

Higgs boson couplings to bottom quarks at the ATLAS experiment

Giulia Di Gregorio

On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

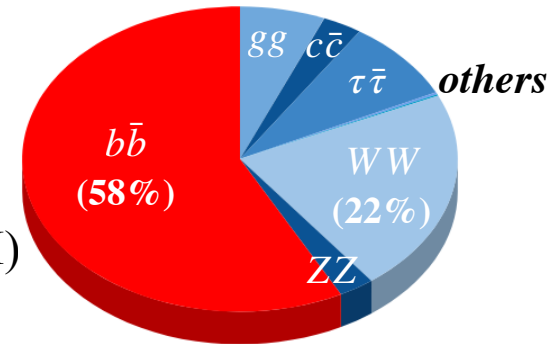
FPCP2020

8th-12th June 2020



Introduction

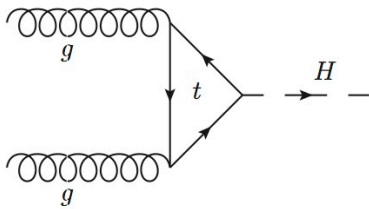
- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ **dominant decay**
 - Measurement of the **b-quark Yukawa coupling** has a **leading impact** on the estimate of **Higgs width** (Γ_H)
 - Provides **enhanced sensitivity** to some **Beyond the SM (BSM)** physics models in the **high p_T regime**
- Different analyses study the $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decays depending on the Higgs production mode



ggF+ISR boosted

$H(b\bar{b})$ analysis

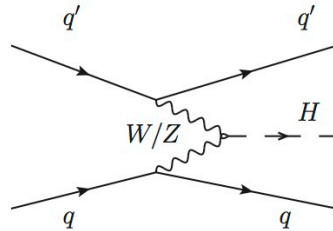
[ATLAS-CONF-2018-052](#)



- **Higgs + jet** in the final state
- **Highly boosted jets**

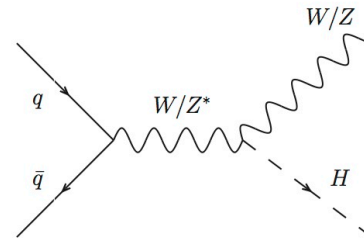
VBF($b\bar{b}$) analysis

[Phys.Rev. D 98 \(2018\) 052003](#)



- **All hadronic analysis** with **forward jets**
- **VBF($b\bar{b}$)+ γ analysis**

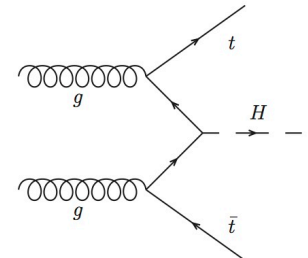
VH($b\bar{b}$) analysis



- Triggered by **leptonic decays of the vector boson $V(V=Z$ or $W)$**
- **Resolved analysis** [[ATLAS-CONF-2020-006](#)]
- **New boosted analysis** [[ATLAS-CONF-2020-007](#)]

ttH($b\bar{b}$) analysis

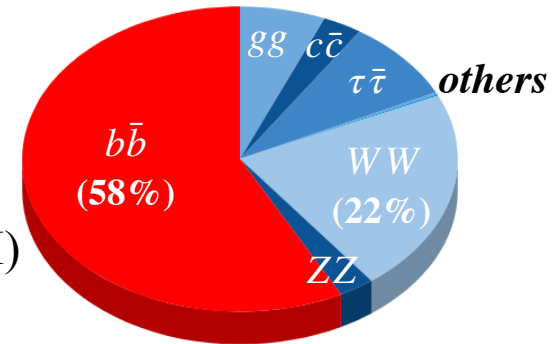
[Phys.Rev. D 97 \(2018\) 072016](#)



- **Semileptonic decay** of at least on **top quark**

Introduction

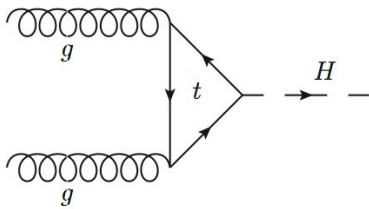
- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ **dominant decay**
 - Measurement of the **b-quark Yukawa coupling** has a **leading impact** on the estimate of **Higgs width** (Γ_H)
 - Provides **enhanced sensitivity** to some **Beyond the SM (BSM)** physics models in the **high p_T regime**
- Different analyses study the $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decays depending on the Higgs production mode



ggF+ISR boosted

$H(b\bar{b})$ analysis

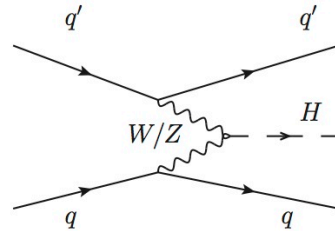
[ATLAS-CONF-2018-052](#)



- **Higgs + jet** in the final state
- **Highly boosted jets**

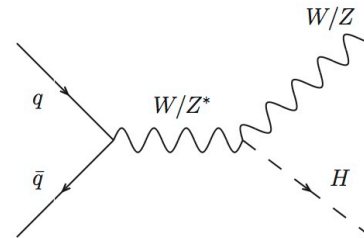
VBF($b\bar{b}$) analysis

[Phys.Rev. D 98 \(2018\) 052003](#)



- **All hadronic analysis** with **forward jets**
- **VBF($b\bar{b}$)+ γ analysis**

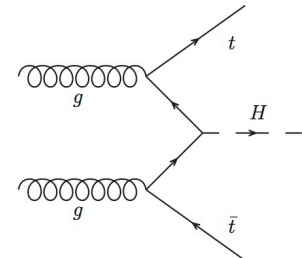
VH($b\bar{b}$) analysis



- Triggered by **leptonic decays of the vector boson $V(V=Z$ or $W)$**
- **Resolved analysis** [[ATLAS-CONF-2020-006](#)]
- **New boosted analysis** [[ATLAS-CONF-2020-007](#)]

ttH($b\bar{b}$) analysis

[Phys.Rev. D 97 \(2018\) 072016](#)



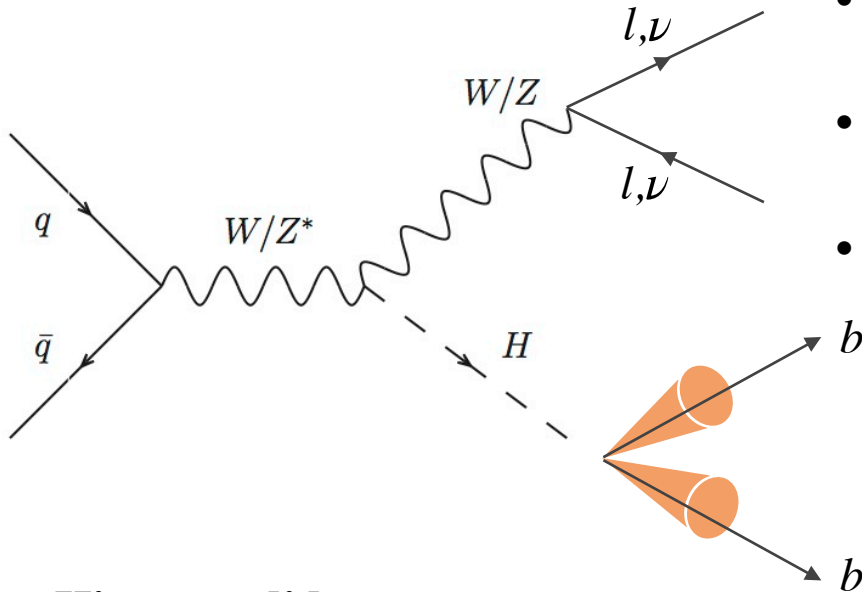
- **Semileptonic decay** of at least on **top quark**

VH($b\bar{b}$) analyses updated to the full Run 2 dataset

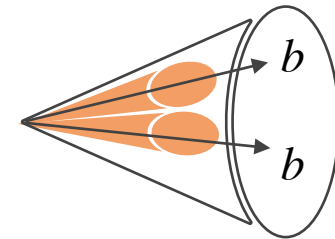
VH($b\bar{b}$) channel

Vector boson candidate reconstruction

- $Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$: Missing transverse momentum E_T^{miss}
 \hookrightarrow **0-lepton channel (0L)**
- $W \rightarrow l\nu$: 1 charged lepton (e, μ)
 \hookrightarrow **1-lepton channel (1L)**
- $Z \rightarrow l\bar{l}$: 2 charged leptons ($ee, \mu\mu$)
 \hookrightarrow **2-lepton channel (2L)**



Increase p_T^H



Higgs candidate reconstruction:

Resolved analysis

- Exactly **2 small-R jets** ($R=0.4$) **b -tagged** [70% efficiency for b -jets]

Boosted analysis

- **1 large-R jet** ($R=1$)
- **2 leading track jets** **b -tagged** [70% efficiency for b -jets]

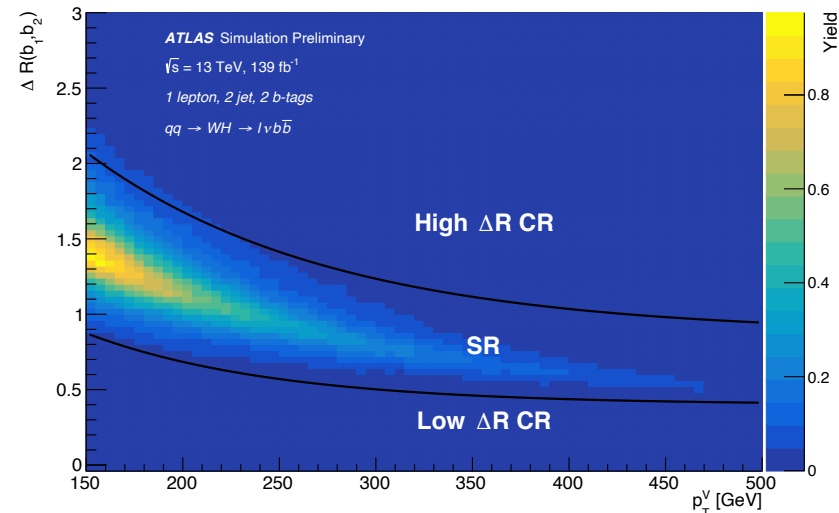
VH($b\bar{b}$) resolved: event categorization

Event categorization:

Channel	0/1-lepton	2-lepton
Number of small-R jets	2/3 jets	2/3+ jets
p_T^V	150-250 GeV	75-150 GeV
	>250 GeV	150-250 GeV >250 GeV

Signal (SR) and control region (CR) definition:

- Continuous cuts on $\Delta R(b_1, b_2)$ as a function of p_T^V



High ΔR CR: enriched in $t\bar{t}$

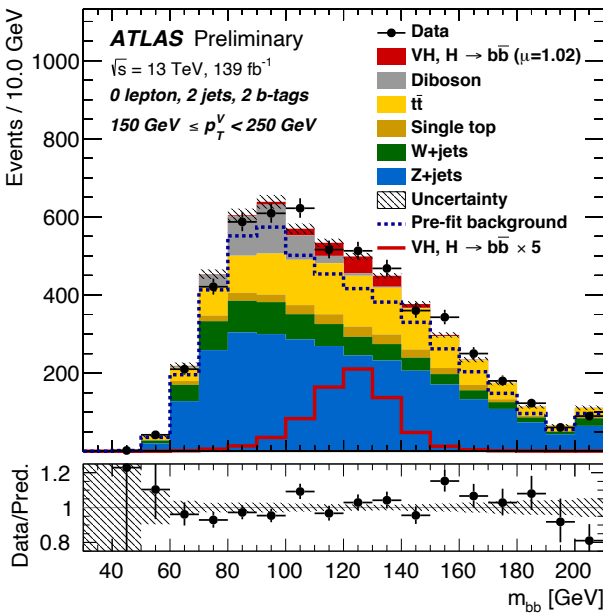
SR: contains > 80% signal events

Low ΔR CR: enriched in V+jets

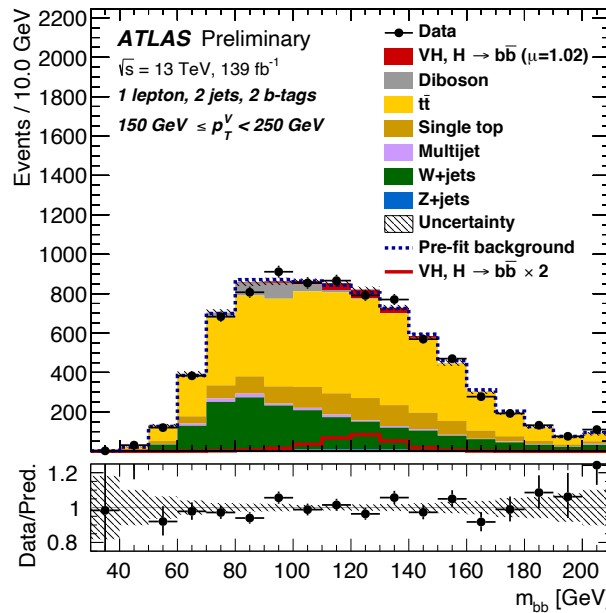
Total:
14 SRs + 28 CRs

VH($b\bar{b}$) resolved: main backgrounds

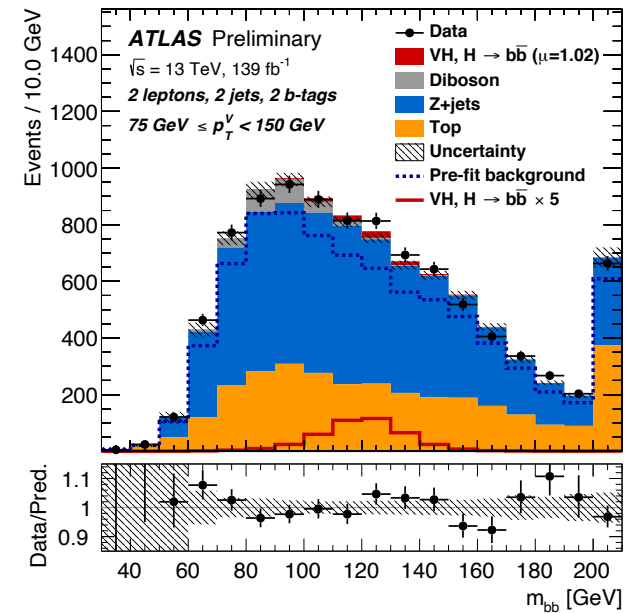
0-lepton



1-lepton



2-lepton



Main backgrounds:

- **Z+jets** and **W+jets**
 - **$t\bar{t}$** and **single top**
 - **top** ($t\bar{t}$, single-top) → only in 2L, contribution studied using data-driven method from $e-\mu$ events
 - **Diboson** (WZ, ZZ) → final state similar to VH when $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, used to validate the analysis (diboson analysis)
 - **Multijets** → suppressed to negligible levels in 0L/2L by dedicated criteria, evaluated in 1L using data-driven method
- } Dominant backgrounds, constrained with CR

VH($b\bar{b}$) resolved: Multivariate analysis

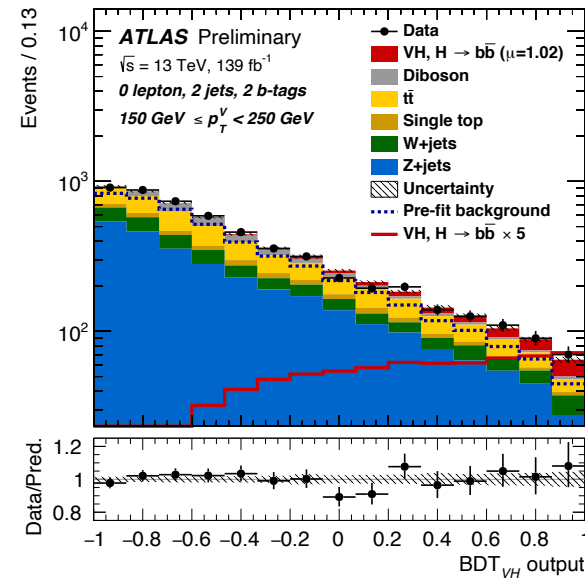
Most powerful

Variable	0-lepton	1-lepton	2-lepton
m_{bb}	×	×	×
$\Delta R(b_1, b_2)$	×	×	×
$p_T^{b_1}$	×	×	×
$p_T^{b_2}$	×	×	×
$p_T^V \equiv E_T^{\text{miss}}$	×	×	×
$\Delta\phi(\vec{V}, b\bar{b})$	×	×	×
MV2(b_1)	×	×	
MV2(b_2)	×	×	
$ \Delta\eta(\vec{b}_1, \vec{b}_2) $	×		
m_{eff}	×		
$p_T^{\text{miss, st}}$	×		
E_T^{miss}	×	×	
$\min[\Delta\phi(\vec{\ell}, \vec{b})]$		×	
m_T^W		×	
$ \Delta y(\vec{V}, b\bar{b}) $		×	
m_{top}		×	
$ \Delta\eta(\vec{V}, b\bar{b}) $			×
$E_T^{\text{miss}}/\sqrt{S_T}$			×
$m_{\ell\ell}$			×
$\cos\theta(\vec{\ell}^-, \vec{Z})$			×
Only in 3-jet events			
$p_T^{\text{jet}_3}$	×	×	×
m_{bbj}	×	×	×

Boosted Decision Tree (BDT):

- Input: **kinematics variables** and **b -tagging info**
- Output: BDT variable

→ discriminate between signal and bkg events

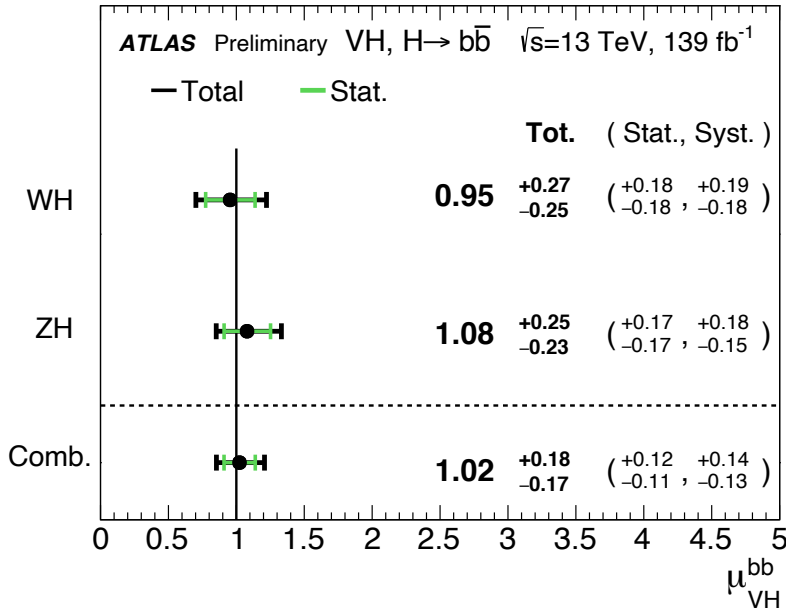


Simultaneous profile likelihood fit to the BDT outputs in the SRs and to the event yields in the CRs

→ to extract the signal strength μ

$$\mu_{VH}^{bb} = \frac{(\sigma(VH) \times BR(H \rightarrow b\bar{b}))_{\text{measured}}}{(\sigma(VH) \times BR(H \rightarrow b\bar{b}))_{SM}}$$

VH($b\bar{b}$) resolved: Results



Observed (expected) significance:

- **VH:** 6.7 (6.7) σ
- **WH:** 4.0 (4.1) σ
 → strong evidence of WH($b\bar{b}$) production
- **ZH:** 5.3 (5.1) σ
 → observation of ZH($b\bar{b}$) production

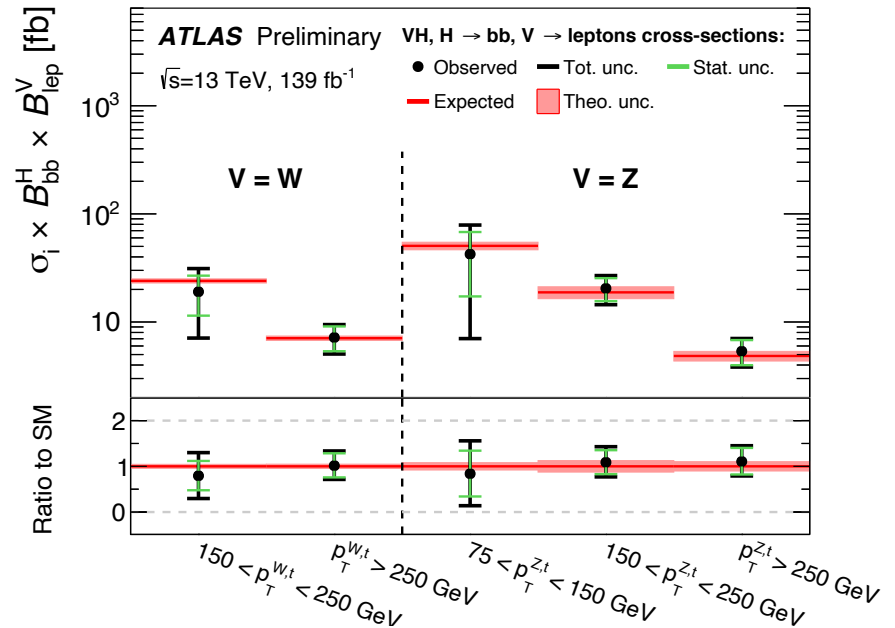
Dijet-mass analysis and diboson analysis

used to validate the multivariate analysis

- **5 σ observation of VH($b\bar{b}$)** from the dijet-mass analysis

Differential cross-section measurement

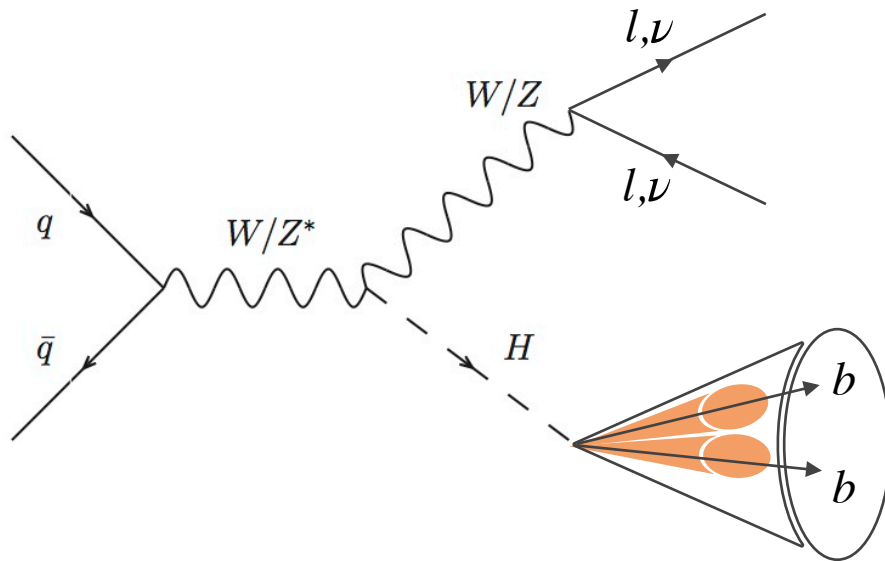
- Performed using **Simplified Template Cross Section (STXS)** framework in **5 bins**
- **Good agreement with SM predictions**



VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted

- **Aim:**

- ▶ To study high p_T VH production → **focus on $p_T^V > 250$ GeV**
- ▶ To establish boosted H($b\bar{b}$) reconstruction techniques for Higgs measurements → **robust & standalone analysis**



Higgs-candidate reconstruction:

- Leading large-R jet
 - $p_T > 250$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.0$;
 - ≥ 2 associated variable-radius track jets
 - Leading 2 b-tagged

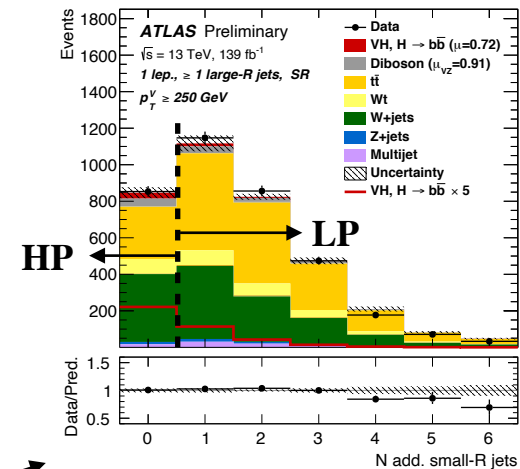
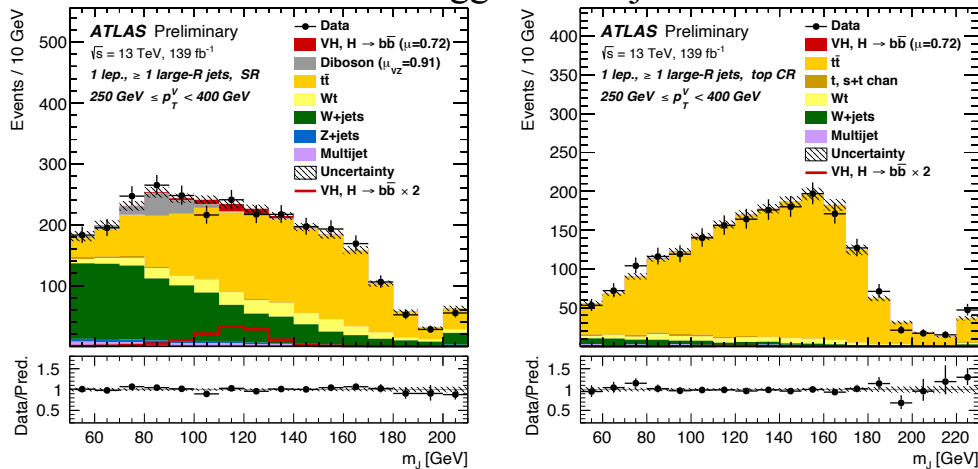
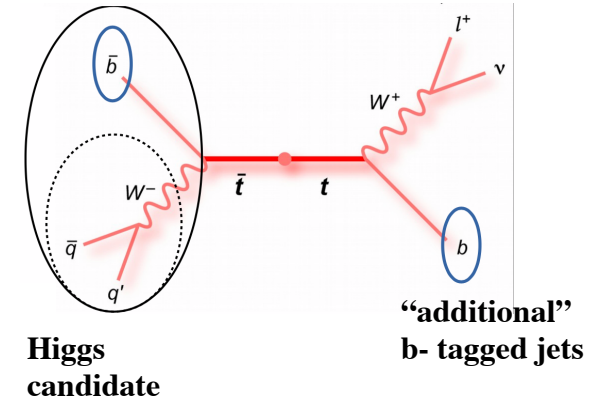
Event selection:

- Built up on “resolved” VH($b\bar{b}$) analysis

Final discriminant: large-R jet mass m_J

VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted: event categorization

- **Channel:** 0-lepton, 1-lepton and 2-lepton channel
- p_T^V split:
 - ▶ $250 \text{ GeV} < p_T^V < 400 \text{ GeV}$,
 - ▶ $p_T^V > 400 \text{ GeV}$;
- **SR/CR definition** (only in 0L/1L): # additional b -tagged track-jets
 - SR: 0 additional b -tagged track-jets
 - CR: 1+ additional b -tagged track-jets



- **SR splitting** (only in 0L/1L): # additional small-R jets
 - ▶ **High Purity (HP) SR:** 0 additional small-R jets
 - ▶ **Low Purity (LP) SR:** 1+ additional small-R jets

Total:
10 SRs + 4 CRs

VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted: Results

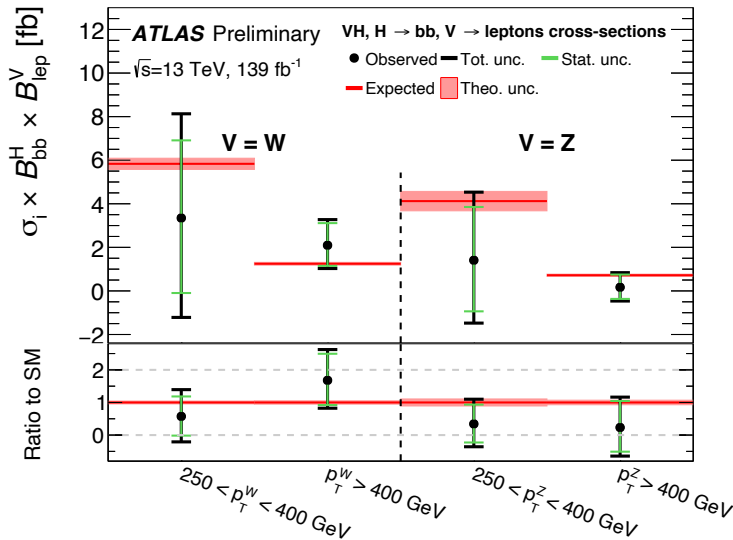
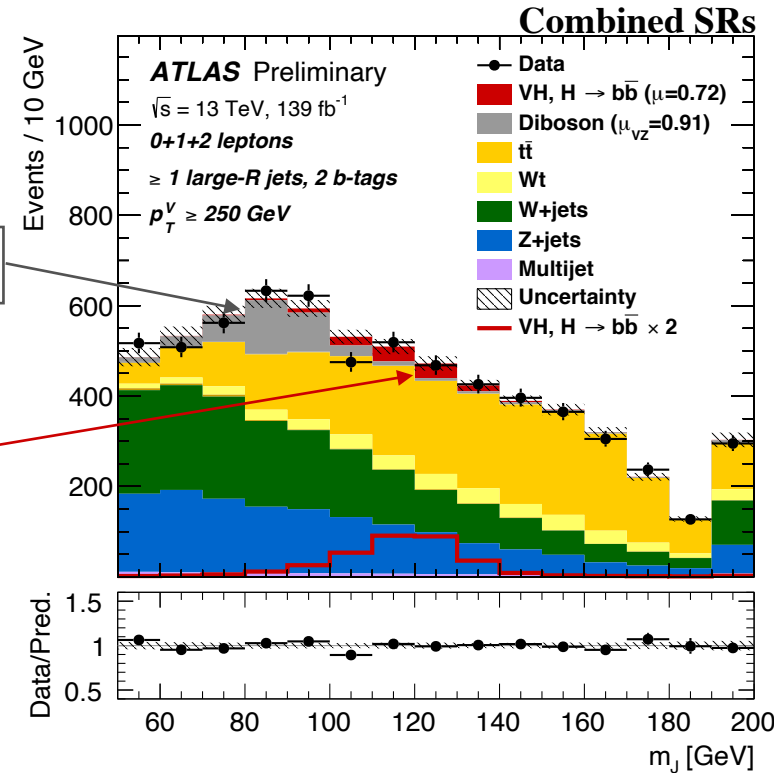
- **Binned profile likelihood fit** in m_J in 14 regions:
 - *simultaneously* extracting VH($b\bar{b}$) and VZ($b\bar{b}$) signal strengths (μ_{VH}, μ_{VZ})

$$\mu_{VZ} = 0.91^{+0.29}_{-0.23} = 0.91 \pm 0.15(\text{stat.})^{+0.25}_{-0.17}(\text{syst.})$$

Obs.(exp) significance: **5.2 (5.7) σ**

$$\mu_{VH} = 0.72^{+0.39}_{-0.36} = 0.72^{+0.29}_{-0.28}(\text{stat.})^{+0.26}_{-0.22}(\text{syst.})$$

Obs.(exp) significance: **2.1 (2.7) σ**



Differential cross-section measurement

- Performed using **STXS** framework in **4 bins**
- **First measurement of $p_T^V > 400 \text{ GeV}$**
- **Good agreement with SM prediction**

Constraints on BSM parameters

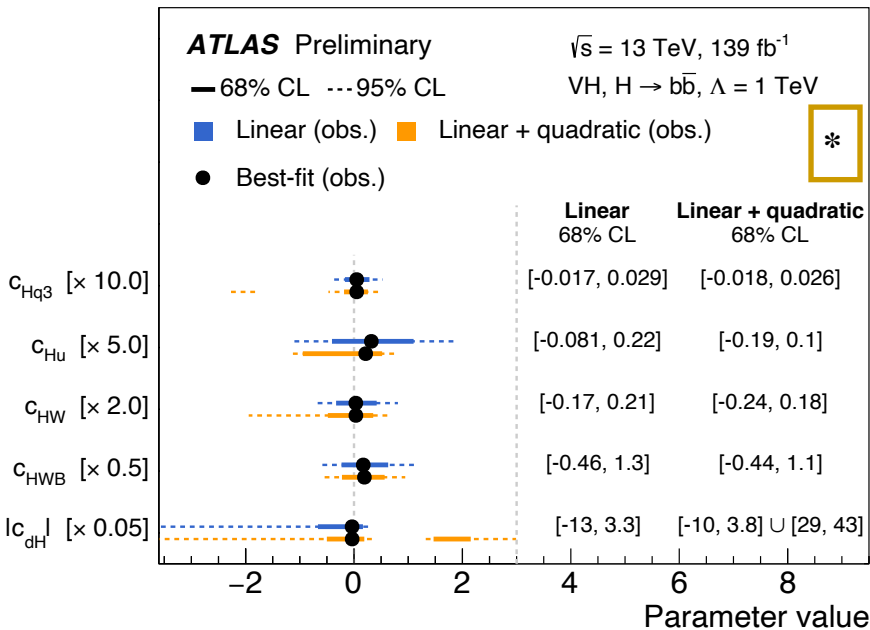
- Parameterization of BSM effects using **effective Lagrangian** with **dimension-6 operators** in the Warsaw basis: $\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i c_i^{(6)} \cdot \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)} / \Lambda^2$

- $c_i^{(6)}$ = Wilson coefficient
- $\mathcal{O}_i^{(6)}$ = dimension-6 operator
- Λ = BSM scale

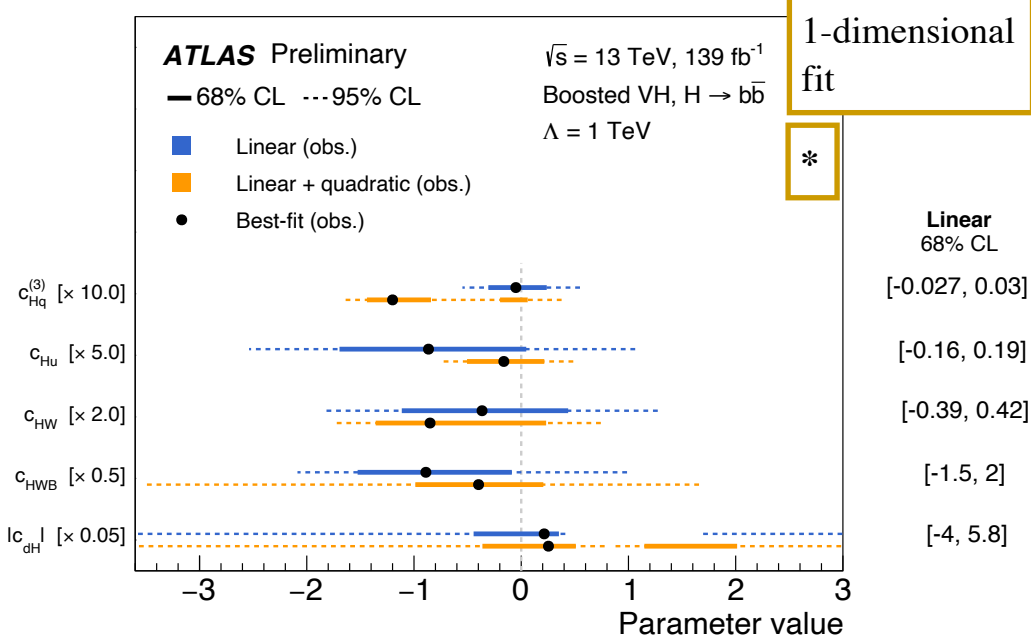
Coefficient	Operator
c_{HWB}	$\mathcal{O}_{HWB} = H^\dagger \tau^I H W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$
c_{HW}	$\mathcal{O}_{HW} = H^\dagger H W_{\mu\nu}^I W_I^{\mu\nu}$
c_{Hq3}	$\mathcal{O}_{Hq}^{(3)} = (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{q}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_r)$
c_{Hu}	$\mathcal{O}_{Hu} = (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu u_r)$
c_{dH}	$\mathcal{O}_{dH} = (H^\dagger H) (\bar{q} d H)$

- Same set of **Wilson coefficients** studied by both $VH(b\bar{b})$ analyses

Resolved analysis



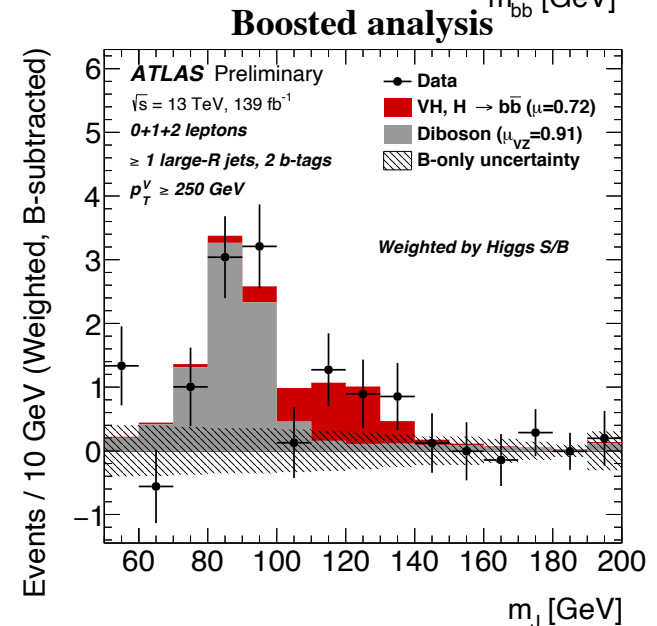
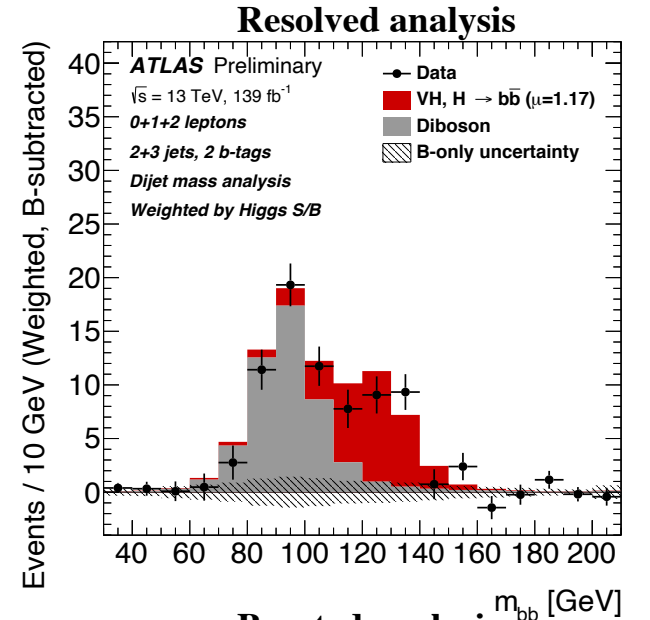
Boosted analysis



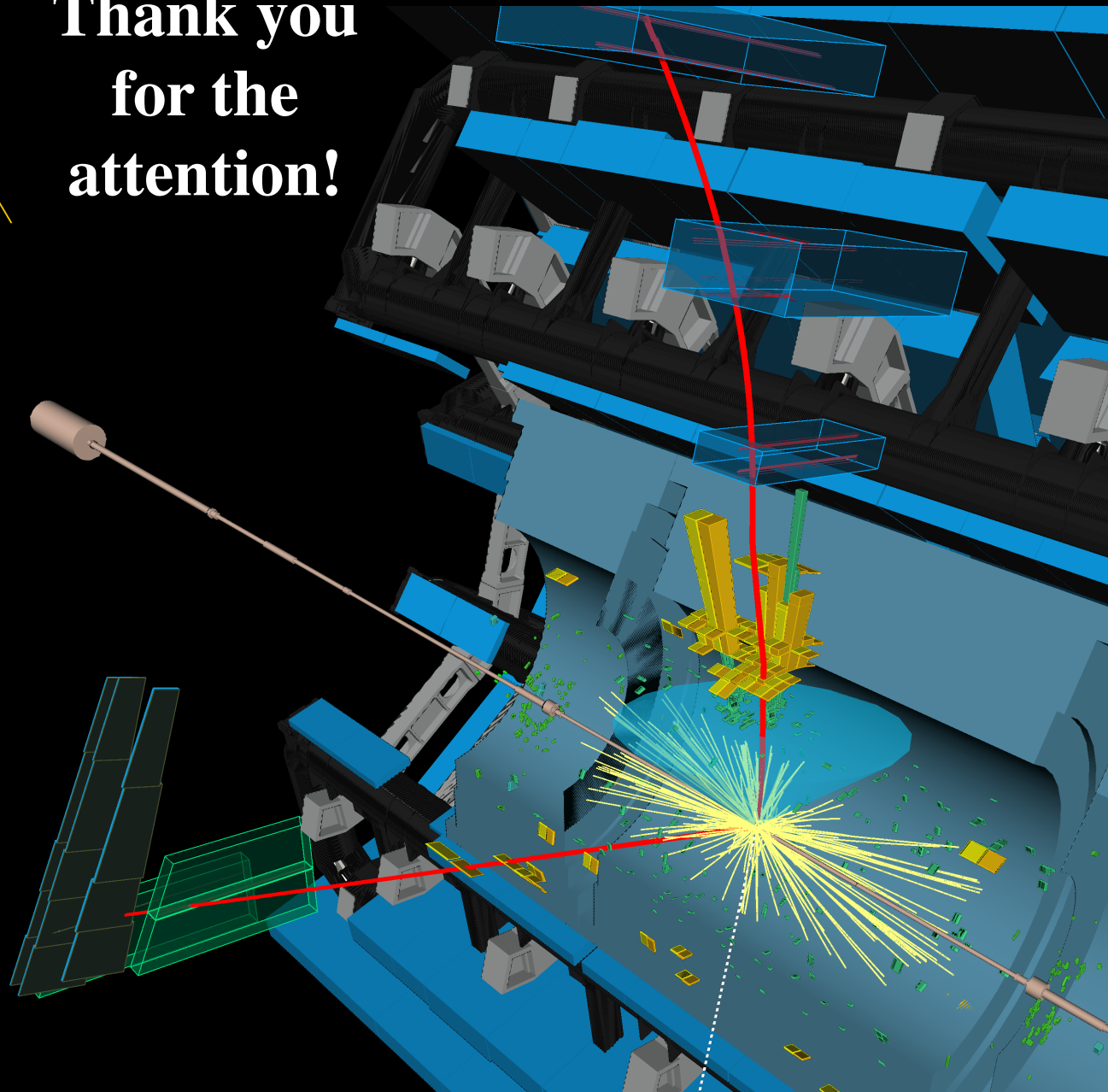
- Results are all **consistent with the SM expectations**

Conclusions

- **Measurement of $VH(b\bar{b})$ process** from ATLAS using the **full Run 2 dataset**
- **Resolved $VH(b\bar{b})$:**
 - Observation of $ZH(b\bar{b})$
 - Strong evidence of $WH(b\bar{b})$
 - Observation of $VH(b\bar{b})$ from dijet-mass analysis
- **Boosted $VH(b\bar{b})$:**
 - ▶ Establish boosted $H(b\bar{b})$ reconstruction techniques for Higgs measurements
 - ▶ Extend STXS bin $p_T^V > 400$ GeV
- All the measurements are in **good agreement with SM prediction**
 - ▶ Extracted **EFT limits** from VH STXS measurements



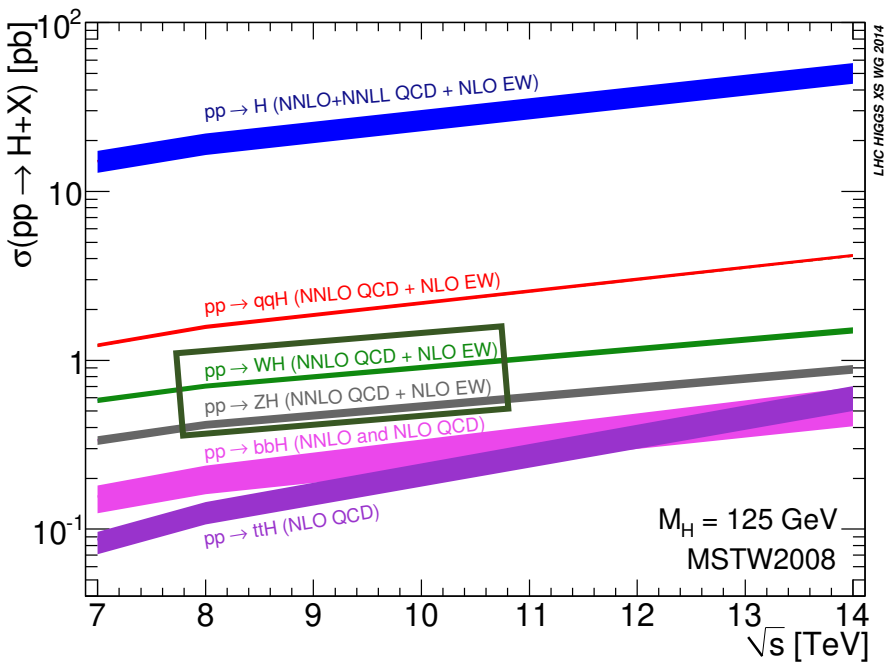
Thank you
for the
attention!



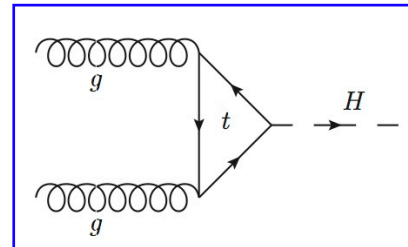
Run: 338349
Event: 616525246
2017-10-16 20:24:46 CEST

Backup slides

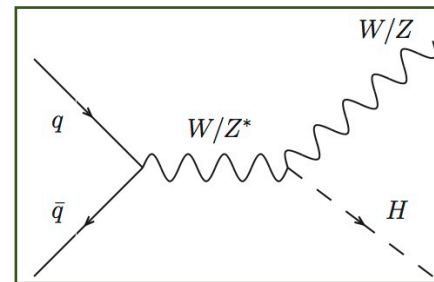
Higgs production mode



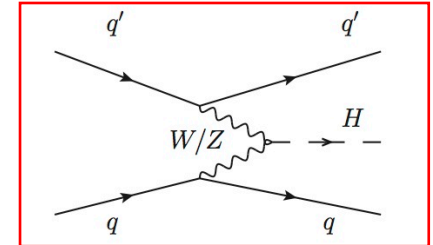
Gluon-gluon fusion



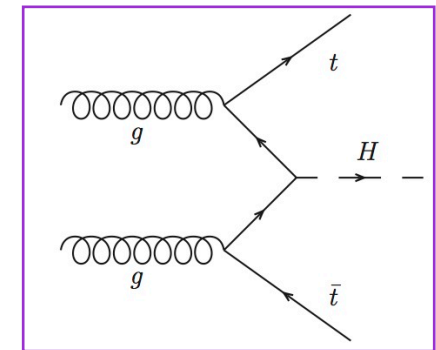
Associated production with a vector boson V (V=Z or W)



Vector-boson fusion



Associated production top quarks



VH($b\bar{b}$) resolved: event selection

Selection	0-lepton		1-lepton		2-lepton
			e sub-channel	μ sub-channel	
Trigger	E_T^{miss}		Single lepton	E_T^{miss}	Single lepton
Leptons	0 <i>loose</i> leptons		Exactly 1 <i>tight</i> electron 0 additional <i>loose</i> leptons $p_T > 27$ GeV	Exactly 1 <i>tight</i> muon 0 additional <i>loose</i> leptons $p_T > 25$ GeV	Exactly 2 <i>loose</i> leptons $p_T > 27$ GeV Same-flavour Opposite-sign charges ($\mu\mu$)
E_T^{miss}	> 150 GeV		> 30 GeV	–	–
$m_{\ell\ell}$	–		–	–	$81 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 101 \text{ GeV}$
Jet p_T			> 20 GeV for $ \eta < 2.5$ > 30 GeV for $2.5 < \eta < 4.5$		
b -jets			Exactly 2 b -tagged jets		
Leading b -tagged jet p_T			> 45 GeV		
Jet categories	Exactly 2 / Exactly 3 jets		Exactly 2 / Exactly 3 jets		Exactly 2 / ≥ 3 jets
H_T	> 120 GeV (2 jets), > 150 GeV (3 jets)		–		–
$\min[\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, \vec{jets})]$	$> 20^\circ$ (2 jets), $> 30^\circ$ (3 jets)		–		–
$\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, \vec{b}\bar{b})$	$> 120^\circ$		–		–
$\Delta\phi(\vec{b}_1, \vec{b}_2)$	$< 140^\circ$		–		–
$\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}})$	$< 90^\circ$		–		–
p_T^V regions	– $150 \text{ GeV} < p_T^V < 250 \text{ GeV}$ $p_T^V > 250 \text{ GeV}$		– $150 \text{ GeV} < p_T^V < 250 \text{ GeV}$ $p_T^V > 250 \text{ GeV}$		$75 \text{ GeV} < p_T^V < 150 \text{ GeV}$ $150 \text{ GeV} < p_T^V < 250 \text{ GeV}$ $p_T^V > 250 \text{ GeV}$
Signal regions			$\Delta R(\vec{b}_1, \vec{b}_2)$ signal selection		
Control regions			High and low $\Delta R(\vec{b}_1, \vec{b}_2)$ side-bands		

VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted: event selection

Selection	0 lepton channel	1 lepton channel		2 leptons channel	
		e sub-channel	μ sub-channel	e sub-channel	μ sub-channel
Trigger	E_T^{miss}	Single electron	E_T^{miss}	Single electron	E_T^{miss}
Leptons	0 <i>baseline</i> leptons	1 <i>signal</i> lepton $p_T > 27$ GeV $p_T > 25$ GeV no second <i>baseline</i> lepton		2 <i>baseline</i> leptons among which ≥ 1 <i>signal</i> lepton, $p_T > 27$ GeV both leptons of the same flavour - opposite sign muons	
E_T^{miss}	> 250 GeV	> 50 GeV	-	-	
p_T^V	$p_T^V > 250$ GeV				
Large- R jets	at least one large- R jet, $p_T > 250$ GeV, $ \eta < 2.0$				
Track-jets	at least two track-jets, $p_T > 10$ GeV, $ \eta < 2.5$, associated to the leading large- R jet				
b -jets	leading two track-jets associated to the leading large- R must be b -tagged (MV2c10, 70%)				
m_J	> 50 GeV				
$\min[\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{small-}R \text{ jets})]$	$> 30^\circ$	-			
$\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, H_{\text{cand}})$	$> 120^\circ$	-			
$\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, E_{T, \text{trk}}^{\text{miss}})$	$< 90^\circ$	-			
$\Delta y(V, H_{\text{cand}})$	-	$ \Delta y(V, H_{\text{cand}}) < 1.4$			
$m_{\ell\ell}$	-	-		$66 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 116 \text{ GeV}$	
Lepton p_T imbalance	-	-		$(p_T^{\ell_1} - p_T^{\ell_2})/p_T^Z < 0.8$	

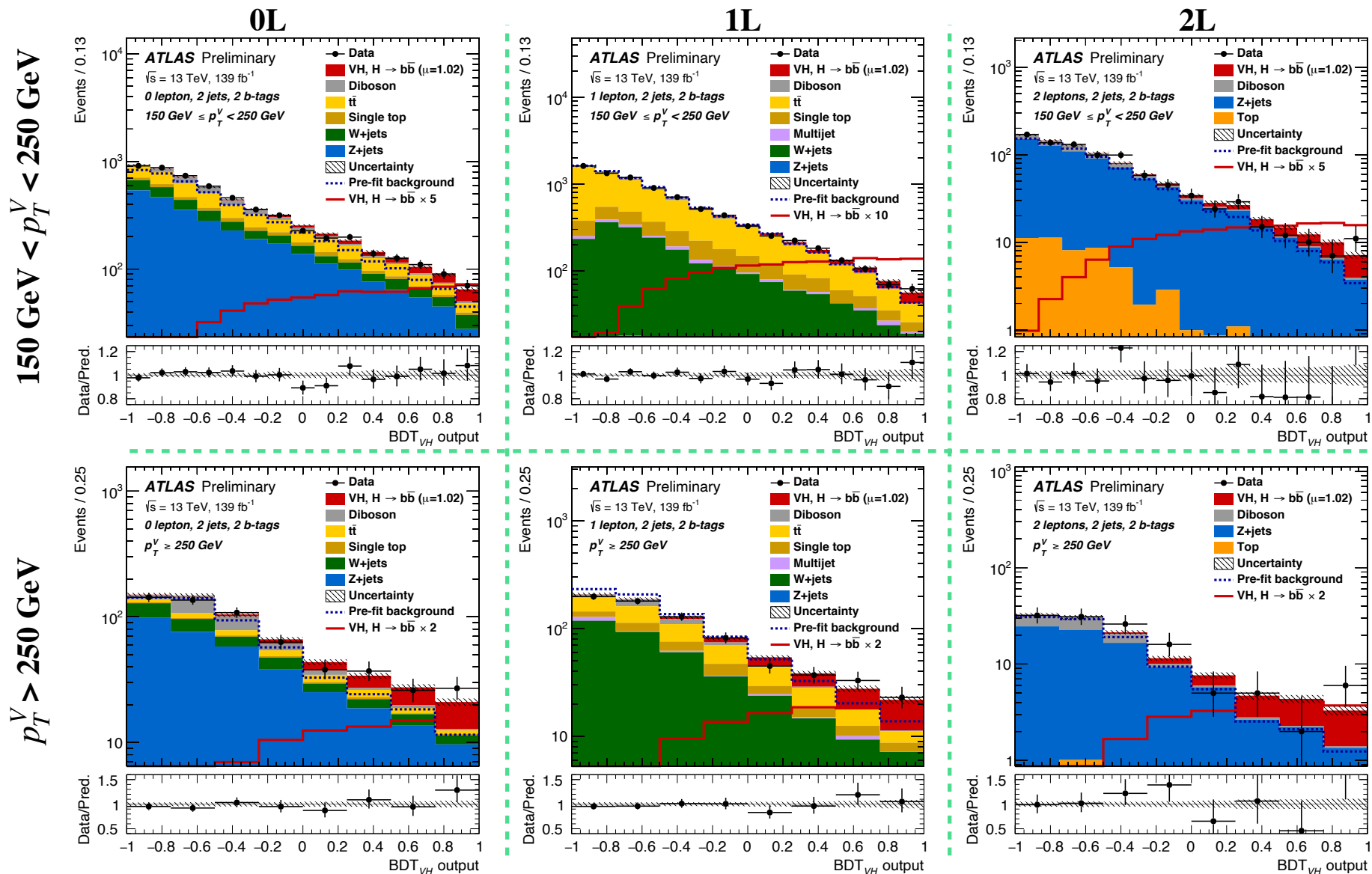
VH($b\bar{b}$) resolved: event categorization

Channel	Region	Categories					
		$75 \text{ GeV} < p_T^V < 150 \text{ GeV}$		$150 \text{ GeV} < p_T^V < 250 \text{ GeV}$		$p_T^V > 250 \text{ GeV}$	
		2-jets	3-jets	2-jets	3-jets	2-jets	3-jets
0-lepton	Low ΔR CR	–	–	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield
	Signal region	–	–	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
	High ΔR CR	–	–	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield
1-lepton	Low ΔR CR	–	–	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield
	Signal region	–	–	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
	High ΔR CR	–	–	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield
2-lepton	Low ΔR CR	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield
	Signal region	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
	High ΔR CR	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield	Yield

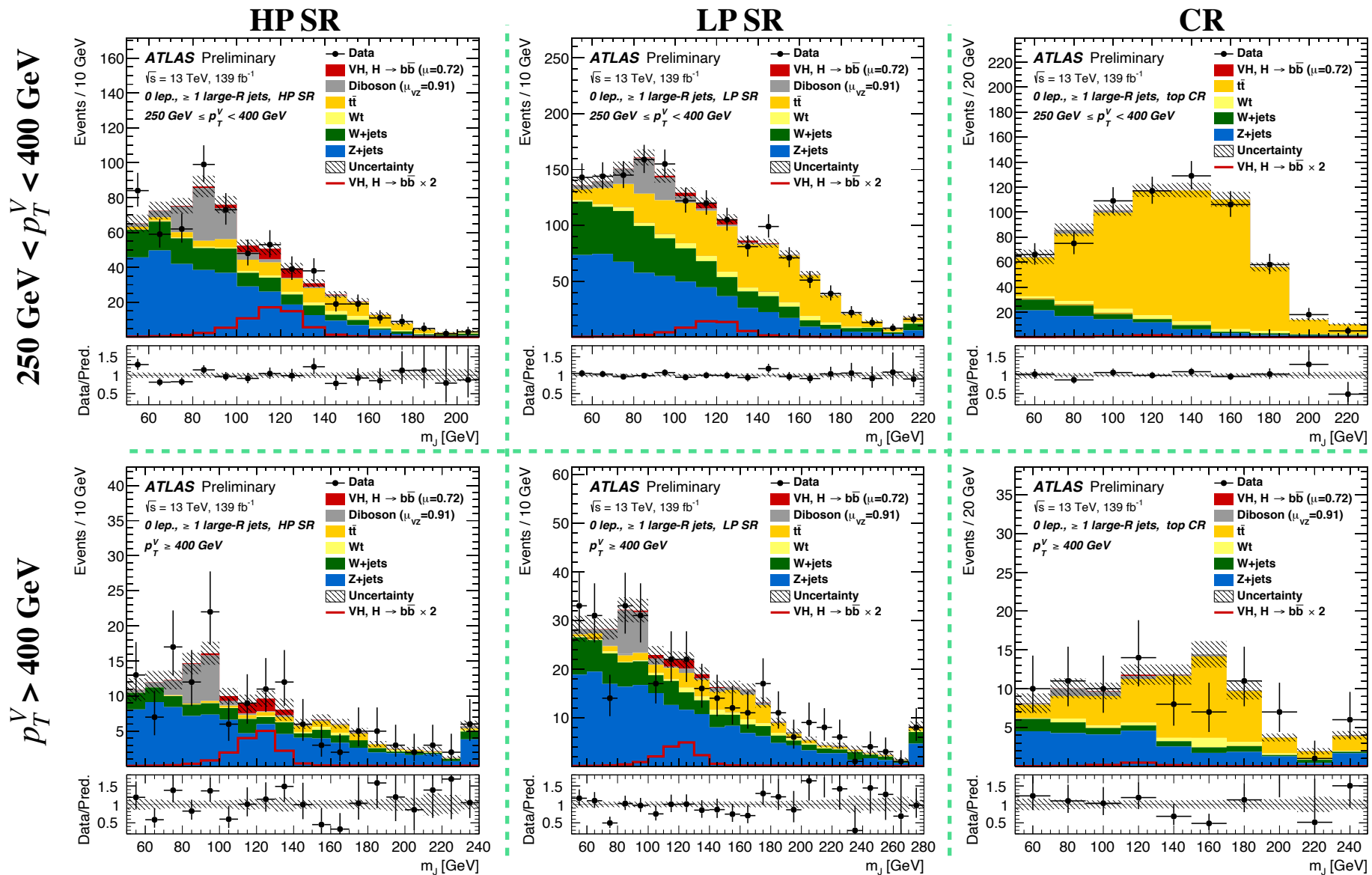
VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted: event categorization

Channel	Categories					
	$250 < p_T^V < 400$ GeV			$p_T^V \geq 400$ GeV		
	0 add. b -track-jets		≥ 1 add. b -track-jets	0 add. b -track-jets		≥ 1 add. b -track-jets
	0 add. small- R jets	≥ 1 add. small- R jets		0 add. small- R jets	≥ 1 add. small- R jets	
0-lepton	HP SR	LP SR	CR	HP SR	LP SR	CR
1-lepton	HP SR	LP SR	CR	HP SR	LP SR	CR
2-lepton	SR			SR		

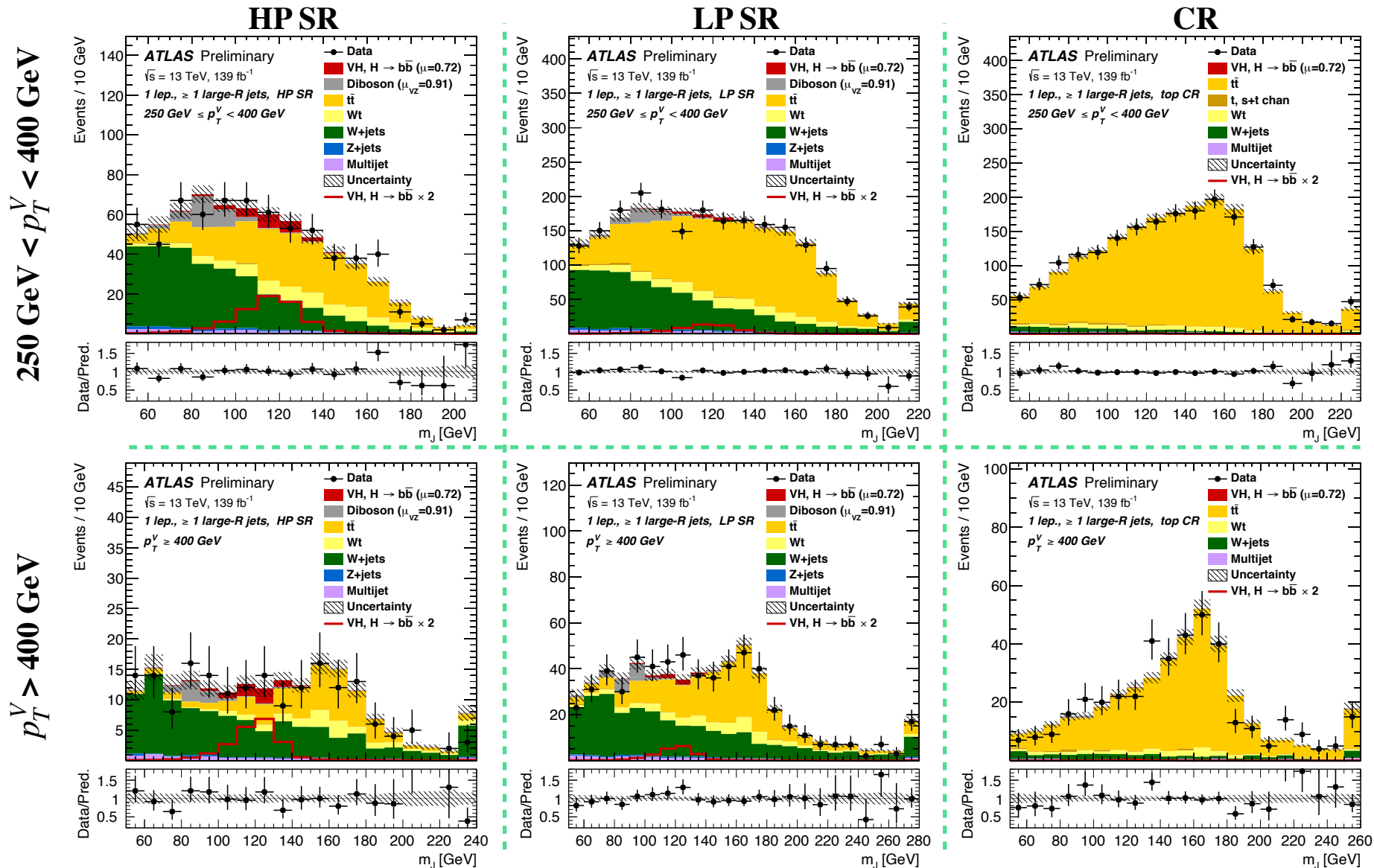
VH($b\bar{b}$) resolved: BDT distribution



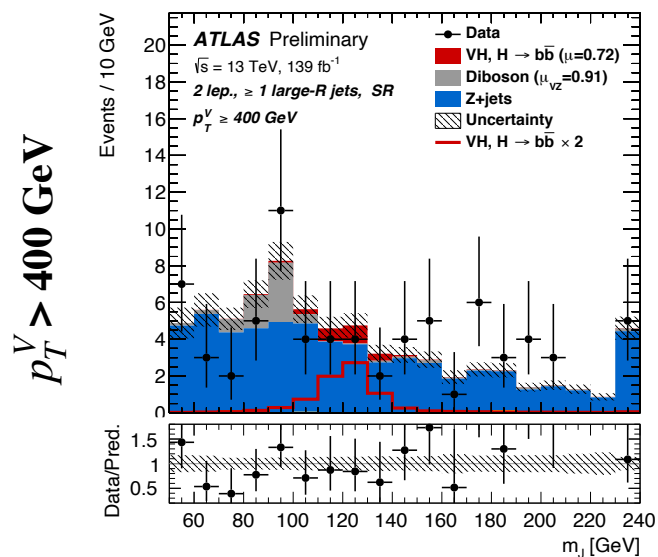
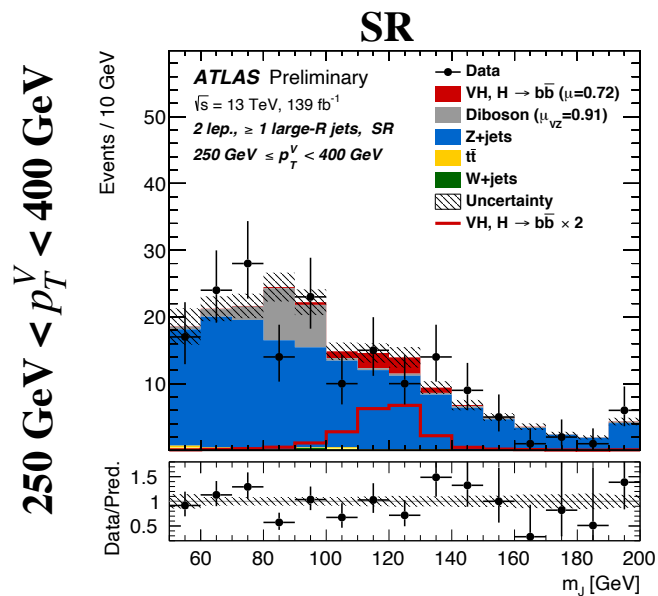
VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted: mJ distribution (0L)



VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted: mJ distribution (1L)



VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted: mJ distribution (2L)



VH($b\bar{b}$) resolved: systematic uncertainties

Z + jets	
Z + ll normalisation	18%
Z + cl normalisation	23%
Z + HF normalisation	Floating (2-jet, 3-jet) \times (75 GeV < p_T^V < 150 GeV, p_T^V > 150 GeV)
Z + bc -to-Z + bb ratio	30 – 40%
Z + cc -to-Z + bb ratio	13 – 16%
Z + bl -to-Z + bb ratio	20 – 28%
SR-to-low ΔR CR ratio	3.8 – 9.9% (75 GeV < p_T^V < 150 GeV, p_T^V > 150 GeV)
SR-to-high ΔR CR	2.7 – 4.1% (75 GeV < p_T^V < 150 GeV, p_T^V > 150 GeV)
0-to-2 lepton ratio	7%
p_T^V	M+S (75 GeV < p_T^V < 150 GeV, p_T^V > 150 GeV)
m_{bb}	S (75 GeV < p_T^V < 150 GeV, p_T^V > 150 GeV)
W + jets	
W + ll normalisation	32%
W + cl normalisation	37%
W + HF normalisation	Floating (2-jet, 3-jet)
W + bc -to-W + bb ratio	15% (0-lepton) and 30% (1-lepton)
W + cc -to-W + bb ratio	10% (0-lepton) and 30% (1-lepton)
W + bl -to-W + bb ratio	26% (0-lepton) and 23% (1-lepton)
SR-to-CR ratio	3.6-15%
0-to-1 lepton ratio	5%
p_T^V	M+S (2-jet, 3-jet)
R_{BDT}	S
$t\bar{t}$ (0+1-lepton channels only)	
$t\bar{t}$ normalisation	Floating (2-jet, 3-jet)
0-to-1 lepton ratio	8%
$t\bar{t}$ (flavour composition) bc -to- bb ratio (ME)	7.6 – 8.2% (0-lepton), 1.3 – 3.8% (1-lepton)
$t\bar{t}$ (flavour composition) bc -to- bb ratio (PS)	2.1 – 3.2% (0-lepton), 1.5 – 7.1% (1-lepton)
$t\bar{t}$ (flavour composition) other-to- bb ratio (ME)	2.8 – 6.4% (0-lepton), 3.3 – 5.7% (1-lepton)
$t\bar{t}$ (flavour composition) other-to- bb ratio (PS)	5.6 – 13% (0-lepton), 0.3 – 2.1% (1-lepton)
p_T^V	M+S (2-jet, 3-jet)
R_{BDT} ME variation	M+S (2-jet, 3-jet)
R_{BDT} PS variation	M+S (0-lepton, 1-lepton)
Single top-quark	
Cross-section	4.6% (s -channel), 4.4% (t -channel), 6.2% (Wt)
Acceptance 2-jet	17% (t -channel), 55% ($Wt(bb)$), 24% ($Wt(\text{other})$)
Acceptance 3-jet	20% (t -channel), 51% ($Wt(bb)$), 21% ($Wt(\text{other})$)
m_{bb}	M+S (t -channel, $Wt(bb)$, $Wt(\text{other})$)
p_T^V	M+S (t -channel, $Wt(bb)$, $Wt(\text{other})$)
Multi-jet (1-lepton)	
Normalisation	30 – 200% (2-jet), 100% (3-jet)
BDT template	M+S

ZZ	
Normalisation	20%
0-to-2 lepton ratio	6%
Acceptance from scale variations	10 – 18%
Acceptance from PS/UE variations for 2 or more jets	6%
Acceptance from PS/UE variations for 3 jets	7% (0-lepton), 3% (2-lepton)
m_{bb} from scale variations	M+S (correlated with WZ uncertainties)
p_T^V from scale variations	M+S (correlated with WZ uncertainties)
m_{bb} from PS/UE variations	M+S (correlated with WZ uncertainties)
p_T^V from PS/UE variations	M+S (correlated with WZ uncertainties)
m_{bb} from matrix-element variations	M+S (correlated with WZ uncertainties)
WZ	
Normalisation	26%
0-to-1 lepton ratio	11%
Acceptance from scale variations	13 – 21%
Acceptance from PS/UE variations for 2 or more jets	4%
Acceptance from PS/UE variations for 3 jets	11%
m_{bb} from scale variations	M+S (correlated with ZZ uncertainties)
p_T^V from scale variations	M+S (correlated with ZZ uncertainties)
m_{bb} from PS/UE variations	M+S (correlated with ZZ uncertainties)
p_T^V from PS/UE variations	M+S (correlated with ZZ uncertainties)
m_{bb} from matrix-element variations	M+S (correlated with ZZ uncertainties)
WW	
Normalisation	25%
Signal	
Cross-section (scale)	0.7% (qq), 25% (gg)
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ branching fraction	1.7%
Scale variations in STXS bins	3.0 – 3.9% ($qq \rightarrow WH$), 6.7 – 12% ($qq \rightarrow ZH$), 37 – 100% ($gg \rightarrow ZH$)
PS/UE variations in STXS bins	1 – 5% for $qq \rightarrow VH$, 5 – 20% for $gg \rightarrow ZH$
PDF+ α_S variations in STXS bins	1.8 – 2.2% ($qq \rightarrow WH$), 1.4 – 1.7% ($qq \rightarrow ZH$), 2.9 – 3.3% ($gg \rightarrow ZH$)
m_{bb} from scale variations	M+S ($qq \rightarrow VH$, $gg \rightarrow ZH$)
m_{bb} from PS/UE variations	M+S
m_{bb} from PDF+ α_S variations	M+S
p_T^V from NLO EW correction	M+S

VH($b\bar{b}$): systematic breakdown

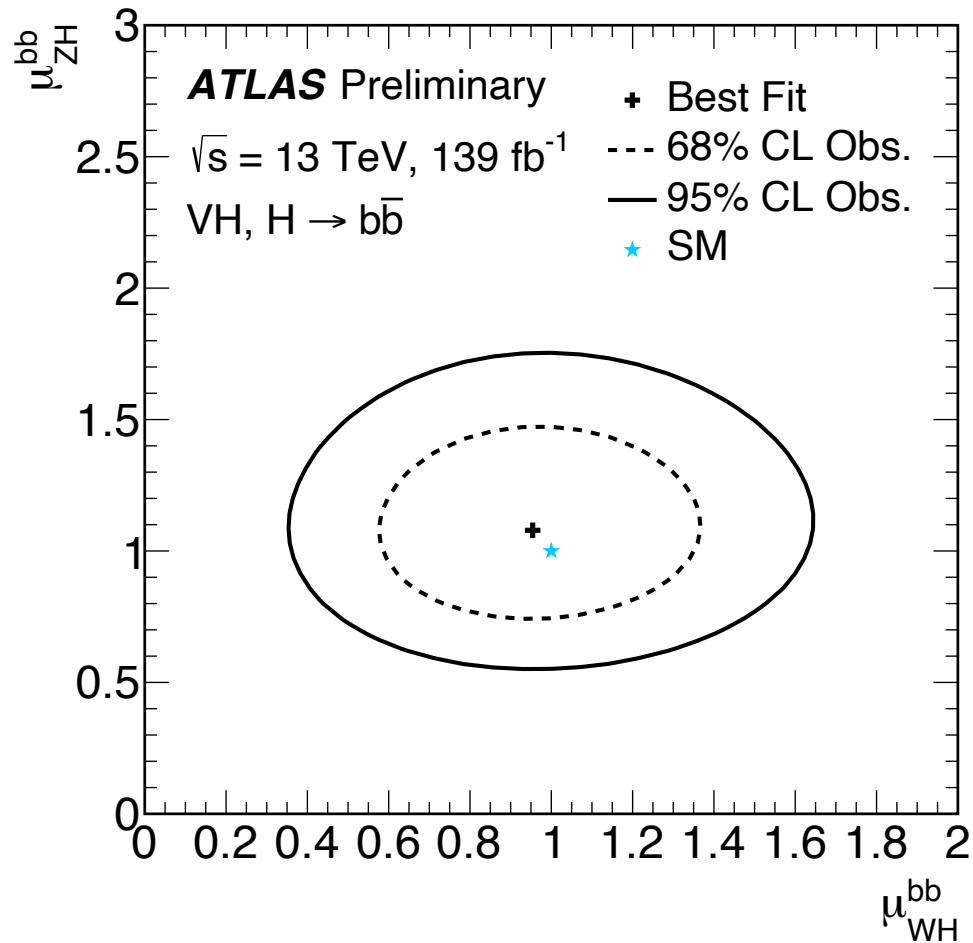
Resolved analysis

Source of uncertainty	σ_μ		
	VH	WH	ZH
Total	0.177	0.260	0.240
Statistical	0.115	0.182	0.171
Systematic	0.134	0.186	0.168
Statistical uncertainties			
Data statistical	0.108	0.171	0.157
$t\bar{t}$ $e\mu$ control region	0.014	0.003	0.026
Floating normalisations	0.034	0.061	0.045
Experimental uncertainties			
Jets	0.043	0.050	0.057
E_T^{miss}	0.015	0.045	0.013
Leptons	0.004	0.015	0.005
b -tagging	b -jets	0.045	0.025
	c -jets	0.035	0.068
	light-flavour jets	0.009	0.004
Pile-up	0.003	0.002	0.007
Luminosity	0.016	0.016	0.016
Theoretical and modelling uncertainties			
Signal	0.052	0.048	0.072
Z + jets	0.032	0.013	0.059
W + jets	0.040	0.079	0.009
$t\bar{t}$	0.021	0.046	0.029
Single top quark	0.019	0.048	0.015
Diboson	0.033	0.033	0.039
Multi-jet	0.005	0.017	0.005
MC statistical	0.031	0.055	0.038

Boosted analysis

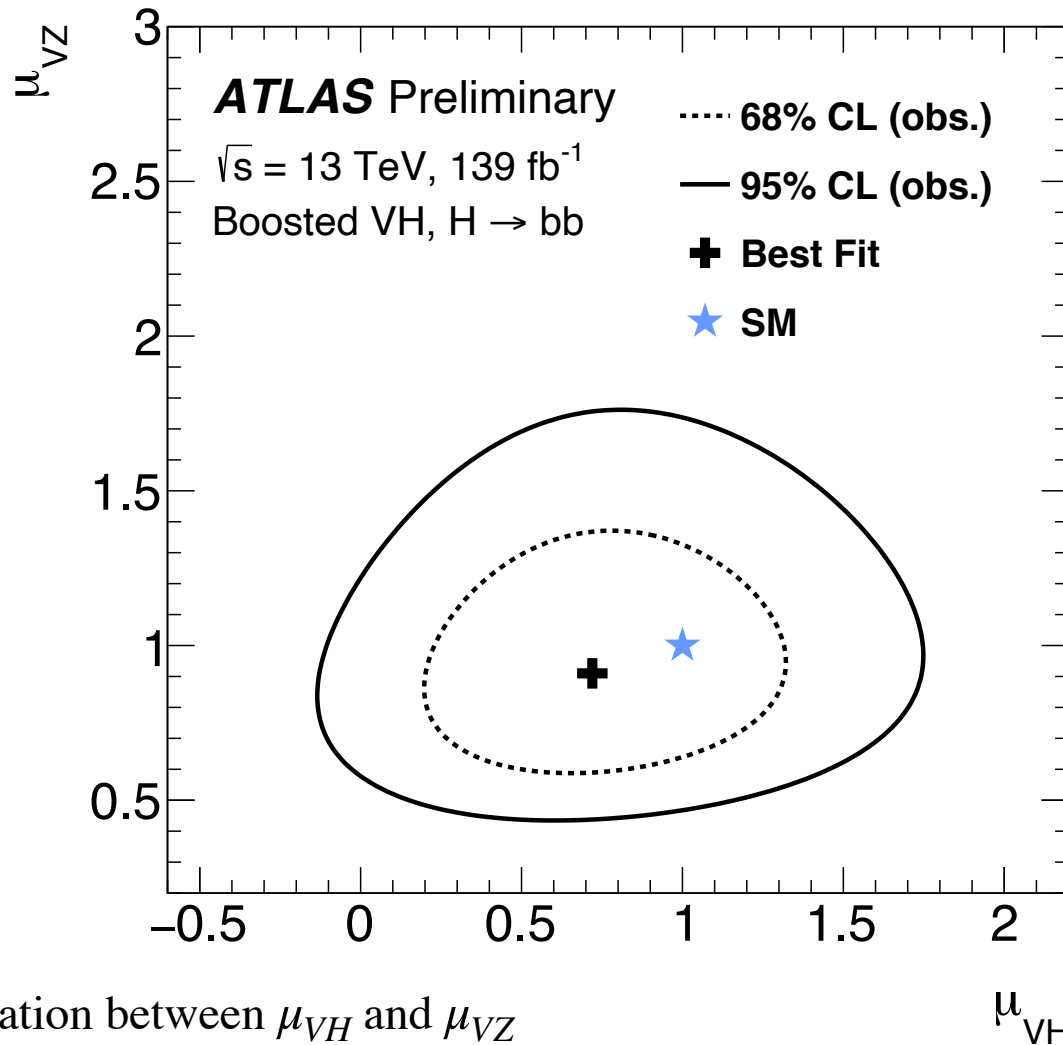
Source of uncertainty	Avg. impact	
Total	0.372	
Statistical	0.283	
Systematic	0.240	
Experimental uncertainties		
small-R jets	0.038	
large-R jets	0.133	
E_T^{miss}	0.007	
Leptons	0.010	
b -tagging	b -jets	0.016
	c -jets	0.011
	light-flavour jets	0.008
	extrapolation	0.004
Pile-up	0.001	
Luminosity	0.013	
Theoretical and modelling uncertainties		
Signal	0.038	
Backgrounds	0.100	
$\hookrightarrow Z$ + jets	0.048	
$\hookrightarrow W$ + jets	0.058	
$\hookrightarrow t\bar{t}$	0.035	
\hookrightarrow Single top quark	0.027	
\hookrightarrow Diboson	0.032	
\hookrightarrow Multijet	0.009	
MC statistical	0.092	

$VH(b\bar{b})$ resolved: likelihood contours



2.7% of correlation between μ_{ZH}^{bb} and μ_{WH}^{bb}

VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted: likelihood contours



VH($b\bar{b}$): Normalization factors

Resolved analysis

Process and Category	Normalisation factor
$t\bar{t}$ 2-jet	0.98 ± 0.09
$t\bar{t}$ 3-jet	0.93 ± 0.06
$W + \text{HF}$ 2-jet	1.06 ± 0.11
$W + \text{HF}$ 3-jet	1.15 ± 0.09
$Z + \text{HF}$ 2-jet, $75 < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{V}} < 150$ GeV	1.28 ± 0.08
$Z + \text{HF}$ 3-jet, $75 < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{V}} < 150$ GeV	1.17 ± 0.05
$Z + \text{HF}$ 2-jet, $150 \text{ GeV} < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{V}}$	1.16 ± 0.07
$Z + \text{HF}$ 3-jet, $150 \text{ GeV} < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{V}}$	1.09 ± 0.04

Boosted analysis

Process	Floating normalisations
$t\bar{t}$ 0-lepton	0.88 ± 0.10
$t\bar{t}$ 1-lepton	0.83 ± 0.09
W+HF	1.12 ± 0.14
Z+HF	1.32 ± 0.16

EFT effects: parametrizing observables

Restricting to leading order BSM contribution, the production cross-section of a process can be expressed as

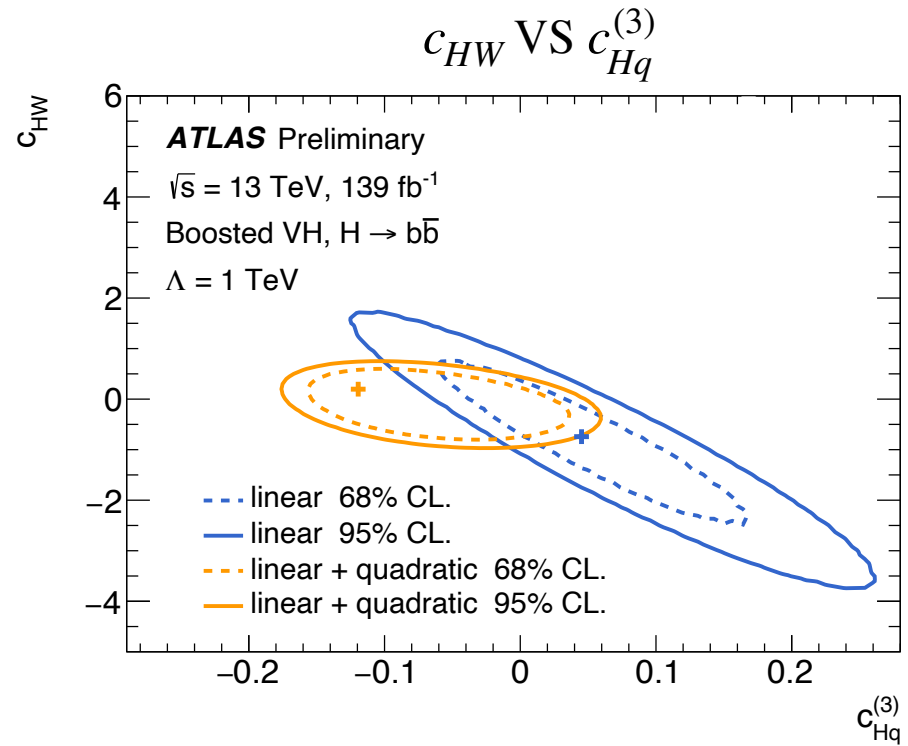
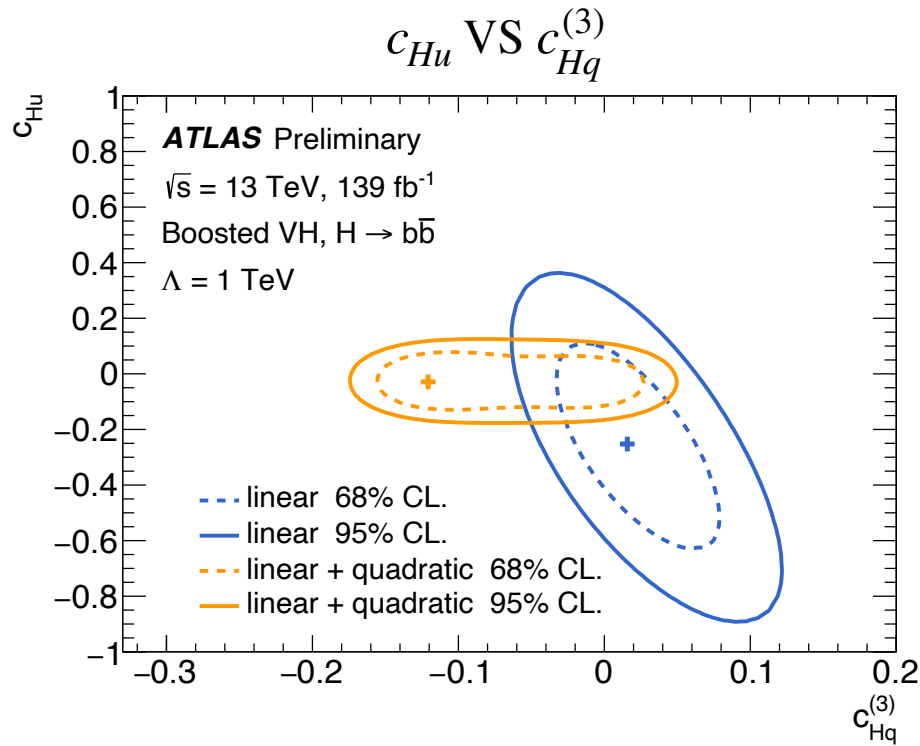
$$\sigma = \sigma_{SM} + \sigma_{int} + \sigma_{BSM}$$

$$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_{SM}} = 1 + \sum_i A_i \bar{c}_i + \sum_{ij} B_{ij} \bar{c}_i \bar{c}_j$$

Linear term

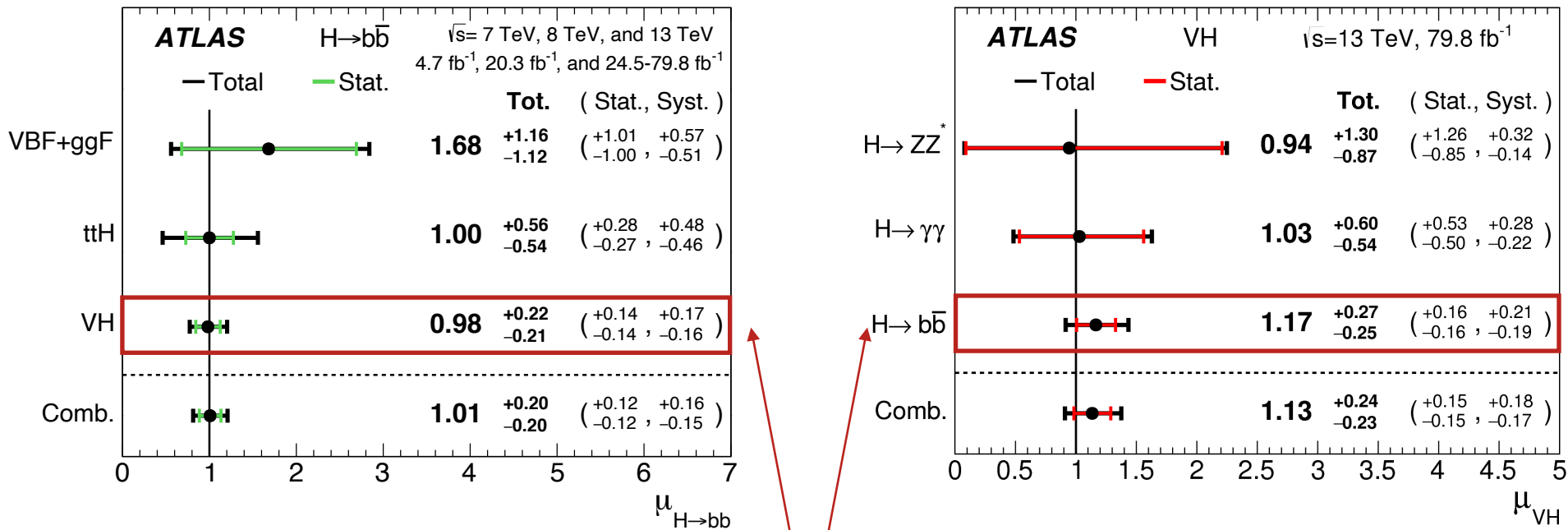
Quadratic term

VH($b\bar{b}$) boosted: 2D likelihood scan



H($b\bar{b}$) and VH combination

Run1+ partial Run2 dataset



Leading sensitivity from $VH(b\bar{b})$ resolved analysis