# High Fidelity Simulation of High Granularity Calorimeters with High Speed

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# **Calorimeters in a HEP Experiment**

- Incoming particle initiates the showers and secondary particles are produced
- These secondary particles further produce other particles until the full energy is absorbed



#### One type of EM calorimeter: sampling calorimeter

- Alternating layers of passive absorbers and active detectors
- Only **fraction** of particle energy is recorded (visible energy)



Shooting photon perpendicular to the ILD-ECAL (Si-W)

Photon energy: 10-100 GeV, continuous!



### **Results: Cell energy and Number of hits**



- Both GAN and WGAN <u>fail</u> to capture MIP bump around 0.2 MeV
- ✓ BiB-AE is able to produce this feature thanks to Post-Processing network



- GAN and WGAN slightly <u>underestimate</u>
  the total number of hits
- ✓ BiB-AE reproduces the shape and width

## **Results: Other important distributions**



 ✓ the shape, center and width of the peak are well reproduced for all models

- ✓ reproduce the bulk of the distributions very well.
  - slight deviations for the WGAN appear around the edges
- Deviations for BiB-AE
  - ✓ Explainable via latent space encoding

### Conclusion

Application of generative models to high resolution EM shower simulation

- $\checkmark$  Modelling of MIP peak and high fidelity
- ✓ Speedup: 3 orders of magnitude
- Architectures:
  - $\odot$  GAN
  - $\odot$  WGAN
  - BIB-AE (New!)
- Future Plans:
  - condition on incident position/angle
  - ${\scriptstyle \odot}$  hadronic showers
  - integrate into existing tools / frameworks

Paper: [arxiv:2005.05334] (submitted to journal, soon to be published)

