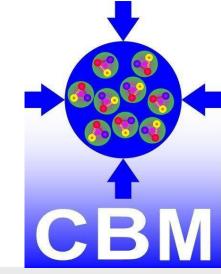
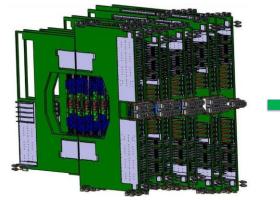
# Study of Thermal Interface Material for the Front-End Electronics Cooling of the CBM Silicon Tracking System

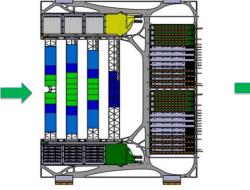
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Introduction: Thermal Interface for Front End Electronics of the Silicon Tracking System







#### Silicon Tracking System : key detector of CBM experiment

✓ 8 Tracking Stations inside 1 Tm dipole magnet

✓ 876 detector modules integrated on 106 CF ladders ✓ Low material budget:  $0.3\% - 2\% X_0$ /station ✓ Radiation tolerance: ≤ 10<sup>14</sup> n<sub>eq</sub> cm<sup>-2</sup>
 ✓ Self-triggering Front End Electronics
 ✓ Power dissipation ~ 40 kW in ~ 2m<sup>3</sup>

## Requirements for Thermal Interface Material

✓ Permanent glue joint < 150 µm thickness</li>
✓ Good Thermal Conductivity (> 1 W/m.K)
✓ High Dielectric strength (> 5 kV/mm)

- ✓ Radiation Hard (up to 1 MRad)
- ✓ Able to compensate for Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (CTE) mismatch

To neutralise the heat from Front-End-Electronics, it is imperative to optimize the Thermal Interface Material
 STYCAST 2850 FT with 23 LV catalyst was chosen as the thermal Interface between the Front-End-Boards and cooling shelves

# Gluing technique: Pattern optimization and assembly procedure

### **Optimisation of glue pattern**



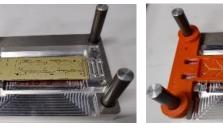






Customised glue pattern using glass sheets **Challenges:** 

#### **Procedure for gluing FEBs to cooling shelf**



FEB fixation on tool surface

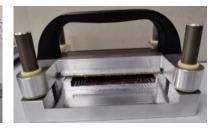


Stencil to draw the

glue pattern



using glue dispenser



FEB to cooling shelf gluing



- ✓ Required thickness of 150 µm
- ✓ Full surface coverage of FEB (10 cm x 3 cm)
- ✓ Capillary dispersion of glue since no external force can be applied because of electronics
- ✓ No squeeze out of glue because of micro cables

References: 1. Conductive-Adhesive-Dispensing, Nepcon West, February 1999, Anaheim CA 2. The squeezing process of complex epoxy patterns in the die-attaching of large IC-chip, IEEE Xplore, 9858140 (2006)



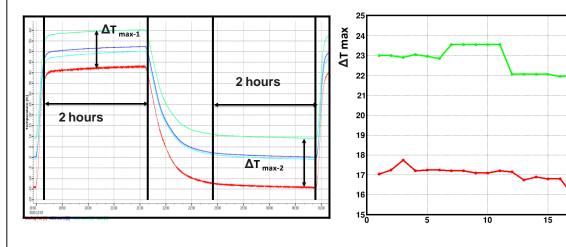
STS module glued to cooling shelf using STYCAST with the help of tool **Summary:** 

- ✓ Tool has been prepared to meet the gluing requirements
- ✓ Glue pattern is prepared using Ultra TM 2800 EFD Nordson glue dispenser
- ✓ Minor oozing of glue ensures surface coverage
- ✓ Module was tested under 500 V (between FEB ground and cooling shelf)

#### Successful demonstration of the concept with Stycast was performed with a functional module using the gluing tool

# Thermal stability tests

Thermal stability of the glue was tested to ensure that they can tolerate CTE mismatch b/w back plane of FEBs (Copper) and cooling shelves (Aluminium) at nominal power dissipation



#### **Observation:**

- 25 Temperature cycles performed between +20 and -40 °C
- 2 hours at extreme temperature for each cycle
- No deterioration in glue joints observed





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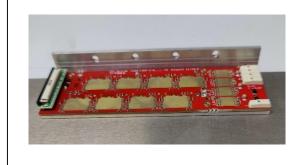
Number of cycles

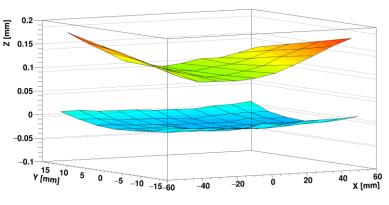
 $-\Delta$  Tmax-1

∆ T max-2

# Remaining challenges and outlook

Optical inspection of surface of FEBs and cooling shelves in free orientation





# Challenges

- $\checkmark$  Optical inspection of FEB and shelves shows deviation of ~ 100-150  $\mu m$
- ✓ Surface unevenness >100 µm could lead to an undesired electrical contact between them

**Outlook:** Further optimisation of assembly procedure with newer version of FEBs with additional electrical isolation layer (~10µm thick)



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