



# **$t$ -channel dark matter models at the NLO accuracy in QCD**

**Benjamin Fuks**  
(LPTHE / Sorbonne Université)

[with Chiara Arina & Luca Mantani ]

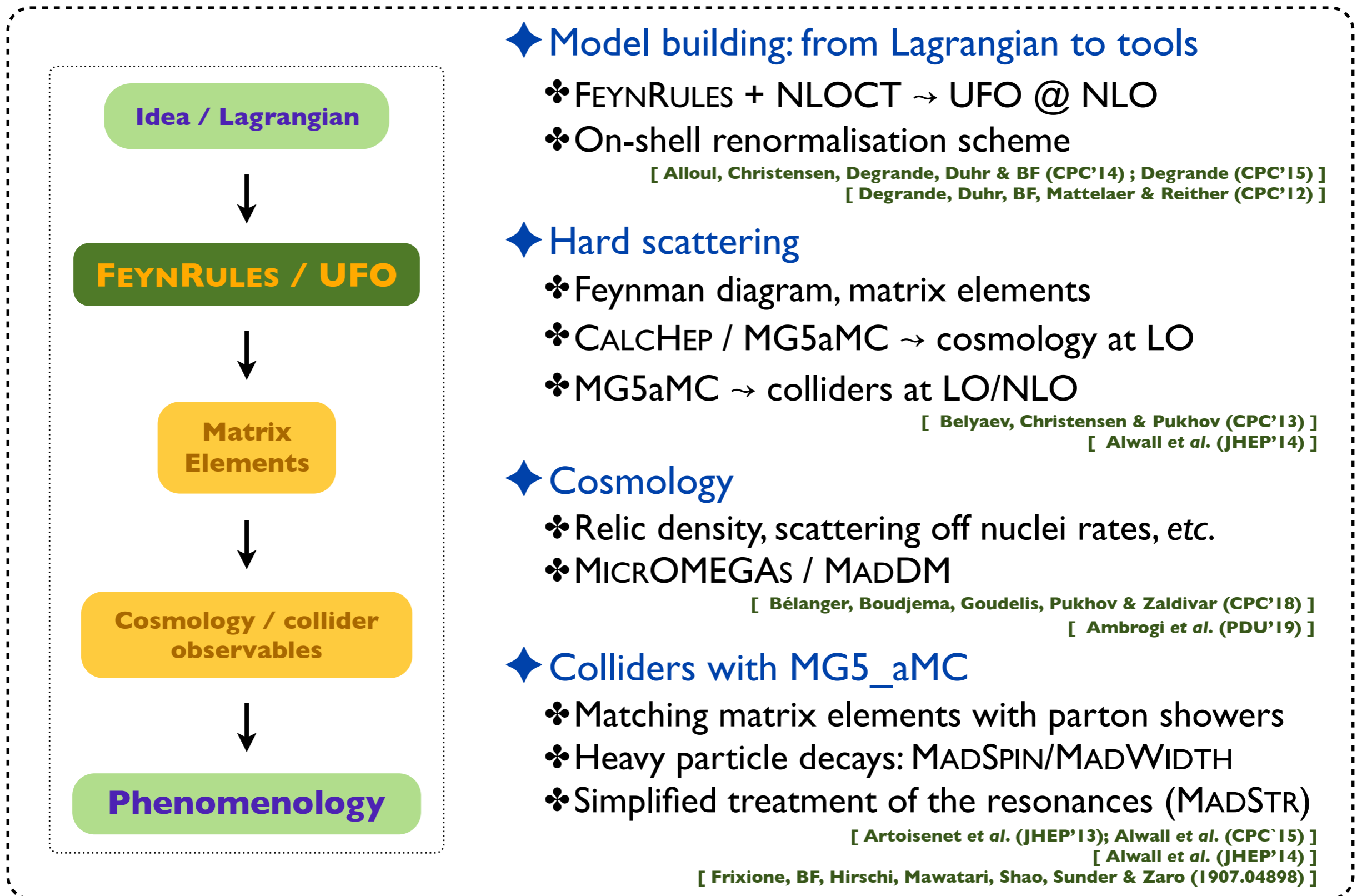
**LHC DM WG public meeting**  
**CERN, 30 September 2019**

# Outline

1. The Über UFO: goal & description
2. Illustrative features: cosmology & colliders@NLO
3. Outlook

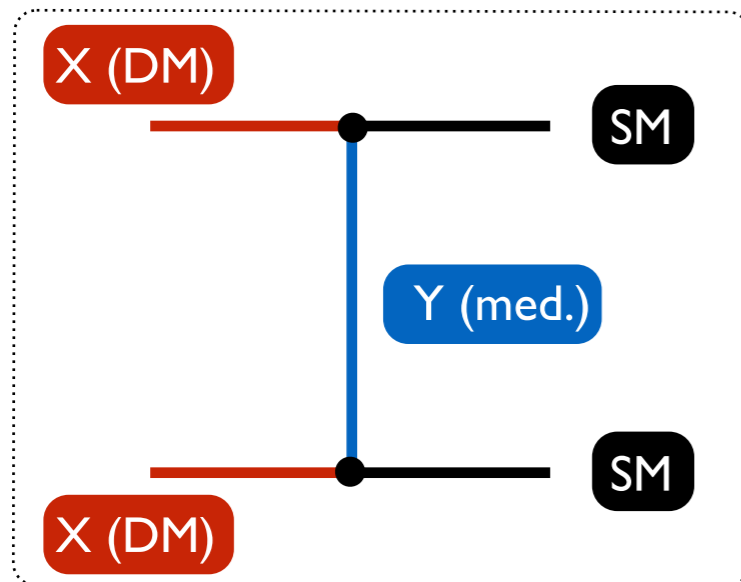
# A comprehensive approach to new physics calculations

[ Christensen, de Aquino, Degrande, Duhr, BF, Herquet, Maltoni & Schumann (EPJC'11) ]



# A generic implementation for $t$ -channel DM

## ◆ A generic $t$ -channel DM modelling



- ♣ 2 spins:  $J_X, J_Y$
- ♣ 13 masses:
  - ★ 1 DM mass:  $m_X$
  - ★ 12 mediator masses (SM =  $Q_L, u_R, d_R$ )
- ♣ 9 couplings
  - ★ 3 vectors in flavour space
  - ★ SM =  $Q_L, u_R, d_R$

Many free parameters / spin combination

## ◆ Spin options

X (DM)	Spin	Self-conj.	Y (med.)	Spin
$S$	0	yes	$\psi_Q, \psi_u, \psi_d$	1/2
$\tilde{\chi}$	1/2	yes	$\varphi_Q, \varphi_u, \varphi_d$	0
$\chi$	1/2	no		
$V_\mu$	1	yes	$\psi_Q, \psi_u, \psi_d$	1/2

### ♣ Missing (for now):

- ★ Complex scalar/vector DM  
→ trivial to add
- ★ Vector mediators  
→ coloured vector @ NLO?

# Lagrangian and restrictions

## ◆ The model

### ♣ Fields:

X (DM)	Spin	Self-conj.	Y (med.)	Spin	
$S$	0	yes	$\psi_Q, \psi_u, \psi_d$	1/2	$\leadsto$ F3S
$\tilde{\chi}$	1/2	yes	$\varphi_Q, \varphi_u, \varphi_d$	0	$\leadsto$ S3M
$\chi$	1/2	no			$\leadsto$ S3D
$V_\mu$	1	yes	$\psi_Q, \psi_u, \psi_d$	1/2	$\leadsto$ F3V

### ♣ Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \left[ \lambda_{\mathbf{Q}} [(\tilde{\chi} + \bar{\chi})Q_L] \varphi_{\mathbf{Q}}^\dagger + \lambda_{\mathbf{u}} [(\tilde{\chi} + \bar{\chi})u_R] \varphi_{\mathbf{u}}^\dagger + \lambda_{\mathbf{d}} [(\tilde{\chi} + \bar{\chi})d_R] \varphi_{\mathbf{d}}^\dagger + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

$$+ \left[ \hat{\lambda}_{\mathbf{Q}} \left( [\bar{\psi}_{\mathbf{Q}}Q_L] S + [\bar{\psi}_{\mathbf{Q}}VQ_L] \right) + \hat{\lambda}_{\mathbf{u}} \left( [\bar{\psi}_{\mathbf{u}}u_R] S + [\bar{\psi}_{\mathbf{u}}Vu_R] \right) + \hat{\lambda}_{\mathbf{d}} \left( [\bar{\psi}_{\mathbf{d}}d_R] S + [\bar{\psi}_{\mathbf{d}}Vd_R] \right) + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

## ◆ 12 sets of restrictions

♣ Selection of one spin combination: S3D, S3M, F3S, F3V

♣ 2 masses:  $m_Y, m_X$ ; 1 coupling parameter  $\lambda$

♣ Coupling texture:

- ★ Universal couplings: 12 degenerate mediators
- ★ 3<sup>rd</sup> generation couplings: 3 degenerate mediators
- ★ Coupling to  $u_R$ : 1 mediator

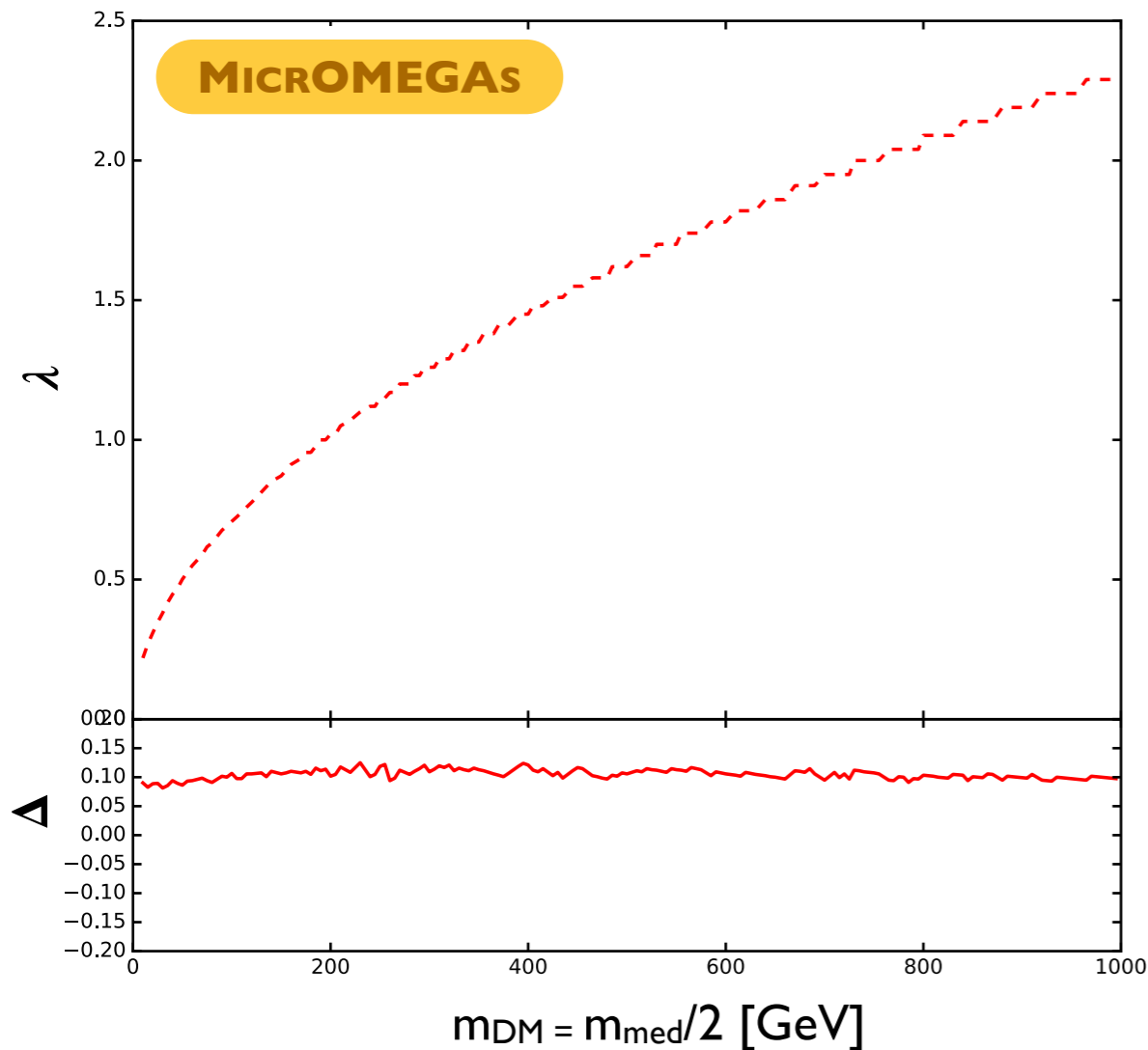
```
import model DMSimp_t-S3D_uni --modelname
```

# Relic density in the S3M\_uR model

## ◆ The S3M\_uR model: coupling to the right-handed up-quark only

X (DM)	Spin	Self-conj.	Y (med.)	Spin
$\tilde{\chi}$	1/2	yes	$\varphi_Q, \varphi_u, \varphi_d$	0

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \left[ \lambda_u \tilde{\chi} u_R \varphi_u^\dagger + \text{h.c.} \right]$$



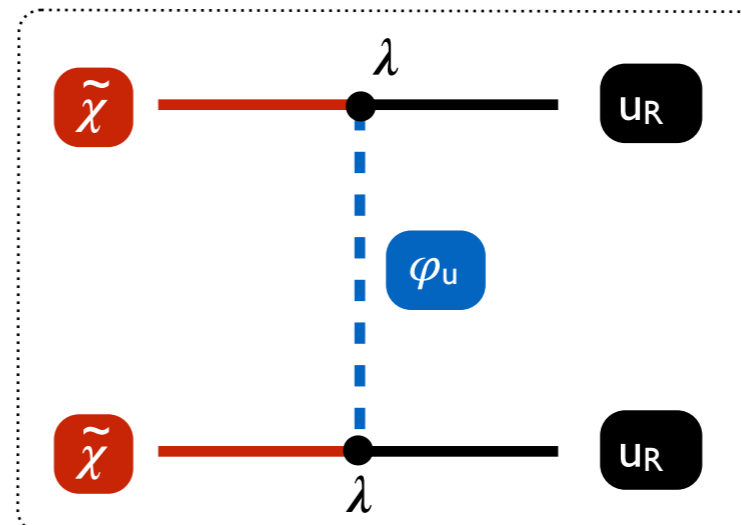
## ◆ Relic density matching Planck data

♣  $\lambda$ : MICROMEAS gives  $\Omega_{\text{CDM}} = 0.12$

♣ MADDM vs. MICROMEAS ( $\Delta$ )

★ 10% difference for the same benchmark

→ being investigated



# Direct detection in the S3M\_uR model

## ◆ The S3M\_uR model: coupling to the right-handed up-quark only

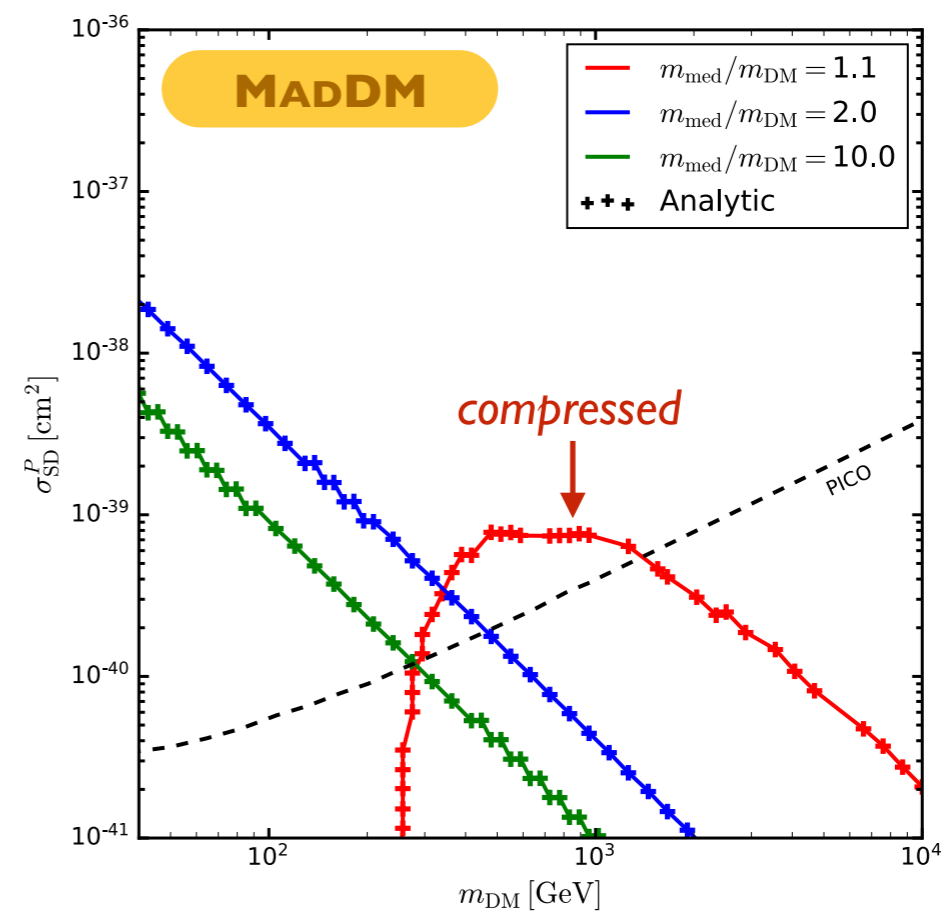
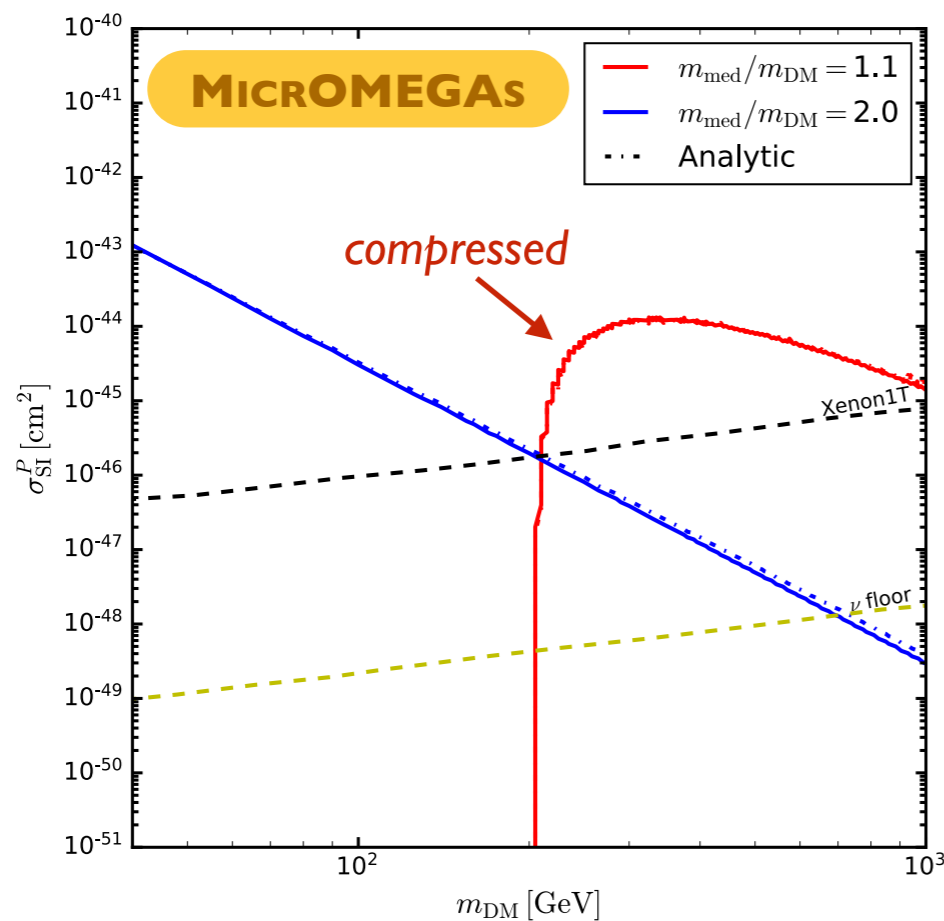
X (DM)	Spin	Self-conj.	Y (med.)	Spin
$\tilde{\chi}$	1/2	yes	$\varphi_Q, \varphi_u, \varphi_d$	0

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \left[ \lambda_u \overline{\tilde{\chi}} u_R \varphi_u^\dagger + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

Fixed by  $\Omega_{\text{CDM}}$

## ◆ Direct detection

♣ Validation: analytical calculations vs. MADDM/MICROMEGAS → excellent agreement



# Indirect detection in the S3M\_uR model

## ◆ The S3M\_uR model: coupling to the right-handed up-quark only

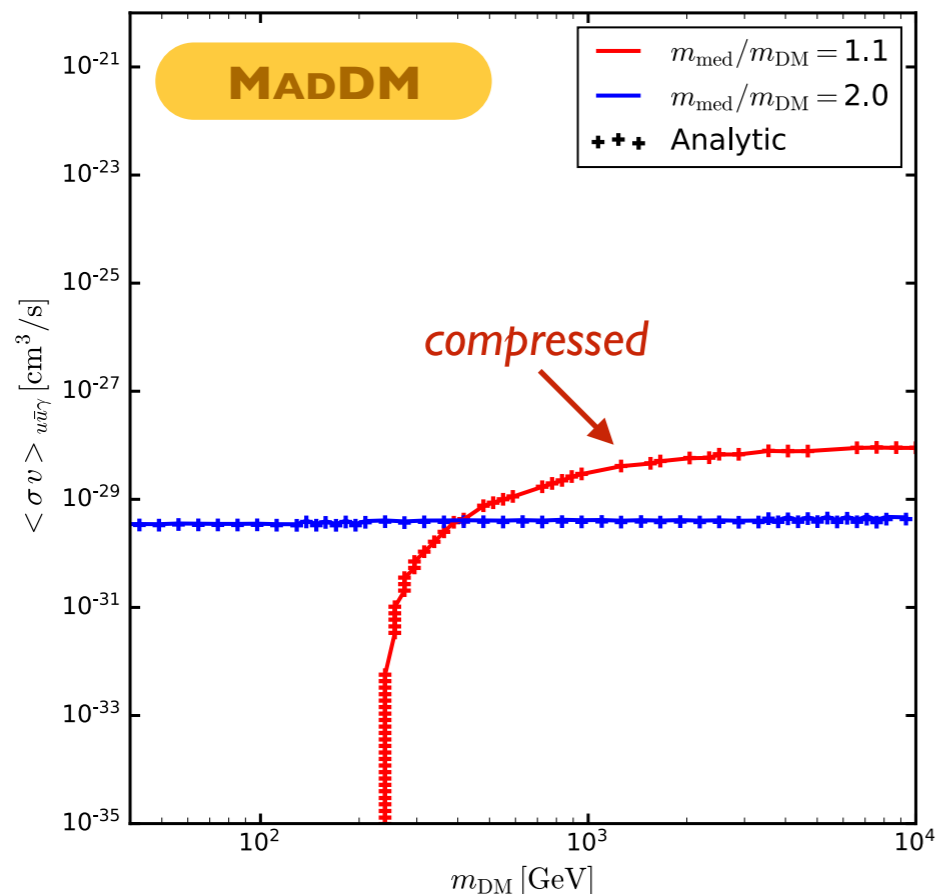
X (DM)	Spin	Self-conj.	Y (med.)	Spin
$\tilde{\chi}$	1/2	yes	$\varphi_Q, \varphi_u, \varphi_d$	0

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \left[ \lambda_u \tilde{\chi} u_R \varphi_u^\dagger + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

Fixed by  $\Omega_{\text{CDM}}$

## ◆ Indirect detection

- ♣ MADDM vs. (approximate) analytical calculations → excellent agreement
- ♣ 2-to-3 matrix elements integrated with MADEVENT





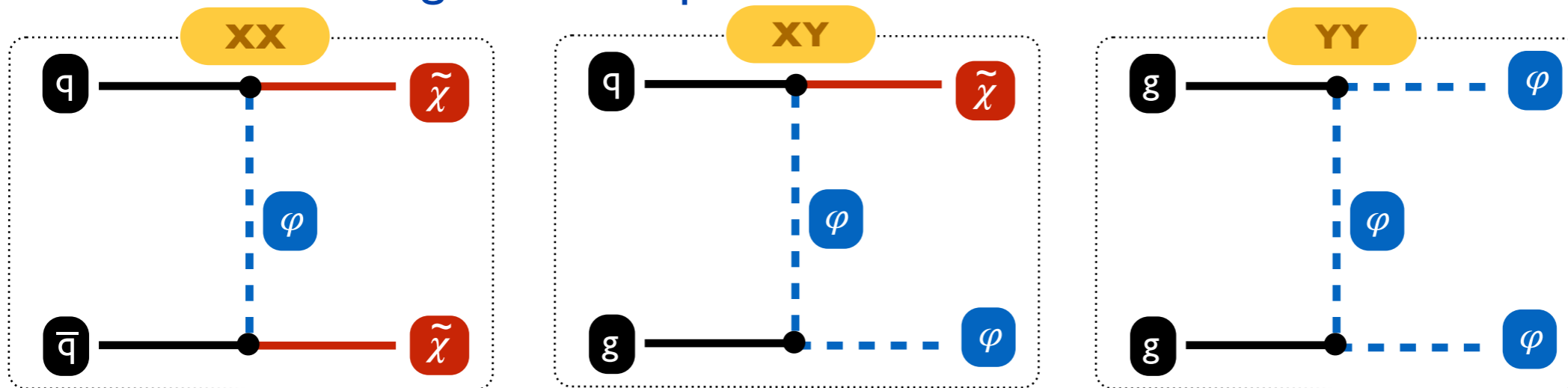
# DM production at colliders: the S3D\_uni case

## Model

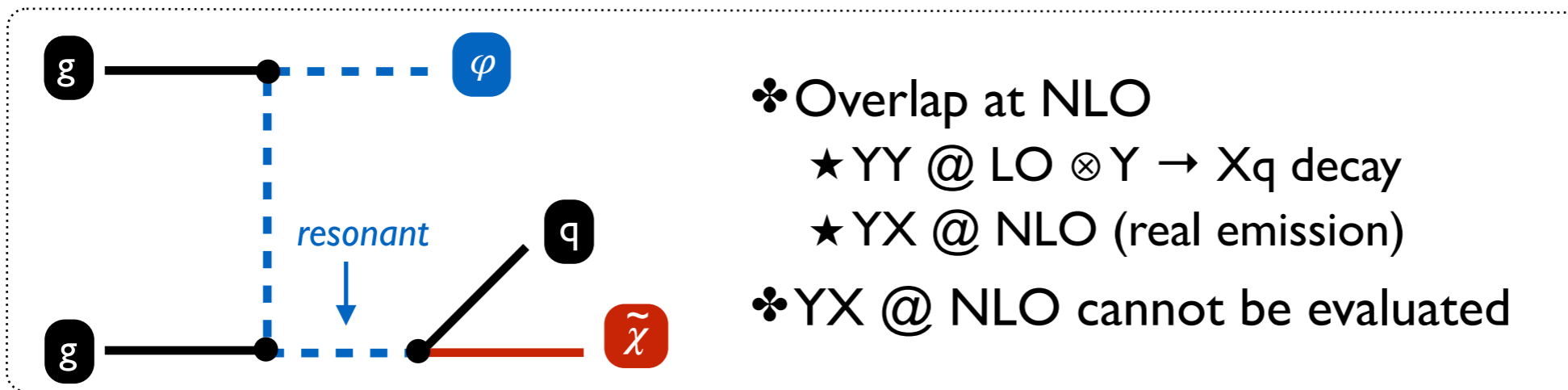
X (DM)	Spin	Self-conj.	Y (med.)	Spin
$\chi$	1/2	no	$\varphi_Q, \varphi_u, \varphi_d$	0

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \lambda \left[ \bar{\chi} Q_L \varphi_Q^\dagger + \bar{\chi} u_R \varphi_u^\dagger + \bar{\chi} d_R \varphi_d^\dagger + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

## Three contributing classes of processes



## NLO computations are not trivial



# Resonance subtraction

[ Frixione, BF, Hirschi, Mawatari, Shao, Sunder & Zaro (1907.04898) ]

## ◆ Different subtraction procedures

$$|\mathcal{A}|^2 = |\mathcal{A}^{(\text{non-res.})}|^2 + 2\Re\left(\mathcal{A}^{(\text{non-res.})}\mathcal{A}^{(\text{res.})\dagger}\right) + |\mathcal{A}^{(\text{res.})}|^2$$

- ❖ **DR**: the resonant diagrams are removed
- ❖ **DR+I**: diagram removal while keeping the interferences
- ❖ **DS**: subtraction of the purely resonant part from the last term

$$|\mathcal{A}^{(\text{res.})}|^2 d\Phi \Rightarrow |\mathcal{A}^{(\text{res.})}|^2 d\Phi - f(m_{\text{res.}}^2) \mathbb{P}\left(|\mathcal{A}^{(\text{res.})}|^2 d\Phi\right)$$

- ★ Different options (momenta projections)
- ★ The projection  $\propto$  2-to-2 Born

MG5\_AMC

# Jets + MET @ NLO (I)

## ◆ Simulation chain

- ❖ **Fixed order:** XX, XY and YY production at NLO
- ❖ **DR+I:** diagram removal while keeping the interferences
- ❖ **Parton shower** matching: PYTHIA 8 (MC@NLO procedure)
- ❖ **Detector/reco:** DELPHES 3 / FASTJET
- ❖ **Recasting:** MADANALYSIS 5

[ Frixione & Webber (JHEP'02); Sjöstrand et al. (CPC'15) ]  
[ Frixione, BF, Hirschi, Mawatari, Shao, Sunder & Zaro (1907.04898) ]  
[ Cacciari, Salam & Soyez (EPJC'12); de Favereau et al. (JHEP'14) ]  
[ Dumont, BF, Kraml et al. (EPJC '15); Conte & BF (IJMPA'18) ]

## ◆ Considered analyses

- ❖ **ATLAS SUSY 2016-07:** multijet + MET (36 fb<sup>-1</sup>; 2-6 jets)
- ❖ **ATLAS EXOT 2016-27:** monojet (36 fb<sup>-1</sup>)

## ◆ Benchmark: $m_\chi = 150$ GeV, $m_\gamma = 500$ GeV, $\lambda=1$

- ❖ XX production ( $p_T(j) > 100$  GeV): 3.3 pb (1.2% scales, 1.6% PDFs)
  - monojet sensitivity: 4-6 pb
- ❖ XY<sub>1</sub> production: 6.9 pb (6.2% scales, 1.2% PDFs)
- ❖ XY<sub>2</sub> production: 1 pb (5.6% scales, 5.8% PDFs)
  - monojet/multijet: excluded at 100% CL (both subprocesses independently)
- ❖ YY production: more tricky...

# Jets + MET @ NLO (2)

◆ Benchmark:  $m_\chi = 150 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $m_\gamma = 500 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\lambda=1$

♣  $Y_i Y_i$  production (QCD;  $i=1,2,3$ ):  $qq$  and  $gg$  channels (squark pair production)

♣  $Y_i Y_j$  production (DM  $t$ -channel;  $i,j=1,2,3$ )

♣ Interferences between the QCD and DM channels

→ Mixed orders: interferences @ LO + K-factor rescaling

→ monojet/multijet: excluded at 100% CL

# Summary- outlook

