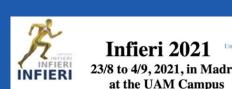
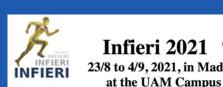
IS FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH ESSENTIAL?



WHY FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH IS ESSENTIAL.



Awareness about Fundamental Research

A quite recurrent question repeatedly surveyed...

Questioning People in the streets, at Schools and even at Universities will give you the same feedback...

Fundamental Research is not very well understood!

1st Statement: National, EU Authorities and Managers from Public and Private Sectors are amongst population, those who show the highest level of awareness and understanding about the role of Fundamental Research!





What is Fundamental Research?



What is Fundamental Research?

"Basic research, also called pure research or fundamental research, is a type of scientific research with the aim of improving scientific theories for better understanding and prediction of natural or other phenomena. In contrast, applied research uses scientific theories to develop technology or techniques which can be used to intervene and alter natural or other phenomena... Basic research often fuels the technological innovations of applied science." [source: Wikipedia]

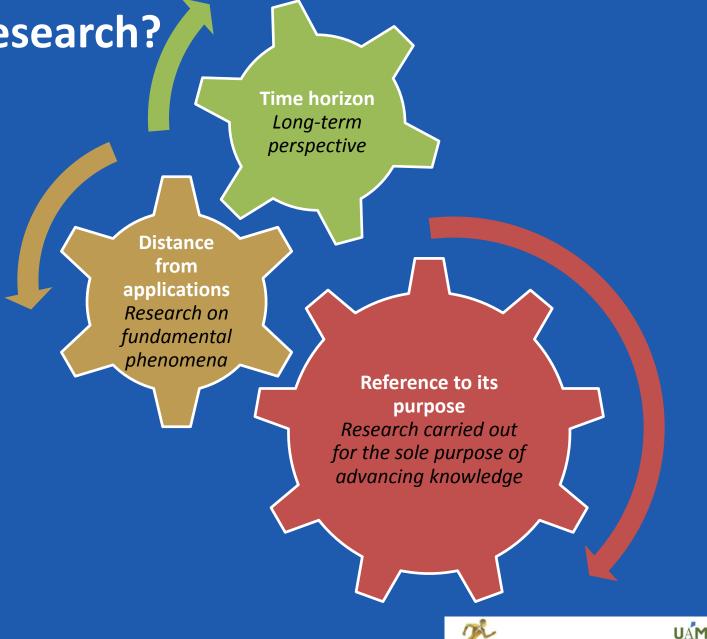
"...it remains the type of research, and particularly the *intent and freedom to publish*, that identifies 'fundamental research...'; includes Basic and applied research in science and engineering, excluding proprietary research or industrial development, design, production, or product utilization"; "The resulting information is ordinarily published and shared broadly within the scientific community". [source: MIT]





What is Fundamental Research?

Three pinions that make some consensus to describe
Fundamental Research





Humm... still, what is Fundamental Research?

The vision of President Roosevelt's Science Adviser, Vannevar Bush, creator of the National Science Foundation (NSF), declared in his famous 1945 report "Science: the Endless Frontier": "To a great extent, scientific progress is the result of the free play of free minds working on subjects of their choice, in a manner determined by their curiosity to explore the unknown".

Gradually, in the name of the importance of research for industrial competitiveness and its role in meeting social needs, this emphasis, and with it public funding, has shifted to applied research and technological and industrial development.

2nd Statement: Today, the general value of the advancement of knowledge, and the importance of Fundamental Research for economic and social development, tend to be again fully recognized.





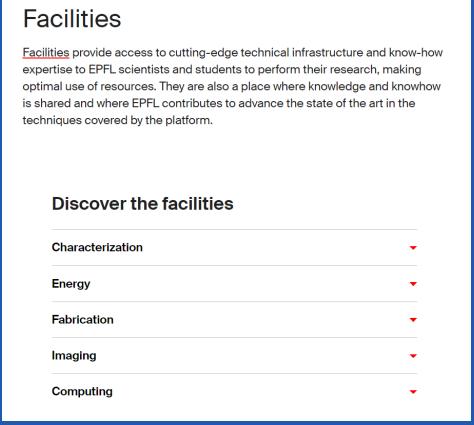
A paradox of Fundamental Research?



A Cultural on-going (re)evolution... in Academia

"Traditional" academic domains tend to be replaced by inter-disciplinary approaches: Example of the EPFL in Lausanne (CH)...

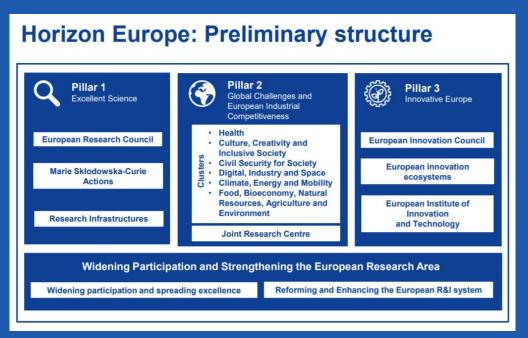
Centers Centers create networks, collaborations and synergies between researchers and students around state-of-the-art scientific subjects. They build bridges between researchers at EPFL and other academic institutions, foster innovation and contribute to advance and share knowledge on specific themes within and beyond the academic world. Discover the centers **Environment Imaging** Fundamental sciences Health sciences and technologies Science, culture and society Digital systems

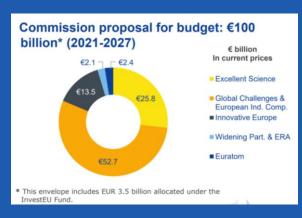




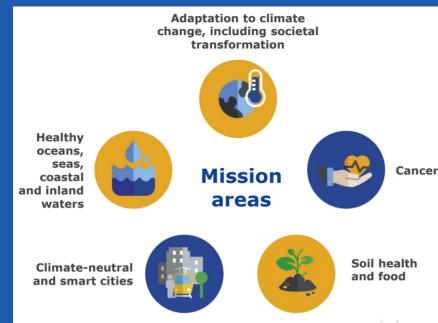
Empowered by the EU Horizon Europe program

... and we will have all to spend time to find possible branches ("Parents") to enhance prospects for financing.











Infieri 2021

Optimal balance between basic and applied research?

- Who could have predicted that Professors Andre Geim and Kostya Novosolev from the University of Manchester would discover graphene while using scotchtape to remove flakes from a slab of graphite?
 - Graphene is the thinnest, lightest and strongest material known to date and can take any shape.
 Today, <u>laboratories around the world are exploring its enormous potential</u>.
- 'We should not forget that basic science and applied science are two sides of the same coin,' recalls the UNESCO Science Report.
 - Most OECD countries still strongly committed to basic research
 - Basic research helps to adapt to a rapidly evolving market
 - Crises have made governments rethink their priorities
 - Science powers commerce but not only
 - Many emerging economies augmenting support for basic research

[UNESCO Science Report: towards 2030]





An "obsolete" 2-D classification

3rd Statement: what's yours?

Basic Research	Applied Research	
Expands current knowledge	Solves particular life problems	
Theoretical and exp <mark>loratory in nature</mark>	Practical and descriptive in nature	
Wider scope	More specific scope	
Less associated with technology	Associated with the advancement of technology	
Predicts future phenomena	Creates solutions or preventions for future problems	
Curiosity-driven	Client-driven	
Does not have direct commercial objectives	Has direct commercial objectives	
Less connected with economy	Highly connected with economical pursuits	
Less often appear in acad <mark>emic</mark> publications	More often appear in academic publications	
Takes place in sterile environment	Occurs in real world settings D3 Difference Between net	

[Source: Gene Brown, Difference Between Basic Research and Applied Research]

23/8 to 4/9, 2021, in Madrid





Funding: one of the missions of Public Authorities

- Support for Fundamental Research is traditionally considered one of the missions of the Public Authorities.
 - > The positive perception of Fundamental Research is more and more widely recognised and supported.
 - The impact, <u>indirect but indisputable</u>, of fundamental research on the economic competence, growth and, more generally, well-being.
- The increasing cost of Fundamental Research, due in particular to that of necessary instruments, equipment and infrastructure, even that of complexity of the problems it deals with, which increasingly calls for often interdisciplinary approaches.
 - Cost that the private sector is little inclined to take charge, due to the very <u>indirect nature of the</u> <u>expected financial return</u>;
- The "public good" value of knowledge, which implies ensuring that knowledge, as a principle, free access, more easily guaranteed in the case of a public funding.
 - For reasons which, it <u>appears necessary to provide this support to Fundamental Research</u>.

[Source: Report to EU Parliament]





Fundamental Research in few numbers...

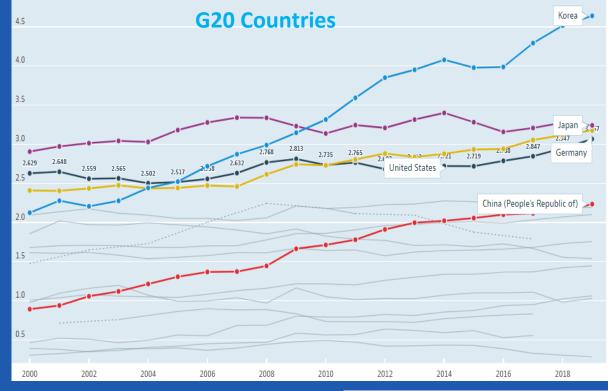


Fundamental Research in % of GDP



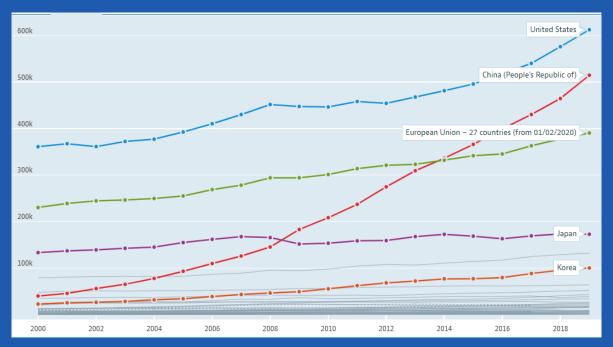
More than absolute numbers, the trend talk by themselves

[Source: OECD]





Fundamental Research in Millions US dollars



Going for a European common effort seams the way to foster common efforts and ensure competiveness.

[Source: OECD]



Fundamental Research in number of Researchers

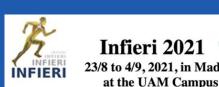
per 1,000 employed in the Public Sector



4th Statement: complex indicators... Difficult to judge without entering in details.



Societal impacts of Fundamental Research?



Impact of Science in the last Century

Almost every modern invention has one or often many fundamental discoveries that make it possible.

The discovery of the structure of DNA shifted our perspectives

Universe began with a Big Bang from a single point



Space exploration have made us more inquisitive about the great unknown



Impact of Science in the last Century

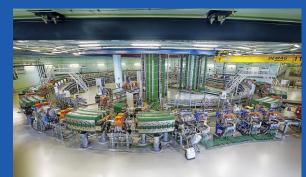
 GPS depends on correcting the time from satellites using both the special and general theories of relativity



 Smartphones, tablets, computers depend on many fundamental discoveries. Its CPU depends on integrated and densified chips made up of transistors, whose discovery depended on an understanding of quantum mechanics



 Applying particle accelerator and detector's technologies to human tissues was beneficial to the proton and ion-therapies, use of radio-isotopes for imagery or combined imagery-therapy





Most recent example of MediPix 3

 Closing the loop- accelerating discoveries at edges of Fundamental and Applied research...

First European hospital receives 3D colour X-ray scanner using CERN technology

MARS Bioimaging's 3D colour X-ray scanner has arrived in Europe for clinical trials that will lead to medical use of a CERN technology

26 AUGUST, 2021 | By Antoine Le Gall



MARS Bioimaging scanner at Lausanne University Hospital (CHUV). (Image: CHUV)

Since 2008, CERN and the New Zealand company MARS Bioimaging have teamed up to develop a 3D colour X-ray scanner based on the Medipix3 technology, developed by the Medipix3 collaboration. Inspired by particle physics detectors, Medipix3 and Timepix3 chips are now used for medical applications, in space and for art authentication.

...

"Trials of this technology in a Swiss hospital clearly demonstrate the pathway from experiments performed in a physics research laboratory to making a difference to patient healthcare," adds Professor Anthony Butler, President of MARS Bioimaging.

...

[Source: CERN weekly]





Socioeconomic impact of fundamental Research: CERN LHC

Education and Training

The contribution to human and social capital accumulation is one of the most important socioeconomic benefits of Fundamental Research, especially for early-career researchers.

Findings show that an experience-based learning process at CERN is instrumental in developing skills and reveal an expected salary premium between 5% and 11%, on average 150 000 EUR cumulative salary increase per student throughout his/her career (hypothesis 30 years career).

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/FCC/ImpactSustainability

> Industrial spillovers

- In the LHC, 4204 companies from 47 countries had 33,414 contracts.
- Resulting in higher profitability, the utility sales ratio of CERN is around 3!

[Courtesy: Irene Crespo, CERN]

> Yearly economic value generation

— ~>83 MCHF spent by 83,000 Visitors!

	Spending	Time value
Groups	53.2 MChf	11.8 MChf (24h)
Individuals	17.6 MChf	1.5 MChf (5h)
Per year	70.8 MChf	13.3 MChf
Total	ca. 84 MChf / year	





Socioeconomic impact of fundamental Research: CERN LHC



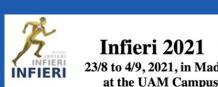
Taxpayers (science as public good): 21%



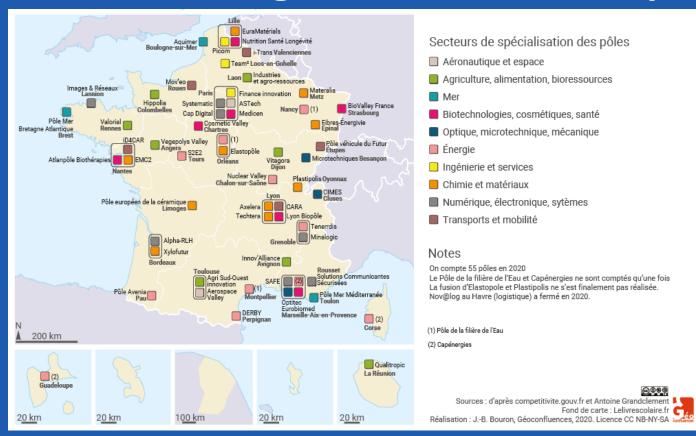




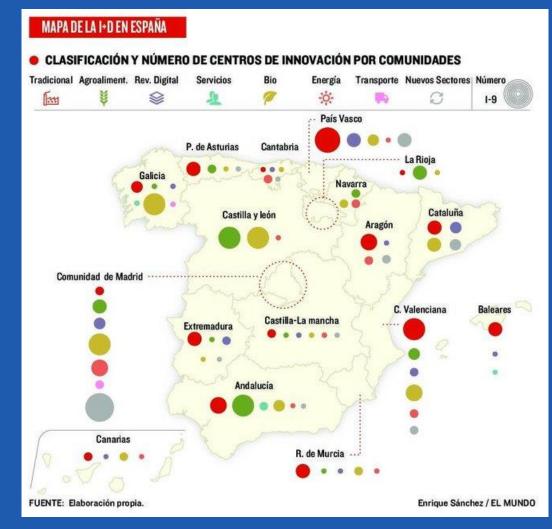
The strength of Fundamental Research and Academia



An amazing Vector for development of Territories!



5th Statement: All Territories show proudness of their Research capacities



Infieri 2021

Diplomacy of Science

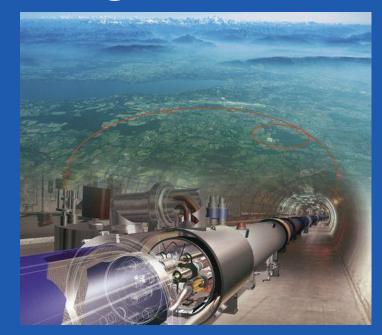
Became strategic during the last decade...

"the use and application of science cooperation to help build bridges and enhance relationships between and amongst societies, with a particular interest in working in areas where there might not be other mechanisms for engagement at an official level", said Vaughan Turekian, then-director of AAAS's Center for Science Diplomacy

- Universal Values of Science can transform international relations
- > Scientific collaborations are the preferred means to transform international relations
- Diplomacy of Science open the path to discuss more delicate global challenges
- A way for countries to exercise their own *soft power* and in some case impose the co-petion model



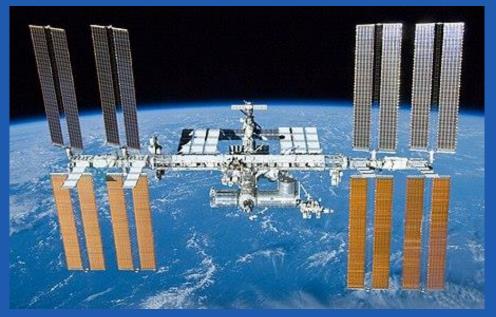
Large Scientific Research Infrastructures... flagships of Diplomacy of Science



European Organization for Nuclear Research CERN

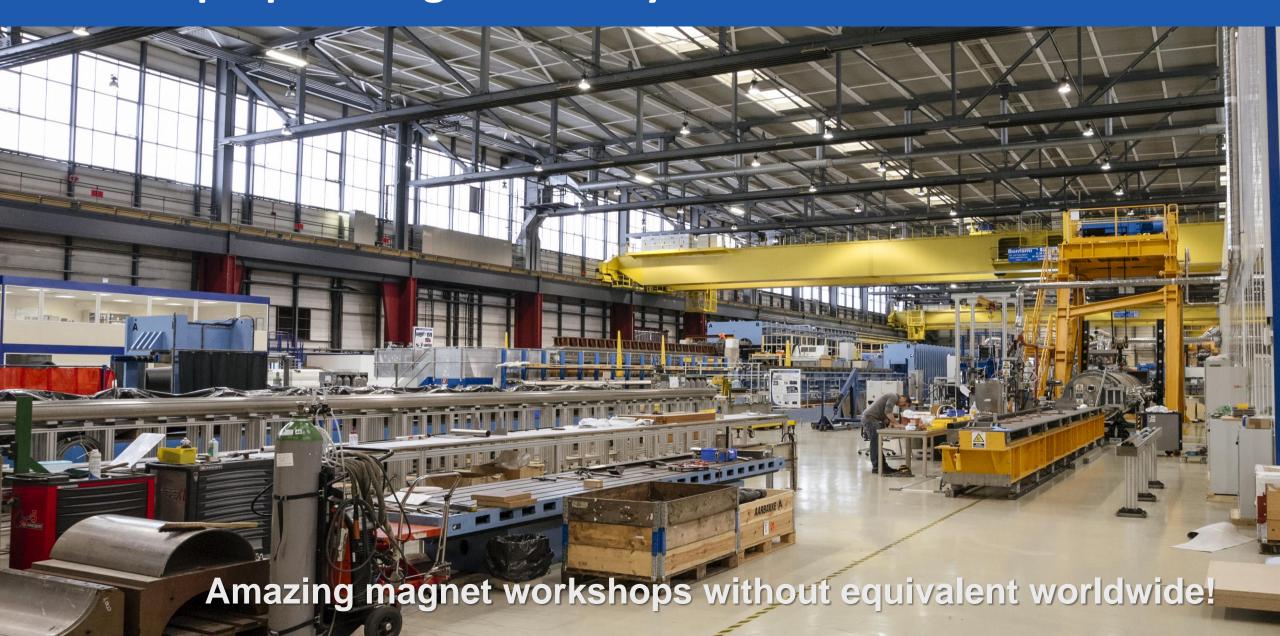
International
Thermonuclear
Experimental Reactor
ITER





International Space Station ISS

Multi-purpose large assembly infrastructures Large magnet factory @CERN



Multi-purpose large assembly infrastructures Large magnet factory @CERN



INFIERI 2021

4th September 2021

Continuity of large technical infrastructures Surface treatment plant @CERN

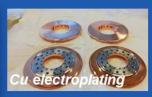












Servicing Scientific Labs beyond CERN's areas of activities

Continuity of large technical infrastructures complex mechanical assemblies





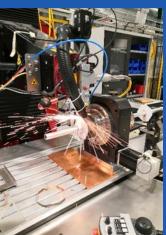












Often providing know-how and technology transfers to Industries

Preserving know-how and ensuring transfer to Industry

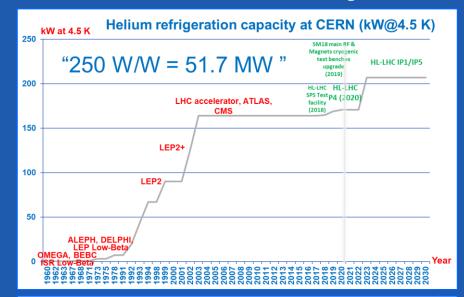
Worldwide recognised Expertise for cryogenic systems (accelerators and detectors) more specifically in design and operation of large cryogenic systems for LHe and LAr

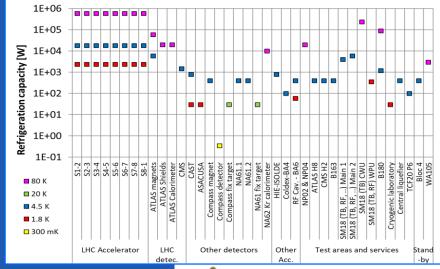
- LHC with 150 T of LHe makes CERN the largest cryogenic inventory operating with 38 CryoPlants!
- LAr unique expertise developed for LHC Detectors and consolidated for Neutrino platform in particular and gas purification

At CERN, 1700 t of liquid argon procured achieving a liquid argon purity better than 100ppt O₂ equivalent

At Fermilab, proximity cryogenics from CERN: former ICARUS detector (600 m³ of liquid argon) to be installed as far detector of the short baseline and the near detector of the short baseline neutrino program (300 m³ of liquid argon)





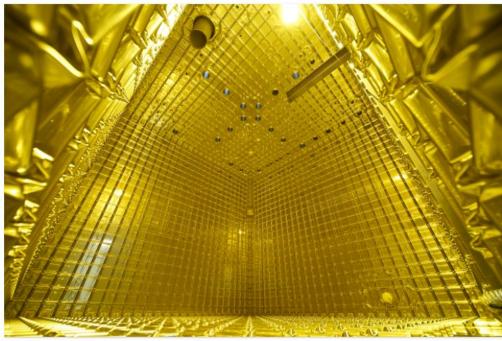


Fostering transnational contributions

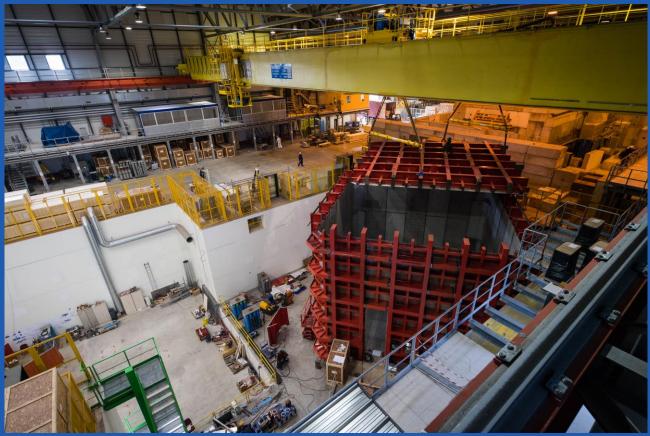
CERN to provide second DUNE cryostat

The Laboratory deepens its collaboration with the US-based neutrino experiment with the provision of two enormous stainless-steel vessels for DUNE's cutting-edge liquidargon detectors

18 AOÛT, 2021 | Par Mark Rayner



Prototyping including all fundamental Argon cryogenic aspects of fluid dynamic and equilibrium between phases



Preserving know-how and ensuring transfer to Industry

Cryogenic equipment with field instrumentation & cables



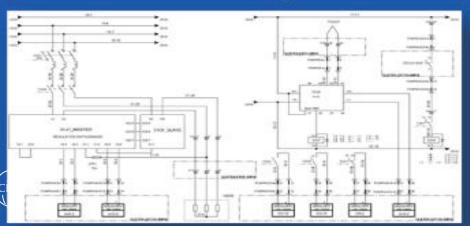
Electrical Interfaces



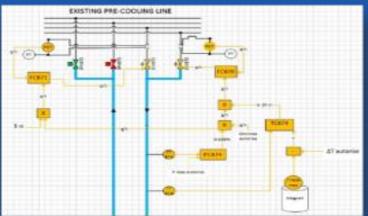
Control Racks



Electrical design



Advanced control logic

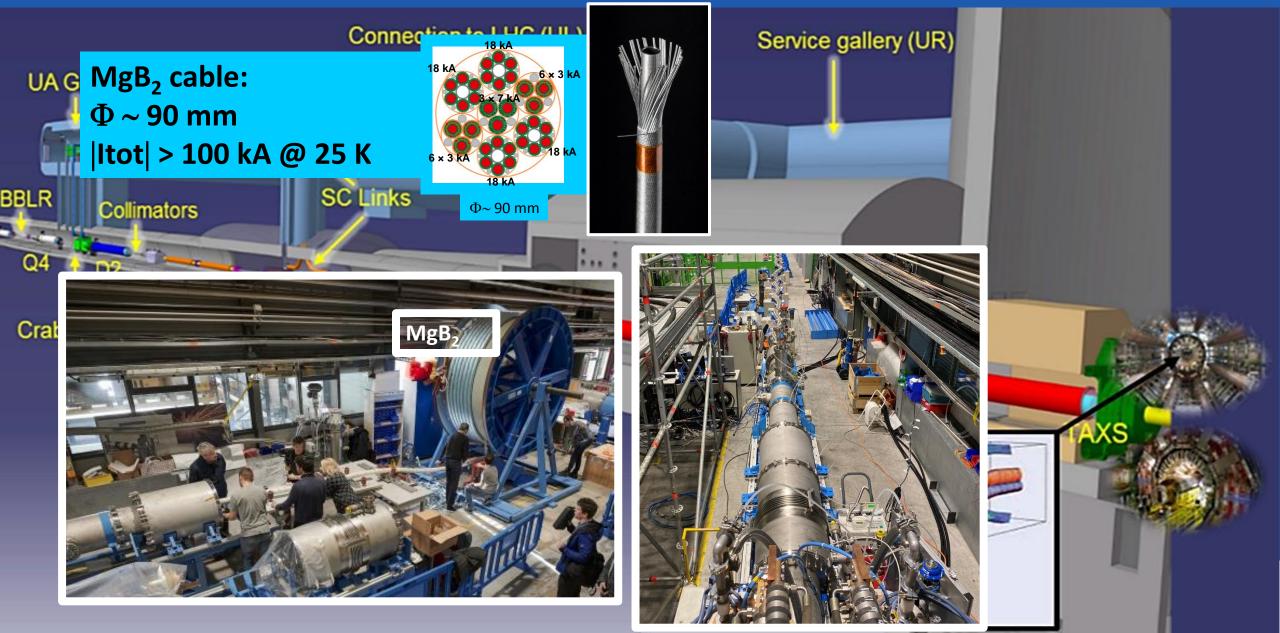


SCADA synoptic



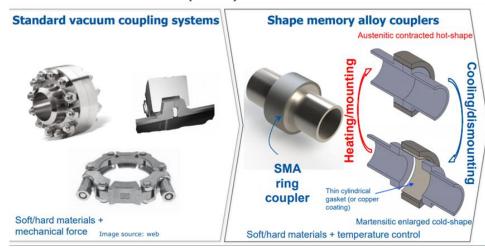
at the UAM Campus

Promoting frontline concept towards pre-industrialisation



Promoting frontline concept towards pre-industrialisation

New UHV connectors (SMA)



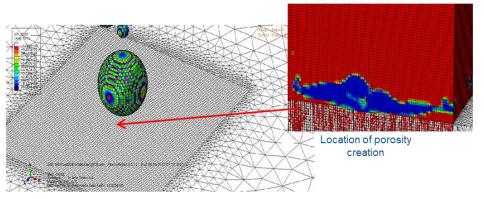
UHV connectors based on shape memory alloy



SMA connectors (up to DN100) suitable also for bimetallic junction

Cold spray manufacturing

Cold spray as additive manufacturing for UHV applications

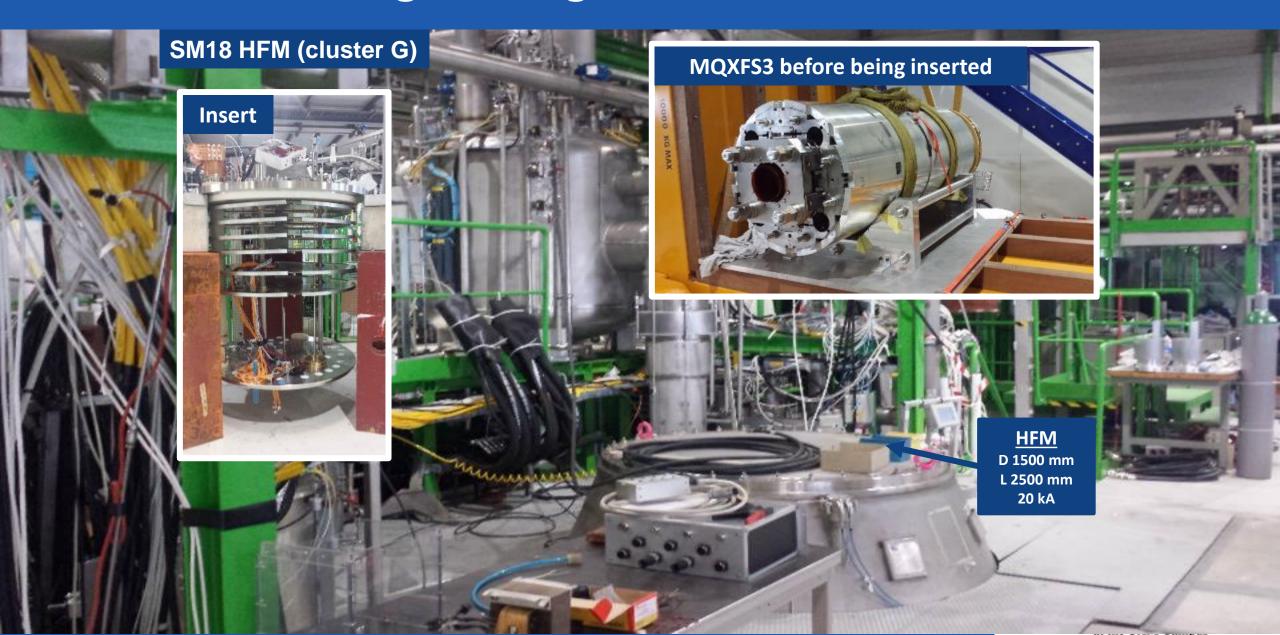


Simulation of cold spray process and creation of porosities (S. Weiller, Mines ParisTech

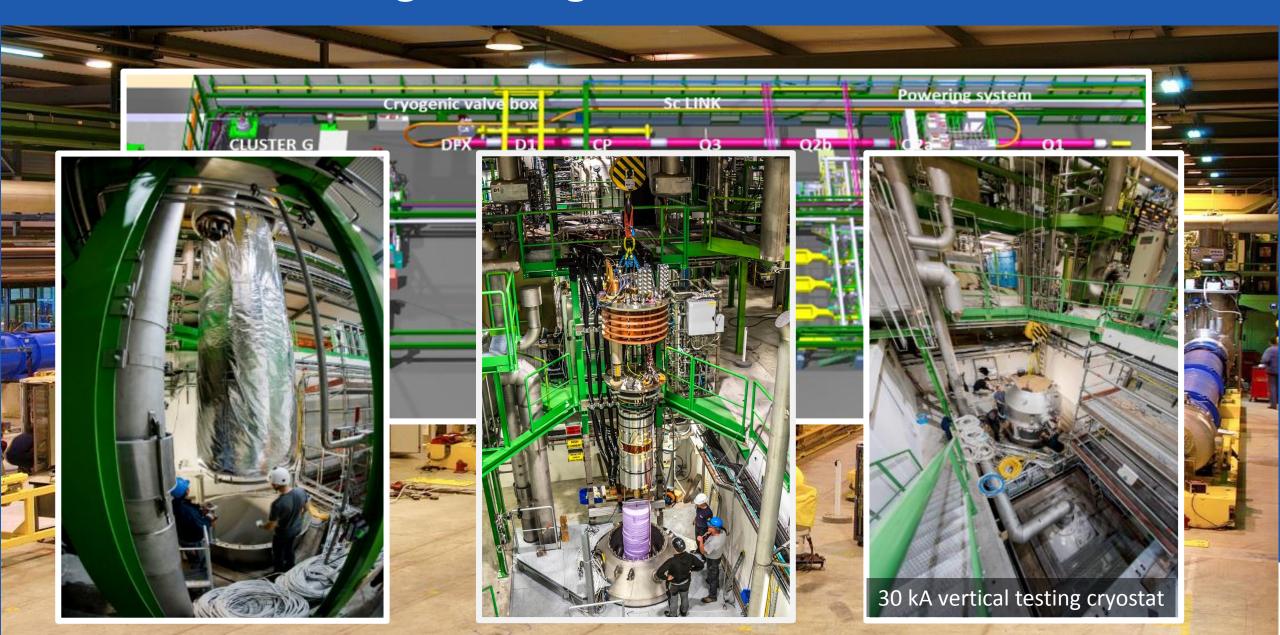


Integrated radiation-hard heating track

Excellence of large testing infrastructures



Excellence of large testing infrastructures

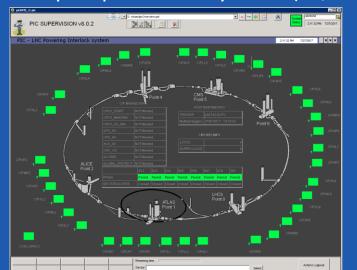


Creating synergies: Powering, Energy Savings & Electronics



Powering with integrated energy saving

Fast expert protection systems (kV/kA)



Developments with high impact on other Large Scientific Instruments used for Fundamental Research





Electric stacks for fast pulse powering,



High current breakers (ms/kA)





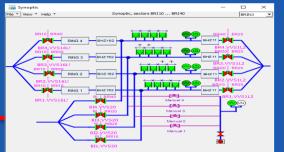
The virtual circle of Research... Beam-vacuum R&D

HL-LHC triplet BS

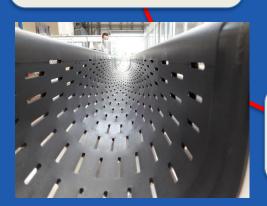


FCC-hh meas. at KARA

Operation Maintenance Consolidation



Services for HEP community



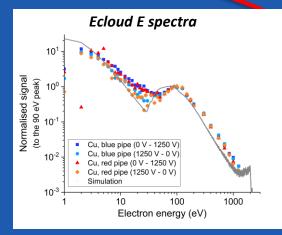
1E21

1E20

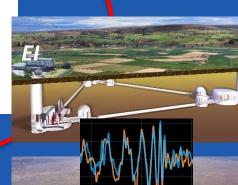
Dose (ph/m)

1E22

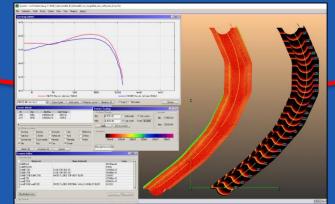
Beam Vacuum



HL-LHC Project



Studies



Collaborations

NEG coated TDI mask

INFIERI 2021



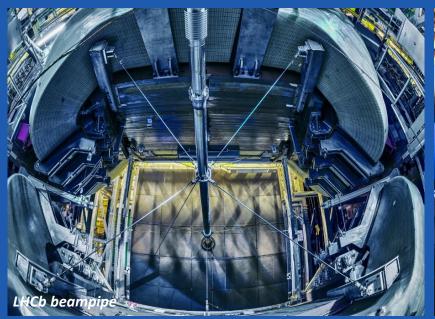
Why Fundamental Research is essential. 4th September 2021



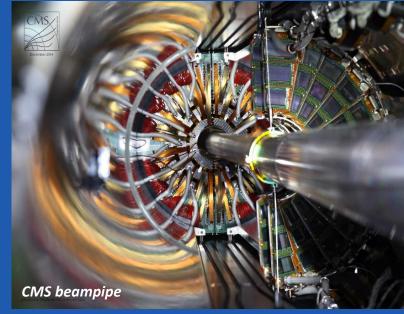


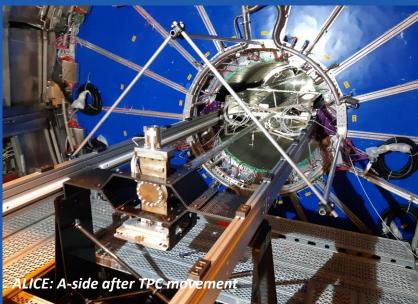
Infieri 2021

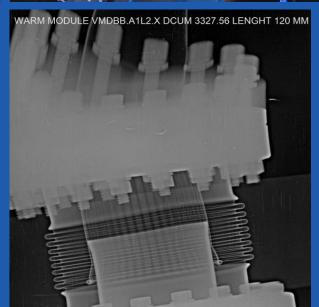
...benefiting the primary Fundamental Research objectives!





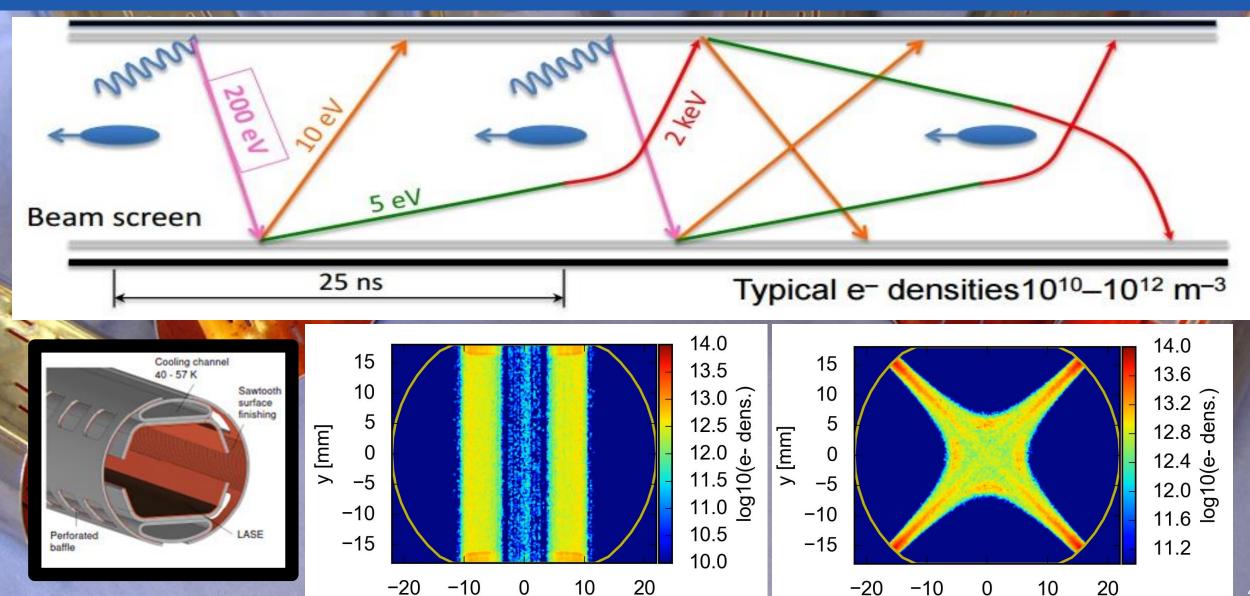








The virtual circle of Research... electron cloud induced beam instabilities



x [mm]

x [mm]

...benefiting the primary Fundamental Research objectives!

- Significant academic efforts with Academia to understand the mechanisms behind this electron avalanche...
- More efforts to predict and quantify the effects on the beams.
- Fundamental research studies on surfaces to identify mitigations mechanisms...
- Multidisciplinary research to find mitigation solutions...
- ...and huge beam time to validate each steps.
- Positive impact on all other accelerator facilities including synchrotron radiation facilities...
- Significant improvement in brightness and beam stability which enhances performances of all concerned accelerators.





Keeping the Dreams alive...

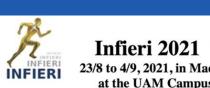
6th Statement:

"Looking at it through the prism of a Scientist, our Humanity has stimulated a special curiosity for the unknown and what looks imperfect, forcing us to constantly push the frontier of knowledge, looking for breakthroughs...

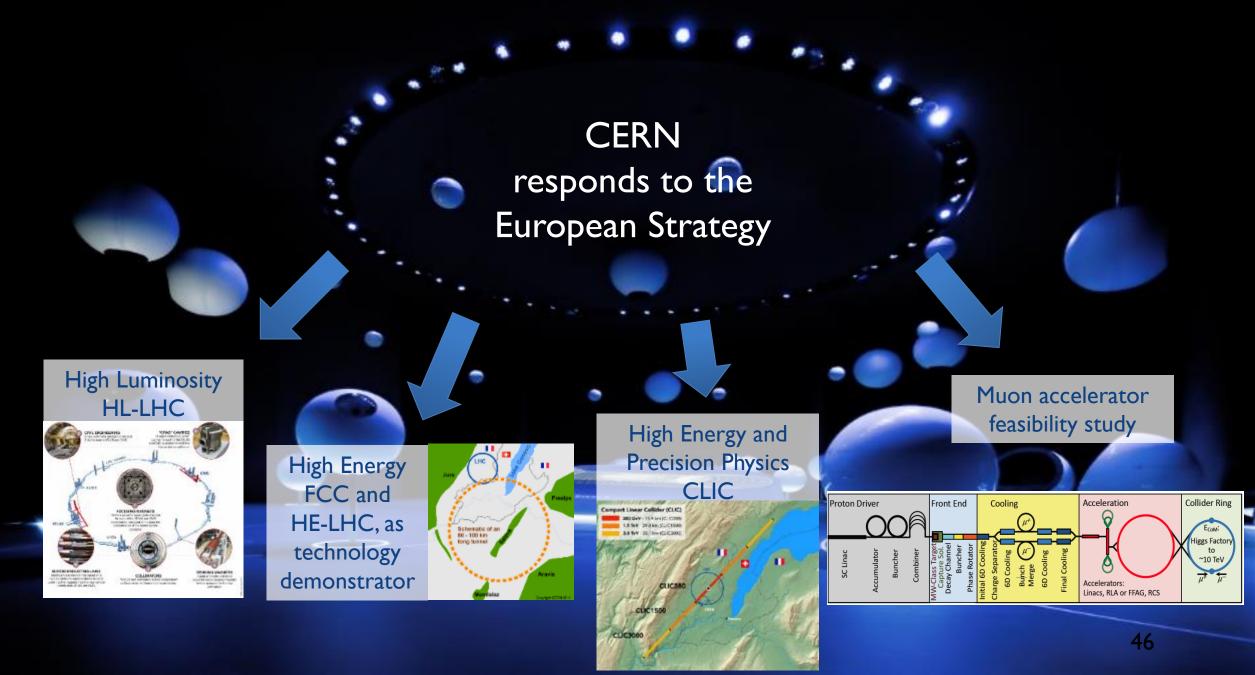
Convinced that some of them (if not all) will, at the appropriate moment of our civilisation, have a direct or indirect impact on Society...

Improving our preparedness for our well-known challenges ... and for the unknown to come.

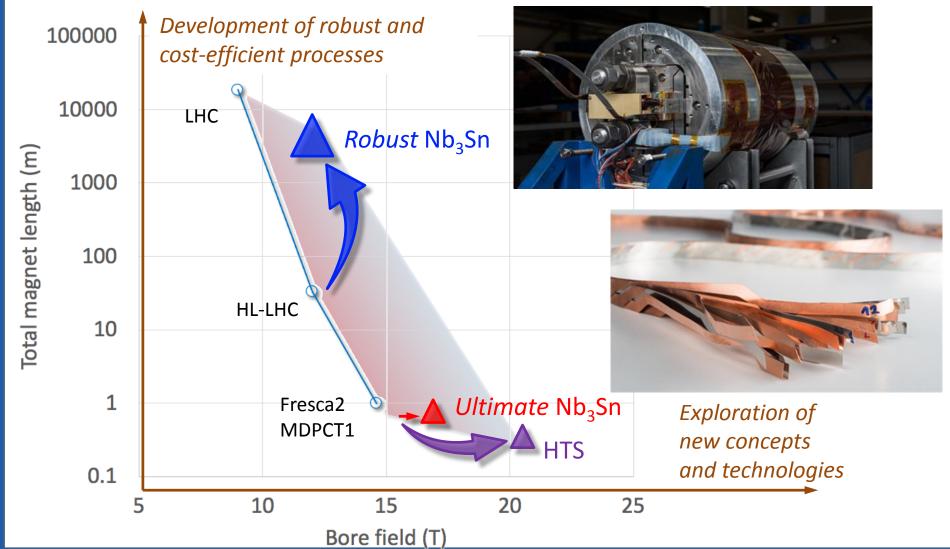
But none of us can escape from its obligation to communicate the potential impact of its Fundamental Research to the Public and Science Authorities."



Futures Accelerators: 4 vectors of R&D?



High Field Magnets: an inter-disciplinary challenge!

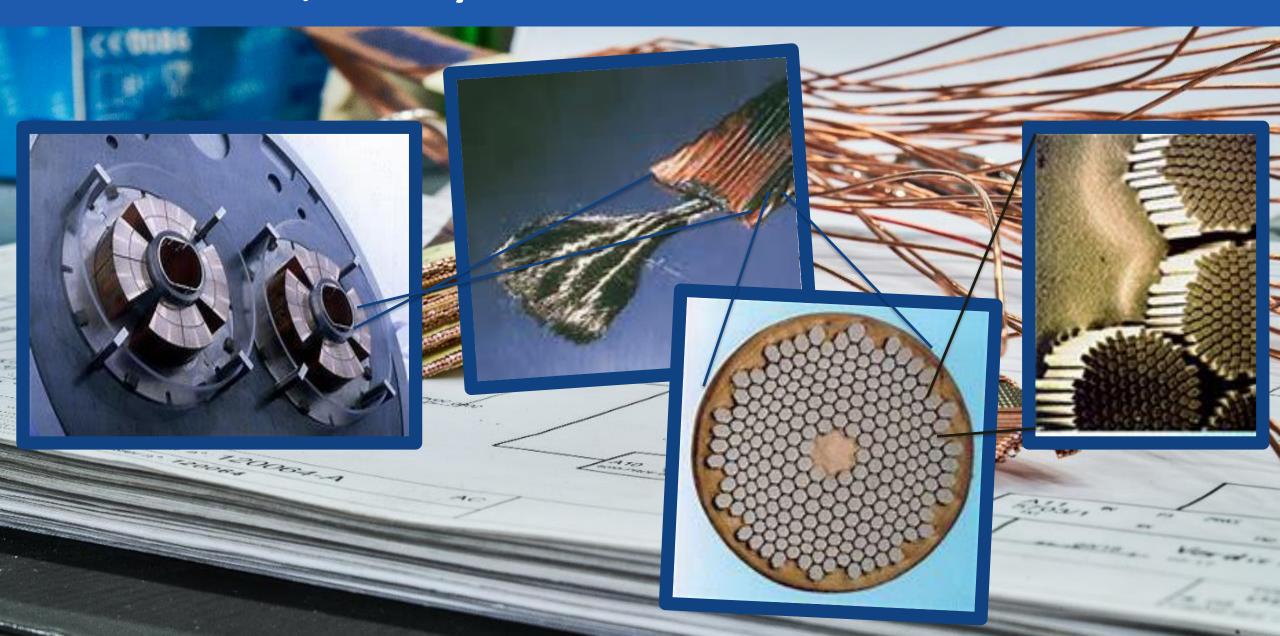


[Courtesy: L. Bottura, CERN]

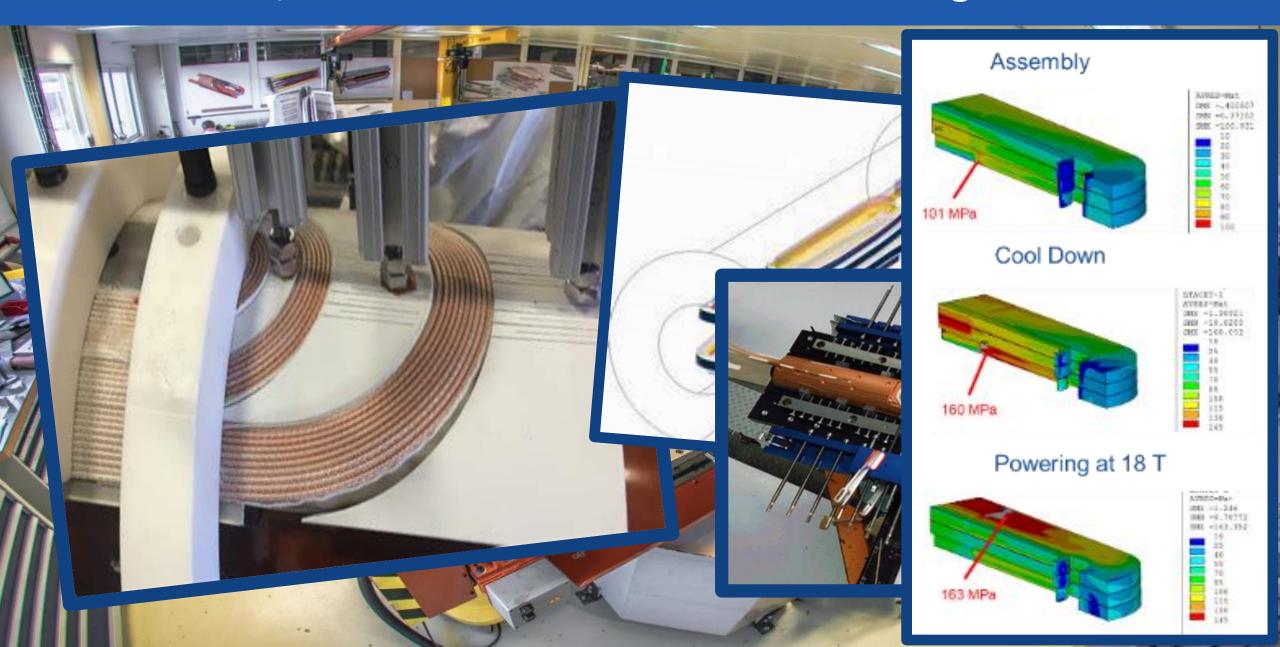




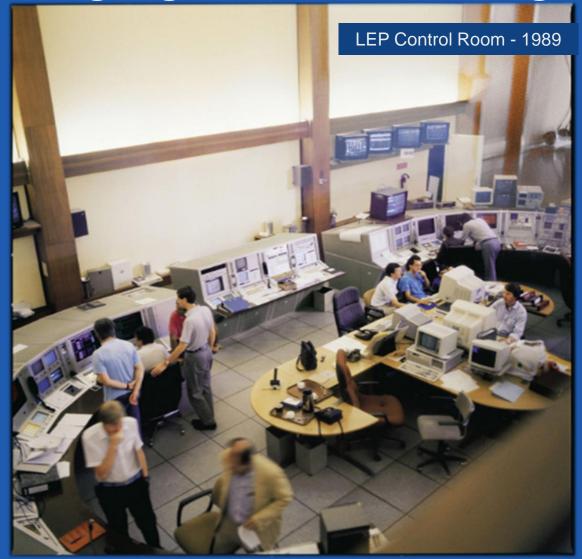
HFM future, held by a wire?



HFM future, forefront thermo-mechanical challenges?

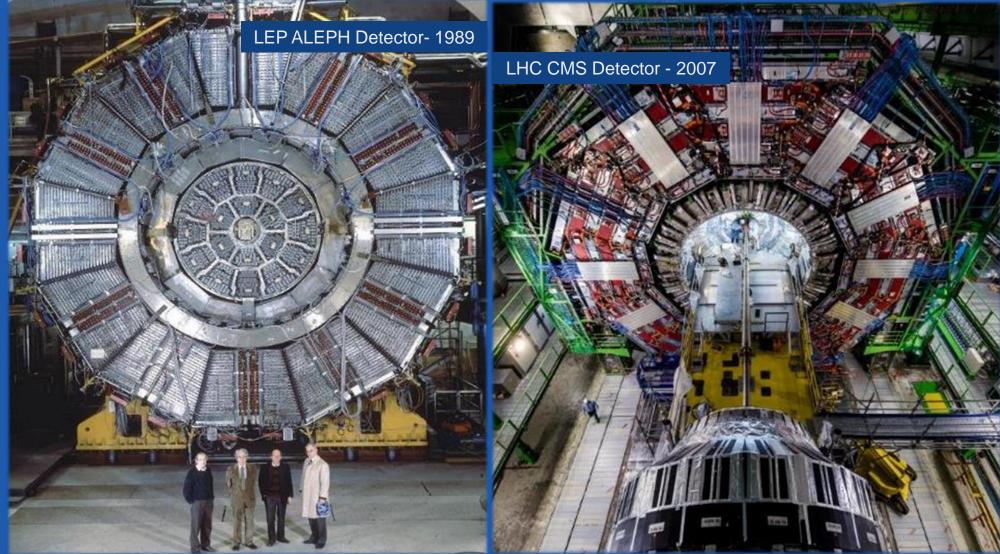


Highlights of Accelerating Science and Innovation





Highlights of Accelerating Science and Innovation



Highlights of Accelerating Science and Innovation





The Future is yours... because you're doing/contributing to Fundamental Research

- > The *present* tells you where you stand...
- > The 1st time-derivative tells your trend...
- > The 2nd time-derivative tells you how fast you'll get there!

That's the point! Look far ahead !!! Anticipate, master risks!

➤ And never forget that Technical Training is more than an asset, ...it's a Value.

