

# IS2021

The VI<sup>th</sup> International Conference on the  
**INITIAL STAGES**  
OF HIGH-ENERGY NUCLEAR  
COLLISIONS



## STAR Heavy Ion and Cold QCD program for 2021+ runs

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TEXAS A&M  
UNIVERSITY.

Supported in part by



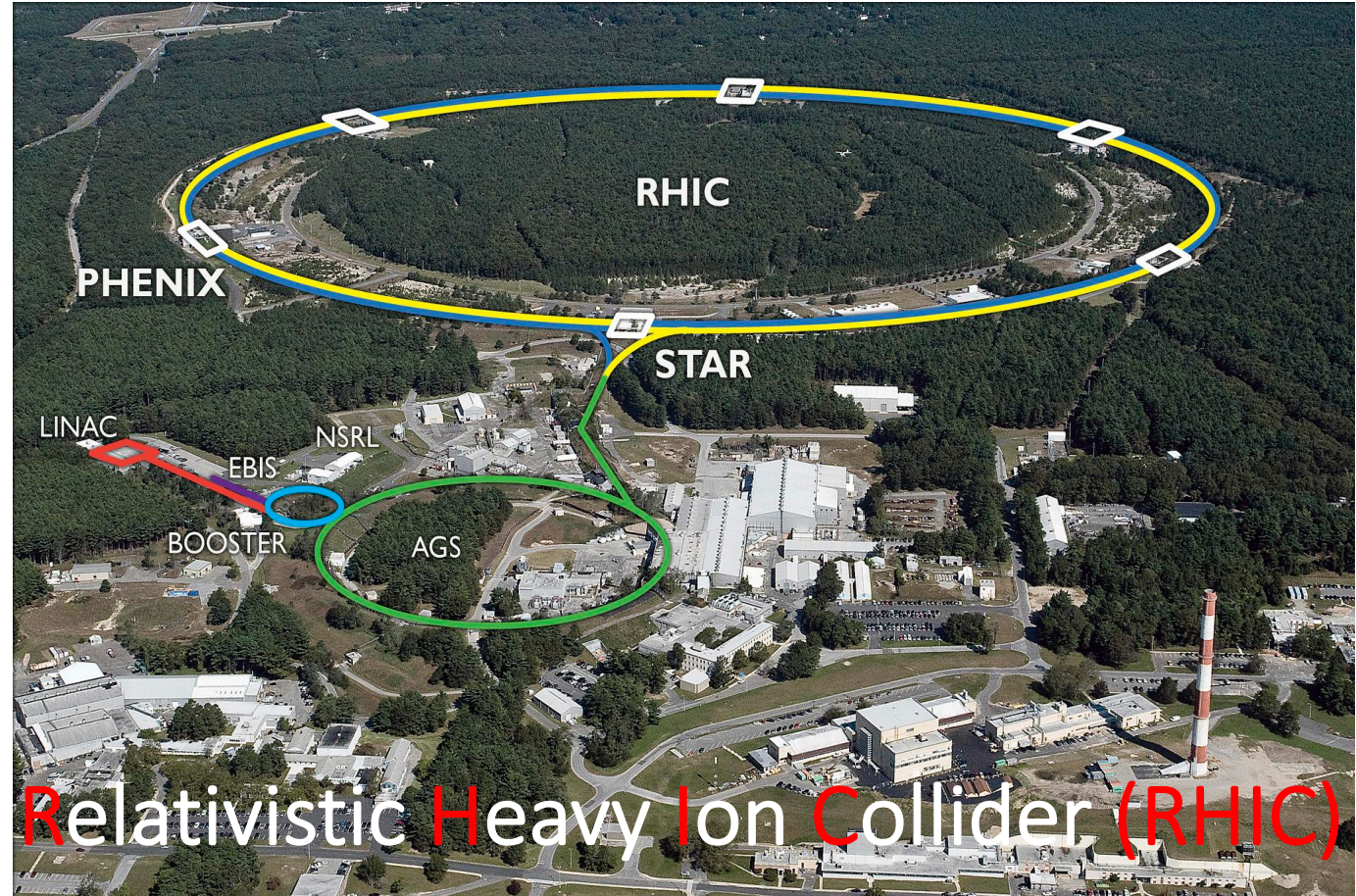
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Science



# Outline:

- STAR Upgrades
  - Upgrades for BES-II
  - Forward Upgrades
- Heavy Ion Physics for 2021+
- Cold QCD Physics for 2021+
- Summary





# STAR Detector Upgrades for BES-II

## inner TPC (2019)

$$|\eta| < 1.5$$

- Replace all inner TPC sectors;
- Increase rapidity coverage;
- Improve momentum and  $dE/dx$  resolution;
- Decrease minimum  $p_T$  from 125 MeV to 60 MeV;

## Event Plane Detector (2018)

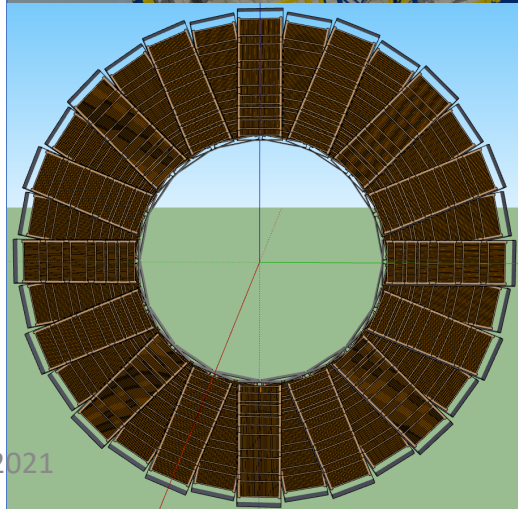
$$2.1 < |\eta| < 5.1$$

- Replace Beam-Beam Counter (BBC);
- Extend rapidity coverage;
- Improve triggering capabilities;
- Improve event plane resolution;

## Endcap Time of Flight (2019)

$$-1.5 < \eta < -1$$

- Extend PID from  $\eta = -1$  to  $-1.5$ ;
- Improve the fixed target program;



# STAR Forward Upgrade Ongoing:

Si disks

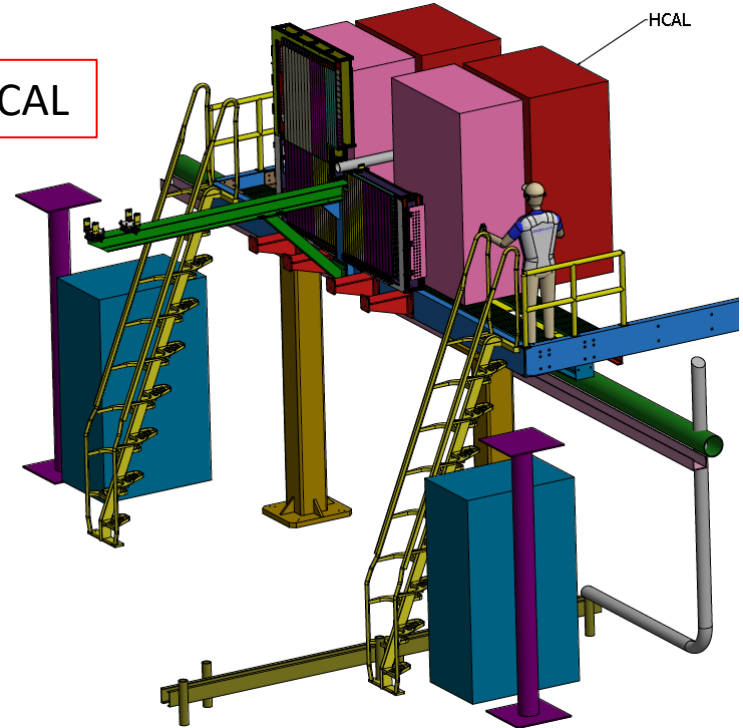
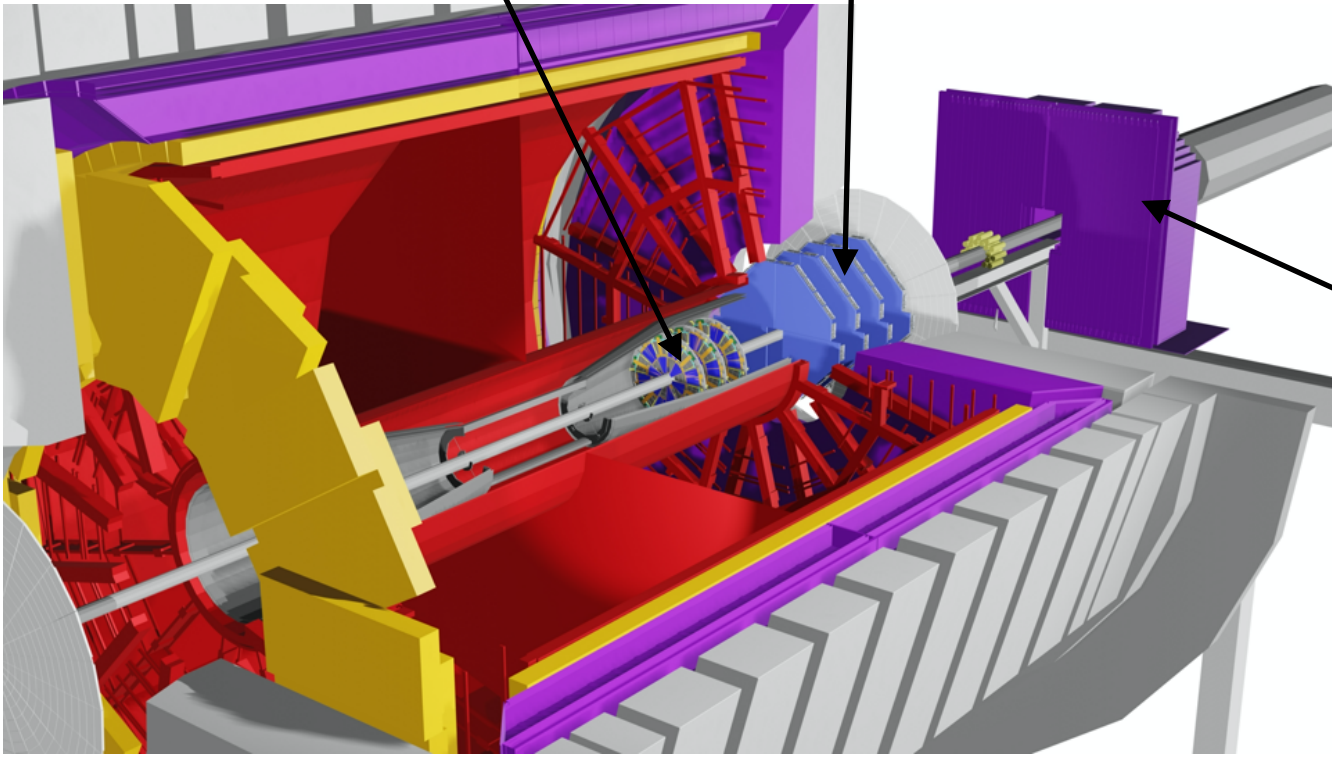
sTGC

- At  $2.5 < \eta < 4$ 
  - Si disks + Small Thin Gap Chambers (STGC) for tracking;
  - Electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters;

Detector	p+p and p+A	A+A
ECal	$\sim 10\%/\sqrt{E}$	$\sim 20\%/\sqrt{E}$
HCal	$\sim 50\%/\sqrt{E} + 10\%$	---
Tracking	Charge separation Photon suppression	$0.2 < p_T < 2 \text{ GeV}/c$ , with 20-30% $1/p_T$

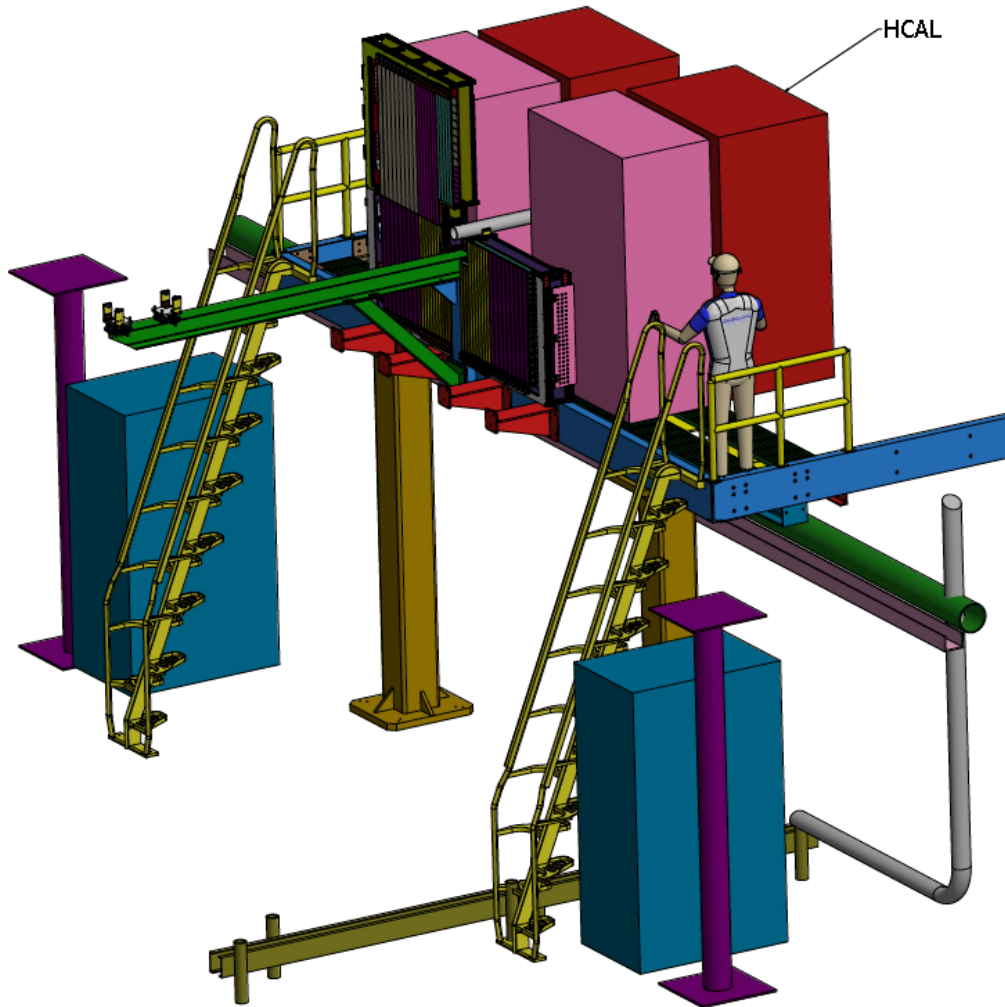
ECAL + HCal

HCal





# STAR Forward Upgrade: ECal & HCal



**Location:** 7 m from the IP, at  $2.5 < \eta < 4$

**Readout:** SiPMs

- Used in Trigger
- Split in 2 movable halves inside and outside of ring
- Slightly projective

**ECal:**

- Reuse PHENIX PbSc calorimeter with new readout;
- On front face → 1496 channel;
  - Tower size:  $5.52 \times 5.52 \times 33 \text{ cm}^3$
  - 66 sampling cells with 1.5 mm Pb
  - 4 mm Sc & Wavelength shifting fibers

**HCal:**

- Fe/Sc (20mm/3mm) sandwich;
- 520 channels in total;
- Tower size  $10 \times 10 \times 84 \text{ cm}^3$ 
  - In close collaboration with EIC R&D

**Preshower**

- Use EPD as preshower;

**Installation of entire system (HCal + ECal + Electronics) finished last week**

**~ 10 month to commission systems before Run-22 500 GeV pp**



# STAR Forward Upgrade: ECal & HCal



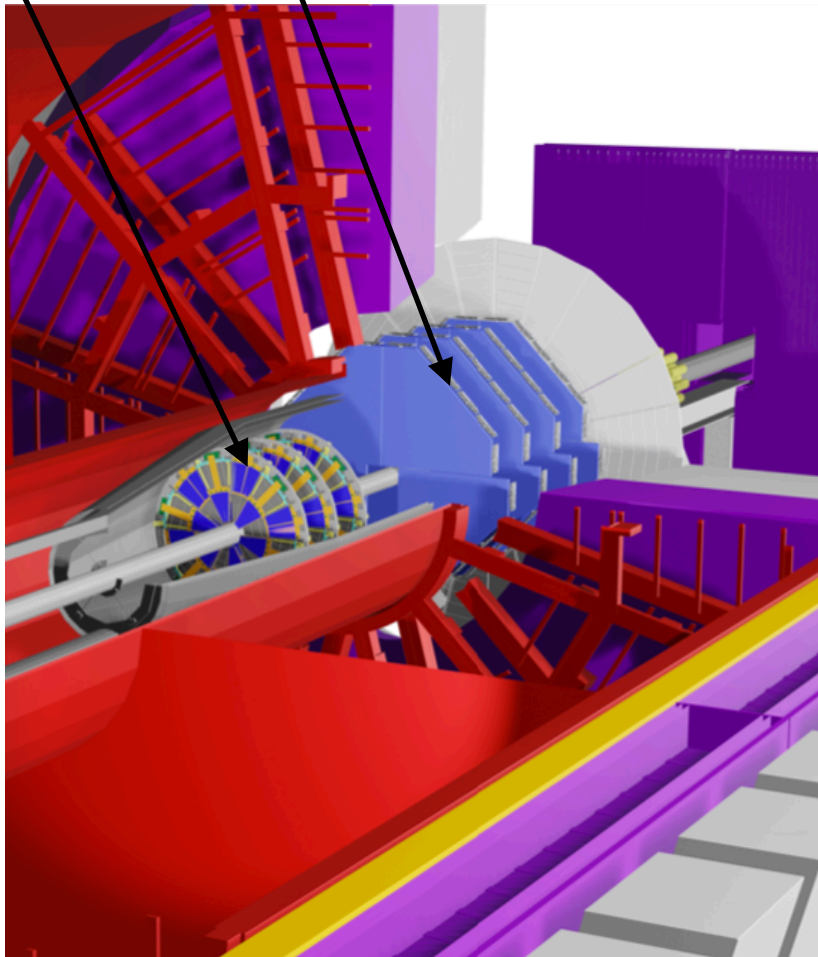
**Construction completed last week**



# STAR Forward Upgrade: Silicon and sTGC

Si disks

sTGC



**3 Silicon disks:** at 146, 160, and 173 cm from IP

Built on successful experience with STAR IST

- Single-sided double-metal mini-strip sensors
  - Granularity: fine in  $\phi$  and coarse in R
  - Si from Hamamatsu
- Frontend chips: APV25-S1 → IST all in hand
- Material budget:  $\sim 1.5\%$  per disk
- Reuse
  - IST DAQ system for FTS
  - IST cooling system

**4 sTGC disks:** at 307, 325, 343 and 361 cm from IP

Inside Magnet pole tip opening:

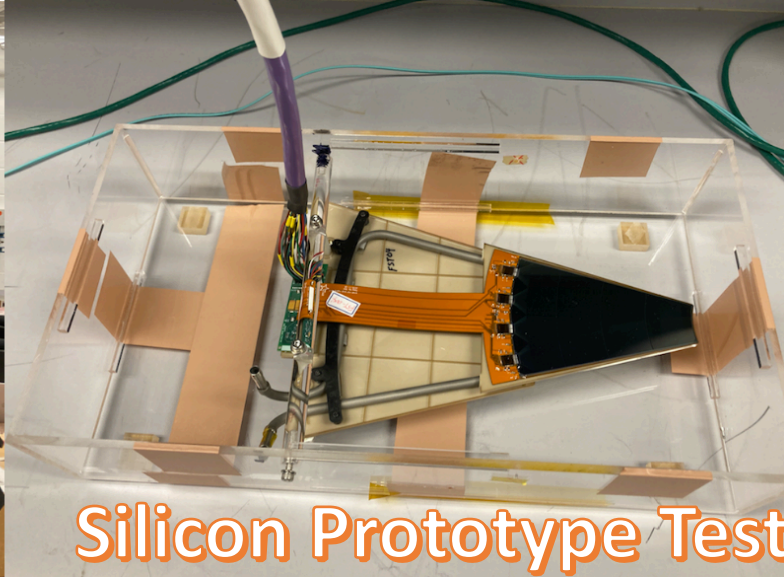
- Inhomogeneous magnetic field
- 4 quadrants double sided sTGC → 1 layer
  - Diagonal strips to break ambiguities in the sTGC
- Position resolution:  $\sim 200 \mu\text{m}$
- Material budget:  $\sim 0.5\%$  per layer,
- Readout: based on VMM-chips
  - following ATLAS design

**Installation of entire Si and sTGC finalized by Mid of September 2021**

**$\sim 2\text{-}4$  month to commission systems before Run-22 500 GeV pp**



# STAR Forward Upgrade: Silicon and sTGC



Silicon Prototype Test



sTGC Production and Test



January, 2021

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# The 2021+ Physics program

Mid-rapidity  $-1.5 < \eta < 1.5$

Forward-rapidity  $2.5 < \eta < 4$

A+A

Beam:

FXT & 7.7 GeV: Au+Au (2021)  
200 GeV: Au+Au (2023/25)  
200 GeV: O+O (2021)

Physics Topics:

- Complete BES-II program:
  - Elliptic flow;
  - Chiral magnetic effect;
  - Azimuthal femtoscopy;
  - Net proton kurtosis;
  - Dilepton
  - ...
- Origin of small system collectivity via O+O;
- Exploring the Nuclear Equation-of-State (EoS)
- Exploring the Microstructure of the QGP

$p^\uparrow+p^\uparrow$  &  $p^\uparrow+A$

Beam:

500 GeV: p+p (2022)  
200 GeV: p+p and p+A (2024)

Physics Topics:

- Improve statistical precision:
- Siverts effect in dijet and W/Z production;
  - Collins effect for hadrons in jets;
  - Transversity and IFF
  - Diffractive studies for spatial imaging of nucleon
  - Measurement of GPD  $E_g$  through UPC J/ $\psi$
  - Nuclear PDF and fragmentation function;

A+A

Beam:

200 GeV: Au+Au (2023/25)

Physics Topics:

- Temperature dependence of viscosity through flow harmonics up to  $\eta \sim 4$ ;
- Constrain longitudinal structure of initial state;
- Global vorticity transfer:
  - Rapidity dependence of  $\Lambda$ ,  $\Xi$ ,  $\Omega$  polarization at STAR

$p^\uparrow+p^\uparrow$  &  $p^\uparrow+A$

Beam:

500 GeV: p+p (2022)  
200 GeV: p+p and p+A (2024)

Physics Topics:

- TMD measurements at high x
  - Transversity, Collins;
  - Siverts through DY and jets
- UPC J/ $\psi$  GPD at forward rapidity;
- Nuclear PDFs and FF:
  - $R_{pA}$  for direct photons & DY, and hadrons
- Gluon Saturation through di-hadrons,  $\gamma$ -Jets, di-jets

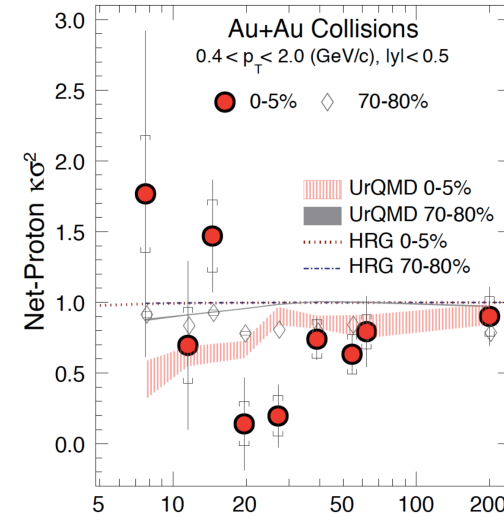
All of these measurements are critical to the scientific success of EIC to test universality and factorization

# BES-II Progress:

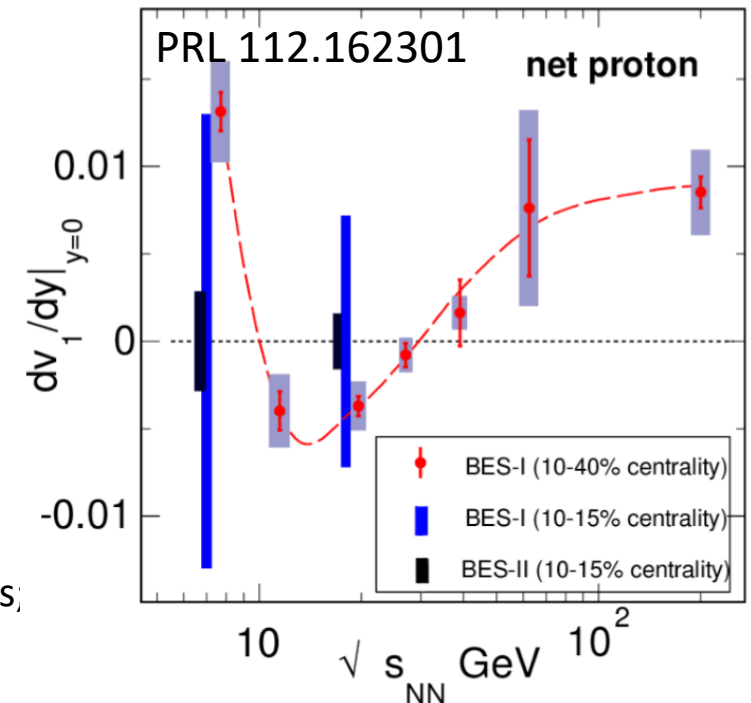
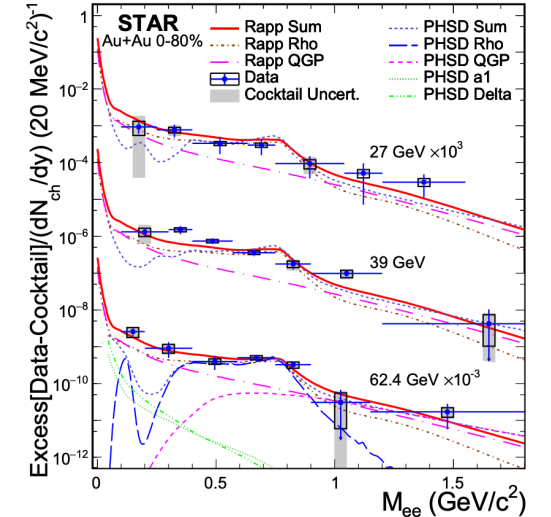
Beam Energy (GeV/nucleon)	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	$\mu_B$ (MeV)	Run Time	Number Events Requested (Recorded)	Date Collected
13.5	27	156	24 days	(560 M)	Run-18
9.8	19.6	206	36 days	400 M (582 M)	Run-19
7.3	14.6	262	60 days	300 M (324 M)	Run-19
5.75	11.5	316	54 days	230 M (235 M)	Run-20
4.59	9.2	373	102 days	160 M (162 M) <sup>1</sup>	Run-20+20b
31.2	7.7 (FXT)	420	0.5+1.1 days	100 M (50 M+112 M)	Run-19+20
19.5	6.2 (FXT)	487	1.4 days	100 M (118 M)	Run-20
13.5	5.2 (FXT)	541	1.0 day	100 M (103 M)	Run-20
9.8	4.5 (FXT)	589	0.9 days	100 M (108 M)	Run-20
7.3	3.9 (FXT)	633	1.1 days	100 M (117 M)	Run-20
5.75	3.5 (FXT)	666	0.9 days	100 M (116 M)	Run-20
4.59	3.2 (FXT)	699	2.0 days	100 M (200 M)	Run-19
3.85	3.0 (FXT)	721	4.6 days	100 M (259 M)	Run-18
3.85	7.7	420	11-20 weeks	100 M	Run-21 <sup>2</sup>

- Collecting 7.7 GeV data in 2021 to finish the BES-II program;
- 7.7 GeV is the essential bridge between Collider and FXT data;
- Hints of features at 7.7 GeV in several studies from BES-I;
- The planned Run-21 FXT measurements at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 3$  GeV with the iTPC and eTOF give access to protons higher moment, precision  $\phi$ , hyper-nuclei, and dilepton measurements;
- FXT data combined with collider data probes nuclear stopping.

arXiv:2001.02852

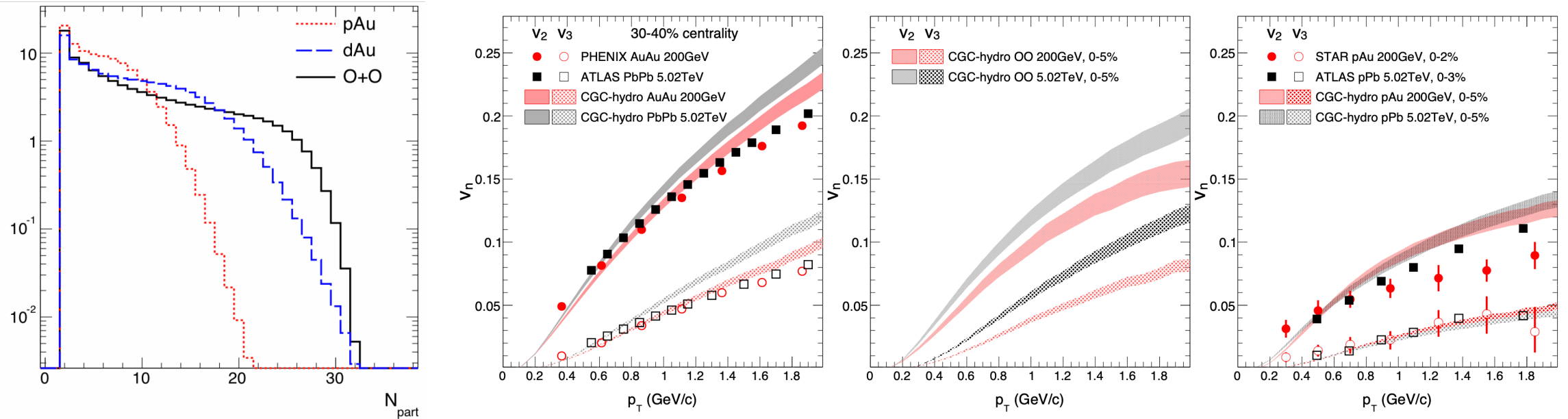


arXiv:1810.10159



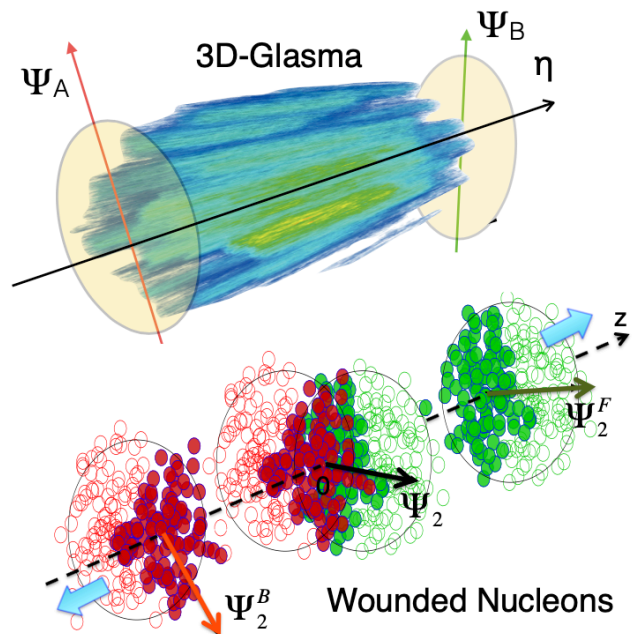


# Small System Run: O+O at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV

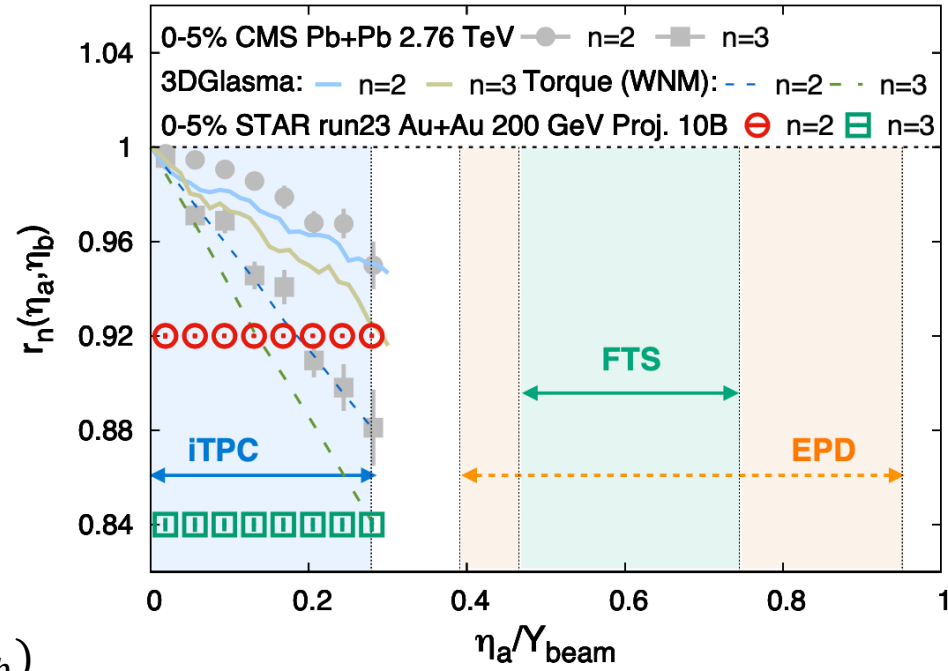


- Prediction of different energy dependence for symmetric and asymmetric systems;
- Small symmetric system with similar  $N_{part}$  to p/d+Au, but different nucleon/sub-nucleon fluctuations;
- Analyzing power for 2k-particle cumulants  $v_n\{2k\}$  scales with  $N_{events} \times N_{part}^{2k}$ ; much less running time needed than for smaller nuclei;

# Constrain Longitudinal Structure of Initial State



Extended  $\eta$  coverage by iTPC and Forward detectors



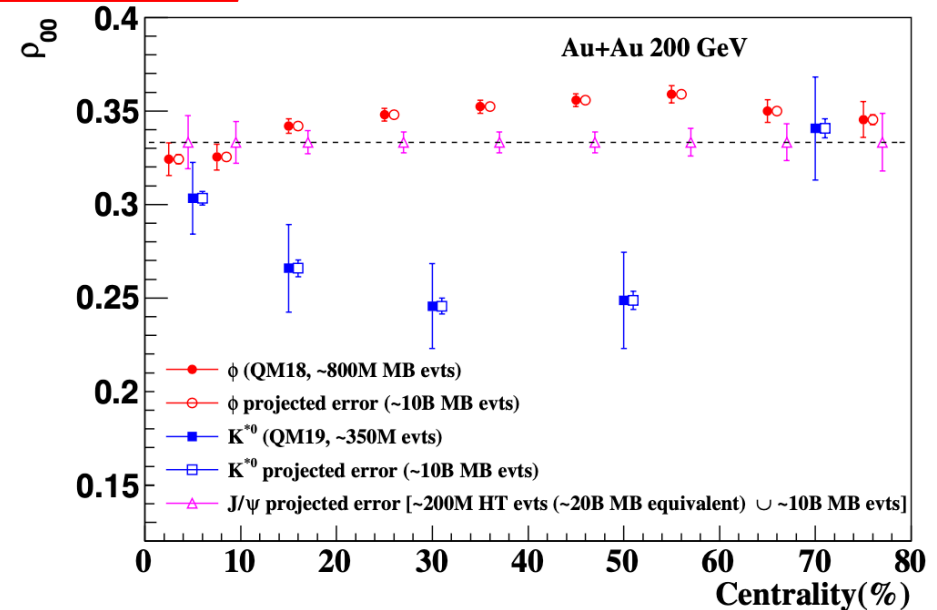
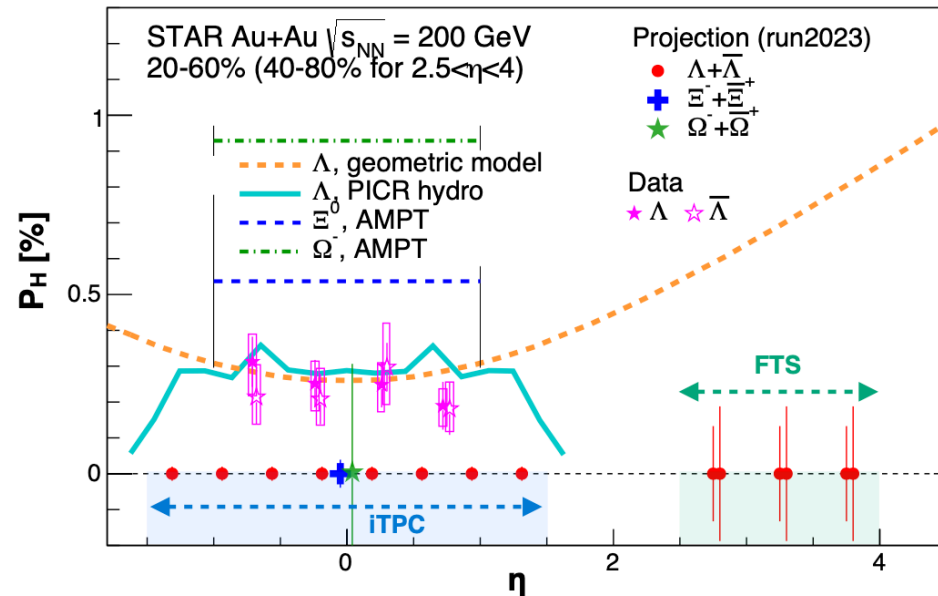
$$r_n(\eta_a, \eta_b) = V_{n\Delta}(-\eta_a, \eta_b) / V_{n\Delta}(\eta_a, \eta_b)$$

- $V_{n\Delta}(\eta_a, \eta_b)$  is the Fourier coefficient calculated with pairs of particles in different  $\eta$  regions;
- $r_n(\eta_a, \eta_b)$  sensitive to different initial state inputs:
  - 3D-Glasma model: weaker decorrelation, describes CMS  $r_2$  but not  $r_3$
  - Wounded nucleon model: stronger decorrelation than data
- Precise measurement of  $r_n$  over a wide rapidity window will provide a stringent constraint:
  - Pin down the nature of the 3-dimensional initial state of heavy ion collisions;
  - Constrain different models of QCD from colliding nuclei;



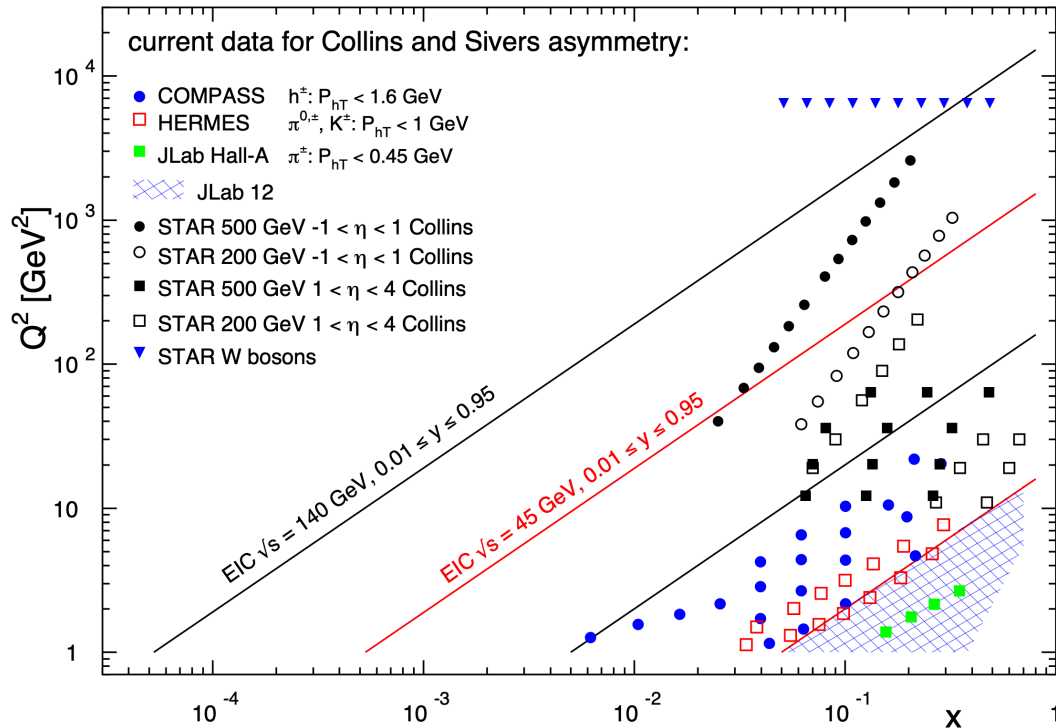
# Global Vorticity Transfer

Improved PID, extended  $\eta$  coverage by iTPC and Forward detectors



- How exactly is the global vorticity dynamically transferred to the fluid?
- How is the local thermal vorticity of the fluid transferred to the spin angular momentum of the produced particles during the process of hadronization and decay?
  - Rapidity dependence of  $\Lambda$ ,  $\Xi$ ,  $\Omega$   $P_H$  at STAR, probe the nature of global vorticity transfer: Initial geometry and local thermal vorticity + hydro predict opposite trends.
- Can we reconcile  $P_H$  with vector meson spin alignment  $\rho_{00}$ ? Strong force field effect?
  - Precise measurements of  $\rho_{00}$  of  $K^*$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $J/\psi$ .

# Cold QCD Program:

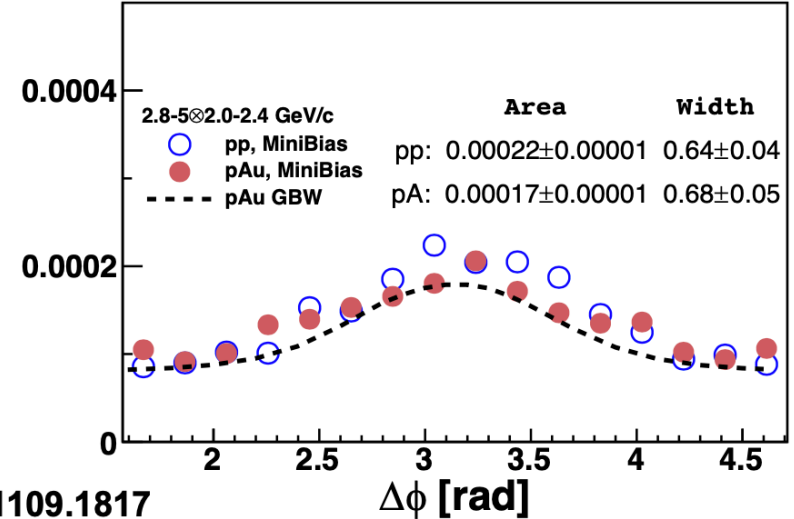
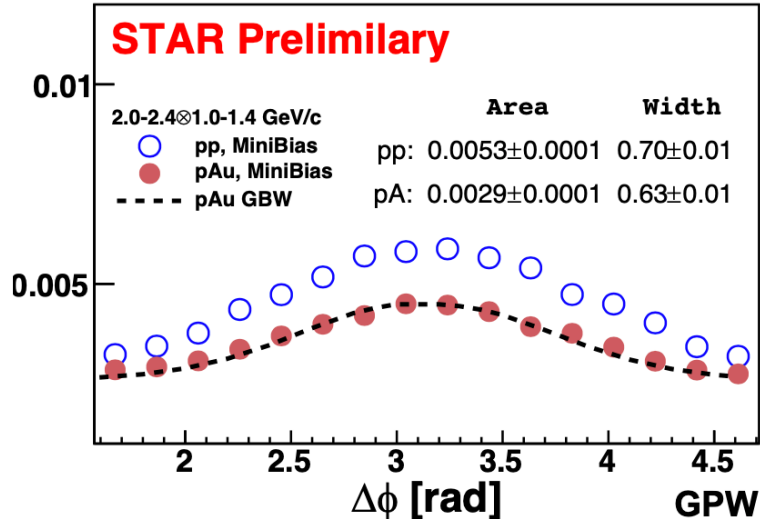
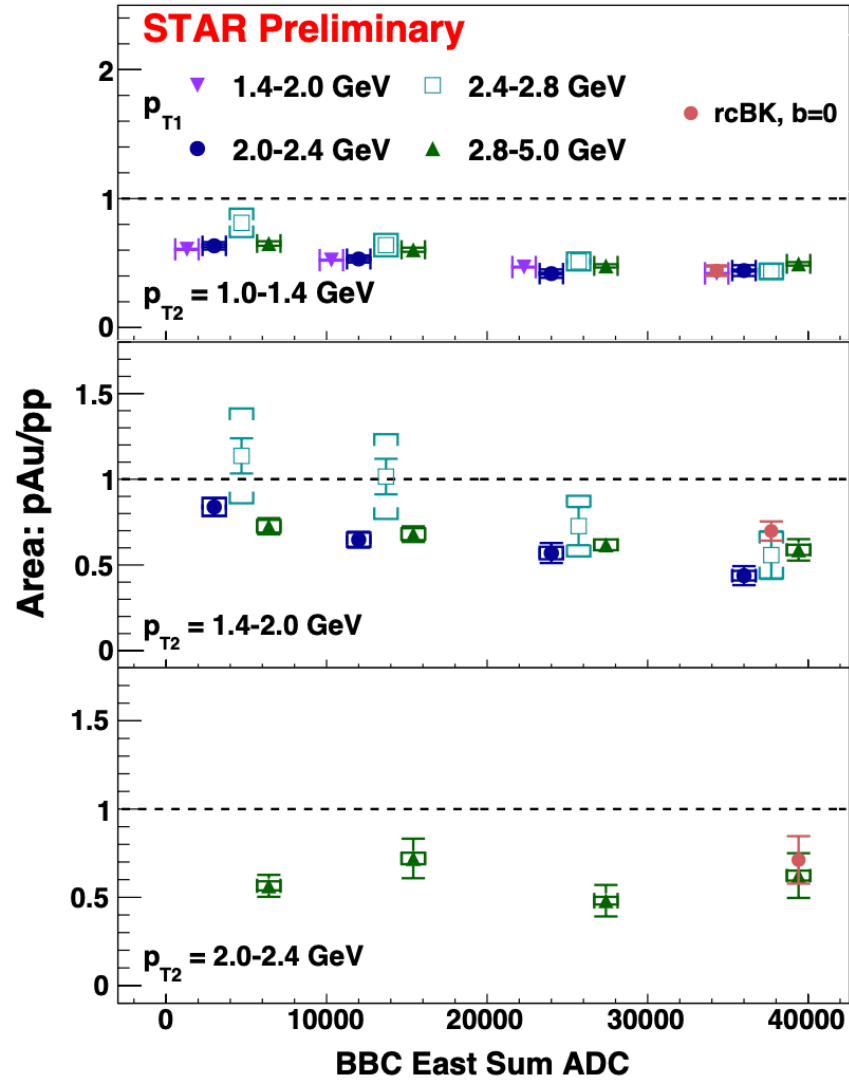


$\sqrt{s}$ (GeV)	Species	Luminosity	Year
500	$p^\uparrow + p^\uparrow$	$400 \text{ pb}^{-1}$	2022
200	$p^\uparrow + p^\uparrow$	$235 \text{ pb}^{-1}$	2024
200	$p^\uparrow + \text{Au}$	$1.3 \text{ pb}^{-1}$	2024

- Kinematic coverage for 200 and 500 GeV p+p at STAR is  $0.005 < x < 0.5$ ;
- Provides best overlap with the  $x-Q^2$  coverage of EIC;
- Precise factorization and universality tests;
- Overlapping  $x$  coverage enables detailed evolution studies;

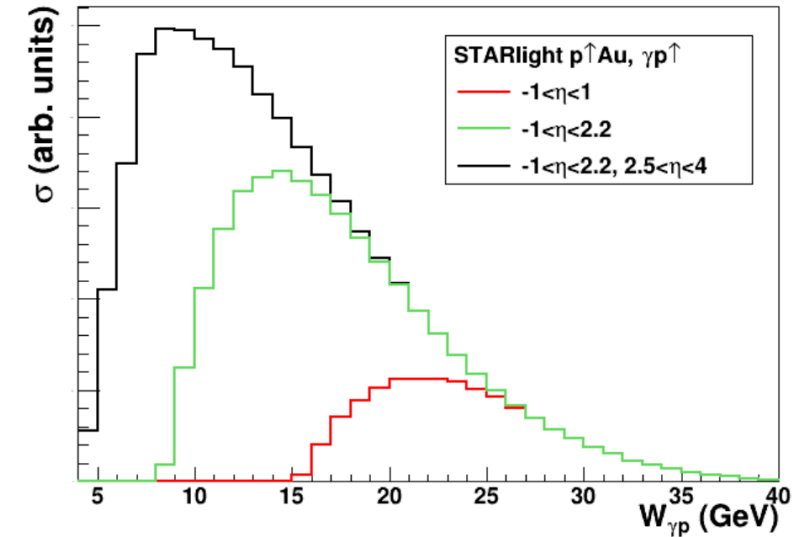
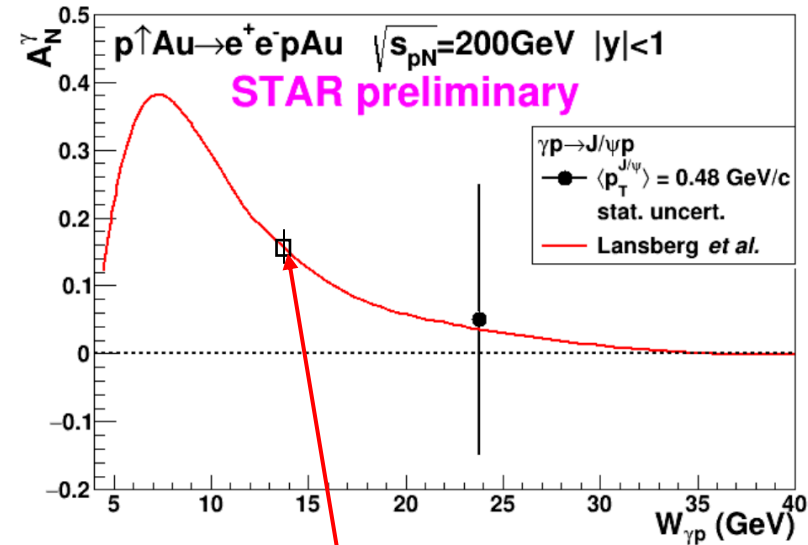
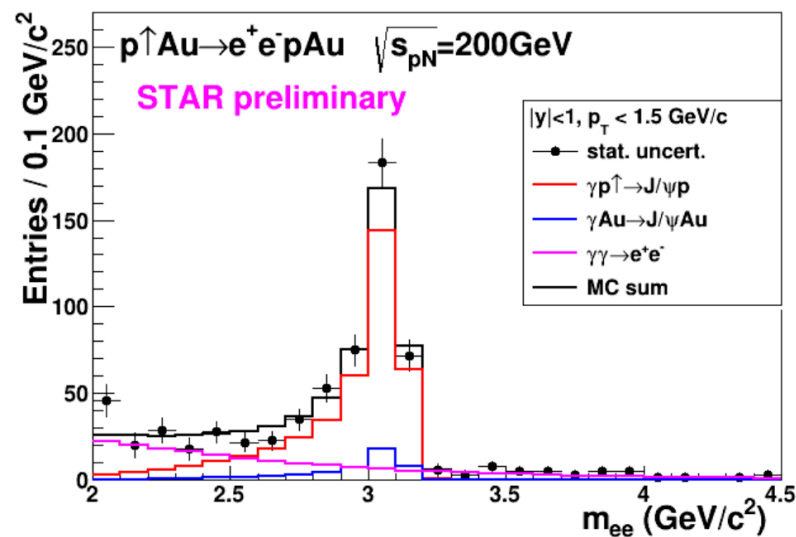


# Gluon Saturation



- Forward rapidity at STAR provides an unique opportunity to probe high gluon densities in p+Au collisions;
- STAR Forward upgrades characterize non-linear gluon effects through charged di-hadrons,  $\gamma$ -jet, di-jets;

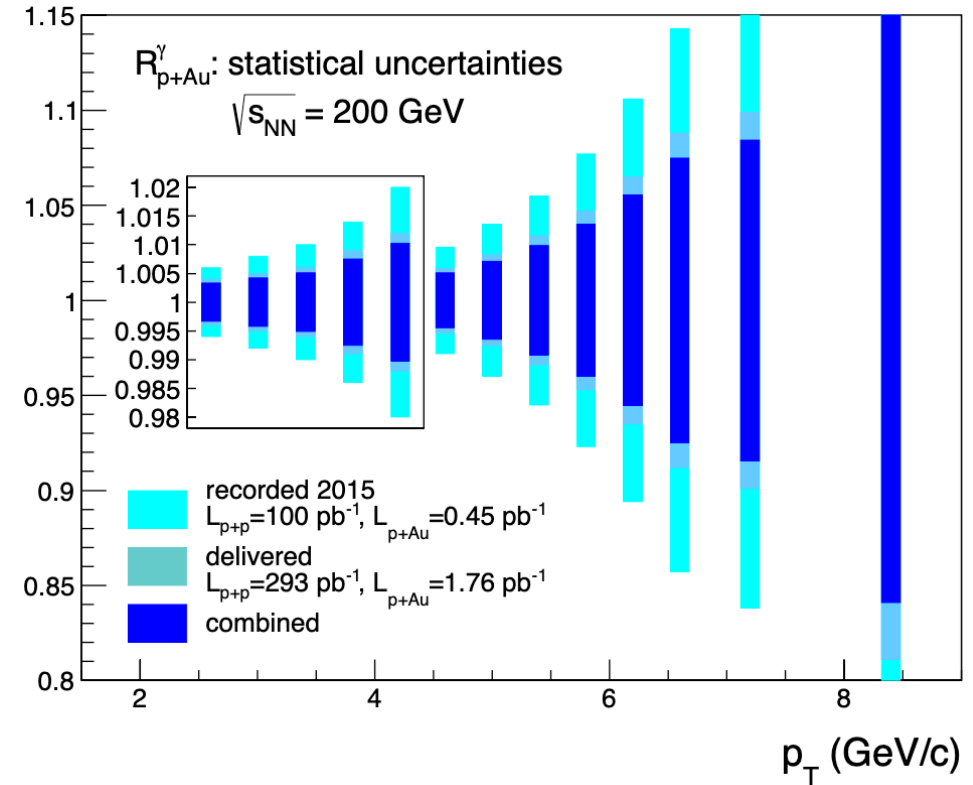
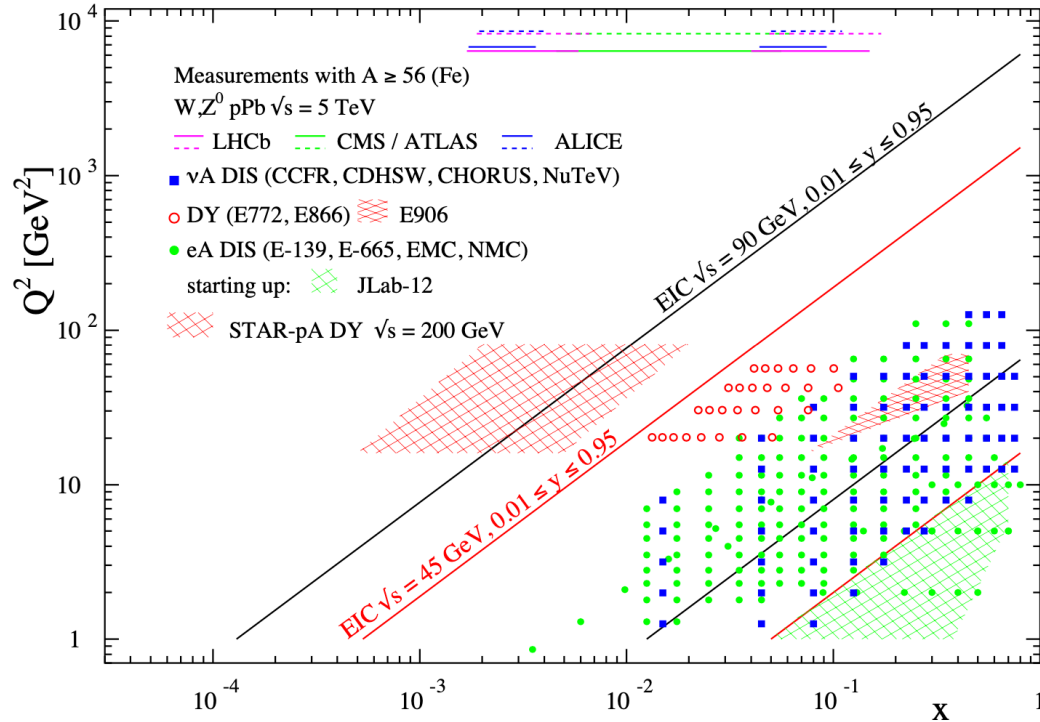
# Generalized Parton Distribution



- Exclusive  $J/\psi$  TSSA measurement in UPC;
- Access GPD  $E_g$  for gluons, sensitive to spin-orbit correlation;
- iTPC and forward detectors will enable a high-impact measurement
  - A factor of 9-10 more data combining iTPC and forward upgrades, expected statistical error 0.02 for  $\langle W_{\gamma p} \rangle = 14 \text{ GeV}$ ;



# Nuclear PDF



- Direct photon measurement: constrain nuclear **gluon distribution** in a broad  $x$  range;
- Drell-Yan : constrain nuclear **sea quark distribution** in a broad  $x$  range;
- Contribute to a stringent test of the universality of nuclear PDFs when combined with data from EIC;

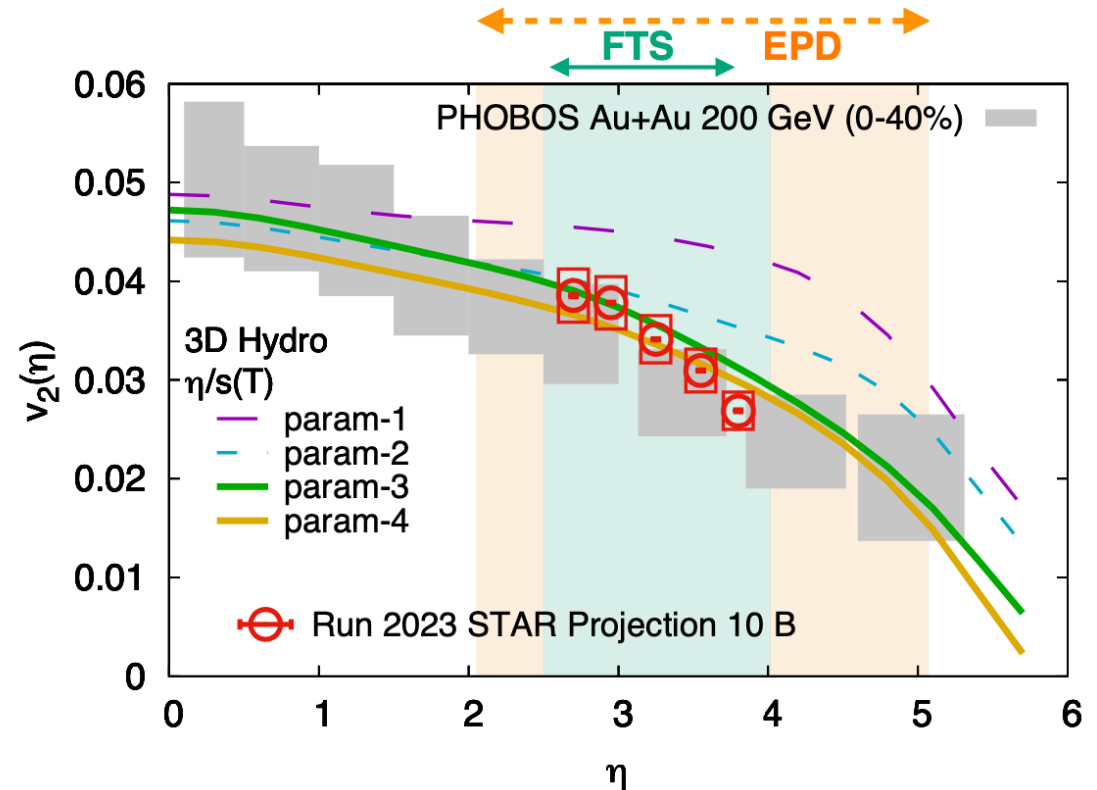
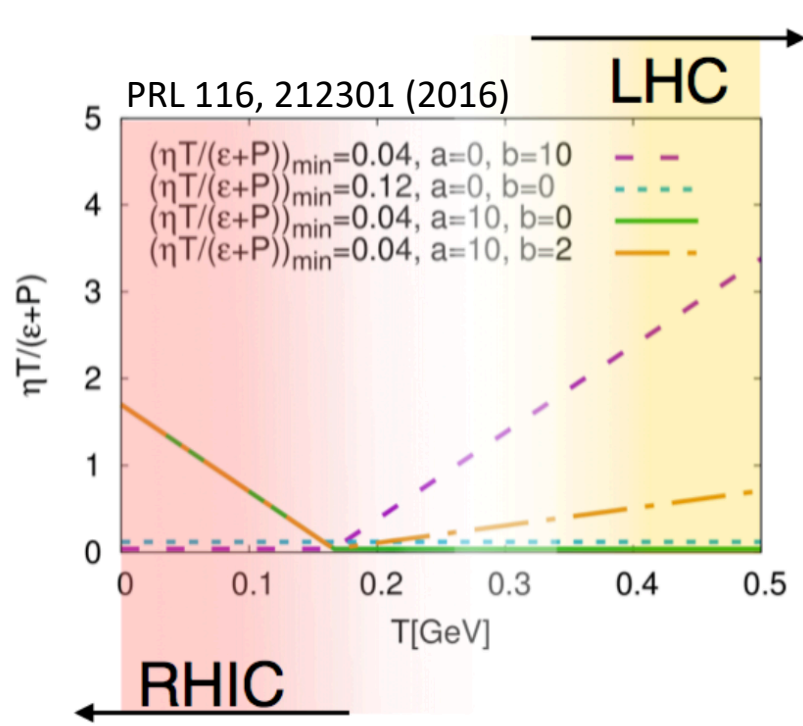
# Summary

- The STAR BES-II upgrades have been running very well since 2019;
- The Forward Upgrade is progressing very well, will be fully ready in 2022;
- These upgrades will substantially extend STAR's kinematic reach and further enhance its particle identification capabilities;
- The combination of the existing and ongoing detector upgrades enables a rich and compelling scientific program in the next few years.



# Back Up

# Constrain Temperature Dependence of Viscosity

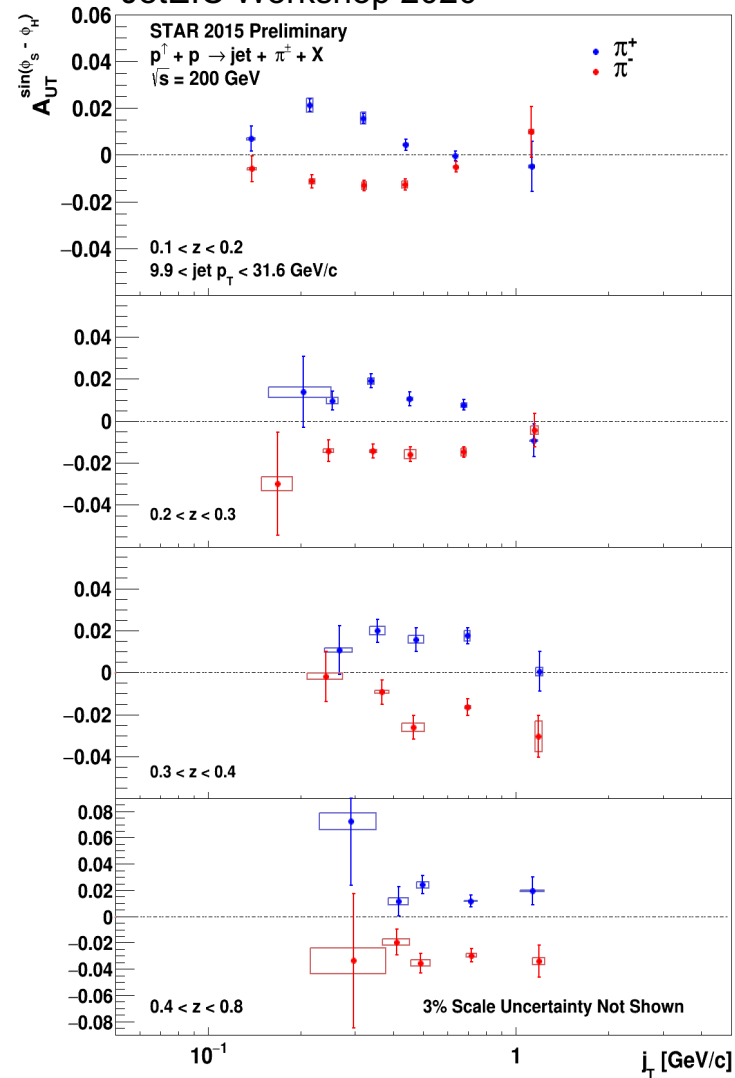


- The rapidity dependence of the flow measurement is sensitive to  $\eta/s(T)$ ;
- Lower beam energy at RHIC provides stronger variations of the temperature with rapidity;
- The BES-II and the forward upgrade of STAR will provide precise estimations of different azimuthal correlation observables;



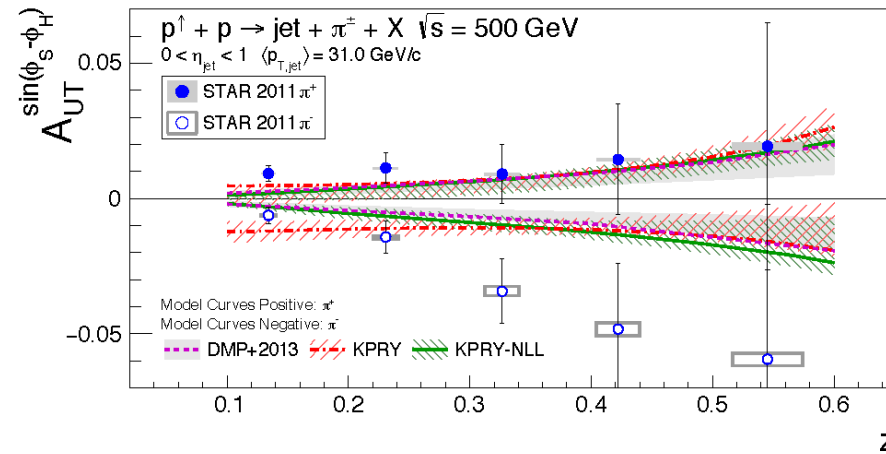
# Collins Effect

JetEIC Workshop 2020

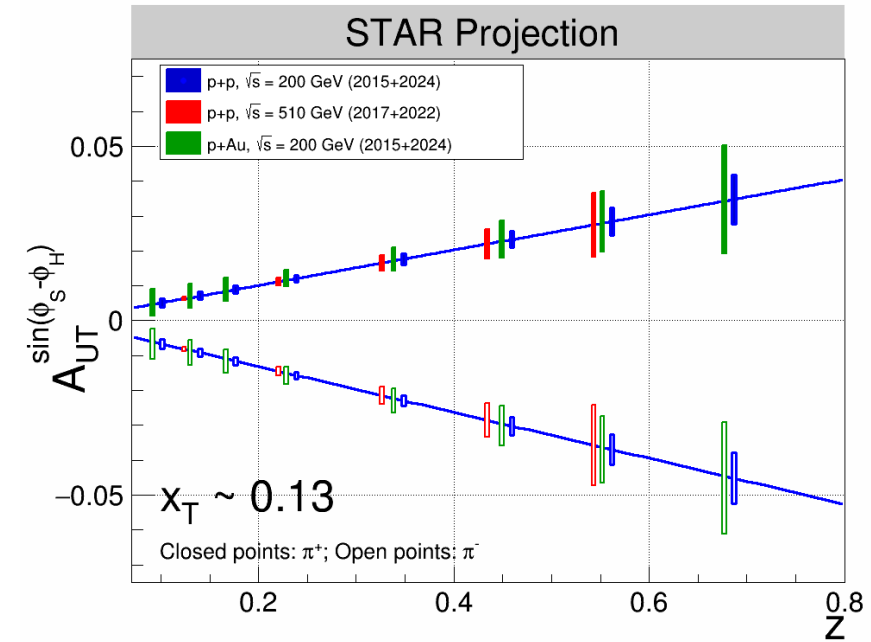


January, 2021

pp500GeV: Phys. Rev. D 97, 032004 (2018)



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- Collins effect combines the collinear **quark transversity** in the proton with the TMD dependent **Collins fragmentation function**;
- Precision measurements at both energies probe TMD evolution and provide important cross-checks and essential  $x-Q^2$  overlap with EIC;
- Collins effect in **p+Au** will provide an alternative universality test and a unique probe of the spin dependence of hadronization in cold nuclear matter;

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