

SciFi – The Scintillating Fibre Tracker for the LHCb Upgrade



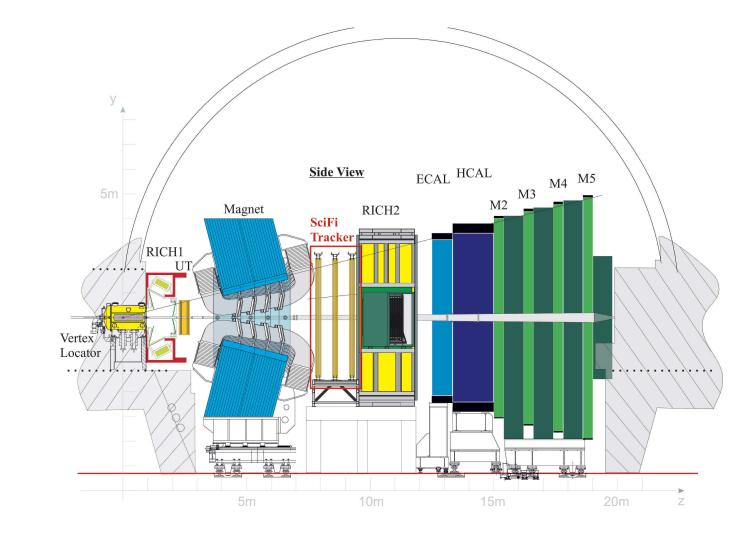
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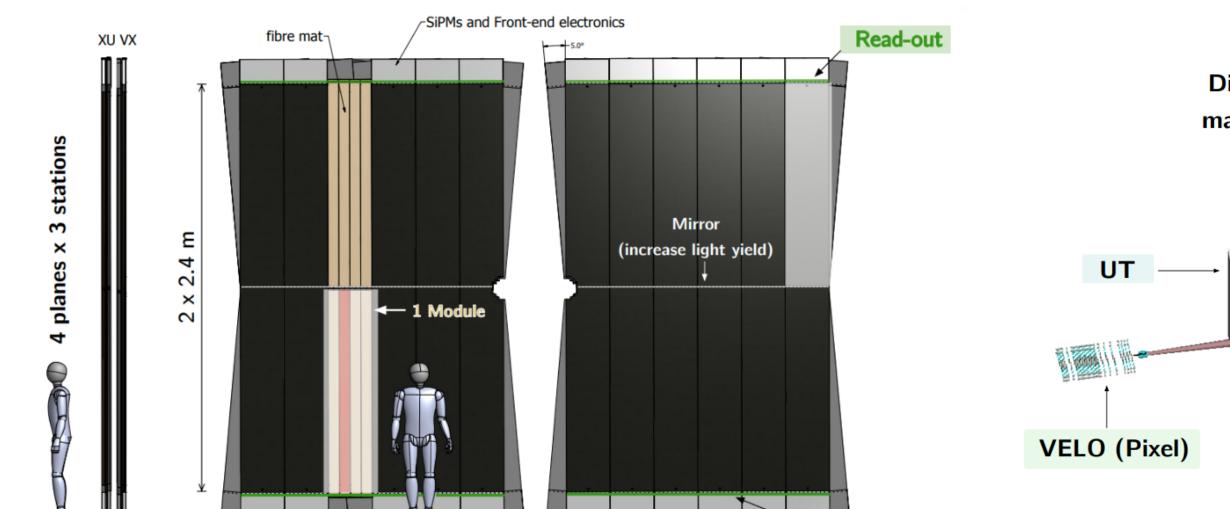
LHCb Detector Upgrade

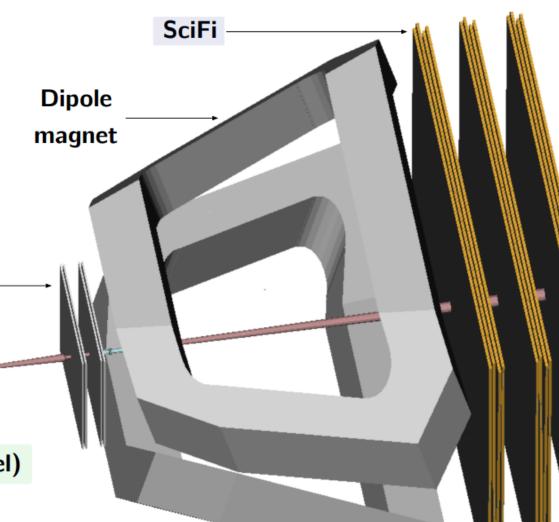
Single-arm forward spectrometer designed to study CP violation and b and c-hadron decays

The Scintillating Fibre Tracker (SciFi)

The SciFi tracker will replace the current LHCb downstream tracker. The detector consists of 12 planes of scintillating fibres readout by arrays of silicon photomultipliers (SiPMs)







The upgraded LHCb detector

LHCb Upgrade for Run 3 (2022+):

- Factor 5 higher instantaneous luminosity $(4 \times 10^{32} \rightarrow 2 \times 10^{33} cm^{-2} s^{-1})$
- Readout upgrade from $1MHz \rightarrow 40 MHz$
- New tracking detectors:
 - » New Vertex Locator (VELO), Si-pixel
 - » New Upstream Tracker (UT), Si-strips
 - » New downstream tracker (SciFi Tracker)

2 x 3 m

• Low material budget: ~1 % X_0 per layer

up $6 \times 10^{11} n_{eq}/cm^2$ at the electronics

■ Ionising radiation up to 35 kGy near the beam

pipe and a 1-MeV neutron-equivalent fluence of

• Spatial resolution $< 100 \,\mu m$

■ Single hit efficiency $\sim 99\%$

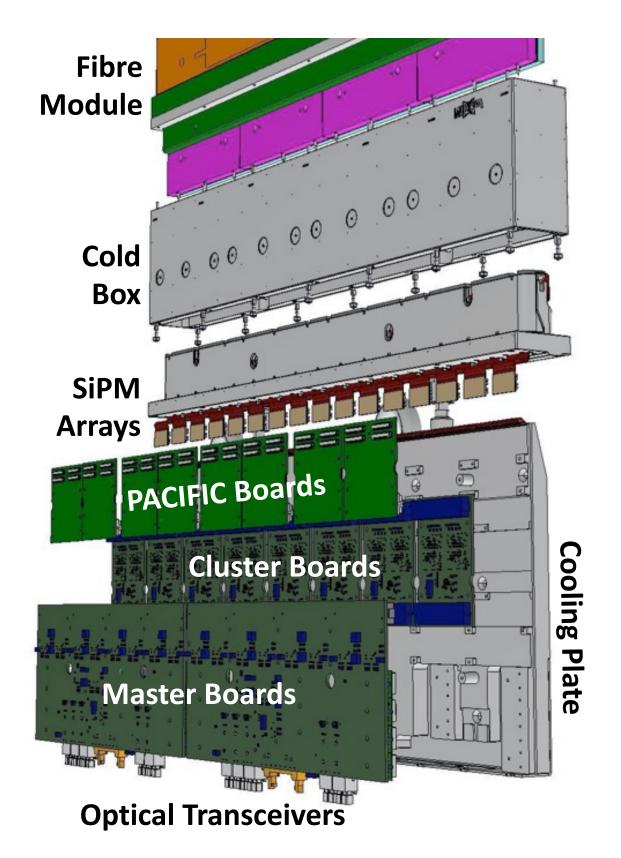


Sketch of the SciFi tracker

SciFi characteristics:

- 3 stations (T1, T2, T3) with 4 layers each
- Covering a total area of 340 m^2
- 10,000 km fibers in 128 modules
- Readout by 4096 SiPMs \rightarrow 524k channels

SciFi Components



Fibre Module

- Nomex honeycomb and CFRP sandwich ($1\% X_0$ per module)
- 6 layers of 0.250 mm scintillating fibre

SiPM Array

- 128 SiPM channels with 250μ m pitch
- Cooled with -50°C single phase fluid, Novec 649

Requirements:

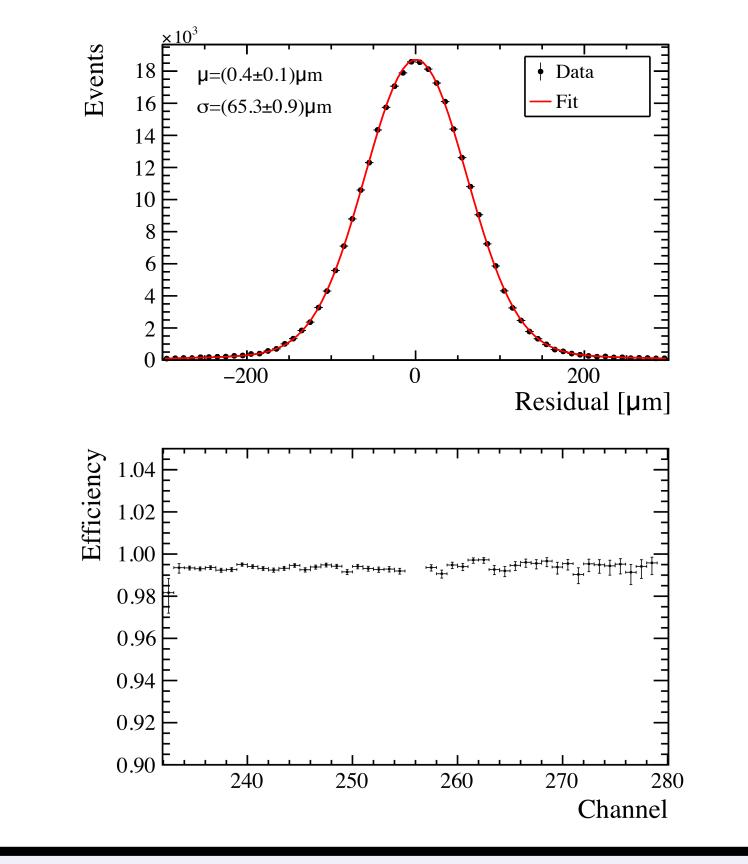
- Front-end Electronics for 40 MHz readout
- PACIFIC ASIC board

Test Beam Results

2 half-modules with final electronics were tested successfully at the CERN SPS in 2018

 $\checkmark \text{ Hit efficiency} > 99\%$





The SciFi components

- » 10 ns shaping with dual 25 ns integrators
- » Digitization with 3 comparator thresholds
- Cluster board
 - » Clustering and zero suppression by FPGA
- Master board
 - » Transfer data and distribute signals

Light Injection System

■ 5ns VCSEL laser diode pulses driven by GBLD

Cooling Plate

■ 120 W to dissipate per electronic box (30.7 kW in total)

Assembly & Commissioning

Assembly

In units of 1/12 of the detector, the so-called C-Frames
Commissioning before underground installation

- Fully commissioned and installed 6 out of 12 C-Frames to date
 - » FEE test-system: 2048 channels on each of the 256 front-end electronics boxes are tested before and after installation on the



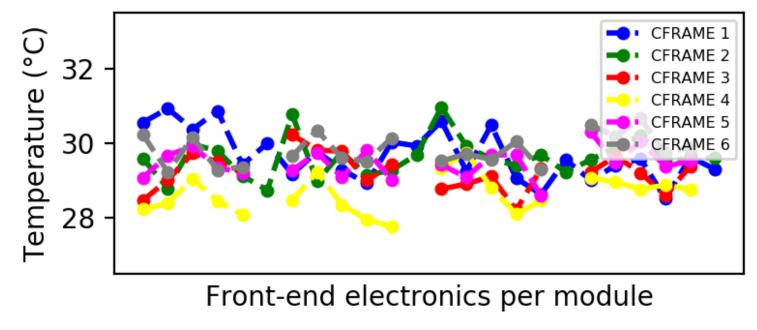
Installation in the LHCb cavern

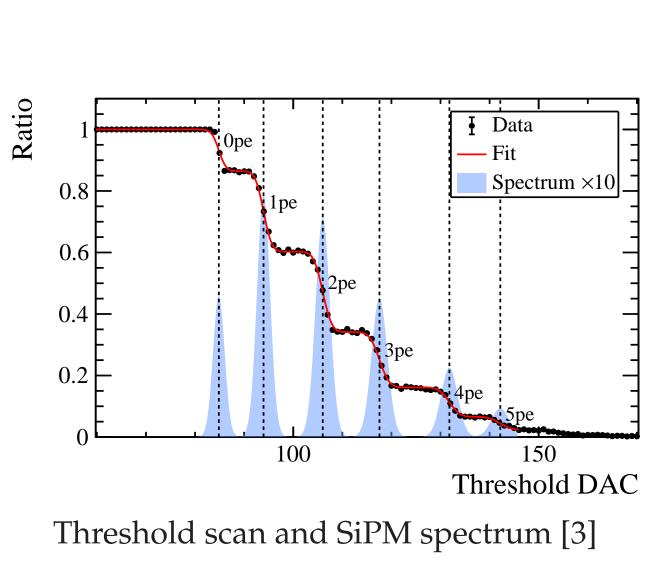
- 6 C-Frames installed in Summer 2021
- International team effort of ~20 institutes
- Installation of all 12 C-Frames estimated to be finished in spring 2022



C-Frame (524,288 channels total)

- » Optical power and fibre mapping checks of 384 data links & 96 control per C-frame
- » Test configurability of front-end electronics
- » Bit-Error-Rate Tests
- » Light Injection and Threshold Calibration
- » Readout temperature and voltage sensors
 - * Ensure FEE temperatures are within a reasonable range





A SciFi C-Frame

R	eferences
[1]	LHCb collaboration. <i>The LHCb Detector at the LHC,</i> JINST 3 (2008) S08005
[2]	LHCb collaboration. <i>LHCb Tracker Upgrade TDR,</i> CERN-LHCC 2014-001, LHCb TDR 15
[3]	Lukas Witola. <i>Calibration and performance studies of the readout ASIC for the LHCb SciFi Tracker</i> , MSc Thesis