08582 [hep-ex]
	HNL with displaced leptons		arXiv:2204.11988 [hep-ex]	JHEP 07 (2022) 081
Direct detection	Stopped particles		<u>JHEP 07 (2021) 173</u>	<u>JHEP 05 (2018) 127</u>
	Highly ionizing particles	HSCP	Phys. Rev. D 99, 092007 (2019)	Phys. Rev. D 94, 112004 (2016)
		multi-charged	ATLAS-CONF-2022-034	
		in Pixels (low ст)	arXiv:2205.06013 [hep-ex]	
		HEC & monopoles	Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 031802 (2020)	
	Fractionally charged particles			EXO-19-006 (PAS not yet available)
	Disappearing tracks	charginos pairs	<u>Eur. Phys. J. C 82 (2022) 606</u>	Phys. Lett. B 806 (2020) 135502
		gluino to charginos		Eur. Phys. J. C 80 (2020) 3
	SIMPs			Eur. Phys. J. C (2022) 82:213

Sep 7, 2022

INEN





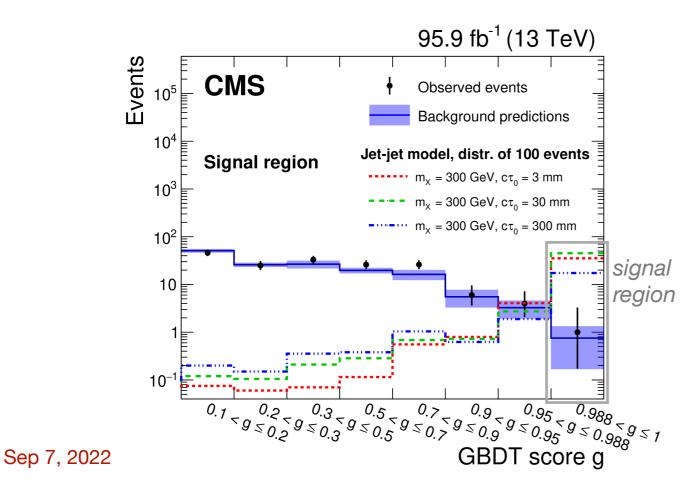
Searches with hadrons

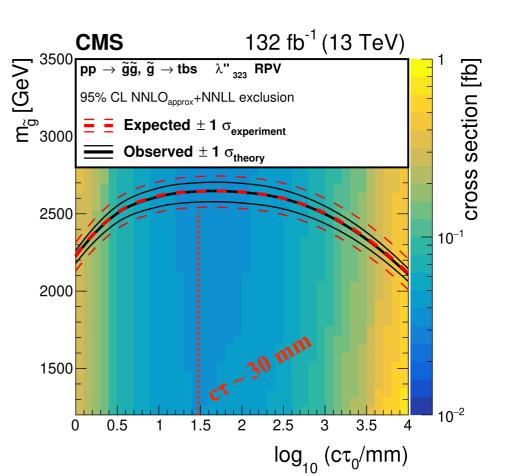
Displaced jets

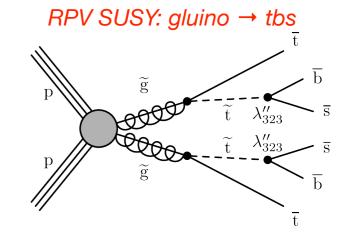
I N EN

Phys. Rev. D 104, 012015 (2021)

- General search for **multi-jet** + **DVs** within the **ID**
 - ► \geq 2 jets (trigger and offline), \geq 1 DV associated to at least 1 jet
 - Main backgrounds: nuclear interactions, combinatorics, long-lived SM hadrons
 - measured in control regions in data
 - Final selection relies on a multi-variate analysis
 - ► No excess observed → limits on benchmark models







Pushing to lower cτ

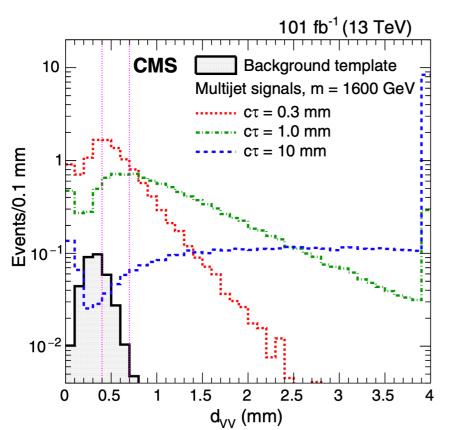
I N <mark>E</mark>N

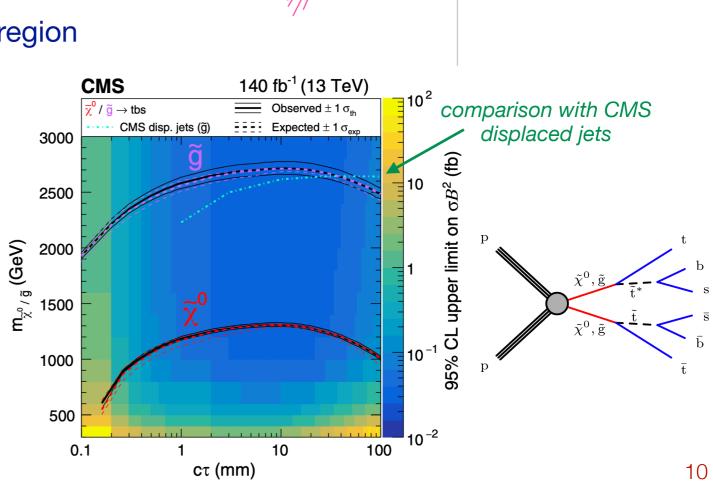
Sep 7, 2022



Phys. Rev. D 104, 052011 (2021)

- Search for **multi-jet** + **DVs** within the **beam pipe**
 - \geq 4 jets, trigger on $H_{\rm T} = \sum p_{\rm T}$ (jet)
 - ► ≥ 2 vertices with displacements < 2 cm
 - mostly SM backgrounds: b-jets, prompt vertices with a bad track
 - Distance d_{VV} between 2 DVs sensitive to several RPV SUSY scenarios
 - 0 events observed in signal region





 $d_{\rm VV}$

 $\Delta \phi_{VV}$

 $d_{\rm BV}$

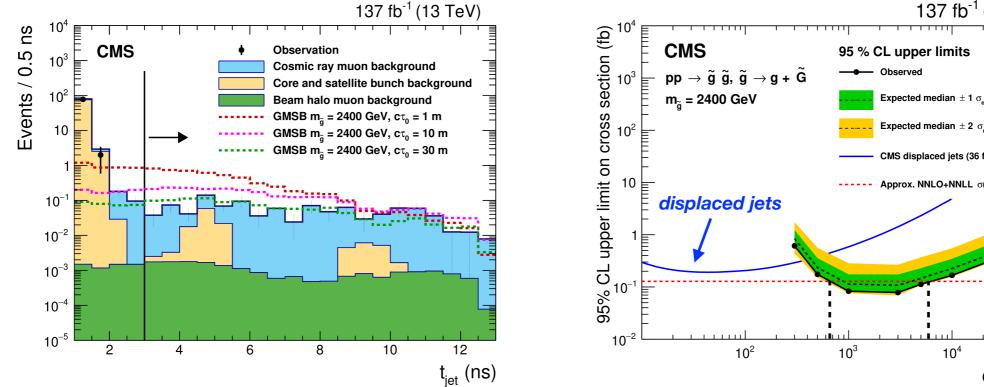
 $d_{\rm BV}$

Pushing to larger cτ: jets in ECAL



Phys. Lett. B 797 (2019) 134876

- (m) 200 (m) 150 (m) 150 100 50 -50 Tracker -100 -150**ECAI** HCAL -200 -150 -100 -50 150 200 50 100 0 x (cm) 137 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV) 137 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV) 95% CL upper limit on cross section (fb) CMS 95 % CL upper limits Observed $pp \rightarrow \widetilde{g} \ \widetilde{g}, \ \widetilde{g} \rightarrow g + \widetilde{G}$ 10^{3} m_a = 2400 GeV Expected median ± 10² xpected median ± MS displaced iets (36 fb⁻¹ Approx. NNLO+NNLL $\sigma(pp \rightarrow \tilde{g} \ \tilde{g})$ displaced jets 10 10 12 10² 10³ 10⁴ 10⁵ $c\tau_0$ (mm)
- Search for heavy LLPs decaying to jets in ECAL
 - TeV-scale particles that cross the ID (~1 m) before decaying hadronically
 - low β , indirect path \rightarrow delayed jet, $\Delta t \sim ns$
 - CMS ECAL time resolution ~200 ps (E_T > 50 GeV)
 - Timing cut reduces the backgrounds to few events
 - No observed events → limits on GMSB model

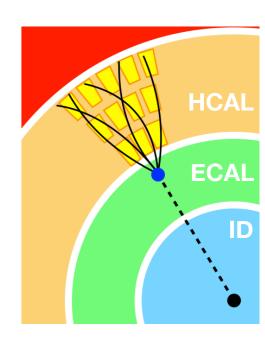


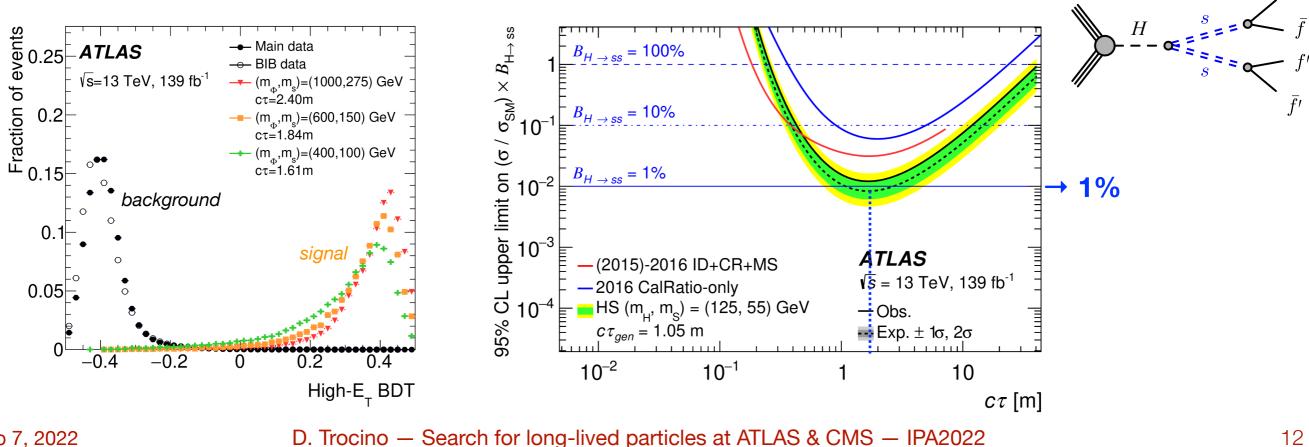
I N <mark>E</mark> N

Pushing to larger cτ: jets in HCAL

JHEP 06 (2022) 005

- LLPs decaying hadronically in HCAL
 - Dedicated CalRatio triggers, based on low ECAL/HCAL energy ratio
 - Main backgrounds: multi-jets, BIB, cosmics
 - **MVA**-based selection:
 - per-jet NN tagger + per-event BDT
 - No significant excesses, limits on SM-like & BSM $H \rightarrow SS$ decays





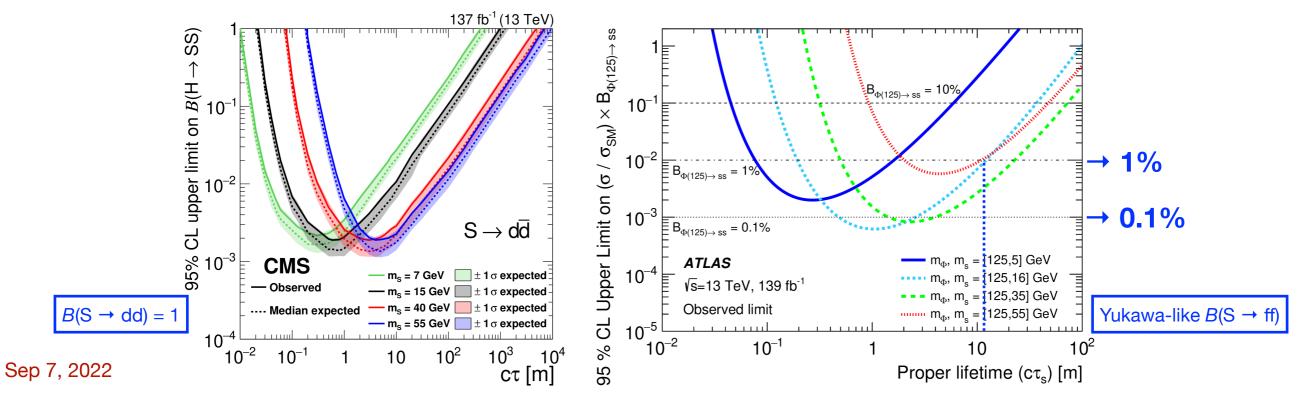
I N F N

Pushing to larger cτ: jets in MS

- Two different strategies for LLP hadronic decays in the MS
 - ATLAS: DVs fitted from MS tracklets
 - dedicated trigger

INEN

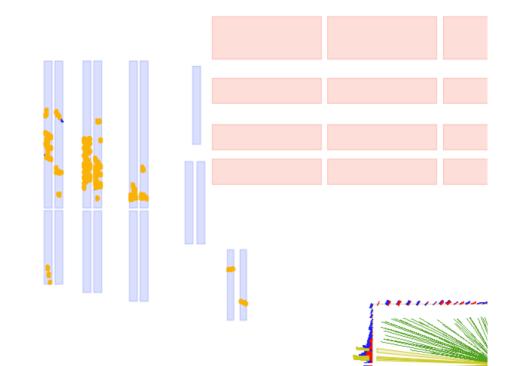
- no matching activity in the ID and CALs
- CMS: MS hit clustering
 - triggering on MET
 - restricted to MS endcaps (CSC)
- Comparable sensitivity on SM $H \rightarrow SS$ scenario





arXiv:2203.00587 [hep-ex]

Phys. Rev. Lett. 127, 261804 (2021)







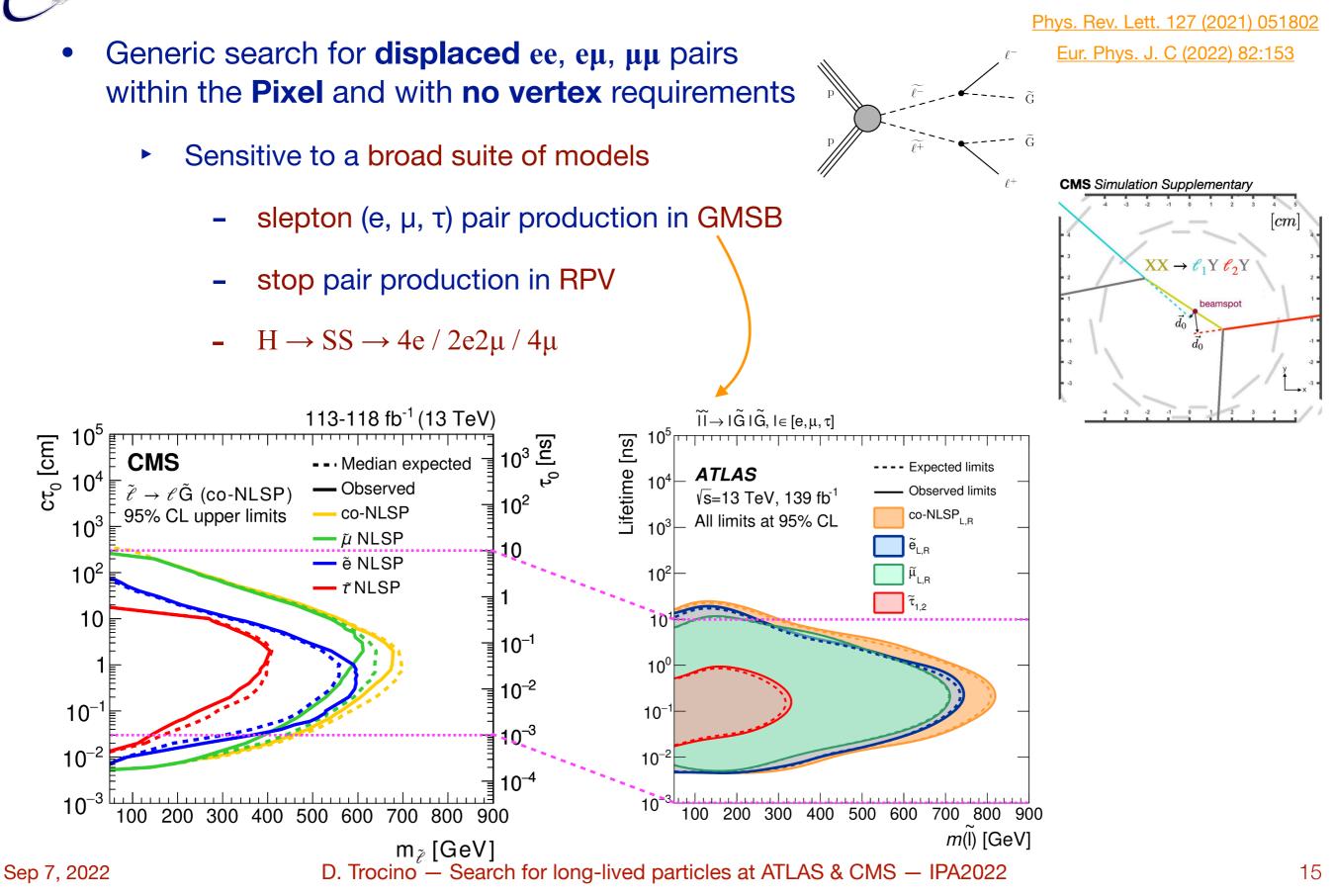
Searches with leptons

Sep 7, 2022

Displaced leptons

I N 🛃



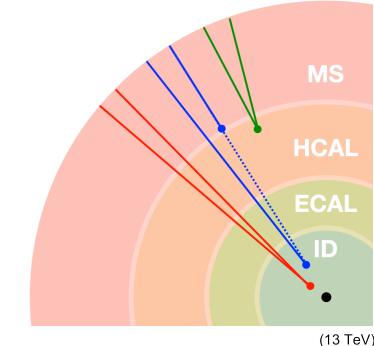


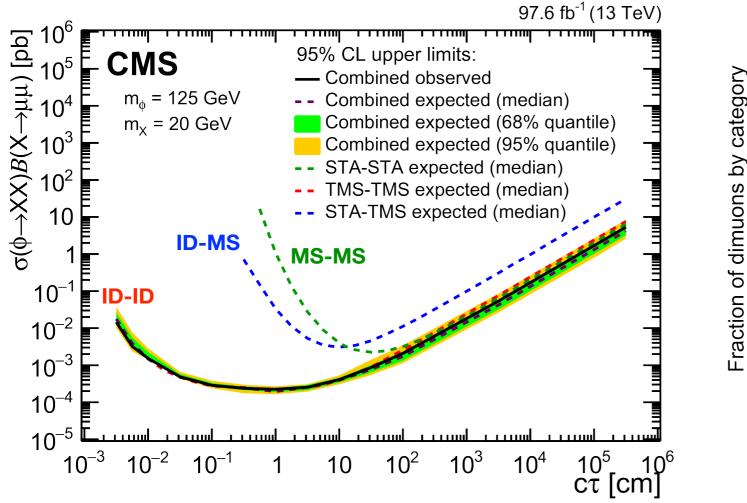
Large cτ: muons in ID + MS

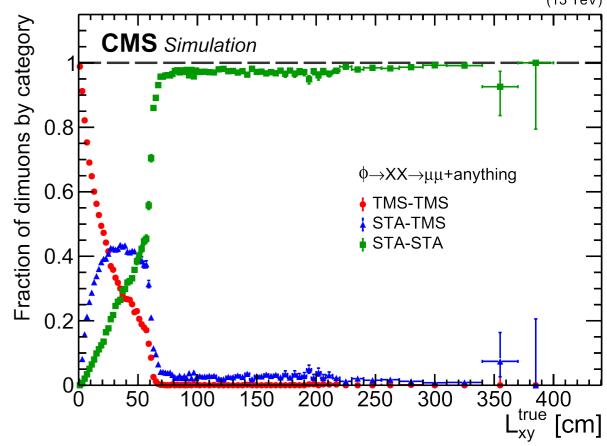
- Search for di-muon vertices in the ID and MS
 - Three µµ categories: ID-ID, ID-MS, MS-MS
 - Complementarity, cτ ~ 100 µm–1 km
 - Limits on BSM $H \rightarrow SS \rightarrow 2\mu + X$



arXiv:2205.08582 [hep-ex]



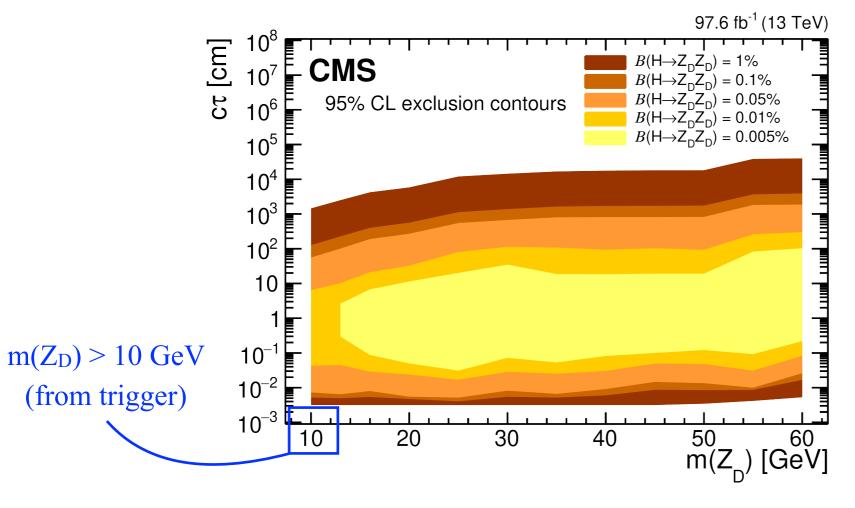


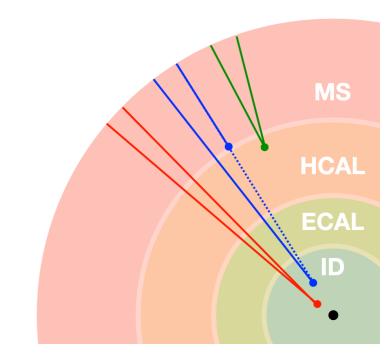


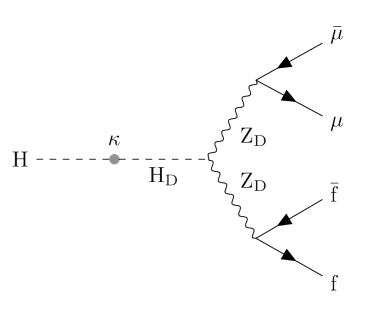
I N EN

Large cτ: muons in ID + MS

- Search for di-muon vertices in the ID and MS
 - Three μμ categories: ID-ID, ID-MS, MS-MS
 - Complementarity, cτ ~ 100 µm–1 km
 - Limits on BSM $H \rightarrow SS \rightarrow 2\mu + X$
 - Limits on a Hidden Abelian Higgs Model (HADM) with dark photons: $H \rightarrow Z_D Z_D \rightarrow 2\mu + X$





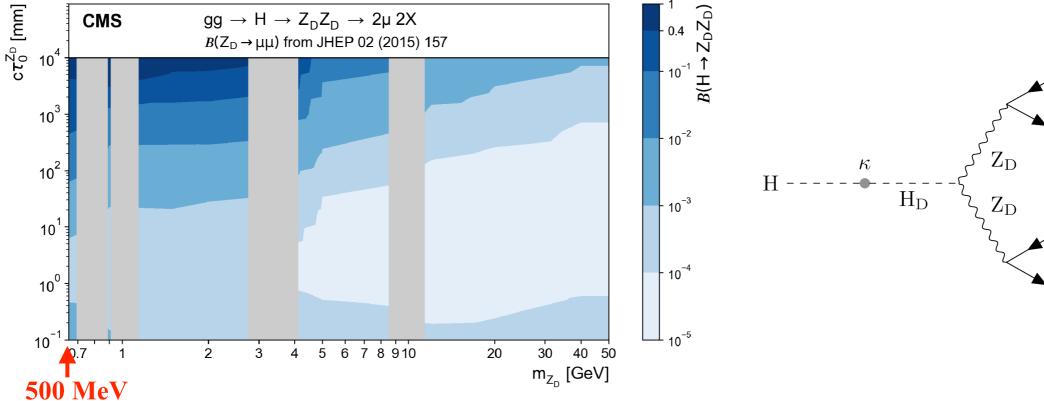


arXiv:2205.08582 [hep-ex]

INEN

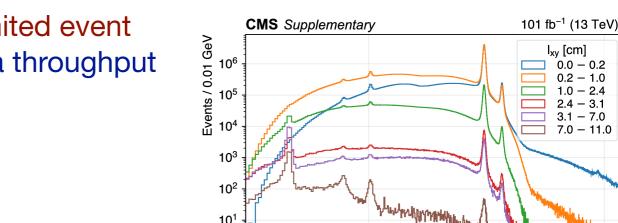
CMS

I N EN



D. Trocino — Search for long-lived particles at ATLAS & CMS — IPA2022

101 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



100

10¹

10⁰

- Low mass di-muon vertices within Pixel detector
 - Scouting: very-high-rate triggers with limited event content stored, to ensure affordable data throughput
 - di-muon masses > 300 MeV
 - limited information for analysis

 $gg \to H \to Z_D Z_D \to 2\mu\,2X$ $B(Z_D \rightarrow \mu\mu)$ from JHEP 02 (2015) 157

Limits on HADM dark photon model: $H \rightarrow Z_D Z_D$



0.0 - 0.2

3.1 - 7.07.0 - 11.0

10¹

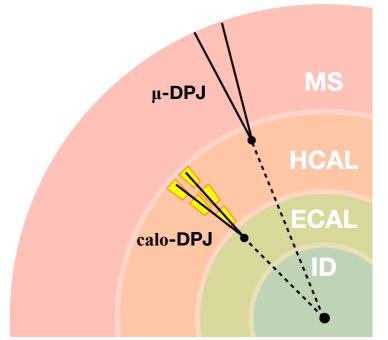
Dimuon mass [GeV]

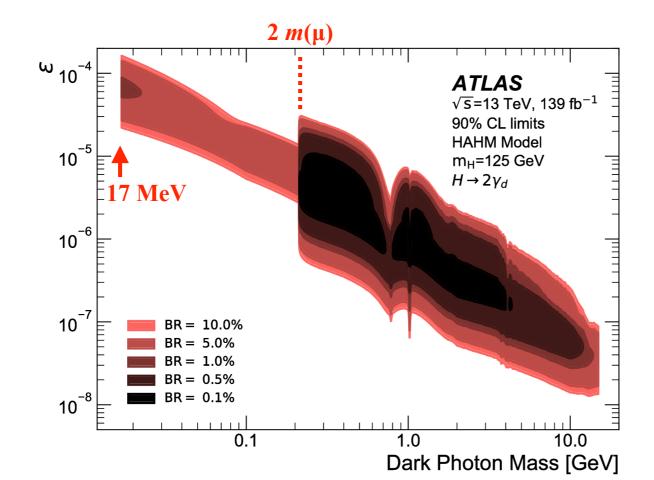
JHEP 04 (2022) 062

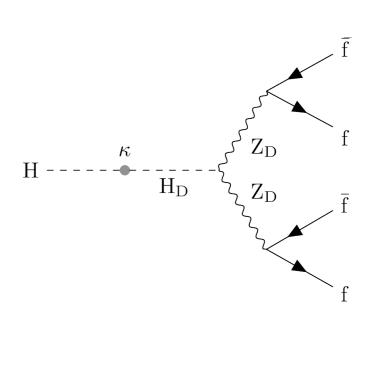
Very low mass: collimated particles

ATLAS XPERIMENT

- arXiv:2206.12181 [hep-ex]
- Dark photons decaying to collimated ee, $\mu\mu$, qq pairs in HCAL or MS
 - dark-photon jets (DPJs)
 - ee/qq in HCAL, CalRatio triggers
 - μμ in MS, dedicated MS-only triggers
 - MVA taggers to reject background (BIB, cosmics, multi-jets)
 - Limits on HADM model for dark photon mass > 17 MeV







INEN

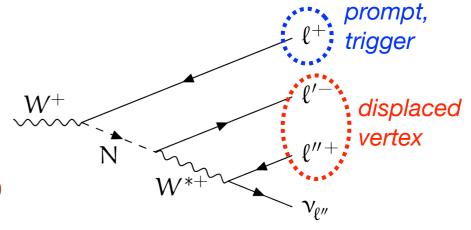
Long-lived HNL in leptonic channels



arXiv:2204.11988 [hep-ex]

JHEP 07 (2022) 081

- Search for a heavy neutrino N in Type-I seesaw model
 - Decay $W \rightarrow \ell N \rightarrow \ell + \ell' \ell'' \nu$
 - For $m_{\rm N} \approx 20$ GeV, long-lived N ($\tau_{\rm N} \sim m_{\rm N}^{-5}$)
 - $\ell'-\ell''$ form a DV, reconstructed within the ID
 - displaced ee, eµ, µµ with opposite charge
 - Dominant backgrounds after selection:
 - ATLAS: fake DVs from random track crossings
 - CMS: SM hadron decays (especially b hadrons)

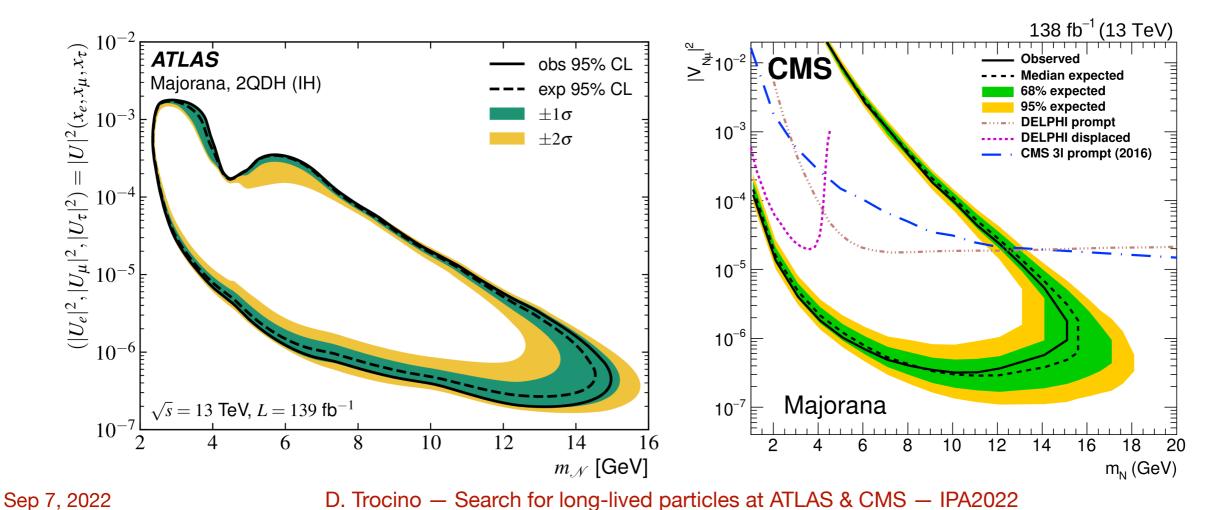


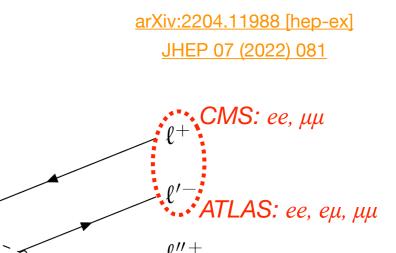
I N E N

Long-lived HNL in leptonic channels



- **CMS:** single-flavor couplings (e–N, μ –N), no lepton flavor mixing $\rightarrow \ell \ell' = ee, \mu \mu$
- ATLAS: more realistic model (2QDH) with lepton flavor mixing $\rightarrow \ell \ell' = ee, e\mu, \mu\mu$





 $\mathcal{V}_{\ell''}$

 W^{\downarrow}







Direct detection searches

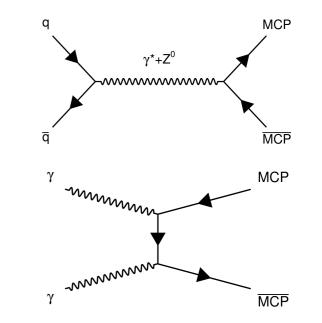
Sep 7, 2022

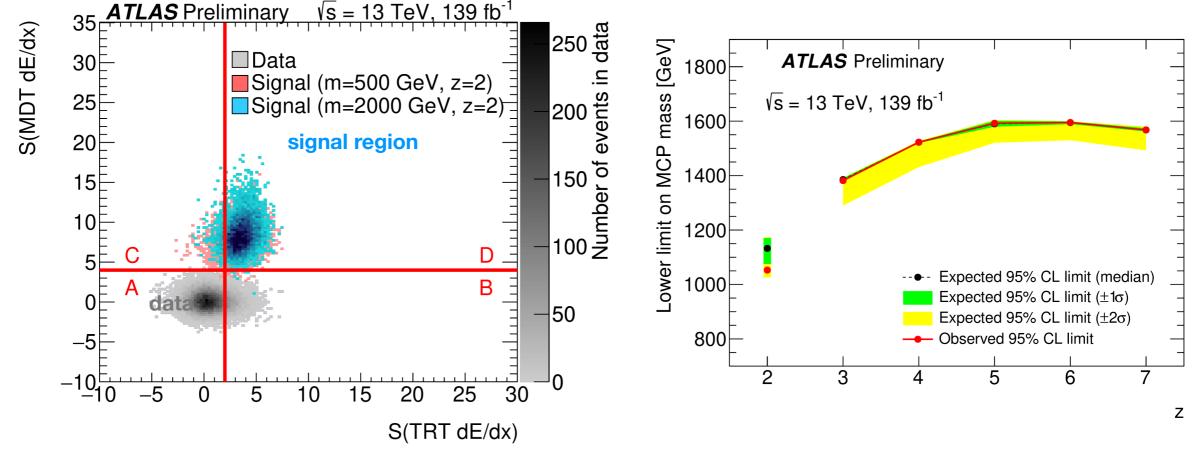
Multiply charged particles (MCPs)



ATLAS-CONF-2022-034

- Search for heavy multi-charged particles in ID and MS
 - ► Electric charge 2–7e
 - Reconstructed as muons in ID and MS
 - dE/dx significance from three sub-detectors
 - Pixel, TRT, MDT
 - ► No excess → limits on MCP mass vs charge





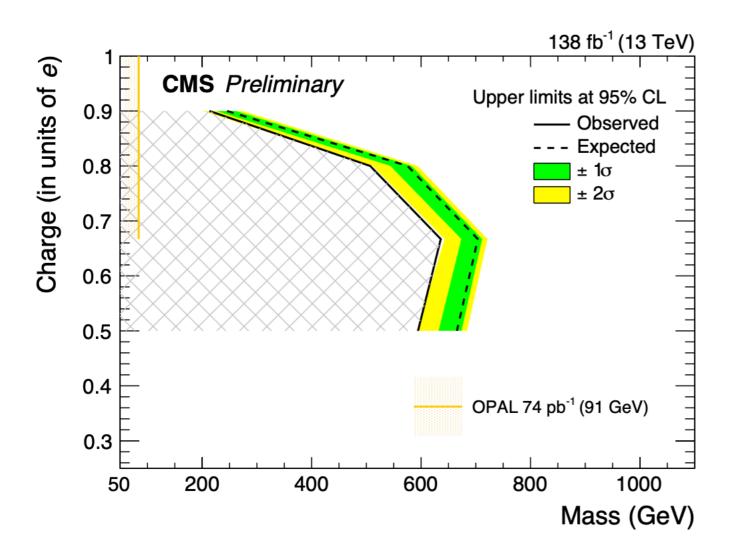
I N F N

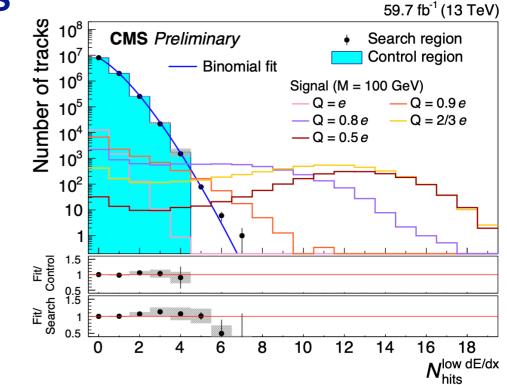
Fractionally charged particles (FCPs)

ATLAS XPERIMENT

EXO-19-006

- Search for particles with charge < 1e in ID and MS
 - FCPs reconstructed as high- $p_{\rm T}$ muons
 - Large number of ID hits with low dE/dx
 - ▶ Data compatible with background
 → limits on FCP mass vs charge





INEN

Fractionally charged particles (FCPs)

CMS CMS CMS CMS

EXO-19-006

Search region

Control region

--Q = 0.9e

— Q = 2/3 e

Signal (M = 100 GeV)

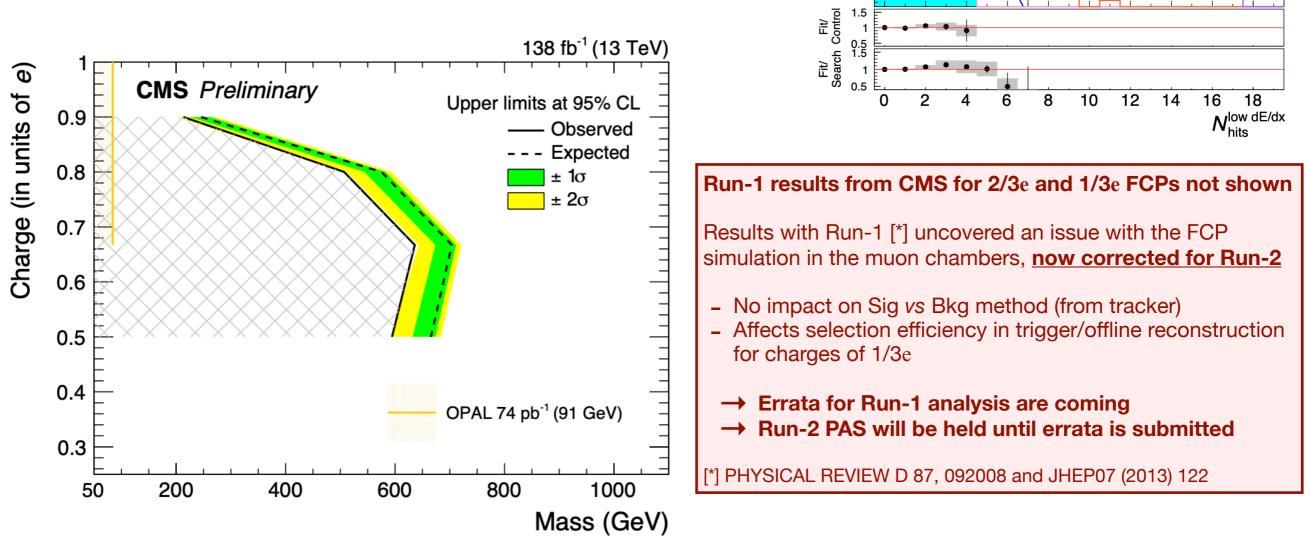
Q = e

Q = 0.8e

-Q = 0.5e

59.7 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

- Search for particles with charge < 1e in ID and MS
 - FCPs reconstructed as high- $p_{\rm T}$ muons
 - Large number of ID hits with low dE/dx
 - ▶ Data compatible with background
 → limits on FCP mass vs charge



Number of tracks

 10^{8}

10⁷

10^c

10⁵

10⁴

10³ 10²

10

CMS Preliminary

Binomial fit

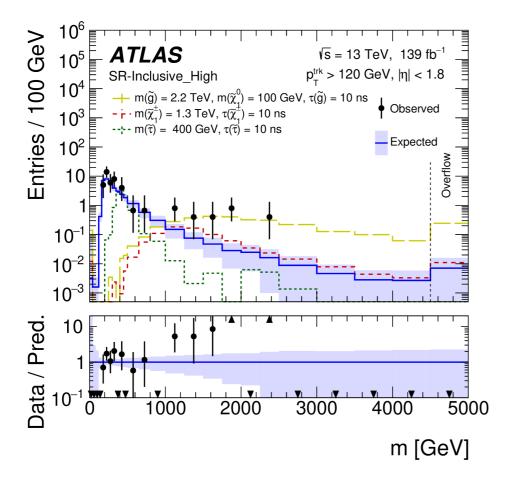
I N <mark>E</mark> N

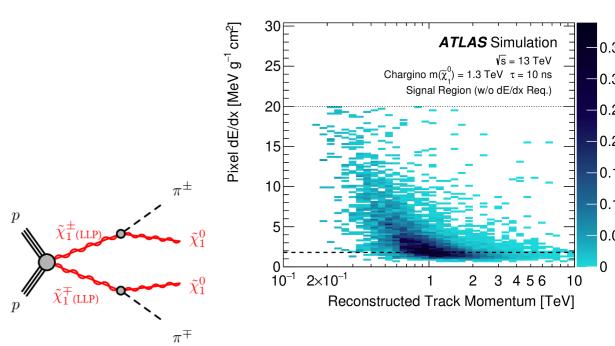
Highly ionizing particles



arXiv:2205.06013 [hep-ex]

- Search for heavy charged LLPs in the ID
 - Large dE/dx measured in Pixel layers
 - $dE/dx \sim \beta \gamma = p/m \rightarrow mass estimate$
 - Compare dE/dx measurements with a data-driven background template
 - signal: chargino pair production





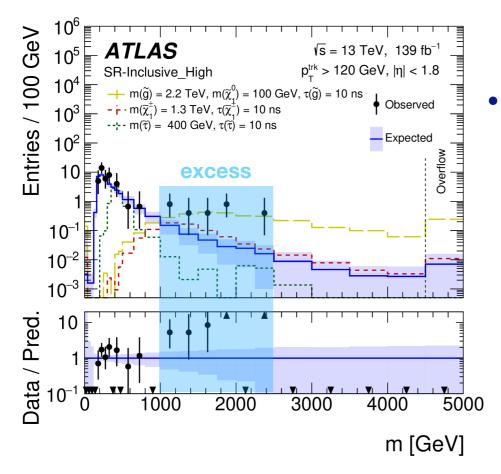
INEN

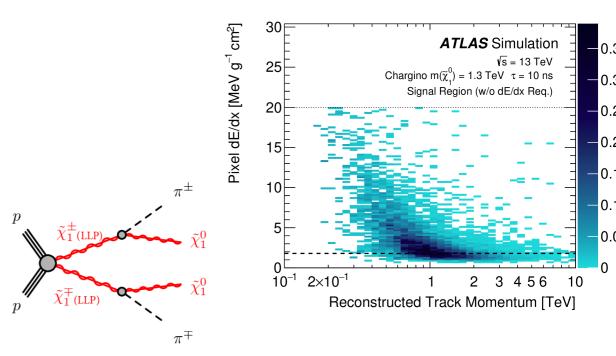
Highly ionizing particles



arXiv:2205.06013 [hep-ex]

- Search for heavy charged LLPs in the ID
 - Large dE/dx measured in Pixel layers
 - $dE/dx \sim \beta \gamma = p/m \rightarrow mass estimate$
 - Compare dE/dx measurements with a data-driven background template
 - signal: chargino pair production





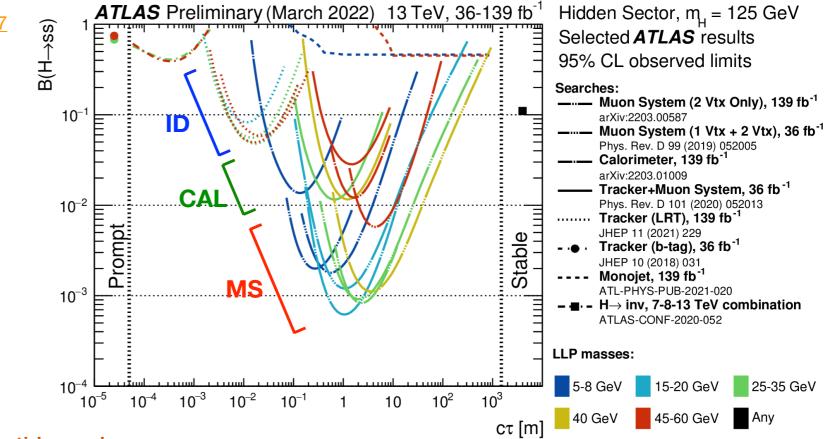
- Excess in the high-dE/dx region
 - 3.6σ local (3.3σ global) significance
 - $\beta \sim 0.5$ from dE/dx, but $\beta \sim 1$ from time-of-flight
 - incompatible with this signal!
 - also, no excess in other related analyses (e.g. multi-charged particles)

INEN

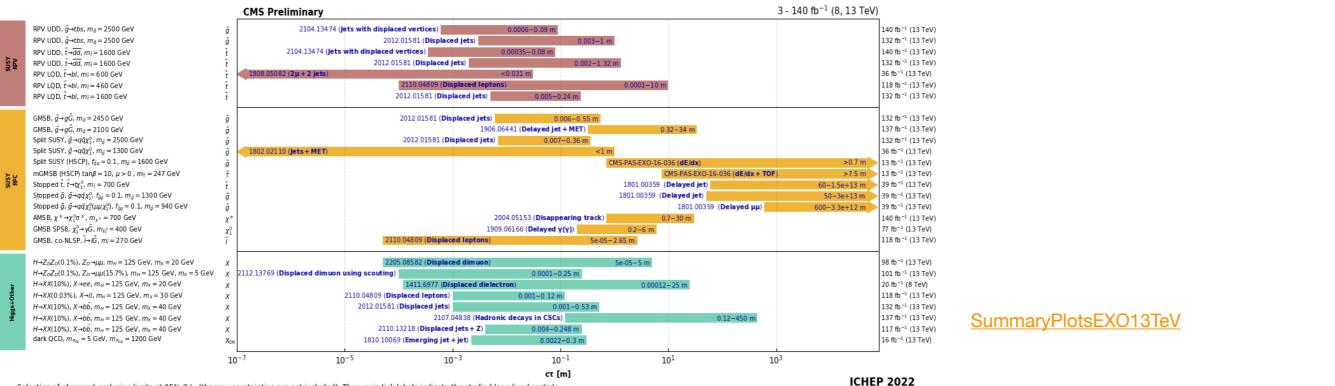
Summary plots



ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-007



Overview of CMS long-lived particle searches



Selection of observed exclusion limits at 95% C.L. (theory uncertainties are not included). The y-axis tick labels indicate the studied long-lived particle.

Conclusions and outlook



- In the last few years, ATLAS and CMS produced an impressive suite of LLP searches
 - Continuous effort to use the full potential of each sub-detector
 - Complementarity of different sub-detectors and techniques
- Still room for improvement and gaps to cover
 - New triggers for displaced signals
 - New dedicated reconstruction and analysis tools (e.g. based on ML)
 - Re-interpretation of prompt analyses for small displacements (e.g. see <u>ATLAS-CONF-2018-003</u>)
 - Extension to poorly covered channels (e.g. displaced taus)

I N **F** N

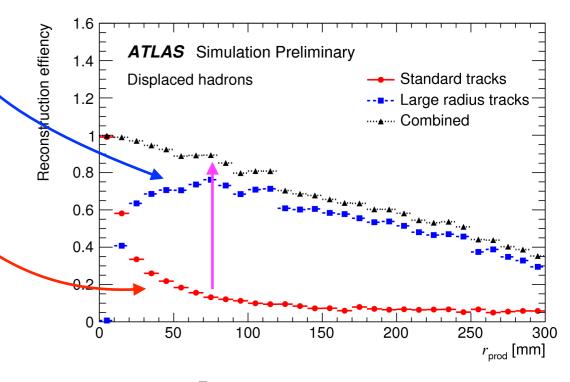


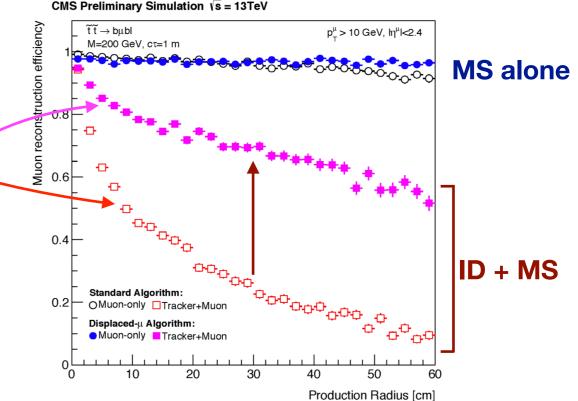


Tracking for displaced particles



- The ATLAS standard tracking is optimized for prompt particles
 - A dedicated large-radius tracking is run at a later stage on ~1% of the recorded data, using left-over hits from the standard tracking.
 - in Run-3 LRT is incorporated with the standard tracking
- In CMS, this approach is included in the standard tracking
- CMS also developed dedicated *displaced-muon algorithms*, using the MS alone or ID + MS





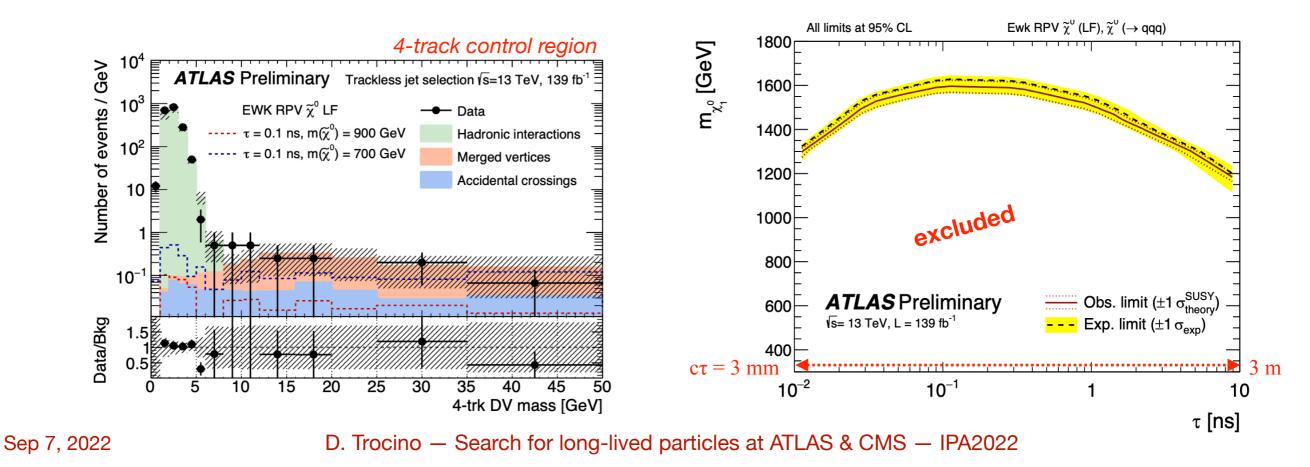
I N 🔊

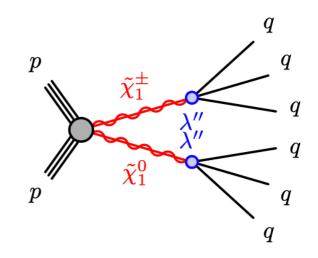
Displaced jets

I N FN



- ► \geq 4–7 jets in trigger and offline
- ► ≥ 1 DV (no jet-DV matching)
- Main background from nuclear interactions, low-mass resonances, combinatorics
 - measured in data from DV-jet correlations
- ► No excess observed → limits on RPV SUSY benchmark models

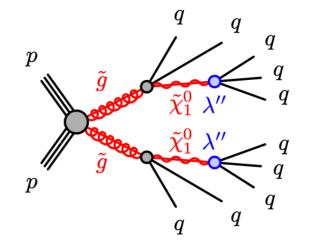






Displaced jets

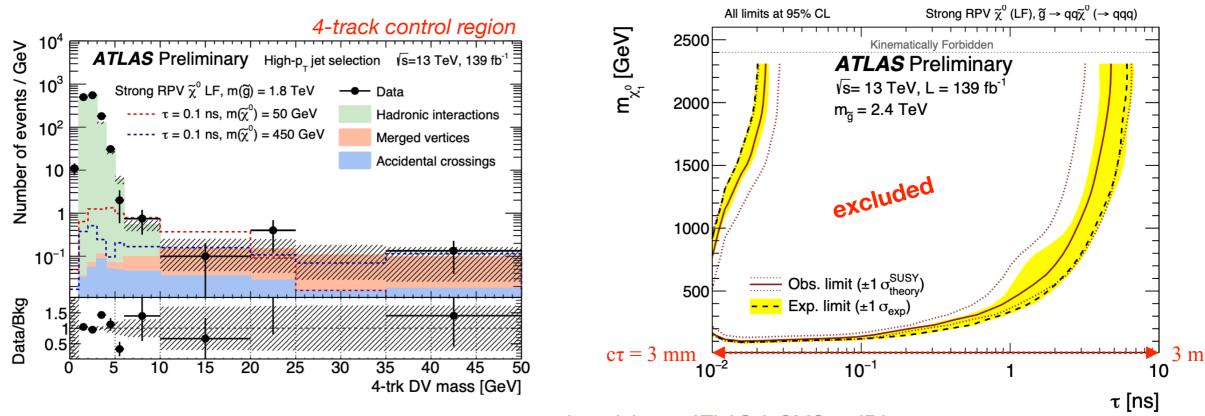
- General search for multi-jet + DVs within the ID
 - ► \geq 4–7 jets in trigger and offline
 - ► \geq 1 DV, no jet-DV matching
 - Main background from nuclear interactions, low-mass resonances, combinatorics



measured in data from DV-jet correlations



► No excess observed → limits on RPV SUSY benchmark models



INEN

Displaced photons



- ATLAS-CONF-2022-051 H/Z**Displaced** and **delayed** $\mathbf{H} \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ or $\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow ee$ in **ECAL** H/Z produced in decays of heavy, slow LLPs **Di-photon triggers for both** $\gamma\gamma$ and ee LAr ECAL time resolution ~ 100 ps and segmentation Ý DV LLP. 10 Normalized Entries / 50 mm Data, CR Template ATLAS Preliminary (135 GeV, 2 ns)→HĜ √s = 13 TeV, 139 fb⁻¹ (135 GeV, 2 ns)→ZĜ (135 GeV, 10 ns)→HĜ (135 GeV, 10 ns)→ZG 10 (325 GeV, 2 ns)→HĜ $\tilde{\chi}^{0}_{L}$ (625 GeV, 2 ns) \rightarrow Z \tilde{G} 10 10⁻³ 10
 - - use photon time and di-photon 2D vertex

I N <mark>E N</mark>

10

ATLAS Preliminary

Data, CR Template

) (135 GeV, 2 ns)→HĜ

(135 GeV, 2 ns)→ZG

(135 GeV, 10 ns)→HĜ

(135 GeV, 10 ns)→ZĜ

-2

-1

0

2

3

χ̃₁(325 GeV, 2 ns)→HĜ $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ (625 GeV, 2 ns) \rightarrow Z \widetilde{G}

√s = 13 TeV, 139 fb⁻¹

Normalized Entries / 200 ns 1^{-1} 1 1^{-1}

 10^{-3}

10-

 10^{-5}

 10^{-6}

t_{avg} [ns]

10⁻⁵

 10^{-6}

200

400

800

600

1000

1200

1400

1600

Х

2000

ρ [mm]

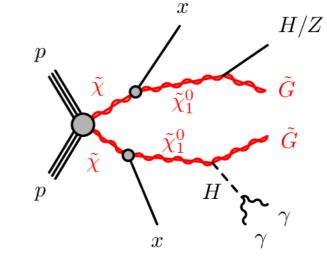
1800

Displaced photons

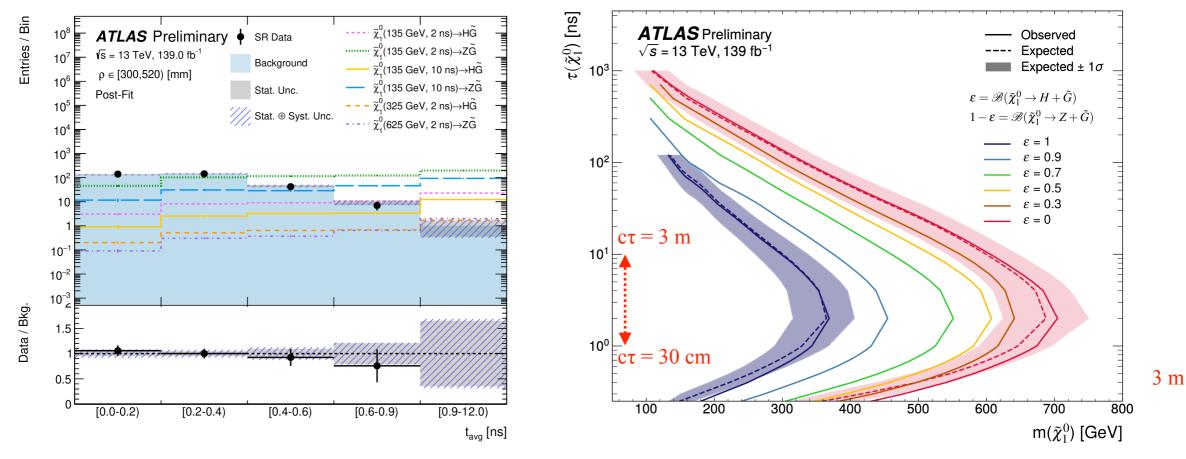


ATLAS-CONF-2022-051

- **Displaced** and **delayed** $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ or $Z \rightarrow ee$ in **ECAL**
 - H/Z produced in decays of heavy, slow LLPs
 - Di-photon triggers for both $\gamma\gamma$ and ee
 - ECAL time resolution ~ 100 ps and segmentation
 - use photon time and di-photon 2D vertex



► No excess observed → limits on GMSB scenarios



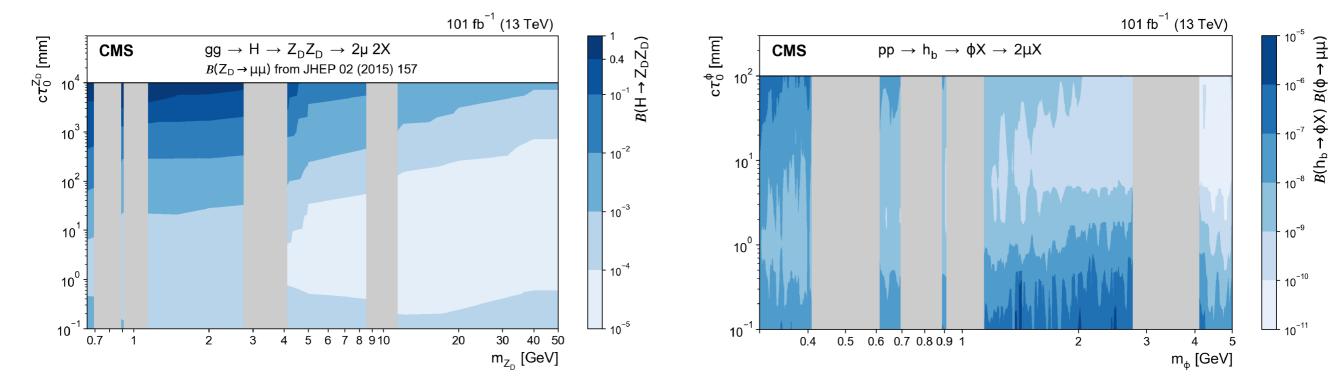
I N 🔊

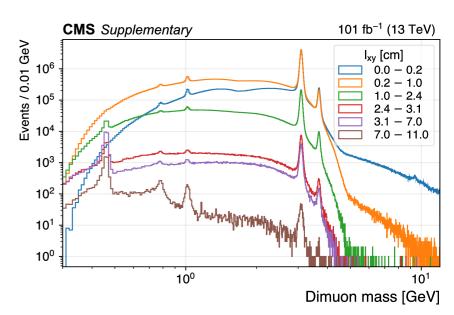
I N <mark>E</mark> N

D. Trocino — Search for long-lived particles at ATLAS & CMS — IPA2022

Low mass: high-rate muon triggers

- Low mass di-muon vertices within Pixel detector
 - Scouting: very-high-rate triggers with limited event content stored, to ensure affordable data throughput
 - di-muon masses > 300 MeV
 - limited information for analysis
 - Limits on HADM dark photon model: $H \rightarrow Z_D Z_D$
 - Limits on B hadron decay also available: $h_B \rightarrow \Phi X$





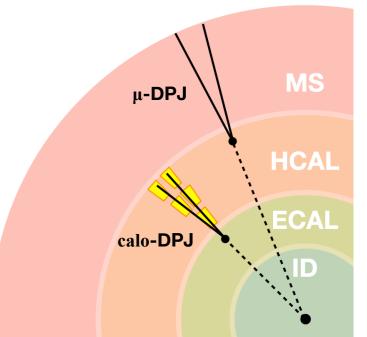


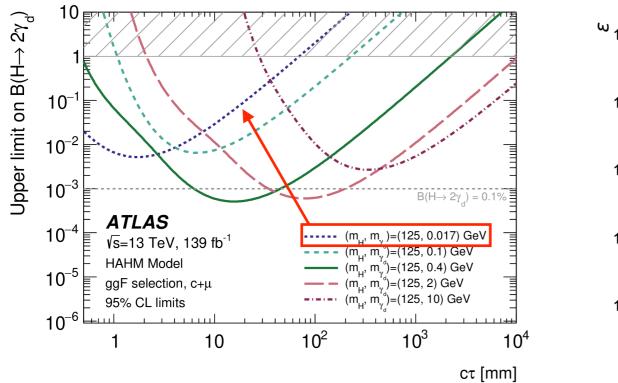
Very low mass: collimated particles

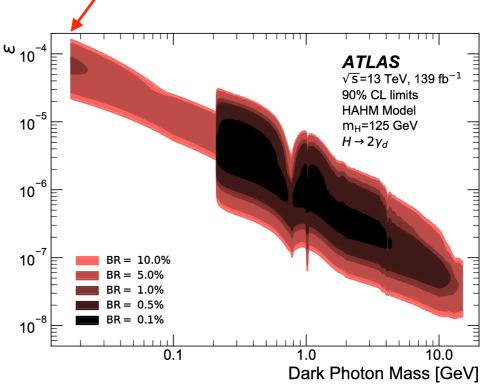
ATLAS XPERIMENT

arXiv:2206.12181 [hep-ex]

- Dark photons decaying to **collimated** ee, $\mu\mu$, qq pairs in **HCAL** or **MS**
 - dark-photon jets (DPJs)
 - ee/qq in HCAL, CalRatio triggers
 - μμ in MS, dedicated MS-only triggers
 - MVA taggers to reject background (BIB, cosmics, multi-jets)
 - Limits on HADM model for dark photon mass > 17 MeV







I N <mark>E</mark> N

Highly ionizing particles



ATLAS Simulation

√s = 13 TeV

arXiv:2205.06013 [hep-ex

Chargino $m(\tilde{\chi}_{\star}^{0}) = 1.3 \text{ TeV } \tau = 10 \text{ ns}$

Signal Region (w/o dE/dx Req.)

2

Reconstructed Track Momentum [TeV]

3 4 5 6

10

Pixel dE/dx [MeV g⁻¹ cm²]

30

25

20

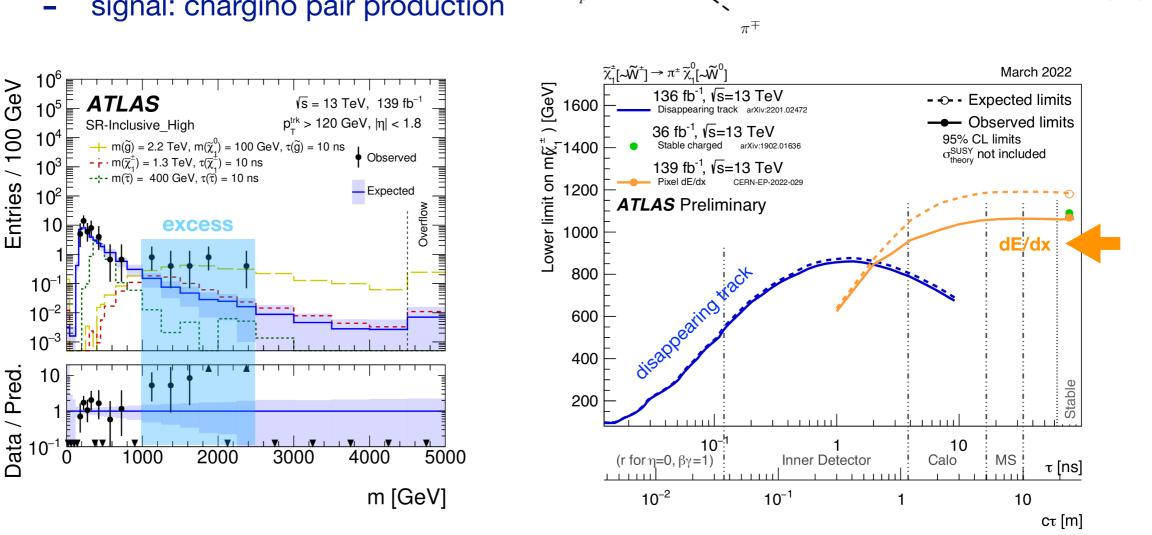
15

10

0 10^{-1}

2×10⁻¹

- Search for heavy charged LLPs in the ID
 - Large dE/dx measured in Pixel layers
 - $dE/dx \sim \beta \gamma = p/m \rightarrow mass estimate$
 - Compare dE/dx measurements with a data-driven background template
 - signal: chargino pair production



 \boldsymbol{p}

 $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ (LLP

 $\tilde{\chi}_1^+$ (LLP)

I N <mark>EN</mark>

D. Trocino — Search for long-lived particles at ATLAS & CMS — IPA2022