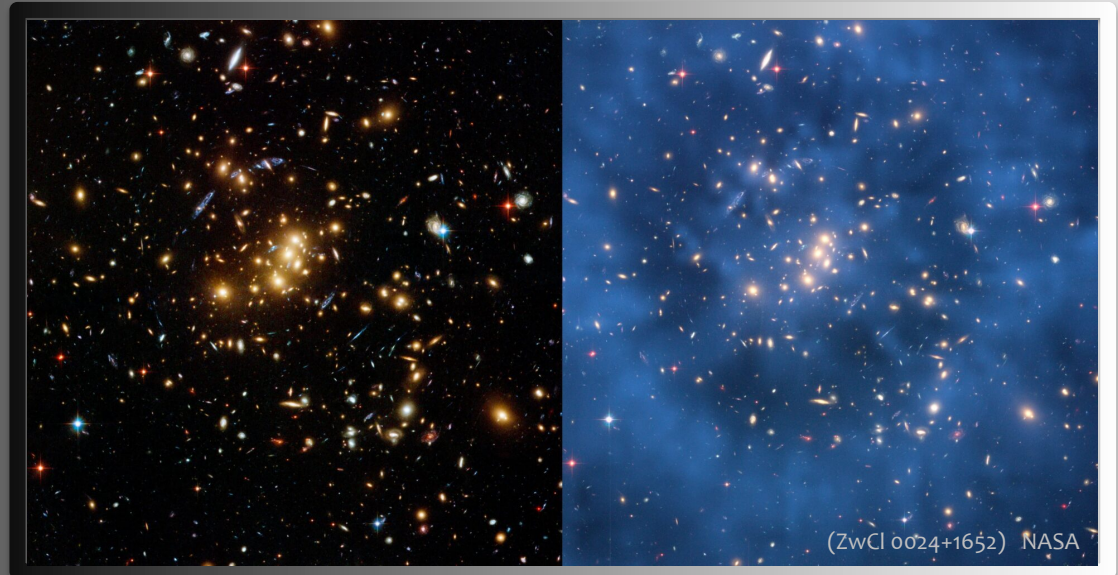
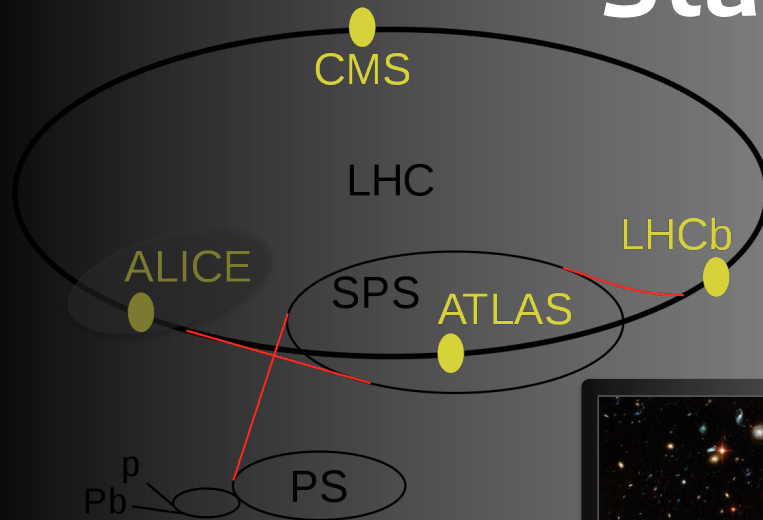


# Status of Dark Matter searches at LHC (ATLAS+CMS+LHCb)



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CMS Collaboration

**NCBJ** National Centre  
for Nuclear Research  
Poland



IPA 2022: **Interplay between Particle  
and Astroparticle Physics**

5 - 10 Sep 2022  
Vienna, Austria

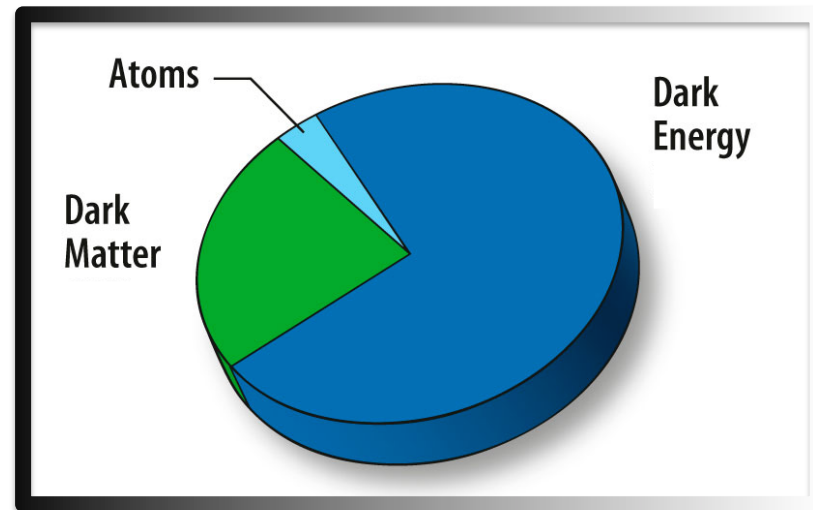


# Mystery of Dark Matter

- Astrophysical observations **strongly suggest** a presence of **Dark Matter** in the Universe

- *Unknown nature* of DM particles but:

- **Dark** because does not interact with electromagnetic field
- Interacts **gravitationally**
- **Non-baryonic** matter
- No Standard Model candidate
  - Neutrinos are too hot since they have high speed close to speed-of-light



- Plenty of DM particle candidates: (new kind of unknown particles BSM)

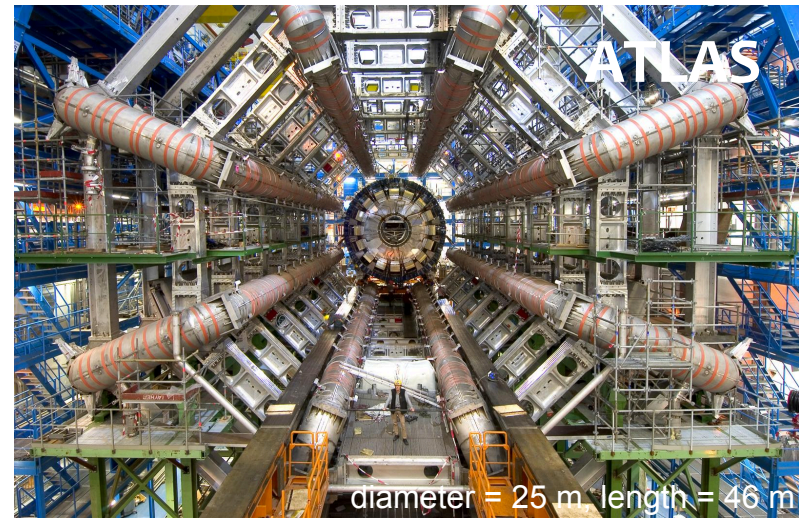
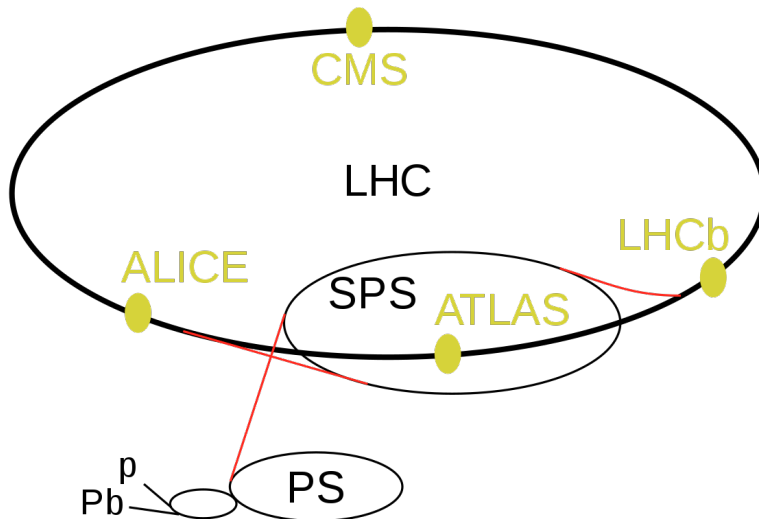
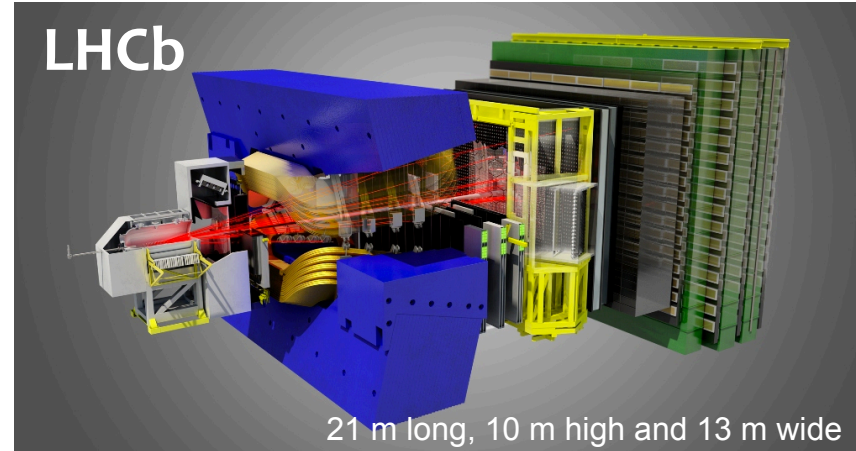
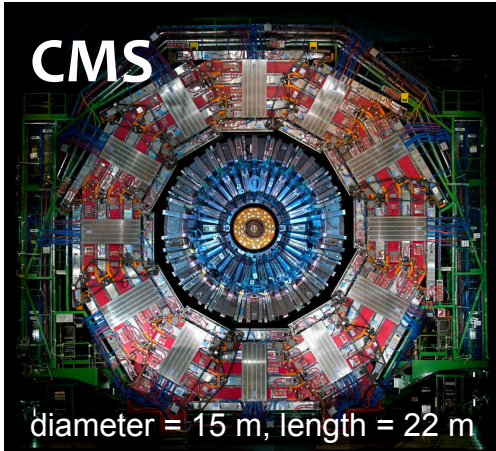
- **WIMPs**, weakly (only gravitationally) interacting massive particles
- **Weak scale particles**: from SUSY, Extra Dimensions, No-SM Higgs boson models and more
- **Axions**, light bosons which can resolve a CP problem in QCD
- **Dark Sector** particles: Dark Higgs, Dark photons
- **SIMPs**, Strongly interacting massive particles
- and many others

Exotic



# Dark Matter at colliders (LHC)

- DM particles (if exist) may be produced at colliders in a controlled experimental conditions
- LHC Run 2 proton-proton collision at 13 TeV provided  $\sim 140/\text{fb}$  of data

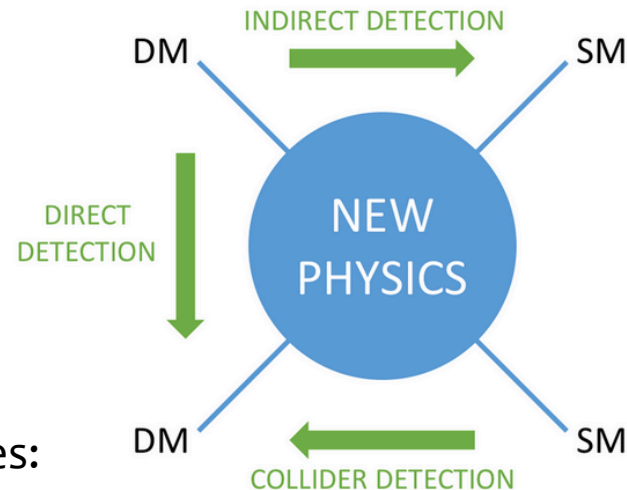






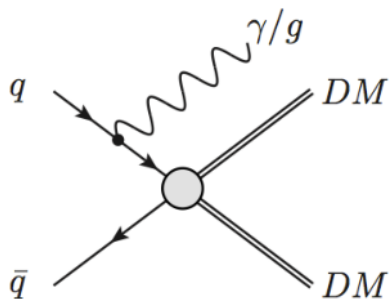
# Dark Matter at colliders (LHC)

- DM particles (if exist) may be produced at colliders in a controlled experimental conditions
- We do **not** look for **direct detection** at colliders:
  - We can **not** have appropriate **triggers** anyways
  - We are sensitive to **DM production associated with creation of anything** one could trigger on
  - In such case **undetected DM particles** give rise to **transverse momentum imbalance**
- **DM production** can be described by different approaches:
  - To balance **signatures** vs **model-dependent searches**



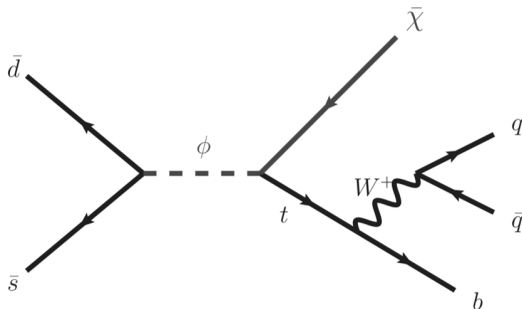
## Effective Field Theories (EFT)

- DM production mechanism undefined
- Explored in Run-1



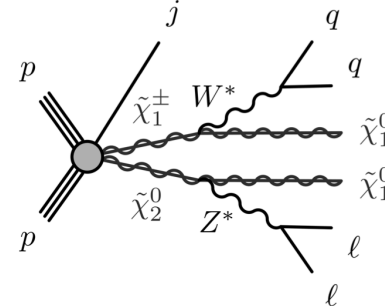
## Simplified models

- DM production by mediator
- Signature-driven



## Complete models

- DM production emerges from theory
- Model-dependent







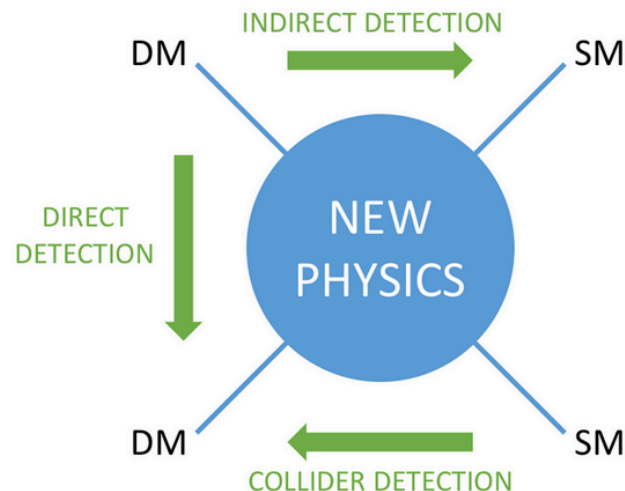
# Dark Matter at colliders (LHC)

■ DM particles (if exist) may be produced at colliders in a controlled experimental conditions

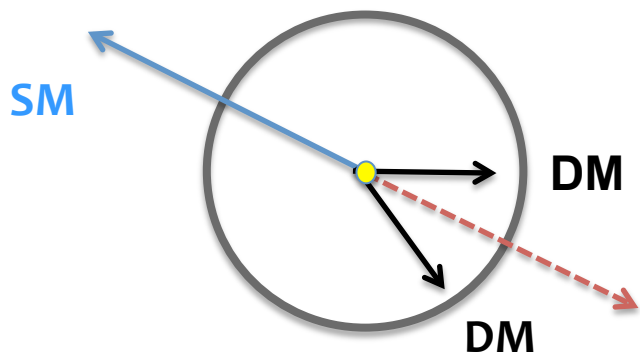
■ We do **not** look for **direct detection** at colliders:

- We can **not** have appropriate **triggers** anyways
- We are sensitive to **DM production associated with creation of anything** one could trigger on
- In such case **undetected DM particles** give rise to **transverse momentum imbalance**

➤ **Generic signature of WIMPs**  
 missing (transverse) momentum (MET)  
 and **back-to-back SM** or **pair of SM objects**

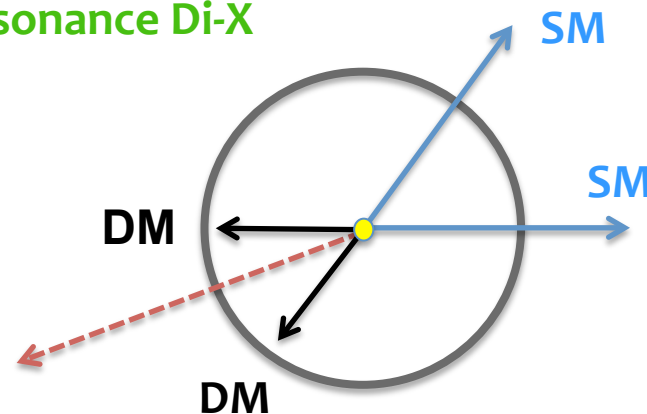


Signature: Mono-X



Signature: Resonance Di-X

MET from invisible DMs





# DM searches at LHC– outline

- Experiments at LHC analyze various **signatures** and different **DM models**
- **ATLAS** and **CMS** compete each other
- **LHCb** has sensitivity in low mass DM particles searches
- In this talk, the focus is on lately published **results** for DM with the **full LHC Run 2** data to present a **rich and evolving programme** of DM searches at LHC



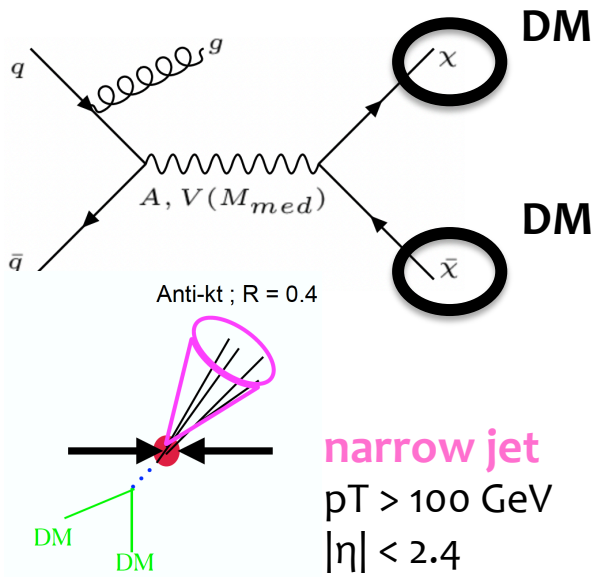
Credits: D. Pérez Adán



# Mono-J/V with jets

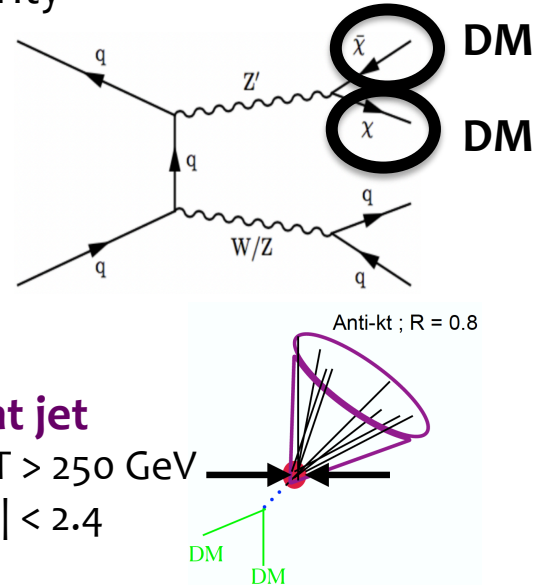
- **Signature mono-X:** SM particle (jet, Z,  $\gamma$ , h, ...) recoils against MET
  - Tagging from initial state radiation (ISR) or associated production
  - Expect signal in **the tail of MET distribution** over the SM background
- **Analysis strategy:**
  - Discriminating variables: **Jet (high  $p_T$  dominant jet)** and **back-to-back MET**
  - Events with leptons or photons are vetoed
  - Analysis is performed in three exclusive categories [CMS]:

## ■ Mono-J category:



## ■ Mono-V sub-categories w/:

- high purity (based on jet structure from NN)
- low purity



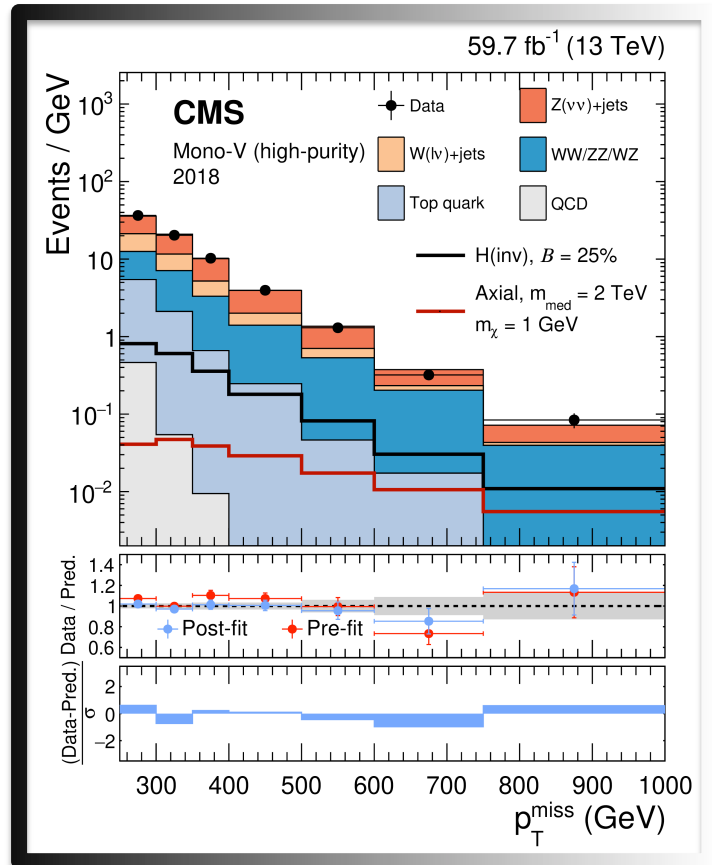




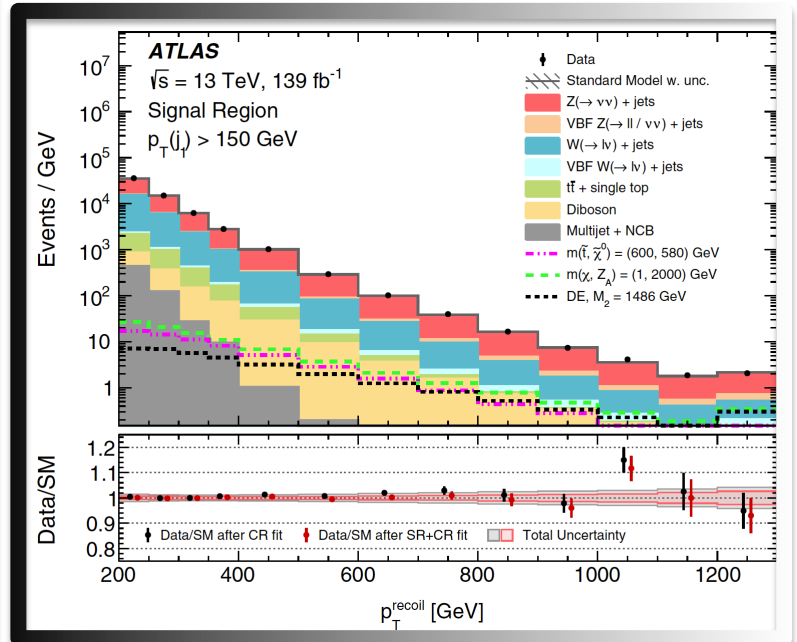
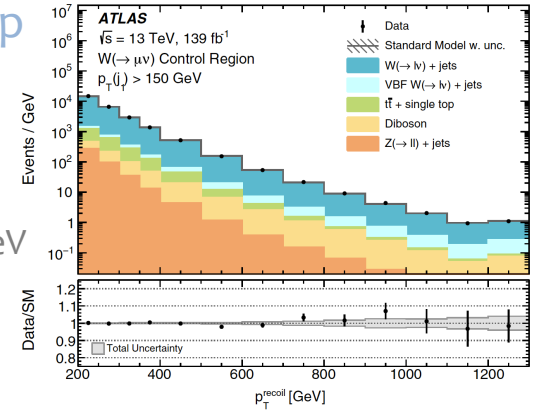
# Mono-J/V with jets

## Background predictions:

- High MET threshold (CMS: trigger & offline > 250 GeV) removes dominant QCD bkg
- Main backgrounds:  $Z(\nu\nu)+jet$ ,  $W(l\nu)+jet$ ,  $WW/ZZ/WZ$ ,  $top$ 
  - Extensive use of control data samples for precise prediction of background contributions



ATLAS: MET > 200 GeV

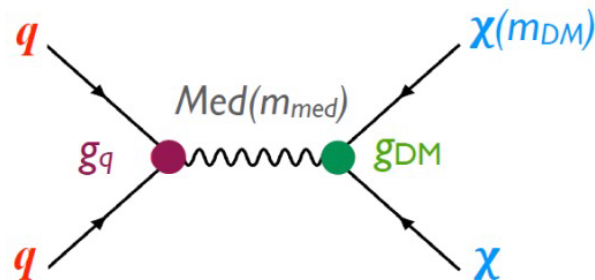




# Mono-J/V result interpretation

- All observation consistent with bkg-only hypothesis
- Limits are set on DM particle production in the context of **Simplified Models with Mediator**

- Set of **benchmark models** identified by ATLAS/CMS DM forum [arXiv:1507.00966]



Multiple type of mediators

## ■ Simplified Models

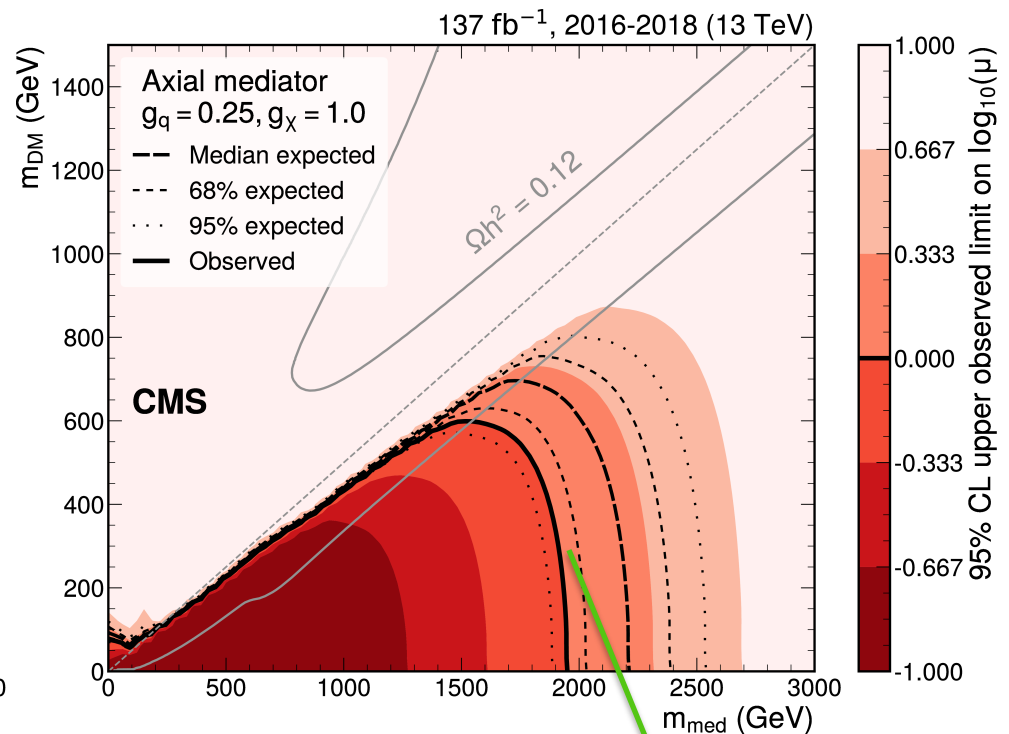
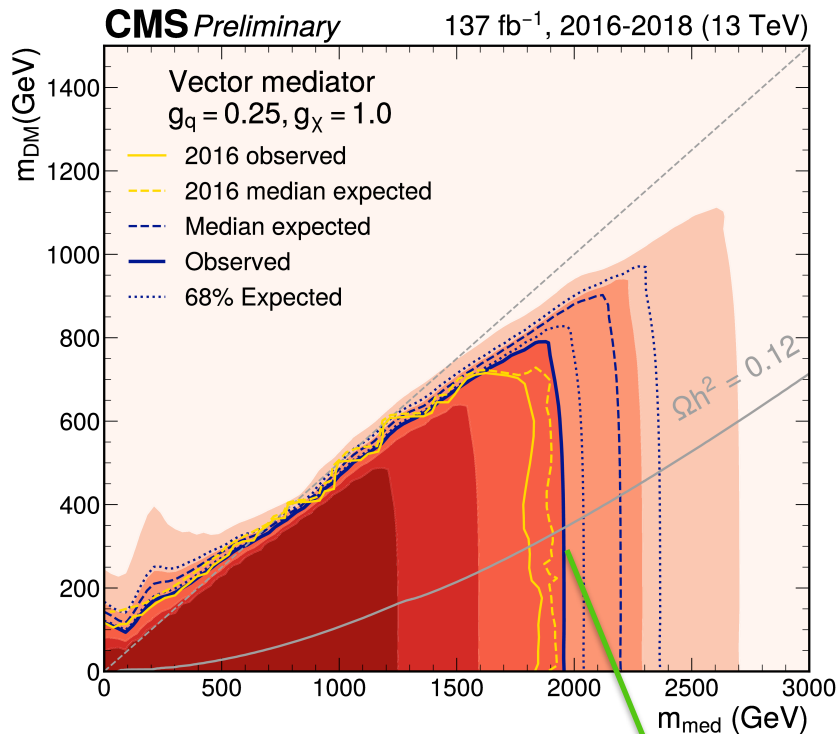
with minimal set of parameters:

- Mediator mass ( $M_{\text{med}}$ )
- DM Mass ( $M_{\text{DM}}$ )
- Mediator coupling to DM ( $g_{\text{DM}}$ )
- Mediator coupling to quarks ( $g_q$ )
- Extended to models with **t-channel mediator** and **dark sectors**

|               |  |   |
|---------------|--|---|
|               | <b>vector</b>                                    | <b>axial-vector</b>                                     |
| <b>spin-1</b> | $g_q \sum_q V_{\mu} \bar{q} \gamma^{\mu} q$      | $g_q \sum_q A_{\mu} \bar{q} \gamma^{\mu} \gamma^5 q$    |
|               | <b>scalar</b>                                    | <b>pseudoscalar</b>                                     |
| <b>spin-0</b> | $g_q \frac{\phi}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_f y_f \bar{f} f$ | $g_q \frac{iA}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_f y_f \bar{f} \gamma^5 f$ |

# Mono-J/ $V$ result interpretation

- All observation consistent with bkg-only hypothesis
- Limits are set on DM particle production in the context of **Simplified Models for spin-1 Vector (Axial) Mediator**

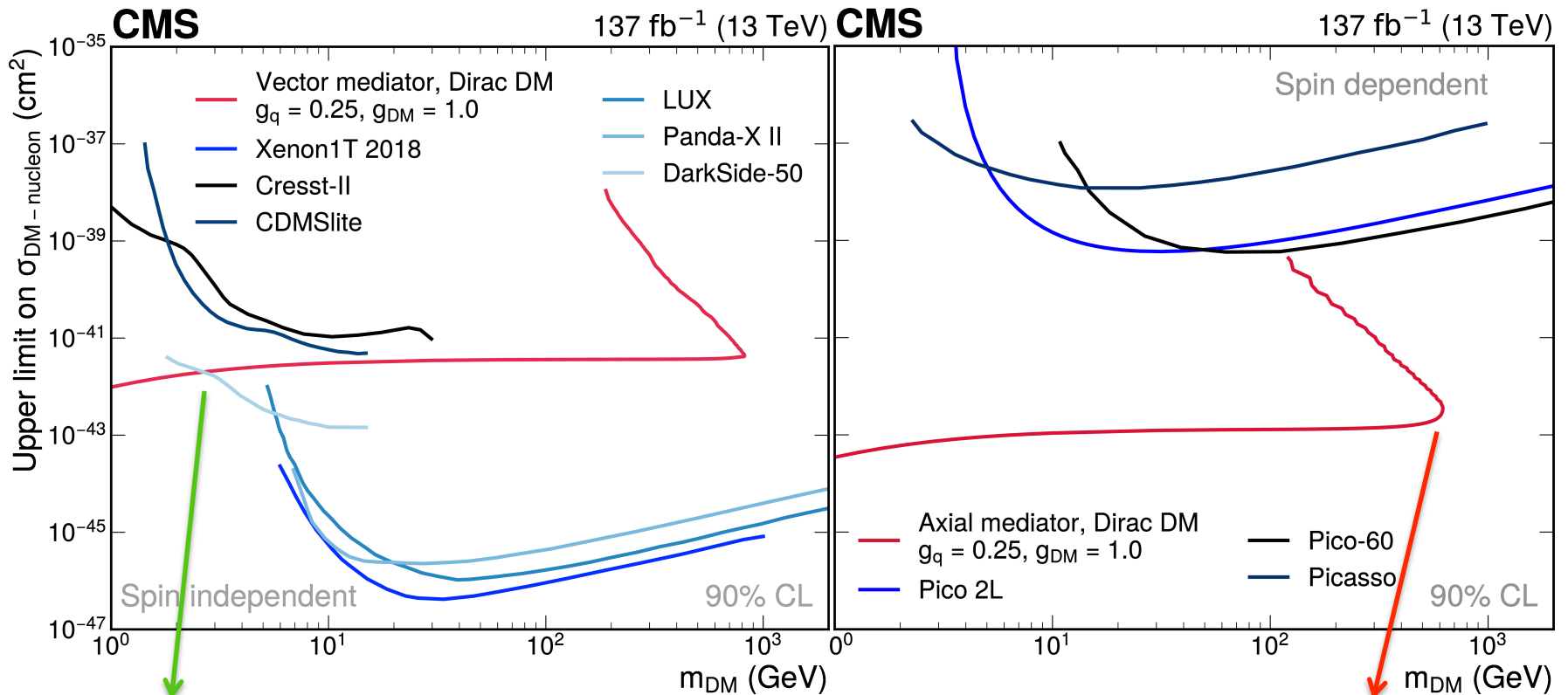


Observed values of the mediator mass are excluded up to 1.95 TeV



# Mono-J/V result interpretation

- Limits are set on DM particle production in the context of **Simplified Models** for spin-1 **Vector (Axial) Mediator**
- Comparison to **direct detection (DD) experiments**

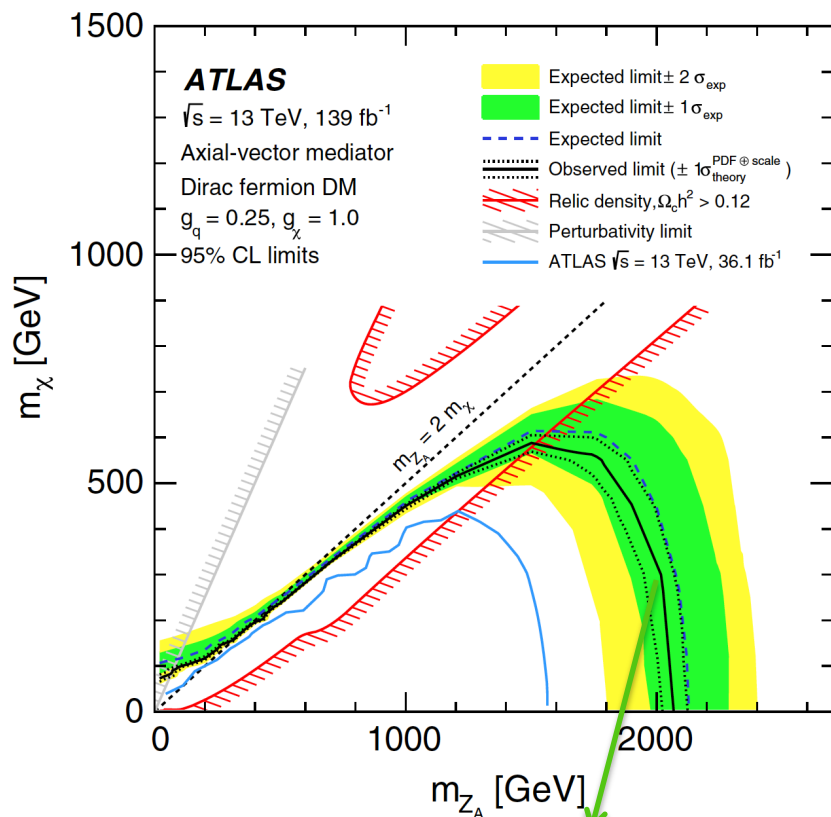


CMS compatible with DD at low mass

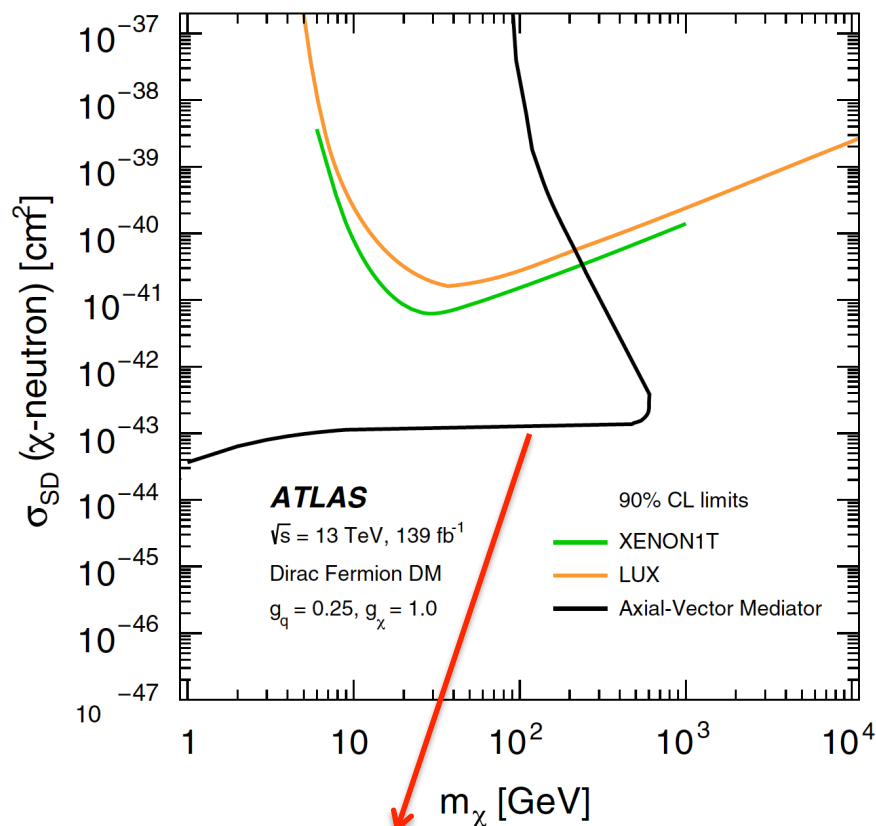
CMS competitive with DD up to 600 GeV

# Mono-J/V result interpretation

- Limits are set on DM particle production in the context of **Simplified Models** for spin-1 **Axial Mediator**
- **ATLAS and CMS limits at the same level of precision/exclusion**



Observed values of the mediator mass are excluded up to 2.1 TeV



ATLAS competitive with DD up to 600 GeV



# Mono-top with boosted jets

- Many BSM theories predict production of DM associated with top quarks:
  - Exotics particles (DM mediators) could decay preferentially to **top quarks**
- **Signature: MET** ( $\geq 250$  GeV) and **Large-R jet** ( $p_T > 250$  GeV &  $|\eta| < 2.4$ )
  - Exactly zero leptons (hadronic channel)
  - At least one boosted large-R jet associated to the top quark
    - use top-tagging for S/B separation

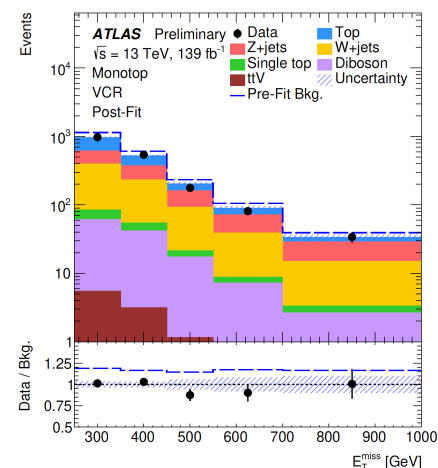
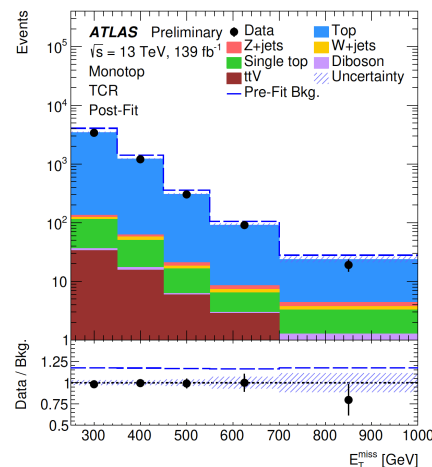
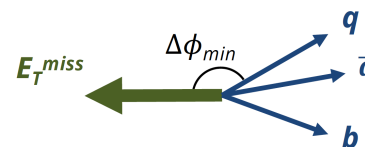
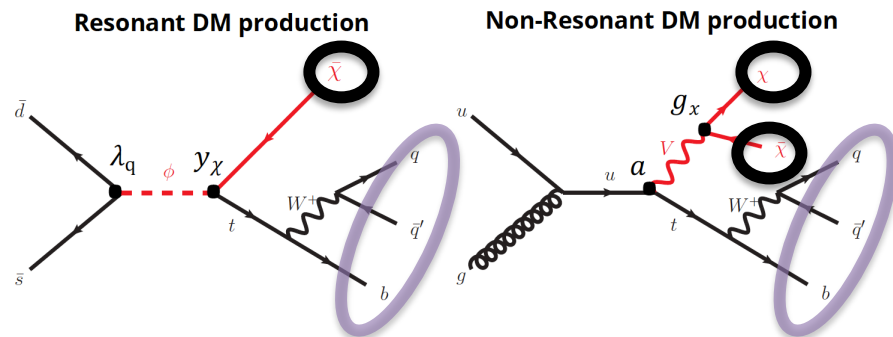
## Analysis strategy:

- **Main backgrounds:** tt and Z/W+jets constrained in the control regions

## Multivariate Analysis (MVA) approach

to discriminate signal (XGBoost):

- MET-based variables and  $\Delta R_{\max}$  among the most important features in the training
- Further reduce backgrounds by selection requirement on the number of b-jets and  $\Delta\phi_{\min}$
- Good description of data in the control and validation regions of the post-fit background model

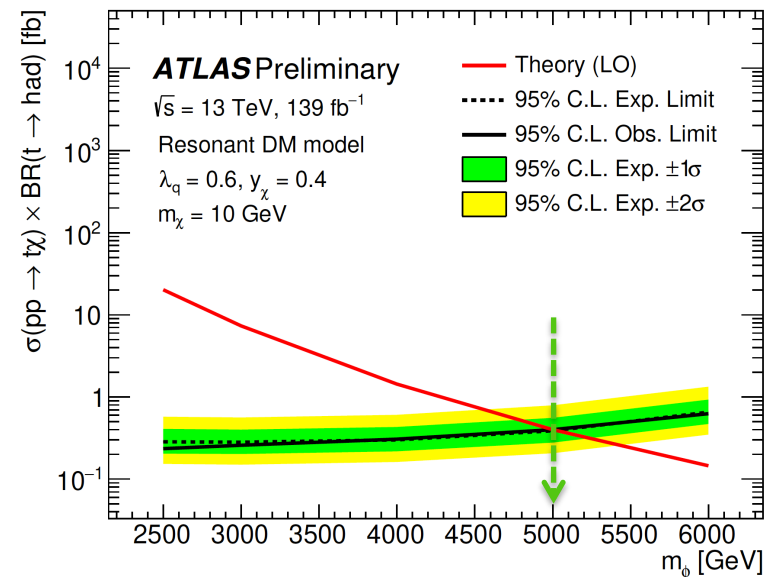
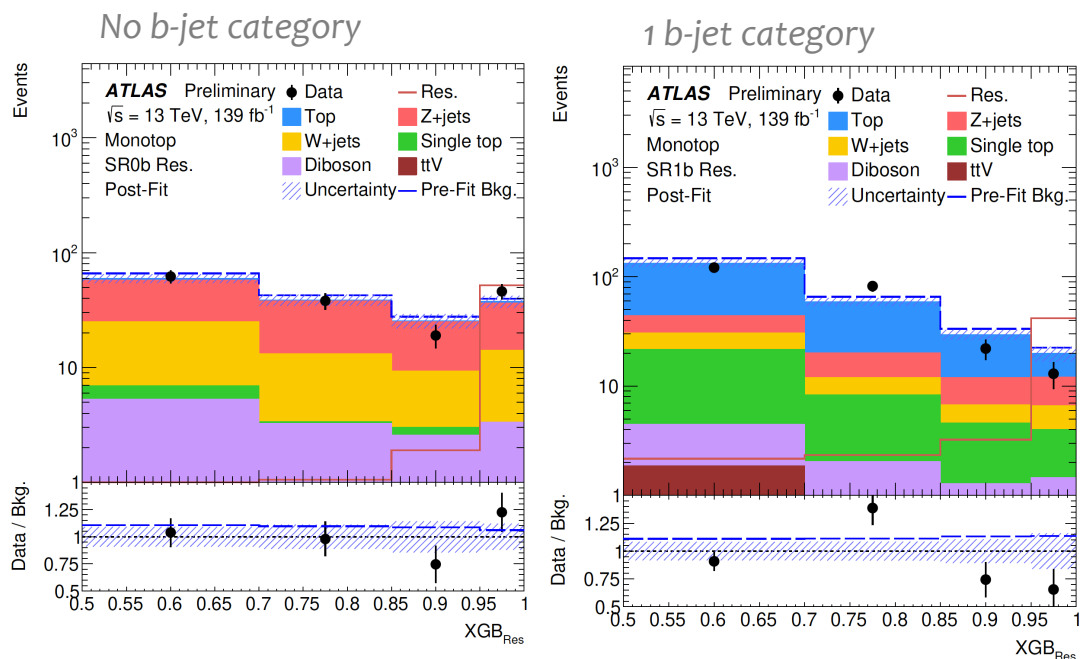






# Mono-top – results and limits

- No significant excess above the SM expectation is found in any of the **Resonant top DM model** signal regions
- Results interpreted in terms of expected and observed upper limit on the signal cross

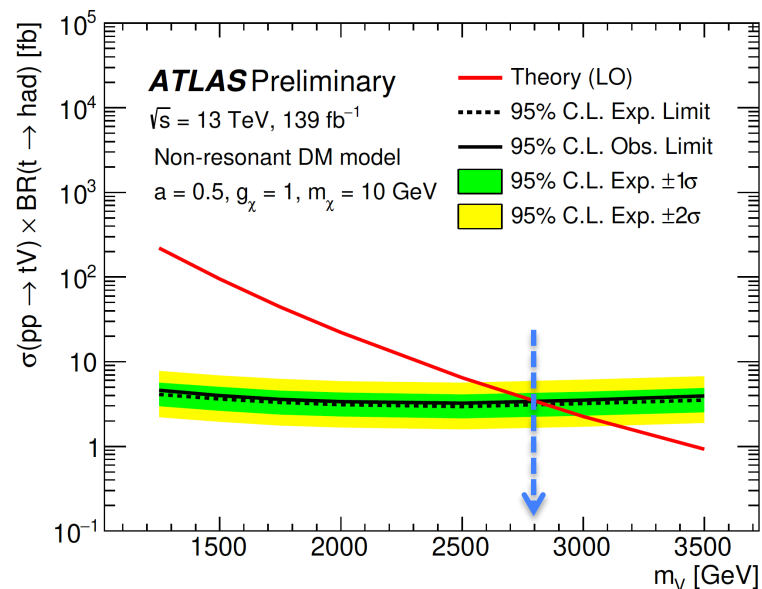
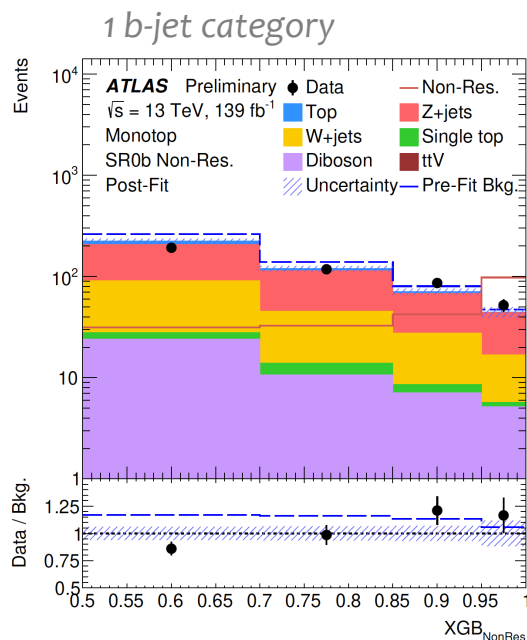
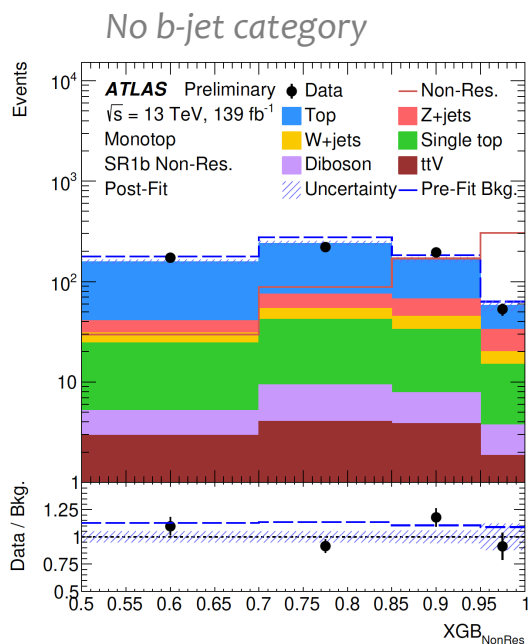


**Resonant DM model is excluded for  $m_\phi < 5.0 \text{ TeV}$**   
 considering given parameters with  $m_{\text{dark}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$   
 extending the previous mediator mass limits by 1.5 TeV



# Mono-top – results and limits

- No significant excess above the SM expectation is found in any of the **Non-resonant top DM model** signal regions
- Results interpreted in terms of expected and observed upper limit on the signal cross

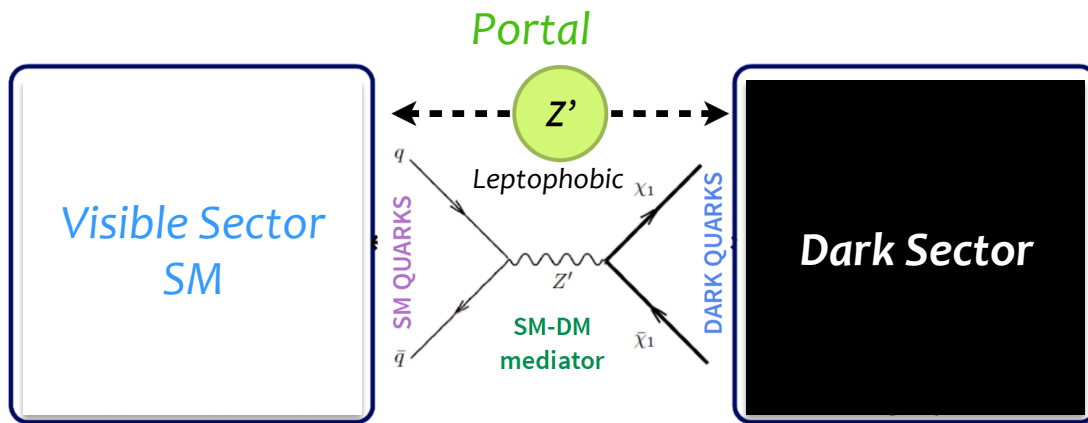


**Non-resonant DM model is excluded for  $m_\chi < 2.8$  TeV**  
 considering given parameters with  $m_{\text{dark}} = 10$  GeV  
 extending the previous mediator mass limits by 0.9 TeV



# Dark QCD – semivisible jets

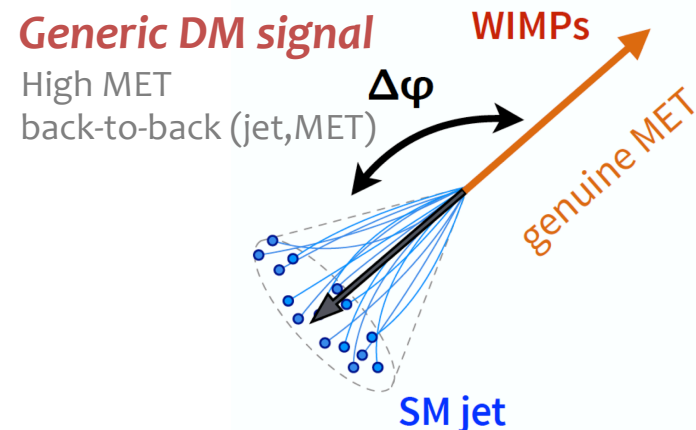
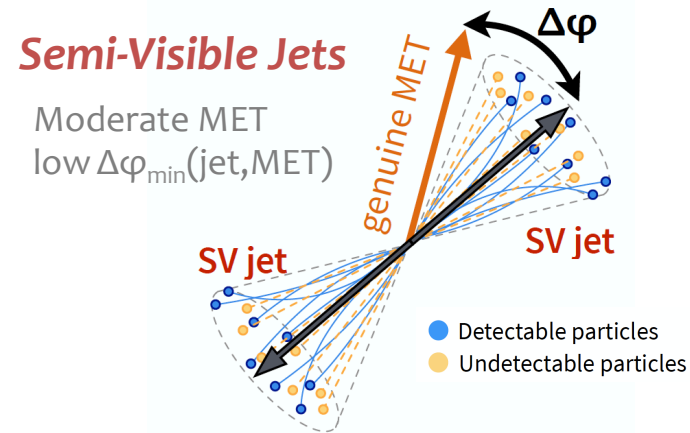
- Search for resonant production of strongly coupled dark matter



- New  $SU_{\text{dark}}(N)$  force: Dark QCD & associated particles
  - Hadronization in the dark sector
- Connected to SM by weakly-coupled mediators: S, V, etc.
  - Prompt decay of unstable dark hadrons to visible SM hadrons

- Stable dark hadrons remain **invisible**
  - Can be considered as **DM candidates**

- Unstable dark hadrons decays resulting in a **visible fraction** of the dark jet energy
  - Unexplored signatures with non-SM behaviour
  - Semivisible jets** not covered by existing DM searches



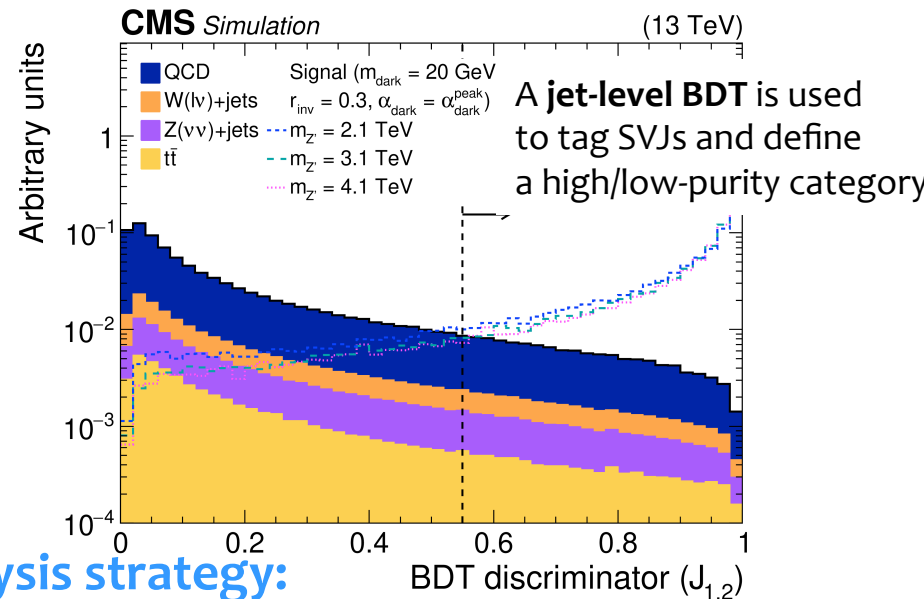
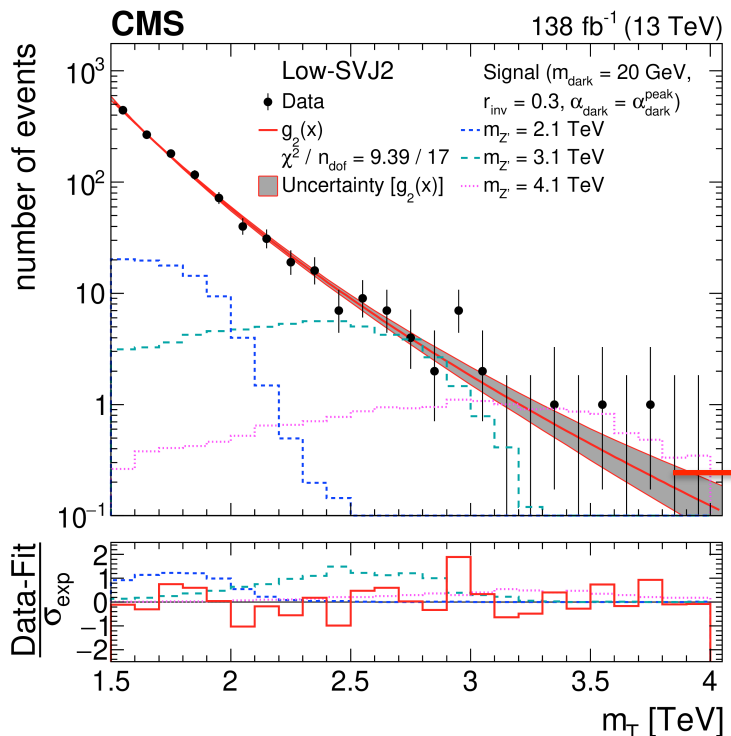
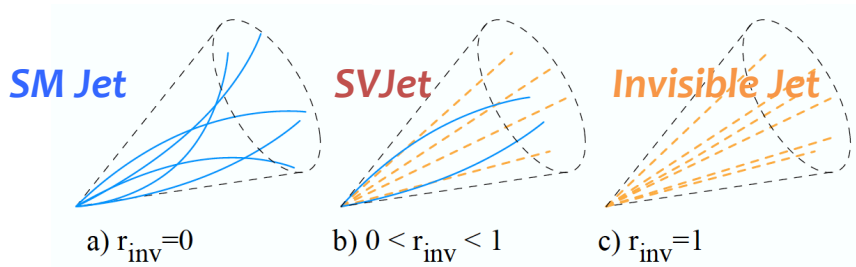




# Dark QCD – semivisible jets

- **Signature:** SVJ are defined by  $r_{inv}$  – fraction of visible and invisible particles in the jet

Signal parameter:  $r_{inv} = \left\langle \frac{N \text{ stable dark hadrons}}{N \text{ dark hadrons}} \right\rangle$

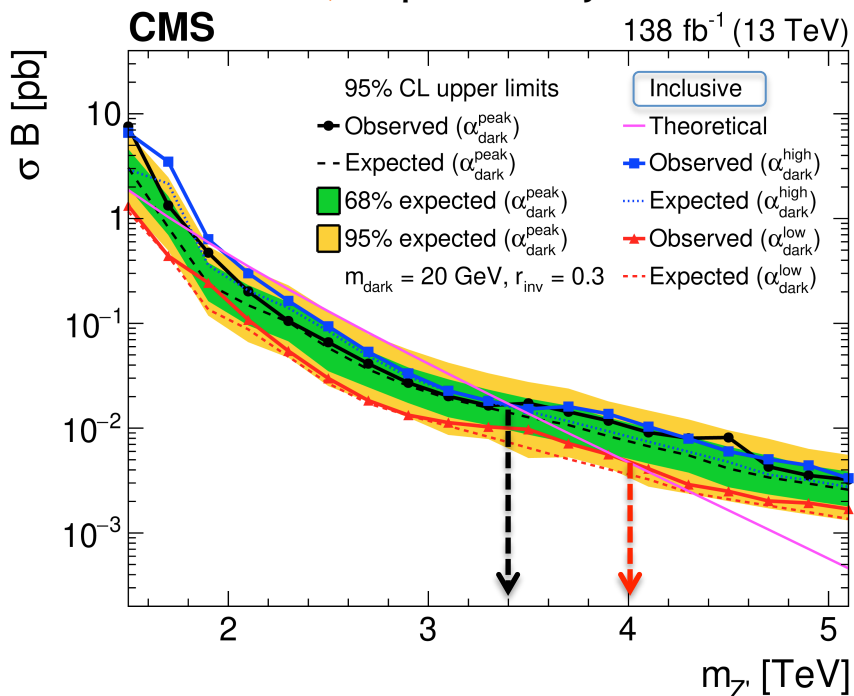


- **Analysis strategy:**
  - Resonance dijet search: 2 jets with  $p_T > 200$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.4$
  - Discrimination variable: **transverse mass  $m_T$**  of dijet system and MET
  - QCD background rejected with cut on  $R_T = MET/m_T > 0.15$
  - Bkg normalization extracted in fit
  - Dedicated SVJ tagger reduces bkg by  $\sim O(100)$

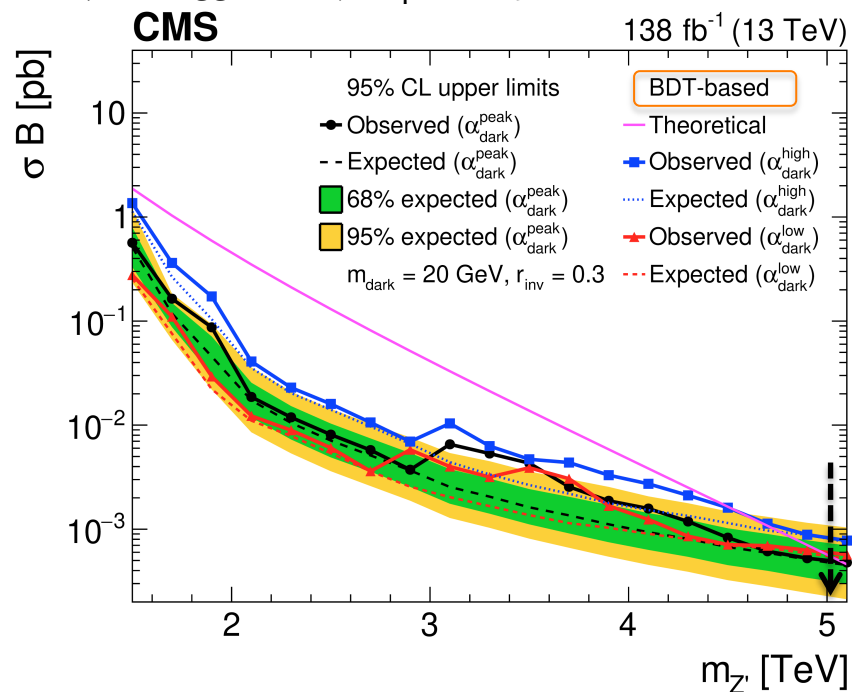


# Dark QCD – results and limits

- No structure (~ resonance peak) in the SVJ dijet transverse mass spectra compatible with the signal is observed
- Present results for two conditions:
  - **Inclusive**, signal-independent cut-based approach (most conservative),  $R_T = MET/m_T > 0.15$
  - **BDT-based**, improved by almost a factor 10 (most aggressive),  $R_T > 0.15 + \text{BDT}$



Inclusive analysis excludes the mediator masses in range **1.5 < m<sub>Z'</sub> < 4.0 TeV**

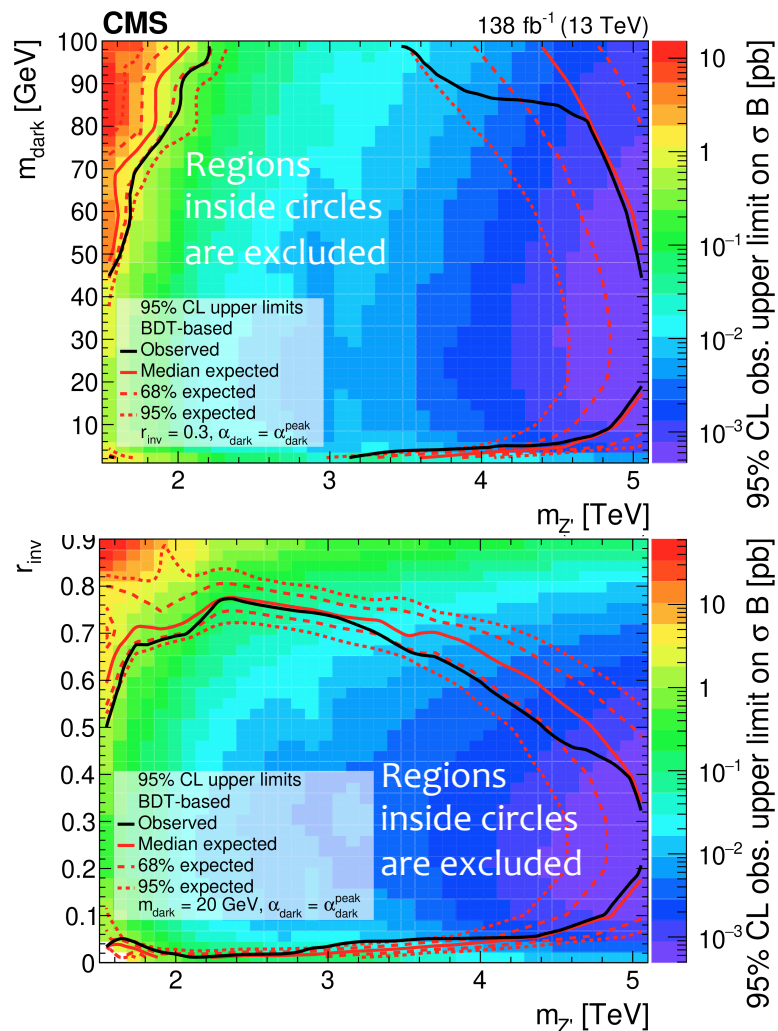


When the BDT is employed to identify each jet in the dijet system as semivisible, the mediator mass exclusion increases to **5.1 TeV**



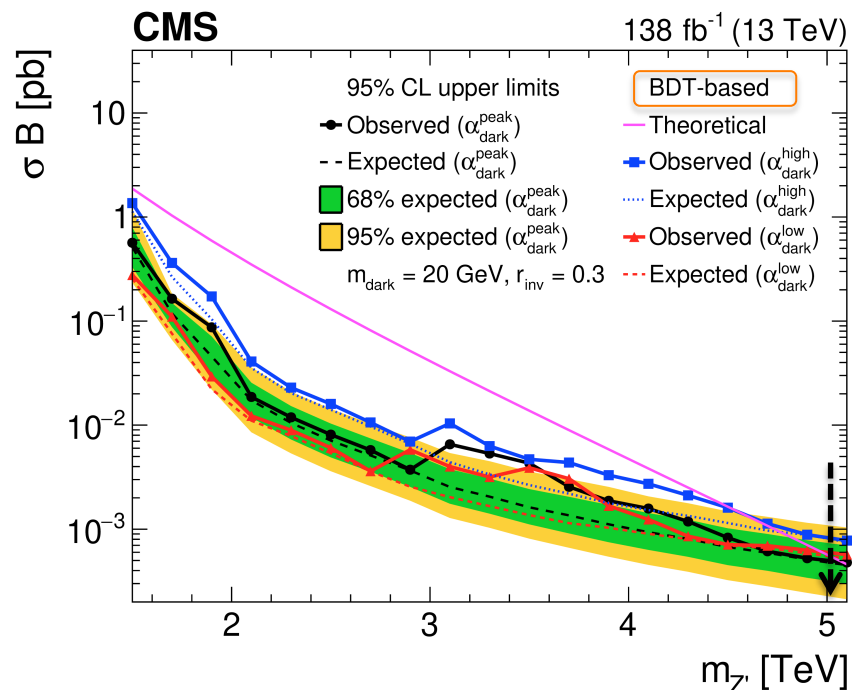
# Dark QCD – BTD limits

- **BDT-based**, improved by almost a factor 10 (most aggressive),  $R_T > 0.15$  + BDT



Assuming the Z' boson has a universal coupling of 0.25 to the SM quarks:

- 1:5 <  $m_Z$  < 5 TeV excluded for  $r_{Inv} = 0.3$
- 0.02 <  $r_{Inv}$  < 0.77 excluded for  $m_{dark} = 20$  GeV



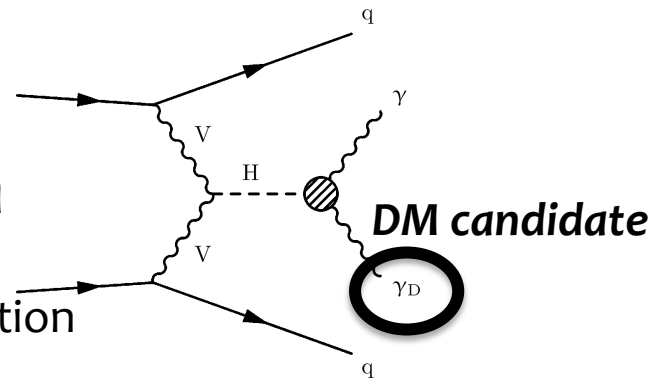
- Small excess around  $m_Z \sim 3.5$  TeV w/ small  $\sim 2\sigma$  local significance weakened exclusion limit

These limits exclude a wide range of strongly coupled hidden sector models for the first time

# Dark photons from VBF Higgs

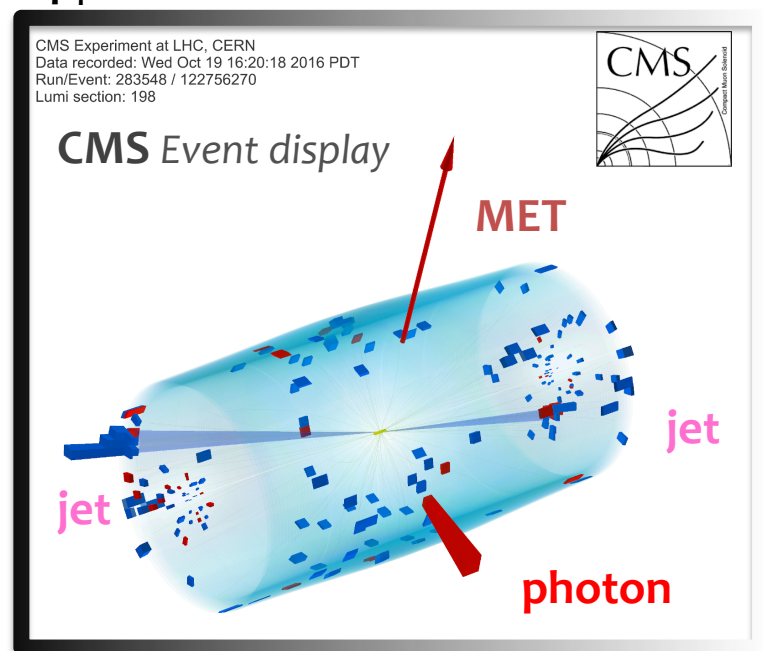
## ■ Signature $\gamma_{\text{Dark}}$ :

- MET and  $\geq 2$  jets with relatively high separation in  $\eta$  and at  $\geq 1$  photon
- Triggering with MET or single- $\gamma$  or VBF online selection



## ■ Analysis strategy:

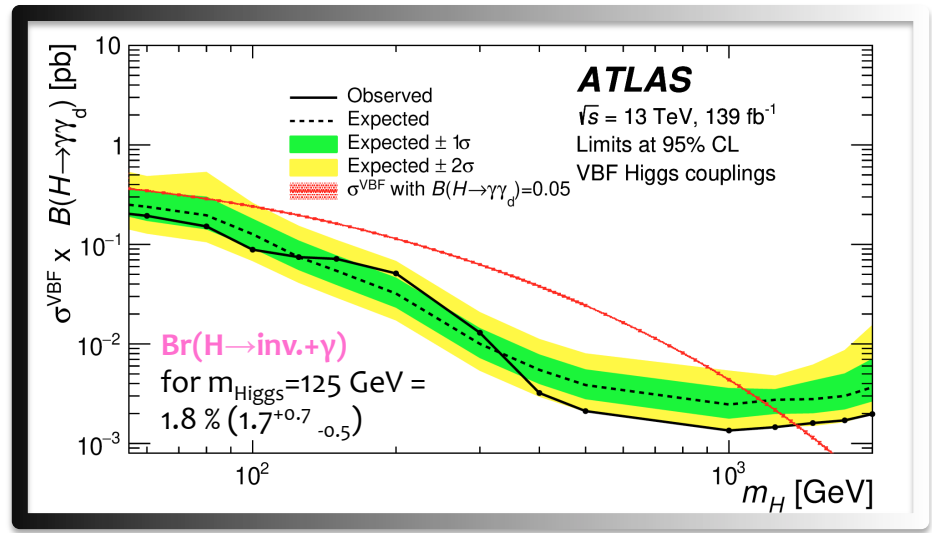
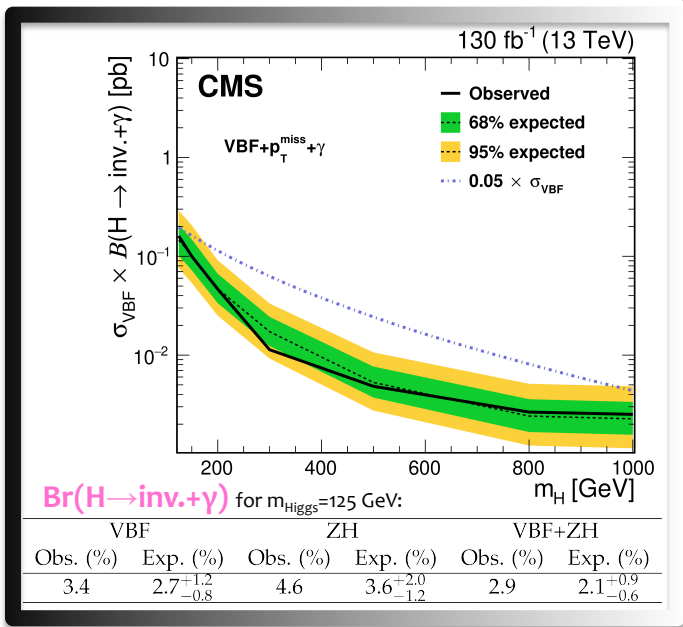
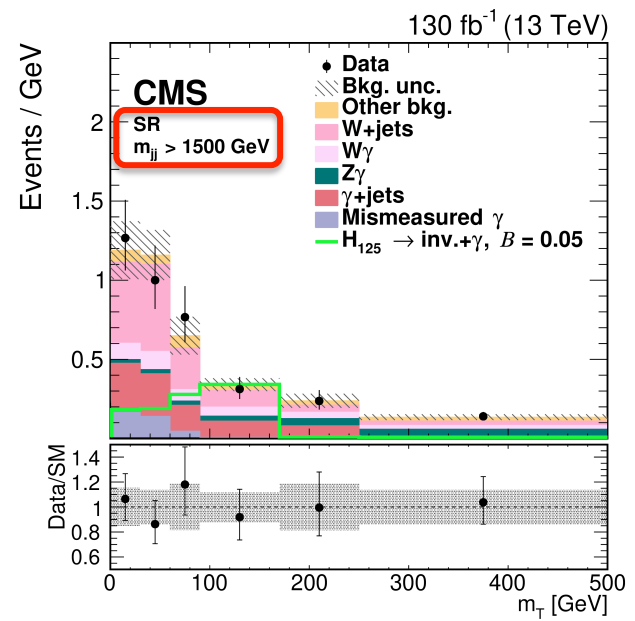
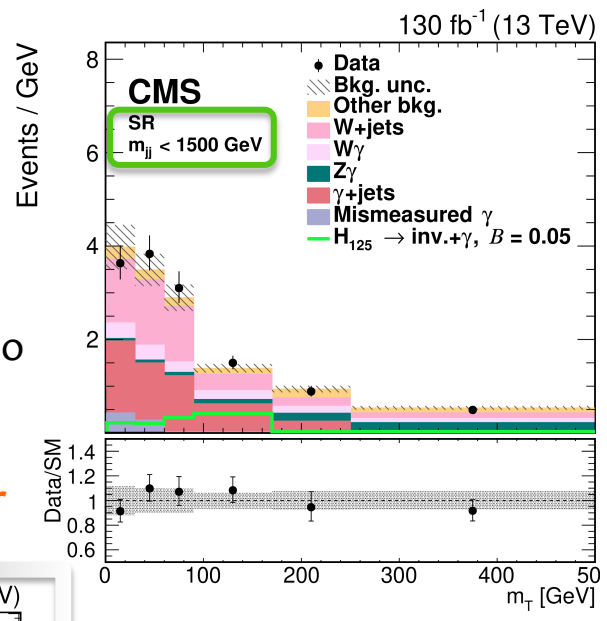
- Discriminating variables: **transverse mass of photon  $p_T^\gamma$**  and MET,  $m_T = \sqrt{2 \cdot p_T^\gamma \cancel{E}_T \cdot (1 - \cos \Delta\phi(\gamma, \cancel{E}_T))}$
- Events with leptons are vetoed
- $\geq 1$  photon with  $p_T > 230$  GeV  $|\eta| < 1.47$
- $\geq 2$  jets with  $p_T > 50$  GeV with mass  $m_{jj} > 500$  GeV
  - in opposite detector hemispheres  $\eta_{j1} \eta_{j2} < 0$
  - large separation between the jets and MET
- Moderate MET threshold (offline  $> 140$  GeV)
- Extensive use of control data samples for precise prediction of background contributions: W+jets, W+ $\gamma$ , Z+ $\gamma$ ,  $\gamma$ +jets





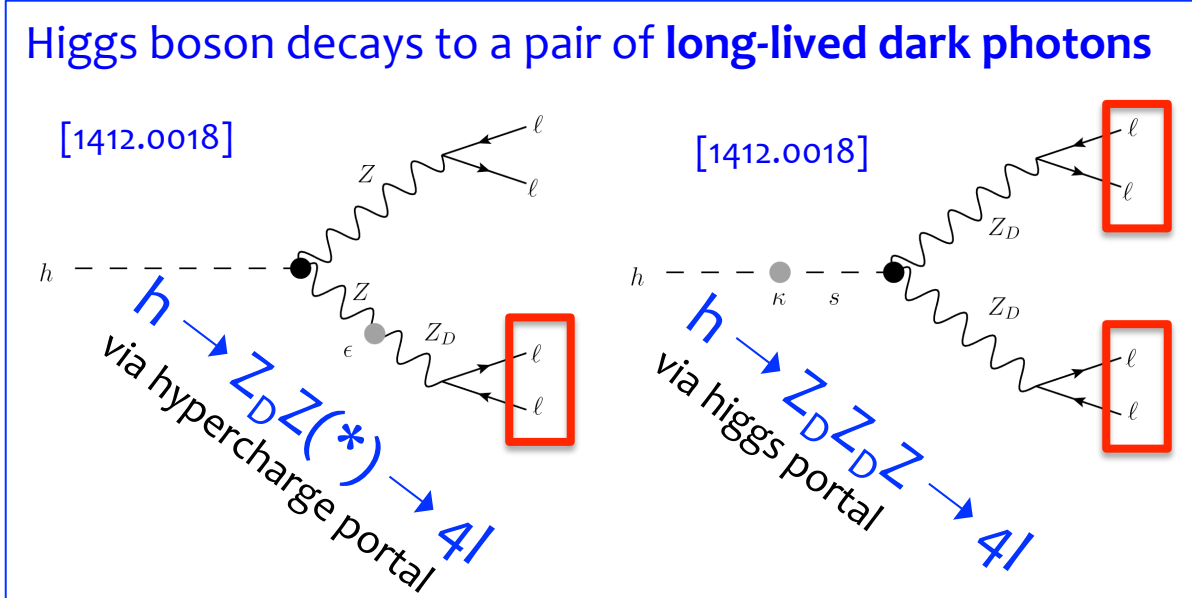
# Invisible VBF Higgs constrains

- CMS final search performed in 6 signal  $m_T$  regions for  $m_{jj} < 1500$  GeV and  $m_{jj} > 1500$  GeV
  - Small statistics
- First results for Higgs decays to undetected particle and a photon in the VBF channel
  - **ATLAS estimate stronger**





# Dark photon decay – low mass di-muons



**Triggering:** CMS newly use of high rate triggers (**scouting**):

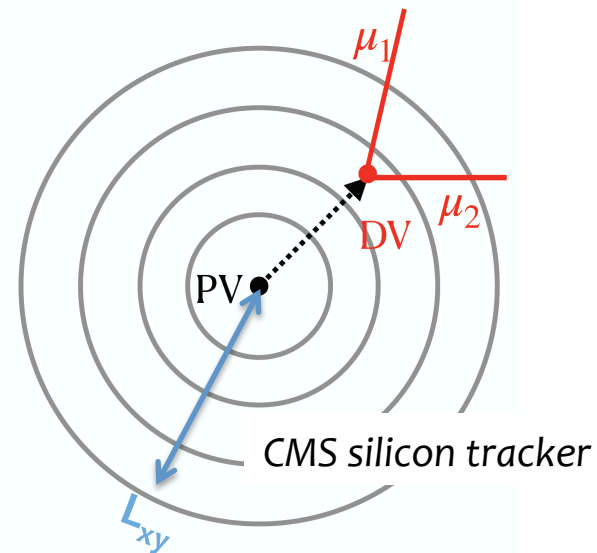
- Bypass the high-level trigger (HLT) thresholds by directly sending HLT objects to disk instead of saving raw data
- Reduced event info compared to offline reconstructed objects
- **DoubleMu trigger path** allow sensitivities to **otherwise inaccessible low-mass** events

**Benchmark models:**  $Z_D$ :  $0.5 \text{ GeV} \leq m(Z_D) \leq 50 \text{ GeV}$   $0.1 \text{ mm} \leq c\tau_0(Z_D) \leq 1 \text{ m}$

## Very low mass search for long-lived dimuons

for a muon pair with **displaces vertex (DV)**

- masses down to  $\sim 2m_\mu$  and **displacements  $L_{xy}$  up to 11 cm**
- **Signature:** At least 2 opposite sign muons ( $p_T > 3 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|\eta| < 2.4$ ) and 1 **displaced vertex**

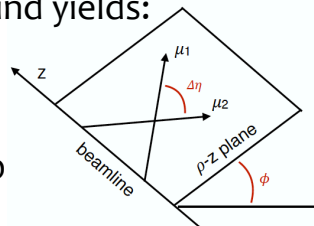




# Dark photon decay- results

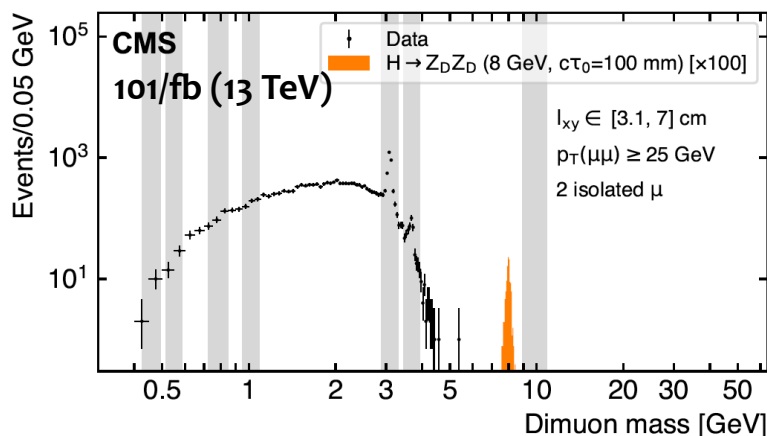
## Backgrounds:

- Controlled with a set of kinematical cuts
- DV/dimuon kinematics & displacement requirements, material veto to reduce background yields:
  - Sophisticated cuts:
    - $\log_{10}(\Delta\eta/\Delta\phi) < 1.25$
    - # excess pixel hits  $\leq 0$

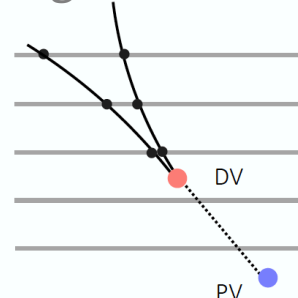


## Strategy:

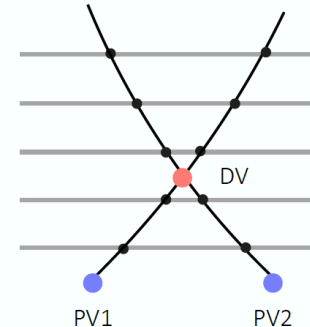
- Search for a **narrow peak** in dimuon invariant mass spectrum
- SM bkg estimated directly from data can be parameterized by analytical functions
  - SM resonances are masked ( $\pm 5\sigma_{res.}$  window) for the result
- Events are **categorized in bins** of muon isolation (2,1,0 iso-mu), di-mu momentum  $p_T(\mu\mu)$



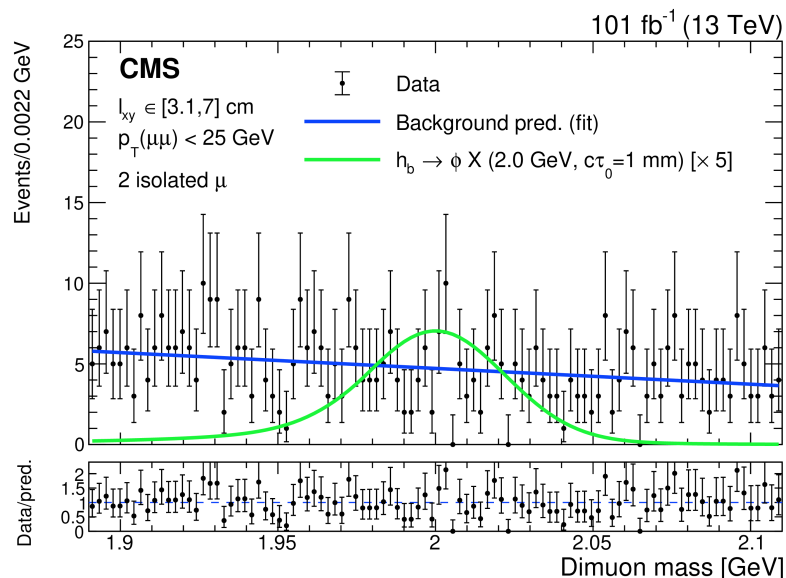
signal LLP



PU tracks



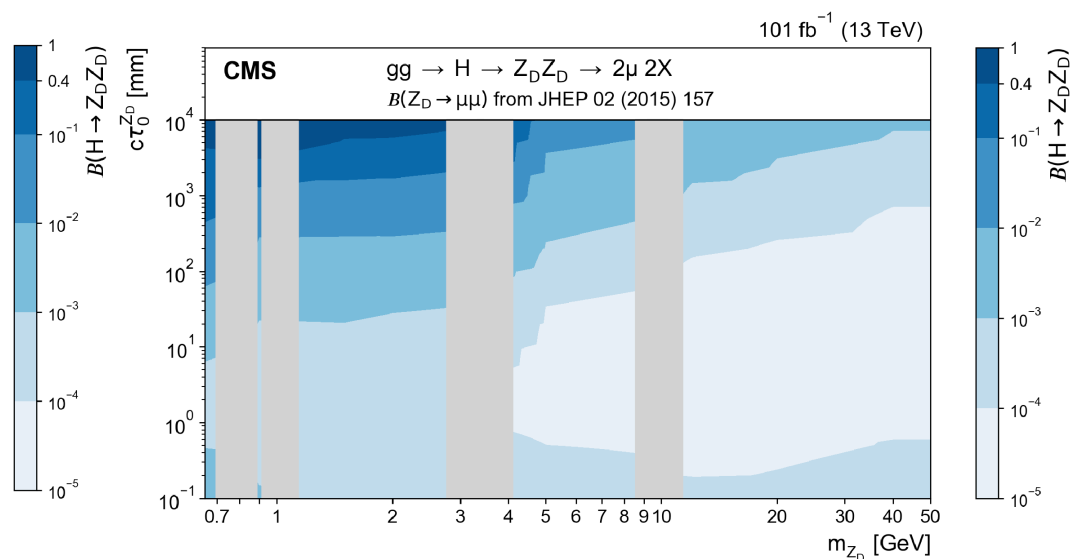
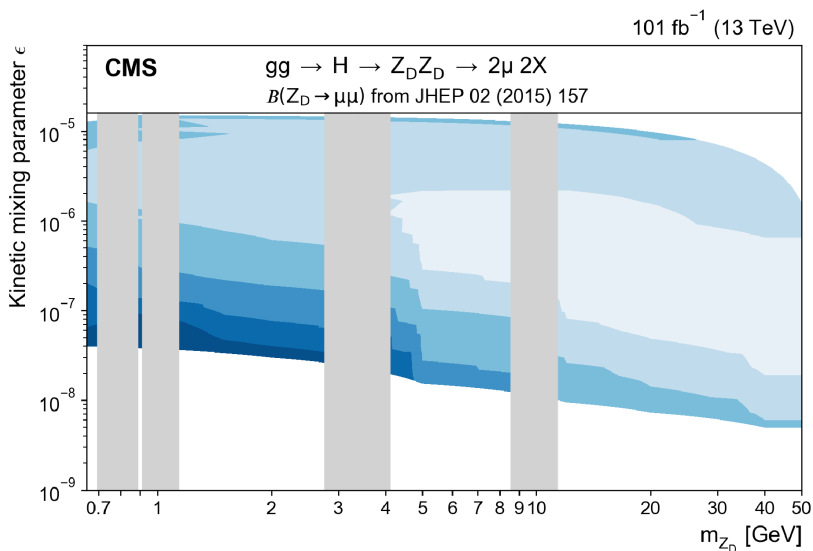
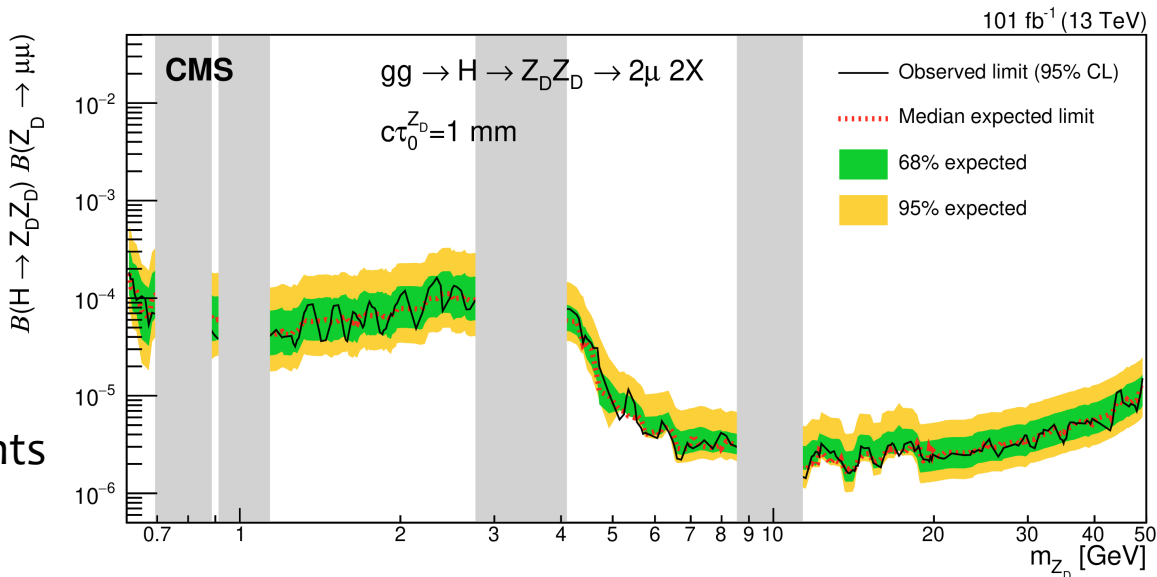
- Simultaneous fit** in all search bins either bkg-only or bkg+ signal hypotheses





# Dark photon decay- limits

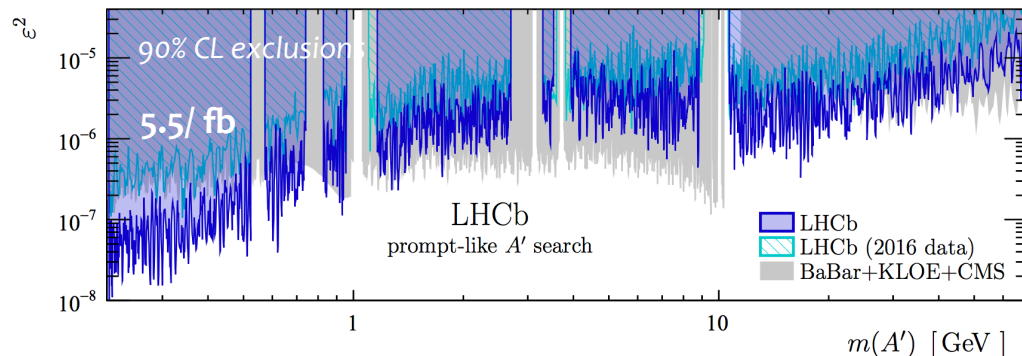
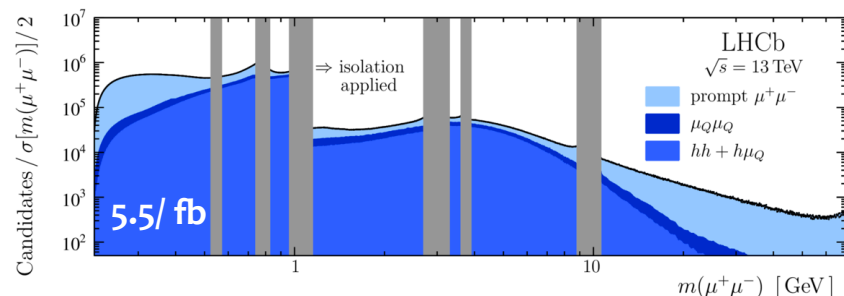
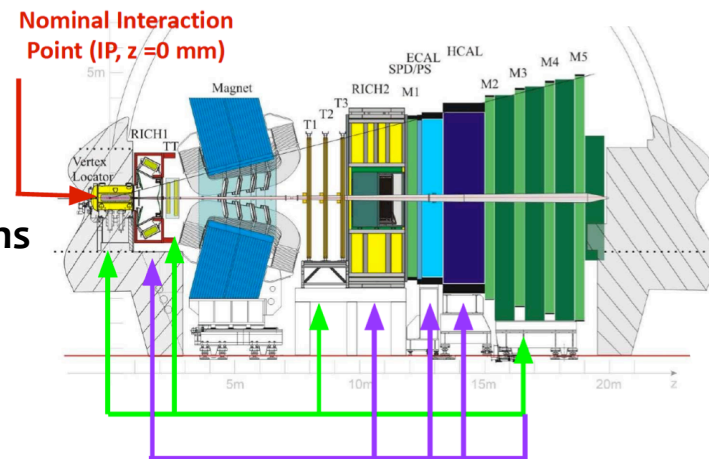
- No significant excess is observed
- Bkg+signal fits are used to set limits signal models
- The CMS most stringent constraints to date in a wide range of signal mass and lifetime hypotheses





# Dark Matter at LHCb

- **Single-arm spectrometer** originally devoted to **heavy flavour physics**, but can serve as a general purpose experiment covering (QCD, SM, heavy ion and fixed-target)
    - Complementary in pseudorapidity:  $2 < \eta < 5$
    - Excellent momentum resolution (**tracking detectors**), IP determination and **particle identification**
  - Search for **dark photons  $A'$**  decaying into a **pair of muons**
    - **Low mass sensitivity: (very low- $p_T$  trigger)**  
prompt-like  $A'$  search covers the mass range from near the dimuon threshold up to 70 GeV
    - Fully data-driven analysis
    - Event categorization as prompt  $\mu^+\mu^-$ ,  $\mu_Q\mu_Q$ , and  $hh+h\mu_Q$  determined using the  $\min[\chi^2 \text{IP}(\mu^\pm)]$  fits
- Most stringent to date for the mass range:  $214 < m_{A'} \lesssim 740 \text{ MeV}$  (long-lived selection) and  $10.6 < m_{A'} < 70 \text{ GeV}$

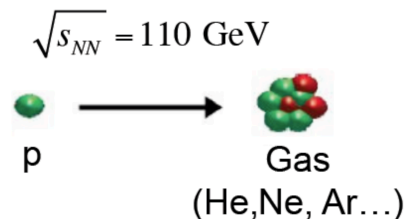




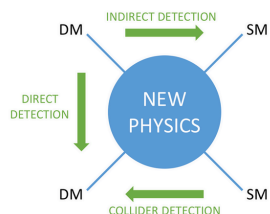
# LHCb detached anti-proton in pHe collisions at 110 GeV

LHCb linked to indirect detection of DM

- A first measurement of prompt anti-p production in pHe collisions at 110 GeV using **LHCb fixed-target program SMOG** (System for Measuring Overlap with Gas)



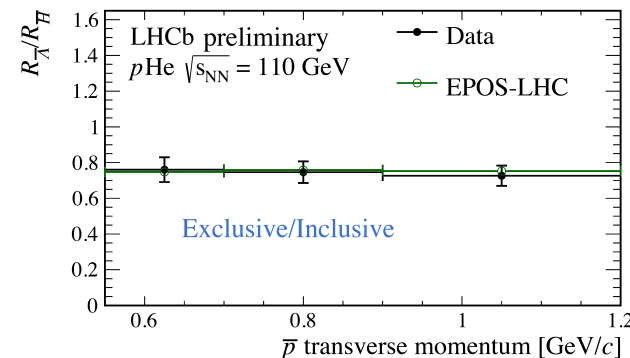
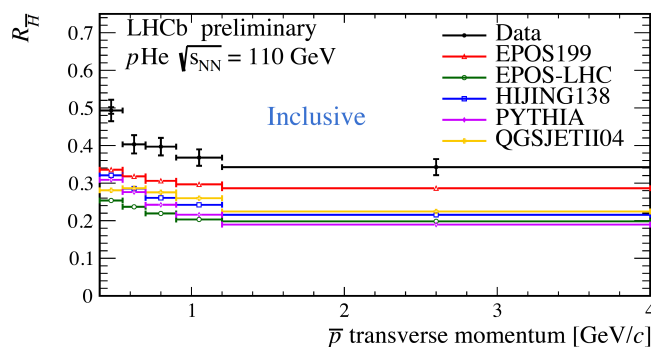
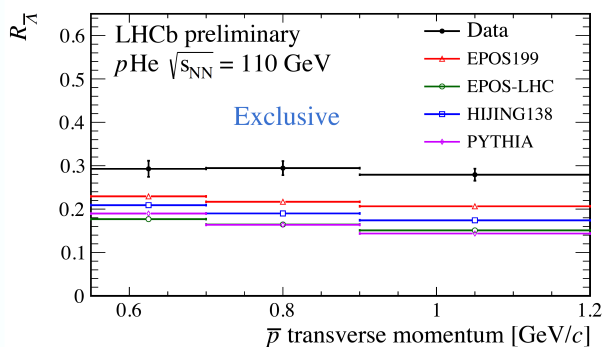
- A noble gas (He, Ne, Ar) at  $\sim 2 \times 10^7$  mbar pressure injected into the LHC vacuum around the LHCb interaction region
- Originally used to determine luminosity, since 2015 started to collect fixed-target collision data



- It may help determine whether or not any antimatter seen by (indirect detection) experiments in space (Pamela, AMS-02) originates from dark matter
- Detached anti-p (from displaced decay of anti-hyperon) can be distinguished from prompt p by the separation of their original vertex and the primary pHe collision vertex

$$R_{\bar{\Lambda}} \equiv \frac{\sigma(p\text{He} \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}X \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+X)}{\sigma(p\text{He} \rightarrow \bar{p}_{\text{prompt}}X)}$$

$$R_{\bar{H}} \equiv \frac{\sigma(p\text{He} \rightarrow \bar{H}X \rightarrow \bar{p}X)}{\sigma(p\text{He} \rightarrow \bar{p}_{\text{prompt}}X)}$$



- All considered **generators** significantly (exclusive, inclusive searches) **underestimate** the anti- $\Lambda$  contribution to the production of anti-p:
  - Indicate a **sizeable underestimation** of detached anti-p contribution in most hadronic production models used cosmic ray physics





# DM in CMS summary

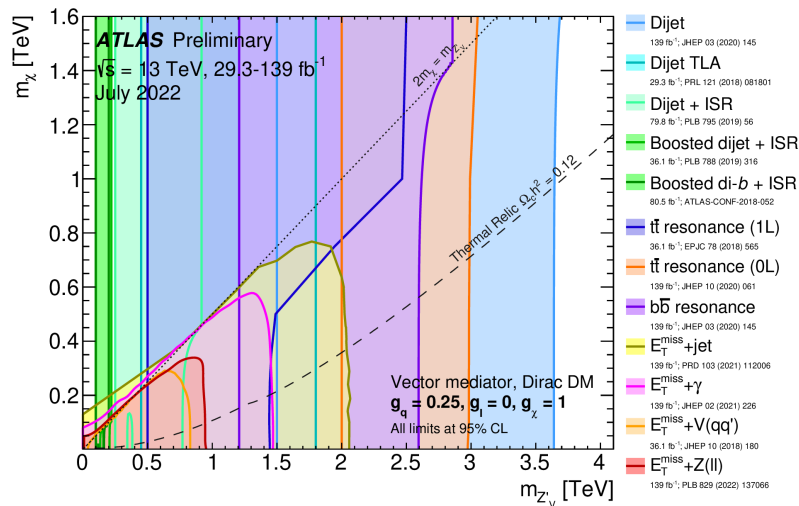
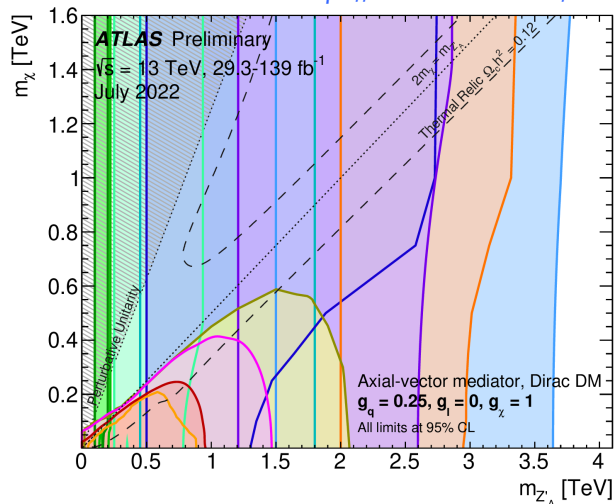
- LHC experiment builds up a rich program of **Dark Matter** searches:
  - Large variety of **signatures**:
    - Generic analyses with **mono-X and resonances**
    - Signals with **heavy flavours**
    - Higgs giving light to a **dark sector** which may hide a dark matter
    - Distinctive signatures of **long-lived particles** open window to DM
- optimized for a wide range of model types
- Precise predictions of the Standard Model background underlines the searches
- Experimental techniques evolves to more **sophisticated approaches**
- Use of **machine learning** brings substantial improvements
  - Important to **control of systematic uncertainties**
- More improvements and analyses with *full Run 2* data expected while *new Run 3 data* will be available soon
- <http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/EXO/DM.html>
- <https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PUBNOTES/ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-036/>



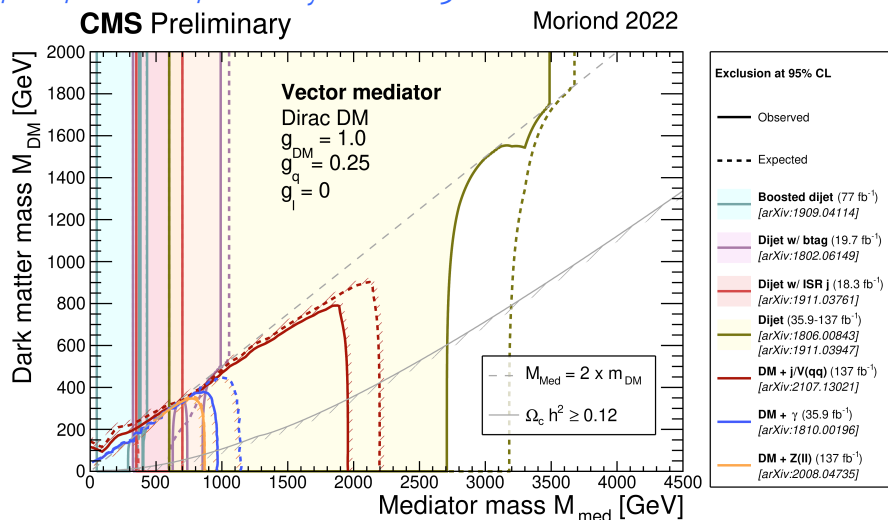
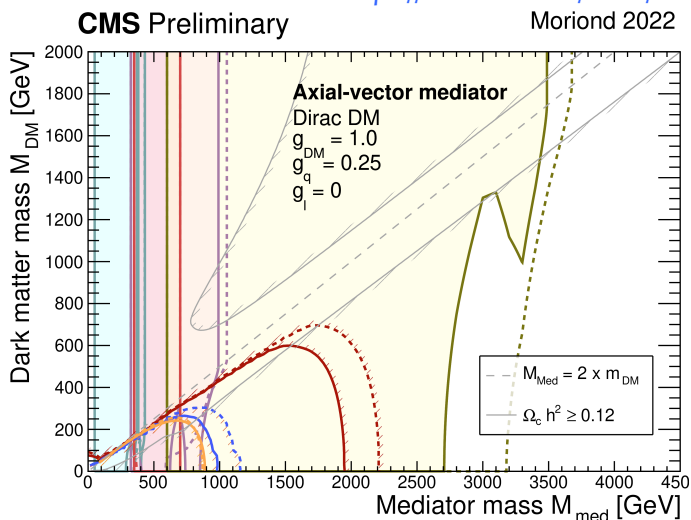
# Thank you!

## Selection of limits for DM searches at ATLAS and CMS

<https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PUBNOTES/ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-036/>



<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/SummaryPlotsEXO13TeV>





# Backup slides



# Dark Matter at LHCb

- Search for **dark photons  $A'$**  decaying (promptly or long-lived) into a **pair of muons**

