



# Recent highlights of top-quark physics with the ATLAS Experiment

---

Lennart Rustige

*on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration*

2020-06-11

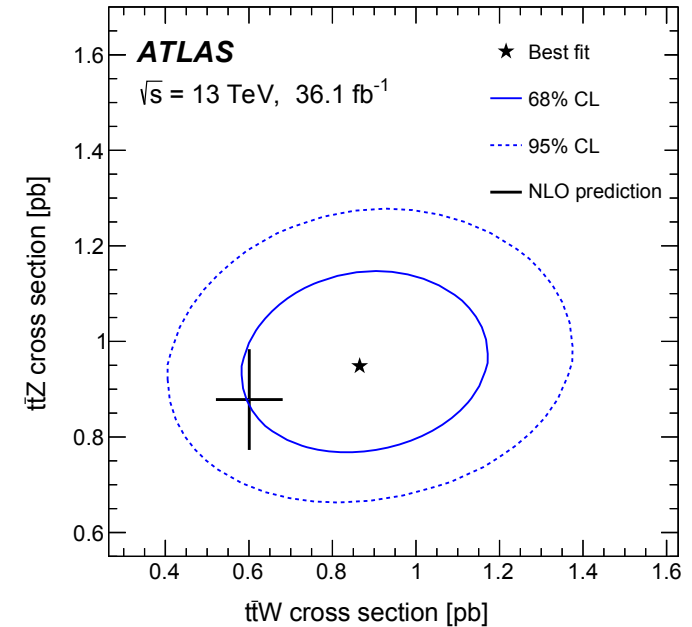
[lennart.rustige@cern.ch](mailto:lennart.rustige@cern.ch)

FPCP 2020, Illa da Toxa, Galicia, Spain / at home

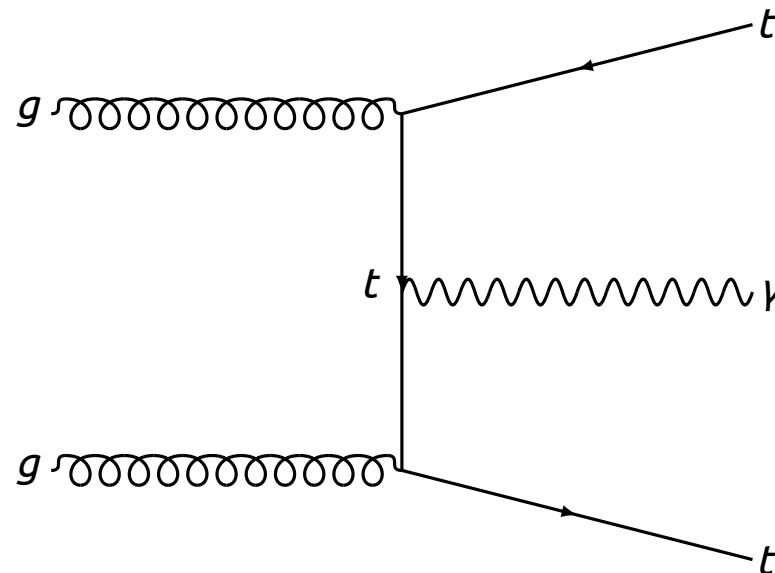


- I Recap on  $t\bar{t}X$  analysis at  $36.1\text{fb}^{-1}$ 
  - $t\bar{t}Z$  (+  $t\bar{t}W$ ) inclusive cross-section
  - $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  upper limit on cross-section in 1L and 2OSL final states
  
- II Brand new  $t\bar{t}X$  results  $139\text{fb}^{-1}$ 
  - $t\bar{t}Y$  inclusive and differential cross-section in  $e\mu$  final
  - $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  evidence in 2SSL and ML final states

- Combined analysis for  $t\bar{t}Z$  and  $t\bar{t}W$
- Goal:
  - Inclusive cross-section measurement and SMEFT interpretation
- Motivation:
  - Important Background to searches
  - Access to weak couplings of top quark
- 2 OS, 3 and 4 lepton selections for  $t\bar{t}Z$
- Signal Extraction:
  - Dedicated BDT in each SR
- Result:
  - Constraint on Wilson coefficients involving top quark and Z boson
  - $\sigma(t\bar{t}Z) = 0.9 \pm 0.3\text{ pb}$



- Inclusive and Differential cross-section measurement in fiducial space
- Selection:
  - 1 photon, 1 OS  $e\mu$  pair,  $\geq 2$  jets,  $\geq 1$   $b$ -tagged jets
  - Very low background contributions
- Motivation:
  - Comparison to state-of-the-art NLO prediction
  - Access to  $t\gamma$  coupling
  - New physics through anomalous dipole moment of the top quark



- Likelihood fit to  $S_T$
- Extrapolation to fiducial region with correction factor  $C$

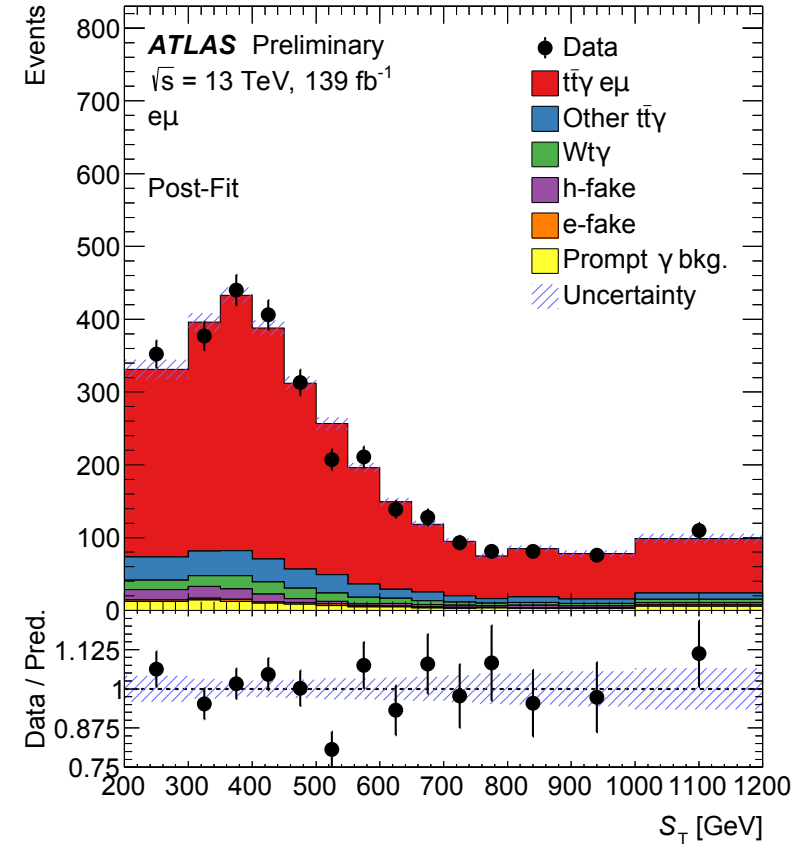
$$- C = \frac{N_{\text{reco}}}{N_{\text{MC}}^{\text{fid}}} = 0.393 \pm 0.013$$

- Determined using LO in QCD signal MC  
MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO with NNPDF2.3LO PDF and Pythia 8 with A14 tune

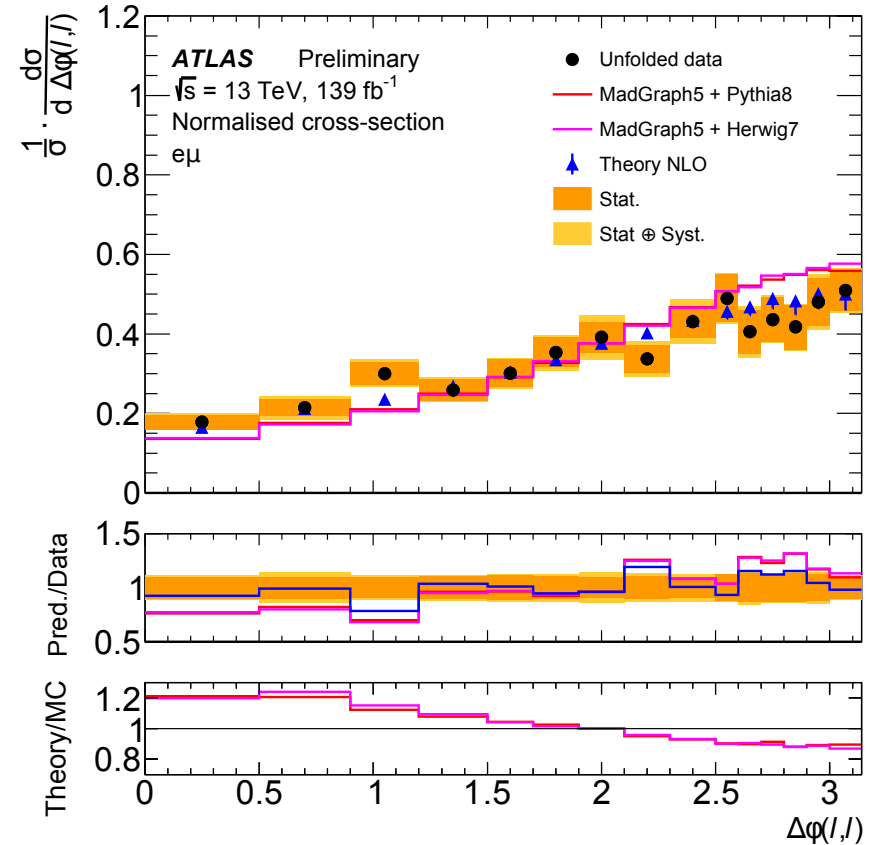
- $\sigma(t\bar{t}\gamma)_{\text{fid}} = 44.2 \pm 0.9 \text{ (stat)}_{-2.4}^{+2.6} \text{ (syst)} \text{ fb} = 44.2 \pm 2.6 \text{ fb}$

- Compared to

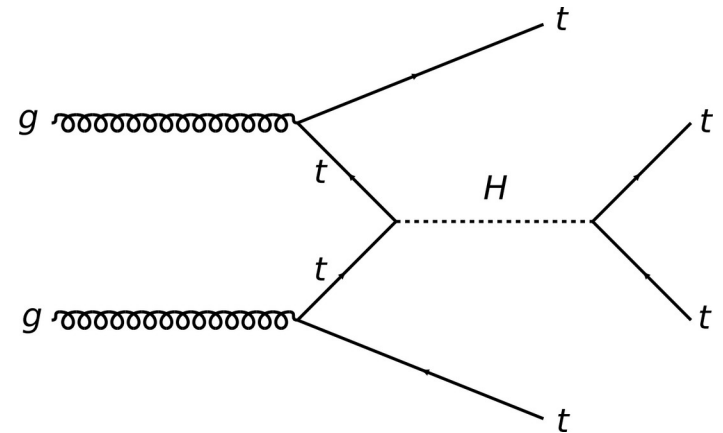
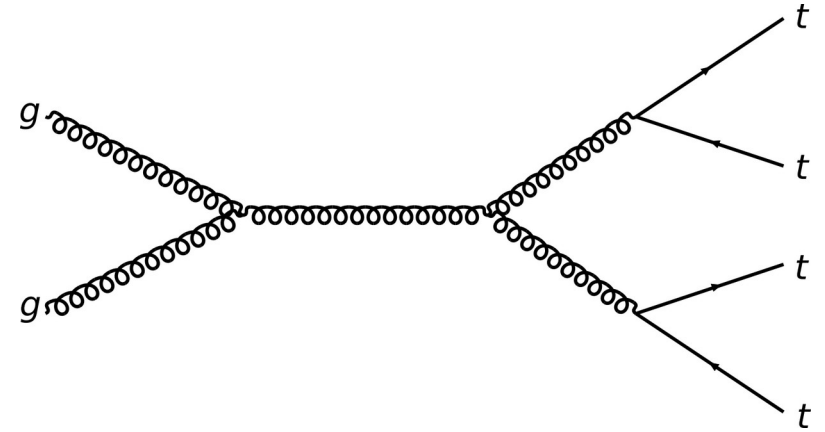
$$- \sigma(t\bar{t}\gamma)_{\text{NLO QCD}}^{\text{fid}} = 39.50_{-2.18}^{+0.56} \text{ (scale)}_{-1.18}^{+1.04} \text{ (PDF)} \text{ fb [JHEP10(2018)158]}$$

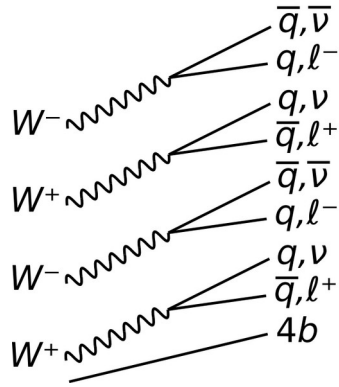


- Unfolding achieved using iterative Bayesian approach with two iterations
  - Migration matrix, signal efficiency and outside-migration fraction determined with the signal MC
- Results:
  - Differential cross-section for:
    - $\Delta R(l, \gamma)_{\min}$ : sensitive to  $t\gamma$  coupling
    - $\Delta\Phi(l, l)$  and  $\Delta\eta(l, l)$ : sensitive to  $t\bar{t}$  spin-correlations
    - $p_{T^{\gamma}}, |\eta_{\gamma}|$ : important kin. variables
  - Generators agree well with the measurement, except for  $\Delta\Phi(l, l)$ , where NLO is better



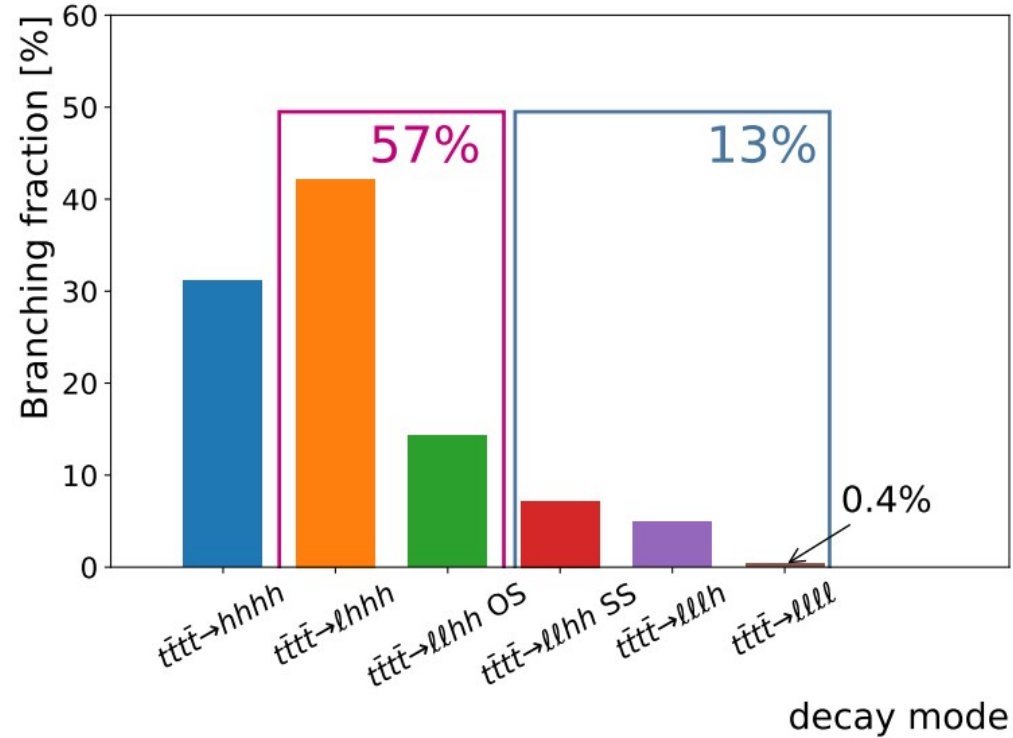
- Search for rare process in 1L + 2 OSL and 2 SSL+ ML final states
  - $\sigma(t\bar{t}t\bar{t})_{\text{NLO}} = 11.97^{+15\%}_{-21\%} \text{ fb}$  [JHEP02(2018)031]
- Goal:
  - Evidence for  $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  production
  - Inclusive cross-section measurement
- Motivation:
  - Handle on  $y_t$  without  $\Gamma_H$
  - Very energetic process and good probe for series of BSM models





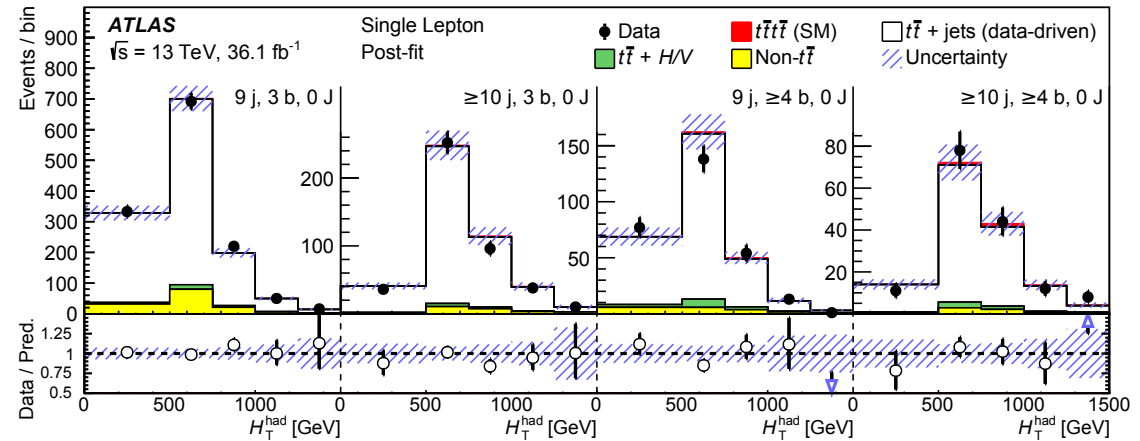
- 1 lepton and 2 opposite-sign leptons  
final states:  $36.1\text{fb}^{-1}$
- 2 same-sign leptons, 3 (or 4) leptons:  
 $139\text{fb}^{-1}$

First presented at LHCP on  
26.05.2020 -> Brand new!

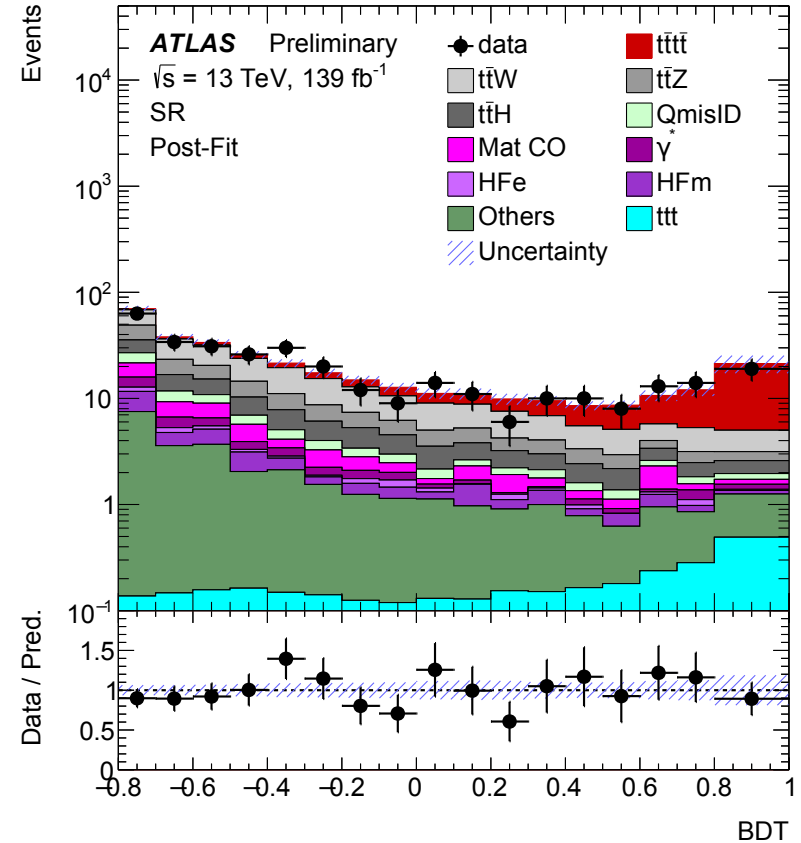




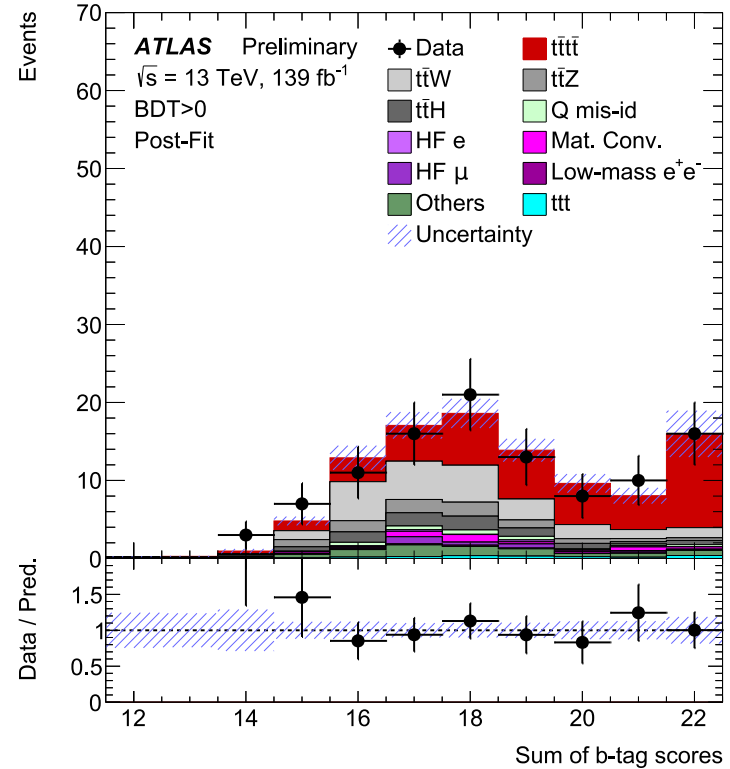
- 36.1fb<sup>-1</sup> analysis assuming  $\sigma(t\bar{t}t\bar{t})_{\text{NLO}_{QCD}} = 9.2 \pm 30\%(\text{scale}) \pm 6\%(\text{PDF}) \text{ fb}$
- SRs based on (*b*-tagged) jet and RCLR jet multiplicities
  - Likelihood fit of  $H_{\tau}^{\text{had}}$
- Results:
  - 47fb (33fb) observed (expected) 95% C.L upper limit on cross-section (CL<sub>s</sub> method)
  - EFT interpretation



- 139fb<sup>-1</sup> analysis assuming  $\sigma(t\bar{t}t\bar{t})_{\text{NLO}} = 11.97^{+15\%}_{-21\%} \text{ fb}$  [JHEP 02(2018)031]
- Background Estimation
  - Electron charge mis-reconstruction
    - Data-driven method using Z boson enriched regions
  - Other instrumental backgrounds and  $t\bar{t}W$ 
    - Normalisation from fit to data in dedicated regions, shape from MC
- Signal Extraction
  - BDT, sum of pseudo-continuous  $b$ -tagging weights most important, AUC =  $0.853 \pm 0.006$
- Results:
  - $\mu_{t\bar{t}t\bar{t}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{obs}}}{\sigma_{\text{NLO}}} = 2.0^{+0.4}_{-0.4} (\text{stat})^{+0.7}_{-0.5} (\text{syst}) = 2.0^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$ 
    - Consistent with SM within 1.7 standard deviations
  - Observed (expected) significance: 4.3 (2.4) standard deviations. **Evidence!**
  - $\sigma(t\bar{t}t\bar{t}) = 24^{+5}_{-5} (\text{stat})^{+5}_{-4} (\text{syst}) \text{ fb} = 24^{+7}_{-6} \text{ fb}$



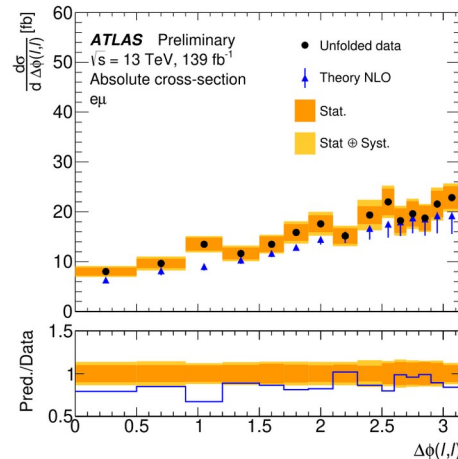
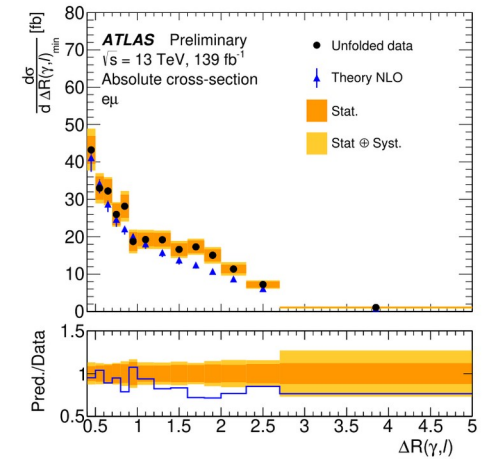
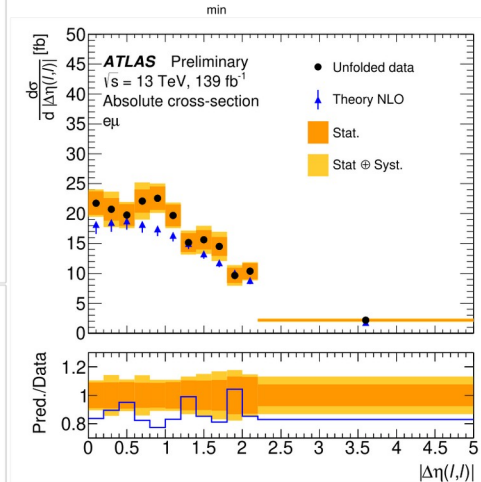
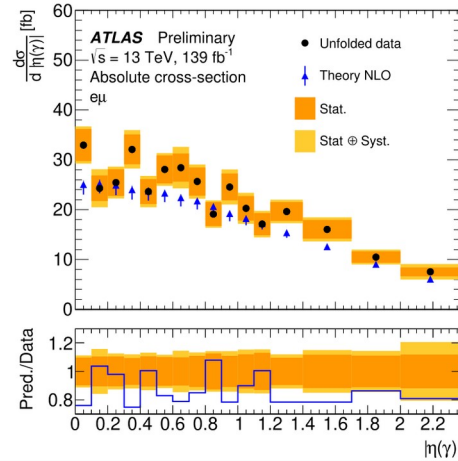
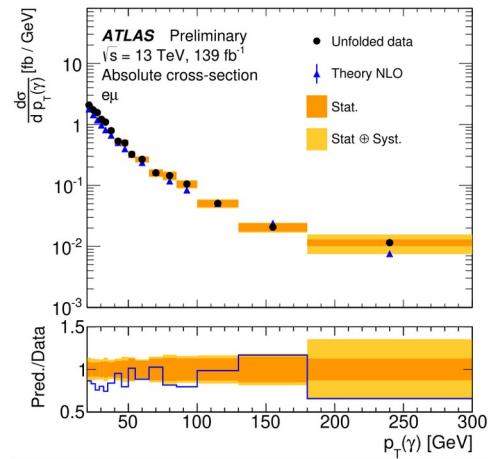
- Two exciting new results:
  - $t\bar{t}\gamma$  inclusive and differential cross-section
  - Evidence for  $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  production



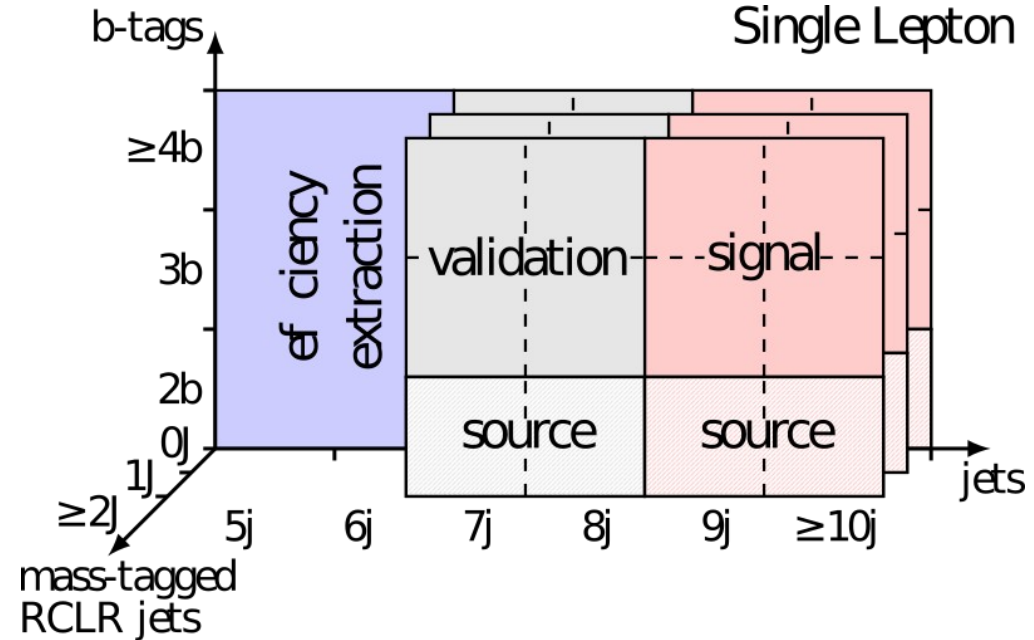
# Additional Material

---

# $t\bar{t}\gamma$ differential cross-section



- $t\bar{t}$  modelling difficult for high ( $b$ -tagged) jet multiplicities  
→  $t\bar{t}$  tag rate function data-driven background estimation
  - Assumption: Probability to tag an additional jet as a  $b$  jet is the same for any number of additional jets
    - Calculate this probability in low  $N_j$
    - Apply in SRs



- $t\bar{t}W$  scaled by 1.6
  - Agrees well with  $t\bar{t}H$  to ML search
  - Very high  $N_j$  multiplicity
  - Trigger for new NLO in QCD computation [arxiv:2005.09427]
- Systematic uncertainties:
  - 125% on  $t\bar{t}W$  7j
  - 300% on  $t\bar{t}W \geq 8j$
  - 50%  $t\bar{t}W$  3b and  $t\bar{t}W \geq 4b$
  - 100% on  $t\bar{t}t$
  - 50% on  $t\bar{t}t+b$

