

ATLAS results on Heavy Flavour production and decay - including rare processes -

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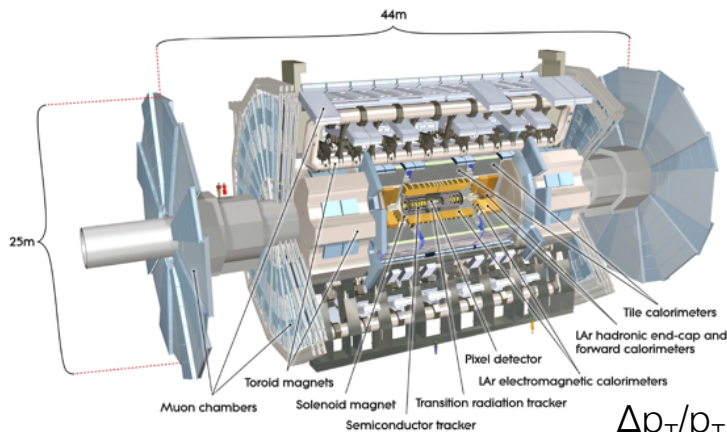
On behalf on the ATLAS Collaboration



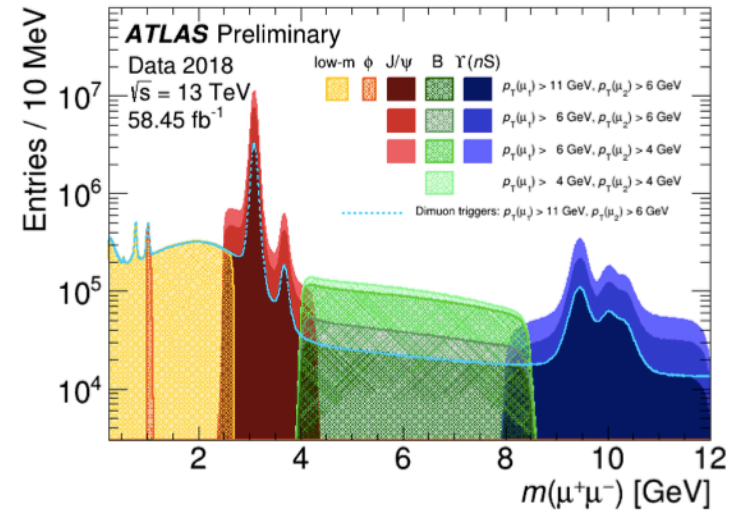
- Introduction
 - General features on Heavy Flavor Physics with ATLAS
- Quarkonia production
 - Associated production of J/ψ and W^\pm
- Open Beauty
 - Relative B_c/B^+ production measurement
- Rare decays
 - $B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

Selected recent results
among the many published
by the Collaborations

- Based on low p_T muon trigger and track reconstruction in the Inner Detector
- Wide regions in rapidity and p_T
- pp, pA; AA collisions
- Wide \sqrt{s} range: 5.02, 7, 8, 13 TeV

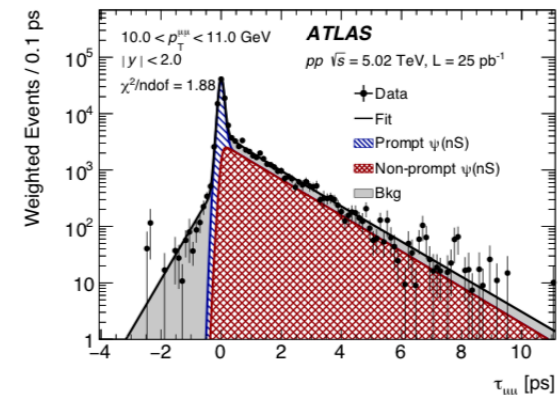
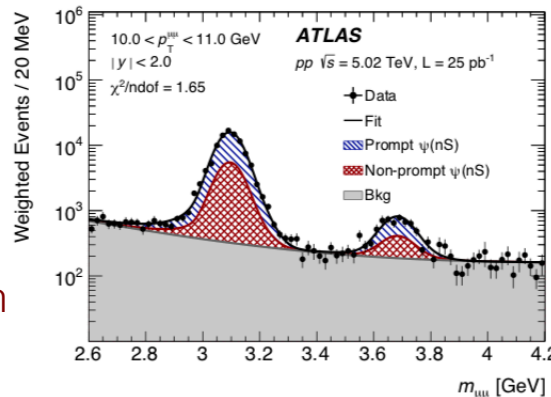


Di- μ invariant mass spectrum



$\Delta p_T/p_T \sim O(1-5\%)$ for low-momentum tracks

- HF: main variables of 2μ pair
 - $m(\mu^+\mu^-)$
 - $\tau(\mu^+\mu^-)$
- Prompt vs Non-Prompt (B decays in flight) separation



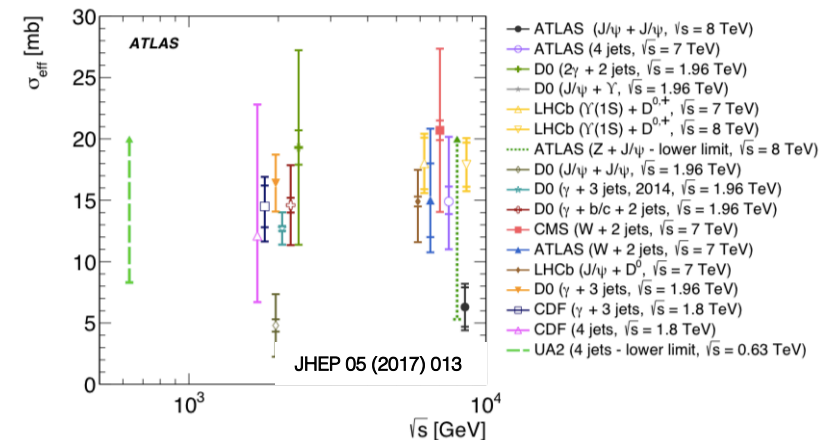
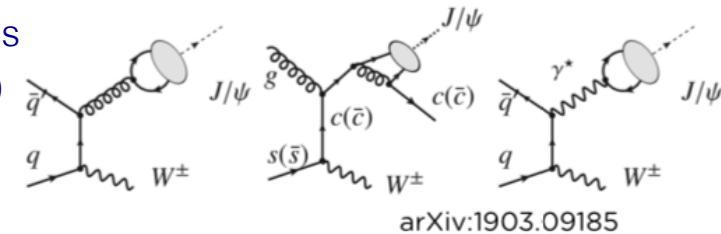
Quarkonia associated production

J/ψ W[±] Associated production at 8 TeV

- Investigation of processes not well known/described
 - Production mechanism of charmonium in hadron collisions
 - Relative contribution of Color Singlet (CS) and Octet (CO)
 - Contribution of Single Parton (SPS) vs Double Parton Scattering (DPS). Cross-section sensitive to spatial distribution of gluons in the proton
 - DPS vs SPS undistinguishable on event-by-event basis.
- Discriminating angular correlation: Δy and $\Delta\phi$

Many ATLAS studies on quarkonia associated production. Here: new result on prompt J/ψ+W[±] at 8 TeV

- Probability: $P_{W+J/\psi} = \sigma_{J/\psi}/\sigma_{eff}$
- Value of σ_{eff} unknown → use values from previous ATLAS measurements
 - $\sigma_{eff} = 15 \pm 3 (stat)^{+5}_{-3}(syst) mb$ from W+2jets
 - $\sigma_{eff} = 6.3 \pm 1.6 (stat) \pm 1.0 (syst) mb$ from prompt 2-J/ψ

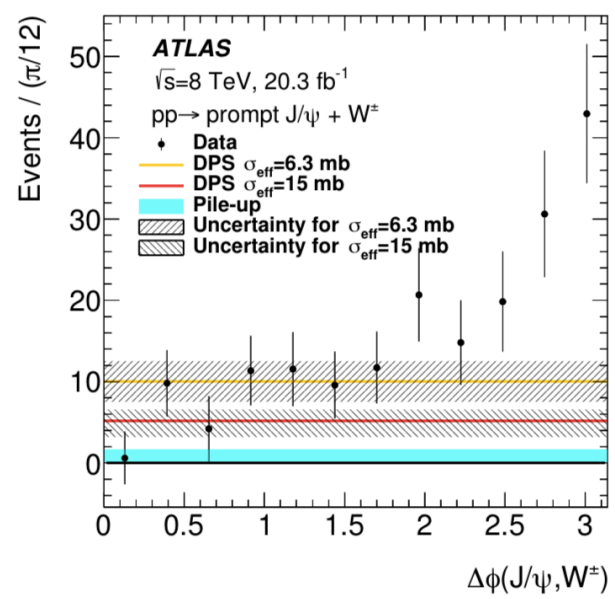
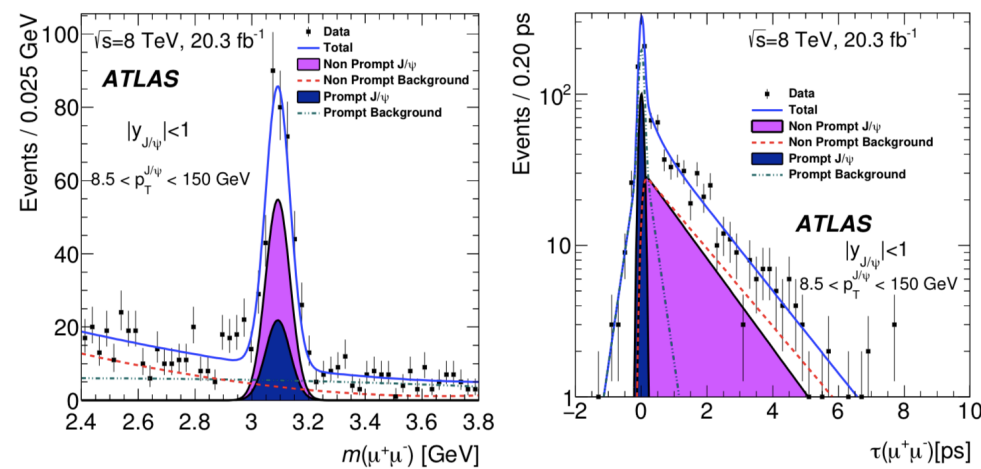


Summary of old experimental results
 σ_{eff} generally lower from prompt di-J/ψ and di-Y
 wrt final states with vector bosons

J/ψ W± Associated production at 8 TeV

- Dataset: 20.3 fb⁻¹ @ 8 TeV
 - Single high-pT trigger
 - J/ψ → μ⁺μ⁻ and W[±] → μ[±]ν_μ
 - Two pseudo-rapidity intervals
 - Fit to m(μμ) and τ(μμ) → prompt J/ψ
 - Systematic uncertainty dominated by vertex separation between J/ψ and W
- Prompt signal yields:
 - 93 ± 14(stat) for |y(J/ψ)| < 1
 - 102 ± 17(stat) for 1 < |y(J/ψ)| < 2.1

Di-μ invariant mass and pseudo-proper decay time

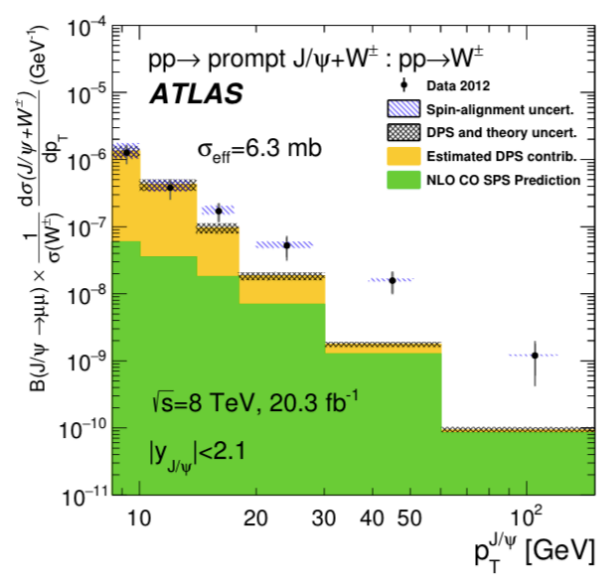
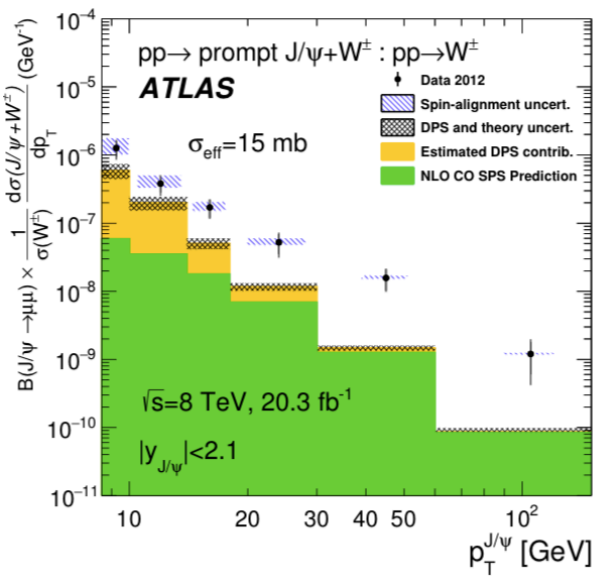
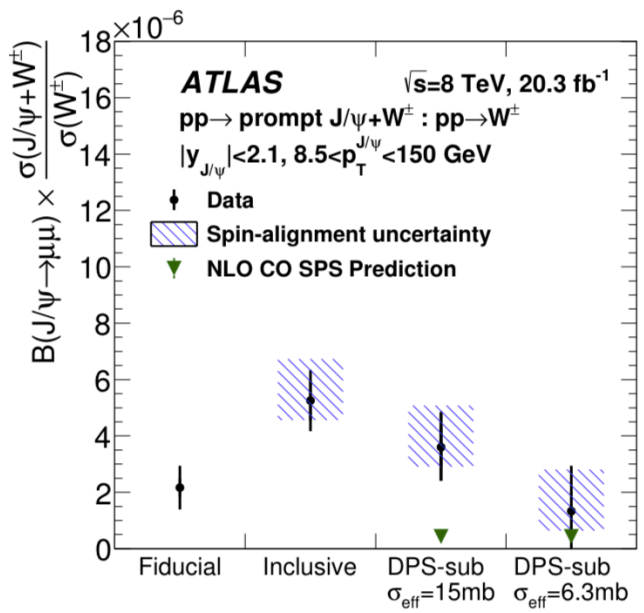


- Contribution from both DPS and SPS (peak at Δφ=π)
- DPS contribution to inclusive signal yield
 - (31⁺⁹₋₁₂)% (σ_{eff} = 15 mb)
 - (75 ± 23)% (σ_{eff} = 6.3 mb)
- Both values of σ_{eff} consistent with data at low Δφ

J/ψ W± Associated production at 8 TeV

- Production cross-section ratio
 - In the J/ψ fiducial region
 - Inclusive, after correction for J/ψ acceptance
 - DPS-subtracted, can be compared with CO only theoretical predictions
 - agreement when lower σ_{eff} is used

$$R_{J/\psi}^{\text{fid}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{fid}}(pp \rightarrow J/\psi + W^\pm)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow W^\pm)} \cdot \mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu)$$



Neither value of σ_{eff} correctly models the J/ψ p_T dependence probably due to the lack of CS contributions

Heavy Flavor: Open Beauty

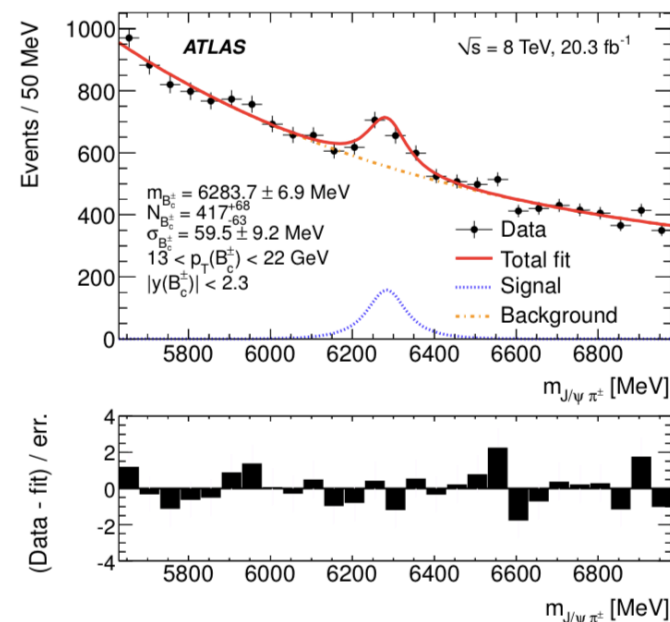
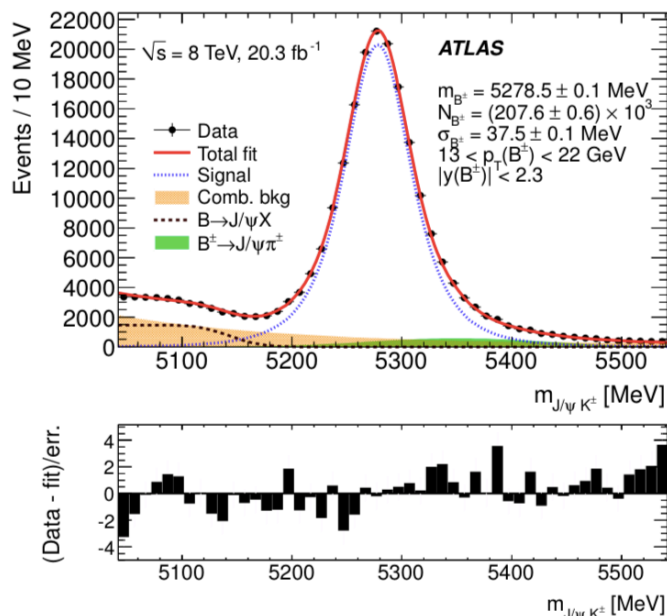
Relative B_c/B^+ production measurement

- B_c weakly decaying particle made of two heavy quarks
 - Unique probe for heavy quark dynamics

- Measure the ratio:

$$\frac{\sigma(B_c) \cdot \mathcal{B}(B_c \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+)}{\sigma(B^+) \cdot \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+)}$$

- common systematic uncertainties mostly cancels out

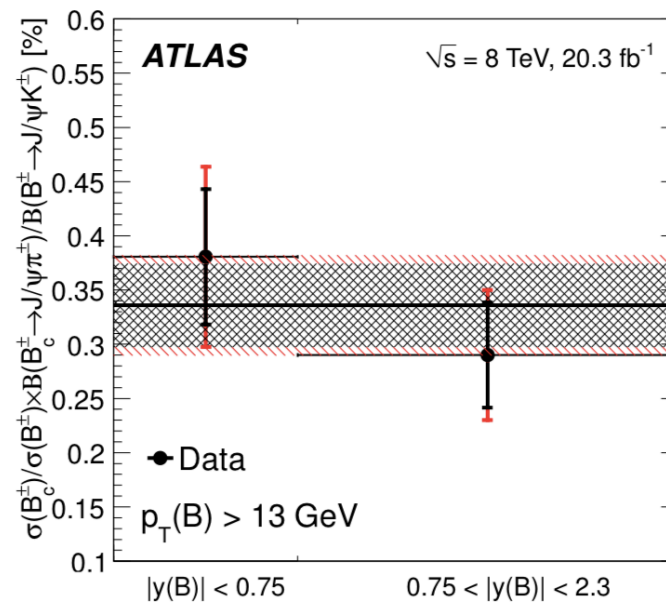
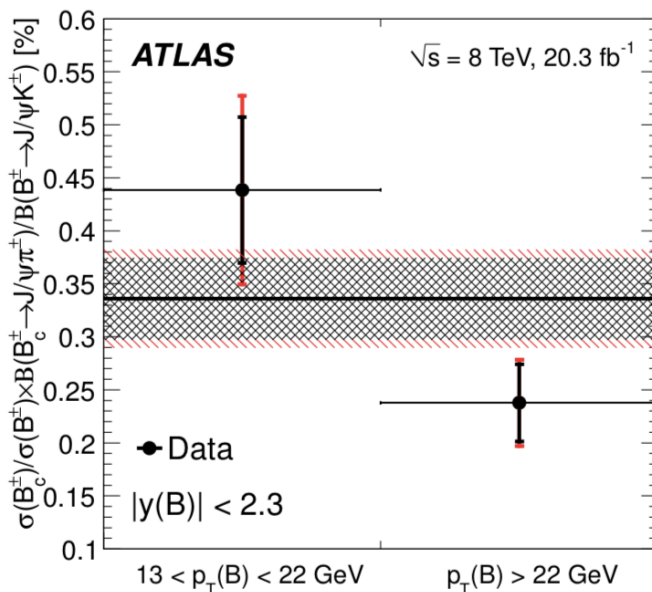


- Dataset: 20.3 fb^{-1} (2012) @ 8 TeV p-p collisions
- 2×2 ($p_T(B), |\gamma(B)|$) analysis bins

Relative B_c/B^+ production measurement

Results

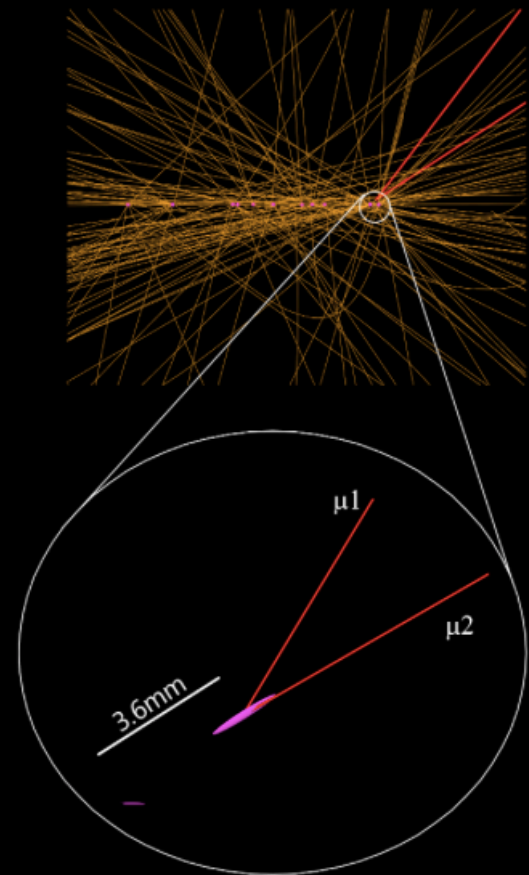
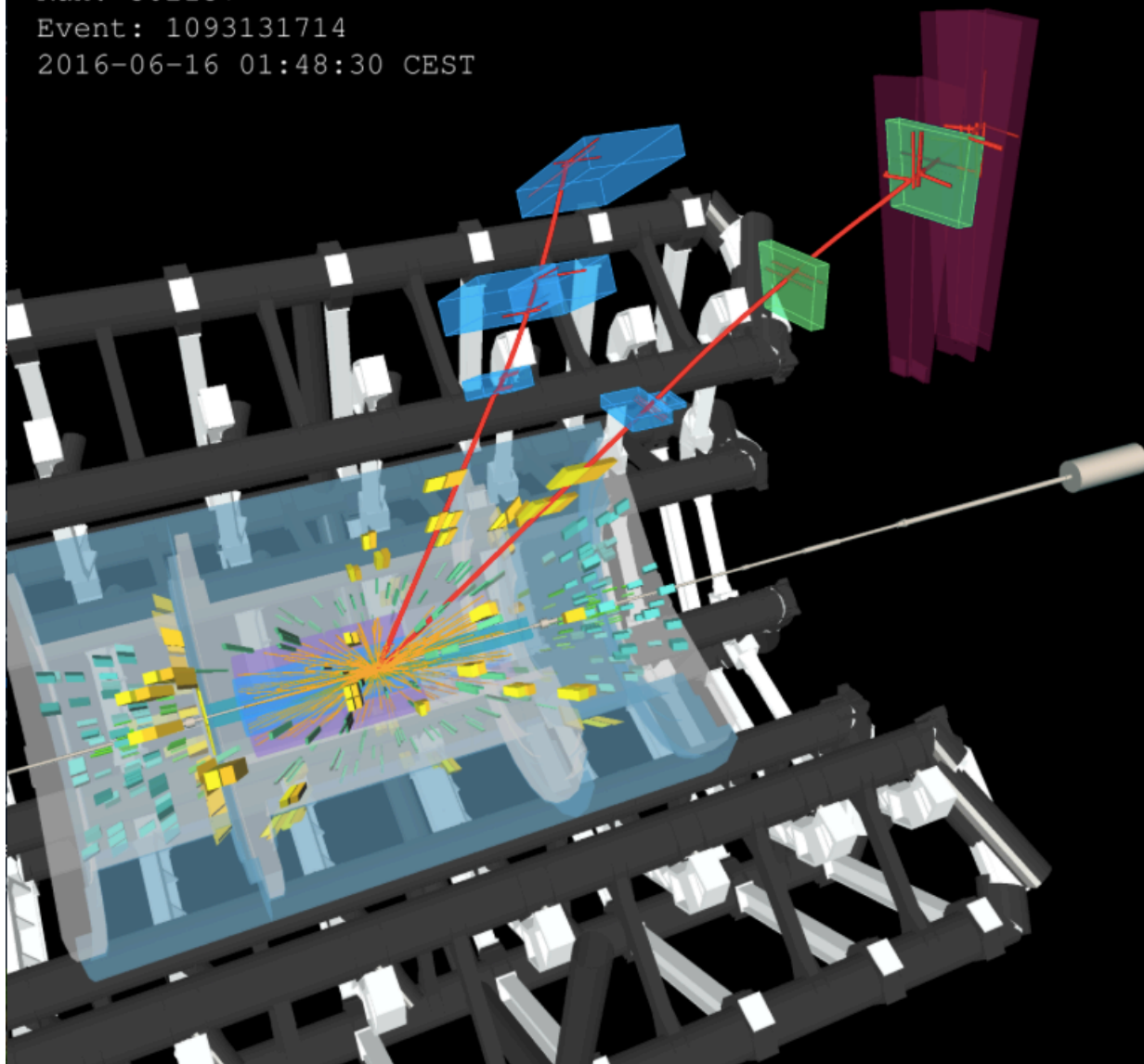
Analysis bin	$\sigma(B_c^\pm)/\sigma(B^\pm) \times \mathcal{B}(B_c^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm)/\mathcal{B}(B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi K^\pm)$
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	$(0.34 \pm 0.04_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.02_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$
$13 < p_T(B) < 22 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	$(0.44 \pm 0.07_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.04_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$
$p_T(B) > 22 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	$(0.24 \pm 0.04_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.01_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 0.75$	$(0.38 \pm 0.06_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.04_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, 0.75 < y(B) < 2.3$	$(0.29 \pm 0.05_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.02_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$



- Production ratio (in fiducial region): $(0.34 \pm 0.04^{\text{stat}} \pm 0.02^{\text{syst}} \pm 0.01^{\text{lifetime}})\%$
 - Lower than the LHCb result (more forward and lower- p_T fiducial phase-space)
 - Consistent with the CMS result in a similar (but not identical) phase-space
- Production decreases faster with p_T for B_c than B^+ ; No evident rapidity dependence

Rare $B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ decay

Run: 302137
 Event: 1093131714
 2016-06-16 01:48:30 CEST

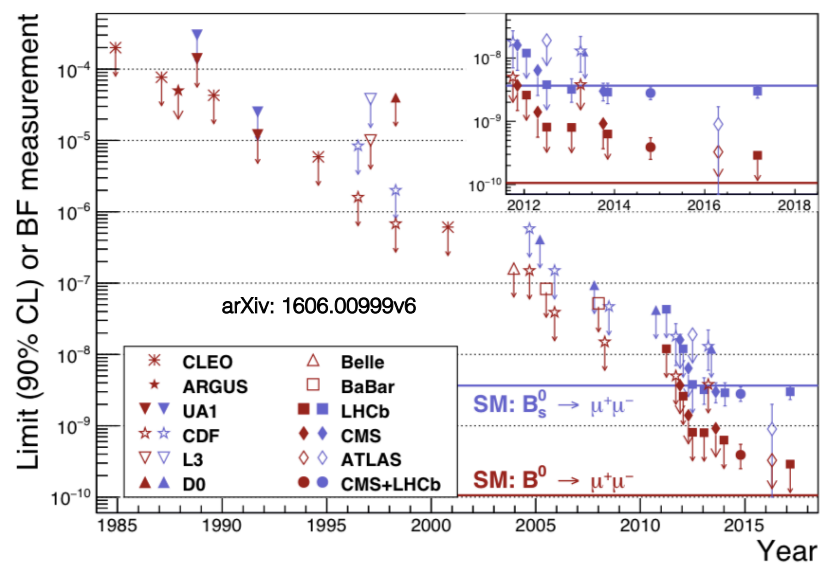
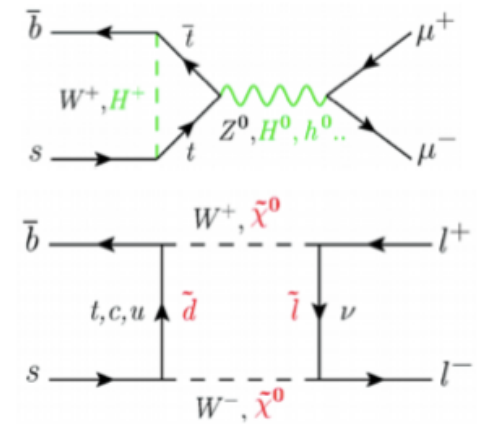


$B^0_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ candidate event

$$B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

- $B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$:
 - Loops and helicity suppressed
 - Precise theoretical predictions
 - Sensitive to NP via loop diagrams

- Experimental limits/measurements constantly improving
Approaching SM predictions with LHC experiments



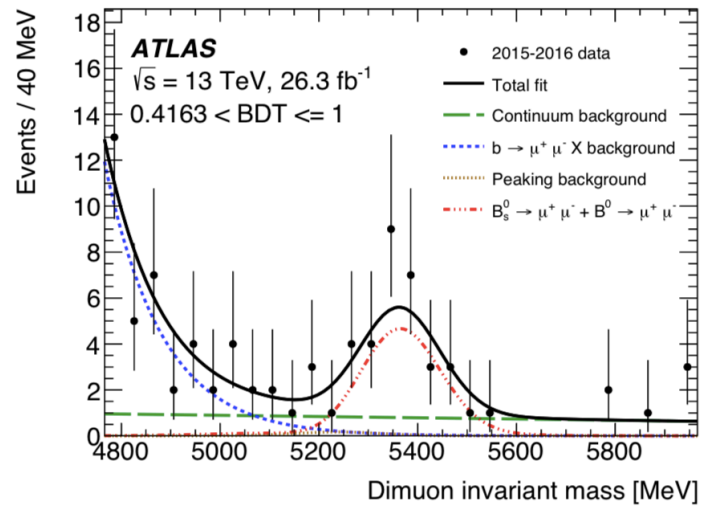
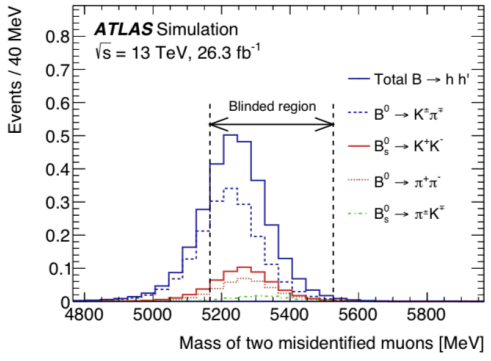
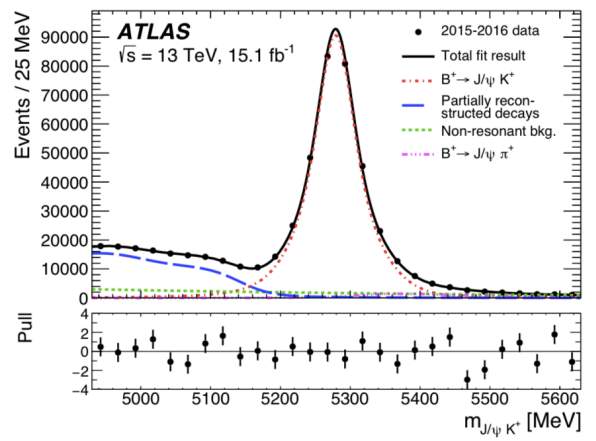
- ATLAS Run1 results
 - $BR(B^0_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.9^{+1.1}_{-0.8}) \times 10^{-9}$
 - $BR(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 4.2 \times 10^{-10}$ at 95% CL
 - Compatible with SM at $\sim 2\sigma$

- New ATLAS measurement based on 26.3 fb^{-1} p-p collision data at 13 TeV from Run2 (2015+2016) + combination with Run1

$B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = \frac{N_{d(s)}}{\epsilon_{\mu^+ \mu^-}} \times [\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+) \times \mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)] \frac{\epsilon_{J/\psi K^+}}{N_{J/\psi K^+}} \times \frac{f_u}{f_{d(s)}}$$

- $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$ reference channel
- Blinded analyses
- BG main components
 - Combinatorial from semi-leptonic B hadrons
 - Partially-reconstructed B decays with two μ : $B \rightarrow \mu\mu h$
 - B decays to h misidentified as μ : $B \rightarrow hh, B \rightarrow h\nu\mu$

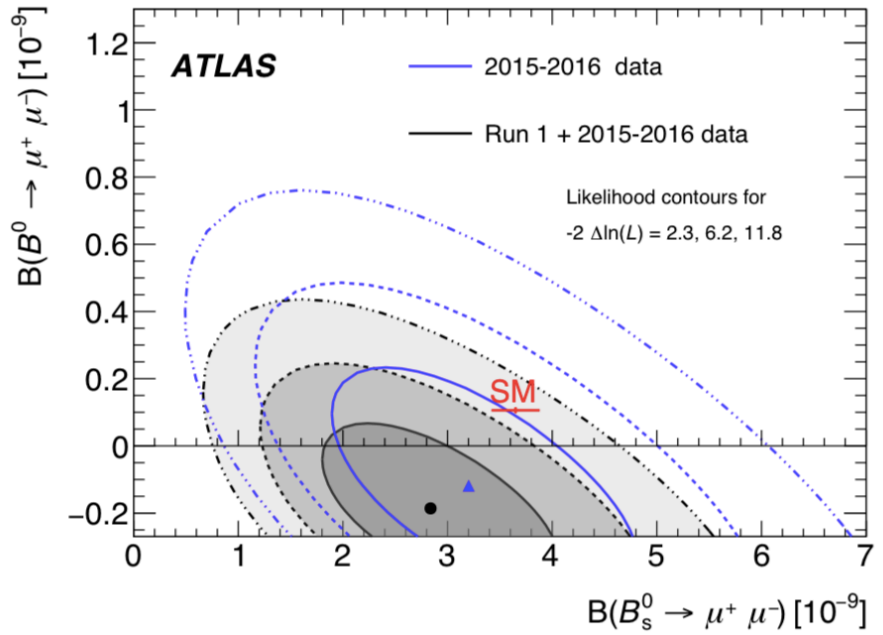
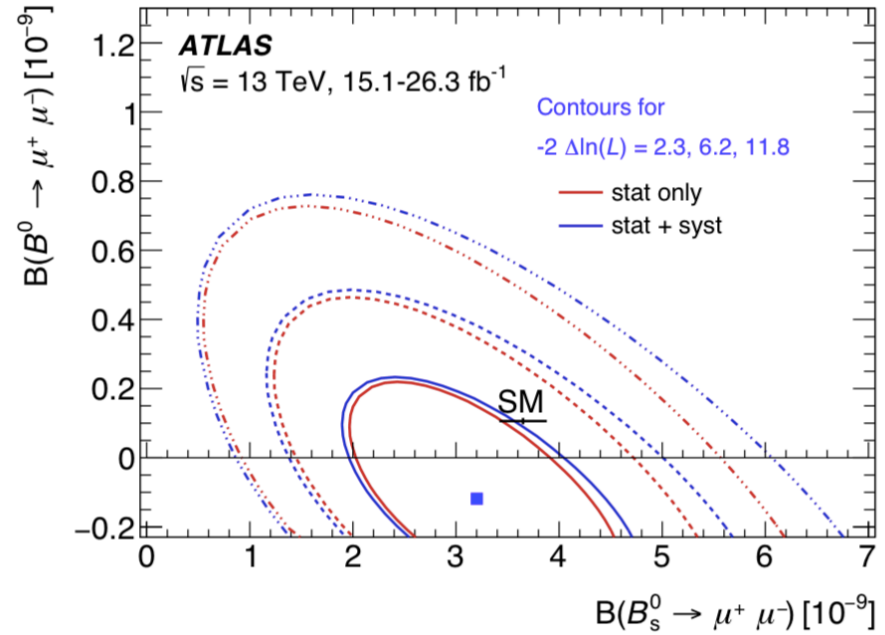


- Unbinned ML fit to $m_{\mu\mu}$ in 4 BDT bins
- B^0_s and B^0 peaks overlap (limited resolution) \rightarrow statistically separated in the fit procedure
- Extracted yields:
 - $N(B^0_s) = 80 \pm 22$ $N(B^0) = -12 \pm 20$
- Consistent with SM expectations:
 - $N(B^0_s) = 91$ $N(B^0) = 10$

$B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$: Results

- Run2 only
 - $BR(B^0_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (3.2^{+1.1}_{-1.0}) \times 10^{-9}$
 - $BR(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) < 4.3 \times 10^{-10}$ 95% C.L.

- Combination with Run1 ATLAS results
 - $BR(B^0_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.8^{+0.8}_{-0.7}) \times 10^{-9}$
 - $BR(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) < 2.1 \times 10^{-10}$ 95% C.L.



- Compatible with SM at 1 σ level

Experiment	$B(B^0_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	$B(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$
ATLAS	$2.8^{+0.8}_{-0.7} \times 10^{-9}$	$(-1.9 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-10}$
CMS	$(2.9^{+0.7}_{-0.6} \pm (0.2)) \times 10^{-9}$	$0.8^{+1.4}_{-1.3} \times 10^{-10}$
LHCb	$3.0^{+0.7}_{-0.6} \times 10^{-9}$	$1.5^{+1.1}_{-1.0} \times 10^{-10}$

- Compatible with SM at 2.4 σ level
- SM predictions (JHEP 10 (2019) 232):
 - $BR(B^0_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (3.44 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-9}$
 - $BR(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.05 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-10}$
- Combination of the 3 exp ongoing

- ATLAS has a rich physics program for studies of heavy flavour physics

Selection of recent results on:

- Associated production of J/ψ and W^\pm
 - Production cross-section ratio DPS-subtracted in agreement with NLO
 - Disagreement with models on J/ψ p_T dependence: CS contribution?
- Relative B_c/B^+ production measurement
 - Production ratio (in fiducial region): $(0.34 \pm 0.04^{\text{stat}} \pm 0.02^{\text{syst}} \pm 0.01^{\text{lifetime}})\%$
Consistent with measurements from CMS
- $B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ rare decay new results
 - $\text{BR}(B^0_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.8^{+0.8}_{-0.7}) \times 10^{-9}$
 - $\text{BR}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) < 2.1 \times 10^{-10}$ at 95% C.L.

Many more studies ongoing; more results to come in the next months

Additional Material

J/ψ selection
$2.4 < m(\mu^+ \mu^-) < 3.8 \text{ GeV}$
$8.5 < p_T^{J/\psi} < 150 \text{ GeV}, y_{J/\psi} < 2.1$
$p_T^{\mu_1} > 4 \text{ GeV}, \eta^{\mu_1} < 2.5$
$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{either } p_T^{\mu_2} > 2.5 \text{ GeV}, \quad 1.3 \leq \eta^{\mu_2} < 2.5 \\ \text{or } p_T^{\mu_2} > 3.5 \text{ GeV}, \quad \eta^{\mu_2} < 1.3 \end{array} \right\}$

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty [%]	
	$ y_{J/\psi} < 1$	$1 < y_{J/\psi} < 2.1$
J/ψ mass fit	8.7	4.9
Vertex separation	12	15
$\mu_{J/\psi}$ efficiency	2.0	1.6
Pile-up	1.1	1.4
J/ψ + Z and J/ψ + W± (→ τ±ν)	3.5	4.8
Efficiency correction	2.3	2.3

$p_T^{J/\psi}$ [GeV]	Inclusive prompt ratio [$\times 10^{-7}$ / GeV]			Estimated DPS [$\times 10^{-7}$ / GeV]		
	value	± (stat)	± (syst)	± (spin)	$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 15^{+5.8}_{-4.2} \text{ mb}$	$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 6.3 \pm 1.9 \text{ mb}$
(8.5, 10)	12.6 ± 3.3	± 2.4	+5.0 -2.4		$5.3^{+1.5}_{-2.1}$	12.7 ± 3.8
(10, 14)	3.8 ± 1.0	± 0.8	+1.2 -0.5		$1.64^{+0.46}_{-0.64}$	3.9 ± 1.2
(14, 18)	1.70 ± 0.50	± 0.21	+0.35 -0.17		$0.33^{+0.09}_{-0.13}$	0.77 ± 0.23
(18, 30)	0.52 ± 0.17	± 0.12	+0.08 -0.04		$0.048^{+0.013}_{-0.019}$	0.114 ± 0.034
(30, 60)	0.156 ± 0.054	± 0.021	+0.013 -0.006		$0.0021^{+0.0006}_{-0.0008}$	0.0049 ± 0.0015
(60, 150)	0.012 ± 0.006	± 0.005	+0.0005 -0.0002		$0.000032^{+0.000009}_{-0.000012}$	0.000076 ± 0.000023

Relative B_c/B^+ production measurement

Analysis bin	Fitted mass of the B^\pm [MeV]	Number of the B^\pm candidates	σ_m of the B^\pm [MeV]
$p_T(B) > 13$ GeV, $ y(B) < 2.3$	5278.6 ± 0.1	$(398.3 \pm 0.8) \times 10^3$	37.5 ± 0.1
$13 < p_T(B) < 22$ GeV, $ y(B) < 2.3$	5278.5 ± 0.1	$(207.6 \pm 0.6) \times 10^3$	37.5 ± 0.1
$p_T(B) > 22$ GeV, $ y(B) < 2.3$	5278.8 ± 0.1	$(190.9 \pm 0.6) \times 10^3$	38.1 ± 0.1
$p_T(B) > 13$ GeV, $ y(B) < 0.75$	5278.4 ± 0.1	$(147.9 \pm 0.5) \times 10^3$	26.6 ± 0.1
$p_T(B) > 13$ GeV, $0.75 < y(B) < 2.3$	5279.1 ± 0.1	$(248.8 \pm 0.6) \times 10^3$	45.9 ± 0.1

Analysis bin	Fitted mass of the B_c^\pm [MeV]	Number of the B_c^\pm candidates	σ_m of the B_c^\pm [MeV]
$p_T(B) > 13$ GeV, $ y(B) < 2.3$	6281.0 ± 4.5	798^{+92}_{-84}	52.4 ± 5.6
$13 < p_T(B) < 22$ GeV, $ y(B) < 2.3$	6283.7 ± 6.9	417^{+68}_{-63}	59.5 ± 9.2
$p_T(B) > 22$ GeV, $ y(B) < 2.3$	6278.4 ± 5.7	363^{+59}_{-56}	45.7 ± 6.7
$p_T(B) > 13$ GeV, $ y(B) < 0.75$	6275.1 ± 1.7	319^{+57}_{-52}	31.5 ± 5.7
$p_T(B) > 13$ GeV, $0.75 < y(B) < 2.3$	6275.2 ± 9.0	454^{+71}_{-66}	67.1 ± 10.4

Source of uncertainty	Uncertainty value			
	B_c^\pm		B^\pm	
	$ y < 0.75$	$0.75 < y < 2.3$	$ y < 0.75$	$0.75 < y < 2.3$
Signal model of the fit	2.5%	2.8%	0.1%	0.2%
Cabibbo-suppressed decay modeling	2.4%	2.4%	0.5%	0.5%
Background model of the fit	2.8%	1.3%	0.2%	0.2%
Trigger effects and reconstruction effects	1.1%	1.0%	1.2%	1.1%
B -meson lifetime uncertainty	1.0%	0.9%	$< 0.1\%$	$< 0.1\%$

- BDT input variables

Variable	Description
p_T^B	Magnitude of the B candidate transverse momentum \vec{p}_T^B .
$\chi^2_{PV,DV_{xy}}$	Compatibility of the separation $\vec{\Delta x}$ between production (i.e. associated PV) and decay (DV) vertices in the transverse projection: $\vec{\Delta x}_T \cdot \Sigma_{\Delta x_T}^{-1} \cdot \vec{\Delta x}_T$, where $\Sigma_{\Delta x_T}$ is the covariance matrix.
ΔR_{flight}	Three-dimensional angular distance between \vec{p}^B and $\vec{\Delta x}$: $\sqrt{\alpha_{2D}^2 + (\Delta\eta)^2}$
$ \alpha_{2D} $	Absolute value of the angle in the transverse plane between \vec{p}_T^B and $\vec{\Delta x}_T$.
L_{xy}	Projection of $\vec{\Delta x}_T$ along the direction of \vec{p}_T^B : $(\vec{\Delta x}_T \cdot \vec{p}_T^B) / \vec{p}_T^B $.
IP_B^{3D}	Three-dimensional impact parameter of the B candidate to the associated PV.
$DOCA_{\mu\mu}$	Distance of closest approach (DOCA) of the two tracks forming the B candidate (three-dimensional).
$\Delta\phi_{\mu\mu}$	Azimuthal angle between the momenta of the two tracks forming the B candidate.
$ d_0 ^{\max\text{-sig.}}$	Significance of the larger absolute value of the impact parameters to the PV of the tracks forming the B candidate, in the transverse plane.
$ d_0 ^{\min\text{-sig.}}$	Significance of the smaller absolute value of the impact parameters to the PV of the tracks forming the B candidate, in the transverse plane.
p_L^{\min}	The smaller of the projected values of the muon momenta along \vec{p}_T^B .
$I_{0.7}$	Isolation variable defined as ratio of $ \vec{p}_T^B $ to the sum of $ \vec{p}_T^B $ and the transverse momenta of all additional tracks contained within a cone of size $\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta\phi)^2 + (\Delta\eta)^2} = 0.7$ around the B direction. Only tracks matched to the same PV as the B candidate are included in the sum.
$DOCA_{\text{trk}}$	DOCA of the closest additional track to the decay vertex of the B candidate. Only tracks matched to the same PV as the B candidate are considered.
$N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{close}}$	Number of additional tracks compatible with the decay vertex (DV) of the B candidate with $\ln(\chi^2_{\text{trk},DV}) < 1$. Only tracks matched to the same PV as the B candidate are considered.
$\chi^2_{\mu,xPV}$	Minimum χ^2 for the compatibility of a muon in the B candidate with any PV reconstructed in the event.

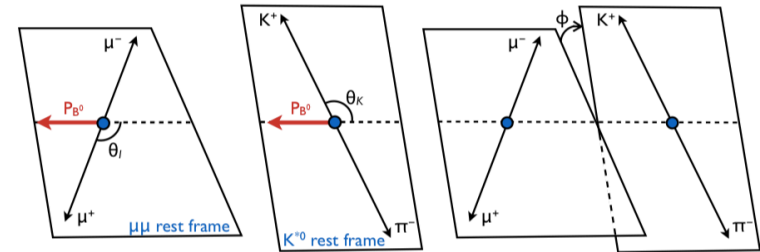
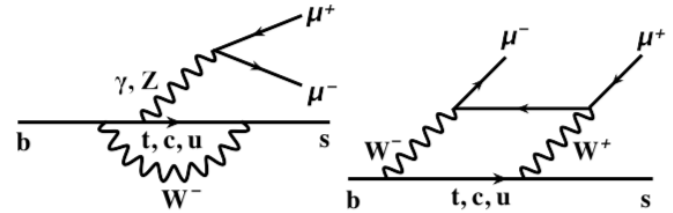
Source	Contribution [%]
Statistical	0.8
BDT input variables	3.2
Kaon tracking efficiency	1.5
Muon trigger and reconstruction	1.0
Kinematic reweighting (DDW)	0.8
Pile-up reweighting	0.6

Source	B_s^0 [%]	B^0 [%]
f_s/f_d	5.1	-
B^+ yield	4.8	4.8
R_ϵ	4.1	4.1
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+) \times \mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$	2.9	2.9
Fit systematic uncertainties	8.7	65
Stat. uncertainty (from likelihood est.)	27	150

Semi-rare

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ angular analysis

- $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^- \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$ is a FCNC process fully described by the three angles (θ_L , θ_K , ϕ) and the di- μ invariant mass squared q^2 .
- New physics entering the loop can be detected by looking at the angular distributions of the decay
- Angular differential decay rate expressed with S coefficients represented by helicity or transversity amplitudes



$$A_{FB} = 3S_6/4$$

A_{FB} = Forward-backward Asymmetry
 F_L = fraction of longitudinally polarised K^*
 F_S = s-wave fraction

$$P_1 = \frac{2S_3}{1 - F_L}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{2}{3} \frac{A_{FB}}{1 - F_L}$$

$$P_3 = -\frac{S_9}{1 - F_L}$$

$$P'_{j=4,5,6,8} = \frac{S_{i=4,5,7,8}}{\sqrt{F_L(1 - F_L)}}$$

- Generally written in terms of P and P' observables as they are less sensitive to theoretical uncertainties at LO

LHCb measured a $\sim 3\sigma$ discrepancy with model on P'_5

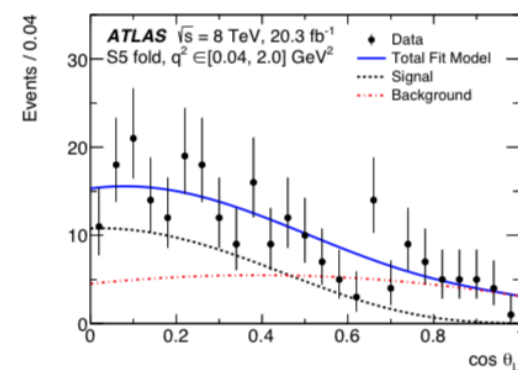
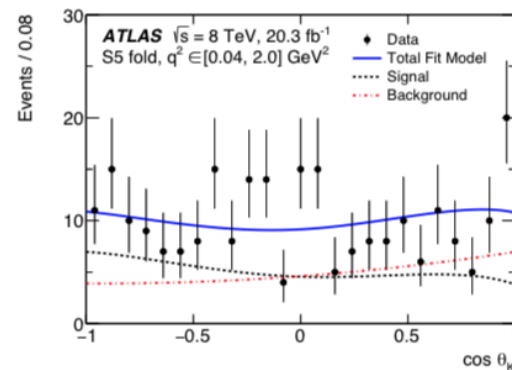
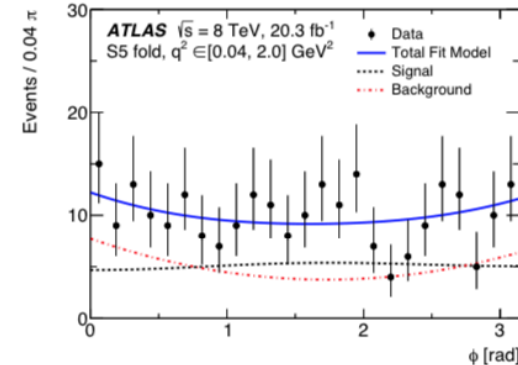
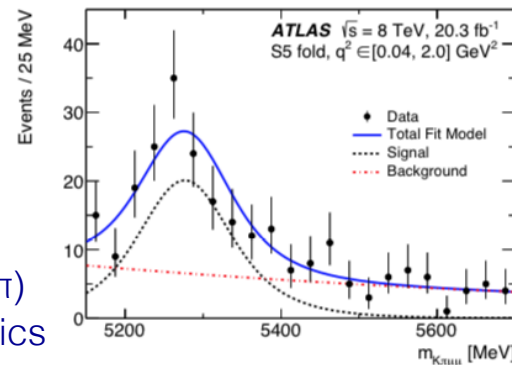
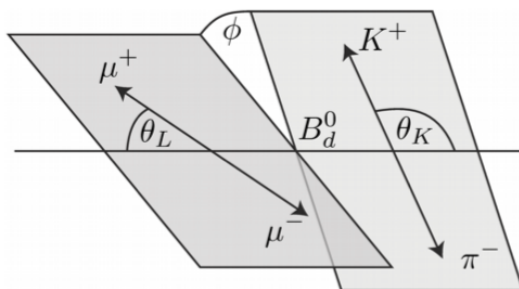
$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ angular analysis

- ATLAS analysis uses $\sim 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of 8 TeV pp data to extract P_i and P'_i ($i=4,5,6,8$)

- Fit signal and background

- Four fits, 3 free parameters each
- FL, S3 common to each fit
- S4, S5, S7, S8 fitted parameters
- P_1, P'_i extracted from fit parameters
- S-wave component (non-resonant $K\pi$) neglected and included as systematics
- 340 events in 3 q^2 bins

- Signal PDF folded to reduce the number of free parameters and improve fit convergence

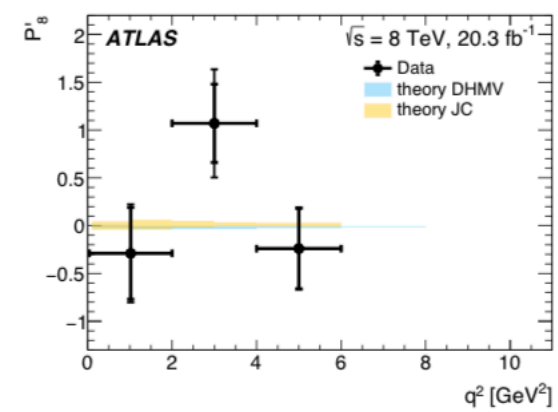
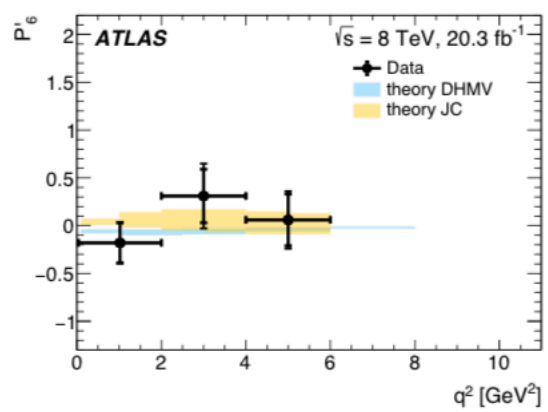
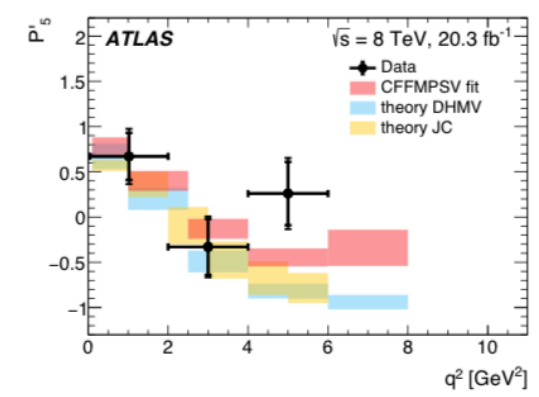
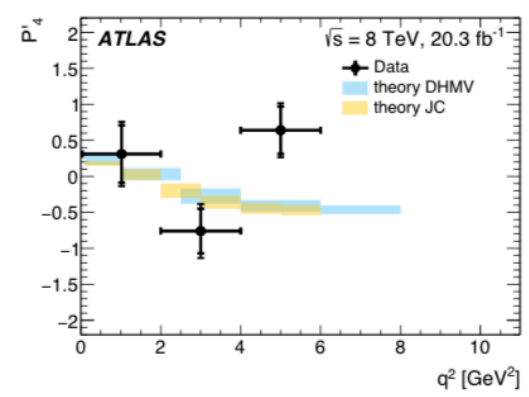
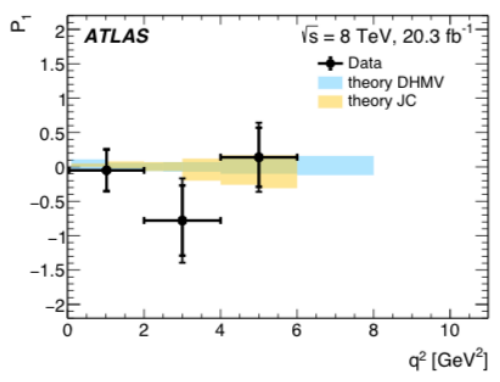


Examples with S5 folding scheme applied

Result still statistically limited

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ angular analysis

- Theory:
 - DHMV/JC: QCD factorization, hadronic uncertainties from calculations
 - HEP t/CFFMPSV t: hadronic charm contributions fitted from LHCb data
- ATLAS generally in good agreement with SM, except a $\sim 2.5\sigma$ deviation from DHMV for P_4' , P_5' in one bin



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