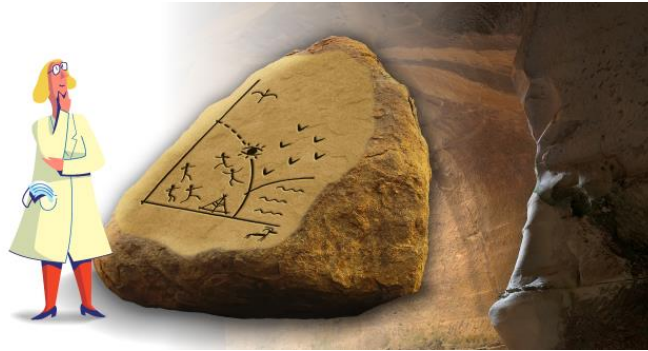


Exploring the QCD phase diagram within a microscopic transport approach*

IS2021

The VIth International Conference on the
INITIAL STAGES
OF HIGH-ENERGY NUCLEAR
COLLISIONS



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In collaboration with: Olga
Soloveva, Taesoo Song, Elena
Bratkovskaya, Steffen A. Bass



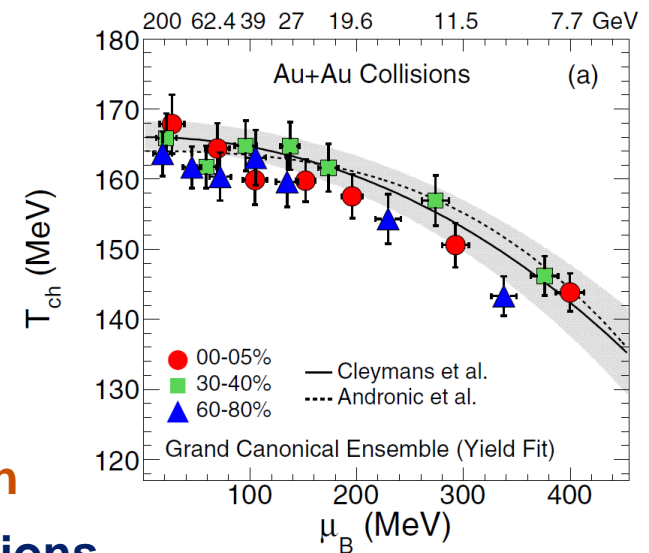
Duke



* work supported by the U.S. D.O.E. under Grant No. DE-FG02-05ER41367

- **The QCD phase diagram** can be explored in heavy-ion collisions by varying the collisional energy and system size
- Information about **freeze-out parameters** is extracted using hadron resonance gas (HRG) model (**simple model, no dynamics**)
- **Goal:** Use a **fully microscopic transport approach** to study the matter produced in heavy-ion collisions

BES STAR: PHYSICAL REVIEW C 96, 044904 (2017)



Parton-Hadron-String-Dynamics (PHSD)

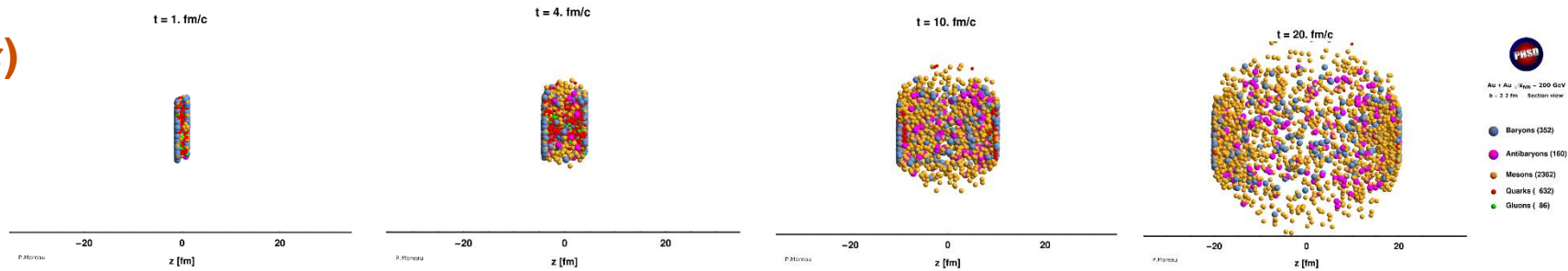


off-shell transport equations in phase-space representation for both **partonic** and **hadronic phase**

W.Cassing, E.Bratkovskaya, PRC 78 (2008) 034919; NPA831 (2009) 215; W.Cassing, EPJ ST 168 (2009) 3

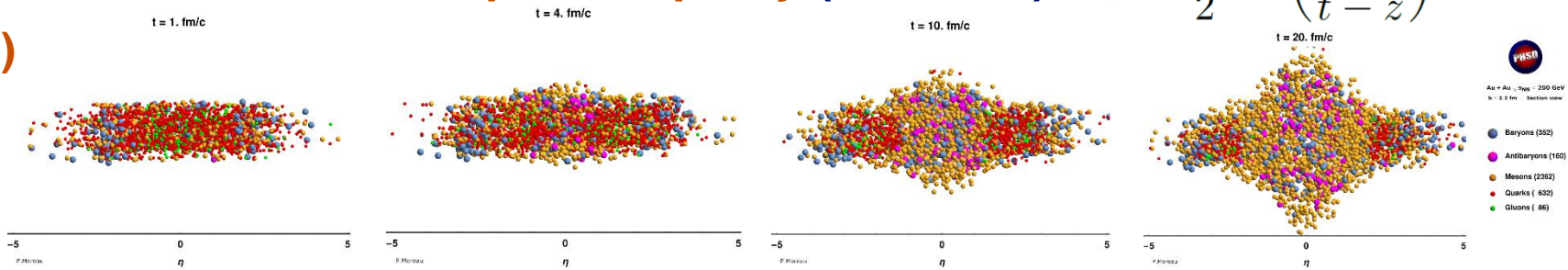
- Calculation of the energy-momentum tensor ($T^{\mu\nu}$) and charge currents (J_B^μ , J_Q^μ , J_S^μ) in (τ, x, y, η) coordinates

(t, x, y, z)



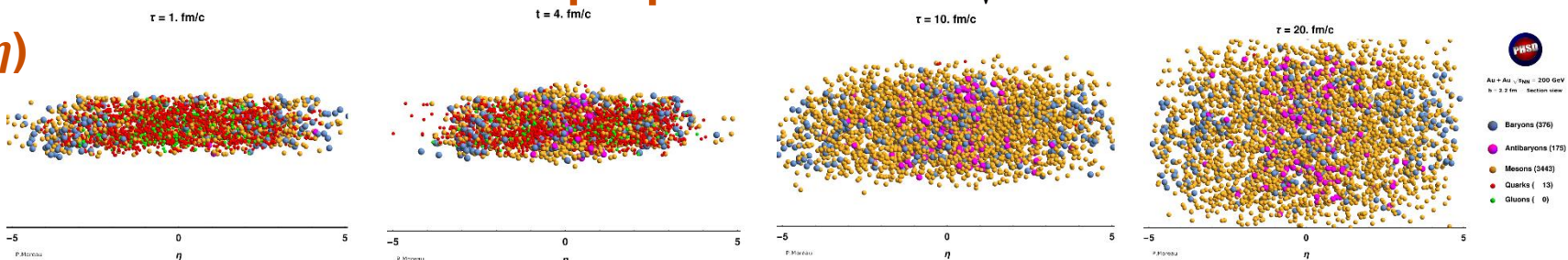
- Transformation of z to **spatial rapidity** (at fixed t): $\eta_s = \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{t+z}{t-z} \right)$

(t, x, y, η)



- Transformation of time t to **proper time**: $\tau = \sqrt{t^2 - z^2}$

(τ, x, y, η)



- **Hadron resonance gas (HRG) model: equation of state of a noninteracting hadron gas, valid for $T < T_c$ and all μ_B**

- **Lattice QCD EoS at arbitrary T, μ_B, μ_Q, μ_S**

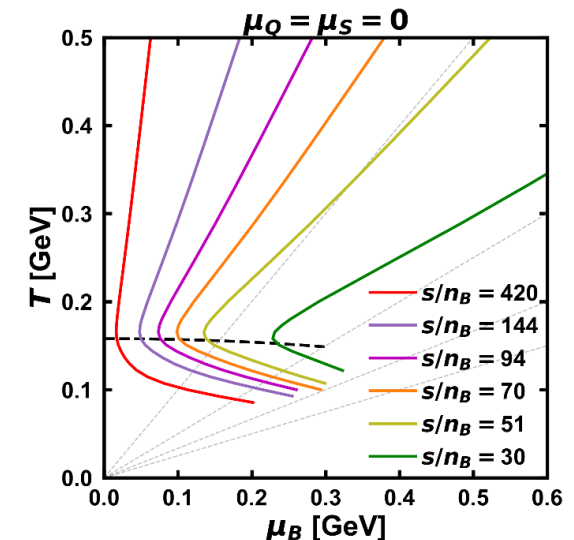
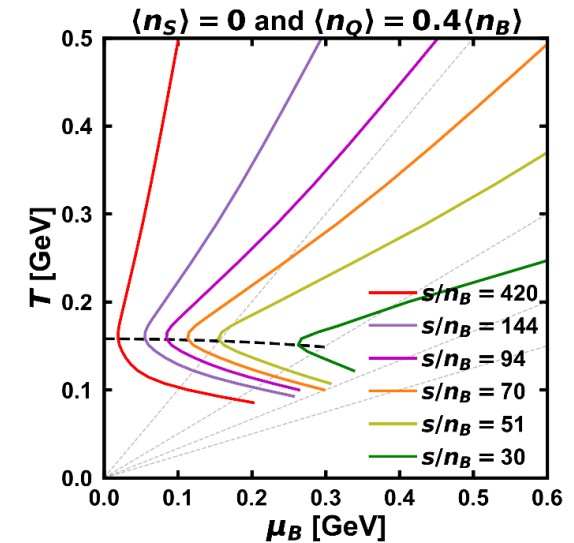
$$\frac{P(T, \mu)}{T^4} = \sum_{i,j,k} \frac{\chi_{i,j,k}^{B,Q,S}(T)}{i!j!k!} \left(\frac{\mu_B}{T}\right)^i \left(\frac{\mu_Q}{T}\right)^j \left(\frac{\mu_S}{T}\right)^k$$

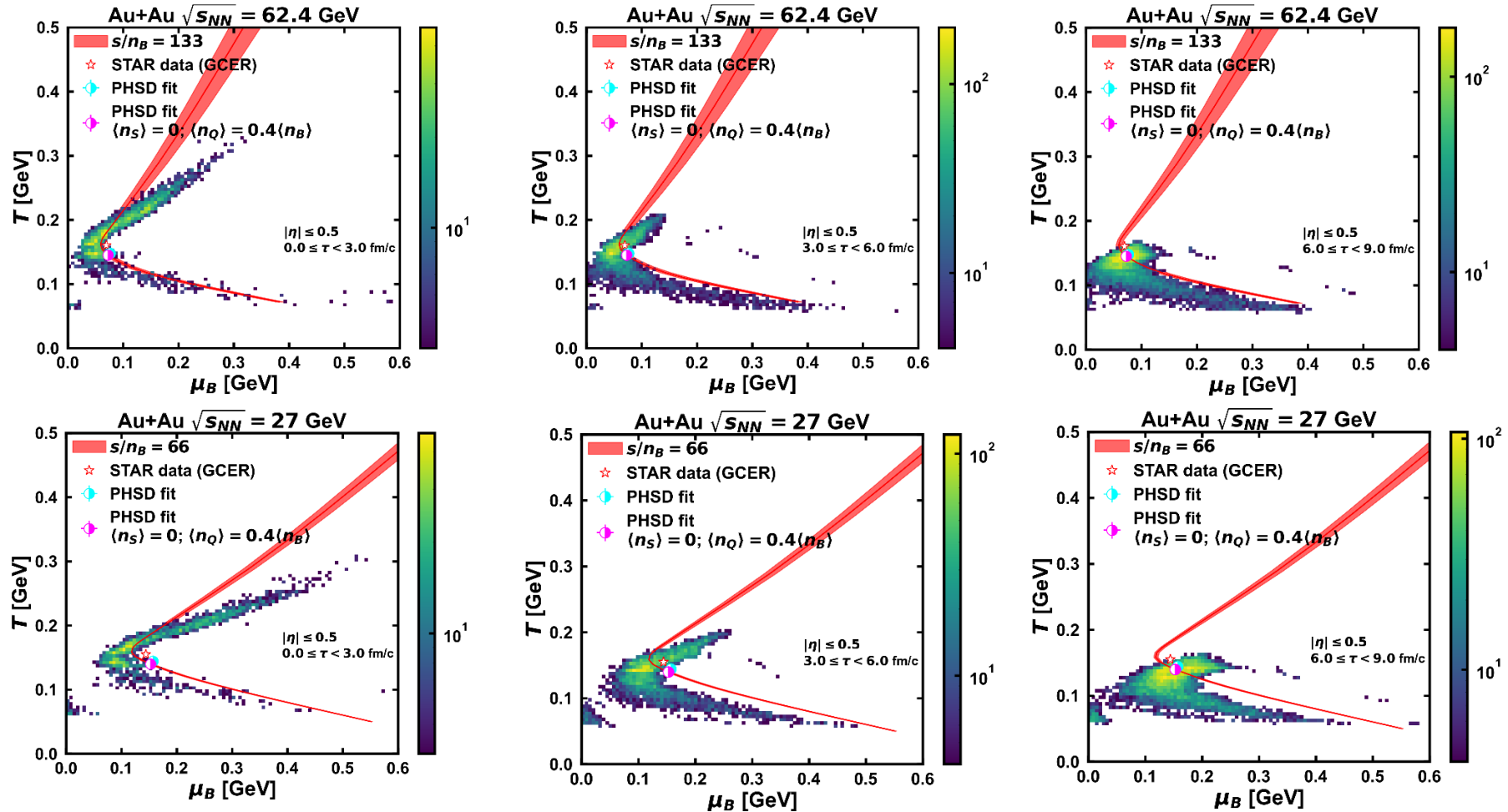
- **Match the HRG EoS and the IQCD EoS at the critical temperature $T_c(\mu)$**

$$\frac{P}{T^4} = \frac{1}{2} [1 - f(T, \mu_J)] \frac{P_{HRG}}{T^4} + \frac{1}{2} [1 + f(T, \mu_J)] \frac{P_{IQCD}}{T^4}$$

- **With the QCD EoS, our next steps are to:**
 - **calculate (T, μ_B, μ_Q, μ_S) from $(\epsilon, n_B, n_Q, n_S)$ in PHSD**
 - **compare with freeze out parameters and isentropic trajectories**

Isentropic trajectories at fixed s/n_B

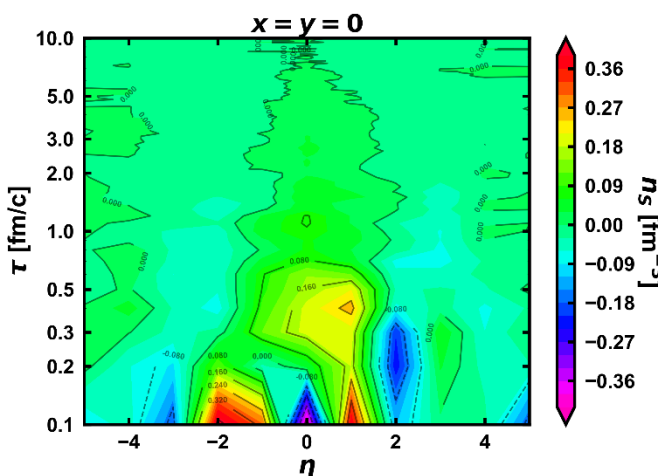




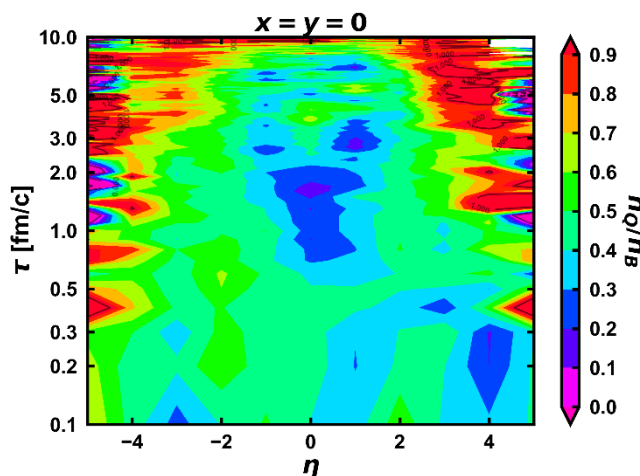
- A significant portion of the matter passes through the freeze-out parameters extracted from the final particle spectra
- Small deviations from the isentropic trajectories are seen at all times

Illustrations at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 62.4$ GeV

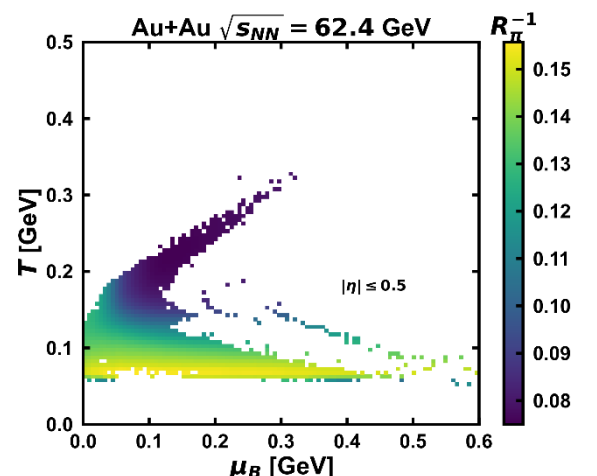
- Isentropic trajectories at fixed s/n_B assume $\langle n_S \rangle = 0$ and $\langle n_Q \rangle = 0.4 \langle n_B \rangle$, which is not strictly realized during the whole dynamics of the PHSD



Strangeness density



Ratio of charge density over baryon density



Inverse Reynolds number associated with the shear-stress tensor

- Large dissipative currents** (bulk viscous pressure, shear-stress tensor) can modify the trajectories in the phase diagram

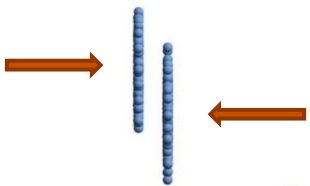
T. Dore, J. Noronha-Hostler, E. McLaughlin, Phys.Rev.D 102 (2020) 7, 074017

- Coarse graining in η enhances deviations from equilibrium at late times

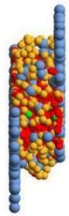
Backup slides

Stages of a collision in PHSD

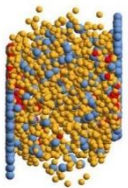
Initial A+A collision



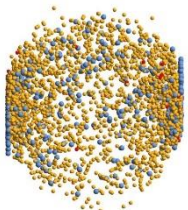
Partonic phase



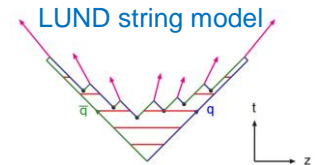
Hadronization



Hadronic phase

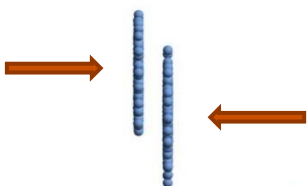


- **String formation** in primary NN collisions
- **decays** to pre-hadrons (baryons and mesons)

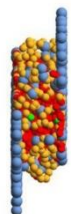


Stages of a collision in PHSD

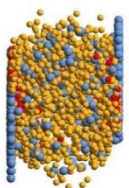
Initial A+A
collision



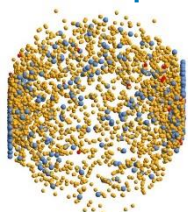
Partonic
phase



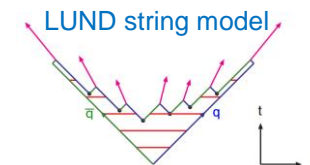
Hadronization



Hadronic phase

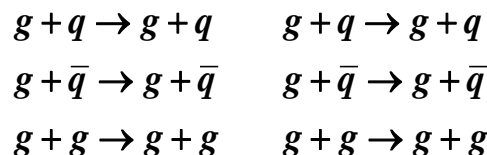


- **String formation** in primary NN collisions
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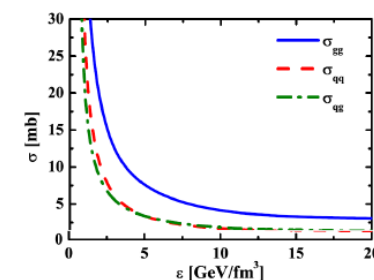
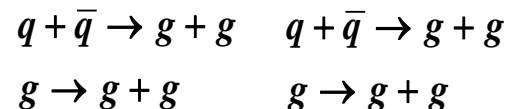


- **Formation of a QGP state** if $\varepsilon > \varepsilon_{critical}$:
Dissolution of pre-hadrons → DQPM
→ **massive quarks/gluons and mean-field energy**

(quasi-)elastic collisions :

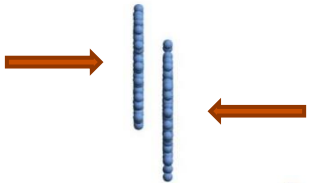


inelastic collisions :

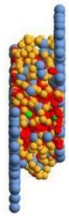


Stages of a collision in PHSD

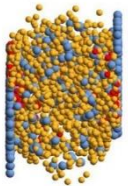
Initial A+A collision



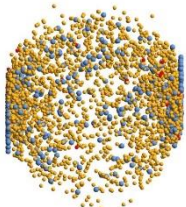
Partonic phase



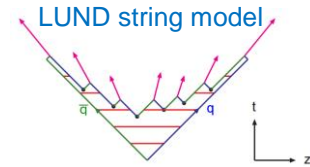
Hadronization



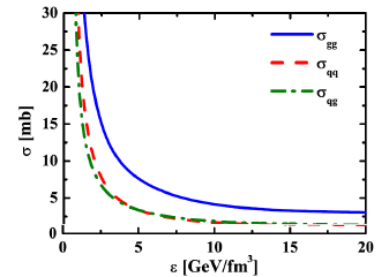
Hadronic phase



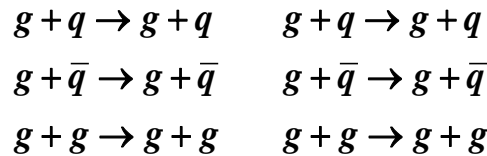
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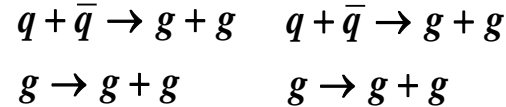
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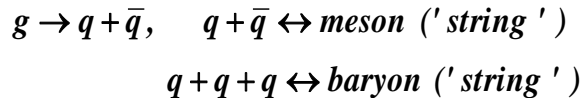
(quasi-)elastic collisions :



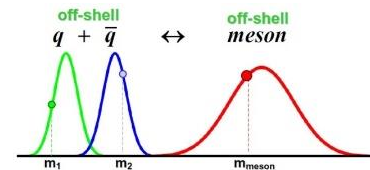
inelastic collisions :



- **Hadronization to colorless off-shell mesons and baryons**

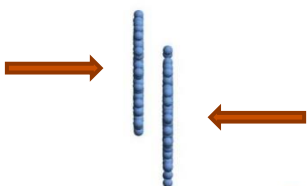


Strict 4-momentum and quantum number conservation

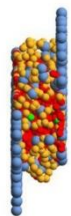


Stages of a collision in PHSD

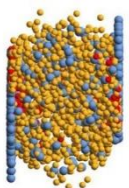
Initial A+A
collision



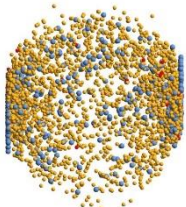
Partonic
phase



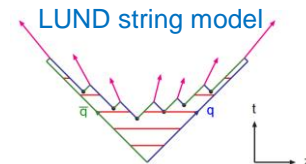
Hadronization



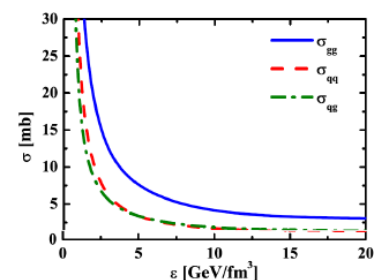
Hadronic phase



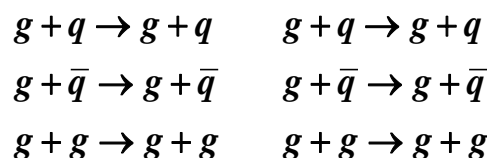
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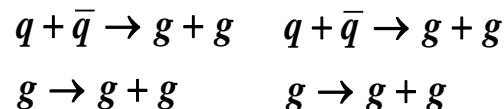
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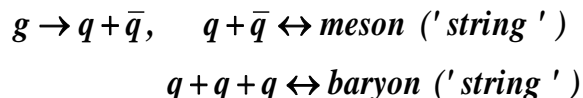
(quasi-)elastic collisions :



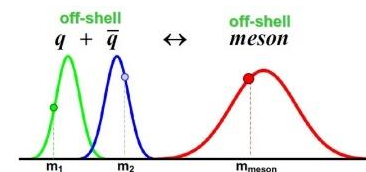
inelastic collisions :



- **Hadronization to colorless off-shell mesons and baryons**



Strict 4-momentum and quantum number conservation



- **Hadron-string interactions – off-shell HSD**

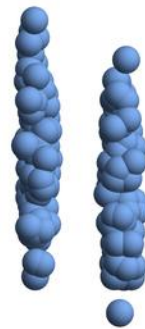
Stages of a collision in PHSD






$t = -1.9 \text{ fm}/c$



$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view



-  Baryons (193)
-  Antibaryons (0)
-  Mesons (0)
-  Quarks (0)
-  Gluons (0)

-20

0

20

$z \text{ [fm]}$

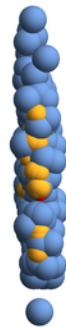
Stages of a collision in PHSD






$t = 0$. fm/c



$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view



-  Baryons (193)
-  Antibaryons (0)
-  Mesons (207)
-  Quarks (250)
-  Gluons (17)

-20

0

20

z [fm]

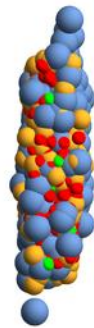
Stages of a collision in PHSD

$t = 1. \text{ fm}/c$



$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view



- Baryons (196)
- Antibaryons (0)
- Mesons (316)
- Quarks (656)
- Gluons (91)

-20

0

20

$z \text{ [fm]}$

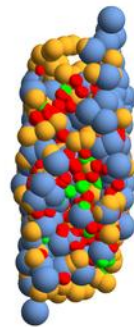
Stages of a collision in PHSD






$t = 2. \text{ fm}/c$



$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view



-  Baryons (198)
-  Antibaryons (2)
-  Mesons (366)
-  Quarks (585)
-  Gluons (91)

-20

0

20

$z \text{ [fm]}$

P. Moreau

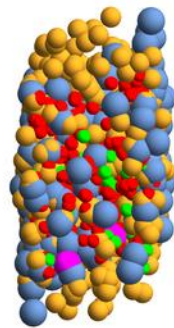
Stages of a collision in PHSD

$t = 3. \text{ fm}/c$



$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view



- Baryons (195)
- Antibaryons (8)
- Mesons (482)
- Quarks (457)
- Gluons (83)

-20

0

20

$z \text{ [fm]}$

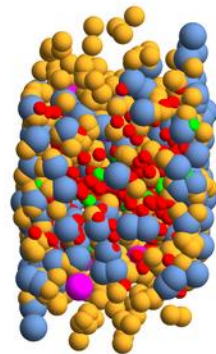
Stages of a collision in PHSD






$t = 4. \text{ fm}/c$



$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view



-  Baryons (202)
-  Antibaryons (12)
-  Mesons (582)
-  Quarks (357)
-  Gluons (54)

-20

0

20

P. Moreau

z [fm]

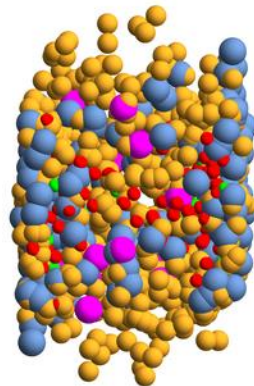
Stages of a collision in PHSD

$t = 5. \text{ fm}/c$



$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view



- Baryons (213)
- Antibaryons (25)
- Mesons (682)
- Quarks (220)
- Gluons (36)

-20

0

20

$z \text{ [fm]}$

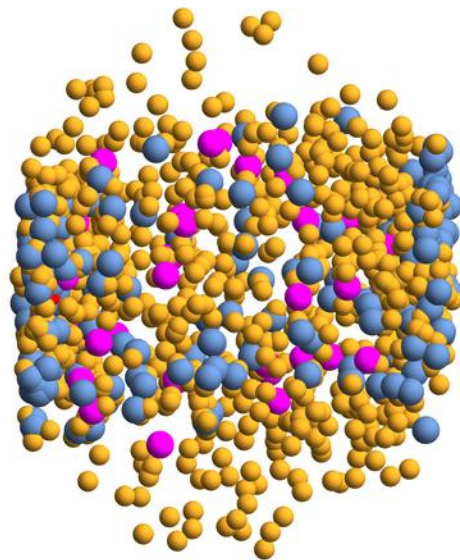
Stages of a collision in PHSD

$t = 10. \text{ fm}/c$



$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view



- Baryons (222)
- Antibaryons (33)
- Mesons (885)
- Quarks (9)
- Gluons (2)

-20

0

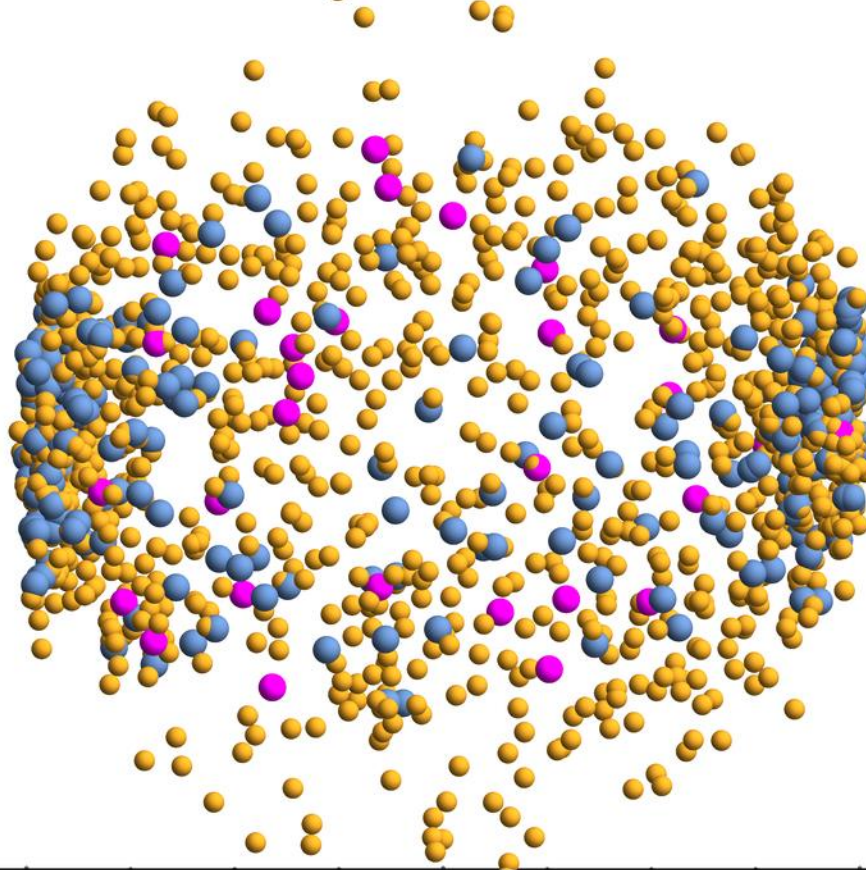
20

P. Moreau

z [fm]

Stages of a collision in PHSD

$t = 20. \text{ fm}/c$



-20

0

20

$z \text{ [fm]}$



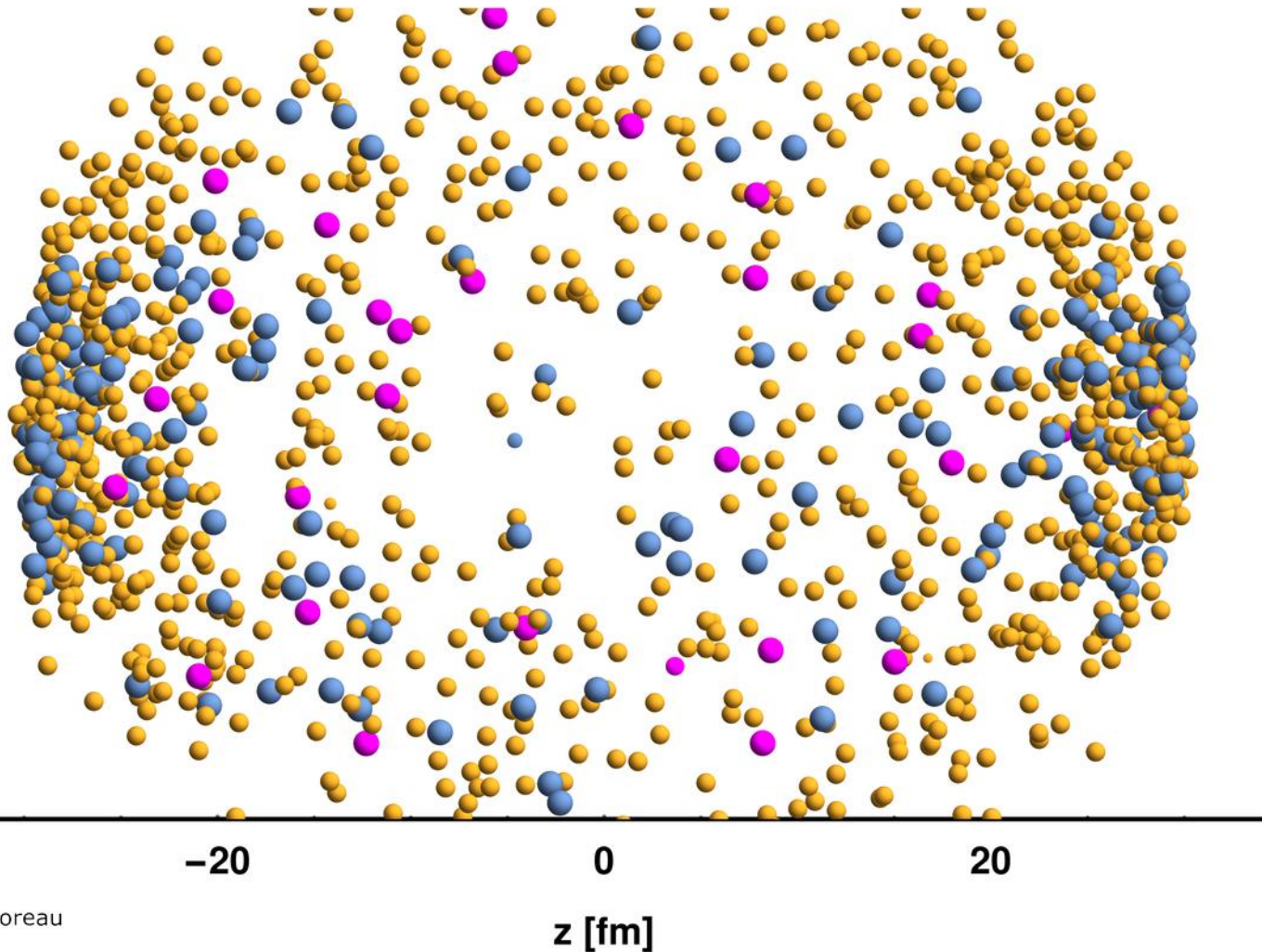
$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view

- Baryons (225)
- Antibaryons (29)
- Mesons (1009)
- Quarks (0)
- Gluons (0)

Stages of a collision in PHSD

$t = 30. \text{ fm}/c$



$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6 \text{ GeV}$

$b = 2.2 \text{ fm}$ – Section view

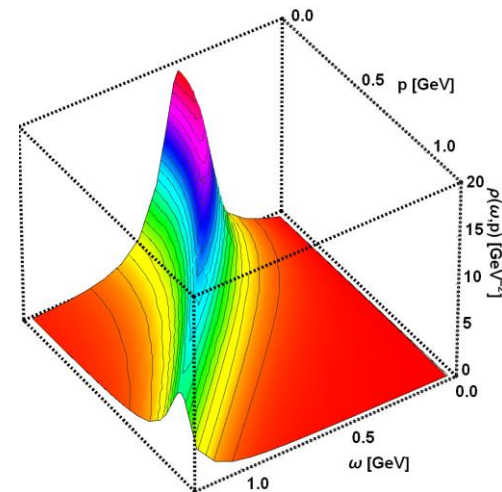
- Baryons (221)
- Antibaryons (29)
- Mesons (1058)
- Quarks (0)
- Gluons (0)

Dynamical QuasiParticle Model (DQPM)

- The QGP phase is described in terms of **interacting quasiparticles**: quarks and gluons with Lorentzian spectral functions

$$\rho_j(\omega, \mathbf{p}) = \frac{\gamma_j}{\tilde{E}_j} \left(\frac{1}{(\omega - \tilde{E}_j)^2 + \gamma_j^2} - \frac{1}{(\omega + \tilde{E}_j)^2 + \gamma_j^2} \right)$$

$$\equiv \frac{4\omega\gamma_j}{(\omega^2 - \mathbf{p}^2 - M_j^2)^2 + 4\gamma_j^2\omega^2}$$



- Resummed properties of the quasiparticles are specified by scalar **complex self-energies**:

$$\Pi = M^2 - 2i\gamma\omega$$

- Real part of the self-energy: **thermal mass** (M_g, M_q)
- Imaginary part of the self-energy: **interaction width of partons** (γ_g, γ_q)
- Propagator: $\Delta = (\omega^2 - p^2 - \Pi)^{-1}$

Peshier, Cassing, PRL 94 (2005) 172301; Cassing, NPA 791 (2007) 365; NPA 793 (2007)

DQPM - Parton properties

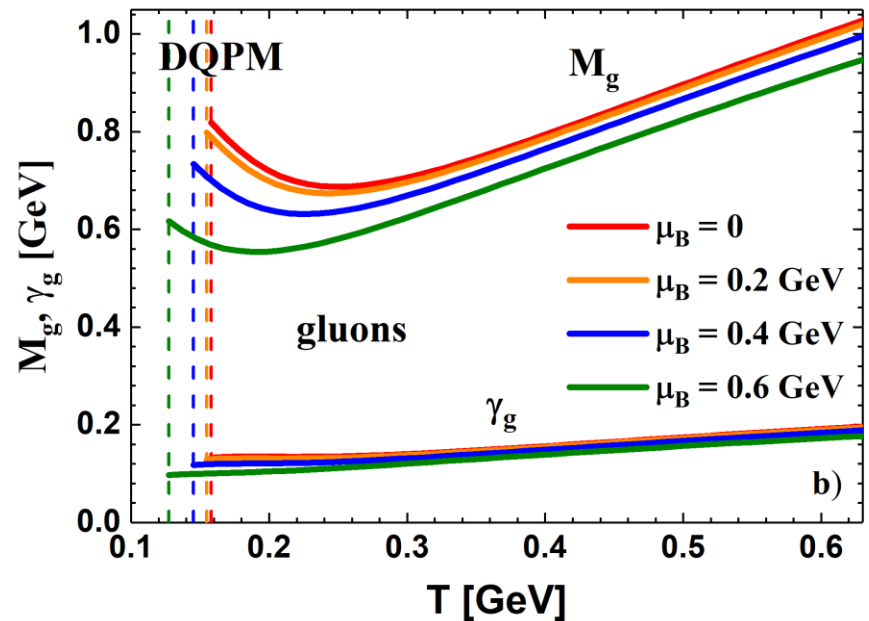
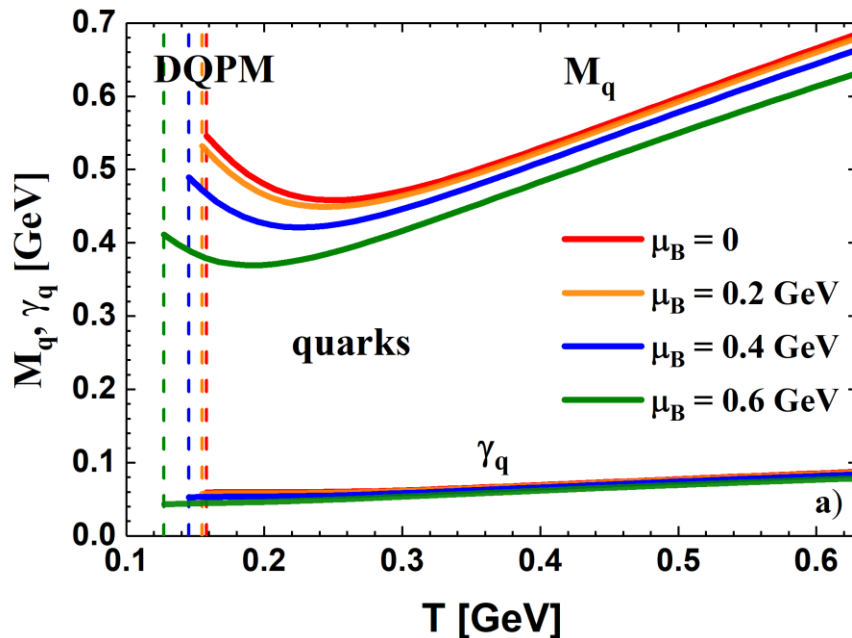
- Modeling of the quark/gluon masses and widths (inspired by HTL calculations)

$$M_g^2(T, \mu_B) = \frac{g^2(T, \mu_B)}{6} \left(\left(N_c + \frac{1}{2} N_f \right) T^2 + \frac{N_c}{2} \sum_q \frac{\mu_q^2}{\pi^2} \right)$$

$$\gamma_{q(\bar{q})}(T, \mu_B) = \frac{1}{3} \frac{N_c^2 - 1}{2N_c} \frac{g^2(T, \mu_B) T}{8\pi} \ln \left(\frac{2c}{g^2(T, \mu_B)} + 1 \right)$$

$$M_{q(\bar{q})}^2(T, \mu_B) = \frac{N_c^2 - 1}{8N_c} g^2(T, \mu_B) \left(T^2 + \frac{\mu_q^2}{\pi^2} \right)$$

$$\gamma_g(T, \mu_B) = \frac{1}{3} N_c \frac{g^2(T, \mu_B) T}{8\pi} \ln \left(\frac{2c}{g^2(T, \mu_B)} + 1 \right)$$



DQPM Thermodynamics

- Entropy and baryon density in the quasiparticle limit:

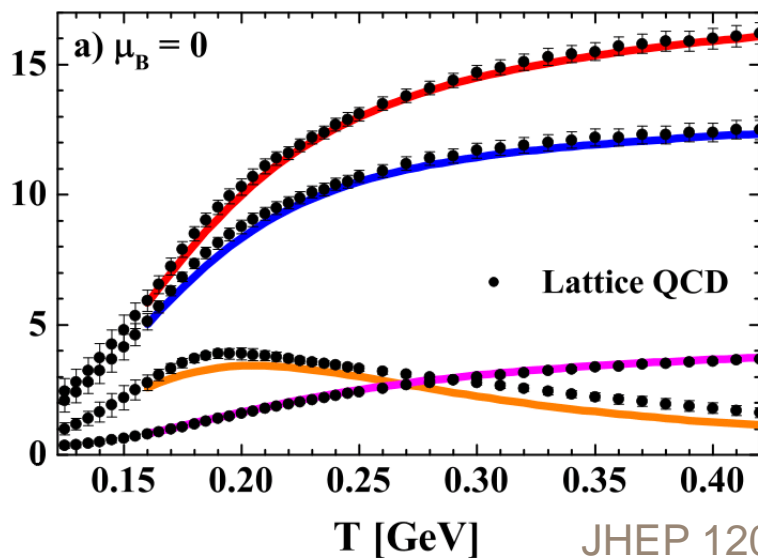
$$s^{dqp} = - \int \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \left[d_g \frac{\partial n_B}{\partial T} (\text{Im}(\ln -\Delta^{-1}) + \text{Im} \Pi \text{Re} \Delta) \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{q=u,d,s} d_q \frac{\partial n_F(\omega - \mu_q)}{\partial T} (\text{Im}(\ln -S_q^{-1}) + \text{Im} \Sigma_q \text{Re} S_q) \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{\bar{q}=\bar{u},\bar{d},\bar{s}} d_{\bar{q}} \frac{\partial n_F(\omega + \mu_q)}{\partial T} (\text{Im}(\ln -S_{\bar{q}}^{-1}) + \text{Im} \Sigma_{\bar{q}} \text{Re} S_{\bar{q}}) \right]$$

$$n^{dqp} = - \int \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3}$$

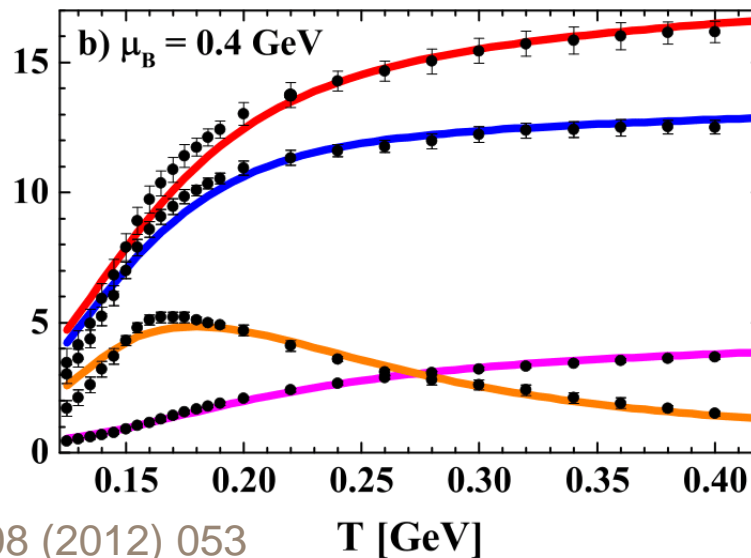
$$\left[\sum_{q=u,d,s} d_q \frac{\partial n_F(\omega - \mu_q)}{\partial \mu_q} (\text{Im}(\ln -S_q^{-1}) + \text{Im} \Sigma_q \text{Re} S_q) \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{\bar{q}=\bar{u},\bar{d},\bar{s}} d_{\bar{q}} \frac{\partial n_F(\omega + \mu_q)}{\partial \mu_q} (\text{Im}(\ln -S_{\bar{q}}^{-1}) + \text{Im} \Sigma_{\bar{q}} \text{Re} S_{\bar{q}}) \right]$$

— P/T^4 — ε/T^4 — s/T^3 — I/T^4

Blaizot, Iancu, Rebhan, Phys. Rev. D 63 (2001) 065003

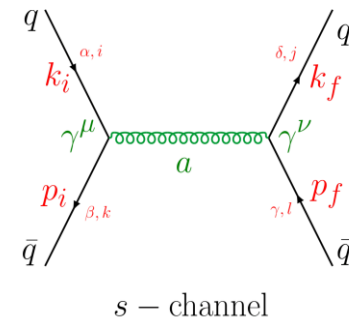
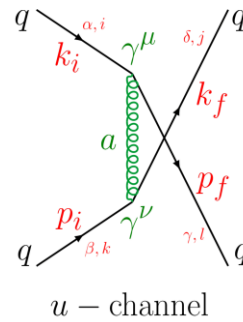
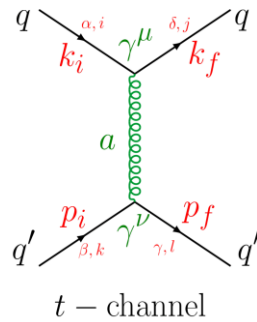


JHEP 1208 (2012) 053

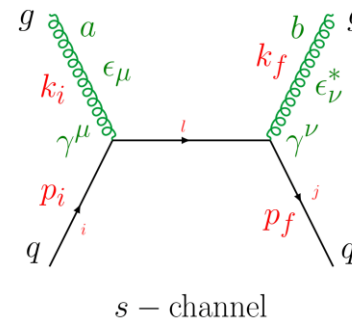
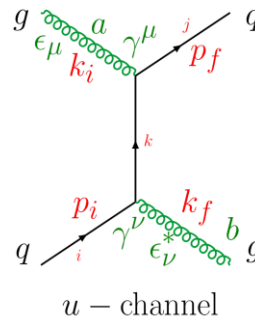
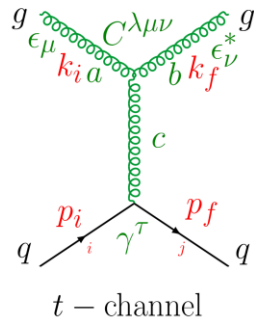


Partonic interactions: matrix elements

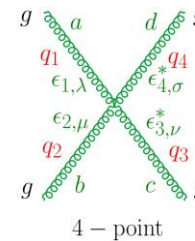
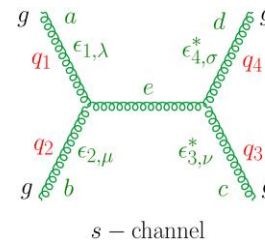
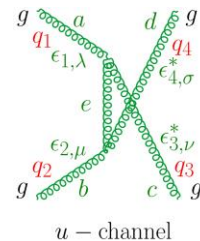
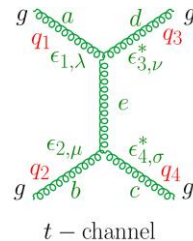
qq' , $q\bar{q}$



gq



gg



Energy-momentum tensor in PHSD

- In each space-time cell of the PHSD, the energy-momentum tensor is calculated by the formula:

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \sum_i \frac{p_i^\mu p_i^\nu}{E_i}$$

- Diagonalization of the energy-momentum tensor to get the energy density and pressure components expressed in the local rest frame (LRF)

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} T^{00} & T^{01} & T^{02} & T^{03} \\ T^{10} & T^{11} & T^{12} & T^{13} \\ T^{20} & T^{21} & T^{22} & T^{23} \\ T^{30} & T^{31} & T^{32} & T^{33} \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon^{LRF} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & P_x^{LRF} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & P_y^{LRF} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & P_z^{LRF} \end{pmatrix}$$

- **Landau-matching condition:**

Xu et al., Phys.Rev. C96 (2017), 024902

$$T^{\mu\nu} u_\nu = \epsilon u^\mu = (\epsilon g^{\mu\nu}) u_\nu$$

Hydrodynamic decomposition

□ Energy-momentum tensor

$$T^{\mu\nu} = e u^\mu u^\nu - (P_0 + \Pi)(g^{\mu\nu} - u^\mu u^\nu) + \pi^{\mu\nu}$$

□ Charge currents

$$J_{(B,Q,S)}^\mu = n_{(B,Q,S)} u^\mu + n_{(B,Q,S)}^\mu$$

□ Reynolds number associated to each dissipative current:

$$R_\Pi^{-1} = \frac{|\Pi|}{(e + P_0)} \quad R_\pi^{-1} = \frac{|\pi^{\mu\nu}|}{(e + P_0)} \quad R_{n_{(B,Q,S)}}^{-1} = \frac{|n_{(B,Q,S)}^\mu|}{n_{(B,Q,S)}}$$

T. Dore, J. Noronha-Hostler, E. McLaughlin, Phys.Rev.D 102 (2020) 7, 074017

G S Denicol 2014 J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. 41 124004

□ In PHSD:

$$J_{(B,Q,S)}^\mu = \sum_i \frac{p_i^\mu}{E_i} (B_i, Q_i, S_i) \quad n_{(B,Q,S)} = u_\mu J_{(B,Q,S)}^\mu$$

HRG & IQCD EoS

- **Hadron resonance gas (HRG) model:** equation of state of a noninteracting hadron gas, valid for $T < T_c$ and all μ_B
 - Include all mesons and (anti)baryons which are in PHSD
 - Particle information (mass, spin, width, quark content, ...) from



<https://github.com/scikit-hep/particle>

Particle : PDG particle data and identification codes

- Calculate thermodynamics

Start with the partition function in the Grand-Canonical ensemble (GC):

$$\ln Z^{GC}(T, V, \{\mu_i\}) = \sum_{\text{species } i} \frac{g_i V}{(2\pi)^3} \int d^3 p \ln(1 \pm e^{-\beta(E_i - \mu_i)})^{\pm 1}, \quad \mu_i = B_i \mu_B + S_i \mu_S + Q_i \mu_Q$$

$$P^{GC} = T \frac{\partial \ln Z^{GC}}{\partial V} \quad N_i^{GC} = T \frac{\partial \ln Z^{GC}}{\partial \mu_i} \quad S^{GC} = \frac{\partial}{\partial T} (T \ln Z^{GC})$$

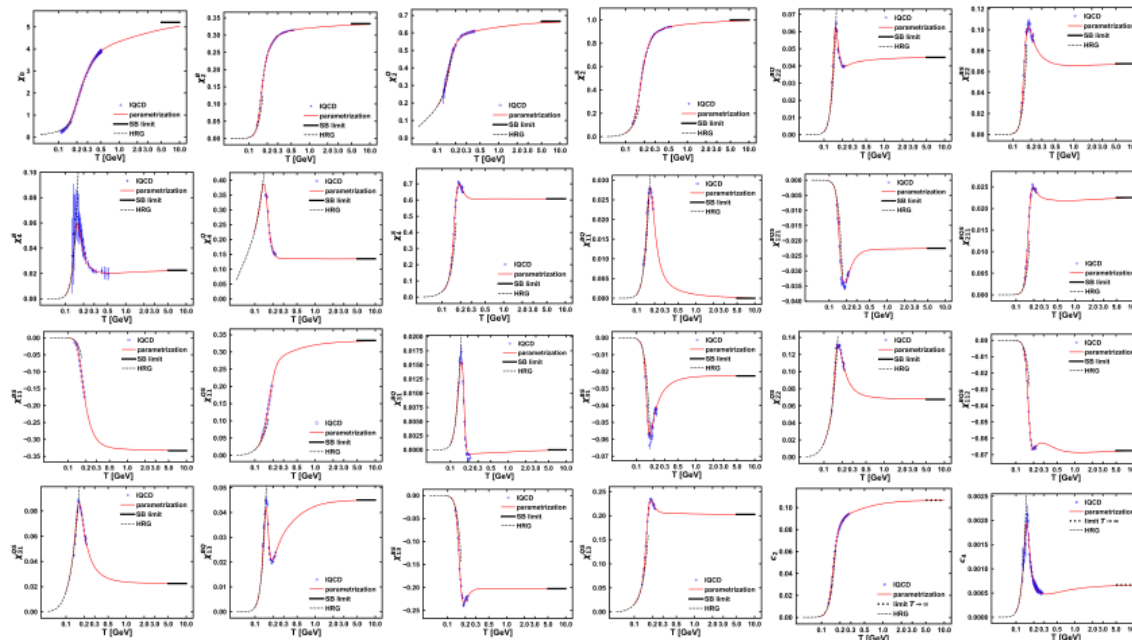
S. Wheaton et al. / Computer Physics Communications 180 (2009) 84–106

HRG & IQCD EoS

- **Hadron resonance gas (HRG) model:** equation of state of a noninteracting hadron gas, valid for $T < T_c$ and all μ_B
- **Lattice QCD EoS at arbitrary T, μ_B, μ_Q, μ_S**

Parametrization for the susceptibilities χ inspired from:

J. Noronha-Hostler, P. Parotto, C. Ratti, and J. M. Stafford: Phys. Rev. C **100**, 064910



HRG & IQCD EoS

- **Hadron resonance gas (HRG) model:** equation of state of a noninteracting hadron gas, valid for $T < T_c$ and all μ_B
- **Lattice QCD EoS** at arbitrary T, μ_B, μ_Q, μ_S
- **Match the HRG EoS and the IQCD EoS at the critical temperature $T_c(\mu)$**

$$\frac{P}{T^4} = \frac{1}{2} [1 - f(T, \mu_J)] \frac{P_{HRG}}{T^4} + \frac{1}{2} [1 + f(T, \mu_J)] \frac{P_{IQCD}}{T^4}$$

Matching function:

$$f(T, \mu_J) = \tanh((T - T_c(\mu_B))/\Delta T_c) \quad \text{with } J = \{B, Q, S\} \text{ and where } \Delta T_c = 0.1T_c(0)$$

Same procedure as in:

Akihiko Monnai, Björn Schenke, and Chun Shen: Phys. Rev. C 100, 024907

Extraction of freeze-out parameters

- To compare the PHSD trajectories with the **isentropic trajectories**, we need to find first the **freeze-out parameters**
 - Use the particle densities from the HRG EoS as a function of T, μ_B, μ_Q, μ_S
 - Take into account **decay of unstable particles** in order to fit the **PHSD final particle yields**

Decay
Language

The logo for DecayLanguage features the word "Decay" in a teal, sans-serif font above the word "Language" in the same font. A red line starts from the right side of "Decay", goes down, then right, then up, and finally right again, ending under the "e" in "Language".

<https://github.com/scikit-hep/decaylanguage>

DecayLanguage: describe, manipulate and convert particle decays

- Fit model to PHSD data and obtain T, μ_B, μ_Q, μ_S at freeze-out

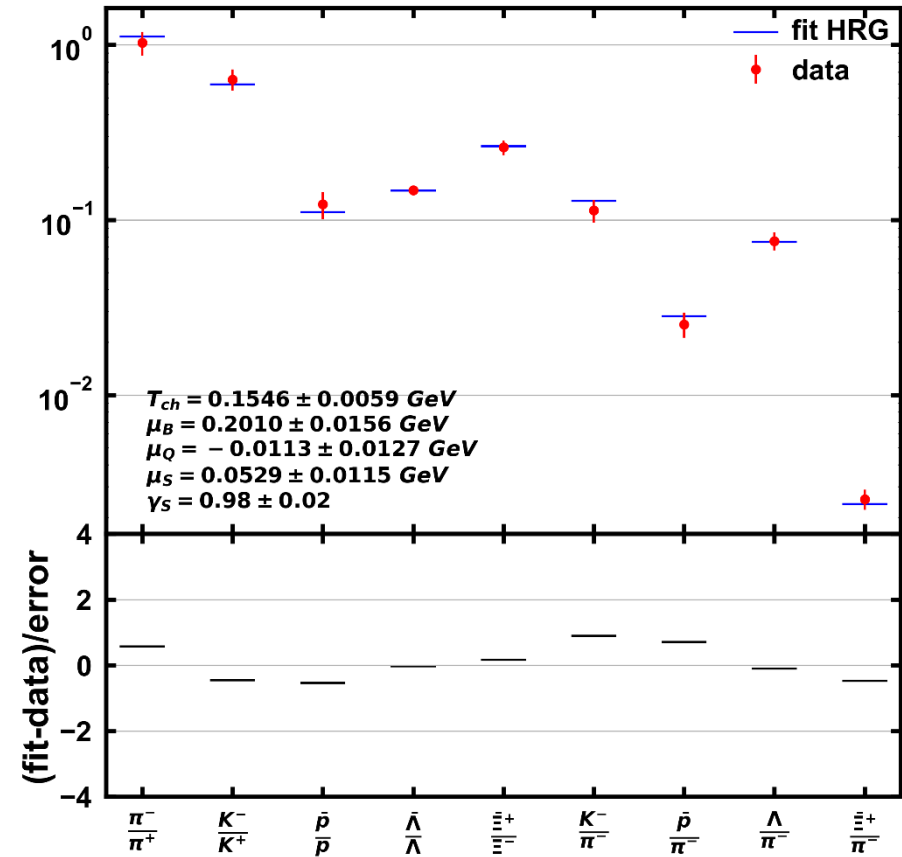
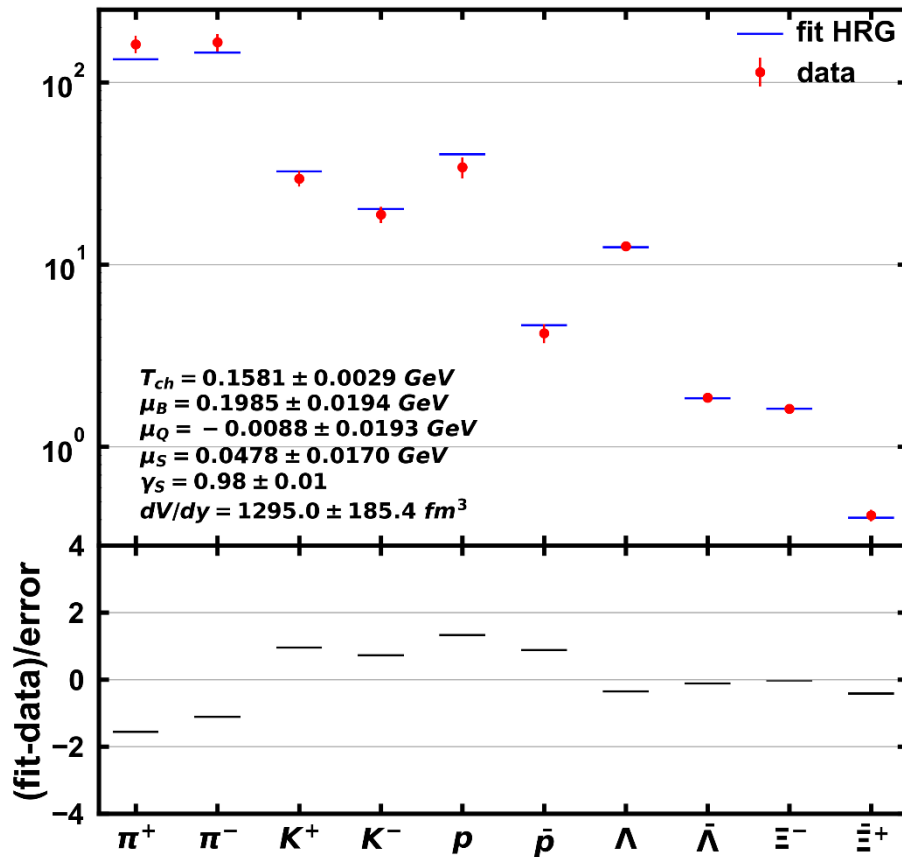
iminuit

The logo for iminuit features the word "iminuit" in a black, serif font. A blue dashed line starts from the top of the "i", goes up, then right, then down, then right, then down, then right, and finally down, ending at the bottom of the "t".

<https://github.com/scikit-hep/iminuit>

Extraction of freeze-out parameters

Freeze-out parameter fit to PHSD particle yields for Au+Au at 19.6 GeV



Other trajectories at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 62.4$ GeV

