

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No 721624





# Board and system level testing in other RADSAGA facilities and beyond

Daniel Söderström

**RADSAGA System Level Test Review** 

**CERN, November 11-13, 2019** 

JYU. Since 1863. 12.11.2019

1



### Outline

- Facility requirements for system level tests
- Example facilities
  - / Heavy ions
  - / Protons
  - / Neutrons
- Summary



### Facility requirements for system level tests

- High beam penetration
  - / High energies
  - / Projectile properties
- Large beam size
  - / Large irradiation area
  - / Dependent on system and test mode



Range (mm) in Silicon

- lons
- For 10 cm range:

   200 MeV H
   400 MeV/n O
   600 MeV/n Ar
   900 MeV/n Kr

At very high energies, the particle range becomes limited by the inelastic interaction length.



https://www.bnl.gov/nsrl/userguide/let-range-plots.php



- Neutrons
  - / Thermal: ~9 cm MFP in Si
  - / 10 MeV: ~25 cm in water
  - Differs greatly with material, but generally long range

A. N. Caruso, The physics of solid-state neutron detector materials and geometries, Journal of physics. Condensed matter: an Institute of Physics journal, 2010, vol. 22 44, p. 443201





- Gammas
- ${}^{60}\text{Co}\,\gamma$  in Si: ~10 cm MFP /  $I(x) = I_0 e^{-\mu x}$ 
  - $MFP = \frac{1}{\rho\mu}$
  - / (with suitable units)



Data from <a href="https://www.nist.gov/pml/xcom-photon-cross-sections-database">https://www.nist.gov/pml/xcom-photon-cross-sections-database</a>



- Electrons
- Even if electrons are stopped, bremsstrahlung is present
- About 10 cm range in Si for 100 MeV electrons



Data from <a href="https://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/Star/Text/ESTAR.html">https://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/Star/Text/ESTAR.html</a>



### **Beam sizes – Heavy-ion facilities**

Heavy-ion facility	Beam size	Max energy (MeV/u)	Compliance with ESCC 25100	Cost of test per hour (ballpark)
NSRL	60x60 cm <sup>2</sup> (typ. 20x20)	1500	Yes	~\$5700
RADEF	5x5 cm² (3x3 in air)	16.3	Yes	~800€
TAMU	4.5 cm diameter	40	Yes	~\$1000
KVI	3x3 cm <sup>2</sup>	90	Yes	-
UCL	2.5 cm diameter	9.3	Yes	~800€
GANIL	Few cm diameter, sweeping beam	60	Yes	-
LBNL	Few cm diameter	30	Yes	~\$1600
GSI	1 cm diameter	2000	Yes	-



#### **Beam sizes – Proton facilities**

Proton facility	Beam size	Max energy (MeV)	Compliance with ESCC 25100	
NSRL	60x60 cm <sup>2</sup> (typ. 20x20 cm <sup>2</sup> )	2500	Yes	
KVI	12 cm diameter	184	Almost*	
RADEF	10 cm diameter	55	Almost*	
PSI PIF	9 cm diameter	230	Yes	
LBNL BASE	8 cm diameter	55	Almost*	
UCL	8 cm diameter	62	Almost*	
TRIUMF PIF	$7.5 \text{x} 7.5 \text{ cm}^2$	480	Yes	*** • 1 11
TAMU	4.5 cm diameter	45	Almost <sup>*</sup>	be delivered in
GSI	1 cm diameter	4500	Yes	the energy range 20-200 MeV



#### **Beam sizes**

- Bigger fields

   Point sources, <sup>60</sup>Co
   CHARM
  - / Reactors



Image from *Research Nuclear Reactor TAPIRO information sheet,* ENEA. 40 cm diameter Grand Horizontal irradiation channel. It has also the Grand Vertical Channel with 80-90 cm diameter.



### NSRL – NASA Space Radiation Laboratory

Located in USA at Brookhaven National Laboratory

Much used for radiobiology testing

High-energy heavy ions and protons

Large beam size





#### **Ion species**

- Many ions from BNL booster
  - / Almost any ion possible, table present used ions so far
- Switching time 1.5 2 minutes
  - / (When pre-tuned for the new energy)
- Fluxes 10<sup>6</sup>-10<sup>11</sup> ions per spill

https://www.bnl.gov/nsrl/userguide/ beam-ion-species-and-energies.php

lon Species [1]	Max Energy [2] (MeV/n)	LET in Si at Max Energy [6] (MeV/(mg/cm <sup>2</sup> ))	Peak LET in Si (MeV/(mg/cm ²))	Range in Si (mm)	Max Flux [3] (ions/spill)
H <sup>1</sup>	2500	0.00171	0.51	5470	2.2x10 <sup>11</sup>
He <sup>3</sup>	1500	0.006679	1.5	2220	0.3 x 10 <sup>10</sup>
He <sup>4</sup>	1500	0.006919	1.5	2960	0.3 x 10 <sup>10</sup>
Li <sup>7</sup>	1500	0.01557	2.3	2274	4x10 <sup>9</sup>
C <sup>12</sup>	1500	0.06227	5.2	972	1.2x10 <sup>10</sup>
O <sup>16</sup>	1500	0.1107	7.3	729	0.4x10 <sup>10</sup>
Ne <sup>20</sup>	1500	0.173	9	583	1.2x10 <sup>10</sup>
Si <sup>28</sup>	1500	0.339	14	417	0.3x10 <sup>10</sup>
CI <sup>35</sup>	1500	0.4999	17.4	353	0.2x10 <sup>10</sup>
Ar <sup>40</sup>	1500	0.5605	18.7	360	0.02x10 <sup>10</sup>
Ti <sup>48</sup>	1500	0.8372	24.2	289	0.08x10 <sup>10</sup>
Fe <sup>56</sup>	1470	1.171	29.3	235	0.2x10 <sup>10</sup>
Kr <sup>84</sup>	721	2.54	41	70.5	2.0x10 <sup>7</sup>
Zr <sup>91</sup>	300	4.58	48.5	15.6	1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
Nb <sup>93</sup>	300	4.8	47.4	15.4	1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
Xe <sup>132</sup>	589	6.1	69.2	36.6	5.0x10 <sup>7</sup>
Ta <sup>181</sup>	475	11.7	87.5	21.1	5.0x10 <sup>7</sup>
Au <sup>197</sup>	400	15.0	94.2	14.9	1.0x10 <sup>8</sup>
Sequential Field	Various	Various	Various	Various	Various
Solar Particle Event	Various	Various	Various	Various	Various
GCR Simulation	Various	Various	Various	Various	Various

12



#### **Time structure**

- Spills and microstructure
- 300 ms every 2.8 6.6 s



https://www.bnl.gov/nsrl/userguide/time-structure-in-beam.php



14

## **Beam size and monitoring**

- Large field size
  - / Typically 20 x 20 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - / Up to 60 x 60 cm<sup>2</sup>
- Uniformity typically ± 3 %
- Monitoring
  - / Digital beam imager
  - / Large ion chamber for high flux
  - / Plastic scintillators for low flux





#### TRIUMF

Located in Vancouver, Canada Protons (PIF) Neutrons (NIF)





### **Proton Irradiation Facility, PIF**

#### **BL1B** protons

Standard Test 350 or 480 MeV (480 MeV preferred) Energies Some other energies with a degrader

#### Extracted Intensity 0.1 to 3 nA

Flux Standard location: 10<sup>5</sup> to 4x10<sup>7</sup> (protons/cm<sup>2</sup>/s) (10<sup>2</sup> possible) Upstream location: 7x10<sup>8</sup> max

Spot Size Standard location: 3x3 cm to 7.5x7.5 cm Upstream location: 1 to 2 cm diameter

Spot Homogeneity Standard location: +/- 5% Upstream location: +/- 10%

> Standard location: 10 to 20 mGy/s Dose Rate (1 to 2 rads/s) Upstream location: up to 500 mGy/s (50 rads/s)

Beam Counting and Monitoring System

Device-Positioning Remote-controlled X-Y platform with Remote-controlled X-Y platform with System laser alignment

Access Conditions 20 m cable length to Control Area

https://www.triumf.ca/pif-beam-specifications

#### **BL2C** protons

63 or 105 MeV Other energies available with a degrader or by changing the cyclotron extraction energy

#### 0.1 to 7 nA

Standard location: 10<sup>5</sup> to 1x10<sup>8</sup> (10<sup>2</sup> possible) Upstream location: 2x10<sup>9</sup> max Standard location: 1x1 cm to 5x5 cm or 7.5 cm diameter Upstream location: 0.5 to 2 cm diameter

Standard location: +/- 5% Upstream location: +/- 10%

Standard location: 50 to 100 mGy/s (5 to 10 rads/s) Upstream location: up to 1000 mGy/s (100 rads/s)

Ion Chamber, Scintillator, or Faraday Cup

laser alignment

20 m cable length to Control Area

#### A 480 MeV proton has 58 cm range in Si (SRIM2013)





## **Neutron Irradiation Facility, NIF**

- Spallation neutrons
- TNF
  - / TRIUMF Neutron Facility
  - / Target down BL1A
- BL1B and BL2C
  - / Targets in PIF





#### **NEUTRON IRRADIATION FACILITY**



#### **NIF, TNF area**

https://www.triumf.ca/ne utron-irradiation-facility

## NIF, TNF area

- High flux but limited space
  - Fixed beamspot size, 5 cm x 15 cm (vertical x horizontal)
  - / Narrow access channel, 15 cm in beam direction x 27 cm perpendicular to beam
  - / Typical flux of >10 MeV neutrons: ~3x10<sup>6</sup> n/cm<sup>2</sup>/s







#### NIF, BL1B area

- Large area for setting up and testing equipment in PIF
- Ability to change beam size and flux
  - / Flux of >10 MeV neutrons:  $10^3$  to  $10^5$  n/cm<sup>2</sup>/s
  - / Circular beamspot, 5 to 75 cm diameter
- Collimated protons available at the same location (PIF) to confirm errors from a specific sensitive chip.
- Variety of stands and support tables with vertical positioning capability.



https://www.triumf.ca/nifbeam-specifications

#### **NIF Beam data**

Systems can be irradiated



	TNF neutrons	BL1B neutrons	BL2C neutrons
Energy	Thermal to 400 MeV	1/E spectrum to 480 MeV	1/E spectrum to 120 MeV
Flux (neutrons/cm²/s)	2x10 <sup>6</sup> to 3x10 <sup>6</sup> above 10 MeV. 5x10⁵ thermal energies	10³ to 5x10⁵ above 10 MeV	10³ to 5x10⁴ above 10 MeV
Spot Size	5x12 cm	5 to 75 cm diameter	30 to 150 cm diamete
Spot Homogeneity	r +/- 10%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%
Beam Counting and Monitoring System	BF <sub>3</sub> Counter and Activation Foils	BF <sub>3</sub> Counter and Activation Foils	BF <sub>3</sub> Counter and Activation Foils
Device-Positioning System	Movable Trolley with positive stop	Remote-controlled X-Y platform with laser alignment	Remote-controlled X-Y platform with laser alignment
Access Conditions	6 m cable length to Control Area	20 m cable length to Control Area	20 m cable length to Control Area



# High energy accelerators in Europe: GANIL, GSI and KVI

European high-energy heavy-ion beams GANIL – Caen, France GSI – Darmstadt, Germany KVI – Groningen, Netherlands





#### GANIL

- Small beam that can be swept over a region
   / Can cover 4x50 cm<sup>2</sup>
- Energies up to 60 MeV/u for <sup>86</sup>Kr
  - / 1223 µm range in Si
- Might not be able to cover whole system
- Not able to penetrate packaged components
- One ion per campaign

# **GSI SIS18 beam**

- Energies up to 2 GeV/u
  / From p to U
  - / Lower for heavier elements
- Beam size 1 cm diameter
   / Beam sweeping 20x20 cm<sup>2</sup>
- Not commonly used for electronics testing
- One ion per campaign

#### System possible to irradiate. High beam penetration.





https://www.gsi.de/en/researchaccelerators/accelerator\_facility.htm



## KVI

- Energies up to 90 MeV/u
  / He, C, O, Ne
- Up to 30 MeV/u
  - / O, Ne, Ar, Kr, Xe
- Beam size 3x3 cm<sup>2</sup>
- cm range in Si for 90 MeV/u, and mm range for 30 MeV/u

Small part of system possible to irradiate. Some beam penetration.



AGOR cyclotron <u>https://www.rug.nl/kvi-</u> <u>cart/research/facilities/agor/agorfirm/</u>



# European high-energy proton irradiation facilities

KVI continuation PIF at PSI – Villigen, Switzerland





#### **Proton beams**

- PIF and KVI provide high energies
- UCL and RADEF have only lower energies available

	PIF	KVI	UCL	RADEF
Energy (MeV)	6 – 230	10 - 184	10 - 62	0.4 - 55
Beam size (cm diameter)	9	12	8	10
Max. range in Si (mm, SRIM2013)	176	120	18	14
Flux (p/cm <sup>2</sup> /s)	$< 2x10^{9}$	< 10 <sup>9</sup>	$< 5 \times 10^{8}$	$< 3x10^{8}$

Proton system level testing information: S. M. Guertin, Board Level Proton Testing Book of Knowledge for NASA Electronic Parts and Packaging Program



#### Summary

- Facilities where irradiation of whole 3D structures is possible are scarce
- Testing systems at other facilities would require some imagination, but is possible
- Testing with many particle types possible
  - / Neutrons provide high penetration
  - / NSRL heavy ion testing facility for 3D systems



#### Thank you for your attention!

- **Daniel Söderström** 
  - daniel.p.soderstrom@jyu.fi





This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No 721624.



### **Bonus and old slides**



#### **NIF vs Chiplr**



	TNF neutrons	BL1B neutrons	BL2C neutrons	Chiplr
Energy	Thermal to 400 MeV	1/E spectrum to 480 MeV	1/E spectrum to 120 MeV	(1/E) spectrum to 800 MeV
Flux (neutrons/cm²/s)	2x10 <sup>6</sup> to 3x10 <sup>6</sup> above 10 MeV 5x10 <sup>5</sup> thermal energies	10³ to 5x10⁵ above 10 MeV	10³ to 5x10⁴ above 10 MeV	10 <sup>7</sup> above 10 MeV
Spot Size	5x12 cm	4 to 60 cm diameter	30 to 150 cm diameter	Up to 70x70 mm <sup>2</sup> (Planned up to 1 m <sup>2</sup> for future)
Spot Homogeneity	+/- 10%	+/- 10%	+/- 10%	
Beam Counting and Monitoring System	BF <sub>3</sub> Counter and Activation Foils	BF <sub>3</sub> Counter and Activation Foils	BF <sub>3</sub> Counter and Activation Foils	
Device- Positioning System	Movable Trolley with positive stop	Remote-controlled X-Y platform with laser alignment	Remote-controlled X-Y platform with laser alignment	
Access Conditions	6 m cable length to Control Area	20 m cable length to Control Area	20 m cable length to Control Area	



#### **Electronic systems testing example**

- A. de Bibikoff et al. RADECS 2019
- Irradiation of one PCB with components on both sides
- Considerations for SEL in system

/ IR camera to detect SEL

• Considerations for LET span of ion through the system



#### **Electronic systems testing example**

- A. de Bibikoff et al.
- Irradiation of one PCB with components on both sides
- Considerations for SEL in system IR camera
- Considerations for LET span of ion through the system





A. de Bibikoff, Method for Systemlevel testing of COTS electronic board under High Energy Heavy Ions, RADECS 2019



### **CERN** facilities

CHARM already discussed IRRAD – high-energy protons Gamma ray facilities Sometimes very high-energy ions





#### **CHARM and IRRAD**

- 24 GeV protons from PS in spills
- Sometimes 5-6 GeV/n ions
- Beam sizes
  - / CHARM about 10x10 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - / IRRAD up to about a cm diameter



#### LANSCE

Los Alamos Neutron Science Center Proton linac and neutron spallation targets Industrial research at the Weapons Neutron Research facility (WNR)





#### **Neutrons at LANSCE**

- Electronic systems and ICs testing at the Irradiation of Chips and Electronic (ICE) Houses (ICE-I and ICE-II)
- 800 MeV protons on a tungsten spallation target
- Atmospheric neutron spectrum up to about 600 MeV
  - / At ICE-II, se image
  - / At ICE-I, lower energies

Los Alamos High-Energy Neutron Testing Handbook, Steve Wender, LANL



Figure 1 Neutron Spectrum for the ICE-II flight path (30R) at LANSCE/WNR



## Radiobiology

- Facility used mainly for radiobiology, e.g. how astronauts are affected by space radiation
- Different irradiation routines
  - / E.g. GCR simulation



https://www.bnl.gov/nsrl/userguide/GCRSim.php



### **Proton Irradiation Facility, PIF**

#### **BL1B** protons

Standard Test 350 or 480 MeV (480 MeV preferred) Energies Some other energies with a degrader

#### Extracted Intensity 0.1 to 3 nA

Flux Standard location: 10<sup>5</sup> to 4x10<sup>7</sup> (protons/cm<sup>2</sup>/s) (10<sup>2</sup> possible) Upstream location: 7x10<sup>8</sup> max

Spot Size Standard location: 3x3 cm to 7.5x7.5 cm Upstream location: 1 to 2 cm diameter

Spot Homogeneity Standard location: +/- 5% Upstream location: +/- 10%

Standard location: 10 to 20 mGy/s Dose Rate (1 to 2 rads/s) Upstream location: up to 500 mGy/s (50 rads/s)

Beam Counting and Monitoring System

Device-Positioning Remote-controlled X-Y platform with Remote-controlled X-Y platform with System laser alignment

Access Conditions 20 m cable length to Control Area

https://www.triumf.ca/pif-beam-specifications

#### **BL2C** protons

63 or 105 MeV Other energies available with a degrader or by changing the cyclotron extraction energy

#### 0.1 to 7 nA

Standard location: 10<sup>5</sup> to 1x10<sup>8</sup> (10<sup>2</sup> possible) Upstream location: 2x10<sup>9</sup> max Standard location: 1x1 cm to 5x5 cm or 7.5 cm diameter Upstream location: 0.5 to 2 cm diameter

Standard location: +/- 5% Upstream location: +/- 10%

Standard location: 50 to 100 mGy/s (5 to 10 rads/s) Upstream location: up to 1000 mGy/s (100 rads/s)

Ion Chamber, Scintillator, or Faraday Cup

laser alignment

20 m cable length to Control Area

A 480 MeV proton has 58 cm range in Si (SRIM2013)



#### https://www.triumf.ca/proton-irradiation-facility



### NIF, BL1B area

 Irradiation in the PIF area

