

What do we learn from small systems about the physics of heavy ion collisions?

Aleksas Mazeliauskas

Theoretical Physics Department

January 15, 2021

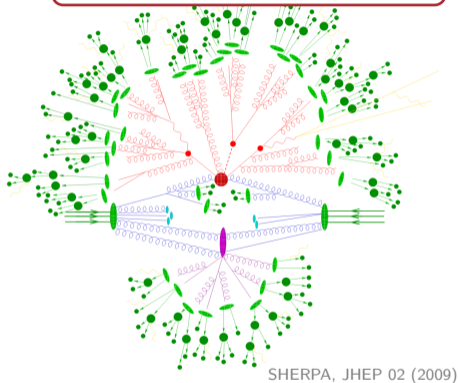
Thanks to Chun, Giuliano, Jasmine, Sören, Urs, Wilke and all the speakers at the conference.



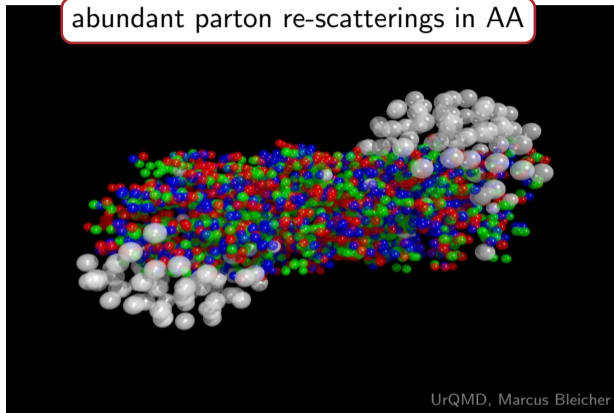
Why study small systems?

Two successful paradigms of hadron collisions

free-streaming final state in pp



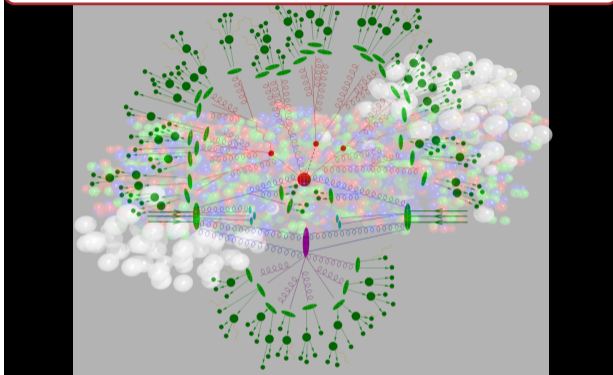
abundant parton re-scatterings in AA



- Understanding small systems closes the disconnect between HEP and HIP.
- Small systems can teach us when the physics of heavy-ions is applicable.

Two successful paradigms of hadron collisions

How to reconcile both pictures in small systems?

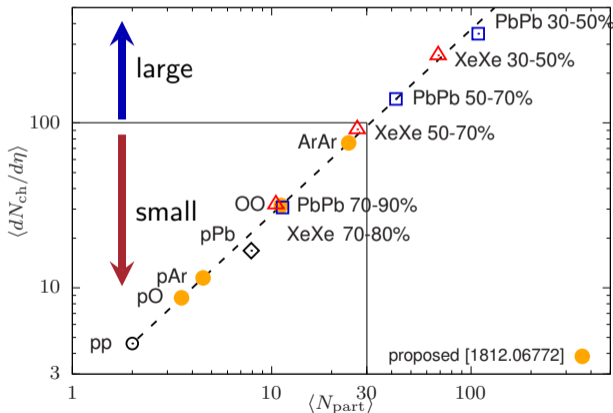


- Understanding small systems closes the disconnect between HEP and HIP.
- Small systems can teach us when the physics of heavy-ions is applicable.

Multiplicity as a measure of system size

- RHIC: pp, pAl, pAu, dAu, $^3\text{HeAu}$, CuCu, CuAu, AuAu, UU (RuRu, ZrZr, OO)
- LHC: pp, pPb, XeXe, PbPb (OO, ArAr)

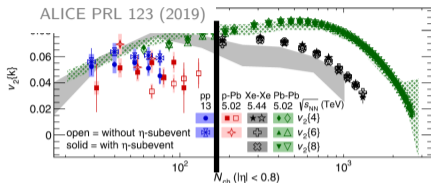
Exotics: e^+e^- , $\gamma^*\text{Pb}$ or $\gamma^*\text{p}$.



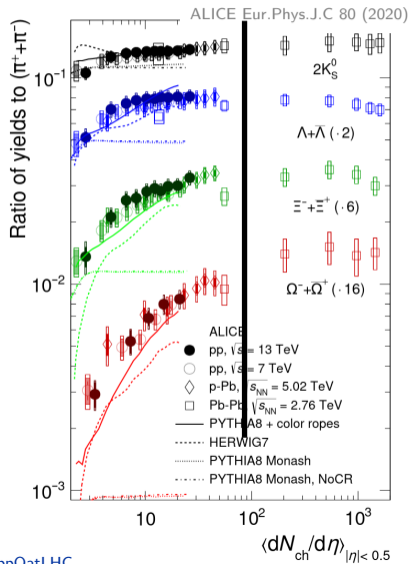
Are small systems ($dN_{ch}/dn < 100$ and $N_{part} < 30$) different from the large ones?

Small systems show new features in observables

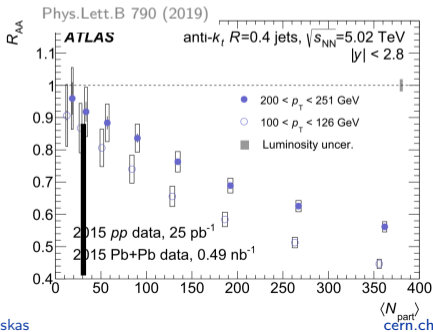
“Flattening” of v_n



Change in strangeness enhancement



Disappearance of jet quenching



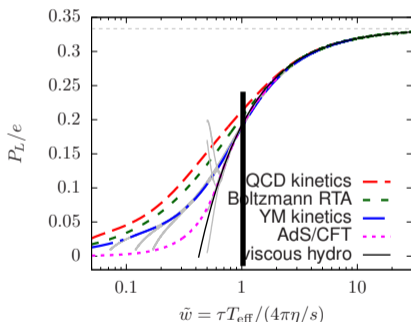
Is the medium evolution the same in large and small systems?

Small systems \implies out-of-equilibrium dynamics

Compare system life-time to equilibration times in QCD kinetic theory

Kurkela, AM, Paquet, Schlichting and Teaney (2018)[1] Kurkela, AM (2018)[2]

hydrodynamization $\frac{dN_{\text{ch}}}{d\eta} \gtrsim 63 \left(\frac{\eta/s}{0.16}\right)^3$, chemical equilibration $\frac{dN_{\text{ch}}}{d\eta} \gtrsim 110 \left(\frac{\eta/s}{0.16}\right)^3$



Giacone, AM, Schlichting (2019)[3]

Which new features of macroscopic description (beyond lattice EoS, η/s , ζ/s) can be tested with “hydro” in small systems?

Same code \neq same (relevant) physics for different size systems

Need to understand relative importance to

- Higher order-transport coefficients.
- Physical constraints in small systems.
- Non-equilibrium equation of state.
- Hadronization.

Can we see different hydro attractor?

Causality? Pressure positivity?

Plumberg Sun 19:45, Noronha, Mon 19:20, Nunes, Wed 16:30

Extensions to lattice EoS?

Mrozcek, Mon 18:40, Dore, Thu 15:20

Cooper-Frye? Coalescence? Fragmentation functions?

see talks by Paquet, Monday 15:30, Almaalol, Fri 16:55, Zhao Sun 19:45, Song, Wed 18:10

	Trajectum	AdS/CFT	kinetic theory
$\frac{\tau_{\pi} s T}{\eta}$	<p>4.5\pm2.1</p>	$4 - \log(4) \approx 2.61$	5
$\frac{\tau_{\pi\pi\pi}}{\tau_{\pi}}$	<p>2.27\pm0.50</p>	$\frac{88}{35(2-\log 2)} \approx 1.92$	$\frac{10}{7} \approx 1.43$

Second order transport coefficients fitted to pPb and PbPb data

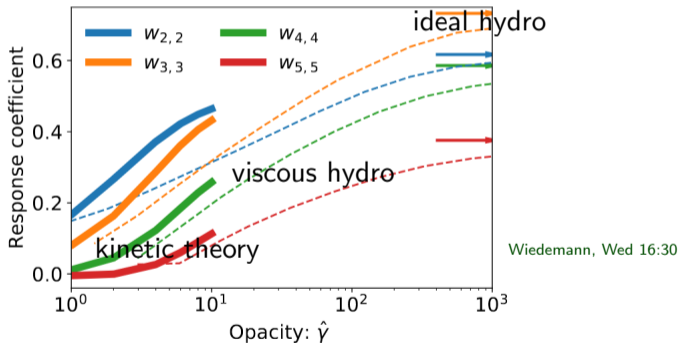
Talk by van der Schee, Tue 18:20

Beyond hydrodynamic descriptions

Many new developments on flow from kinetic descriptions.

See talks/posters by Almaalol, Brewer, Kersting, Yin, Roch, Werthmann, Wiedemann ...

$$v_n = w_{n,m} (\text{system size} \sim \hat{\gamma}) \epsilon_m + \dots$$



Response to initial geometry changes with system size (interaction strength).

For different ways of complementing hydro description see also Song, Wed 18:10

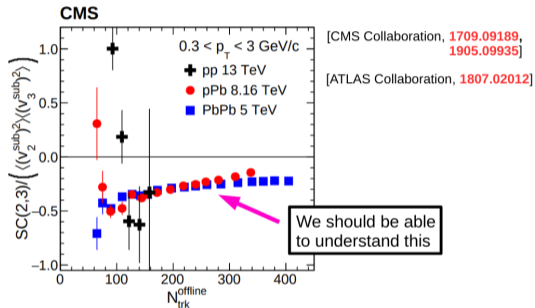
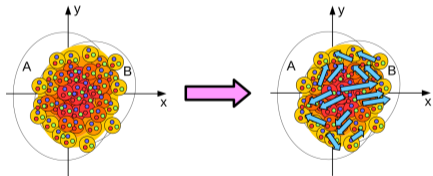
What new features of initial state can we see in small systems?

The relevant degrees of freedom in the initial state

Sources of initial state fluctuations can be constrained by a variety of observables.

See the detailed plenary talks by Giacalone, Tue, 15:30 and Soto-Ontoso 17:20

- ✓ NUCLEAR DEFORMATION length scale $\sim R_A$
- ✓ INDIVIDUAL NUCLEONS length scale $\sim [1 \text{ fm}, R_A]$
- ✓ SUB-NUCLEONIC STRUCTURES length scale $\sim [1/Q_s, 1 \text{ fm}]$
- ✓ MOMENTUM SPACE ANISOTROPY

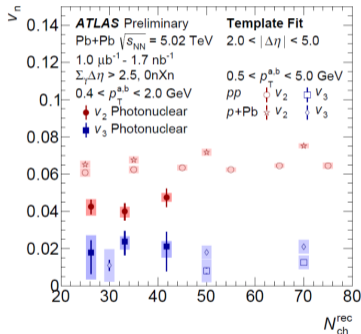
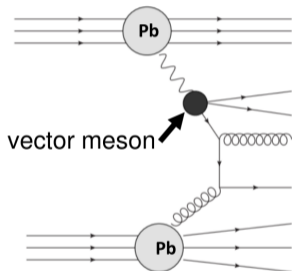


Subnucleonic structures are especially relevant for small systems, e.g. p-, d-, ^3He -Au.
Small systems test the finer details of initial state modelling.

See also Schee, Tue 18:20, Song, Wed 18:10

Collectivity in exotic systems: γ^* Pb collisions

$$|\gamma\rangle = |\gamma_0\rangle + \sum_{m,n} |mq\bar{q} + ng\rangle + \sum_{\rho,\omega} |V\rangle + \dots$$



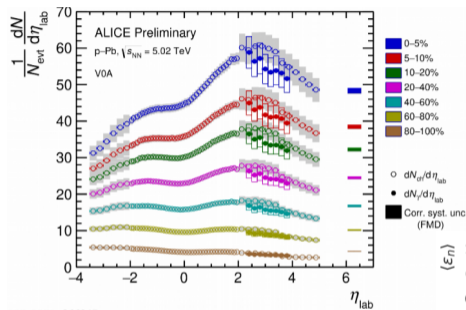
talk by Seidlitz, Mon 18:40

CGC based predictions for v_2 Shi et al. [4], but none for v_3 and final state interactions.

Can we probe nuclear wavefunction in γ^ Pb collisions?*

Going beyond boost-invariance

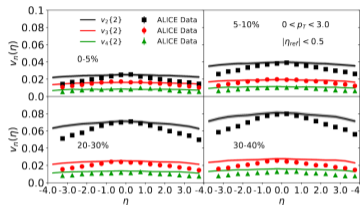
Often we make comparisons between 2D models and 3D measurement.



ALI-PREL-366347

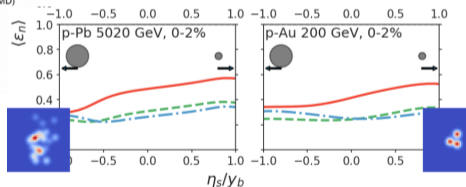
Particle production in ALICE

Modak, Wed 15:50



3D IP-Glasma

Sangyong, Tue 17:40



3D Trento

Ke, Wed 19:20

Observables in small systems can be particularly sensitive to rapidity fluctuations.

see plenaries by Hu and Belmont, Tue 15:55,16:20

Further theoretical developments and studies are needed!

see also Singh, Fri 18:40

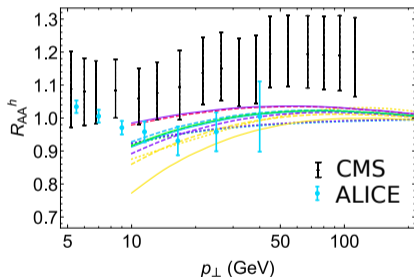
High- p_T observables in small systems

Importance of nPDF effects in small and large systems

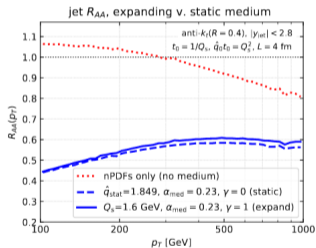
- Small systems (pA) provide valuable information on nPDFs

See plenary by Paakkinen, Fri, 18:50

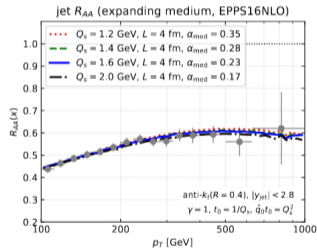
- If negligible jet-quenching in pPb \implies jet observables can be used in nPDF fits.



Energy loss in pPb, Huss et al. (2020) [5, 6]



Jet quenching in large systems, Caucal et al. [7]

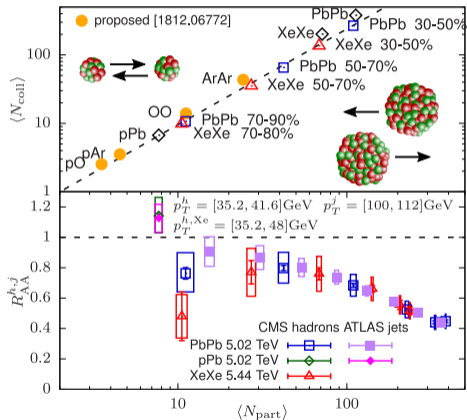


Even in large systems nPDF effects (and their uncertainties) can be relevant.

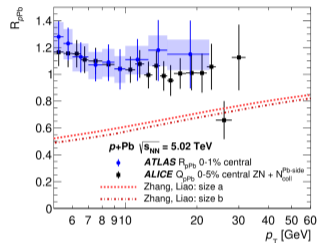
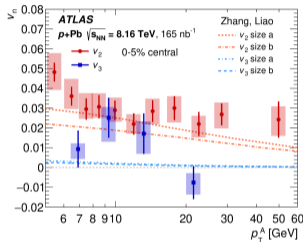
Different pA measurements will help to constrain A-dependence.

$R_{AA} - v_2$ puzzle in small systems

Persistent high- p_T flow in the absence of significant energy loss.



Huss et al. (2020) [5, 6]



Mohapatra, Wed 17:40

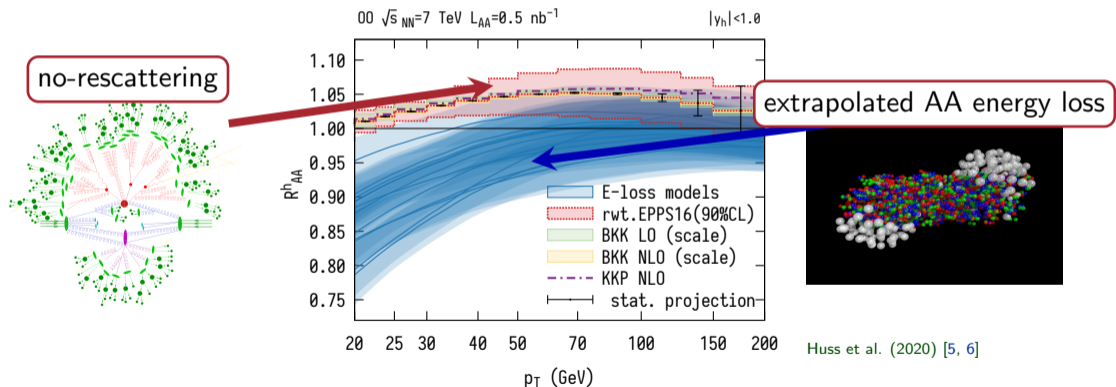
How to measure small high- p_T energy loss signal in small systems with precision?

Minimum-bias hadron R_{AA}^h in OO at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7$ TeV

- System size comparable to peripheral AA ($\langle N_{\text{part}} \rangle \approx 10$)
- Luminosity measurement – no modeling of T_{AA} needed
- Symmetric system – measurement uncertainty cancellation with pp .

Minimum-bias measurement crucial to establish HEP baseline.

See Kurkela, Wed 15:30

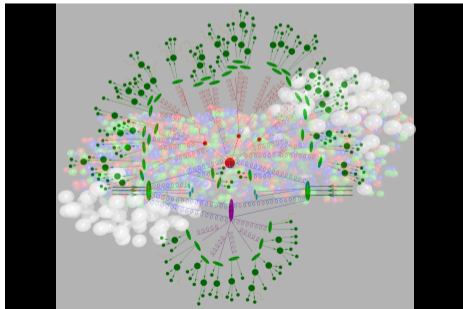


Great opportunity for a short run of oxygen-oxygen at RHIC and LHC!

What do we learn from small systems about the physics of heavy ion collisions?

Tentative answers:

- The requirements of macroscopic descriptions to apply.
- Fine details of the initial state physics.
- The nuclear modifications (and A-dependence) of PDF.
- The challenge for high- p_T energy-loss models.



Opportunities of oxygen-oxygen and proton-oxygen collisions at LHC

- Co-organisers: **Jasmine Brewer**, **Wilke van der Schee**
- 5-day virtual workshop (afternoons Geneva time)
- Physics opportunities during LHC Run 3.
 - Initial state
 - Soft dynamics of small systems
 - Hard probes in OO and pO
 - Experimental opportunities with OO and pO
 - Machine development
 - pO for cosmic-ray physics



ppOortunities
at the LHC

Feb 4-5&8-10, 2021
cern.ch/OppOatLHC

QR code

Please register!

	4 Feb 2021	5 Feb 2021	6 Feb 2021	8 Feb 2021	10 Feb 2021
AM					
PM	14:25 Opening (Zoom) ↗	14:30 Soft dynamics of small systems (until 15:30) (Zoom) ↗	14:30 Hard probes in pO and OO (until 15:45) (Zoom) ↗	14:30 Experimental opportunities with OO and pO (until 15:30) (Zoom) ↗	14:30 pO for cosmic-ray physics (until 15:30) (Zoom) ↗
	14:30 Machine development (until 15:30) (Zoom) ↗	14:30 Collectivity and GGP signals in Large and Small systems - Wenbin Zhao (Peking University) (Zoom) ↗	14:30 Talk - Petta Paakonen (OPAF - Universidade de Santiago de Compostela) (Zoom) ↗	14:30 ALICE contribution (Zoom) ↗	14:30 LHC contribution (Zoom) ↗
	14:30 Talk - Renes Amalryk (CEFS) (Zoom) ↗	14:30 Talk - Alexander Yelikh (CERN) (Zoom) ↗	15:10 ATLAS contribution - Anna-Maria Sotillos (Univ. Bourg & Ulsana Champagne) (Zoom) ↗	15:10 Talk - Dr Tsingyi Peng (KIT) (Zoom) ↗	15:10 Talk - Dr Tsingyi Peng (KIT) (Zoom) ↗
	15:00 LHC machine scenario for a short oxygen run - Di Rocco (BNL) (Zoom) ↗	15:10 Dynamical Modelling of the Collectivity in pO and OO Collisions - Dr Chun Shen (Worcester State University) (Zoom) ↗	15:10 Talk - Alexander Yelikh (CERN) (Zoom) ↗	15:10 Discussion (Zoom) ↗	15:10 Discussion (Zoom) ↗
	15:30 Luminosity determination with heavy ion beams at the LHC - Marino D'Adami (Universita e INFN Torino (IT)) (Zoom) ↗	15:30 --- Coffee break ---	15:45 --- Coffee break ---	15:30 --- Coffee break ---	15:30 --- Coffee break ---
	15:50 Discussion (until 16:15) (Zoom) ↗	16:05 Soft dynamics of small systems (until 17:05) (Zoom) ↗	16:05 Hard probes in pO and OO (until 17:05) (Zoom) ↗	16:05 Experimental opportunities with OO and pO (until 17:25) (Zoom) ↗	16:05 Experimental opportunities with OO and pO (until 17:30) (Zoom) ↗
	16:15 --- Coffee break ---	16:35 Talk - Hans Niess (Johann Wolfgang Goethe Universität) (Zoom) ↗	16:35 Jet Quenching from light to dense systems - Laura Apalonte (LJF (PT)) (Zoom) ↗	16:35 CDF contribution - Michael Murray (The University of Kansas (US)) (Zoom) ↗	16:35 PHENIX contribution - Demis Peripellis (University of Colorado Boulder) (Zoom) ↗
	16:30 Initial state (until 18:05) (Zoom) ↗	16:35 Bayesian Analysis of Oxygen-Oxygen Collisions - Giovanni Nis (Massachusetts Institute of Technology) (Zoom) ↗	16:35 The elusive energy loss signal of the Quark Gluon Plasma in OO collisions - Pratik Jagtap (Nishina-Kanbara University of Niigata University) (Zoom) ↗	16:45 Oxygen beams and LHC: prospects of pO and OO collisions for nuclear and astroparticle physics - Dr Hans Peter Dennis (TU Darmstadt) (Zoom) ↗	16:45 STAR contribution - Wei Li (Rice University (US)) (Zoom) ↗
	16:30 Correlations in collisions with 16O and 13C - Wojciech Bronowski (PŁ PAN) (Zoom) ↗	17:05 Hadron yield ratios in dynamical core corona formation from small to large systems - Yusaku Kikuchi (Nagoya Univ.) (Zoom) ↗	17:05 --- Coffee break ---	17:05 Oxygen beams and LHC: prospects of collisions with fixed targets - Giacinto Giaccone (INFN, Sezione di Firenze (IT)) (Zoom) ↗	17:05 STAR contribution - Wei Li (Rice University (US)) (Zoom) ↗
	17:10 Talk - Phil Soenik (University of Bonn) (Zoom) ↗	17:25 --- Coffee break ---	17:25 Discussion (until 18:10) (Zoom) ↗	17:25 --- Coffee break ---	17:25 --- Coffee break ---
	17:50 --- Coffee break ---	17:45 Discussion (until 18:30) (Zoom) ↗		17:45 Discussion (until 18:30) (Zoom) ↗	17:45 Discussion (until 18:30) (Zoom) ↗
	18:05 Discussion (until 18:30) (Zoom) ↗				17:55 A Pythia/Angelus perspective on OO and pO collisions - Christina Ewerich (Lund University (SE)) (Zoom) ↗
					18:05 --- Coffee break ---
					18:20 Discussion (until 18:50) (Zoom) ↗
					18:50 Closing (Zoom) ↗

Bibliography I

- [1] Aleksi Kurkela, Aleksas Mazeliauskas, Jean-François Paquet, Sören Schlichting, and Derek Teaney. Matching the Nonequilibrium Initial Stage of Heavy Ion Collisions to Hydrodynamics with QCD Kinetic Theory. *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, 122(12):122302, 2019, 1805.01604.
- [2] Aleksi Kurkela and Aleksas Mazeliauskas. Chemical equilibration in hadronic collisions. *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, 122:142301, 2019, 1811.03040.
- [3] Giuliano Giacalone, Aleksas Mazeliauskas, and Sören Schlichting. Hydrodynamic attractors, initial state energy and particle production in relativistic nuclear collisions. *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, 123(26):262301, 2019, 1908.02866.
- [4] Yu Shi, Lei Wang, Shu-Yi Wei, Bo-Wen Xiao, and Liang Zheng. Exploring the Collective Phenomenon at the Electron-Ion Collider. 2020, 2008.03569.
- [5] Alexander Huss, Aleksi Kurkela, Aleksas Mazeliauskas, Risto Paatelainen, Wilke van der Schee, and Urs Achim Wiedemann. Discovering partonic rescattering in light nucleus collisions. 2020, 2007.13754.
- [6] Alexander Huss, Aleksi Kurkela, Aleksas Mazeliauskas, Risto Paatelainen, Wilke van der Schee, and Urs Achim Wiedemann. Predicting parton energy loss in small collision systems. 2020, 2007.13758.
- [7] P. Caucal, E. Iancu, A. H. Mueller, and G. Soyez. Nuclear modification factors for jet fragmentation. *JHEP*, 10:204, 2020, 2005.05852.

Backup