# The importance of multiple scatterings in medium-induced gluon radiation

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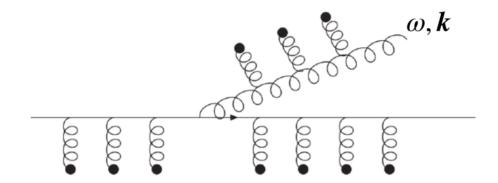
Carlota Andres, Fabio Dominguez, MGM: JHEP 03 (2021) 102





## **Energy loss**

Jet quenching: partons interact with QGP and lose energy



- Two available analytical approximations
  - Harmonic oscillator: multiple soft scatterings
  - First opacity or GLV approximation: one single hard scattering

## Medium-induced gluon spectrum

Emission spectrum off a parton with energy E of a soft gluon (BDMPS-Z):

$$\omega \frac{dI}{d\omega d^2 \mathbf{k}} = \frac{2\alpha_s C_R}{(2\pi)^2 \omega^2} \operatorname{Re} \int_0^\infty dt' \int_0^{t'} dt \int_{\mathbf{p}\mathbf{q}} \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{q} \ \widetilde{\mathcal{K}}(t', \mathbf{q}; t, \mathbf{p}) \mathcal{P}(\infty, \mathbf{k}; t', \mathbf{q})$$

 Recently, new method with no approximations. Full solution obtained numerically by solving two differential equations

$$\partial_{\tau} \mathcal{P}(\tau, \boldsymbol{k}; s, \boldsymbol{l}) = -\frac{1}{2} n(\tau) \int_{\boldsymbol{k}'} \sigma(\boldsymbol{k} - \boldsymbol{k}') \mathcal{P}(\tau, \boldsymbol{k}'; s, \boldsymbol{l})$$

$$\partial_t \widetilde{\mathcal{K}}(s, \boldsymbol{q}; t, \boldsymbol{p}) = \frac{i\boldsymbol{p}^2}{2\omega} \widetilde{\mathcal{K}}(s, \boldsymbol{q}; t, \boldsymbol{p}) + \frac{1}{2}n(t) \int_{\boldsymbol{k}'} \sigma(\boldsymbol{k}' - \boldsymbol{p}) \widetilde{\mathcal{K}}(s, \boldsymbol{q}; t, \boldsymbol{k}')$$

# Small energy limit (Bethe-Heitler)

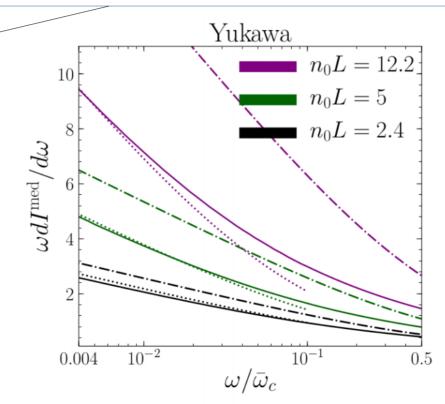
$$\left| \omega \frac{dI^{\text{med}}}{d\omega} \right|_{\omega \to 0} = \frac{2\alpha_s C_R}{\omega} \operatorname{Re} \int_0^L ds \, n_0 \int_0^s dt \int_{\boldsymbol{p}\boldsymbol{q}} i \, \frac{\boldsymbol{p} \cdot \boldsymbol{q}}{\boldsymbol{q}^2} \sigma(\boldsymbol{q} - \boldsymbol{p}) e^{-\left(i\frac{\boldsymbol{p}^2}{2\omega} + \frac{1}{2}n_0 \Sigma(p^2)\right)(s-t)}$$

GLV, one hard scattering

#### — Full

 $\cdots$  Low- $\omega$  formula

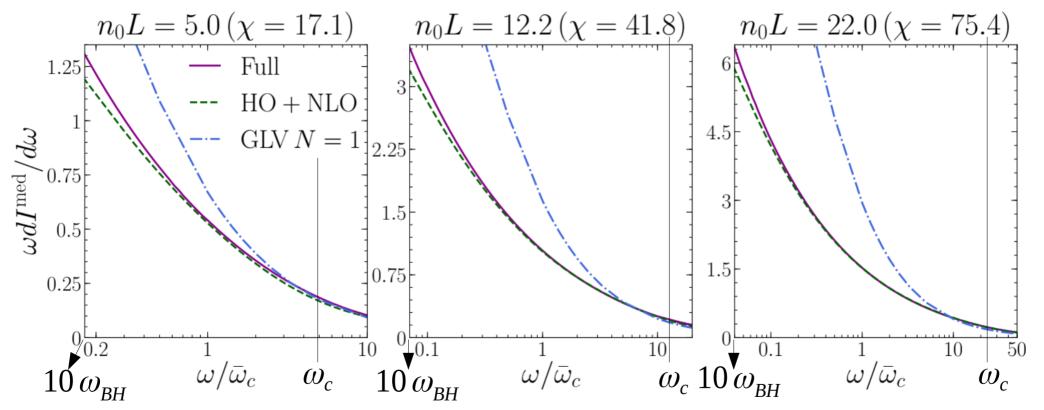
--- GLV N=1



Probability of not experiencing any further scatterings

$$\bar{\omega}_c = \frac{1}{2}\mu^2 L$$

# Multiple scattering regime



IOE works well in its range of applicability Yacine Mehtar-Tani, arXiv:1903.00506 Coherence effects between multiple scatterings are essential in this region

# Summary

$$\bar{\omega}_c = \frac{1}{2}\mu^2 L$$

