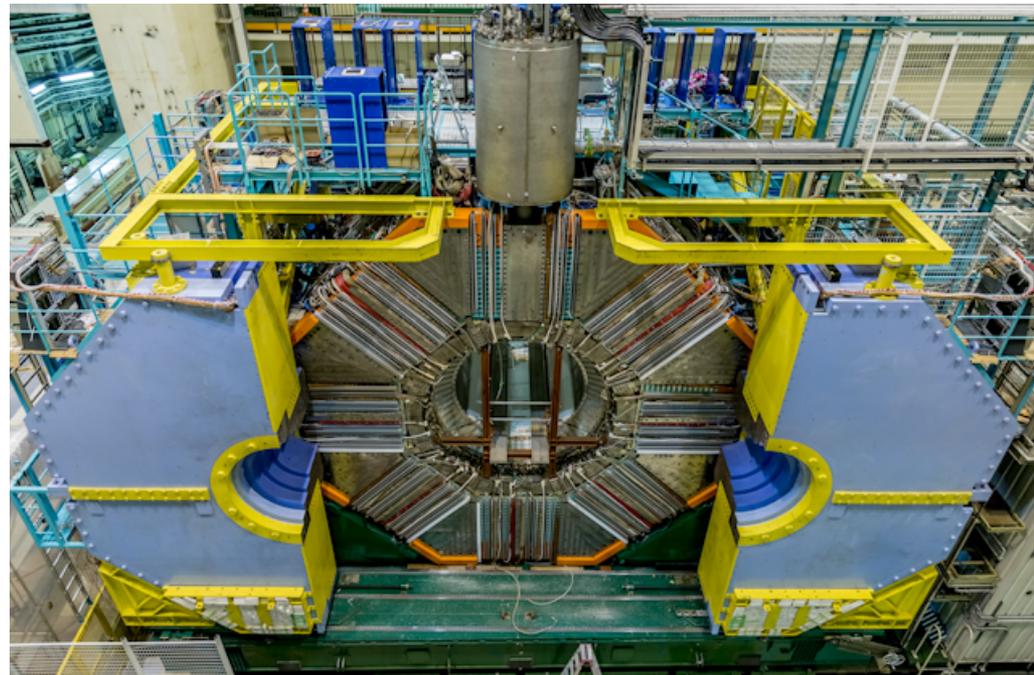


# Charm and Charmonium At Belle II

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8 June 2020



# Outline

Overview  
Context & Competition  
Belle II Data Plots



**Introduction**

Mixing  
CP Violation  
Rare Decays  
(Semi-)Leptonic  
Spectroscopy & Baryons



**Open Charm**

Charmonium  
Exotics



**Charmonium**

**Summary**

# Overview

## PLAN:

We're aiming for  $50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$  : more than 50x Belle dataset

→ *Intermediate datasets will already be a big step forward*

High statistics should fuel new ideas for analysis

( topics, techniques, ... )

## PROJECTIONS:

Prog. Th. Exp. Phys. 2019, 1232C01

**Belle II Physics Book**

[arXiv 1808.10567 ]

Extensive work by Belle II Collaboration & Theorists

*Roadmap for physics with projections, comparisons, ...*

A rich program awaits !

## PROGRESS:

Intensive work on tuning, shielding, background rates, ...

*May 2020: Operating at levels similar to best Belle numbers*

# Experimental Context

**BESIII:** absolute BFs, (semi-)leptonics, charmonia, exotics (XYZ)  
Statistics limit CPV, rare decays; no boost for time-dependence

**LHCb:** excels at CPV, lifetimes, mixing, rare decays, spectroscopy,  
Some analyses with  $\pi^0$  & single  $\gamma$ ; recent  $B_{(s)}$  semileptonic (!)

**Belle II can generally cover all of the above topics**

LHCb stats are overwhelming for charged final states (incl.  $K_S$ )

BESIII cleanliness very powerful when statistics suffice

But Belle II can perform world's best analyses in many cases,  
as well as verify results from others

**Open charm mesons, baryons: from continuum (typically)**

Cross-sections (in nb) :  $0.6 + 0.6$   $D^{*+} + D^{*0}$   $0.2$   $D_s$   $0.2$   $\Lambda_c$

nb  $\times$   $ab^{-1} = 10^9 \rightarrow$  **tens of billions produced in final samples**

**Charmonium (incl. Exotics) from B decays, ISR, two-photon**

# Physics Context

## Precision Studies of tree-level processes :

Over-constrain CKM:

→ (Semi-)leptonic - CKM matrix; decay constants, form factors

Search for anomalous CPV

→ T-odd triple products

→ Direct CP asymmetries : especially SCS decays

## Suppressed decays (loops) :

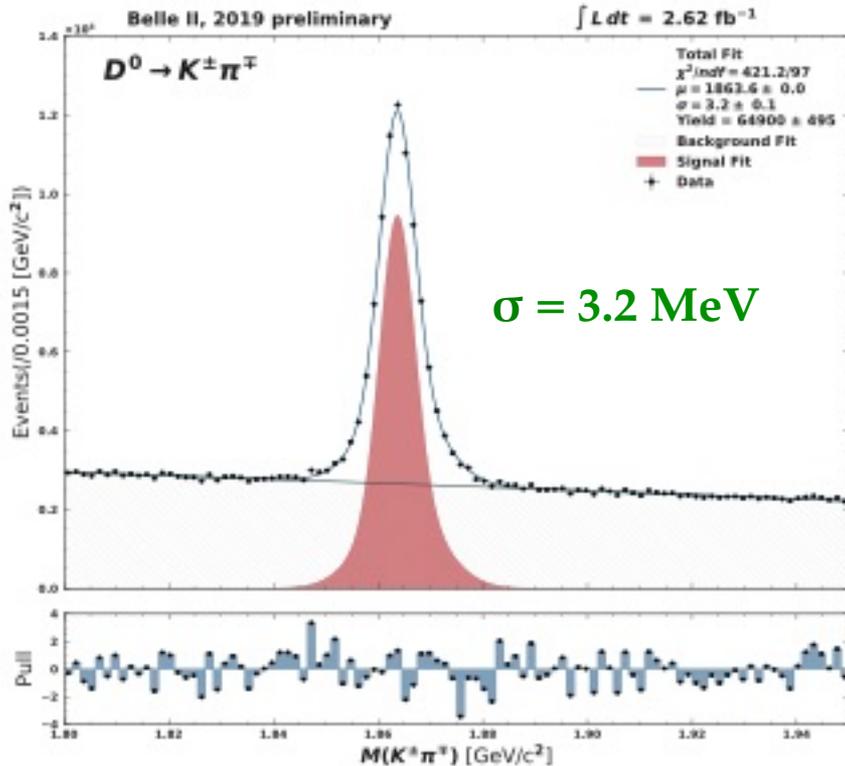
FCNC : Radiative modes, di-leptons

## Forbidden decays :

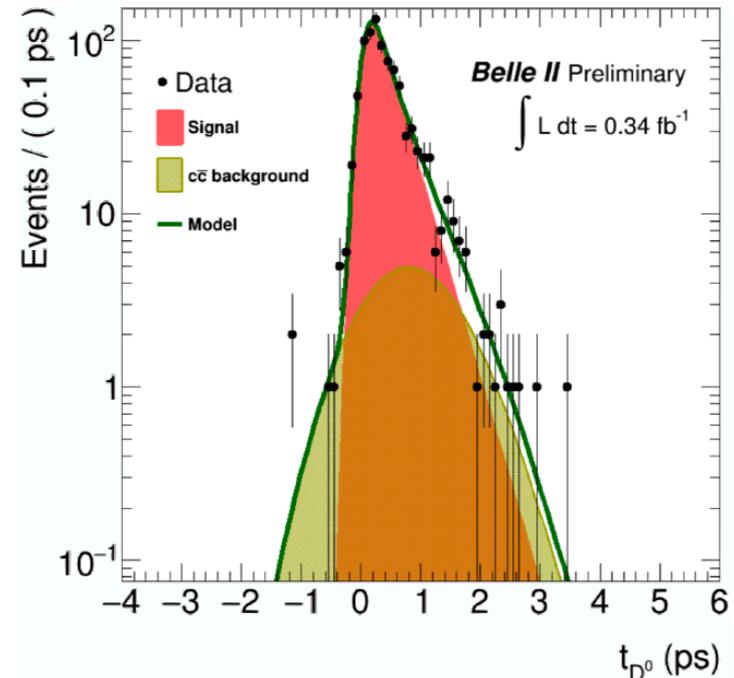
Lepton flavor violation, ...

# Belle II Data: Open Charm

$D^0$  mass peak in  $K^-\pi^+$



$D^0$  lifetime in  $K^-\pi^+$   
(early sample,  $D^*$  tag)



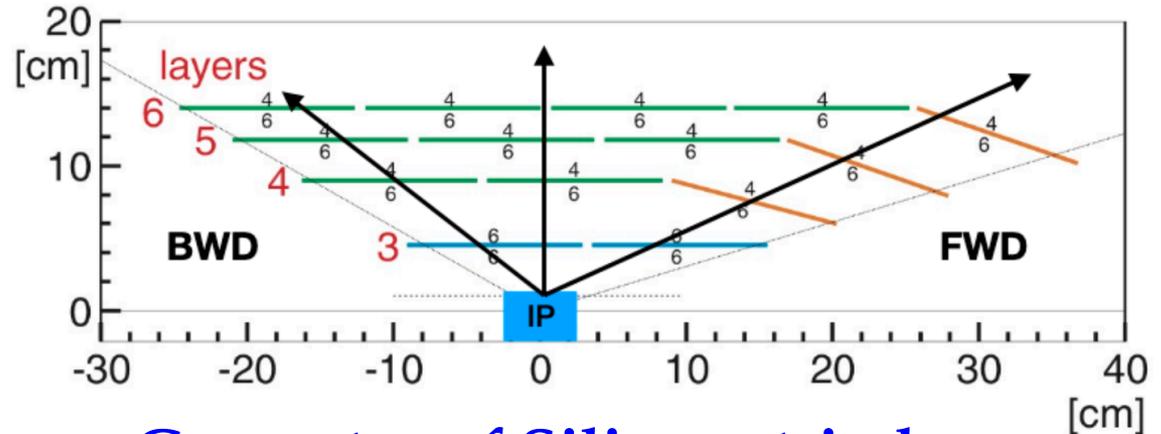
Result:  $370 \pm 40 \text{ fs}$   
[ PDG:  $410 \text{ fs} \checkmark$  ]

More plots in other FPCP2020 talks from Belle II  
 $\rightarrow$  Look for more updates by ICHEP2020

# Vertexing

## Current detector:

4 layers of Si strips  
+ inner pixel layer



## Geometry of Silicon strip layers

**Detector performance:**  $\sim 12 \mu\text{m}$  impact parameter resolution  
 $\sim 40 \mu\text{m}$   $D^0$  flight path resolution

$\rightarrow$  *About twice as good as first B factories [ pixels at small radius ]*

4 Si strip layers  
2 pixel layers

readout strip pitch:  $50\text{-}75 \mu\text{m}$  &  $160\text{-}240 \mu\text{m}$   
 $50 \times (50\text{-}85) \mu\text{m}$  pixels

# Charm Mixing

## Belle II Final Reach\*

Channel	Observable	Belle/BaBar Measurement		Scaled	
		$\mathcal{L}$ [ $\text{ab}^{-1}$ ]	Value	$5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	$50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$
<b>Mixing and Indirect (time-dependent) <math>CP</math> Violation</b>					
$D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ (no $CPV$ )	$x'^2$ (%)	0.976	$0.009 \pm 0.022$	$\pm 0.0075$	$\pm 0.0023$
	$y'$ (%)		$0.46 \pm 0.34$	$\pm 0.11$	$\pm 0.035$
$(CPV \text{ allowed})$	$ q/p $	World Avg. [230]	$0.89^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$	$\pm 0.20$	$\pm 0.05$
	$\phi$ ( $^\circ$ )	with LHCb	$-12.9^{+9.9}_{-8.7}$	$\pm 16^\circ$	$\pm 5.7^\circ$
$D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$x''$ (%)	0.384	$2.61^{+0.57}_{-0.68} \pm 0.39$	-	$\pm 0.080$
	$y''$ (%)		$-0.06^{+0.55}_{-0.64} \pm 0.34$	-	$\pm 0.070$
$D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	$x$ (%)	0.921	$0.56 \pm 0.19^{+0.04}_{-0.08} \pm 0.06$	$\pm 0.16$	$\pm 0.11$
	$y$ (%)		$0.30 \pm 0.15^{+0.04}_{-0.05} \pm 0.03$	$\pm 0.10$	$\pm 0.05$
	$ q/p $		$0.90^{+0.16}_{-0.15} \pm 0.05 \pm 0.06$	$\pm 0.12$	$\pm 0.07$
	$\phi$ ( $^\circ$ )		$-6 \pm 11 \pm 3^{+3}_{-4}$	$\pm 8$	$\pm 4$

**Other modes may be interesting for time-dependent analysis**

$K_S \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0, \dots$

\* = Belle II Physics Book; PETP 2019, 123C01 (2019)

# CP Asymmetries

CPV can be found in mixing, and also in direct asymmetries

Many modes exploit Belle II's excellent CsI calorimetry :

$$D^0 \rightarrow K_S \pi^0, \pi^0 \pi^0 \quad D^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 \quad D_s^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$$

and others:  $\eta$  &  $\eta'$  modes, multi-body, ...

Neutral D : need  $D^*$  tag ; small tag asymmetries to study

[ easier than LHCb production asymmetry ]

ALSO: T-odd triple products (four-body final states)

Use D Dbar difference to cancel final-state interaction mimicry

## CP & Rare Decays

**FCNC:** Radiative Decays:  $D^0 \rightarrow \rho \gamma, \phi \gamma, K^* \gamma$   
Single photons = good modes for Belle II !

*Measure CP asymmetries: reach is  $\pm 2\%$ ,  $\pm 1\%$ ,  $\pm 0.3\%$*

**FCNC:** dileptons  $\rightarrow$  daunting LHCb competition !

# CP Asymmetries

## Belle results and final Belle II precision\*

Mode	$\mathcal{L}$ (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	$A_{CP}$ (%)	<u>Belle II 50 ab<sup>-1</sup></u>
$D^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	976	$-0.32 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.09$	$\pm 0.03$
$D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	976	$+0.55 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.09$	$\pm 0.05$
* $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$	966	$-0.03 \pm 0.64 \pm 0.10$	$\pm 0.09$
* $D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$	966	$-0.21 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.07$	$\pm 0.02$
$D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$	921	$-0.02 \pm 1.53 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.17$	$\pm 0.23$
* $D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \eta$	791	$+0.54 \pm 0.51 \pm 0.16$	$\pm 0.07$
* $D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \eta'$	791	$+0.98 \pm 0.67 \pm 0.14$	$\pm 0.09$
* $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	532	$+0.43 \pm 1.30$	$\pm 0.13$
* $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	281	$-0.60 \pm 5.30$	$\pm 0.40$
$D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	281	$-1.80 \pm 4.40$	$\pm 0.33$
$D^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$	955	$+0.51 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.05$	$\pm 0.04$
* $D^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$	921	$+2.31 \pm 1.24 \pm 0.23$	$\pm 0.17$
* $D^+ \rightarrow \eta \pi^+$	791	$+1.74 \pm 1.13 \pm 0.19$	$\pm 0.14$
* $D^+ \rightarrow \eta' \pi^+$	791	$-0.12 \pm 1.12 \pm 0.17$	$\pm 0.14$
$D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+$	977	$-0.36 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.07$	$\pm 0.02$
$D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+$	977	$-0.25 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.14$	$\pm 0.04$
$D_s^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+$	673	$+5.45 \pm 2.50 \pm 0.33$	$\pm 0.29$
$D_s^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+$	673	$+0.12 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.22$	$\pm 0.05$

\* = Belle II Physics Book; PETP 2019, 123C01 (2019)

# Leptonic and Semileptonic

## PHYSICS: Precise decay constants & form factors

Test Lattice QCD  $|V_{cd}| f_D$   $|V_{cs}| f_{D_s}$   $|V_{cd}| f^\pi(0)$   $|V_{cs}| f^K(0)$

*Ratios also useful for various cancellation [ CKM, uncertainties ]*

## METHODS: various types of tagging (constrain kinematics)

1) *BESIII at threshold*: tagging; exclusive  $D D^{\text{bar}}$  production

2) *B factories*: Originally  $D^*$  tagging, pseudo-mass-difference  
 $\delta M = M(\pi_{\text{slow}} h l) - M(h l)$  [ like usual  $\Delta M$ ; broader ]

3) *B factories, improved*: “continuum tagging”

charm hadron tag + sets of fragmentation particles

**First done by Belle for  $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^- l^+ \nu$  PRL 97, 061804 (2006)**

$D^{\text{(*)}}_{\text{tag}} X D^{\text{(*)-}}_{\text{sig}}$  where  $X$  is a set of fragmentation particles including  $\{ \pi^+, \pi^-, \pi^0 (K^+K^-) \}$

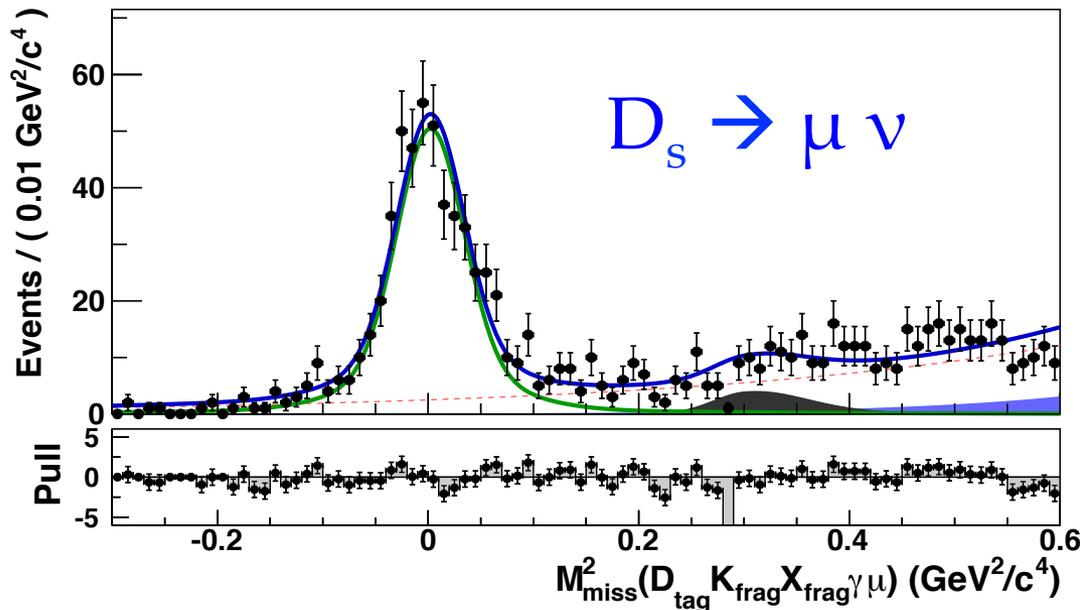
# Leptonic $D^+_{(s)}$ Decays

Continuum tagging at work in Belle for leptonic  $D_s$  decay  
MC studies: also works well for Cabibbo-suppressed mode !

50  $ab^{-1}$ : 27000  $D_s \rightarrow \mu \nu$     1250  $D \rightarrow \mu \nu$

$D_s$ : can try to trade statistics for better systematic control

$D$ : 3% BF (stat. only) is 1.5 % on  $f_D$  [ less than current BESIII ]



Belle 0.9  $ab^{-1}$  JHEP 1309, 139 (2013)

Belle result was  
systematics limited.

Belle II statistics will  
allow more precise syst.  
studies & using the best  
sub-sample of data

# Spectroscopy and Baryons

## Open Charm Mesons

- $D^{(*)} n\pi$  systems in B decays [ constrain quantum numbers ]
- Continuum

## Charm Baryons

- Searches for new states, new decay modes, ...
- CP Violation studies

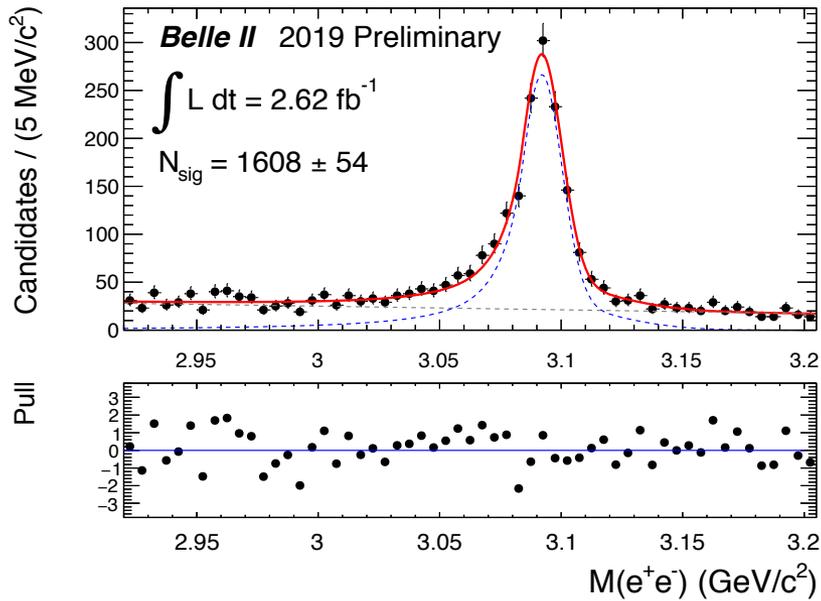
## Weakly-decaying baryonic ground-states

$$\Lambda_c^+ \quad \Xi_c^+ \quad \Xi_c^0 \quad \Omega_c^0$$

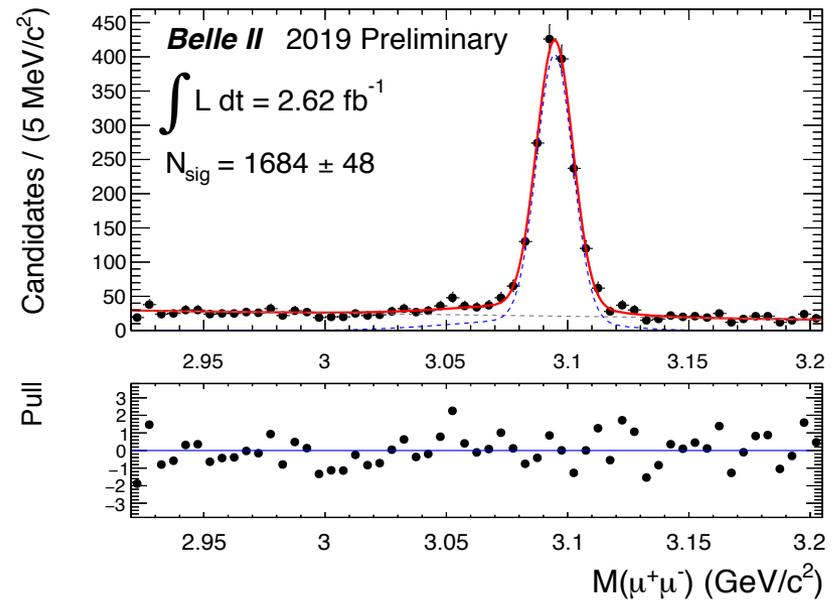
- Absolute BFs of golden modes
  - Semileptonic BFs to make contact with theory
- BESIII is taking  $\Lambda_c$  pair data at threshold data now  
Can  $50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$  confirm, and also extend to the other states ?

# Belle II Data: Charmonium

$J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$   
in B-enhanced events



$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$   
in B-enhanced events



More plots in other FPCP2020 talks from Belle II  
→ Look for more updates by ICHEP2020

# Charmonium

**Lowest-lying states mostly well-covered at BESIII**

**In B decays, we have constrained kinematics**

Polarized  $X_{cc}$  in  $B \rightarrow K X_{cc}$  can help with spin analysis

**Searches for more conventional charmonium**

Missing state:  $\eta_{2c}(1D)$   $J^{PC} = 2^{-+}$  : Search for in  $B \rightarrow K (h_c \gamma)$

Also explore resonances in  $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} D^{\text{bar}(*)} K^{(*)}$

**Two-photon production has some nice features**

**Also invisible  $J/\psi$  decays, further studies of known states, ...**

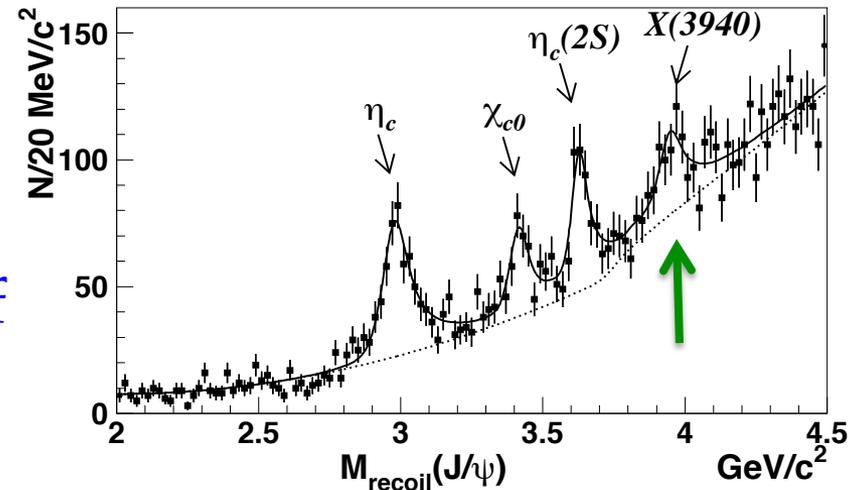
# Double Charmonium

**First observed by Belle**

Studied via recoil mass spectrum

Interesting re: fragmentation itself  
+ *exotic state found in spectrum*

Belle: PRL 98 082001 (2007)



**$X(3940)$  found in  $ee \rightarrow J/\psi X$   
via recoil mass against  $J/\psi$**

**Thus far, all double charmonium is a  $J=1$  vs. a  $J=0$  state**

Is this some general "rule"?

Tests with recoil vs. other states will require high statistics  
( hadronic decays of  $\eta_c$ ,  $\chi_{c0}$  are tougher than  $J/\psi$  dileptons ! )

# Exotic States: ISR

ISR is a “free energy scan”

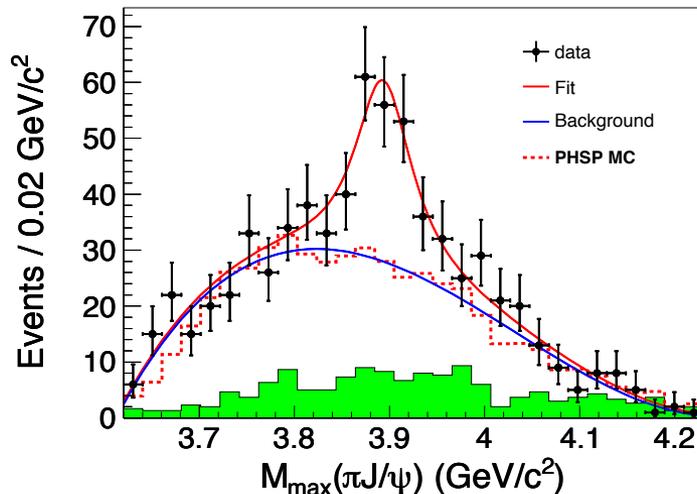
It requires high luminosity  $\rightarrow 50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$  is huge leap forward !

ISR *directly accesses*  $\Upsilon$  states with  $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$

$\Upsilon(4260)$ ,  $\Upsilon(4360)$ ,  $\Upsilon(4630)$ ,  $\Upsilon(4660)$

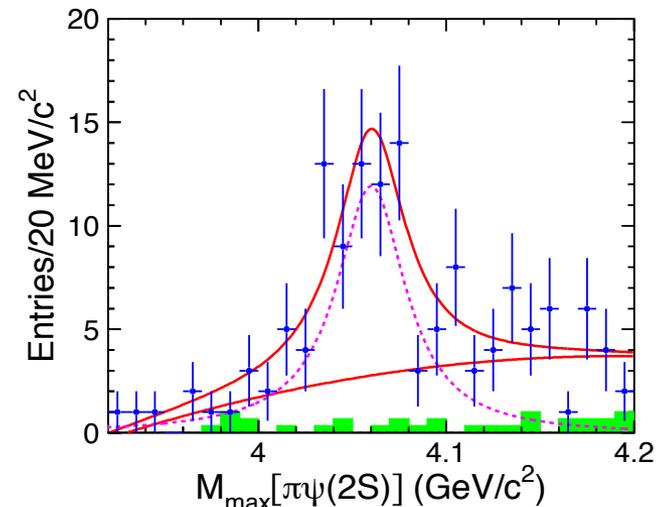
But also: Belle has seen Z states in  $\Upsilon$  substructure

**Z(3900) in  $\pi J/\psi$  mass  
within  $\Upsilon(4260) \rightarrow \pi \pi J/\psi$**



PRL 110, 252002 (2013)

**Z(4020) in  $\pi \psi(2S)$  mass  
within  $\Upsilon(4360) \rightarrow \pi \pi \psi(2S)$**



PRD 91, 112007 (2015)

# Exotic States: B Decays

$B \rightarrow K X, K Z$  with  $X, Z \rightarrow \pi\pi J/\psi, \omega J/\psi, \phi J/\psi, \gamma J/\psi, \gamma \psi(2S), D D^{*\text{bar}}, \pi J/\psi, \pi \psi(2S), \pi \chi_{c1}, \gamma \chi_{c1}, \dots$

**Very rich slate of final states**

→ Good detection of  $\gamma$  and  $\pi^0$  is important for many transitions  
→ May also find states with  $\eta, \eta'$ , other charmonia, ...

**Some History:**

Belle's 2003  
 $X(3872)$  discovery

PRL 91, 262001 (2003)

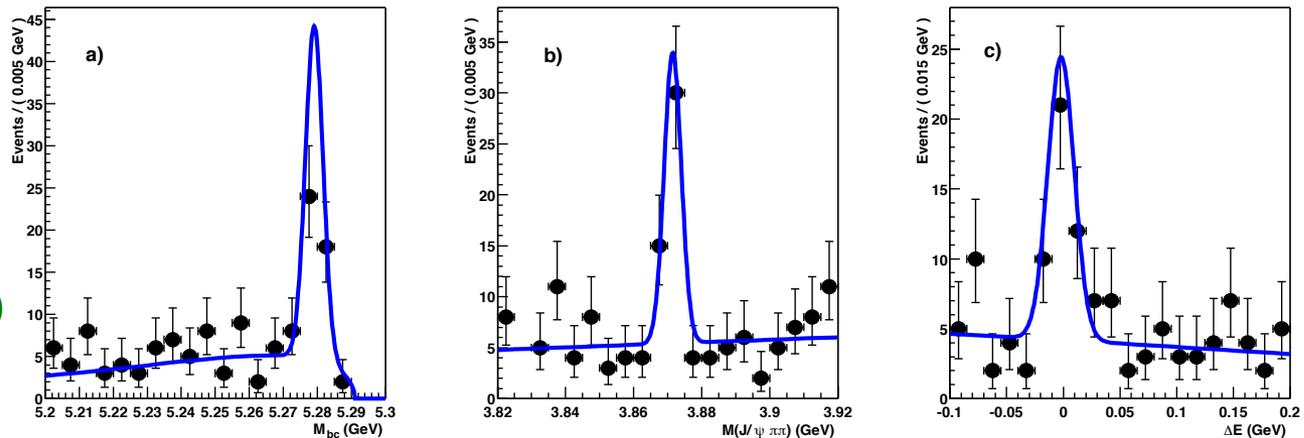


FIG. 2: Signal-band projections of (a)  $M_{bc}$ , (b)  $M_{\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi}$  and (c)  $\Delta E$  for the  $X(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$  signal region with the results of the unbinned fit superimposed.

# SUMMARY

## **Very good start to data-taking**

Smooth operation and rapid improvements

## **Broad program complements existing experiments**

High statistics; good performance for neutrals

## **Long Program Ahead**

Intermediate datasets will be large & very exciting  
(some interesting Belle results aren't full stats)

# BACKUP

## More tables from the Belle II Physics Book [ PETP 2019, 123C01 (2019) ]

Channel	Observable	Belle/BaBar Measurement		Scaled	
		$\mathcal{L}$ [ $\text{ab}^{-1}$ ]	Value	$5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	$50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$
<b>Leptonic Decays</b>					
$D_s^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu$	$\mu^+$ events		$492 \pm 26$	2.7k	27k
	$\tau^+$ events	0.913	$2217 \pm 83$	12.1k	121k
	$f_{D_s}$		2.5%	1.1%	0.34%
$D^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu$	$\mu^+$ events	-	-	125	1250
	$f_D$	-	-	6.4%	2.0%
<b>Rare and Radiative Decays</b>					
$D^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \gamma$	$A_{CP}$		$+0.056 \pm 0.152 \pm 0.006$	$\pm 0.07$	$\pm 0.02$
$D^0 \rightarrow \phi \gamma$	$A_{CP}$	0.943	$-0.094 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.001$	$\pm 0.03$	$\pm 0.01$
$D^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^{*0} \gamma$	$A_{CP}$		$-0.003 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.000$	$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 0.003$