

JRA
TARGET

JRA
AMaSCa

NA
QUANTIFY

JRA
OptION

PRISMAS-MAP meeting 2019.09.19, CERN

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TARGET

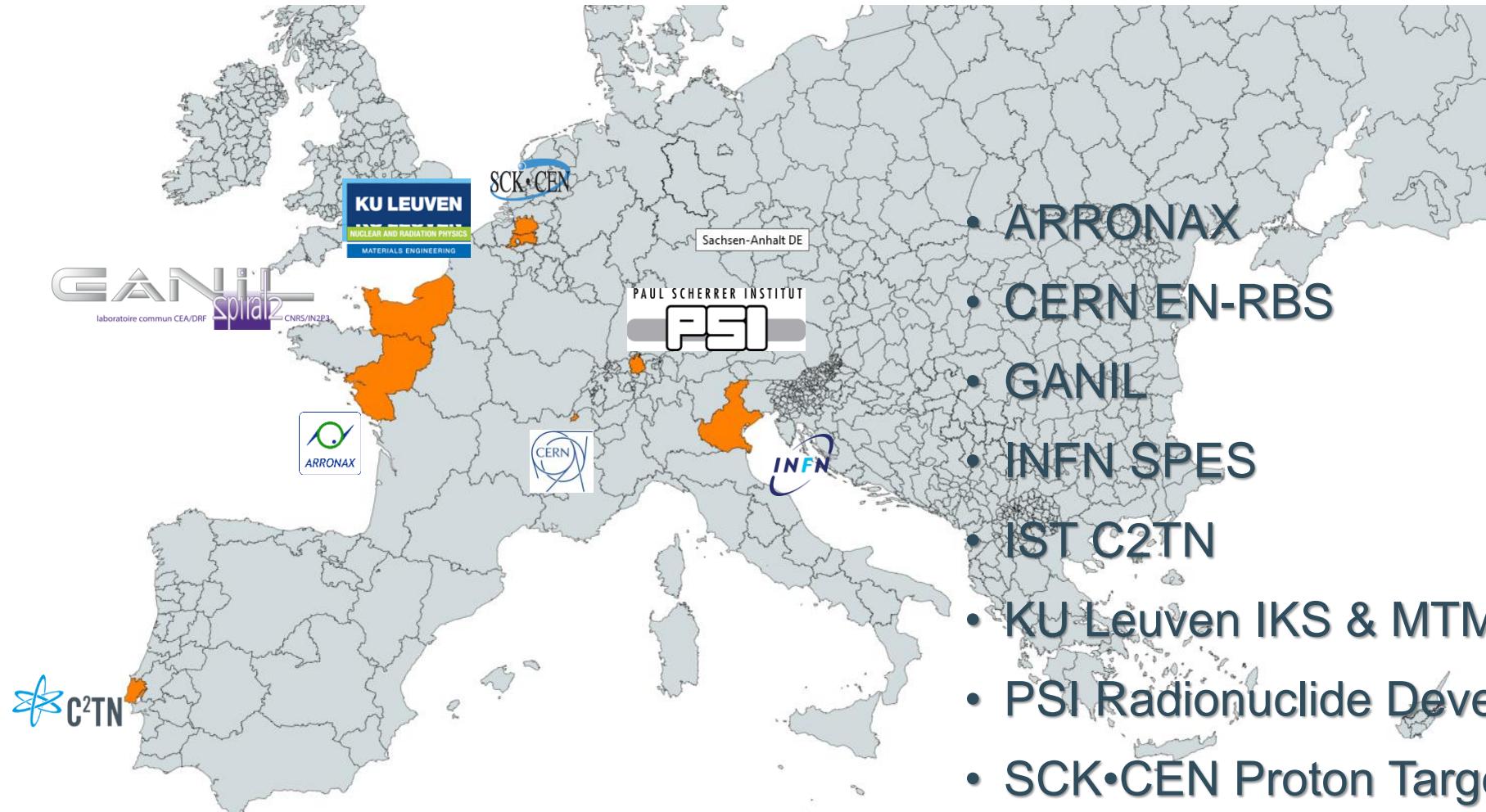
Concept

- The target is at the heart of the production of radioisotopes.
- Aims:
 - Producing radioisotopes with 'long' half-lives by ISOL standards
 - Requires a different perspective aiming for **EFFICIENCY** and **PURITY**

Concrete research lines

- MAX-phase-based material:
 - TiC for **Sc**
 - TaC for **Tb**
- NiAl alloy target for **Fe**
- GdF_3 & GdB_6 for **Tb**
- O-doped BN target for **^{11}C** production
- Fiber targets – applies to all
- Liquid targets
 - Bi for **At** / **Rn**
- Target enrichment

TARGET: partners



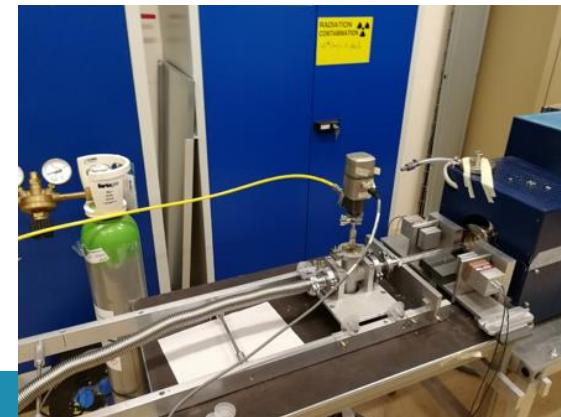
TARGET

Approach

- Synthesize new materials with advanced metallurgical processing
 - Melting, milling, mixing, ...
 - SPS, hot pressing, vacuum sintering, electroplating, co-deposition, ...
 - Electrospinning
- Characterize those materials structurally and for radioisotope production
 - Production simulations (FLUKA)
 - TGA-MS, BET, gas pycnometer, heat test, MEB, DRX, PIXE, ...
- Irradiation tests
 - In-target production tests
 - Release fraction studies
 - Real condition studies

Facilities

- Cold synthesis facilities: C2TN, MTM
- Cold testing facilities: CERN, SPES, C2TN, IKS, SCK
- Irradiation facilities: ARRONAX, GANIL, CERN, PSI, KU Leuven
- Post-irradiation tests: ARRONAX, CERN, IKS, PSI



Advancement of Mass Separation Capabilities

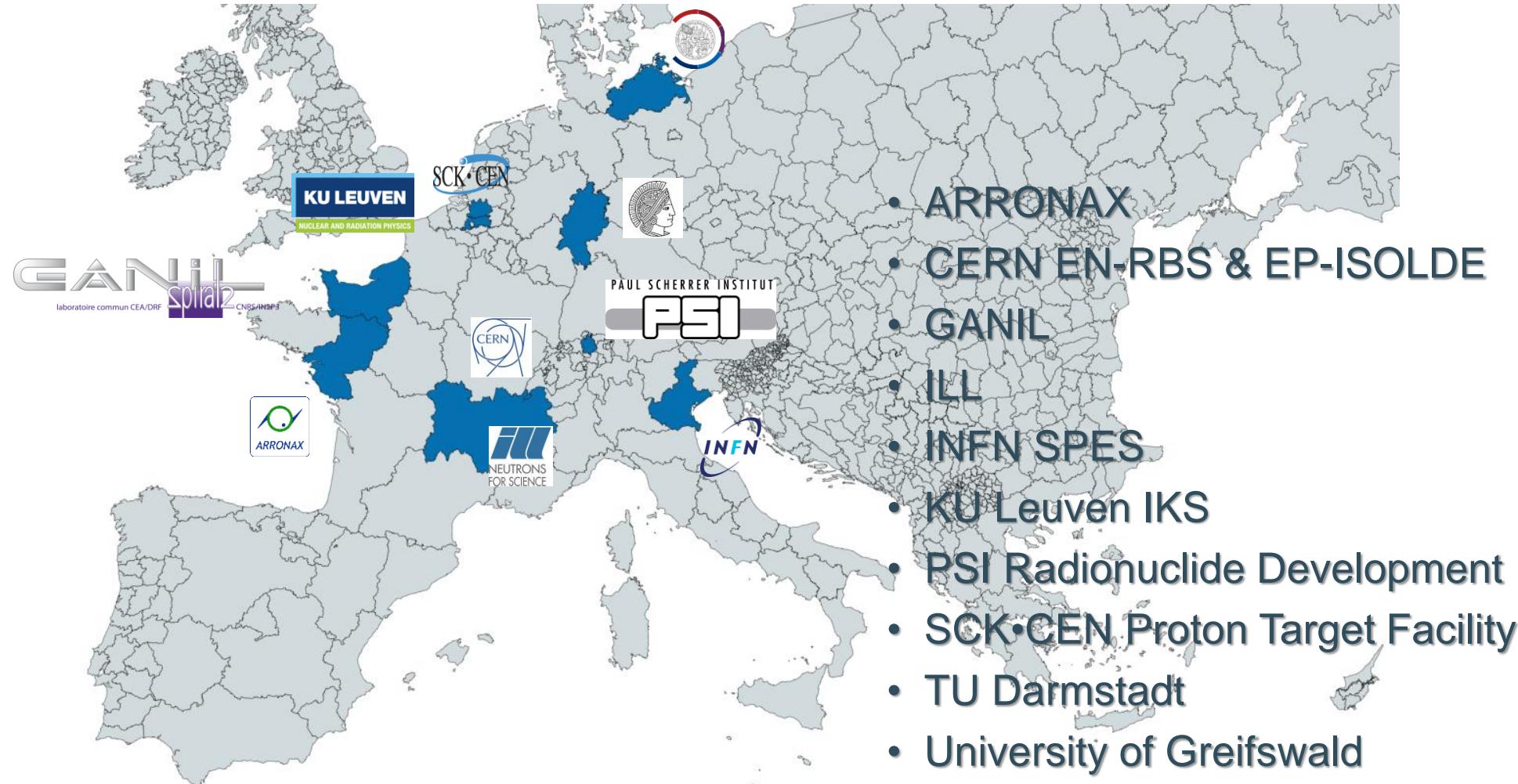
Concept

- Mass separation is at the heart of the project
- Not all facilities have access to mass separation
- Improve the overall efficiency with multiple-user extraction to maximize the collection of radioisotopes
- Consider mass separators for enrichment of precious target material

Concrete research lines

- Multiple-beam collection at MEDICIS
- Design of a multi-stage separator at ISOL@MYRRHA to collect fission fragments and near-target isotopes at the same time
- Design a turn-key, small-scale mass separator of implantation at partner institutions
- Study the efficiency of stable element enrichment at existing separators

AMaSCa: partners

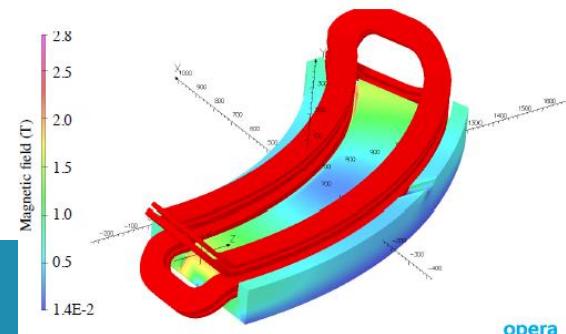
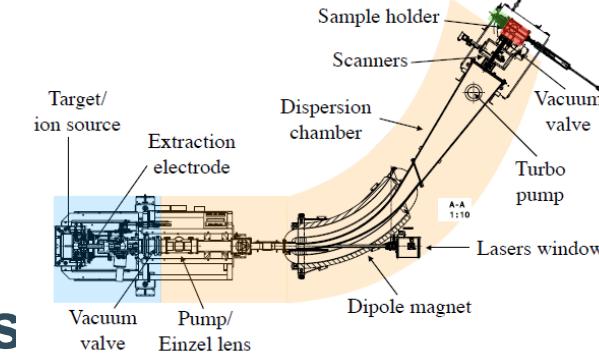


Approach

- Simulate existing and new facilities
 - Ion-beam transport
 - From extraction to implantation
 - Efficiency optimization
- Design new facilities
 - From simulations to mechanical solutions
- Validate models and choices in existing facilities

Facilities

- Existing separators:
 - CERN: ISOLDE GPS & HRS, MEDICIS, Offline 1, [Offline 2](#)
 - Leuven Isotope Separator
 - SIDONIE
- Future facilities
 - SCK•CEN Proton Target Facility



OptION – Optimizing ion sources for Medical applications

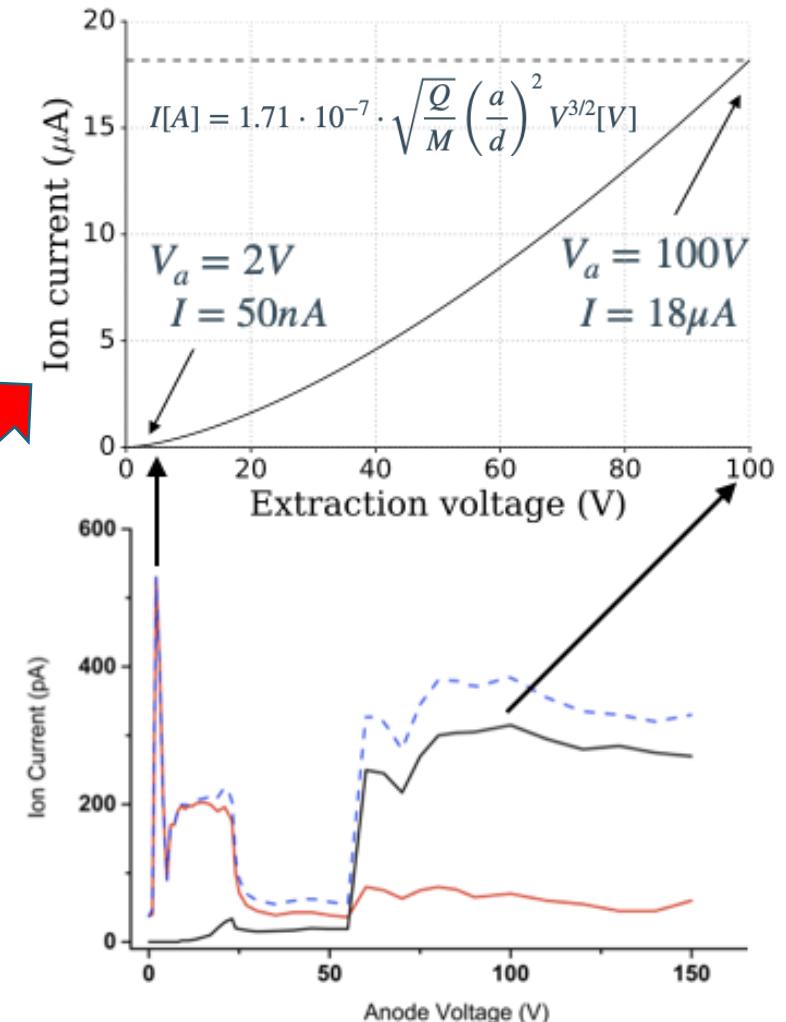
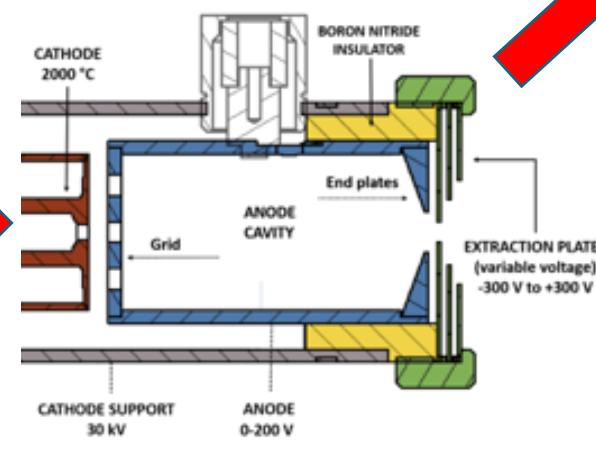
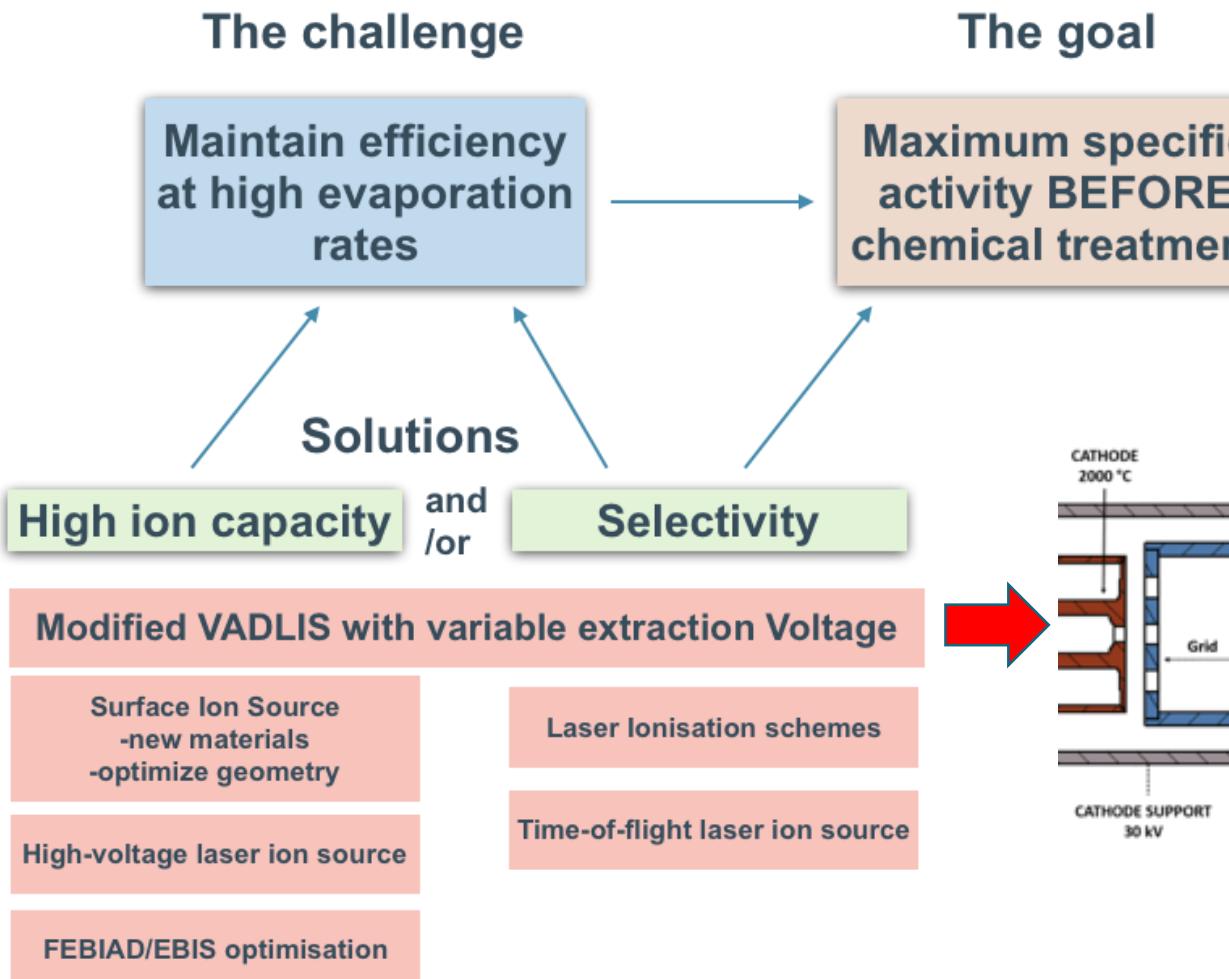
Concept

- Ion sources at ISOL facilities were developed for optimal efficiency for **short-lived (ms) isotopes** with **low ion throughput (~nA)**.
- For medical applications we need **long-lived isotopes (hours→days)** with **high ion throughput (~uA)**
- Aims:
 - Optimize the ion sources for medical applications by prioritizing ion throughput and efficiency.
 - Develop new **laser, surface and plasma** ion sources dedicated to medical applications.
- Proposed Partner institutes: ARRONAX, MedAustron, CERN EN-RBS / LP, GANIL, INFN SPES, SCK•CEN, KU Leuven IKS , PNPI IRIS (Gatchina)
- Possible industrial partners: PANTECHNIK, RHP Technology

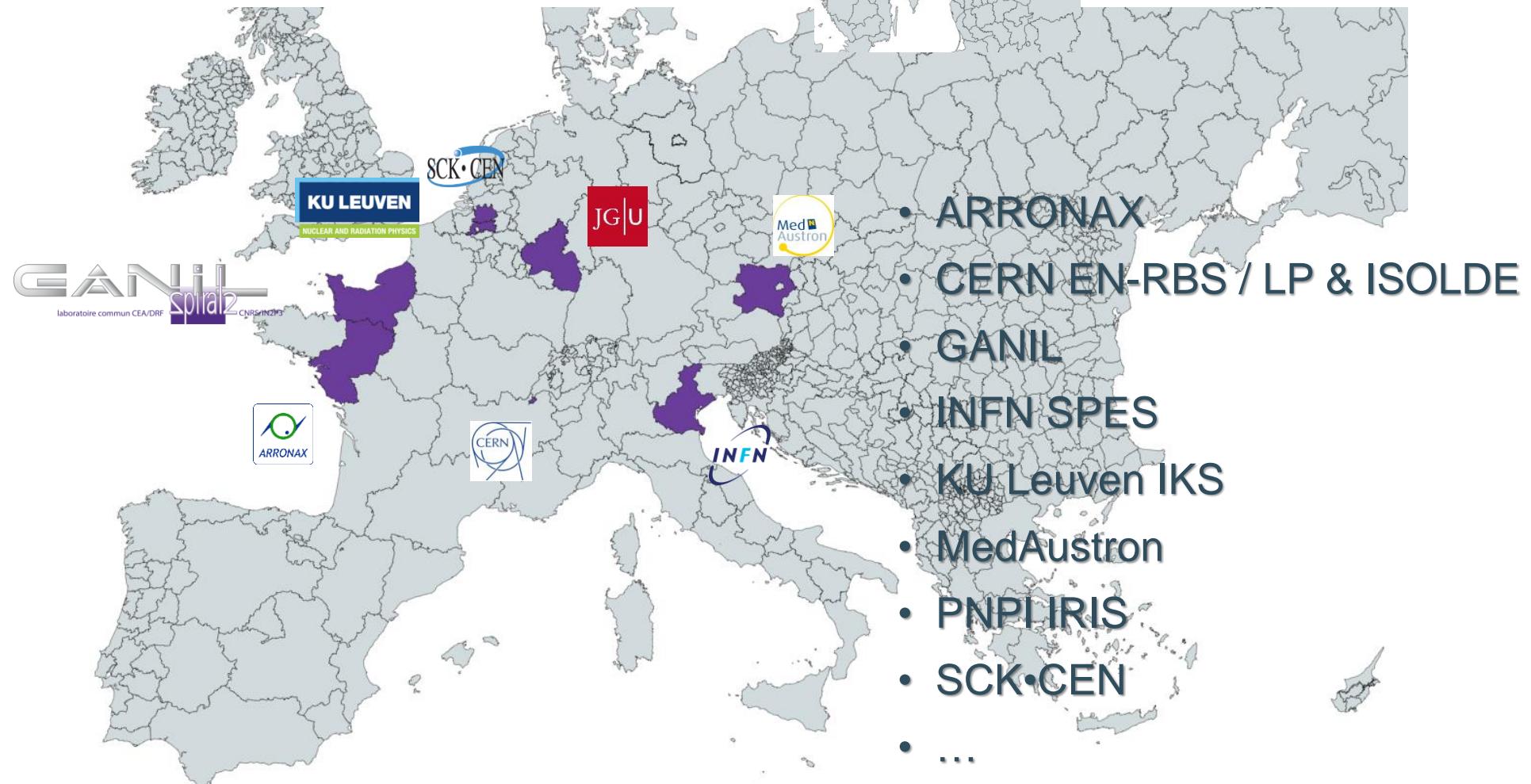
Concrete research lines

- Laser ion source development
 - Develop simple and selective 2-step ionization schemes for the Lanthanides
 - Optimize the ion source material, electrical fields and geometry for high efficiency approaching uA ion rates.
- Surface ion source
 - Investigate single crystal W ionizers for medium-IP elements.
 - Optimize the SIS geometry for long-lived species
- High-current plasma ion source for intense ¹¹C production
 - Investigate EBIS / FEBIAD options.
- Versatile Laser/plasma ion source for multiple applications.
 - Investigate the optimal VADLIS ion source configuration for a multi-purpose ion source

OptION – Optimizing ion sources for Medical applications



SOURCES: partners



Concept

- Clinical application of novel radioisotopes depends on the application of the principle of **justification and optimization of medical exposure**
- Dose-effect relationships depend on the accuracy of the nuclear data
 - Administered activity
 - Nuclear data for imaging modality
- Quality insurance & quality control
- Quantitative imaging
- Standardization & calibration of medical devices

Practical activities

- Medical device studies
 - Calibration factors, acquisition & image reconstruction parameters, image processing and quantification techniques, ...
- Experimental approach
 - Phantom studies
 - Multicentre trials with intercomparisons
- Exchange forum
 - Meetings, workshops, round-tables, ...
 - Updating databases with new nuclear data information
 - Online visibility & lobby (website, ...)

QUANTIFY: partners



JRA - NA

- ALL OF THEM
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