

ϕ -meson production in small systems collisions

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The ϕ meson has a small inelastic cross section for interaction with nonstrange hadrons, therefore it is less affected by late hadronic rescattering and better reflects the initial evolution of heavy ion collisions. Small systems, such as $p+Al$, $p+Au$, and ^3He+Au , can help us understand whether the suppression of hadron yields in the region of intermediate to large transverse momenta is associated with hot (QGP) or cold nuclear matter effects. In this talk we will present a study devoted to the ϕ meson production in small collision systems at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV as measured by the PHENIX experiment at RHIC. The ϕ -meson production shows a small system size dependence in the most central $p+Al$, $p+Au$, ^3He+Au collisions, and the nuclear modification factors are consistent with those of the 0 within uncertainties for all three collision systems. Implications for hadronization and strangeness production will be discussed.

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