BSM phenomenology at the next-to-leading order

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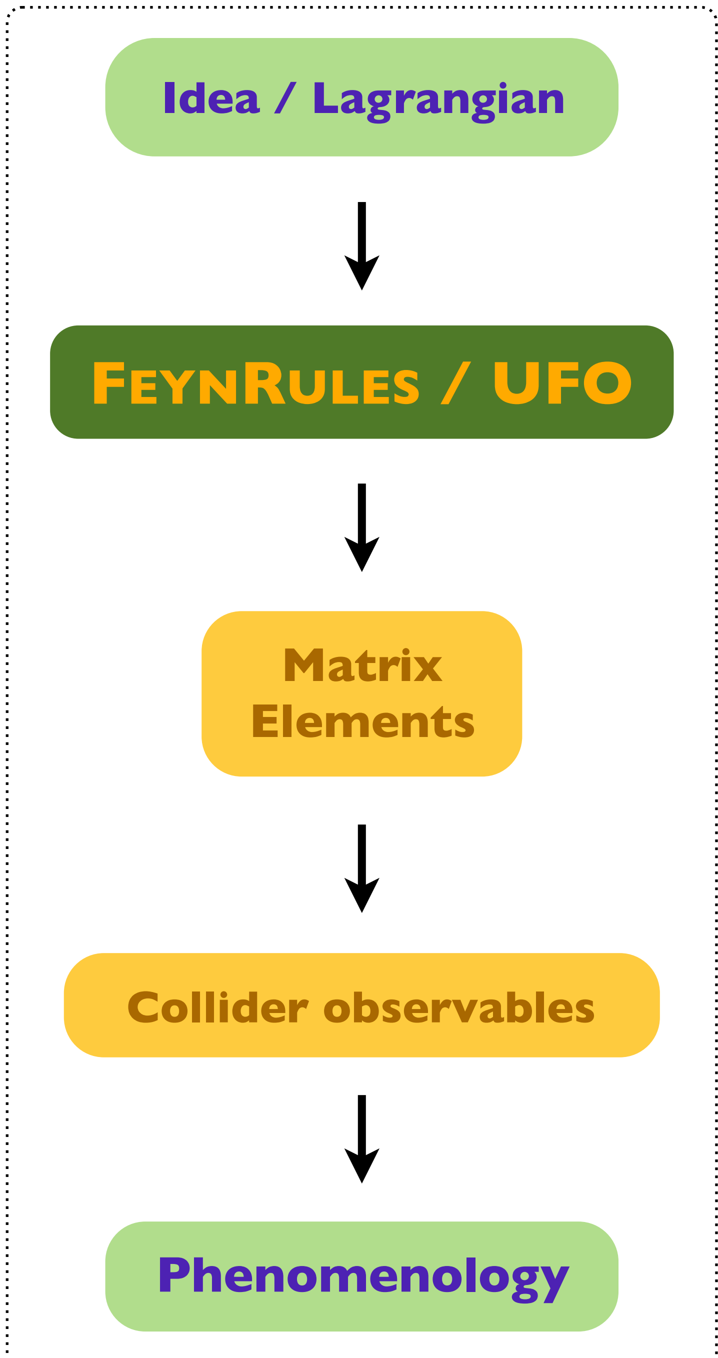
A need for precision predictions for BSM?

- ✦ Final words on any potential new physics at the LHC
  - ✤ Accurate measurements + precision predictions (NLO QCD + PS)
- ✦ New physics is standard in the simulation tools
  - ✤ 20-25 years of developments
  - ✤ Simulations at the NLO accuracy in QCD can be easily achieved
    - ★For any model → the MadGraph5_aMC@NLO framework

A comprehensive approach to new physics calculations

[Christensen, de Aquino, Degrande, Duhr, BF, Herquet, Maltoni & Schumann (EPJC`11)]



✦ Model building: from Lagrangian to tools

- FEYNRULES ⊕ MOGRE ⊕ NLOCT → UFO @ NLO
- General on-shell renormalisation scheme

[Alloul, Christensen, Degrande, Duhr & BF (CPC'14) ; Degrande (CPC'15)]
[Degrande, Duhr, BF, Mattelaer & Reither (CPC'12)]
[Frixione, BF, Hirschi, Mawatari, Shao, Sunder & Zaro (1907.04898)]

✦ Hard scattering

- Feynman diagram, matrix elements
- MG5aMC → predictions at LO/NLO

[Alwall *et al.* (JHEP'14)]

✦ Collider phenomenology with MG5_aMC

- Matching matrix elements with parton showers
- Simplified treatment of the resonances (MADSTR)

[Alwall *et al.* (JHEP'14)]
[Frixione, BF, Hirschi, Mawatari, Shao, Sunder & Zaro (1907.04898)]

Outline

1. Automating NLO calculations in QCD for new physics
2. Examples: supersymmetry, vector-like quarks and charged scalars
3. Summary - conclusions

Automating NLO calculations in QCD for new physics

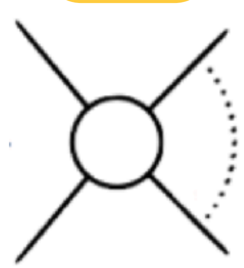
NLO calculations in a nutshell

✦ Dissecting an NLO calculation in QCD

- Three ingredients: the Born, virtual loop and real emission contributions

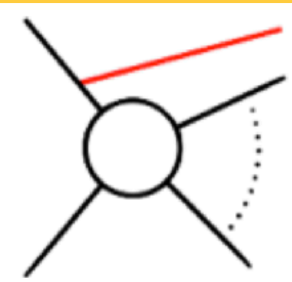
$$\sigma_{NLO} = \int \mathrm{d}^4\Phi_n \mathcal{B} \quad + \quad \int \mathrm{d}^4\Phi_n \int_{\text{loop}} \mathrm{d}^d\ell \ \mathcal{V} \quad + \quad \int \mathrm{d}^4\Phi_{n+1} \ \mathcal{R}$$

Born



Virtuals: one extra power of α_s and divergent

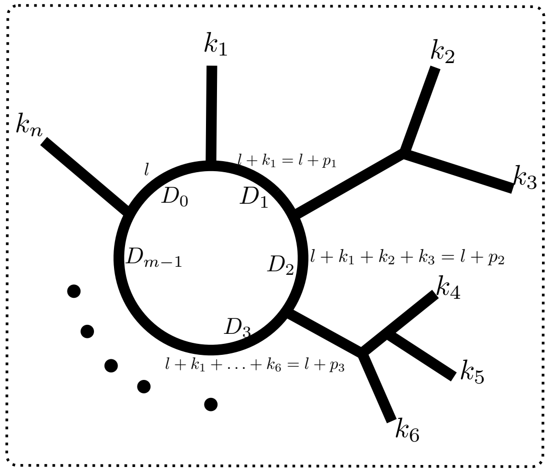
Reals: one extra power of α_s and divergent



Loop calculations

✦ Dimensional regularisation: calculations in $d = 4 - 2\varepsilon$

- ✤ Divergences explicit ($1/\varepsilon^2$, $1/\varepsilon$)
- ✤ Reduction of tensor loop-integrals to scalar integrals



✦ The reduction must be performed in a d-dimensional space

- ✤ Numerical methods work in 4 dimensions → R_1 and R_2 terms

$$\int d^d\ell \frac{N(\ell,\tilde{\ell})}{\bar{D}_0\bar{D}_1\cdots\bar{D}_{m-1}} \quad \text{with } \bar{\ell} = \ell + \tilde{\ell}$$

$\bar{\ell}$: D-dim; ℓ: 4-dim; $\tilde{\ell}$: (-2ε)-dim

[Ossala, Papadopoulos, Pittau (NPB'07; JHEP'08)]

✦ The R_1 terms originate from the denominators

MadLoop

$$\frac{1}{\bar{D}} = \frac{1}{D}\left(1 - \frac{\tilde{\ell}^2}{\bar{D}}\right)$$

- ✤ 3 generic non-vanishing integrals

[Hirschi *et al.* (JHEP'11)]

✦ The R_2 terms originate from the numerator

NLOCT

- ✤ Process-dependent contributions proportional to $\tilde{\ell}^2$
- ✤ Renormalisable theory: finite number of R_2's → *R_2 Feynman rules*

[Degrande (CPC'15)]

Matching fixed order with parton showers

[Frederix, Frixione, Maltoni & Stelzer (JHEP'09); Frixione & Webber (JHEP'02)]

✦ Subtracting the poles

MadFKS

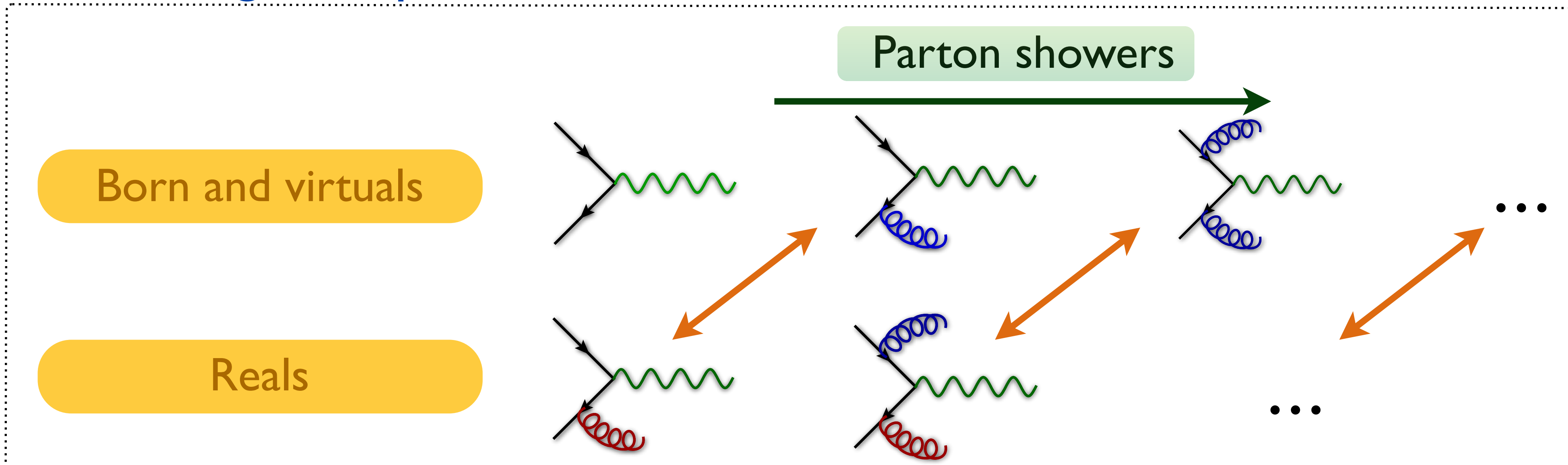
✤ The structure of the poles is known → subtraction

- ★ $\mathcal{C}$ subtracted from the reals → finite
- ★ $\mathcal{C}$ integrated and added back to the virtuals → finite
- ★ Integrals can be calculated numerically (and in 4D)

$$\sigma_{NLO} = \int \mathrm{d}^4\Phi_n\ \mathcal{B} + \int \mathrm{d}^4\Phi_{n+1}\ \Big[\mathcal{R} - \mathcal{C}\Big] + \int \mathrm{d}^4\Phi_n \Big[\int_{\rm loop} \mathrm{d}^d\ell\ \mathcal{V} + \int \mathrm{d}^d\Phi_1 \mathcal{C}\Big]$$

✦ Matching with parton showers

MC@NLO



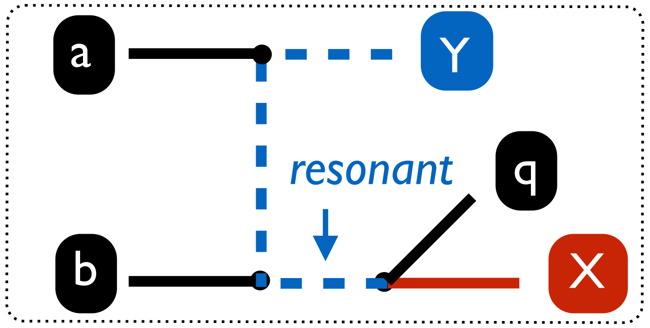
✤ Two sources of double counting

- ★ Radiation: reals *vs.* shower
- ★ No radiation: virtuals *vs.* no-emission probability

Intermediate resonances

[Frixione, BF, Hirschi, Mawatari, Shao, Sunder & Zaro (1907.04898)]

✦ Resonant contribution could appear at NLO (real emission)



✤ Overlap
- ★ YY @ LO ⊗ Y → Xq decay
- ★ YX @ NLO (real emission)

✤ Possible (huge) enhancement w.r.t. LO (if YY dominates over XY)
- ★ Spoiling the perturbative expansion for the original process

✤ All potential subprocesses may need to be considered separately
- ★ Resonances must be subtracted

✦ Resonance subtraction/removal from the squared matrix element

$$\left|\mathcal{A}\right|^2 = \left|\mathcal{A}^{(\text{non-res.})}\right|^2 + 2\Re\left(\mathcal{A}^{(\text{non-res.})}\mathcal{A}^{(\text{res.})\dagger}\right) + \left|\mathcal{A}^{(\text{res.})}\right|^2$$

✤ DR: the resonant diagrams are removed

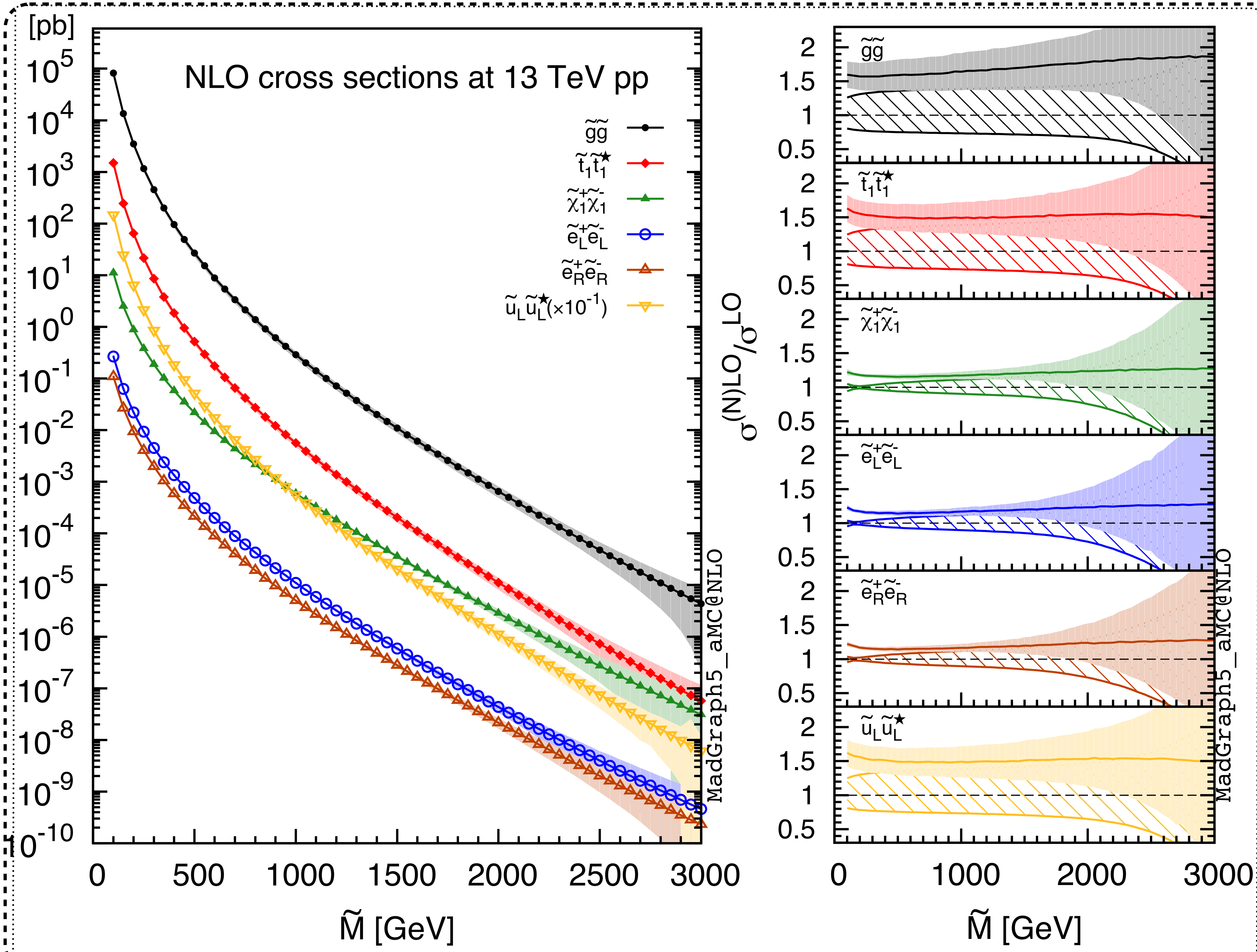
✤ DR+I: diagram removal while keeping the interferences

✤ DS: the purely resonant part is subtracted from the last term
- ★ There are different ways to handle this (momenta projections)

Supersymmetry @ NLO

SUSY rates: simplified models

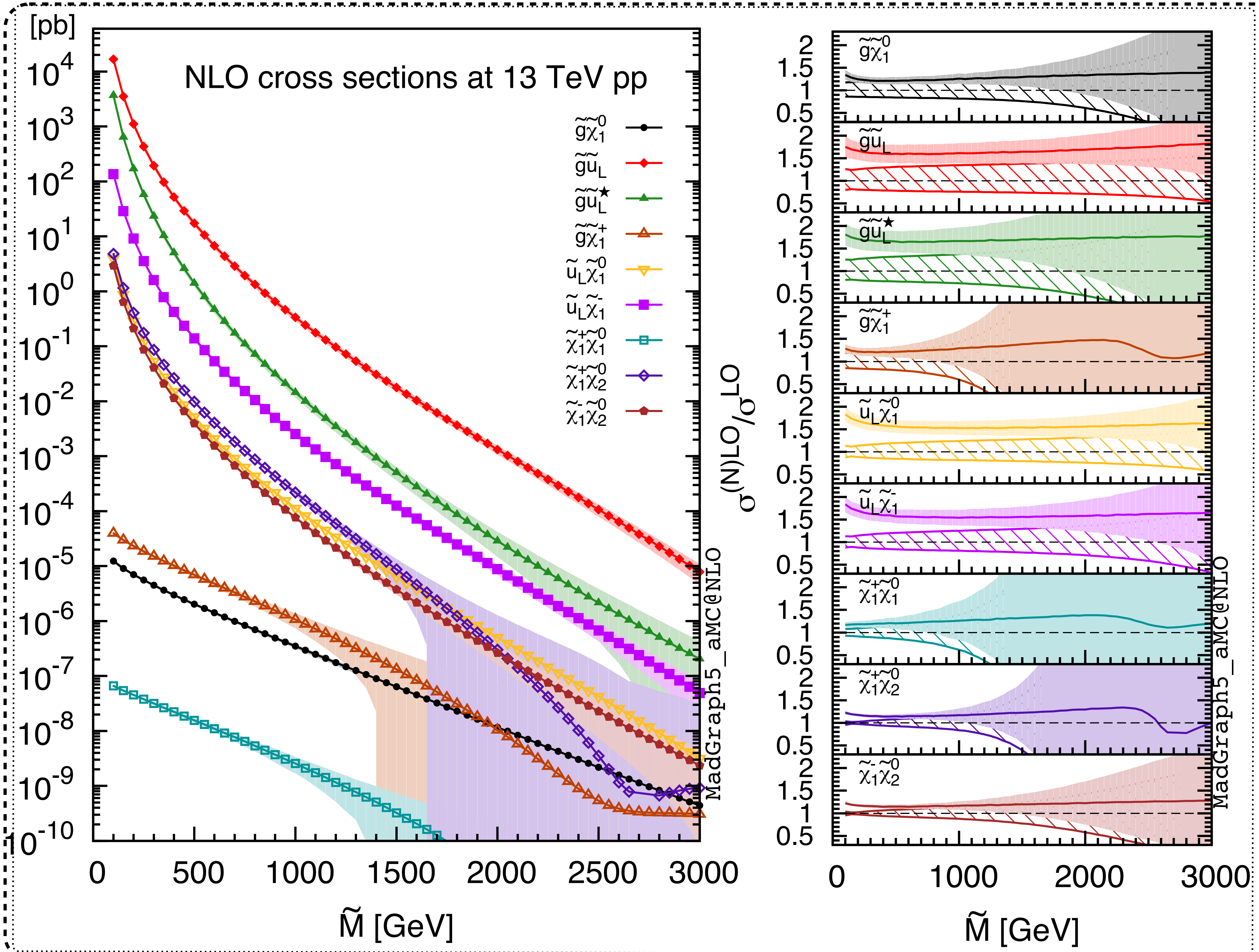
[Frixione, BF, Hirschi, Mawatari, Shao, Sunder & Zaro (1907.04898)]



- *Crucial for validation*
- $K \sim$ 1.2-1.5
- $K = f(\tilde{M})$
- Errors are reduced
- PDF error can be large

SUSY rates: next-to-simplified models

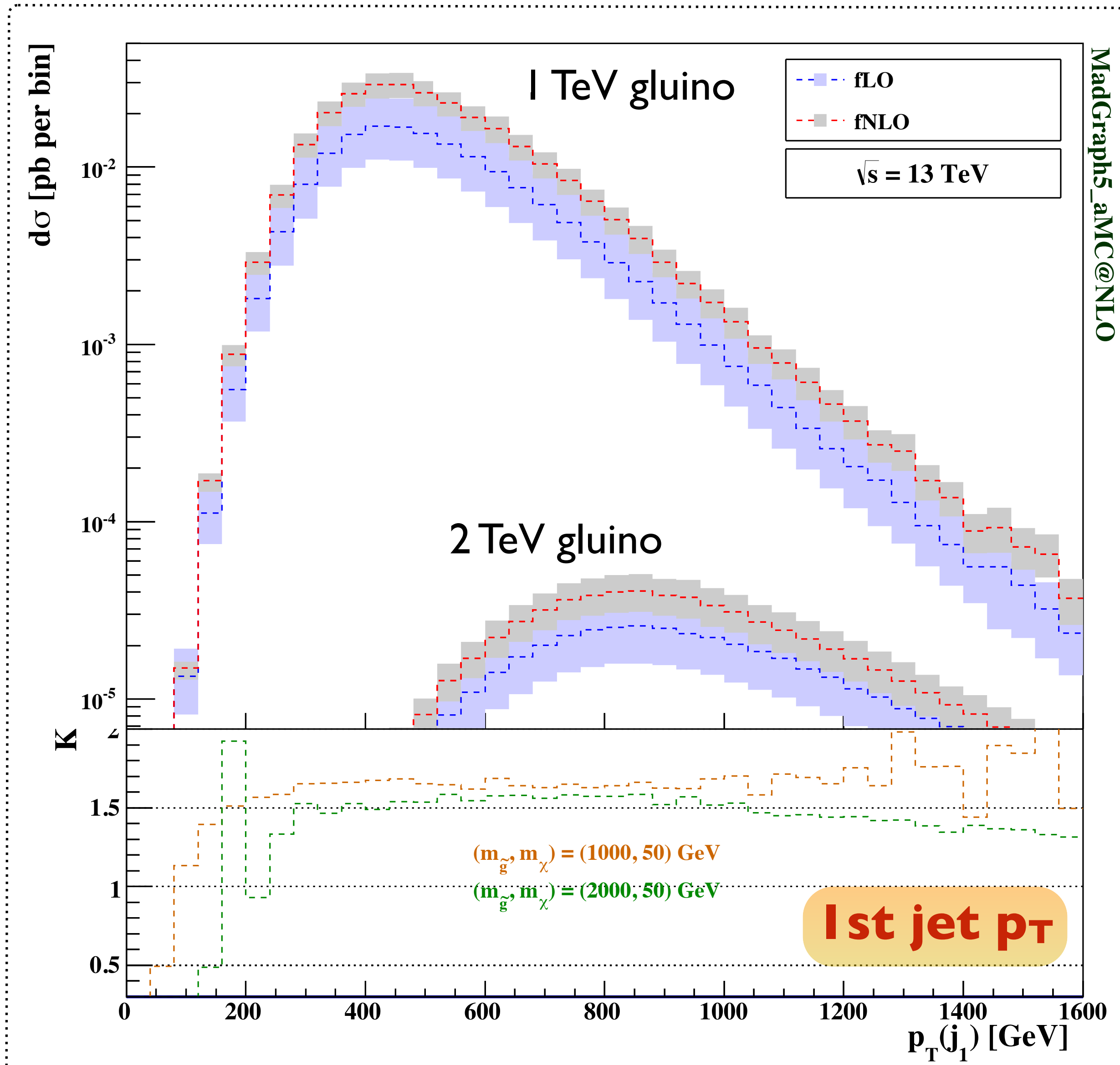
[Frixione, BF, Hirschi, Mawatari, Shao, Sunder & Zaro (1907.04898)]

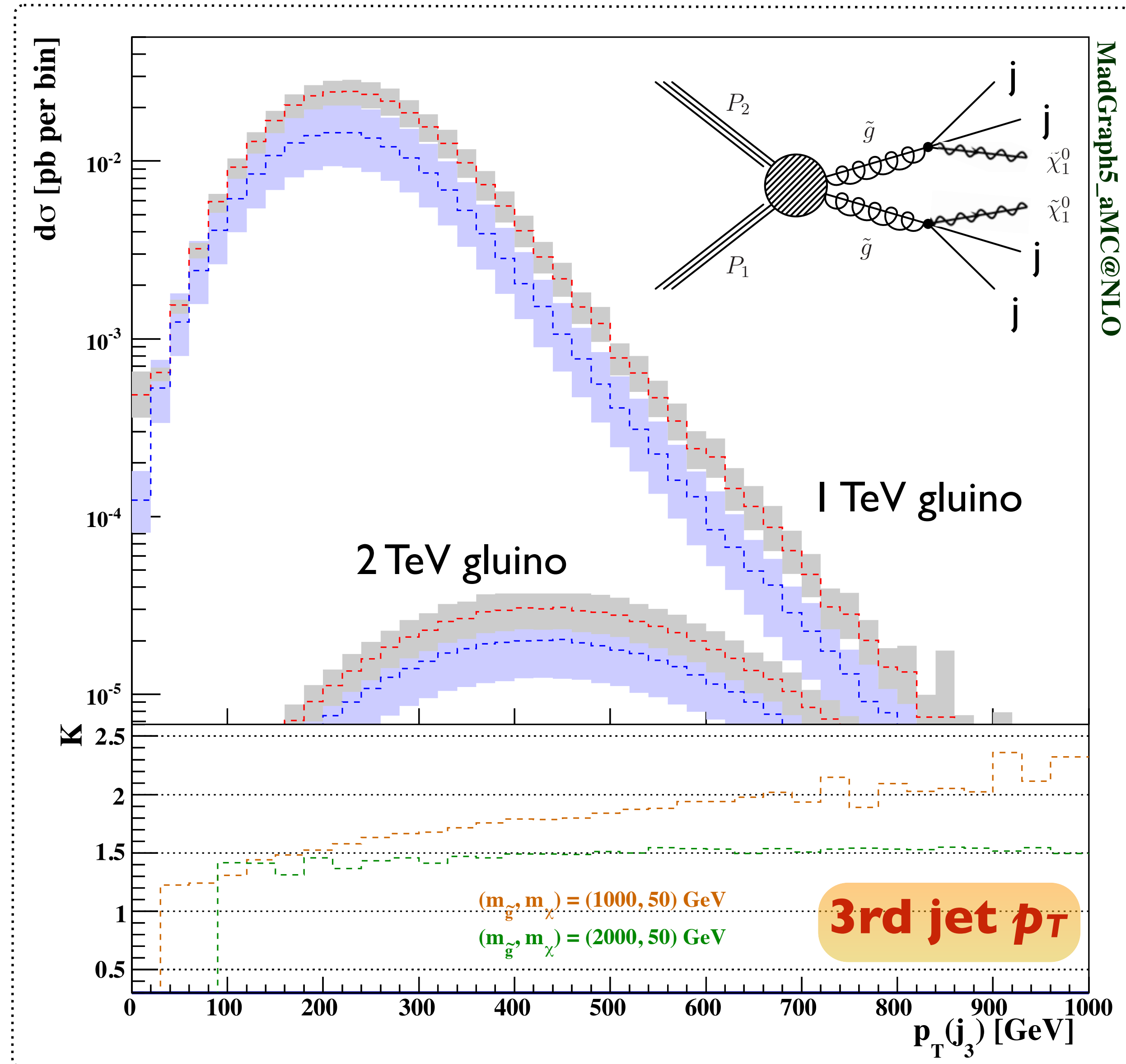


- ✤ K~ 1-2 *cf.* gluino
- ✤ $K = f(\tilde{M})$
- ✤ Errors are reduced
- ✤ PDF impact at large $\tilde{M}$

Fixed-order distributions: jet properties

[Degrande, BF, Hirschi, Proudom & Shao (PRD'15; PLB'16)]





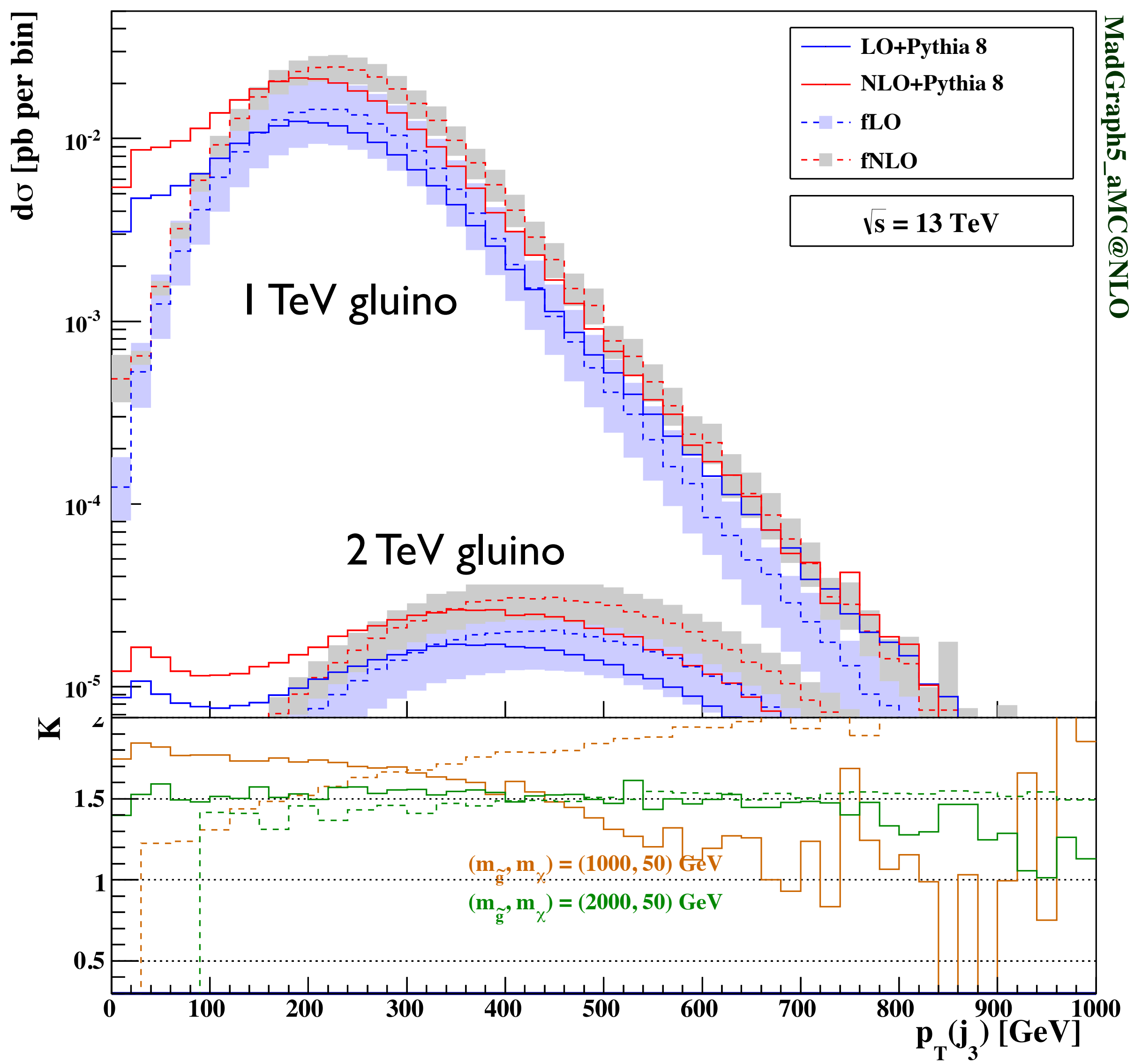
✤ Two potential jet origins
- ★ Decay jet (hard)
- ★ Radiation jet (soft, not for the 1st/2nd jets)

✤ Constant *K*-factors not accurate
- ★ Normalisation modification
- ★ Distortion of the shapes
- ★ Reduction of the theoretical uncertainties

NLO+PS distributions: jet properties

[Degrande, BF, Hirschi, Proudom & Shao (PRD'15; PLB'16)]

3rd jet p_T



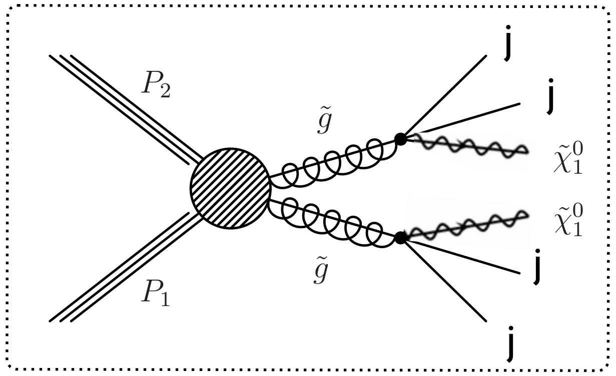
- Parton showers populate the low-p_T region
  - ★ Emitted partons often not reclustered back
  - ★ Extra softer jets
  - ★ Distortion of the spectrum
  - ★ Effects milder for hard p_T (the matrix element drives the shape)
- Mixed effects: origin of the third jet
  - ★ Sometimes a decay jet
  - ★ Sometimes a radiation jet
  - ★ Entanglement of the two effects: two peaks

Impact of the uncertainties → future colliders

[Araz, Frank & BF (1910.11418)]

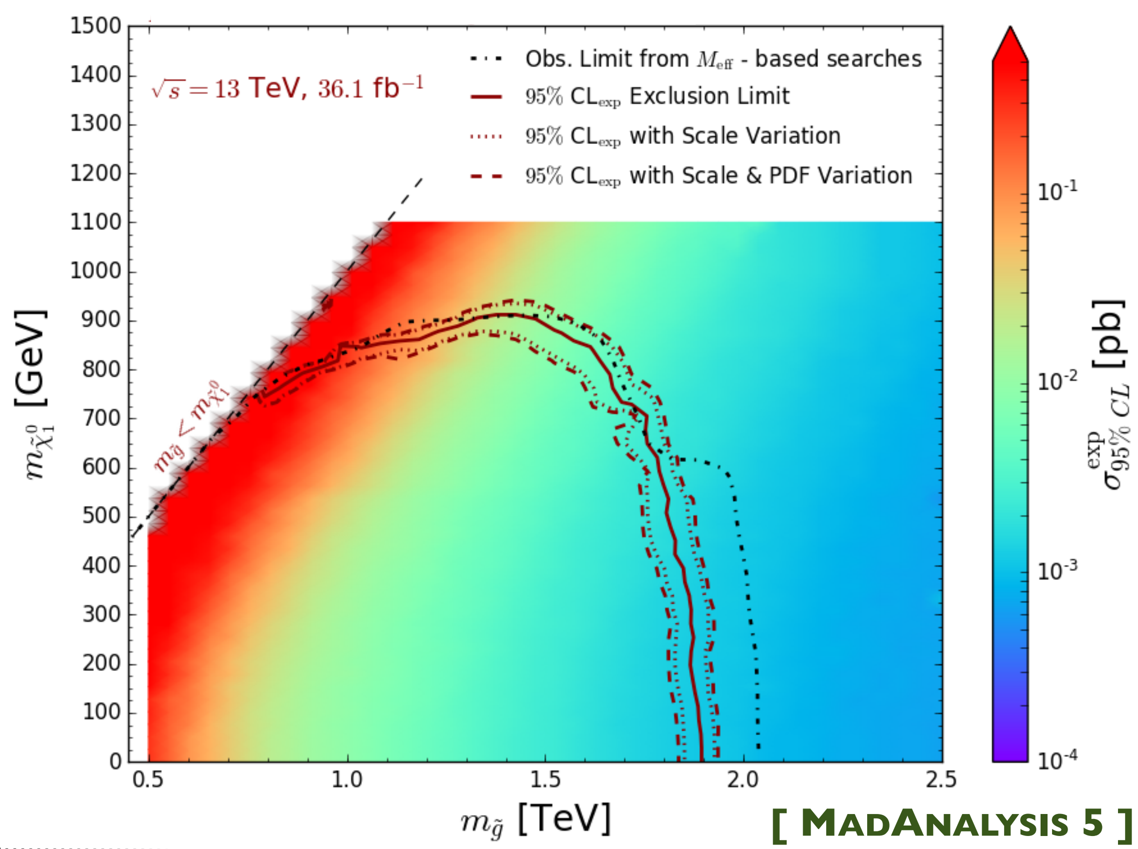
✦ Constraining gluino pair production and decay @ LHC

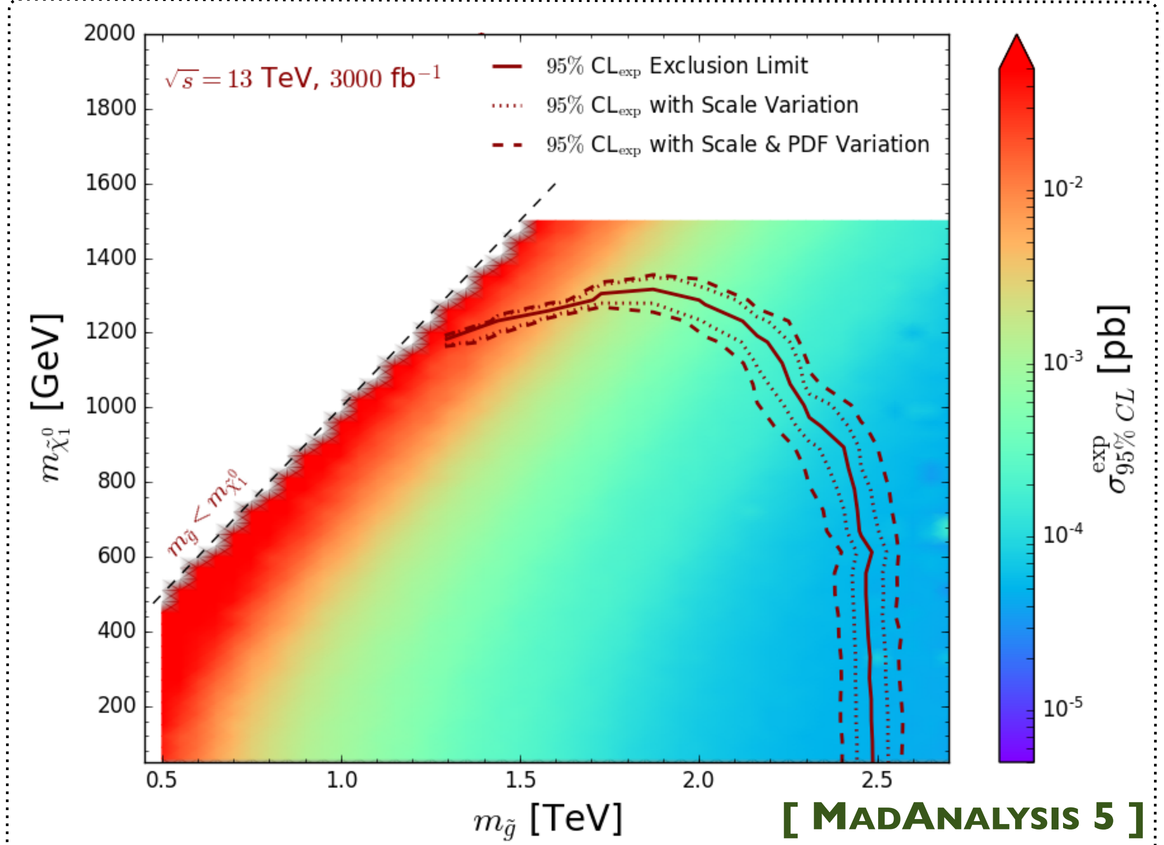
- ✤ NLO impact on the shapes of the distributions
- ✤ Impact on the limits?
- ✤ Impact of the theory uncertainties?



✦ Recasting ATLAS multijet + MET analysis (ATLAS SUSY 2016-07)

- ✤ Left: reproduction of the ATLAS results (LO-merged; $\sigma_{NLL/NLO}$) with NLO signals
- ✤ Right: extrapolation for HL-LHC → impact of the errors





Treatment of the resonances

[Frixione, BF, Hirschi, Mawatari, Shao, Sunder & Zaro (1907.04898)]

	[fb]	DR	DR + I	DS				LO
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$	$\sigma_{\rm inclusive}$	0.331	$0.330^{+19\%}_{-18\%} \pm 28\%$	0.327	0.322	0.330	0.330	$0.187^{+44\%}_{-29\%} \pm 27\%$
	$\sigma_{\rm fiducial}$	0.228	$0.227^{+19\%}_{-18\%} \pm 28\%$	0.225	0.222	0.228	0.227	$0.128^{+44\%}_{-29\%} \pm 27\%$
$\tilde{g}\tilde{q}$	$\sigma_{\rm inclusive}$	8.42	$8.39^{+12\%}_{-14\%} \pm 6.9\%$	8.38	8.35	8.41	8.40	$5.49^{+38\%}_{-25\%} \pm 7.0\%$
	$\sigma_{\rm fiducial}$	5.93	$5.91^{+12\%}_{-14\%} \pm 6.9\%$	5.90	5.87	5.93	5.92	$3.86^{+38\%}_{-26\%} \pm 7.0\%$
$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}$	$\sigma_{\rm inclusive}$	20.4	$20.4^{+7.8\%}_{-10\%} \pm 2.2\%$	20.4	20.4	20.4	20.4	$14.9^{+30\%}_{-22\%} \pm 2.2\%$
	$\sigma_{\rm fiducial}$	14.8	$14.8^{+7.8\%}_{-9.9\%} \pm 2.2\%$	14.8	14.7	14.8	14.8	$10.8^{+30\%}_{-21\%} \pm 2.2\%$

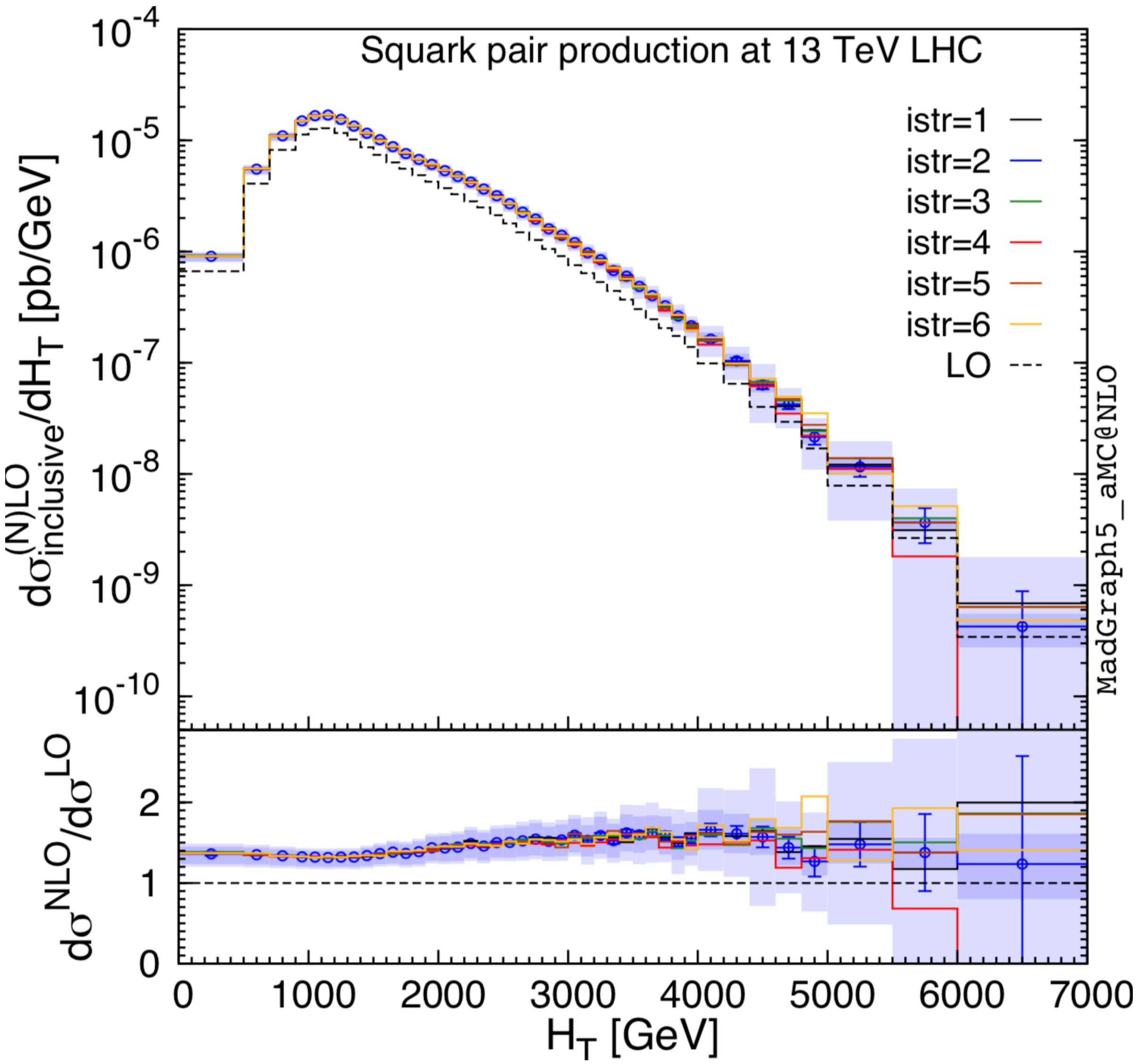
- ✤ Benchmark (allowed by data)
  - ★ Multi-TeV squarks and gluinos
  - ★ 50 GeV lightest neutralino (decays into jets and missing energy)
  - ★ Fiducial volume: typical H_T/MET selection (+ $N_{\rm jets}$ requirement)
- ✤ NLO impact
  - ★ Large K-factors (especially for $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$), reduction of the theory errors
  - ★ 50 GeV lightest neutralino (decays into jets and missing energy)
  - ★ Results compatible regardless of how resonances are treated

No double counting

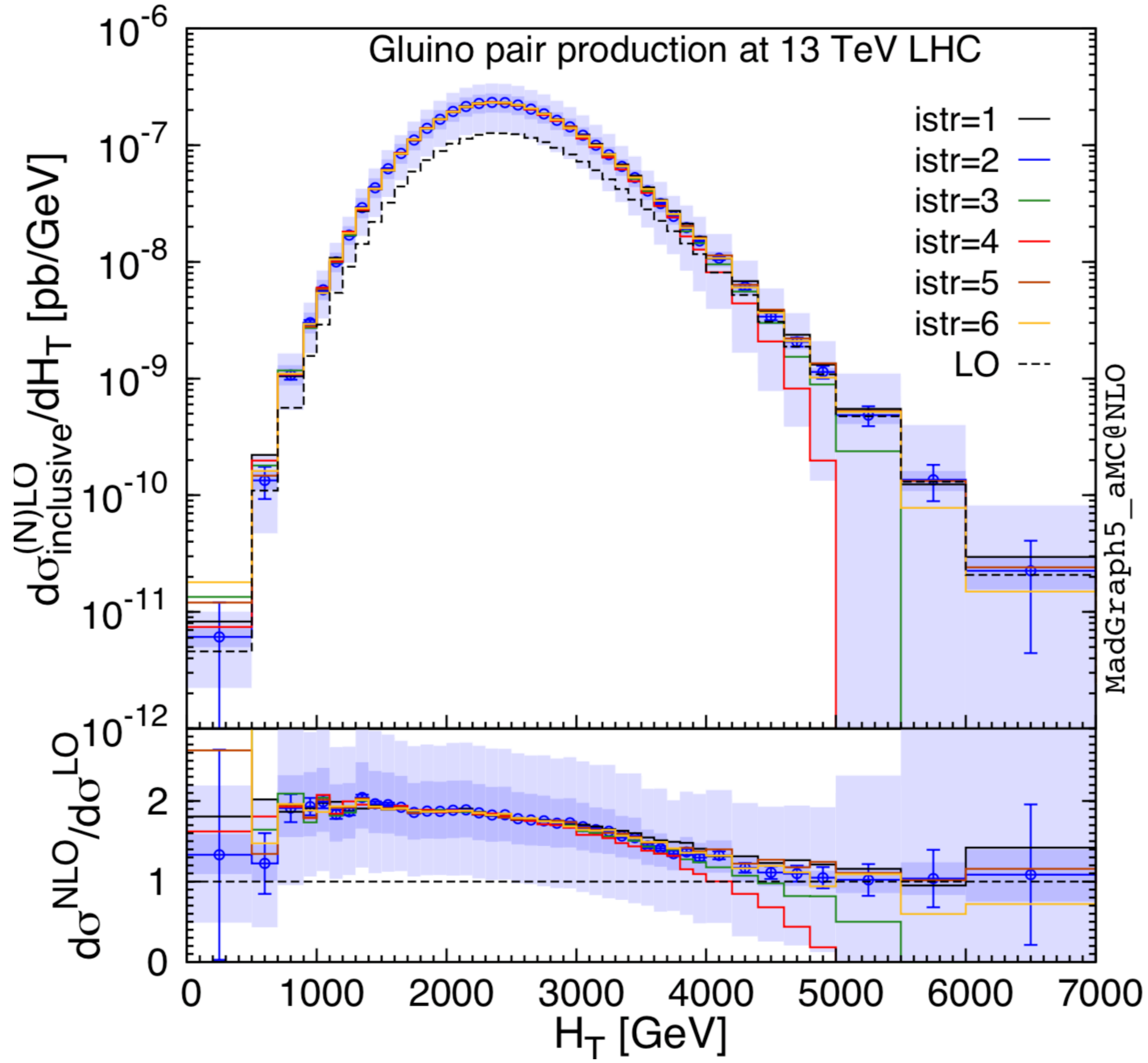
Treatment of the resonances: spectra

[Frixione, BF, Hirschi, Mawatari, Shao, Sunder & Zaro (1907.04898)]

H_T for squark pair production



H_T for gluino pair production



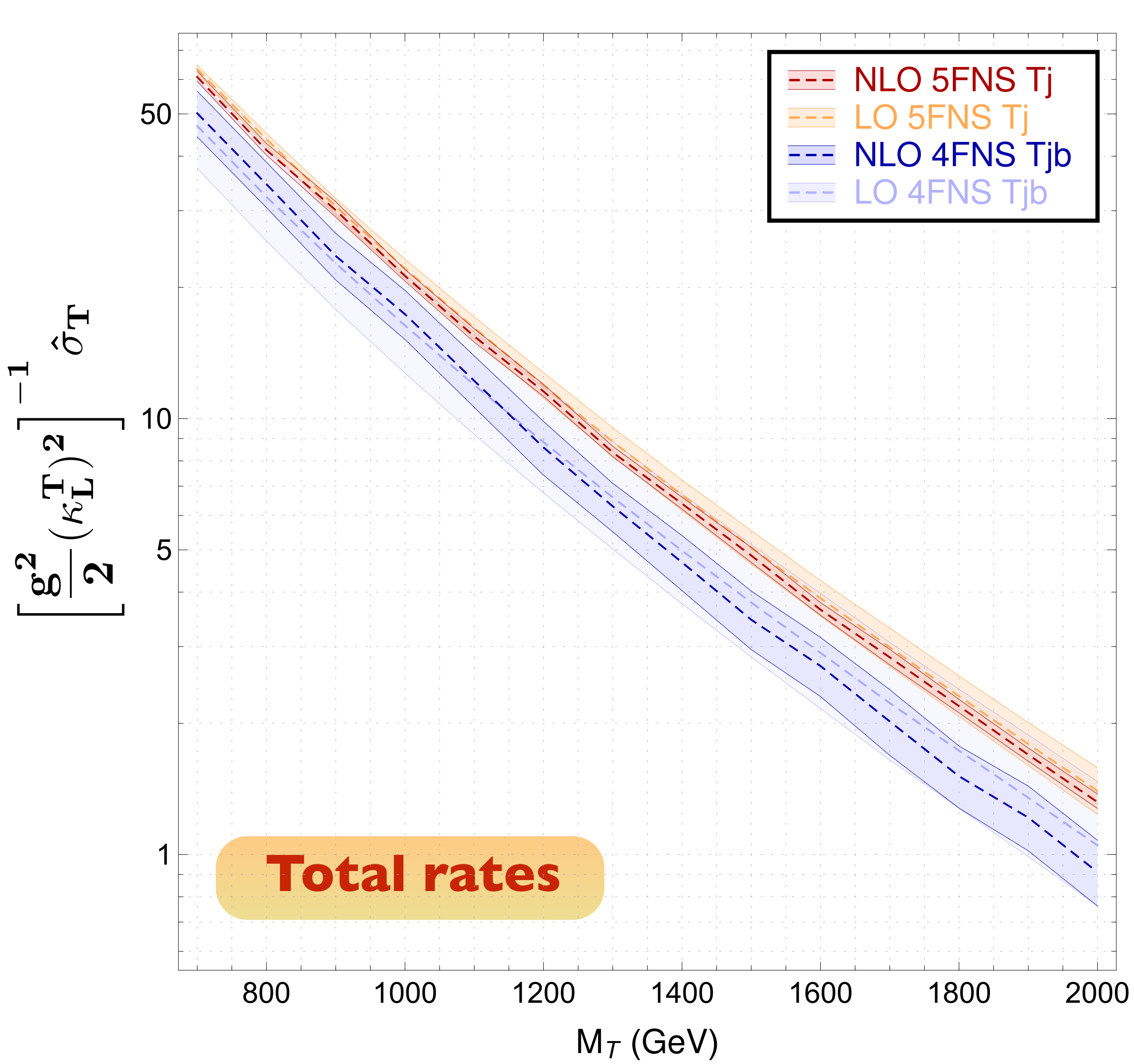
- Initial momenta reshuffled for some STR options (and some observables)
  - ★Large dependence related to the gluon PDF at large *x* → large TH uncertainties

3^{rd} generation VLQ @ NLO

Single VLQ production: third generation

[Cacciapaglia, Carvalho, Deandrea, Flacke, BF, Majumder, Panizzi & Shao (PLB`19)]

✦ Single VLQ production (top partner)

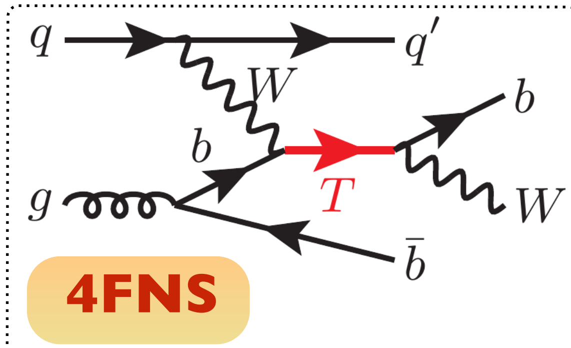


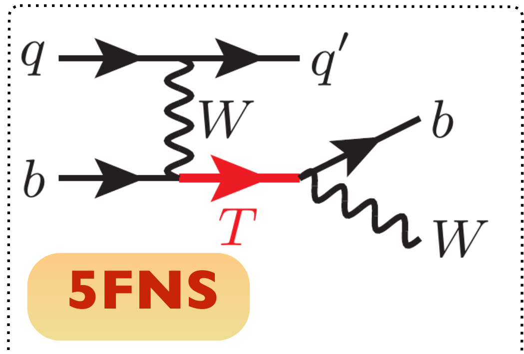
✦ Lagrangian and diagrams

✤ Production through W-couplings

$$\mathcal{L}_{\rm VLQ} = i\bar{T}\not{D}T - m_T\bar{T}T + \frac{\sqrt{2}g}{2}\,\kappa_L^T\left[\bar{T}\not{W}P_L q_d + \text{h.c.}\right]$$

✤ Diagrams



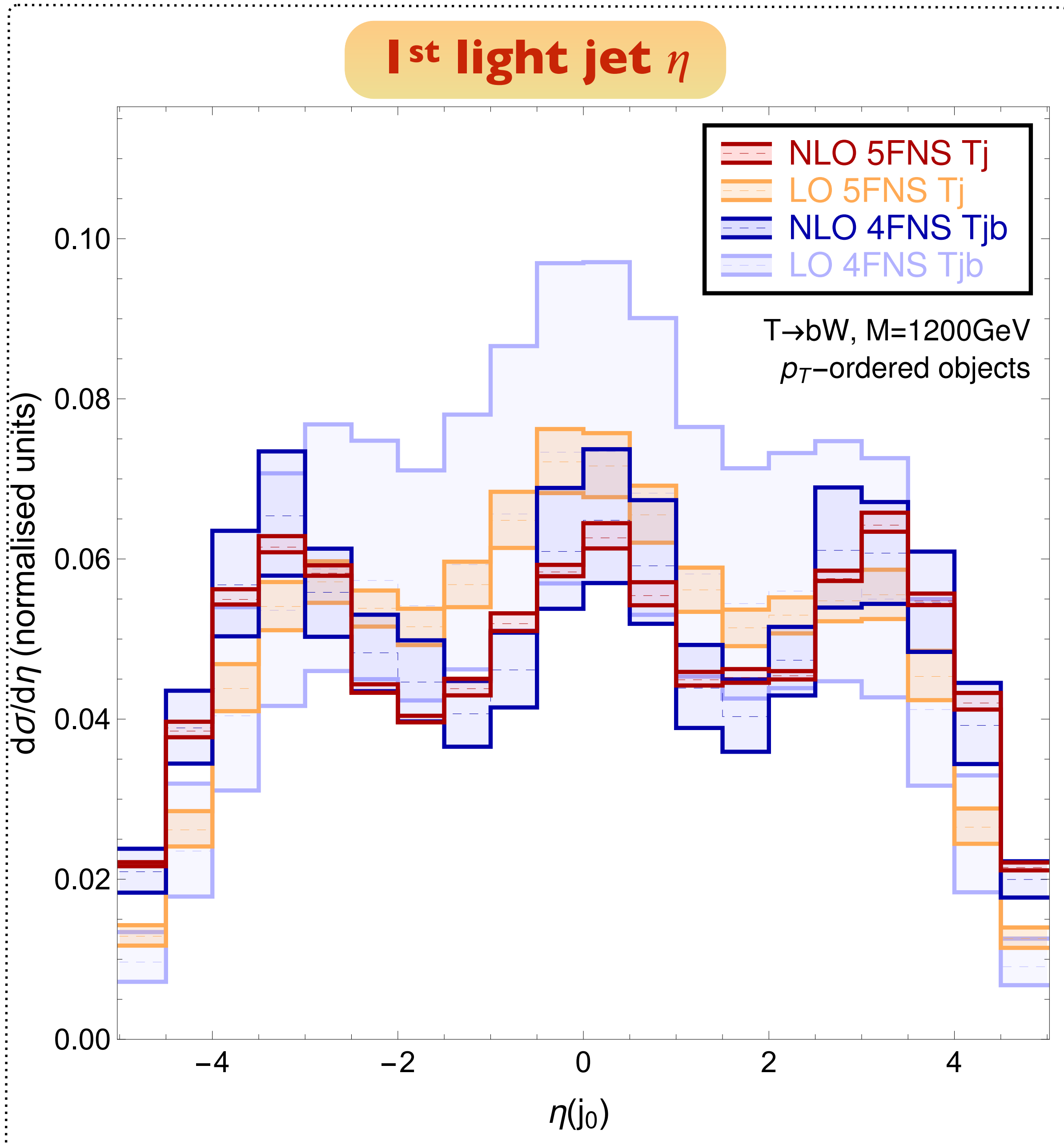


✦ Total rates at NLO (4 and 5 FNS)

- ✤ 5FNS: $K< 1$ (virtuals)
- ✤ 4FNS: $K = f(M_T)$
- ✤ Reduction of the uncertainties
- ✤ Log Q/m_b resummation (5FNS) (differences at NLO for large masses)

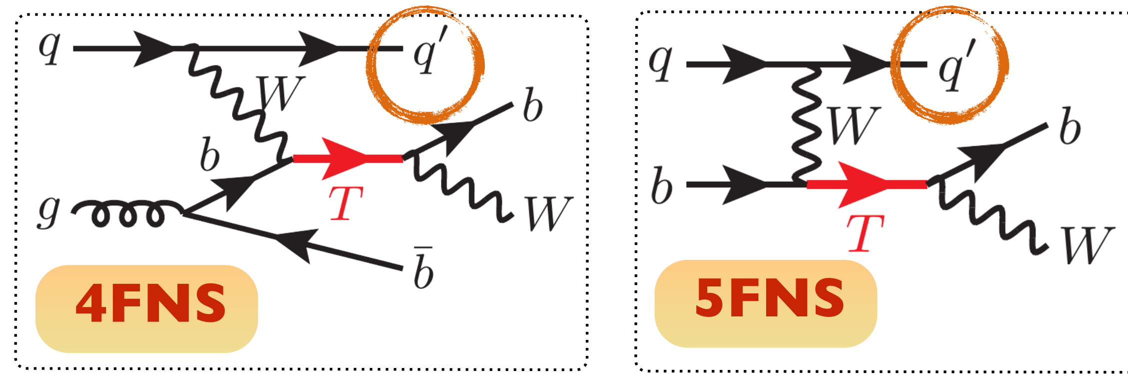
Leading jet pseudorapidity

[Cacciapaglia, Carvalho, Deandrea, Flacke, BF, Majumder, Panizzi & Shao (PLB`19)]



✤ Top-partner VLQ coupled to the W-boson

✤ The leading jet: key handle on the signal



✤ 4FNS/5FNS shape agreement @NLO

★ Forward jets crucial for signal selection

✤ NLO effects

★ Important distortion of the shapes

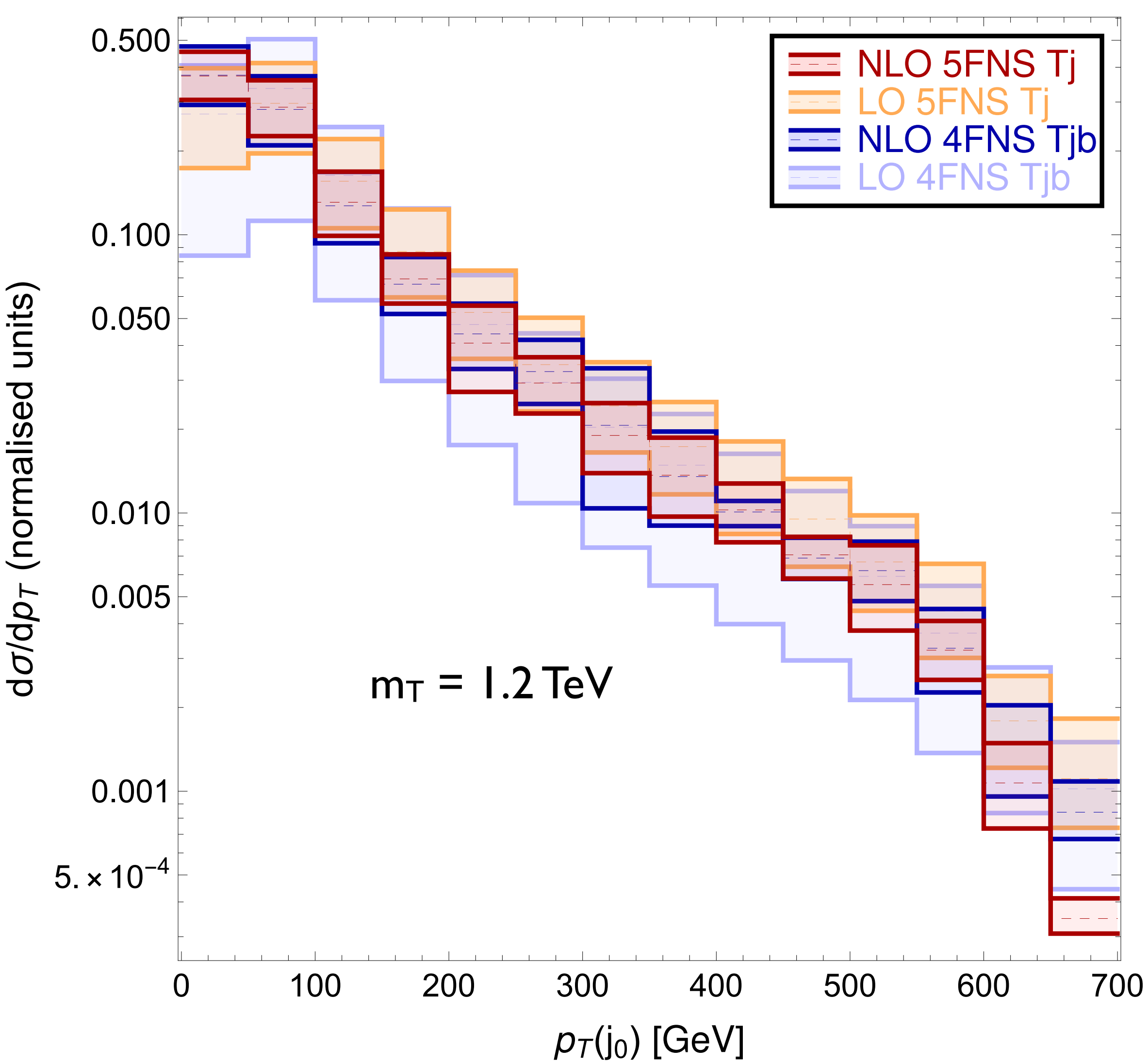
➢ K factors are NOT constant

★ Reduction of the uncertainties at NLO

Leading jet transverse momentum

[Cacciapaglia, Carvalho, Deandrea, Flacke, BF, Majumder, Panizzi & Shao (PLB`19)]

1st light jet p_T



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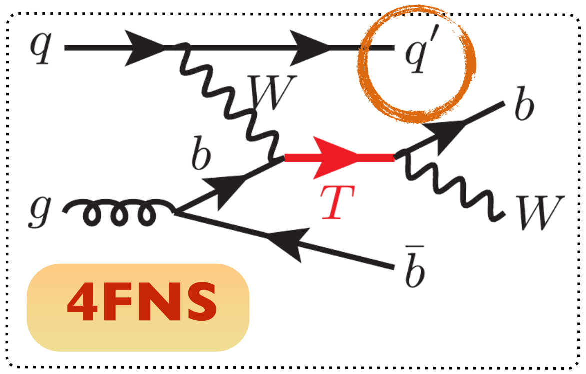
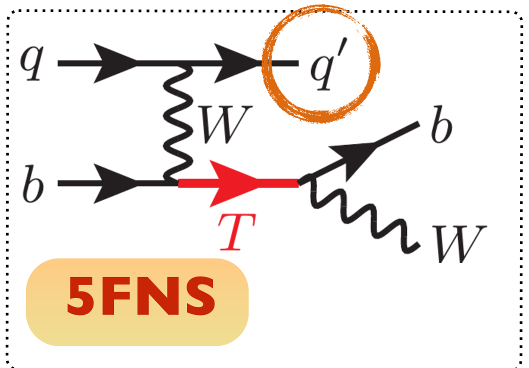




✤ NLO effects
- ★ Reduction of the uncertainties at NLO
- ★ Important distortion of the shapes

✤ 4FNS/5FNS: large differences at high p_T
- ★ A gg channel kicks in at NLO
  - → impact the tails

Impact on a search investigated…

Type II Seesaw & Charged Higgses @ NLO

Total rates for charged Higgs production

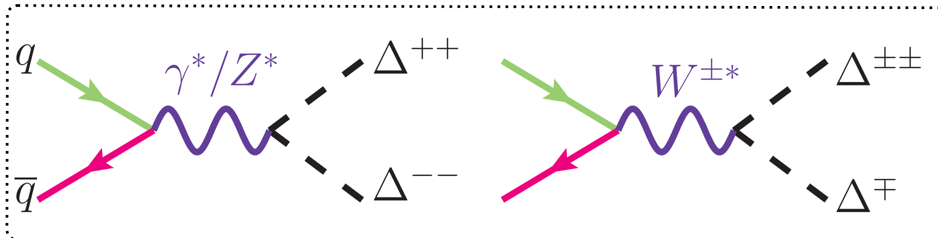
[BF, Nemevšek & Ruiz (to appear)]

✦ Theoretical framework

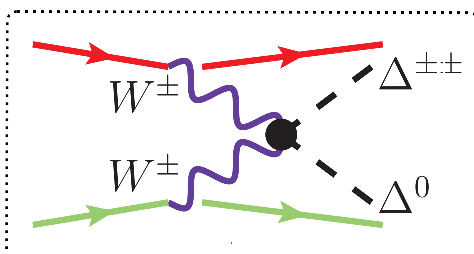
- ✤SM + Higgs triplet ($\Delta^{\pm\pm}$,$\Delta^{\pm}$,Δ^0)
- ✤Neutrino mass generation

$$\mathcal{L}_{Y_\Delta} = -\mathbf{Y}_\Delta \bar{L} \cdot \hat{\Delta} L + \text{H.c.}$$

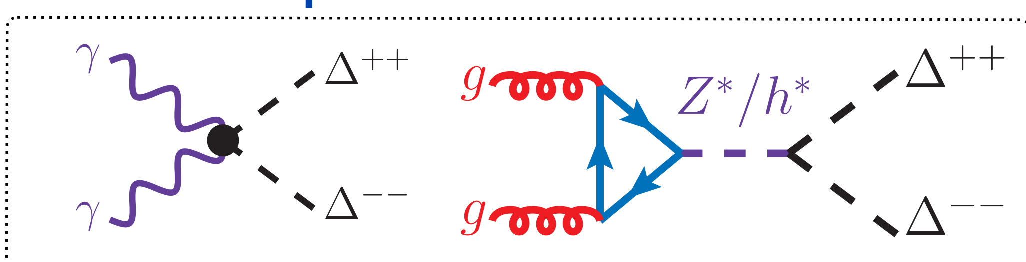
✦ Drell-Yan production (K~1.2)

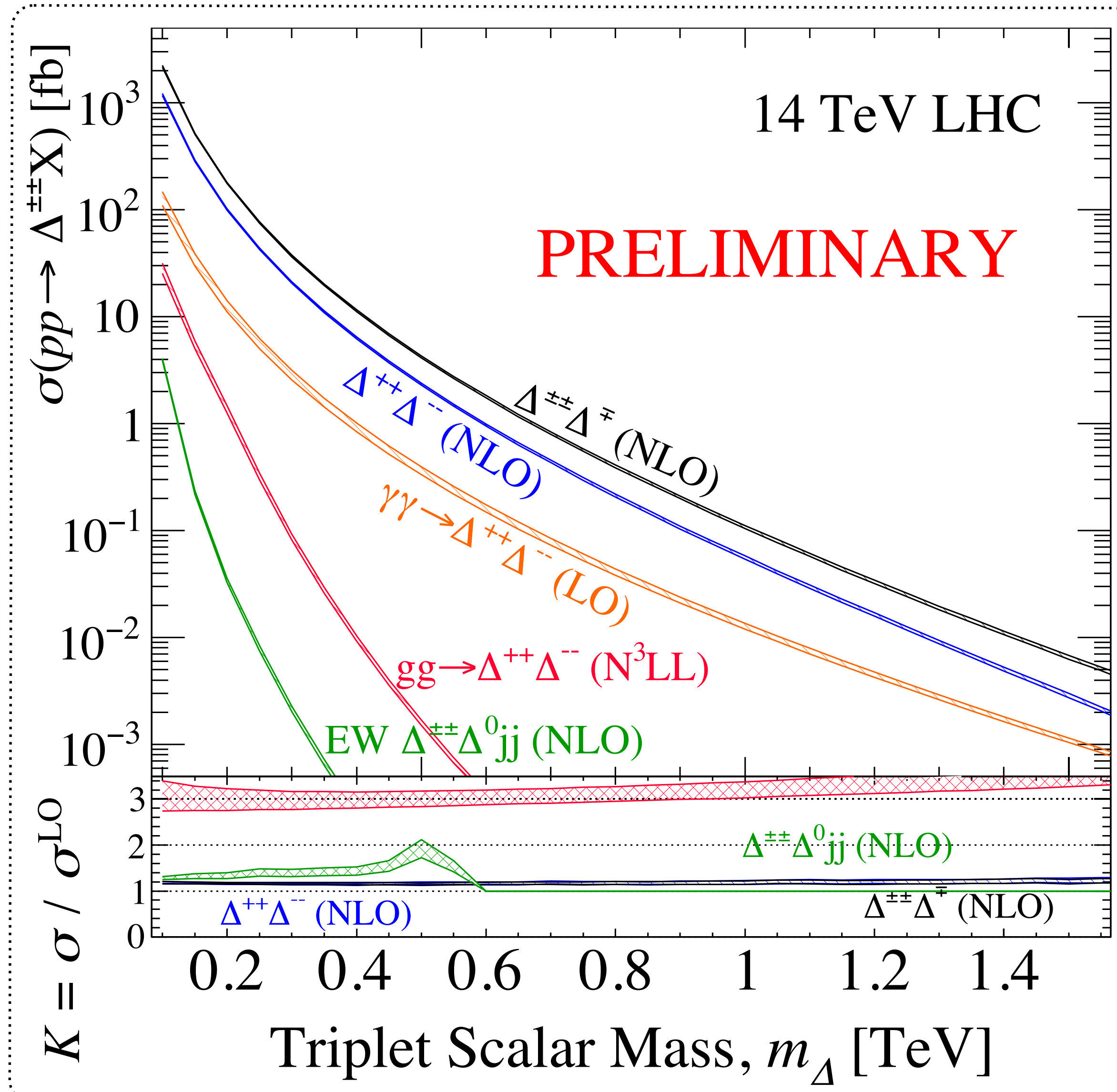


✦ VBF production (K~1)



✦ Gluon/photon fusion





Summary

Summary

✦ NLO-QCD simulations for new physics are easy to handle

- ✤ In particular via a joint use of FEYNRULES and MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO
- ✤ Many models are publicly available
  - ★ Supersymmetric (simplified or not) models
  - ★ BSM Higgs models
  - ★ Dark matter simplified models
  - ★ Higgs and top effective field theories
  - ★ Vector-like quark models
  - ★ Extra gauge bosons
  - ★ Neutrino mass models

[http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be/wiki/NLOModels]

✦ Impact

- ✤ NLO effects are important and should be accounted for
- ✤ Shape distortion, large K-factors
- ✤ Uncertainties under better control
- ✤ More robust predictions