

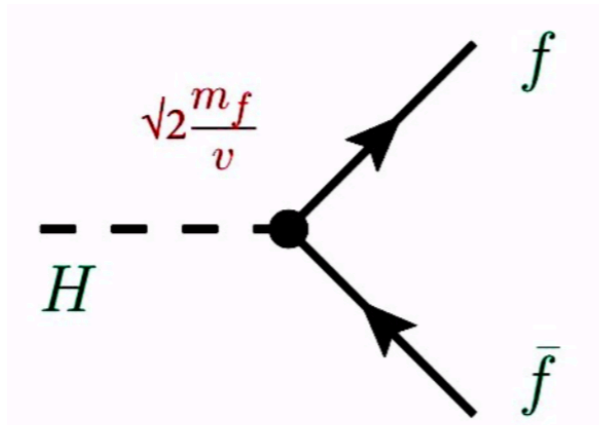
$t\bar{t}W$ and $t\bar{t}H$ measurements in multilepton final state at ATLAS experiment with 80 fb^{-1} data.

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Southern Methodist University, Dallas

[ATLAS-CONF-2019-045](#)



Motivation

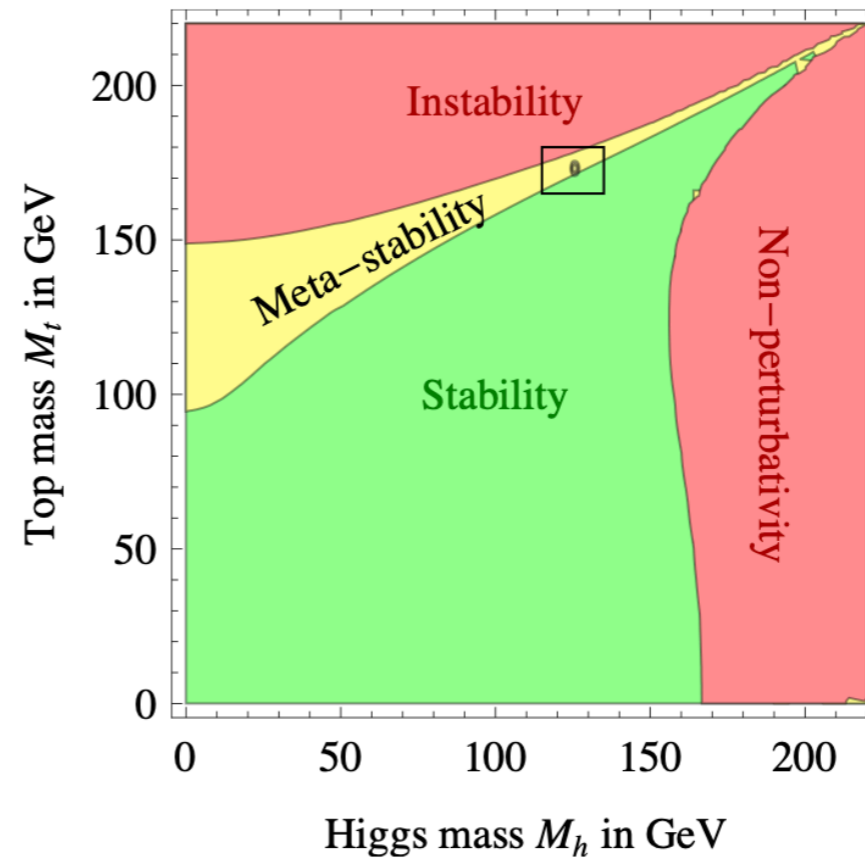
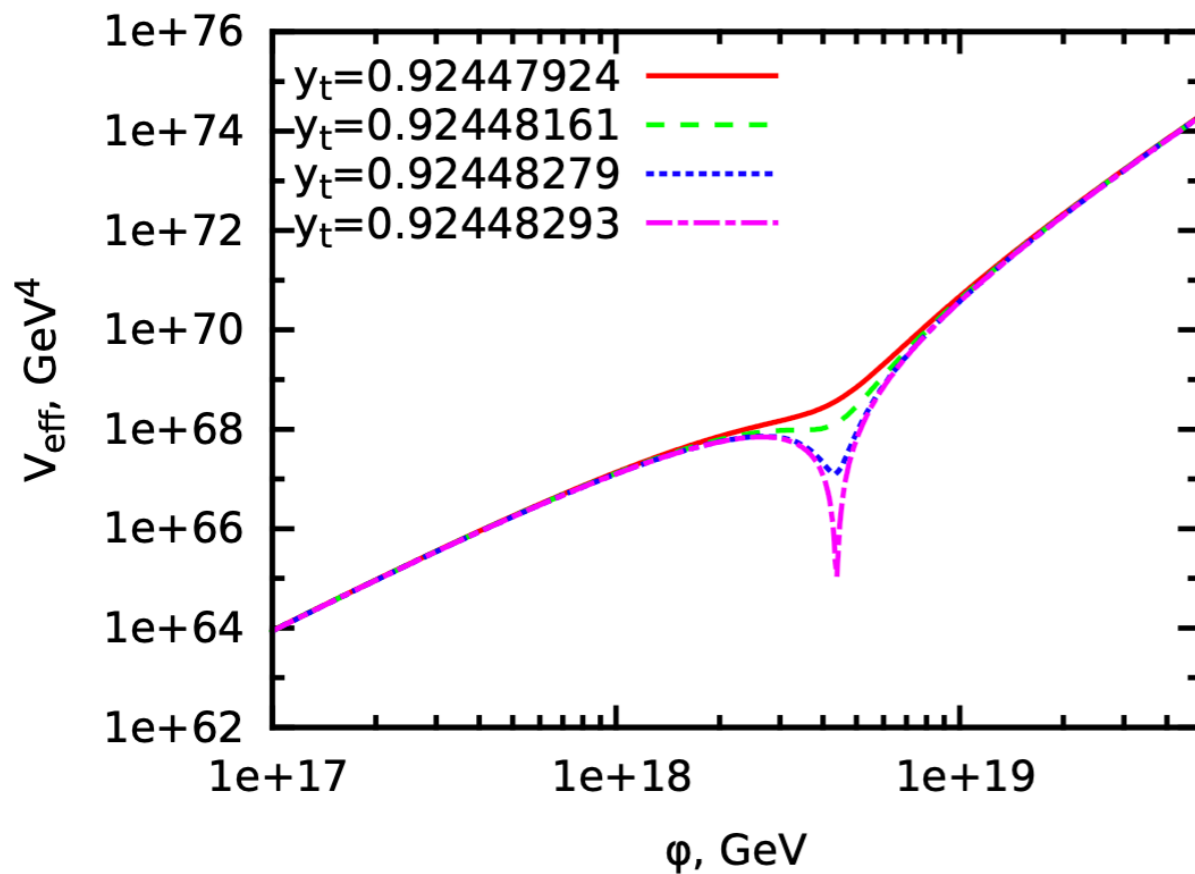


- Fermion masses are generated through Yukawa interaction
- Heaviest SM particle (top) expected to have largest Yukawa coupling (y_t) to the Higgs field.

Why should we care about top-Yukawa ? Are we in a stable universe?

[arXiv:1205.6497v2](https://arxiv.org/abs/1205.6497v2)

[arXiv:1411.1923v2](https://arxiv.org/abs/1411.1923v2)



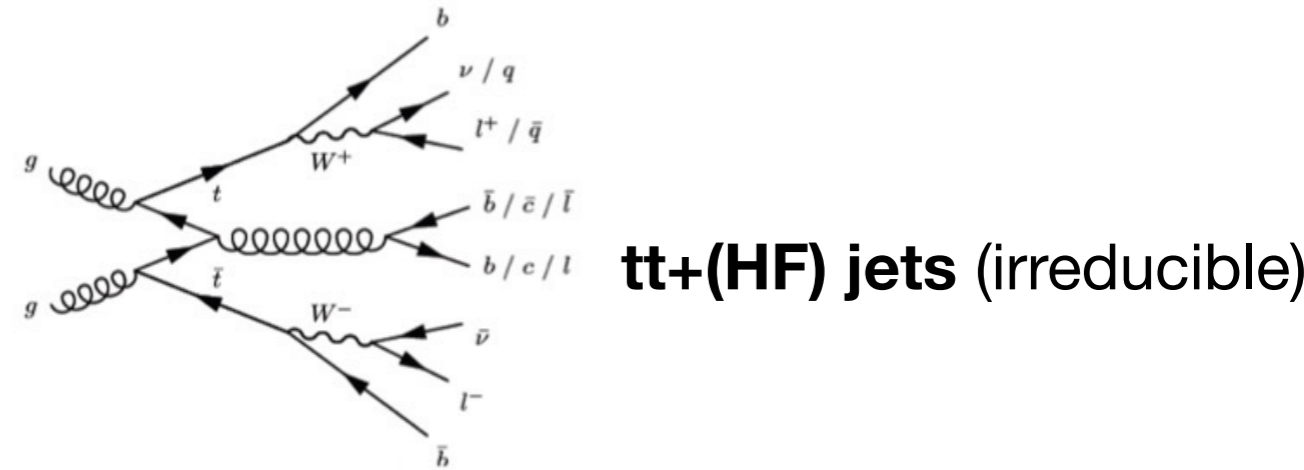
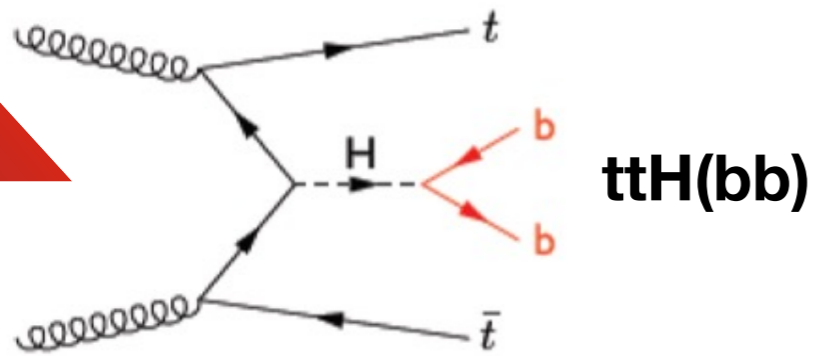
- $t\bar{t}H$ or tH production measurement is the only direct way to measure y_t
- Both ATLAS and CMS have observed $t\bar{t}H$ production.

Experimental challenges

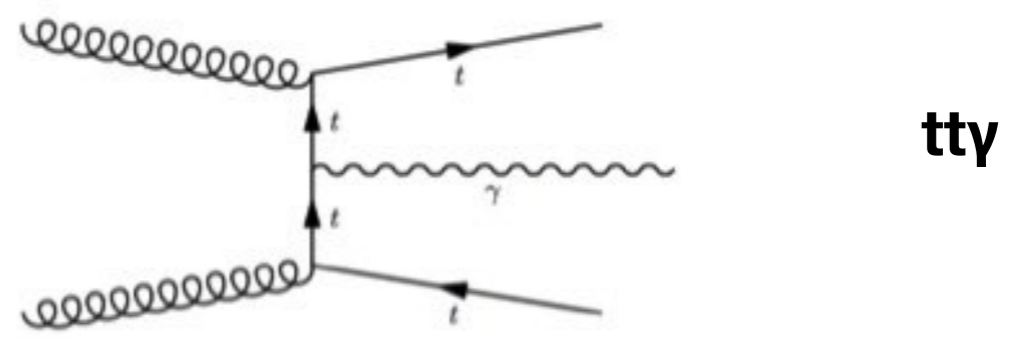
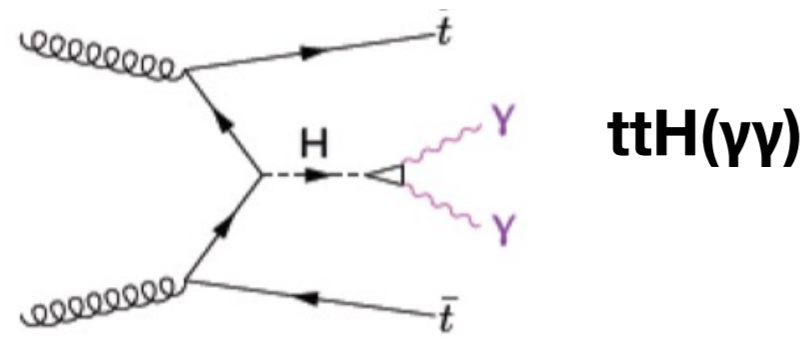
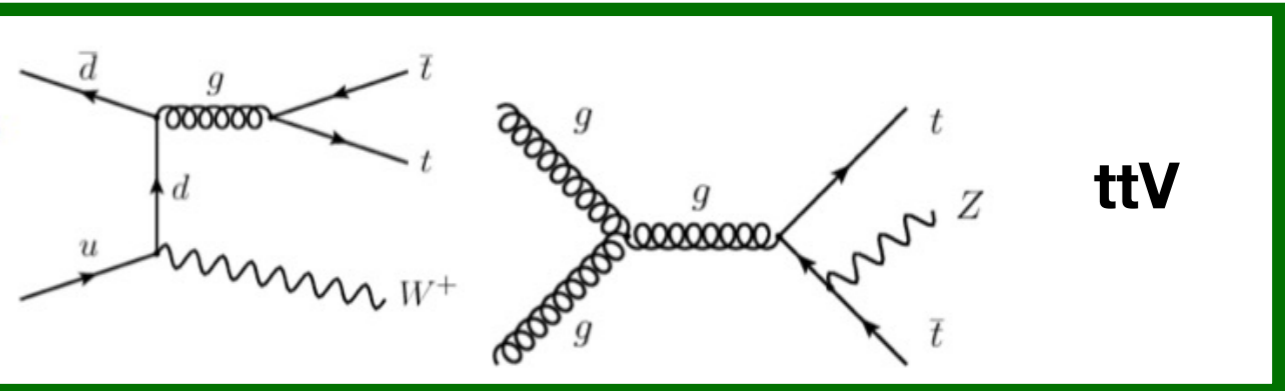
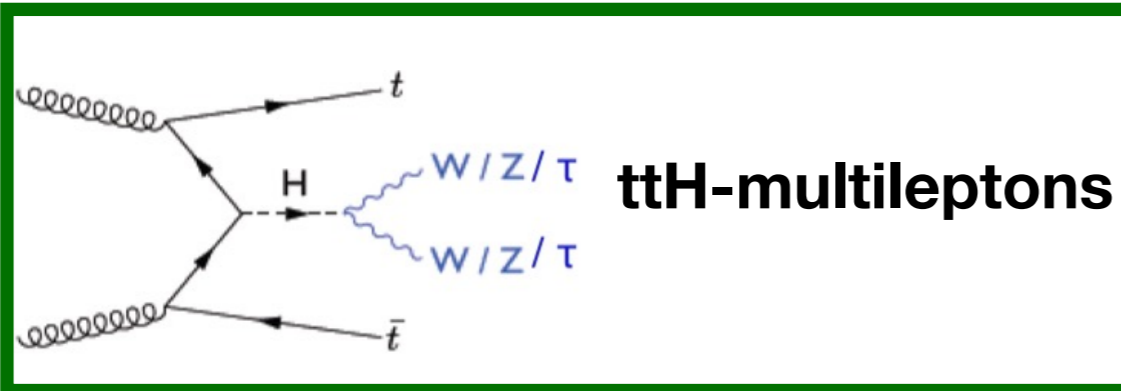
- Standard Model production cross section: ~ 507 fb: About 1% of total Higgs cross-section.
 - Many final states
 - Tiny signal and large backgrounds

Signal

Background

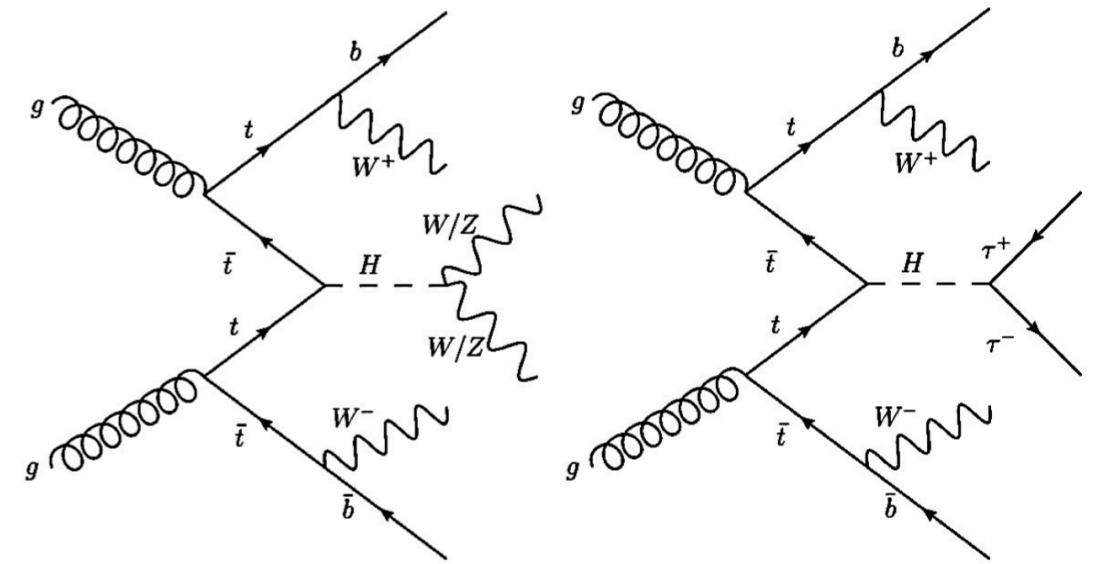


Higgs Branching ratio

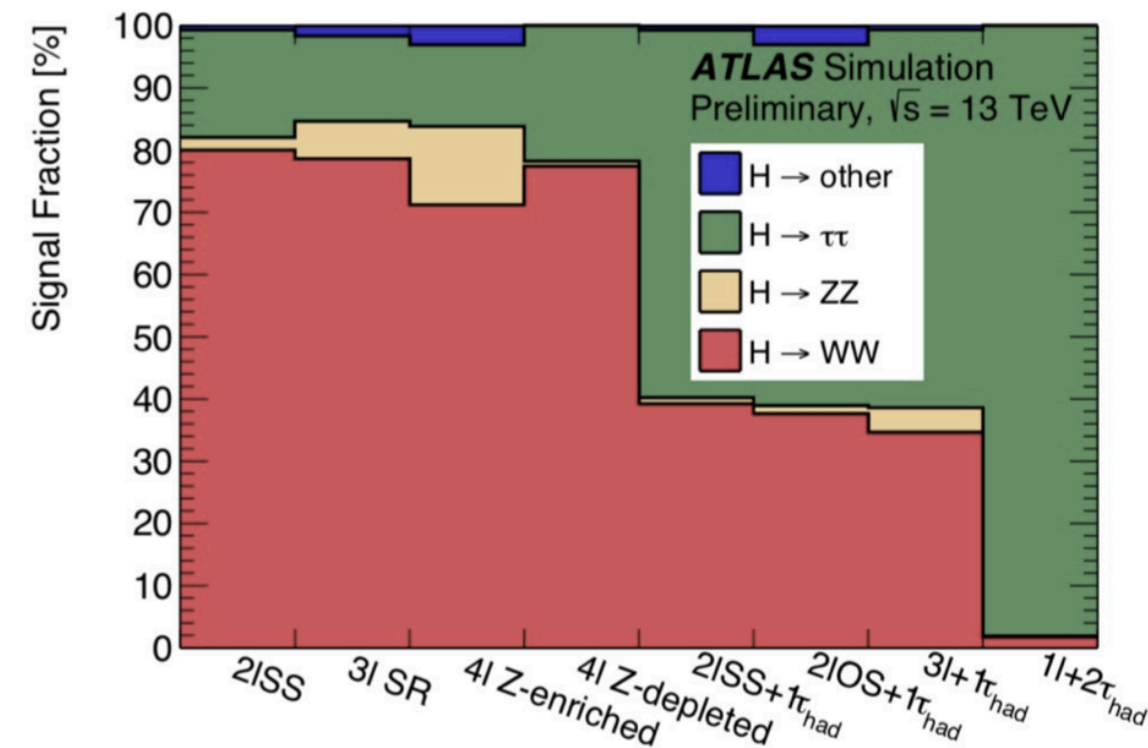
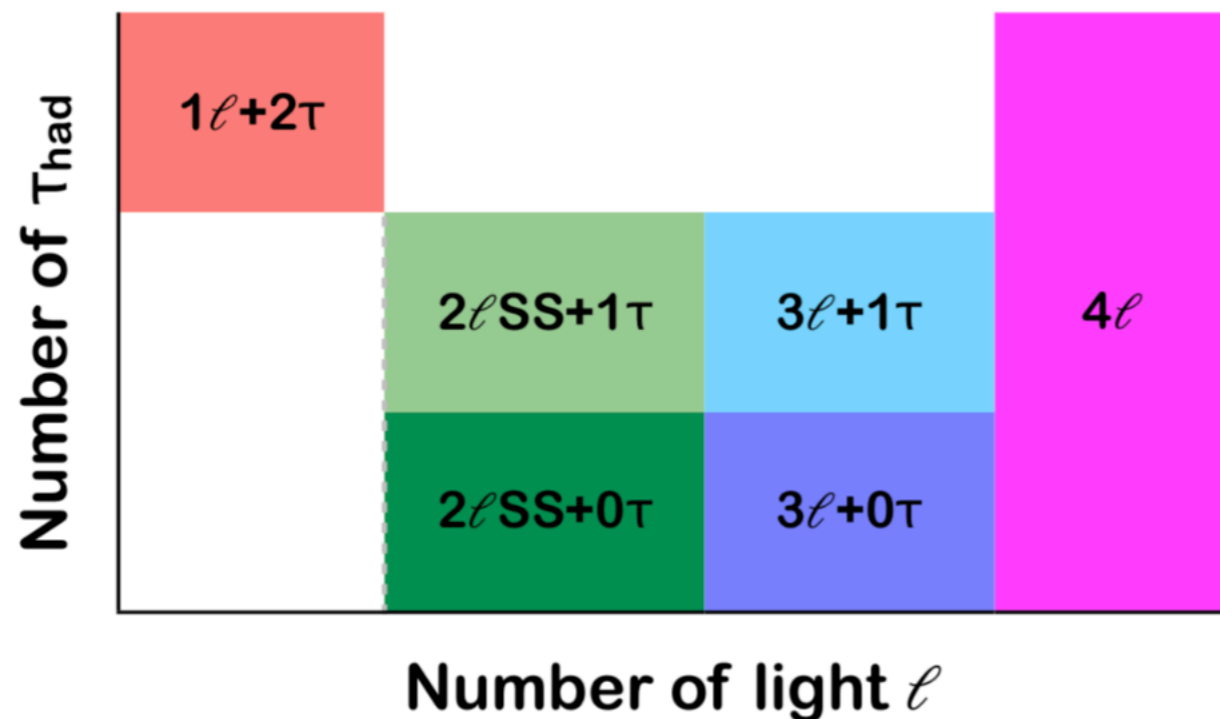


Analysis strategy

- Targets $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$, $H \rightarrow WW^*$, $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
- Events categorized based on number of light leptons and hadronic taus.



Decay modes in sub channels



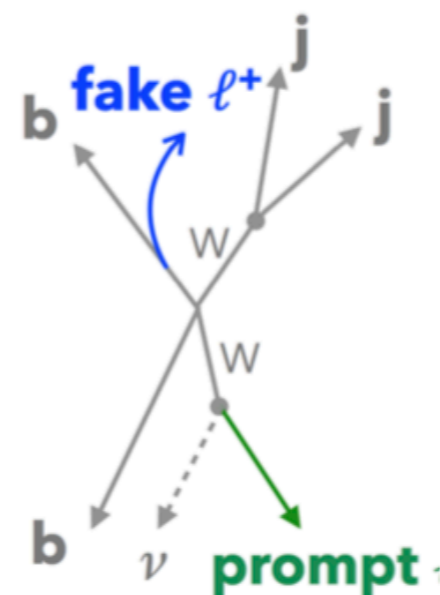
- Common jet selection $N_{jet} \geq 2$ and $N_{bjet} \geq 1$
- Optimized lepton selection in each category
- Light leptons channels dominated by $H \rightarrow WW^*$
- Tau channels dominated by $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$

Background

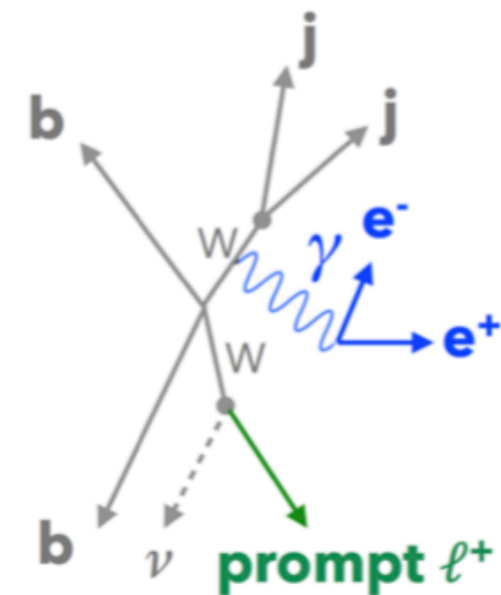
- Irreducible background from prompt-leptons and hadronic taus
 - Estimated with MonteCarlo
 - Mainly $t\bar{t}W$, $t\bar{t}Z$, VV
- Electron charge mis-identification for 2ISS and 2ISS+1 τ -had
 - Suppressed using a BDT algorithm
 - Datadriven estimation: Charge-misid rates in $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-$
- Light-lepton and non-prompt lepton fakes
 - Source: Semileptonic b-decay, photon conversions
 - Heavy flavor leptons suppressed using a BDT algorithm
- Hadronic-tau fakes
 - Source: light flavor jets and mis-reconstructed electrons.
- Data-driven, semi data-driven and template fit to estimate fakes.

Illustration in $t\bar{t}$ -bar system

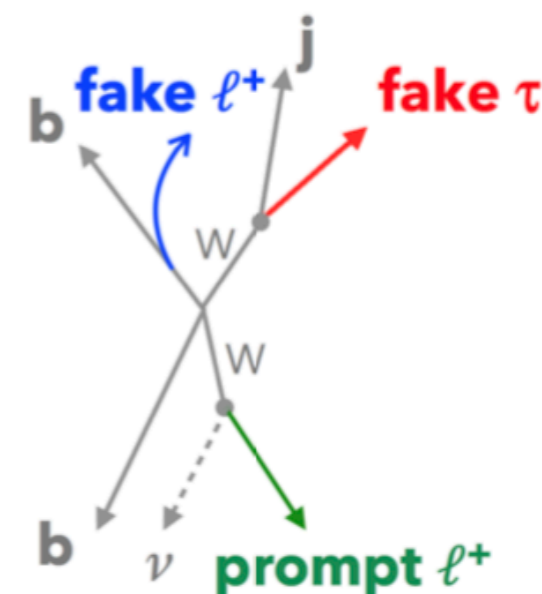
Semileptonic
b-decay



Photon
conversions

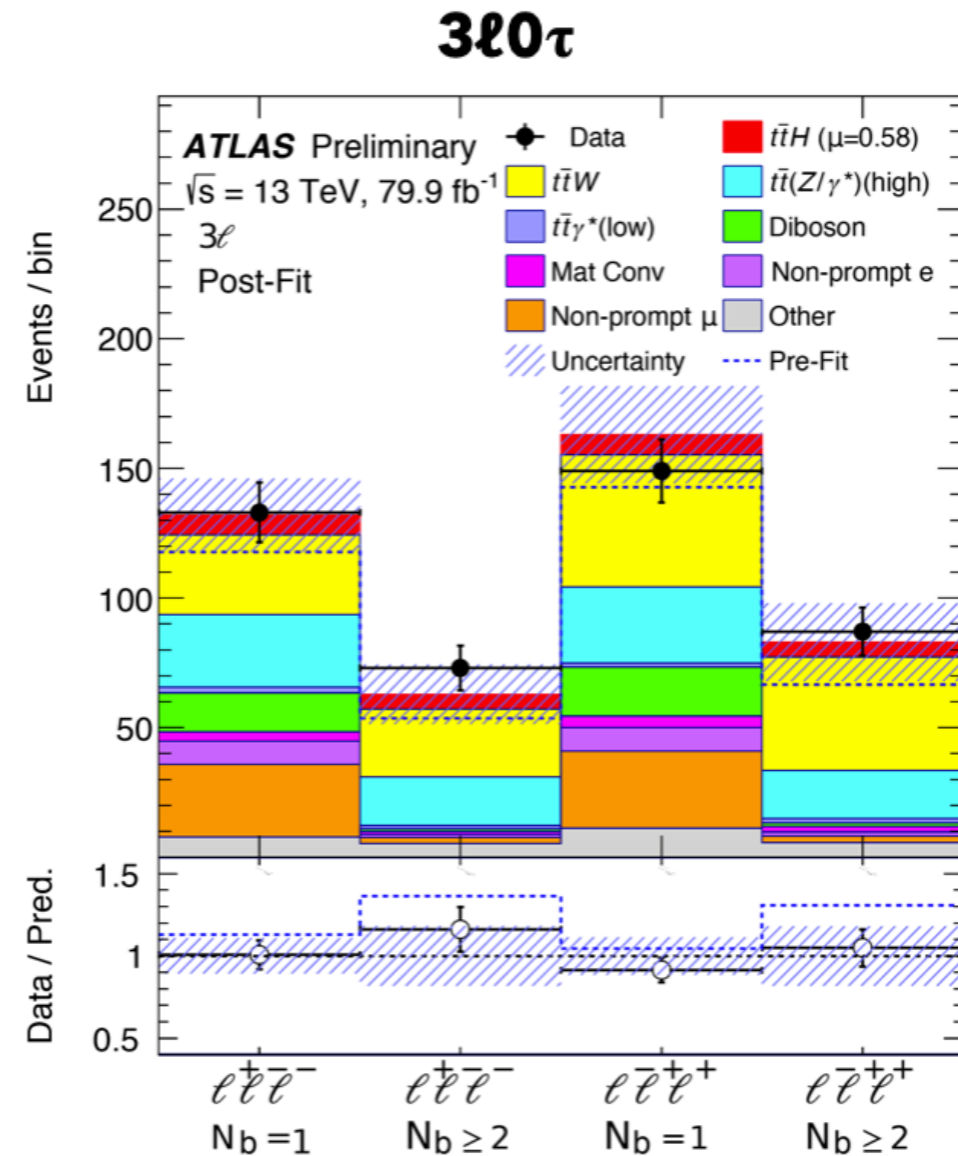
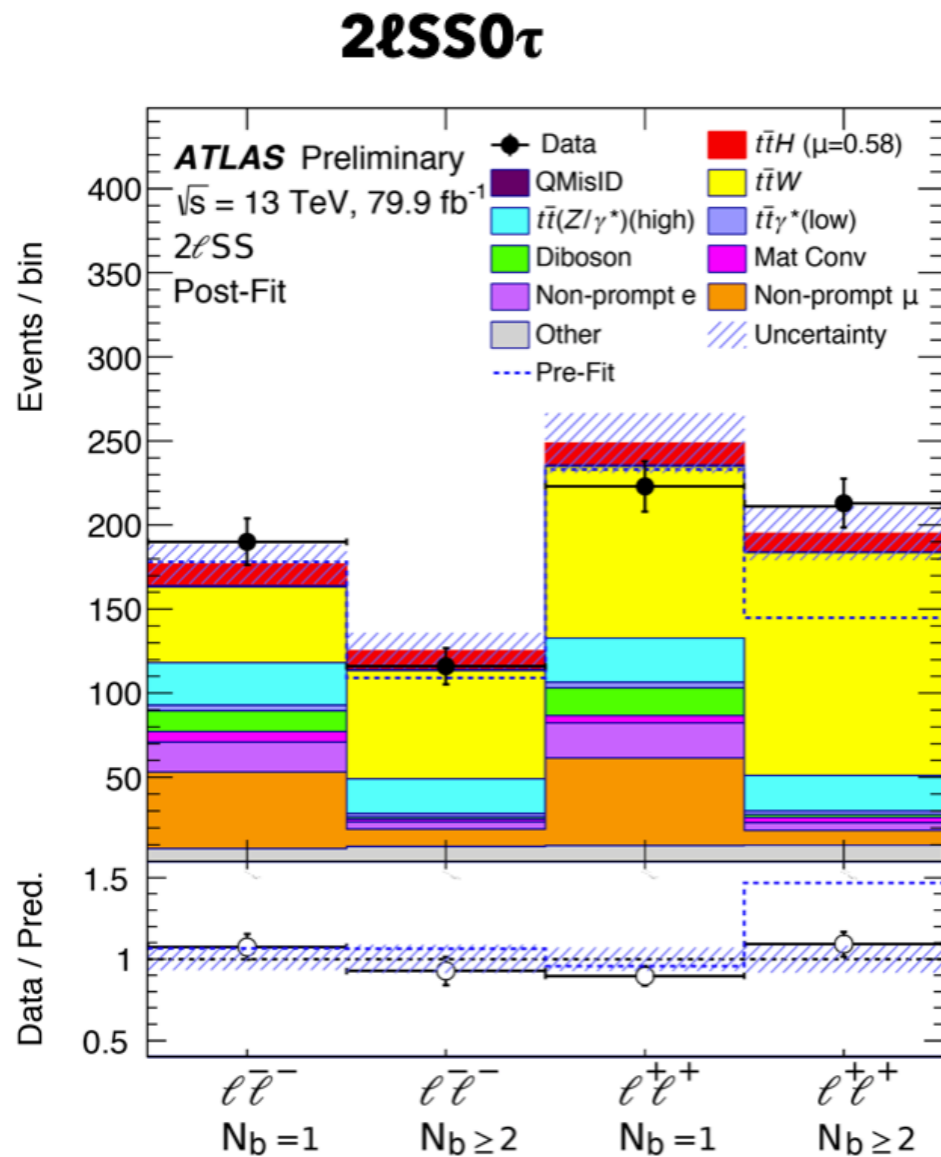
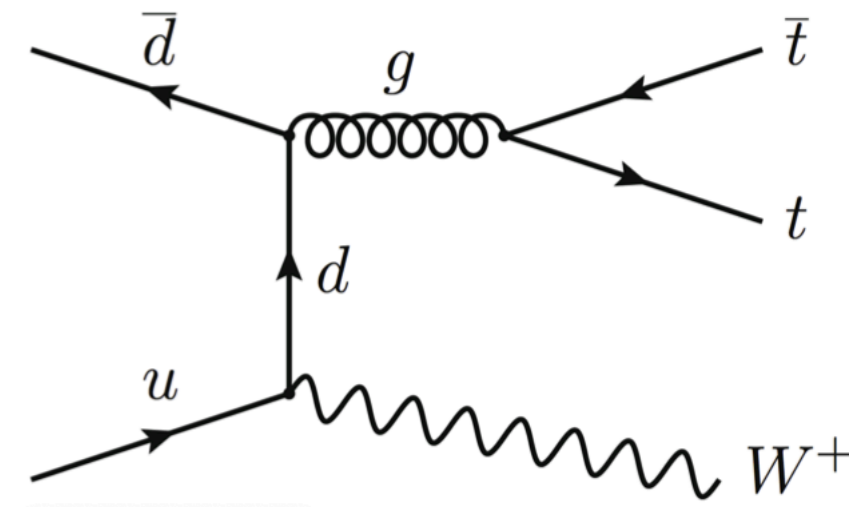


Non-prompt lepton
& fake τ



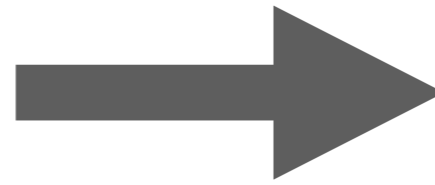
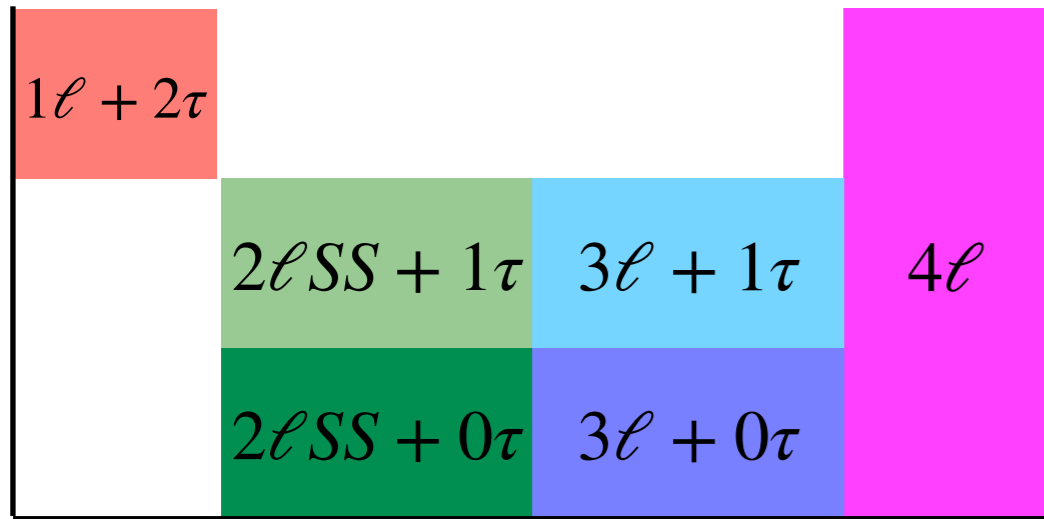
$t\bar{t}W$ Modeling

- $t\bar{t}W$ background is difficult to model.
- We apply a k-factor of 1.2 inferred from [[arXiv:1405.0301v2](#) and [arXiv:1711.02116v2](#)]
- 3 Normalization factors [across jet multiplicity regions, channels]

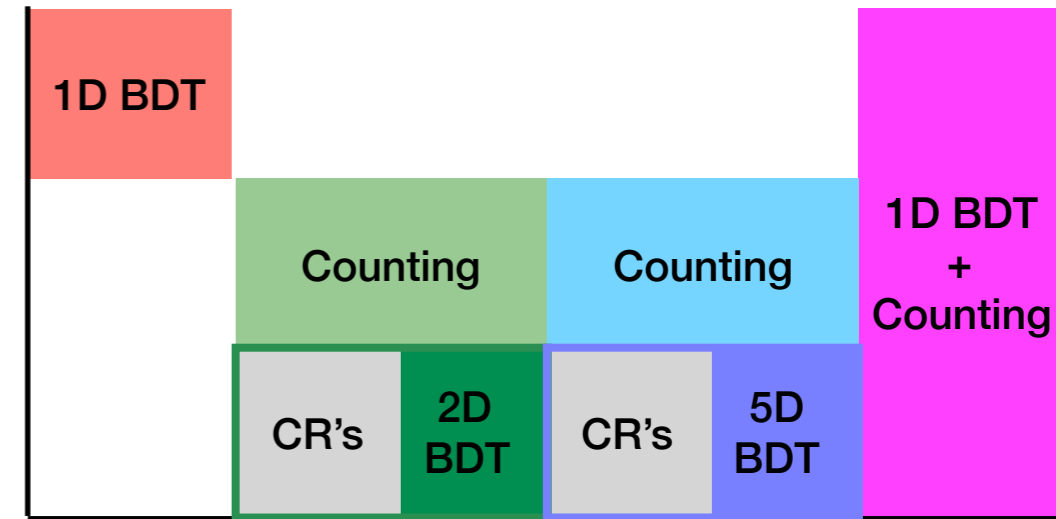


- High b-jet multiplicity region shows modeling difficulties in both 2ℓ and 3ℓ preselection regions.

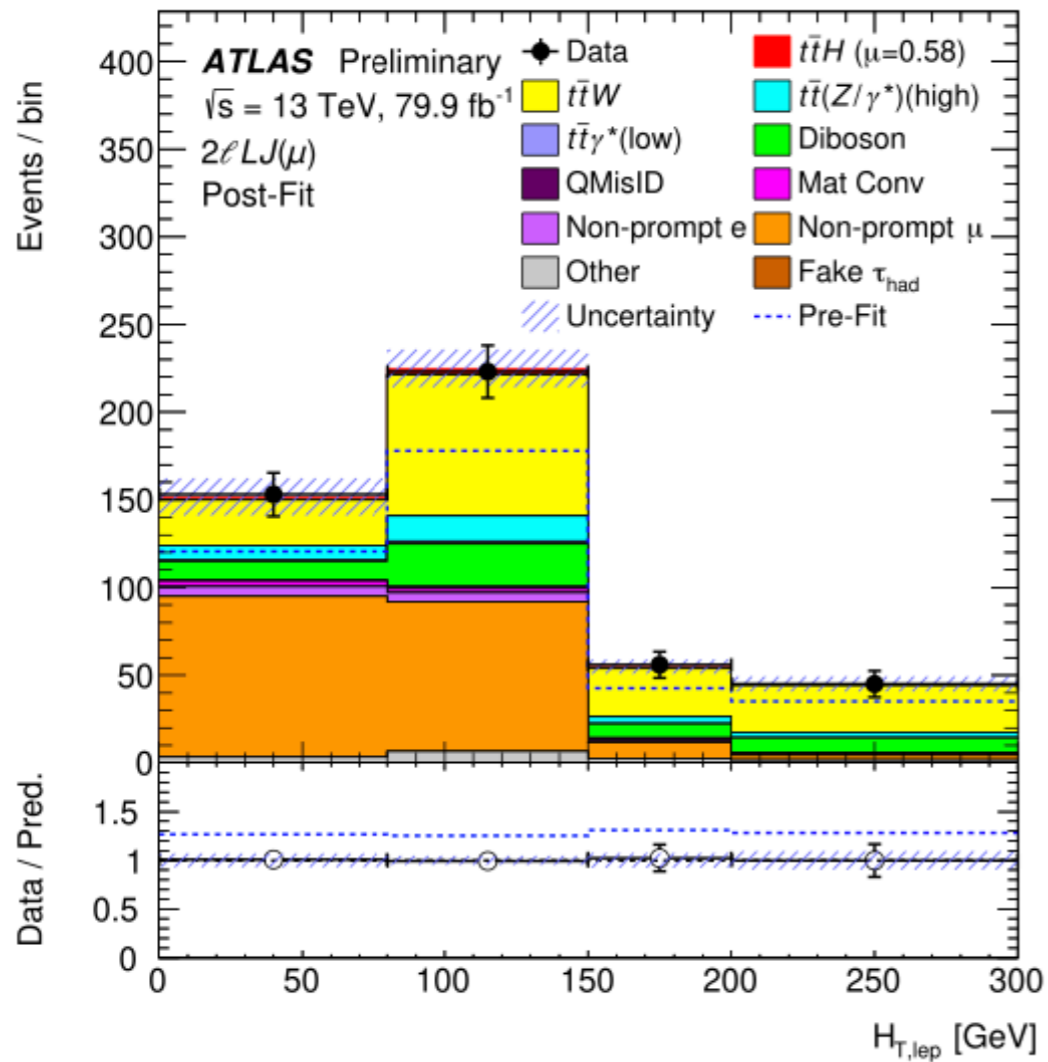
Fit Model



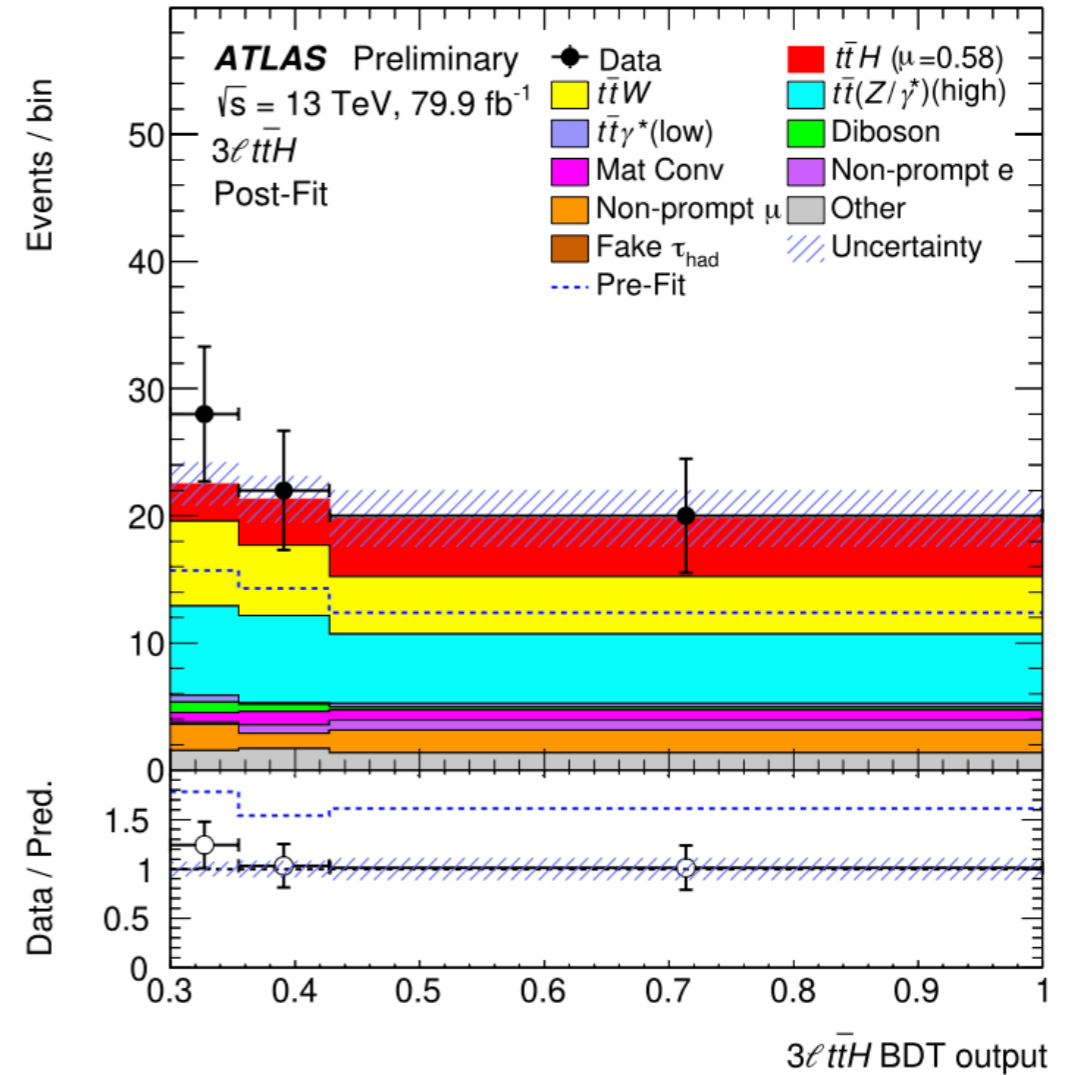
Optimizations in each Channel



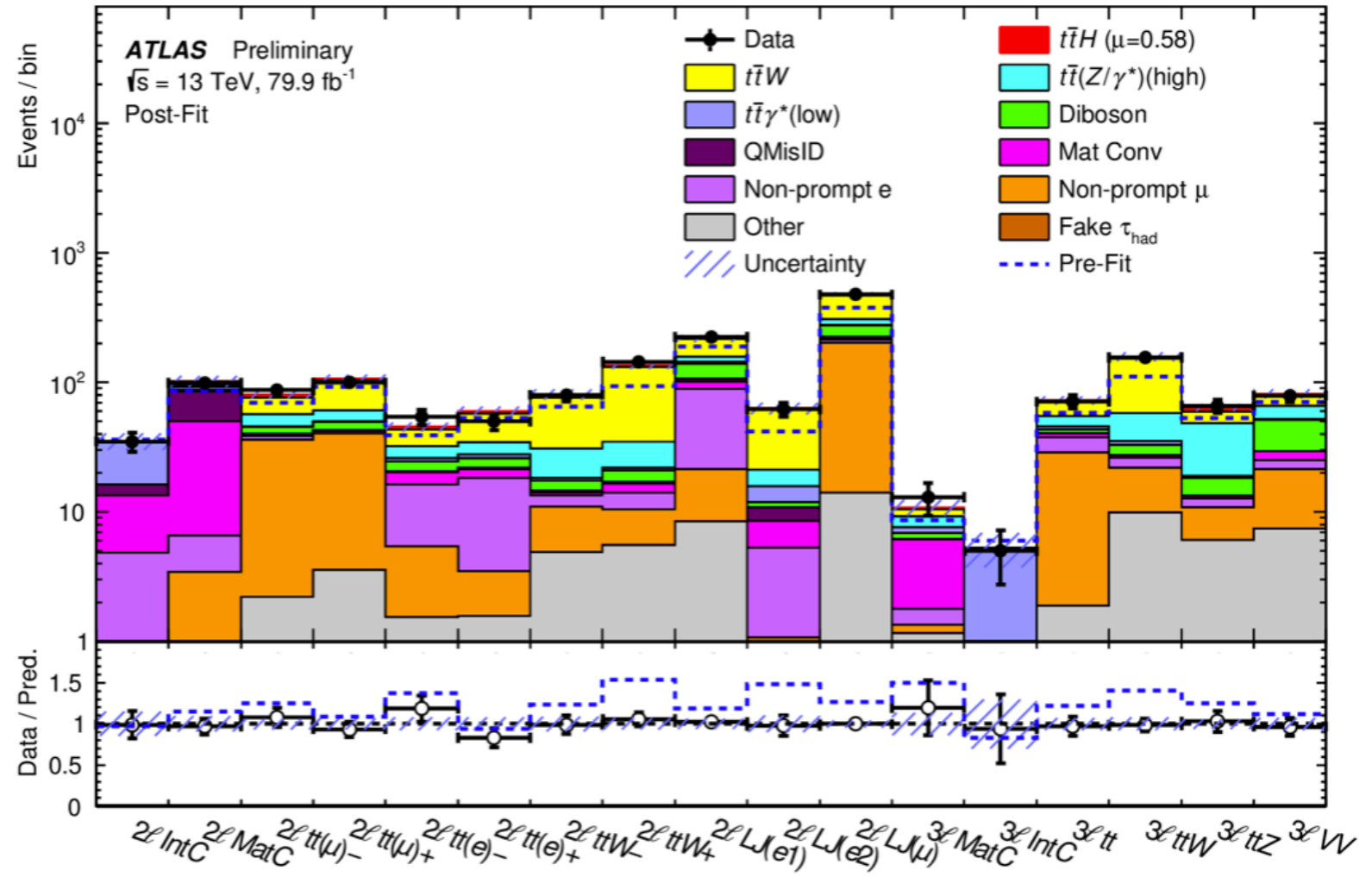
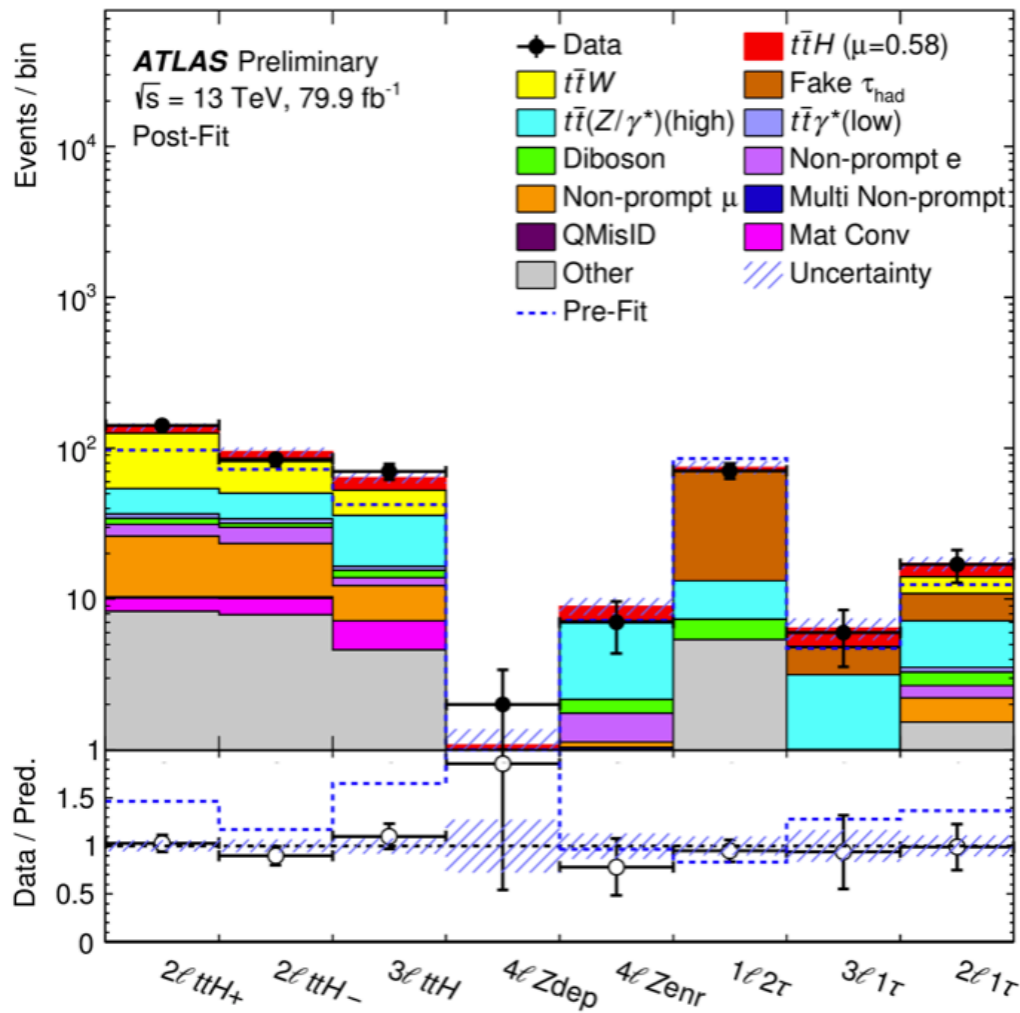
• Dedicated $t\bar{t}W$ Control regions



• Good post-fit agreement in $t\bar{t}H$ regions



Fit Results:



- In total 25 signal+control regions
- Pre-fit mis-modeling in $t\bar{t}W$ dominated regions can be clearly seen.

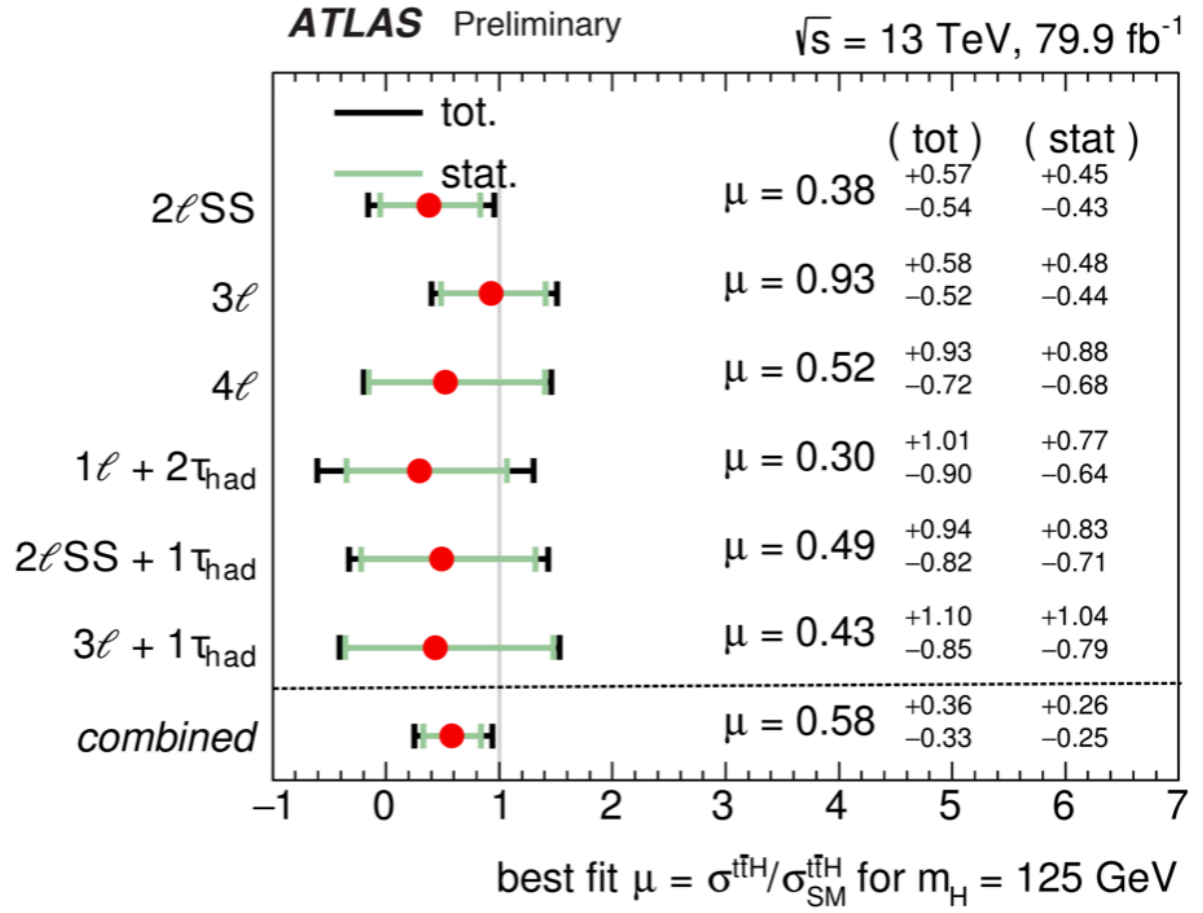
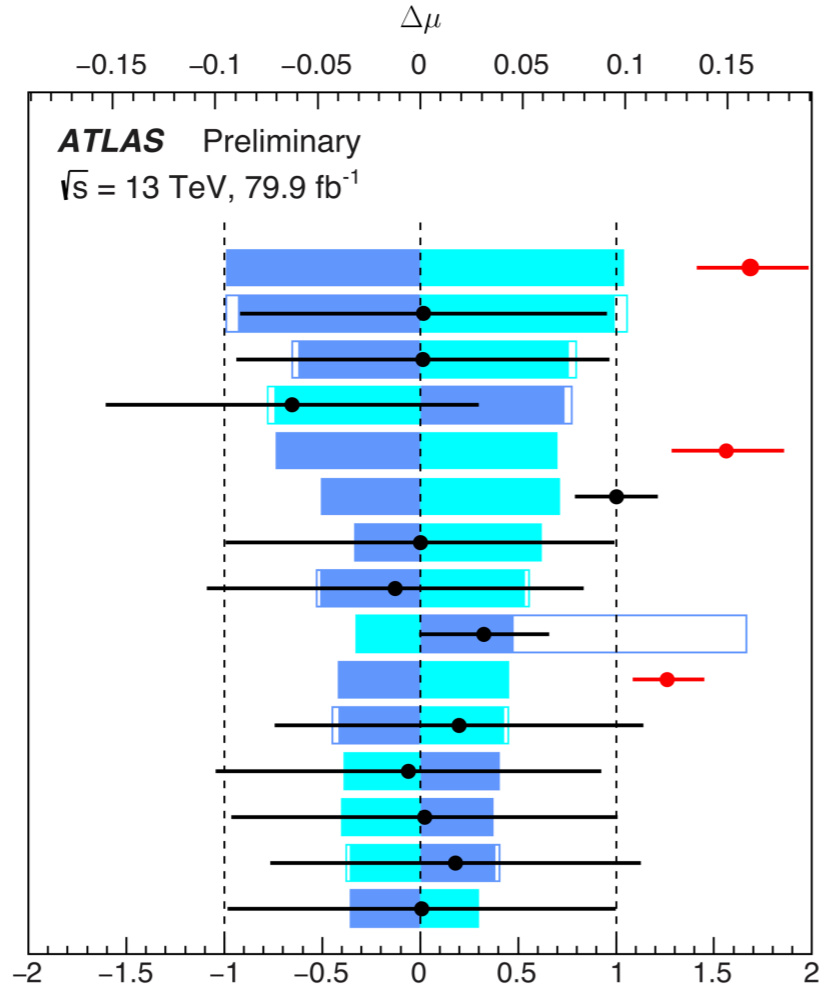
Fit Results:

Pre-fit impact on μ :
 \square $\theta = \hat{\theta} + \Delta\theta$ \square $\theta = \hat{\theta} - \Delta\theta$

Post-fit impact on μ :
 \blacksquare $\theta = \hat{\theta} + \Delta\hat{\theta}$ \blacksquare $\theta = \hat{\theta} - \Delta\hat{\theta}$

—●— Pull: $(\hat{\theta} - \theta_0) / \Delta\theta$
 —●— Norm. Factor

- $t\bar{t}W$ norm. factor: 3ℓ channel
- Jet energy scale: η intercalib. NP I
- $t\bar{t}Z$ cross section: scale variations
- $t\bar{t}W$ modelling: scale variations
- $t\bar{t}W$ norm. factor: 2ℓ SS channel, 2-3 jets
- Fake τ_{had} bkg. stat: $1\ell 2\tau$ channel
- $t\bar{t}H$ cross section: scale variations
- Jet energy scale: pileup
- $t\bar{t}W$ modelling: charge extrapolation
- $t\bar{t}W$ norm. factor: 2ℓ SS channel, ≥ 4 jets
- Top rare decay cross-section
- Jet energy scale: flavour response
- $t\bar{t}H$ modelling: parton shower
- $t\bar{t}W$ modelling: alternative generator
- 4-top cross section



- Leading experimental systematics jet energy scale and resolution
- $t\bar{t}H$ Cross-section 294^{+182}_{-162}
- $t\bar{t}W$ normalization factors are high

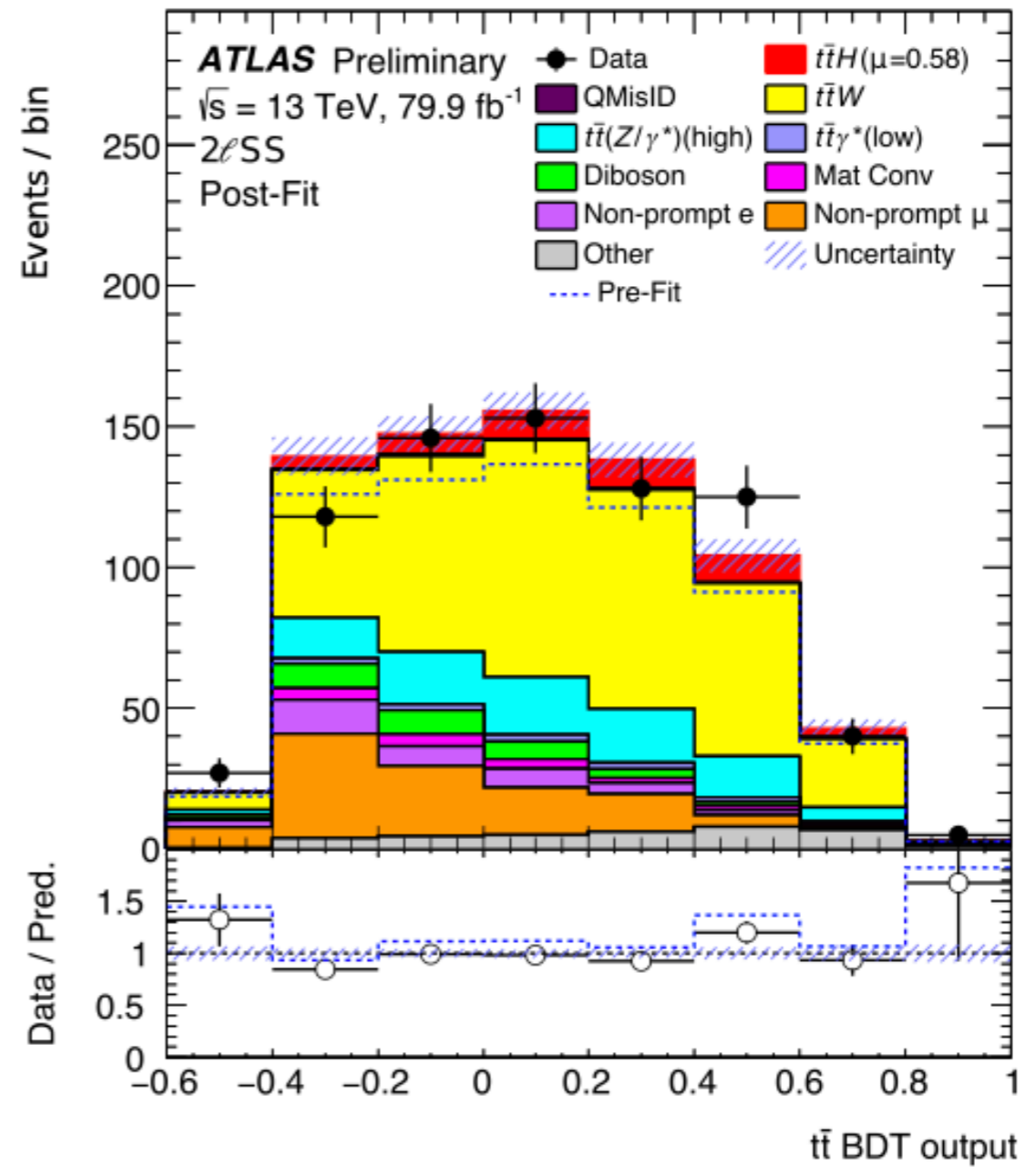
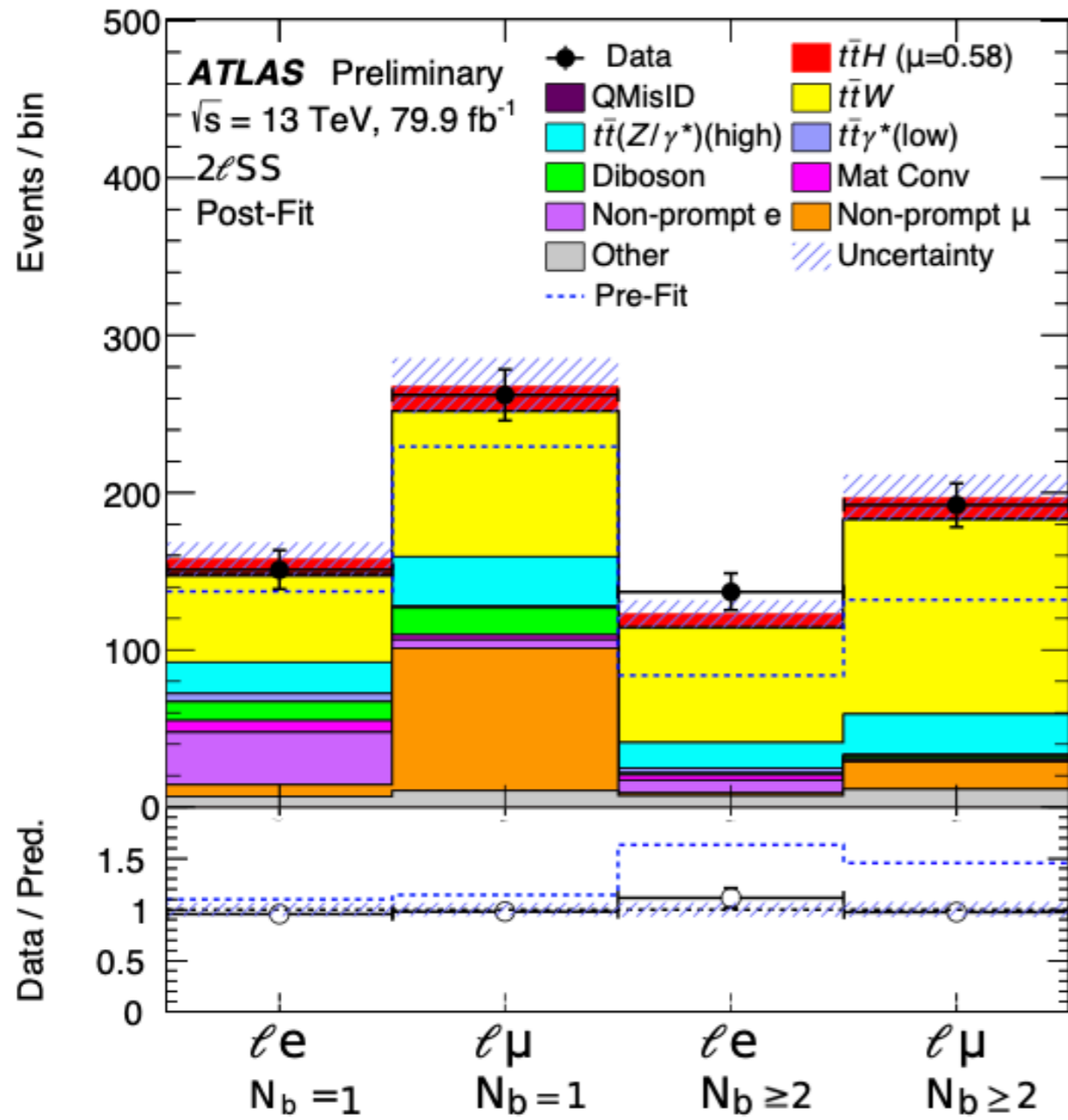
Region	$\lambda_{t\bar{t}W}$
$2\text{ISS} (2-3 \text{ jets})$	$1.56^{+0.30}_{-0.28}$
$2\text{ISS} (\geq 4 \text{ jets})$	$1.26^{+0.19}_{0.18}$
3ℓ	$1.68^{+0.30}_{-0.28}$

Conclusion

- A search for $t\bar{t}H$ production in six multi lepton final states using 80 fb^{-1} data has been presented
- Observed production cross-section is 294^{+182}_{-162} fb consistent with the standard model prediction of 507^{+35}_{-50} fb.
- The normalization factors obtained for $t\bar{t}W$ background is in the range 1.3-1.7 even above the updated theory prediction.
- Modeling issues have been observed in regions dominated by $t\bar{t}W$.
 - Even in a non-BDT cut and count cross-check analysis.
- Improved description of $t\bar{t}W$ is needed to reach greater precision in the future.

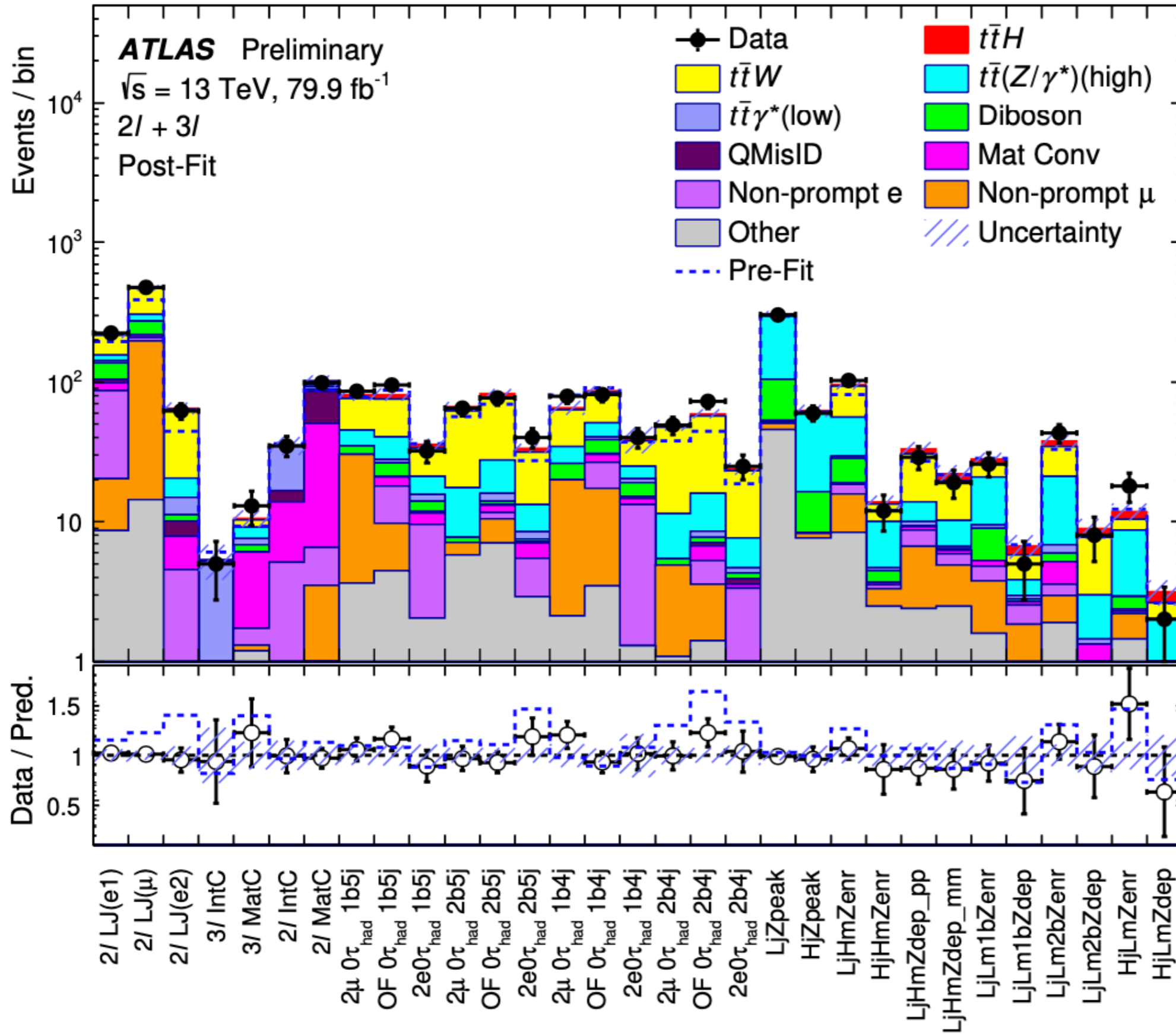
Backup

Cross-checks

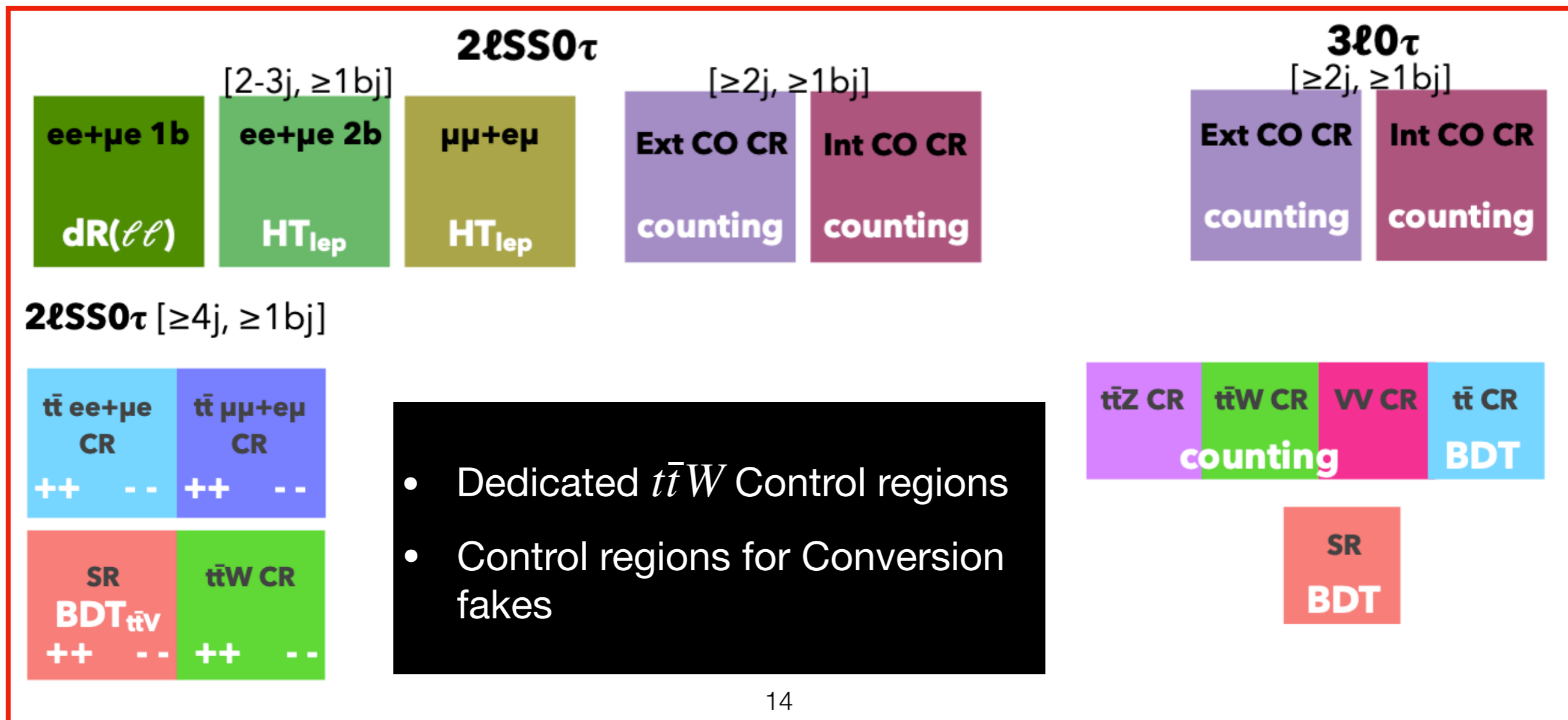
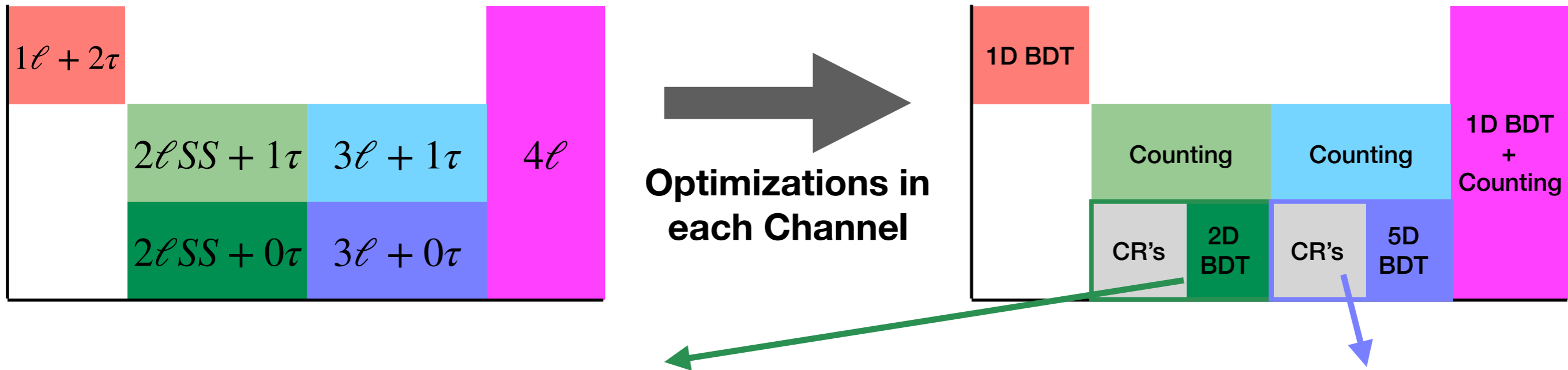


Cross-checks

Cut & Count



Fit Model

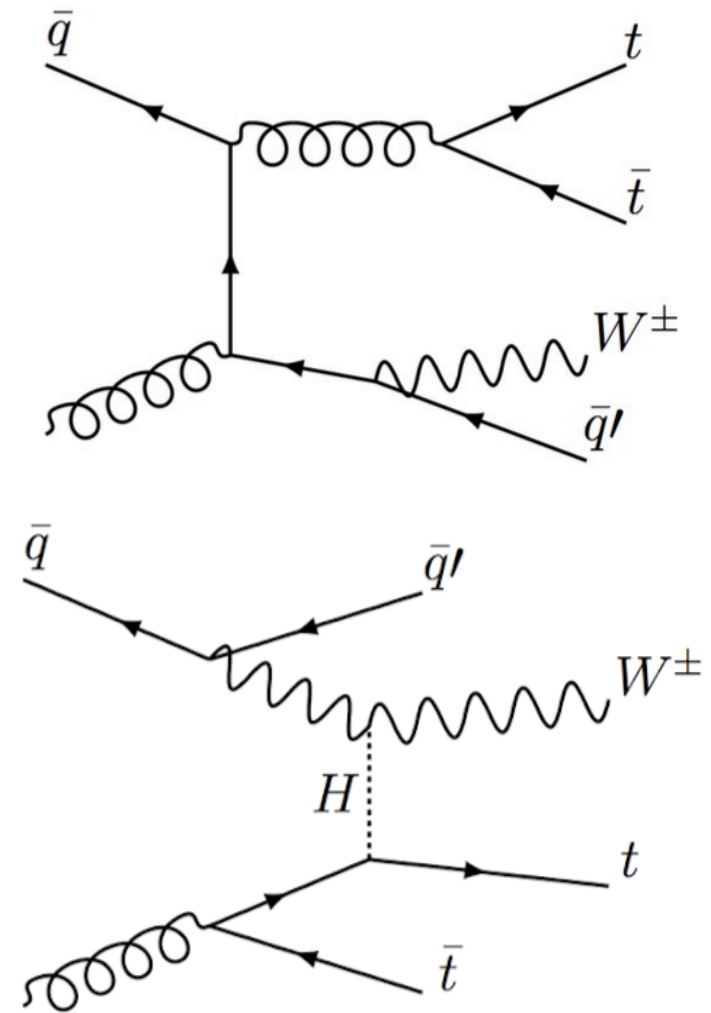


$t\bar{t}W$ Modeling

- We float this background in our fit model with 3 normalization factors and extrapolation uncertainties for the charge asymmetry.
- There are two known corrections which are missing in YR4 recommendation. We apply these corrections.

- QCD corrections: [1405.0301]
 - qg initiated $t\bar{t}W$ diagrams have only LO accuracy
 - Correction factor 1.11

- NLO3 Electroweak corrections: [1711.02116]
 - t-channel higgs diagrams are missing in the calculations
 - Correction factor 1.09

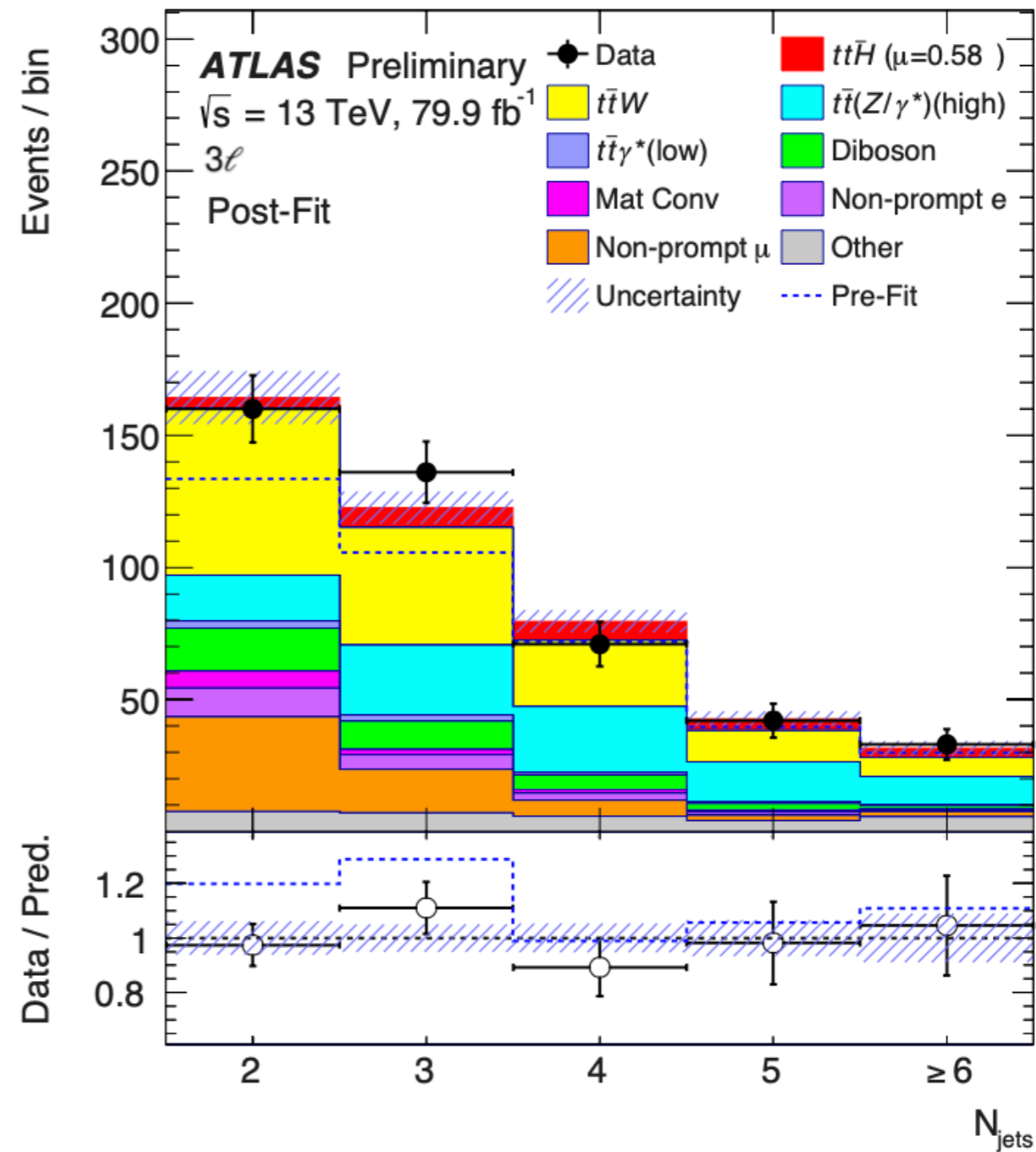
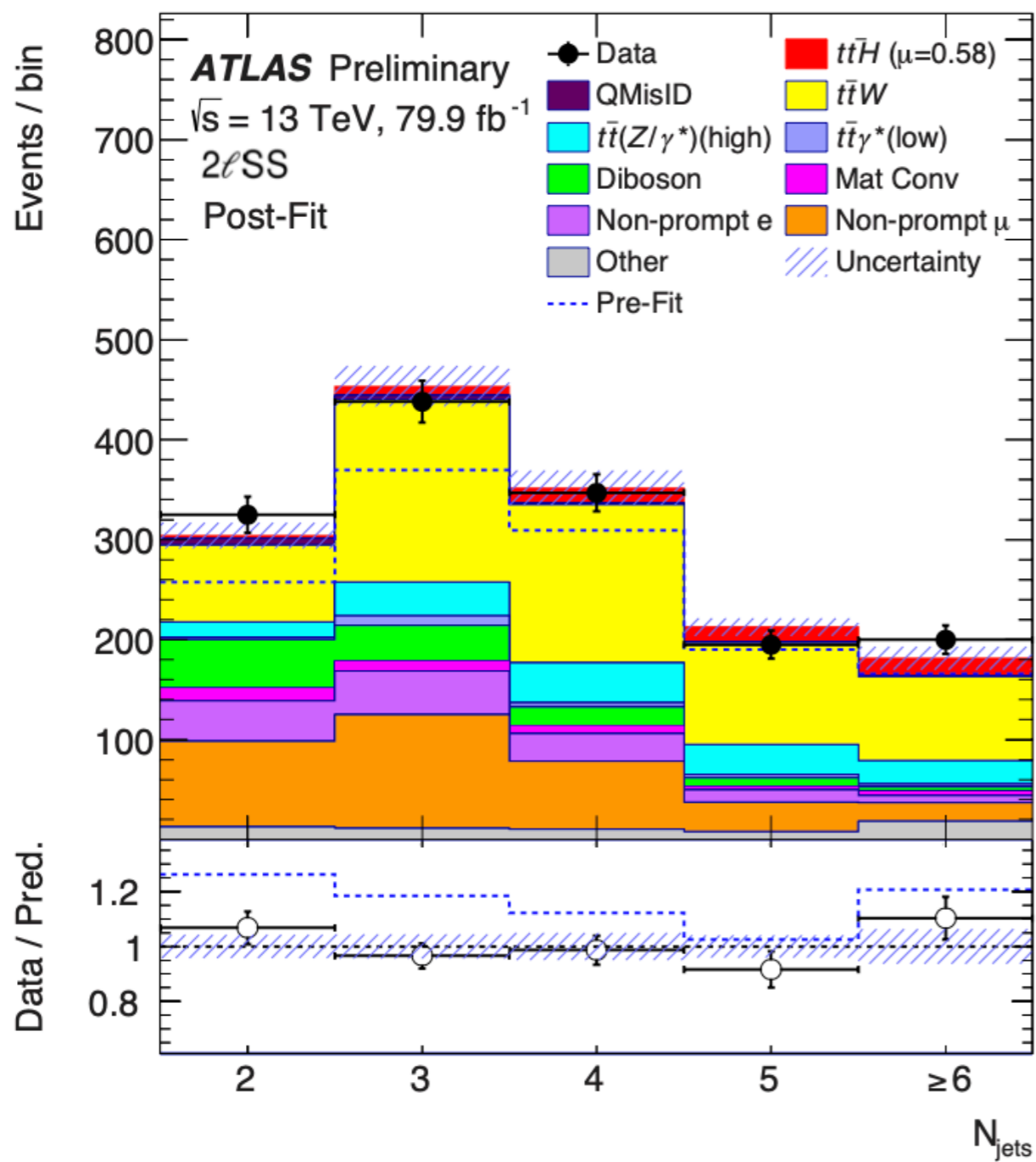


- Total of 1.2 k-factor applied for $t\bar{t}W$
- Updated $t\bar{t}W$ cross-section [601 ± 76 fb \longrightarrow 727 ± 92 fb]

$t\bar{t}W$ Model

Process	Generator	ME order	Parton shower PDF	Tune
$t\bar{t}H$	POWHEG-BOX [23, 24]	NLO	PYTHIA 8	NNPDF3.0 NLO [25]/ A14
	(POWHEG-BOX)	(NLO)	(HERWIG7)	NNPDF2.3 LO [48] (NNPDF3.0 NLO/ MMHT2014 LO [49]) (H7-UE-MMHT)
$tHqb$	MG5_AMC	LO	PYTHIA 8	CT10 [50] A14
tHW	MG5_AMC	NLO	HERWIG++	CT10/ CTEQ6L1 [51, 52] UE-EE-5
$t\bar{t}W$	SHERPA 2.2.1 (MG5_AMC)	MEPs@NLO (NLO)	SHERPA (PYTHIA 8)	NNPDF3.0 NNLO (NNPDF3.0 NLO/ NNPDF2.3 LO) SHERPA default (A14)
$t\bar{t}(Z/\gamma^*)$	MG5_AMC	NLO	PYTHIA 8	NNPDF3.0 NLO/ NNPDF2.3 LO A14
	(SHERPA 2.2.0)	(LO multileg)	(SHERPA)	(NNPDF3.0 NLO) (SHERPA default)
$t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+bW^-\bar{b}l^+l^-$	MG5_AMC	LO	PYTHIA 8	NNPDF3.0 LO A14
tZ	MG5_AMC	LO	PYTHIA 6	CTEQ6L1 Perugia2012
tWZ	MG5_AMC	NLO	PYTHIA 8	NNPDF2.3 LO A14
$t\bar{t}t, t\bar{t}\bar{t}$	MG5_AMC	LO	PYTHIA 8	NNPDF2.3 LO A14
$t\bar{t}W^+W^-$	MG5_AMC	LO	PYTHIA 8	NNPDF2.3 LO A14
$t\bar{t}$	POWHEG-BOX	NLO	PYTHIA 8	NNPDF3.0 NLO/ NNPDF2.3 LO A14
Single top (t -, Wt -, s -channel)	POWHEG-BOX [53–55]	NLO	PYTHIA 8	NNPDF3.0 NLO/ NNPDF2.3 LO A14
$VV, qqVV, VVV$	SHERPA 2.2.2	MEPs@NLO	SHERPA	NNPDF3.0 NNLO SHERPA default
$Z \rightarrow l^+l^-$	SHERPA 2.2.1	MEPs@NLO	SHERPA	NNPDF3.0 NLO SHERPA default

$t\bar{t}W$ Model: Kinematic details



Previous results

