

CERN Colloquium

SPEAKER: Gil Kalai TITLE: **The Argument Against Quantum Computers** DATE: 22 Aug 2010, 16:20

- DATE: 22 Aug 2019, 16:30
- PLACE: 500/1-001 Main Auditorium

ABSTRACT

We give a computational complexity argument against the feasibility of quantum computers. We identify a very low complexity class of probability distributions described by noisy intermediate-scale quantum computers, allow neither good-quality and explain why it will quantum error-correction (1) nor a demonstration of "quantum supremacy" (2). Some general principles governing the behavior of noisy quantum systems are derived. The argument crucially relies on the study by Kalai and Kindler (2014) of noise stability and sensitivity for systems of non-interacting bosons. This study is built on the theory of noise stability and noise sensitivity of Boolean functions developed by Benjamini, Kalai, and Schramm (1999). The argument, which is strictly within the framework predicts the failure of near-term experimental of quantum mechanics, goals of many groups around the world to demonstrate on NISQ computers quantum supremacy and good-quality quantum error-correcting codes. The lecture will be self contained and will start with a gentle explanation of some basic notions about computation, and quantum computers. (1) Quantum error-correction codes are remarkable quantum states that are needed for large scale fault-tolerant quantum computers. (2) Quantum supremacy refers to the ability of quantum computers to perform certain tasks that classical computers cannot perform.