

The comparison of methods for anisotropic flow measurements with the MPD Experiment at NICA

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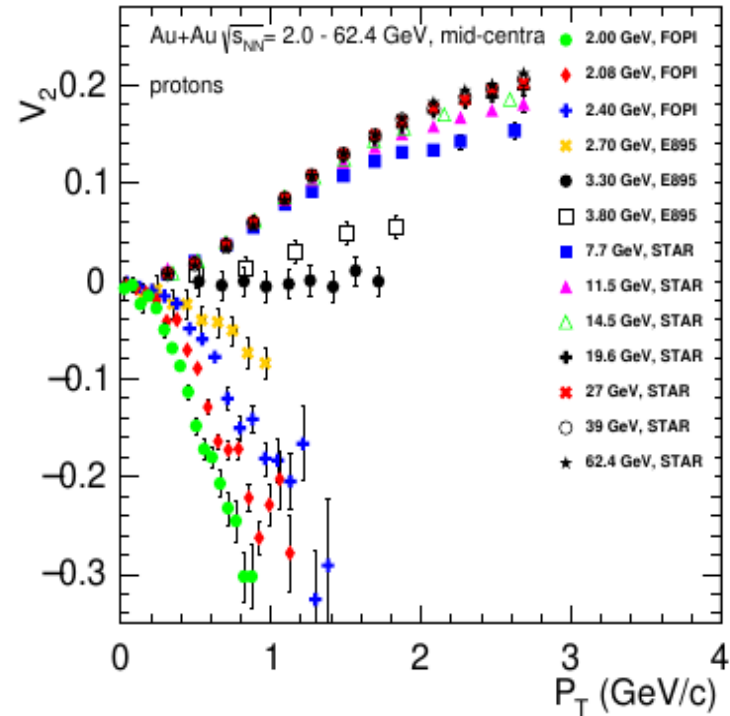
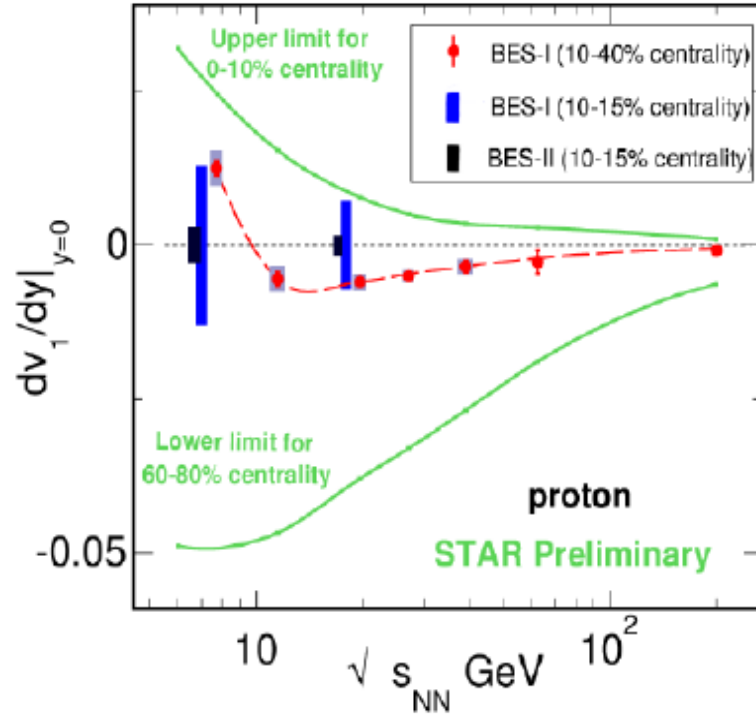
Outline

- Anisotropic flow at NICA energies
- MPD experiment at NICA
- Flow performance in MPD
 - Methods descriptions
 - Performance study for v_1 and v_2 using different methods
 - Au+Au vs. Bi+Bi comparison
- Summary and outlook

Anisotropic flow at NICA energies

$$\frac{dN}{d\phi} \propto \left(1 + 2 \sum_{n \neq 1} v_n \cos [n(\phi - \Psi_n)] \right)$$

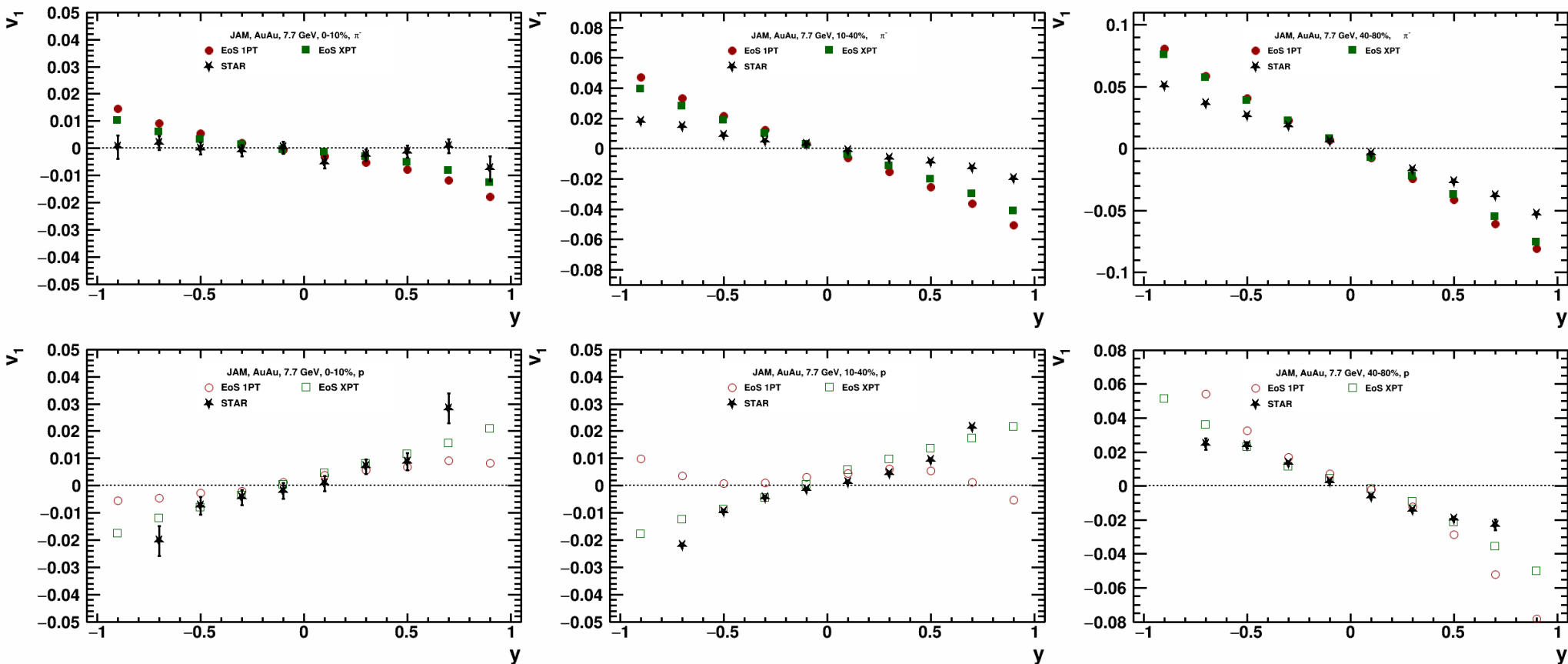
v_1 – directed flow
 v_2 – elliptic flow
 v_3 – triangular flow



- Both directed and elliptic flow are sensitive to the transport properties of the dense matter produced in the HIC (EoS, η/s , c_s , etc.)
- Large passing time \rightarrow strong spectator influence on flow signal

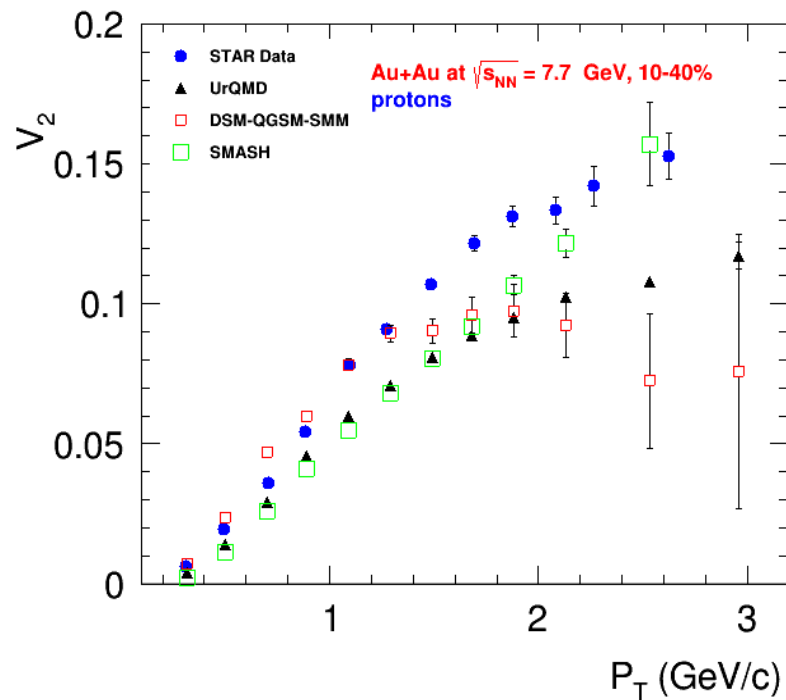
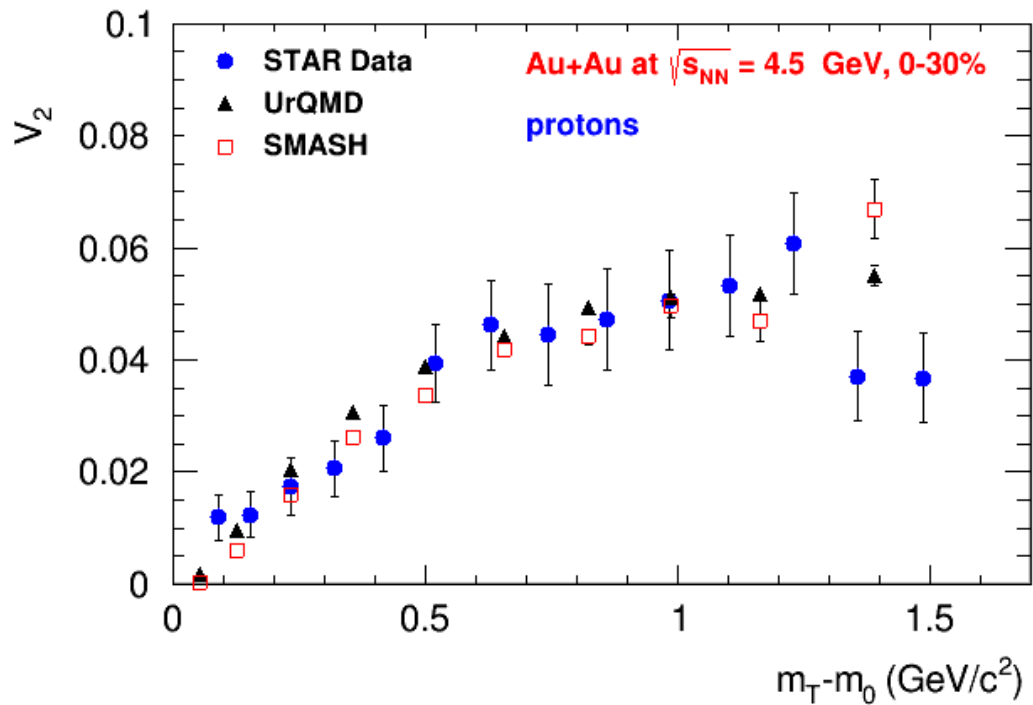
Rapidity dependence of directed flow: JAM EoS comparison

JAM model: <http://www.aiu.ac.jp/~ynara/jam/>, Phys. Rev. C 72 (2005) 064908; STAR data: Phys. Rev. Lett. 120 (2018) 62301



Directed flow is most sensitive to the EoS in mid-central collisions
Slope $dv_1/dy|_{y=0}$ changes dramatically with centrality for protons

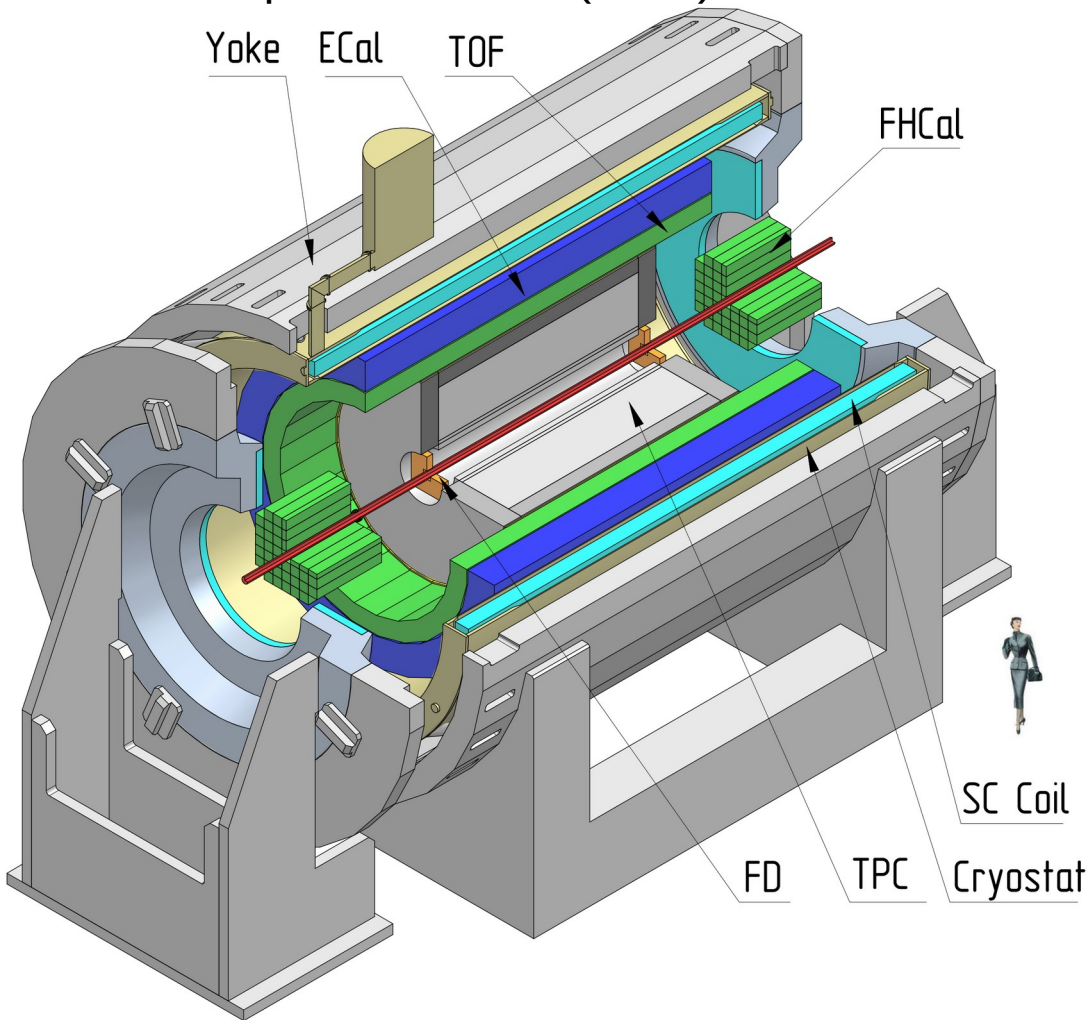
Elliptic flow: beam-energy dependence



- At $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 4.5$ GeV pure string/hadronic cascade models give similar v_2 signal compared to STAR data
- At $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.7$ GeV pure string/hadronic cascade models underpredict v_2

Flow performance study at MPD (NICA)

Multi Purpose Detector (MPD)



EP plane

FHCAL ($2 < |\eta| < 5$) or TPC ($|\eta| < 1.5$)

Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

➤ Tracking of charged particles within ($|\eta| < 1.5$, 2π in ϕ)

➤ PID at low momenta

Time of Flight (TOF)

➤ PID at high momenta

$-5 < \eta < -2$

FHCAL

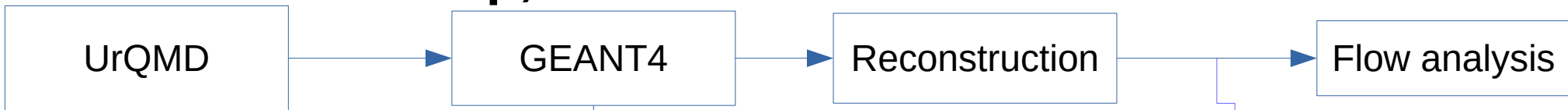
$-1.5 < \eta < 1.5$

TPC
 $0.2 < p_T < 3$ GeV/c

$2 < \eta < 5$

FHCAL

Setup, event and track selection



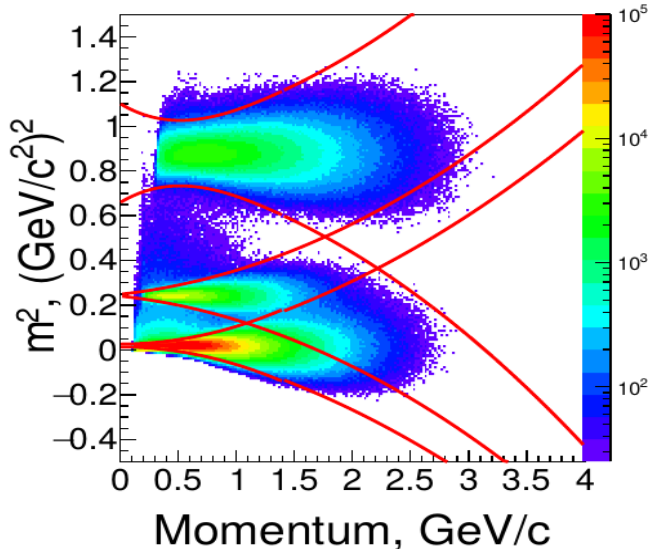
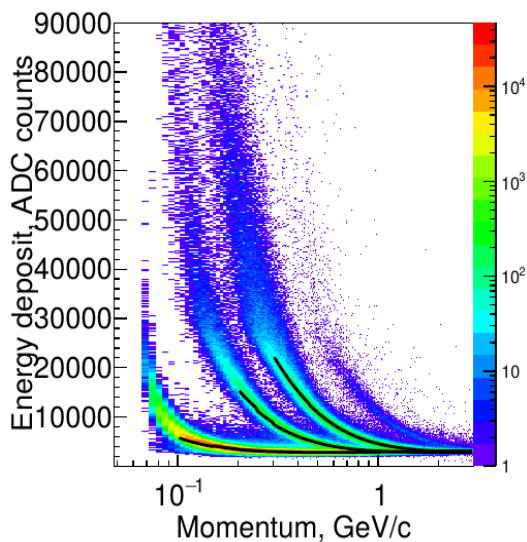
- Au+Au, $N_{\text{events}} = 10 \text{ M}$ events
at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 4.5, 7.7$ and 11 GeV
- Bi+Bi, $N_{\text{events}} = 7 \text{ M}$ events
at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.7 \text{ GeV}$

- TPC
- FHCAL
- TOF
- ...

- Event classification:
- Track multiplicity
 - FHCAL energy

- Track selection:
- Primary tracks (2σ DCA cut)
 - $N_{\text{TPC hits}} > 16$
 - $0.2 < p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - $|\eta| < 1.5$
 - PID based on TPC+TOF (MpdPid)

MPDRoot, September 2020



Event plane method implementation in MPD (NICA)

$$Q_x^m = \frac{\sum \omega_i \cos(m\varphi_i)}{\sum \omega_i}, Q_y^m = \frac{\sum \omega_i \sin(m\varphi_i)}{\sum \omega_i}, \Psi_m^{EP} = \frac{1}{m} \text{ATan2}(Q_y^m, Q_x^m)$$

FHCal EP: $m=1$, $\omega=E$

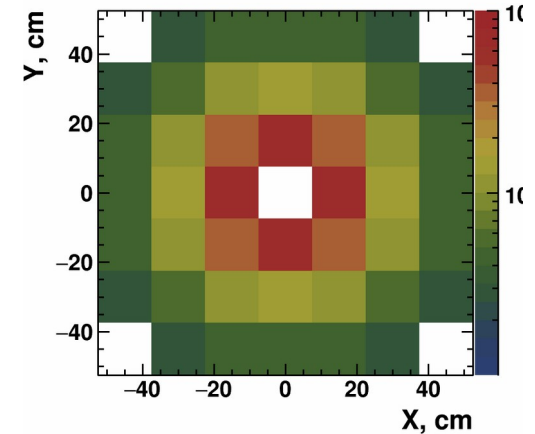
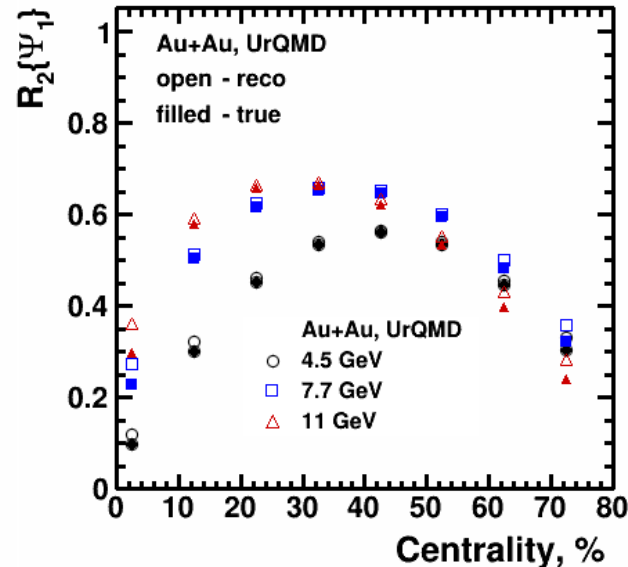
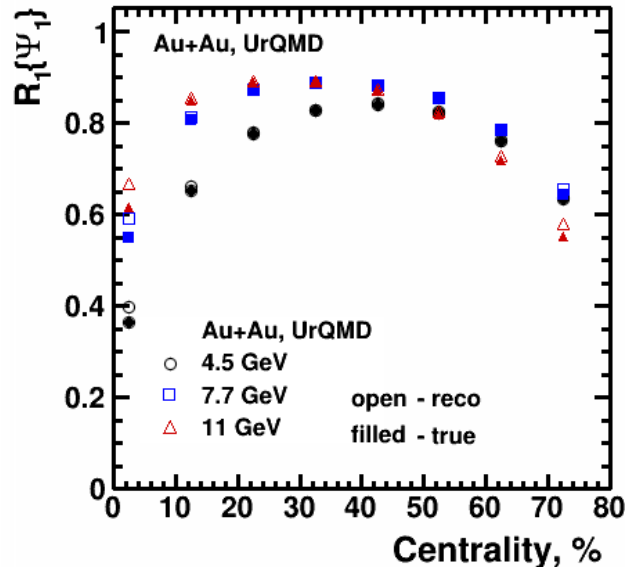
TPC EP: $m=2$, $\omega=p_T$

- Both FHCal and TPC detectors were used for EP:
 - $\Delta\eta\text{-gap} > 0.05$ for TPC EP
 - $\Delta\eta\text{-gap} > 0.5$ for FHCal EP

$$Res_n^2\{\Psi_m^{EP,L}, \Psi_m^{EP,R}\} = \langle \cos[n(\Psi_m^{EP,L} - \Psi_m^{EP,R})] \rangle$$

$$Res_n\{\Psi_m^{EP,true}\} = \langle \cos[n(\Psi_{RP} - \Psi_m^{EP})] \rangle$$

$$v_n = \frac{\langle \cos[n(\Psi_{RP} - \Psi_m^{EP})] \rangle}{Res_n\{\Psi_m^{EP,true}\}}$$



Energy distribution in FHCal

Direct cumulants method

Particle azimuthal moments:

$$\langle 2 \rangle_n = \langle e^{in(\varphi_i - \varphi_j)} \rangle \approx v_n^2 + \delta_n$$

$$\langle 4 \rangle_n = \langle e^{in(\varphi_i + \varphi_j - \varphi_k - \varphi_l)} \rangle \approx v_n^4 + 4v_n^2 \delta_n + 2\delta_n^2$$

δ - is nonflow



$$\langle 2 \rangle_n = \frac{|Q_n|^2 - M}{M(M-1)}, \quad Q_n \equiv \sum_{i=1}^M e^{in\varphi_i}$$

$$\langle 4 \rangle_n = \frac{|Q_n|^4 + |Q_{2n}|^2 - 2|Q_{2n} Q_n^* Q_n^*| - 4M(M-2)|Q_n|^2 + 2M(M-3)}{M(M-1)(M-2)(M-3)}$$

Average over all events (RFP):

$$v_n \{ 2 \}^2 = \langle \langle 2 \rangle_n \rangle$$

$$v_n \{ 4 \}^4 = 2 \langle \langle 2 \rangle_n \rangle^2 - \langle \langle 4 \rangle_n \rangle$$

For exclusive region (POI):

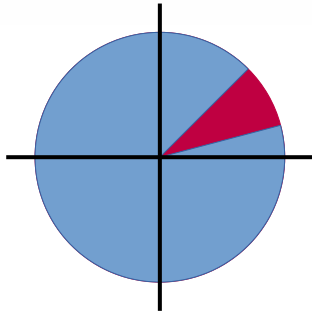
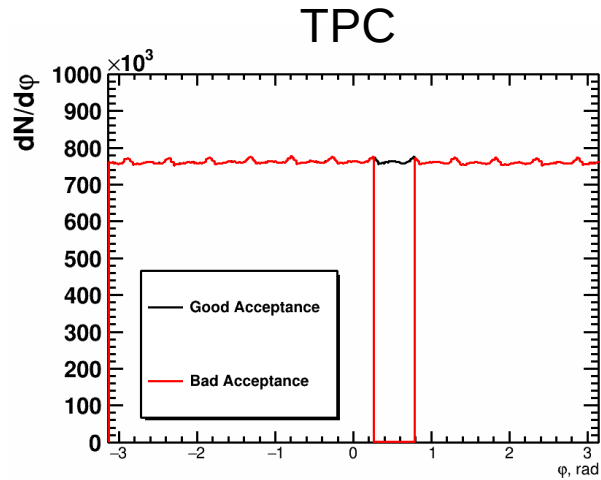
$$v_n \{ 2' \} = \frac{\langle \langle 2' \rangle_n \rangle}{\sqrt{\langle \langle 2 \rangle_n \rangle}}$$

$$v_n \{ 4' \} = \frac{2 \langle \langle 2' \rangle_n \rangle \langle \langle 2 \rangle_n \rangle - \langle \langle 4' \rangle_n \rangle}{(2 \langle \langle 2 \rangle_n \rangle^2 - \langle \langle 4 \rangle_n \rangle)^{3/4}}$$

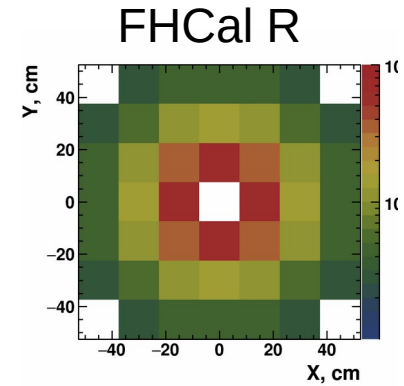
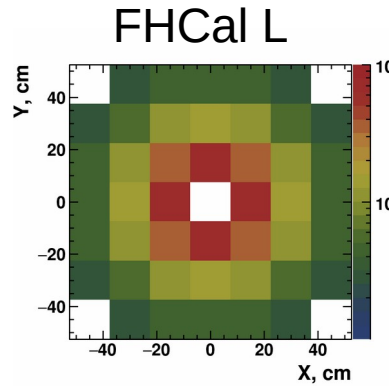
- Reference Flow Particle (RFP) – integrated flow over the event (centrality dependence)
- Particle Of Interest (POI) – differential flow (centrality, p_T , ...)

The method was introduced by Ante Bilandzic in Phys.Rev.C 83 (2011) 044913

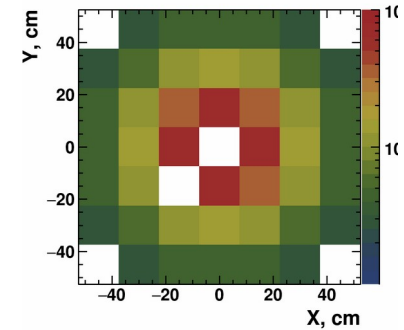
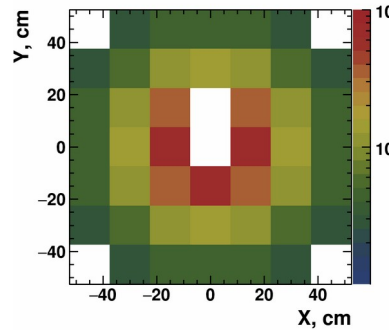
Acceptance filter



Area $15^\circ < \phi < 45^\circ$ is off



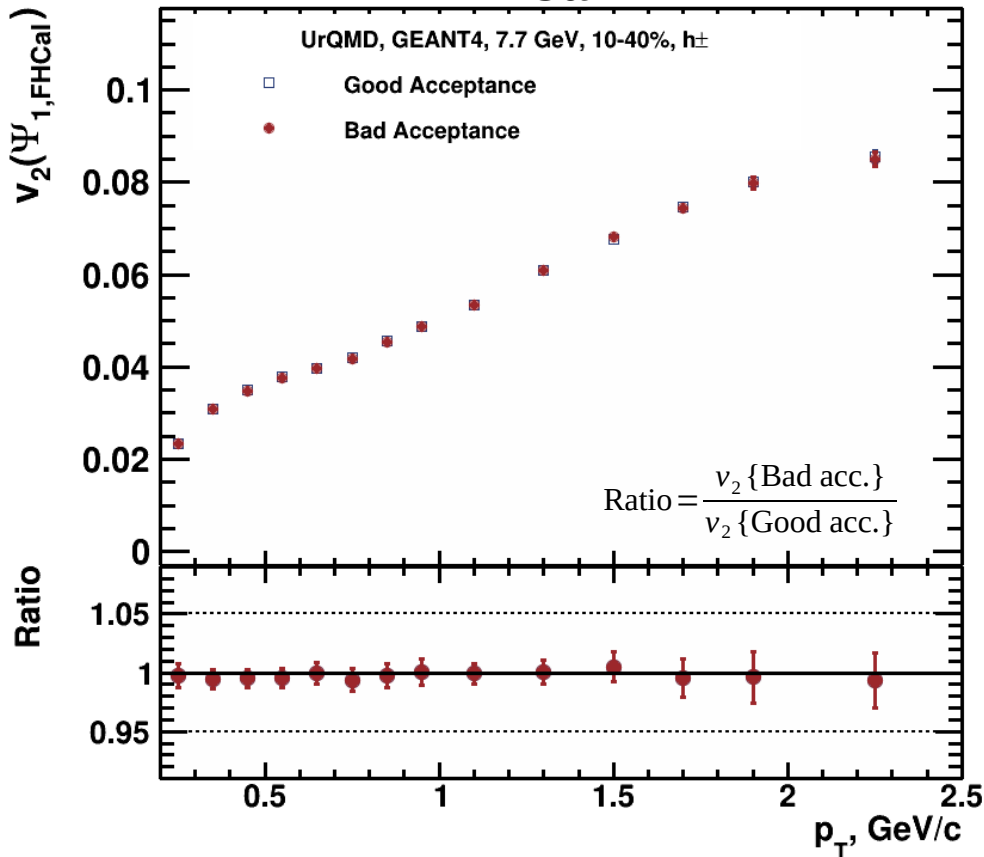
Acceptance filter



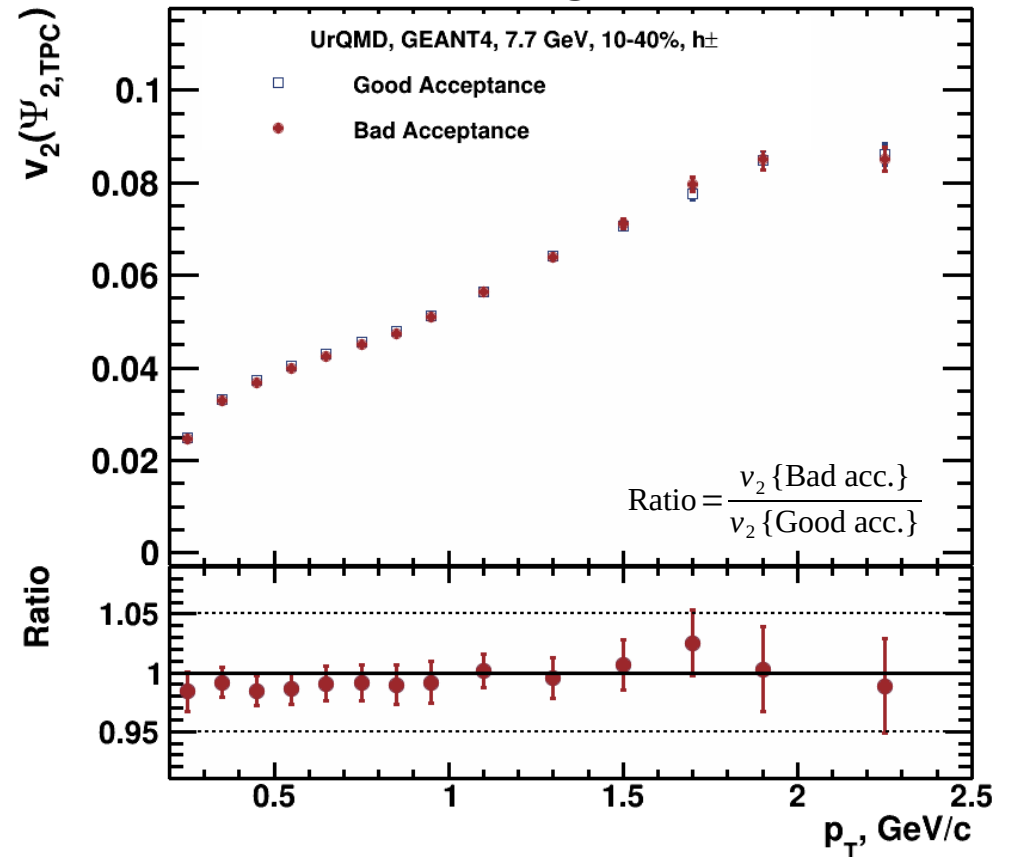
Modules 15 (L) and 28 (R) are off

$v_2(p_T)$: check of corrections

FHCal EP

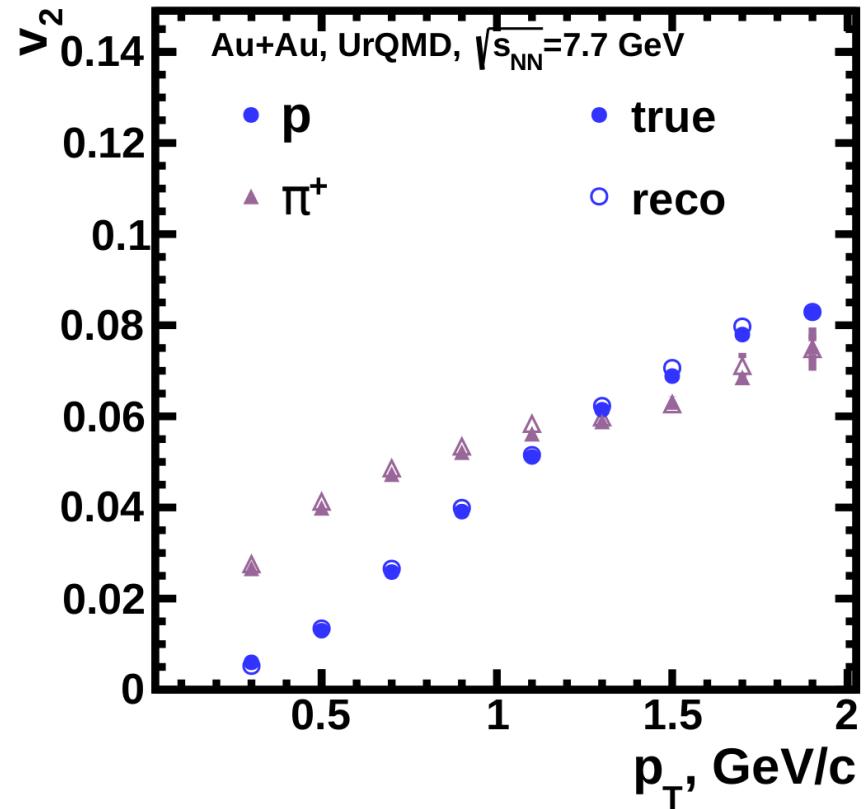
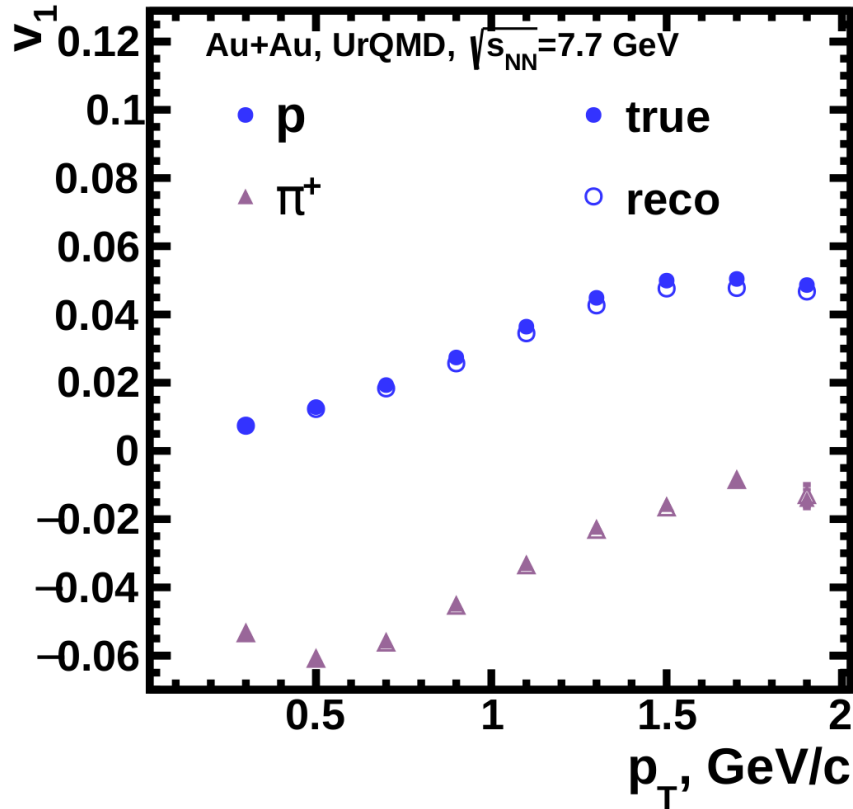


TPC EP



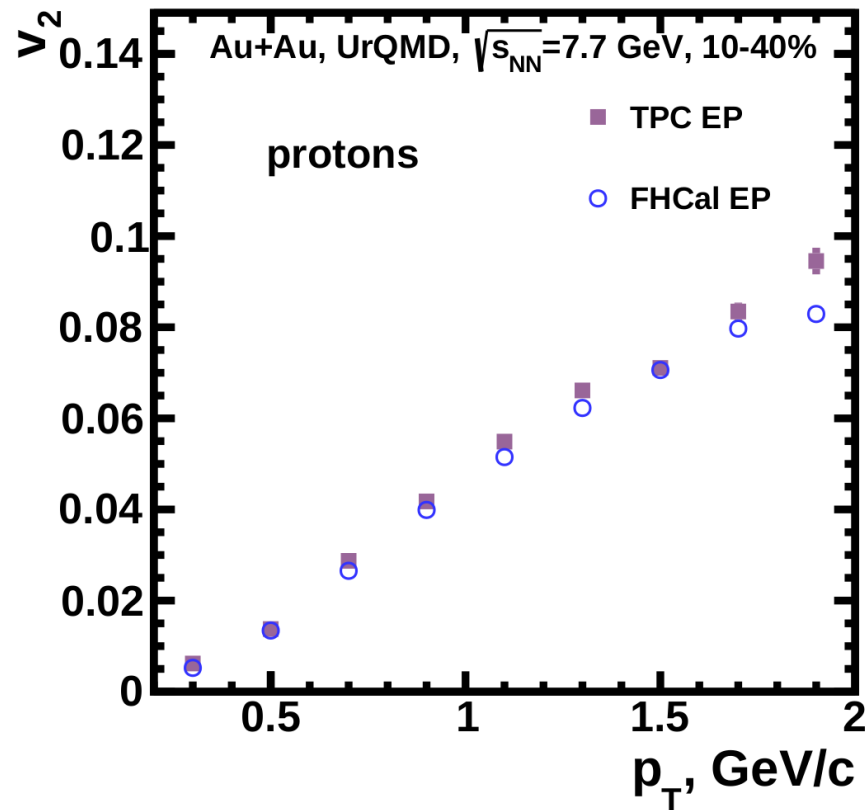
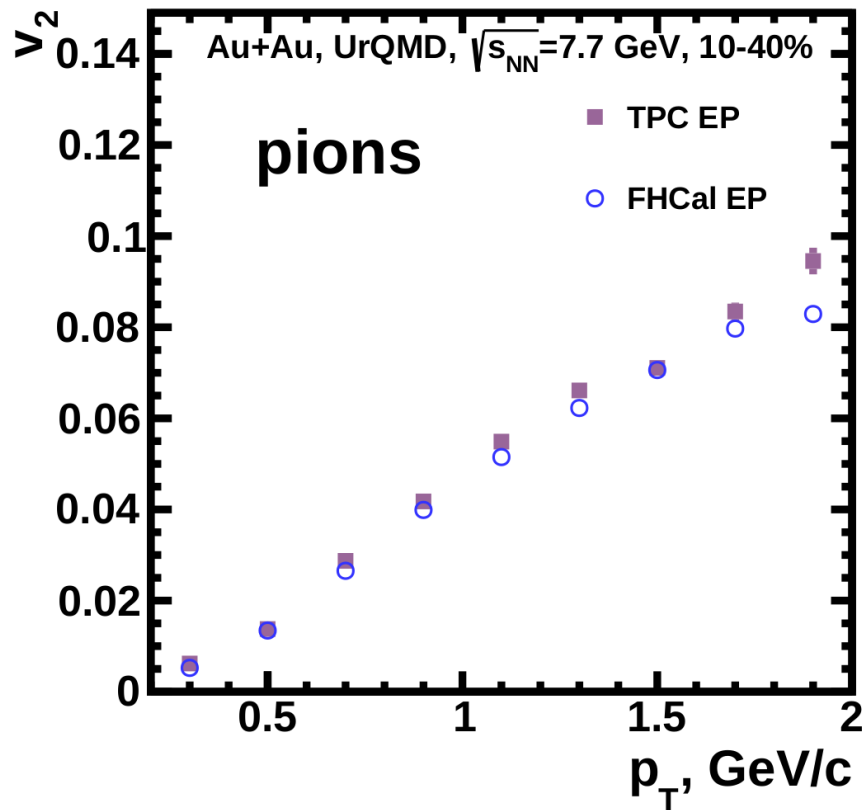
Good agreement with results for ideal (Good) acceptance

p_T -dependence of v_1 and v_2 of reconstructed signal



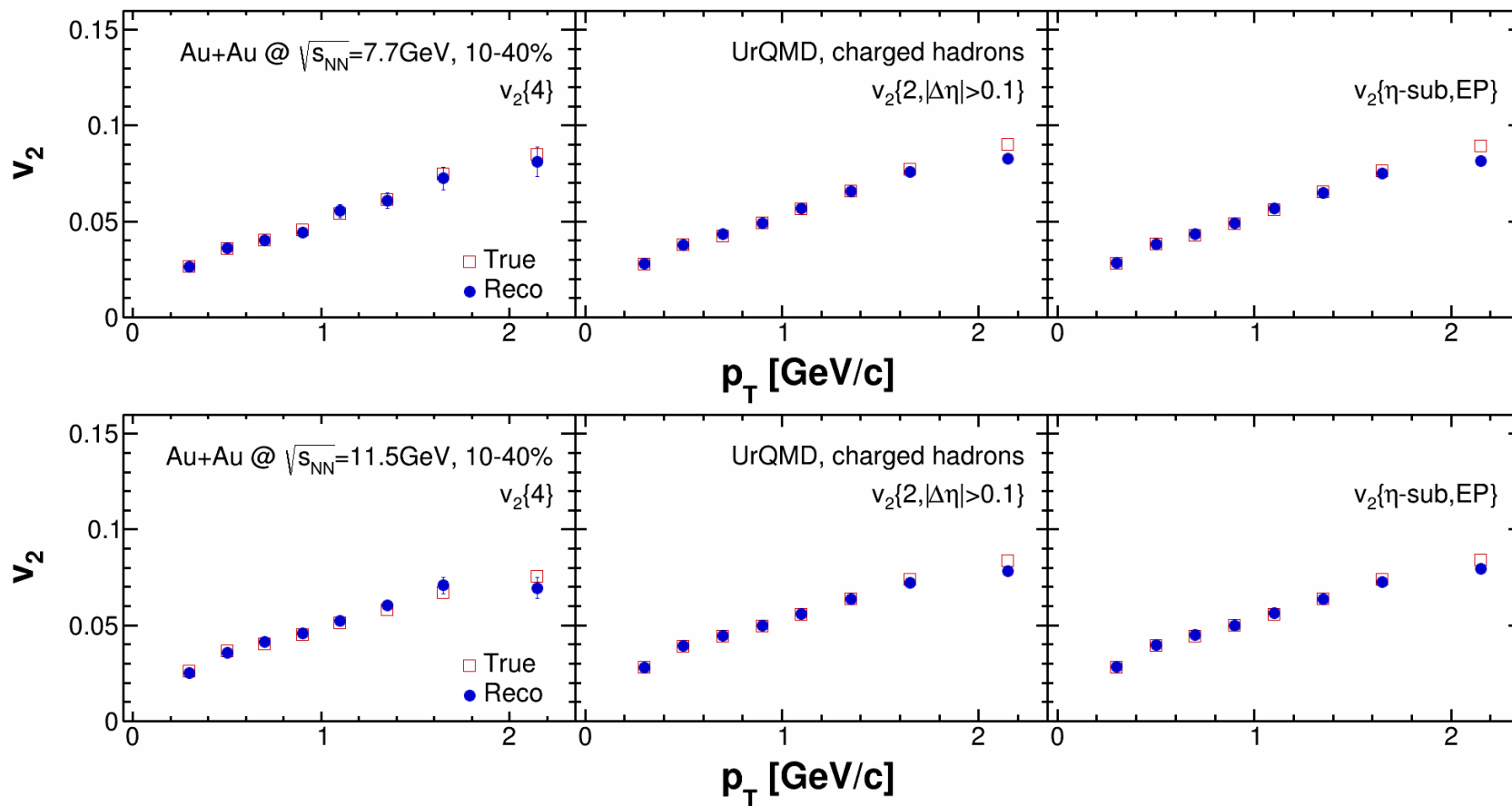
Both directed and elliptic flow results after reconstruction and resolution correction are consistent to that of MC simulation

$v_2(p_T)$: FHCaI EP vs TPC EP



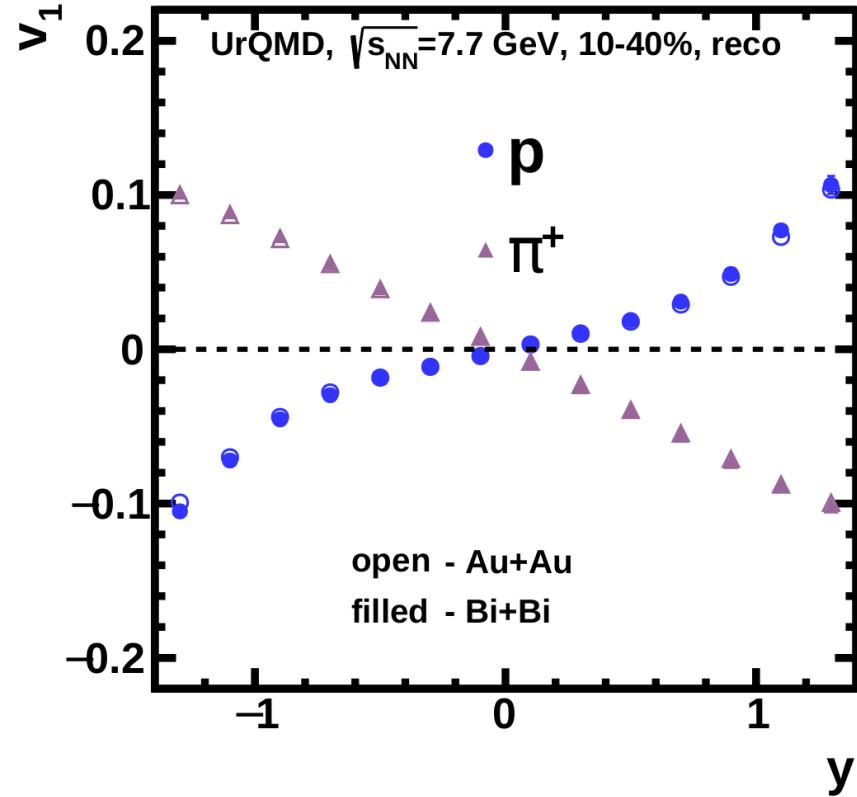
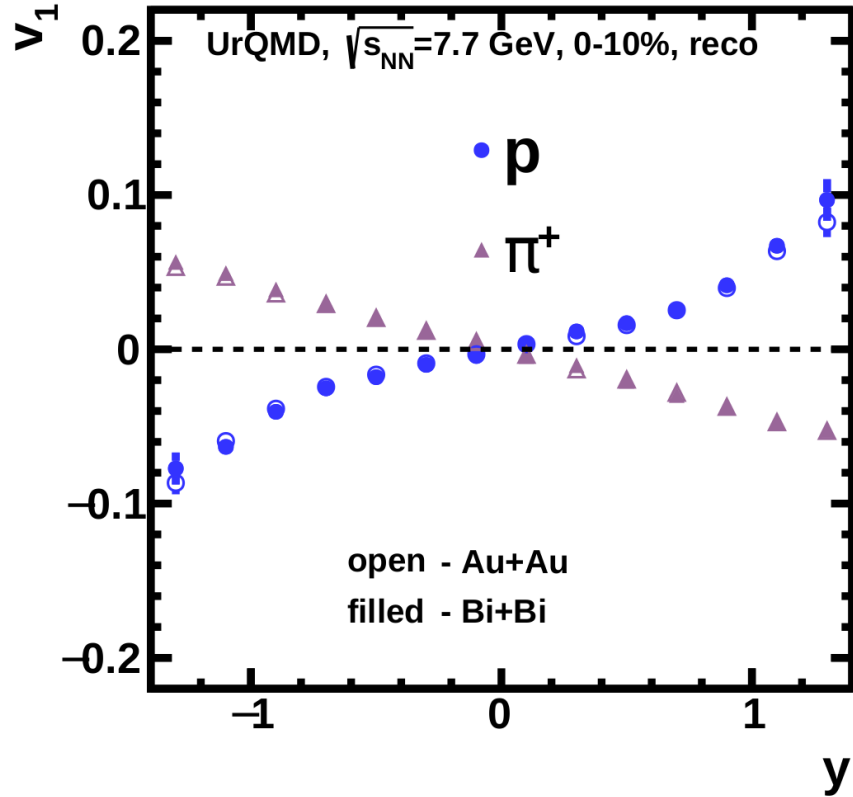
Expected small difference between v_2 measured with respect TPC ($\Psi_{2,EP}$) and FHCaI ($\Psi_{1,EP}$)

Direct cumulant measurements in MPD (NICA)



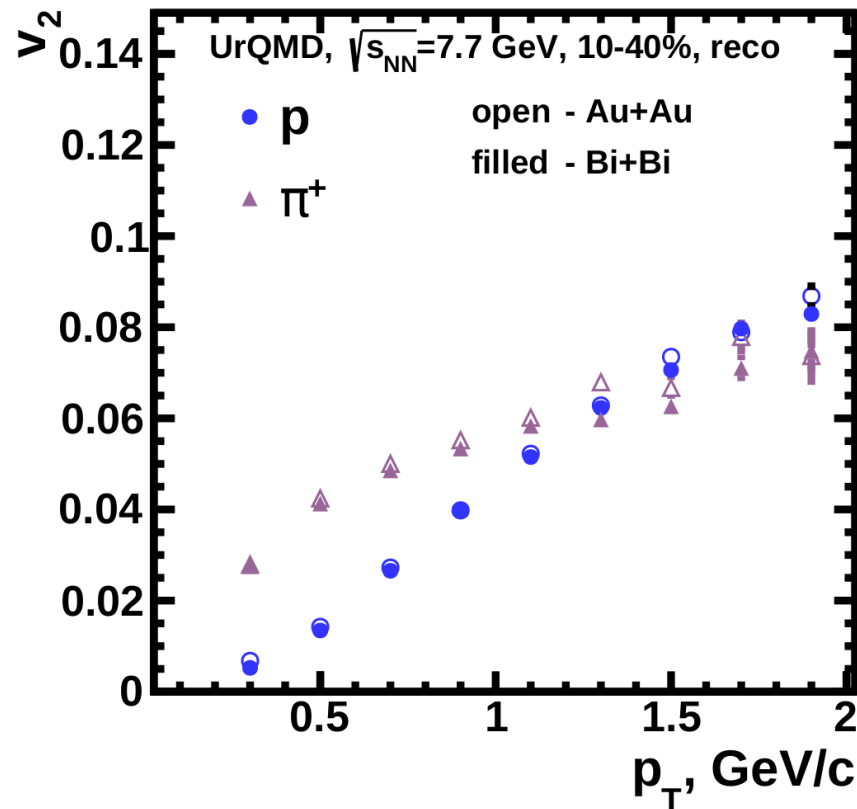
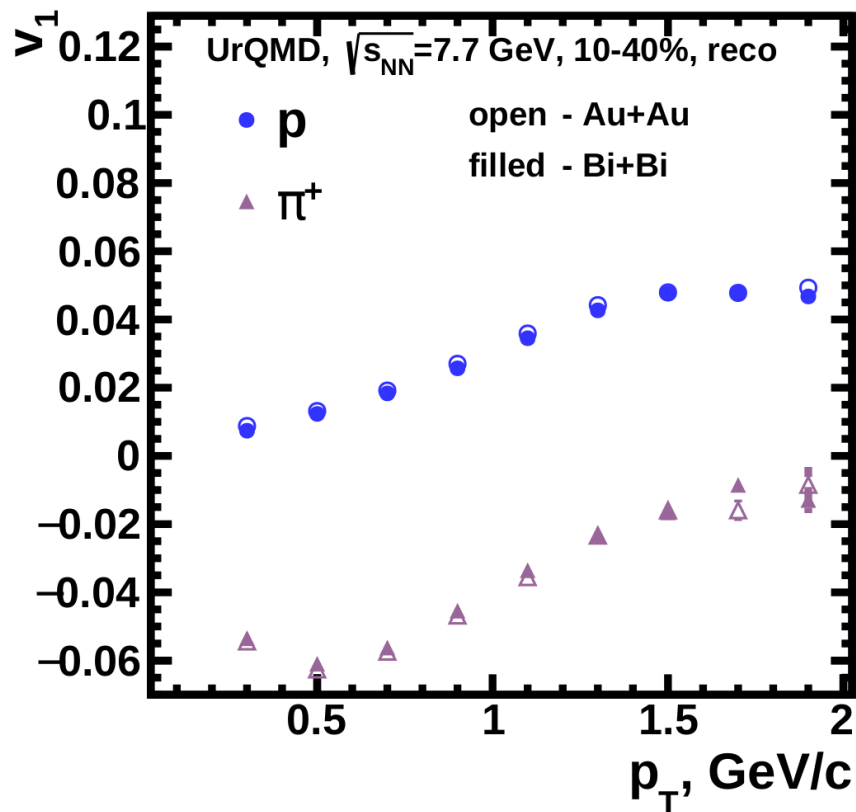
Elliptic flow results using direct cumulant and EP methods after reconstruction are consistent to that of MC simulation

$v_1(y)$: Bi+Bi vs Au+Au



Expected small difference for $v_1(y)$ for particles produced in Au+Au and Bi+Bi collisions.

$v_n(p_T)$: Bi+Bi vs Au+Au



Expected small difference for v_1 and v_2 for particles produced in Au+Au and Bi+Bi collisions.

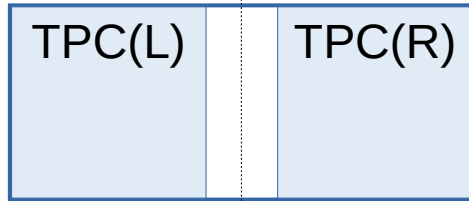
Summary

- Comparison of models with STAR data shows that at NICA energy range:
 - Slope $dv_1/dy|_{y=0}$ of protons changes sign with centrality
 - v_2 shows non-monotonic growth with increasing beam energy (from $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 4.5$ to 7.7 GeV)
- Full reconstruction chain was implemented in MPD:
 - Combined particle identification based on TPC and TOF
 - Realistic hadronic simulation (GEANT4)
 - Corrections allow us to perform flow measurements even with non-uniform acceptance
- Reconstructed v_1 , v_2 are in an agreement with MC generated data for both event plane and direct cumulant methods
- v_1 and v_2 show small difference between Au+Au and Bi+Bi collisions

Thank you for your attention!

Backup

$v_2(p_T)$: EP vs. SP methods



$$-1.5 < \eta < -0.05 \quad 0.05 < \eta < 1.5$$

Left TPC half ($\eta < -0.05$) $\rightarrow \eta_-$

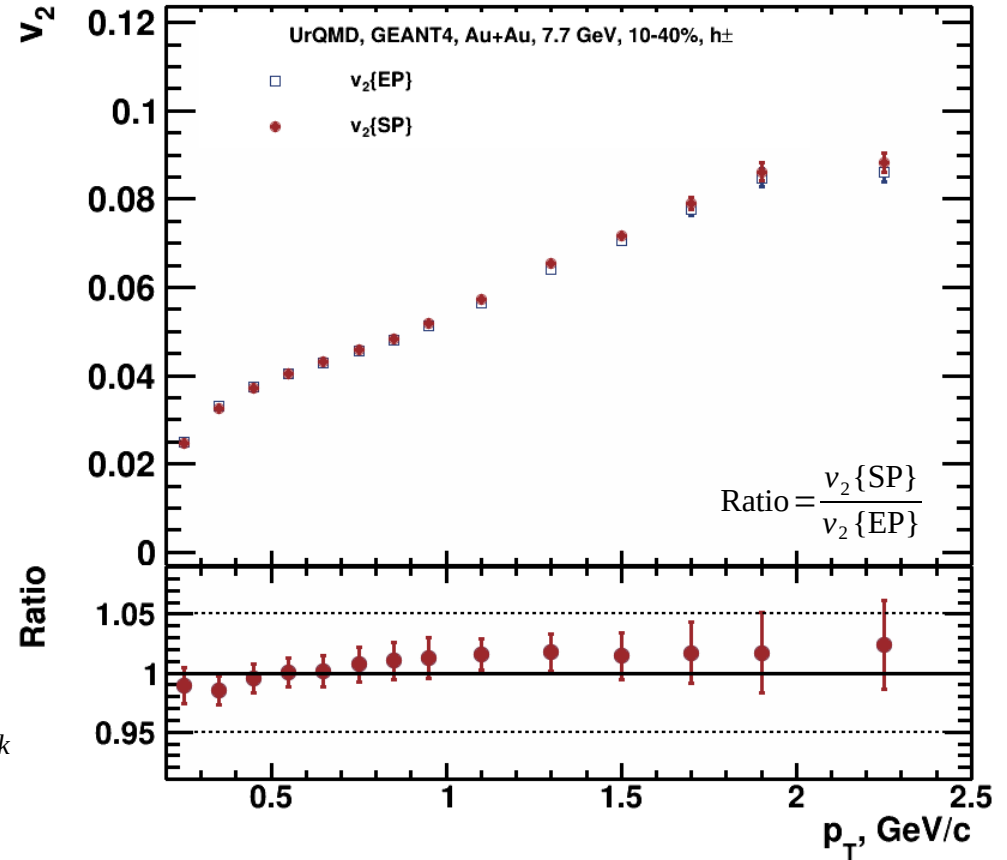
Right TPC half ($\eta > 0.05$) $\rightarrow \eta_+$

Event Plane (EP):

$$v_2\{\text{EP}\} = \frac{\langle \cos[2(\varphi_{\eta^\pm} - \Psi_{2,\eta^\mp})] \rangle}{\sqrt{\langle \cos[2(\Psi_{2,\eta^+} - \Psi_{2,\eta^-})] \rangle}}$$

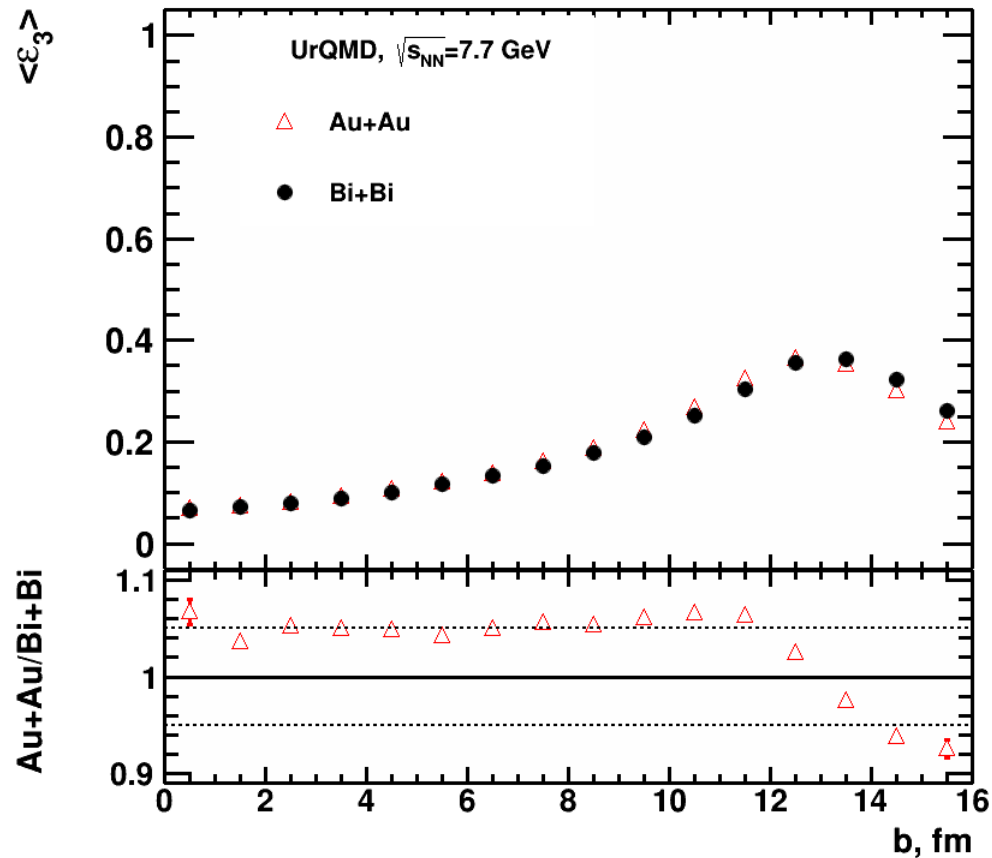
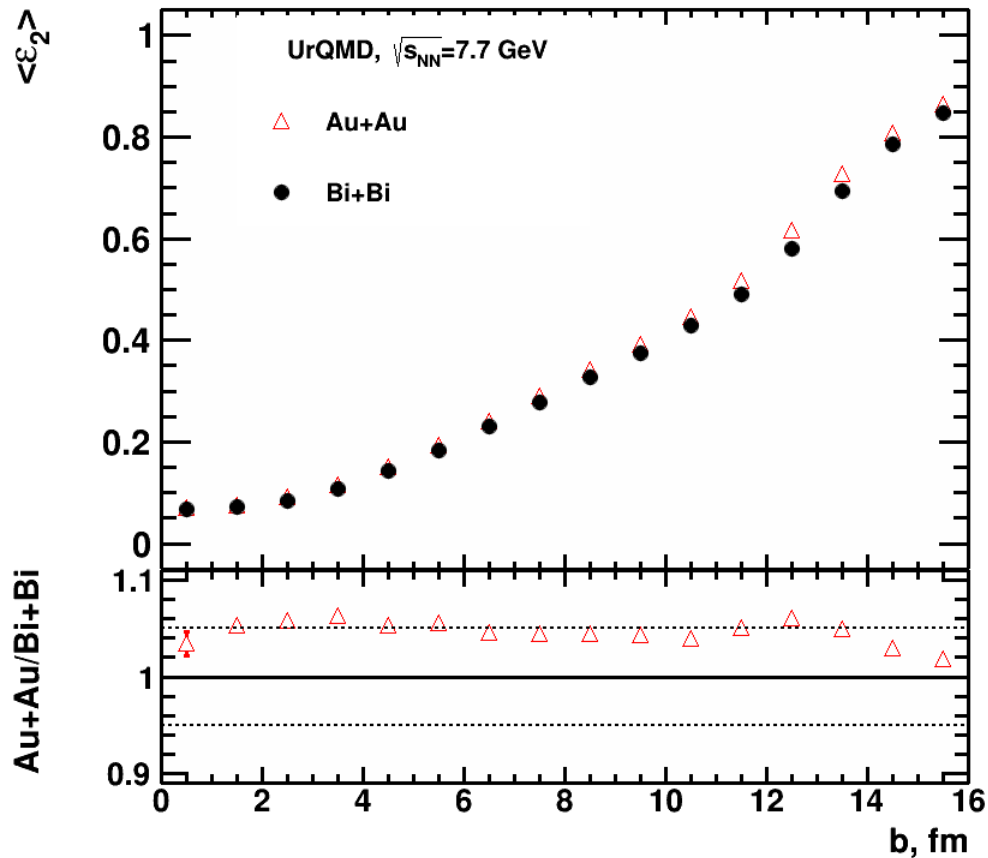
Scalar Product (SP):

$$v_2\{\text{SP}\} = \frac{\langle u_{2,\eta^\pm} Q_{2,\eta^\mp}^* \rangle}{\sqrt{\langle Q_{2,\eta^-} Q_{2,\eta^+}^* \rangle}}, \quad u_2 = e^{i(2\varphi)}, \quad Q_2 = \sum_k^{k_{\text{tracks}}} u_{2,k}$$



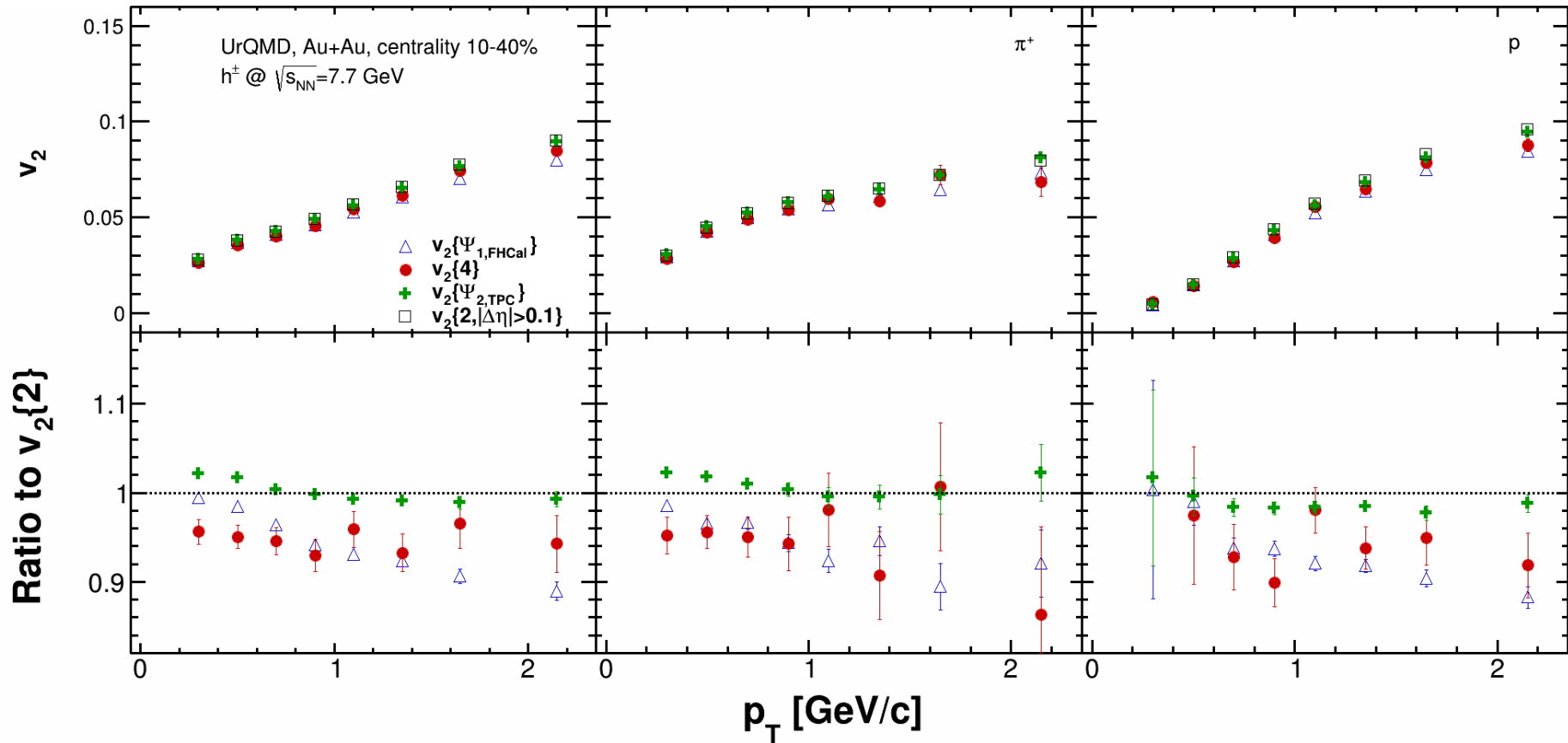
Good agreement between Event Plane and Scalar Product methods

Eccentricity: Bi+Bi vs Au+Au



UrQMD model predicts small difference between ε_n of Au+Au and Bi+Bi

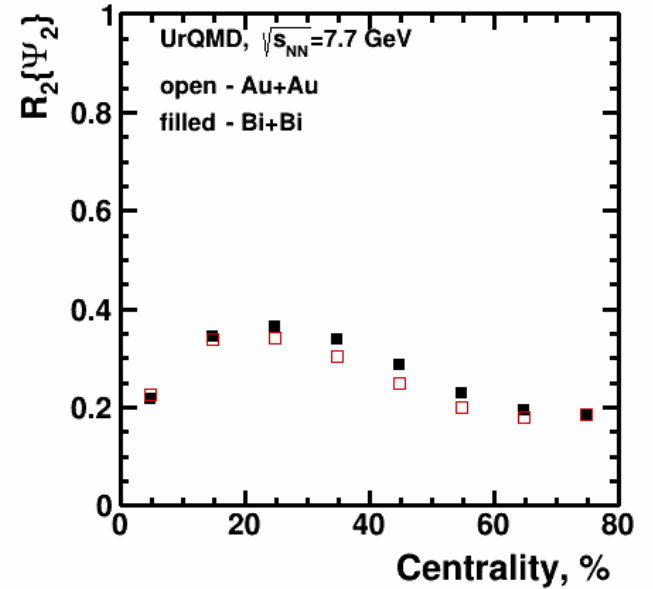
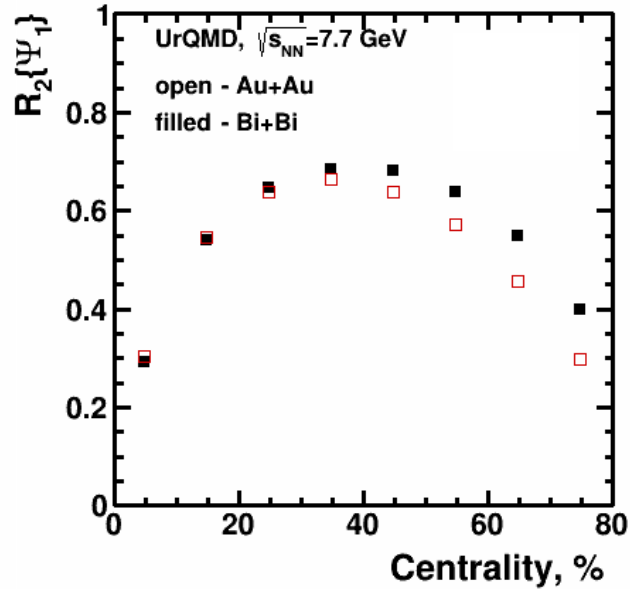
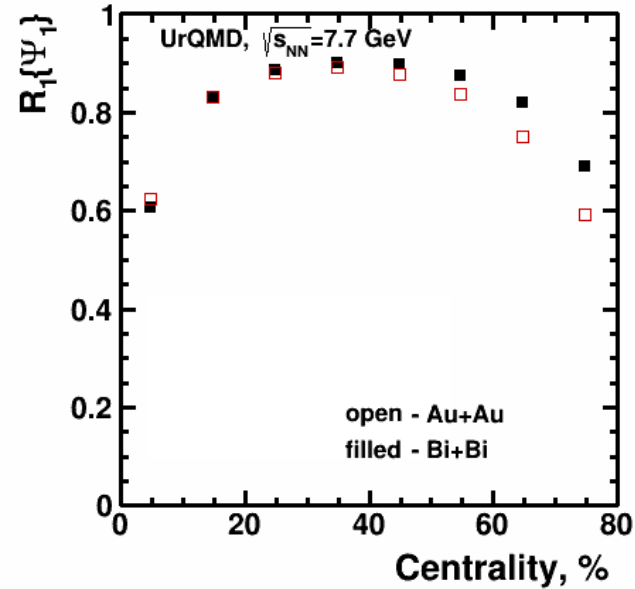
Direct cumulants in MPD



$v_2\{2\}$ and $v_2(\Psi_{2,EP})$ are in a good agreement

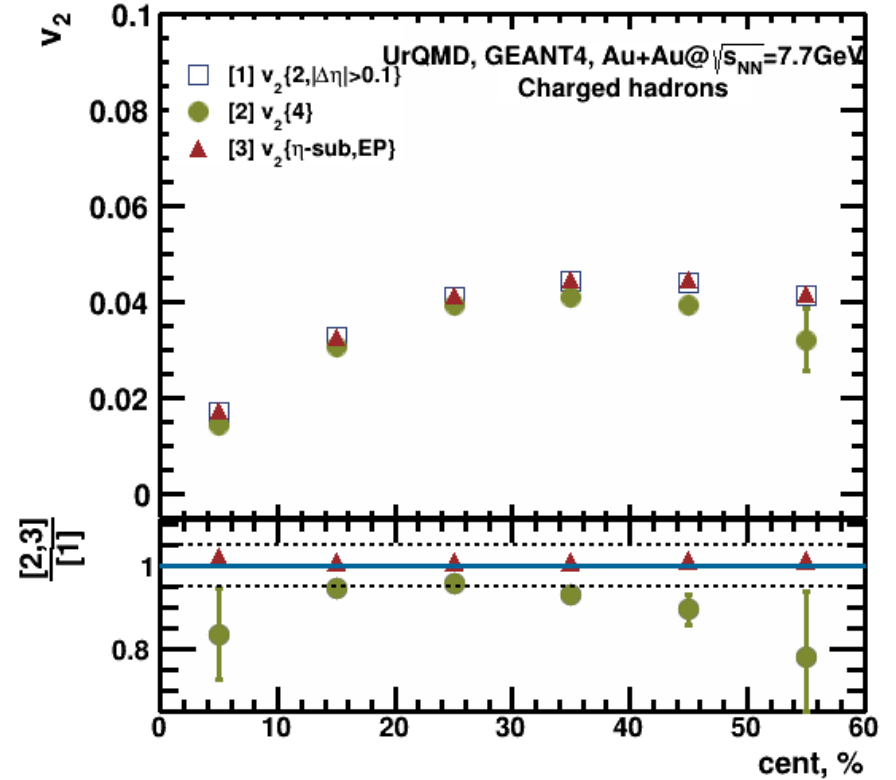
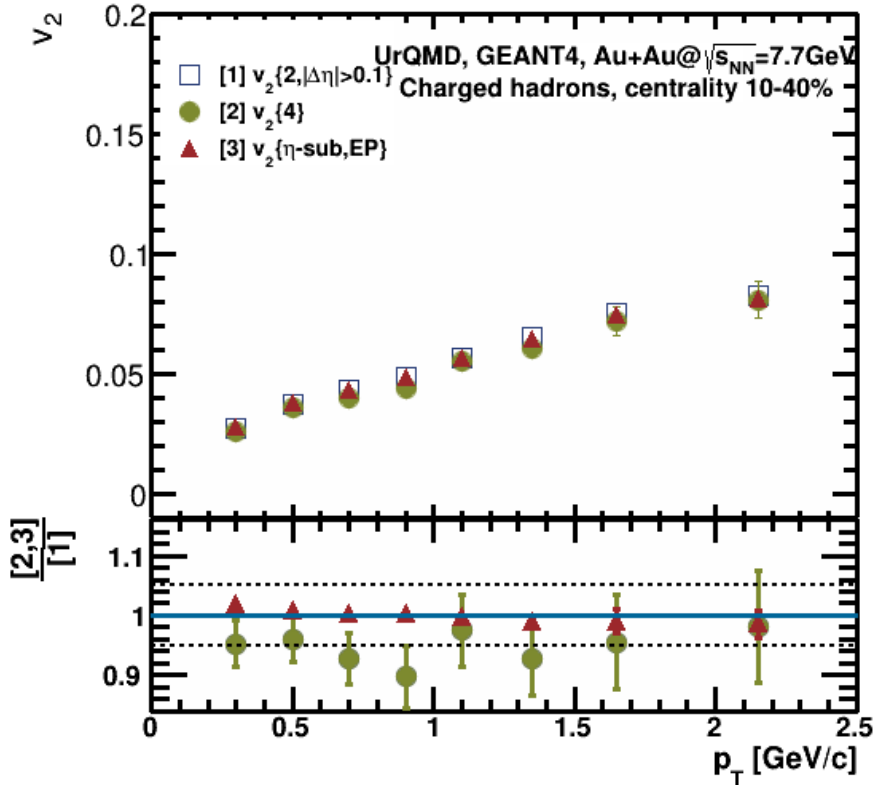
$v_2\{4\}$ and $v_2(\Psi_{1,EP})$ are smaller compared to $v_2\{2\}$ due to fluctuations and nonflow

EP Resolution: Bi+Bi vs Au+Au



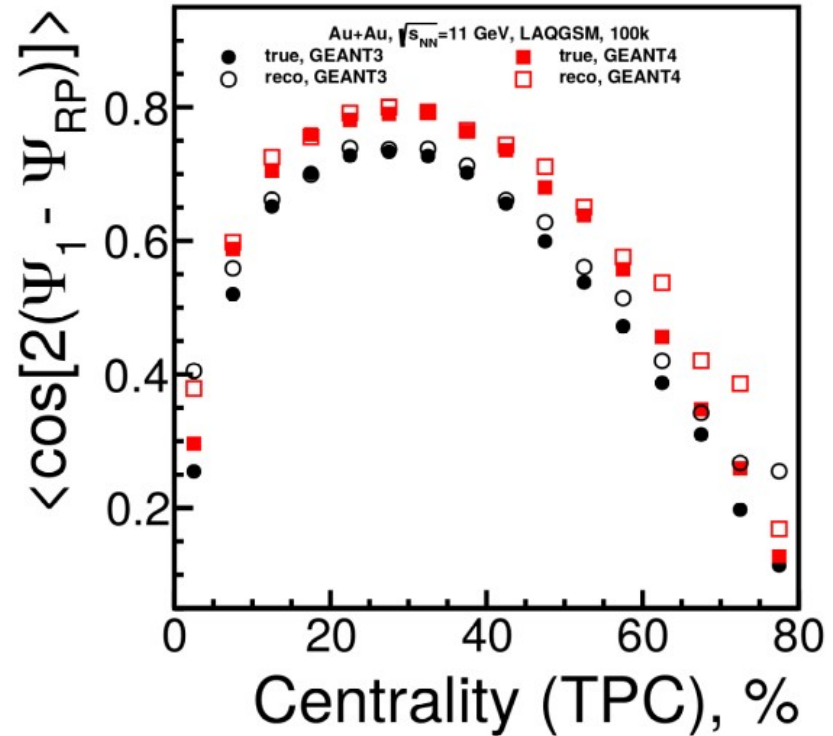
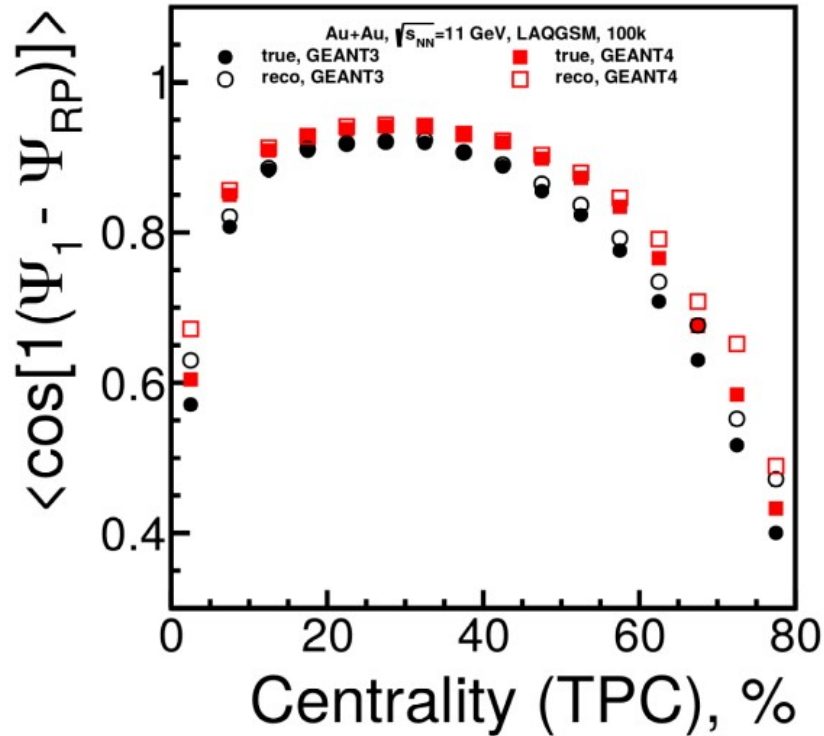
Expected small difference between EP resolutions for Au+Au and Bi+Bi

Direct cumulant measurements in MPD (NICA)



- $v_2\{2\}$ and $v_2(\Psi_{2,EP})$ are in a good agreement
- $v_2\{4\}$ is smaller compared to $v_2\{2\}$ and $v_2(\Psi_{2,EP})$

Resolution correction factor: GEANT3 vs GEANT4 comparison



GEANT4 has more realistic hadronic shower simulation
In the future: use models with fragments in the spectator area