

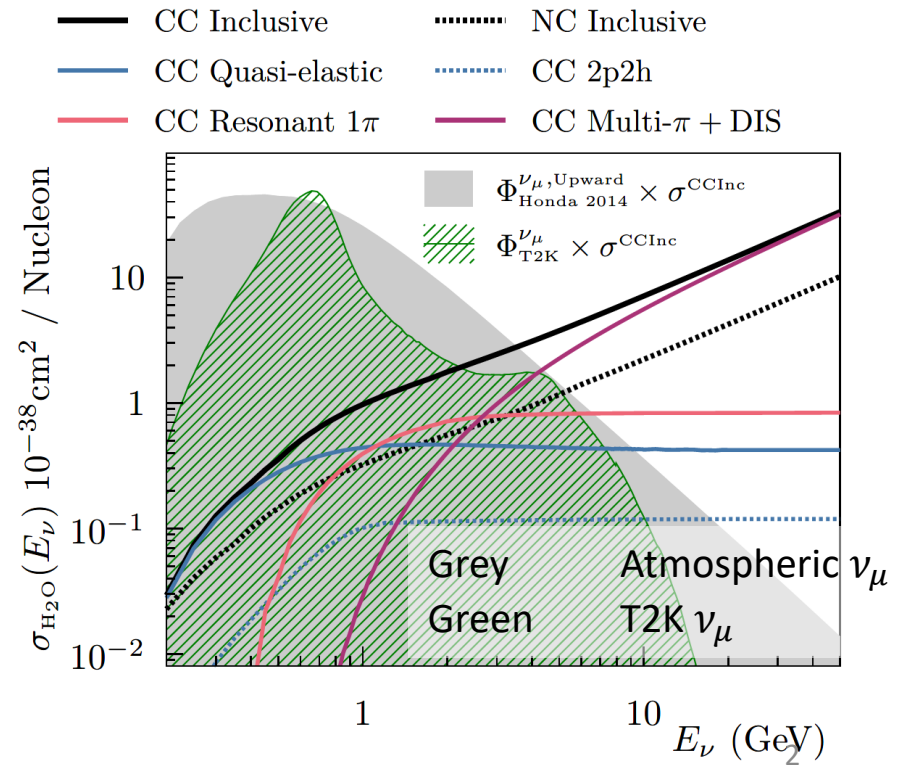
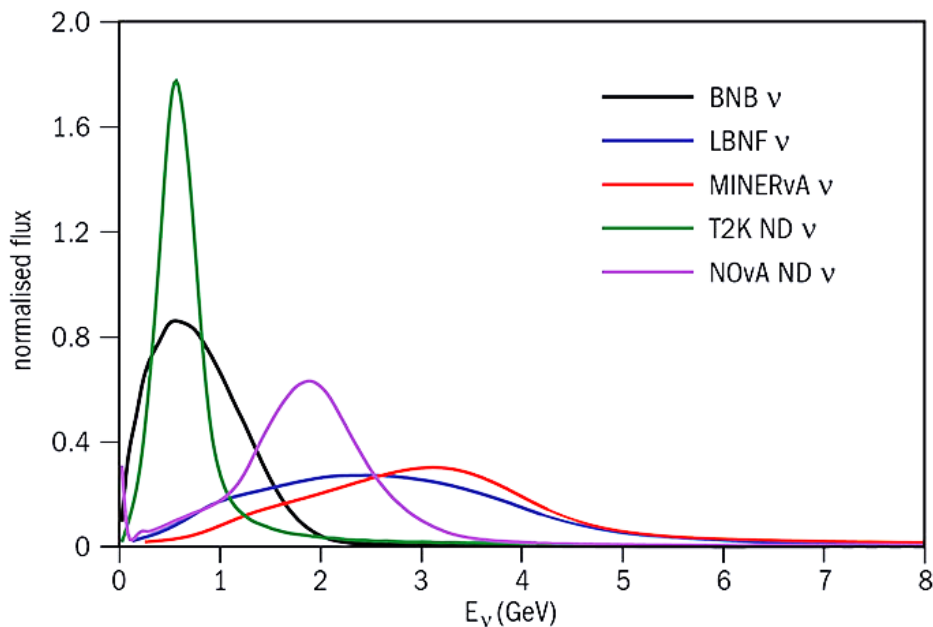
NEUT Strategy (Current status and plan)

Yoshinari Hayato
for the NEUT contributors

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2106.15809>

Introduction

- NEUT is designed to simulate neutrino-nucleus interactions from ~ 100 MeV to TeV.
- Supports interactions with major nuclei, from Boron to Lead and free proton (Hydrogen).

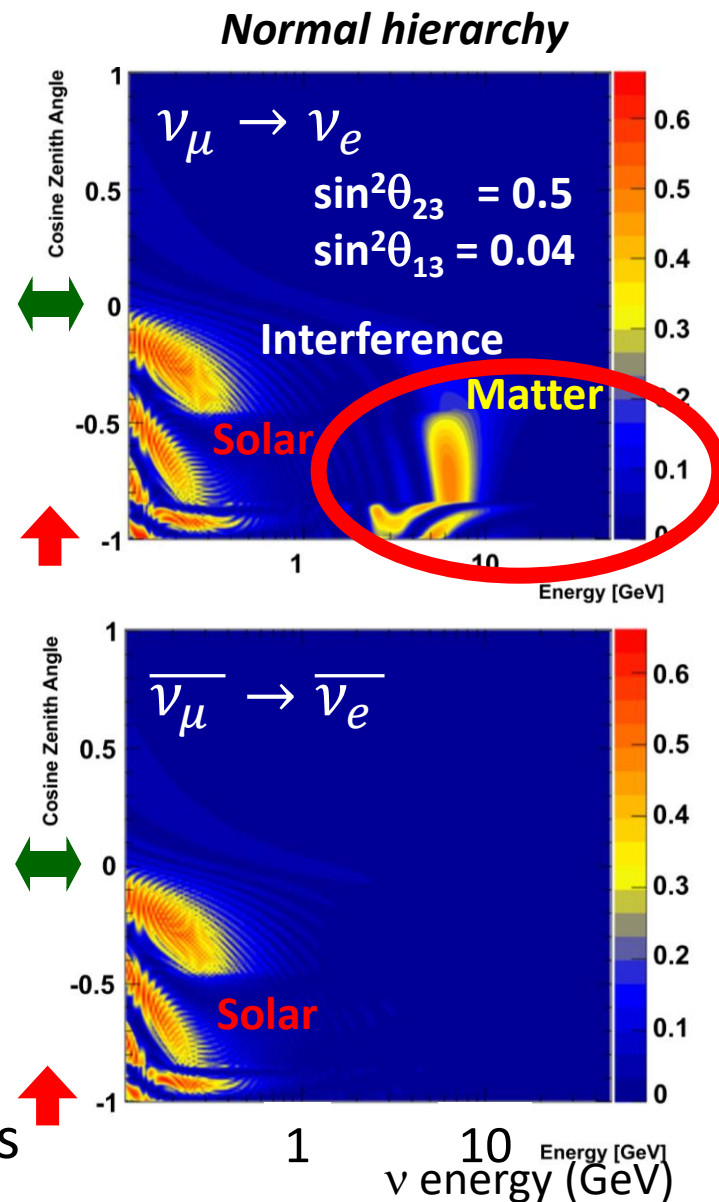


Introduction

- Atmospheric neutrino
Neutrino mass hierarchy
→ Matter effect in GeV region
→ Single π and multi π (SIS) dominant
- Proton decay searches
Precise background estimation
- T2K
Improve sensitivity of CP
→ Higher statistics with
minimum systematic error
→ Use events with π
(mainly single π production)
together with CCQE-like (0π) events

Not only QE and 2p2h (multi-nucleon)

but 1 π production and SIS models and FSI must be improved.



Recent status of NEUT

- Next release (5.5.0) is in preparation.
 - Two different treatments of the separation/binding energy in Local Fermi-gas CCQE and 2p2h models (F. Sanchez et al.)
 - Alternative Axial form factors for CCQE (P. Stowell)
 - Improvements in multi-pi (SIS) channel (C. Bronner, J. Xia)
 - Kaon FSI bug fix and improvement (R. Matsumoto)
- Improvements/Enhancements in reweighting (S. Dolan, L. Pickering, C. Wret, and many T2K members)
- Change of the library structure and building method (L. Pickering)
- New experimental features
 - New style card file and I/O data format (L. Pickering)

Local Fermi-gas CCQE and 2p2h model

Kinematics determination

B. Bourguille, and J. Nieves, and F. Sanchez, JHEP04, 004 (2021)

$$\vec{p}_\nu + \vec{p}_N = \vec{p}_\mu + \vec{p}_{N'}$$

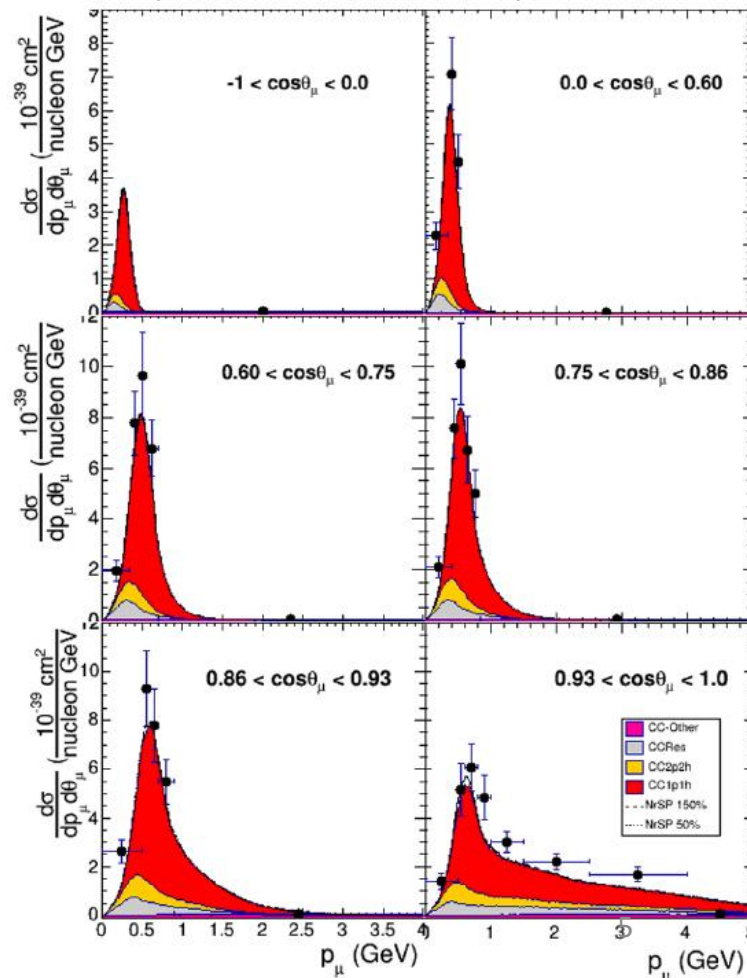
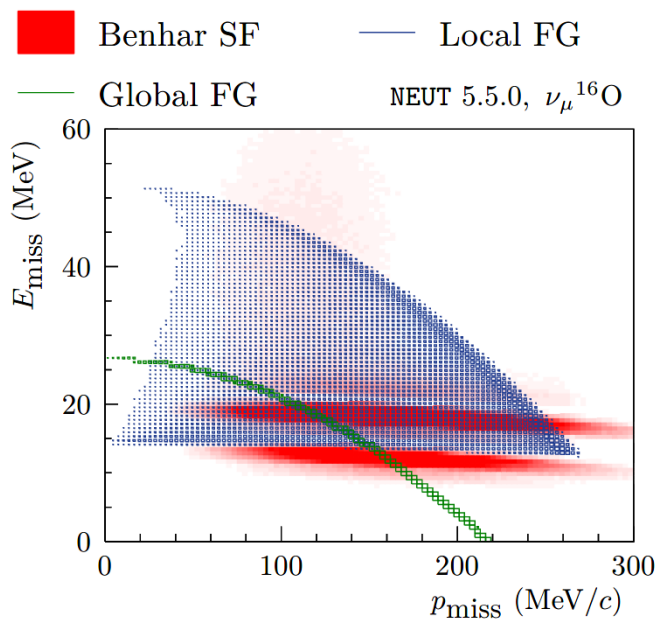
$$E_\nu + (m_N + T_N - T_F) = E_\mu + S_N + E_{N'}^\infty$$

Comparison with T2K 0π data
(From JHEP 04,004)

T_N Kinetic energy of the knocked-out nucleon in the target nucleus

T_F kinetic energy of the nucleon at the Fermi level for the given position

$$S_N = M'_{A-1} - M_A + m_N$$



Alternative Axial vector form factors

(P. Stowell)

For quasi-elastic scatterings, three axial vector form factors are implemented.

By default, dipole form is used but the others are available for various studies.

- 3 component model

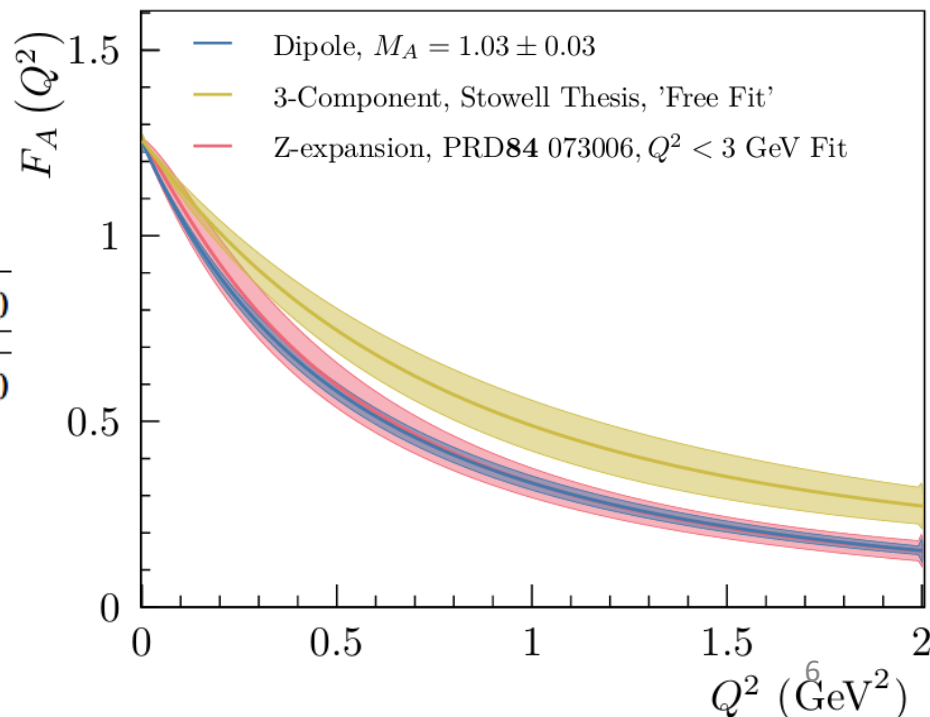
$$F_A^{3-Comp}(Q^2) = \left[g_A (1 + \gamma Q^2)^{-2} \times \left(1 - \alpha + \alpha \frac{m_a^2}{m_a^2 + Q^2} \right) \right] + \left[\lambda g_A Q^2 e^{\lambda - \beta Q^2} \right]$$

- Z-expansion model

$$F_A(Q^2) = \sum_{k=0}^N a_k z(Q^2)^k,$$
$$z(Q^2) = \frac{\sqrt{t_c + Q^2} - \sqrt{t_c - t_0}}{\sqrt{t_c + Q^2} + \sqrt{t_c - t_0}}$$

- Dipole model

$$F_A(Q^2) = \frac{F_A(0)}{\left(1 + \frac{Q^2}{M_A^2} \right)^2}$$



Improvements in multi- π (SIS) channel

(C. Bronner)

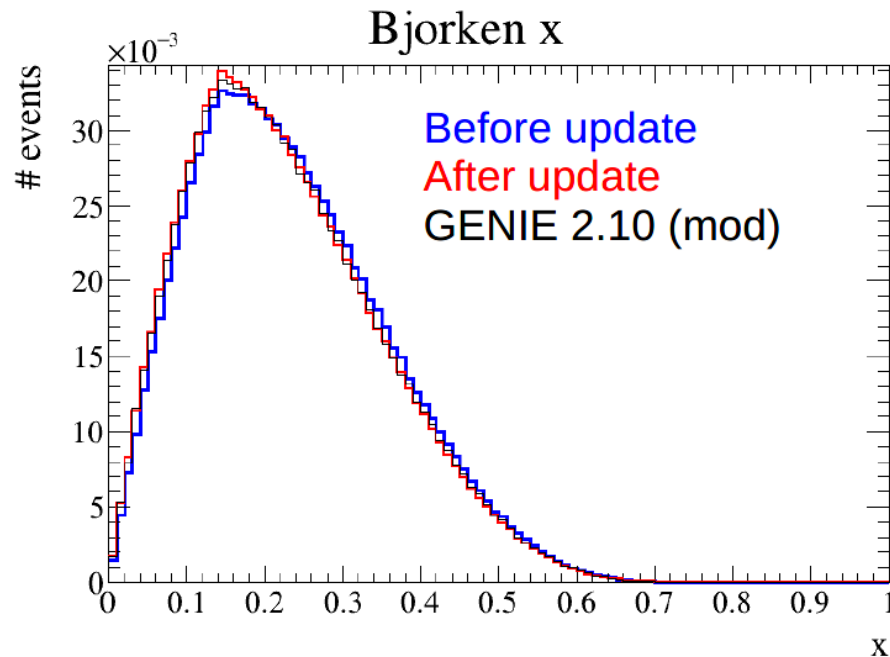
Neutral current interactions

In the past releases, NEUT uses the formulas for CC
were used for NC as approximation.

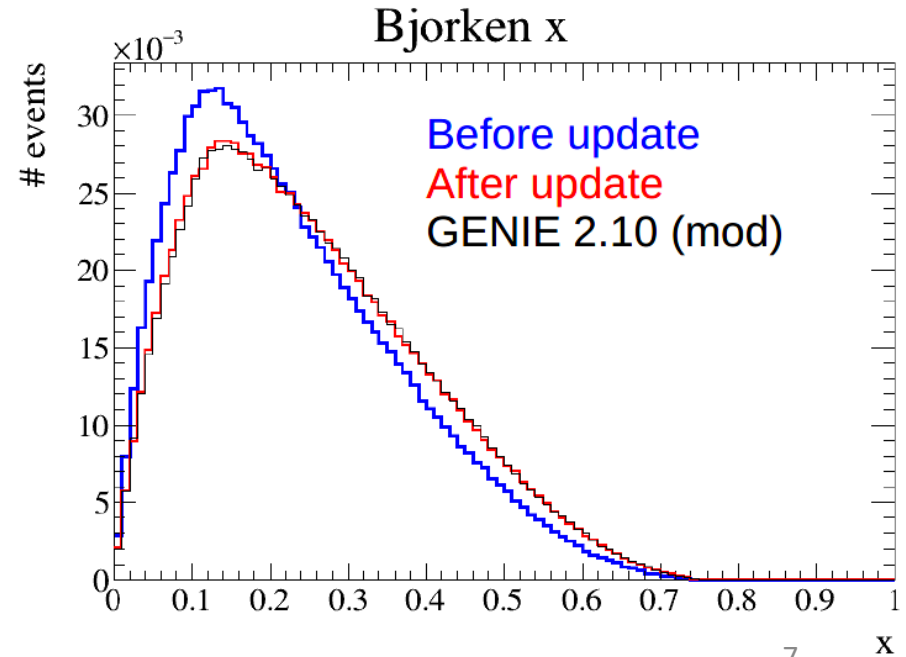
Now, correct formulas are used.

Multi-pion mode ($W < 2\text{GeV}/c^2$, # of pions > 1)

2 GeV numu on free n



2 GeV numubar on free n



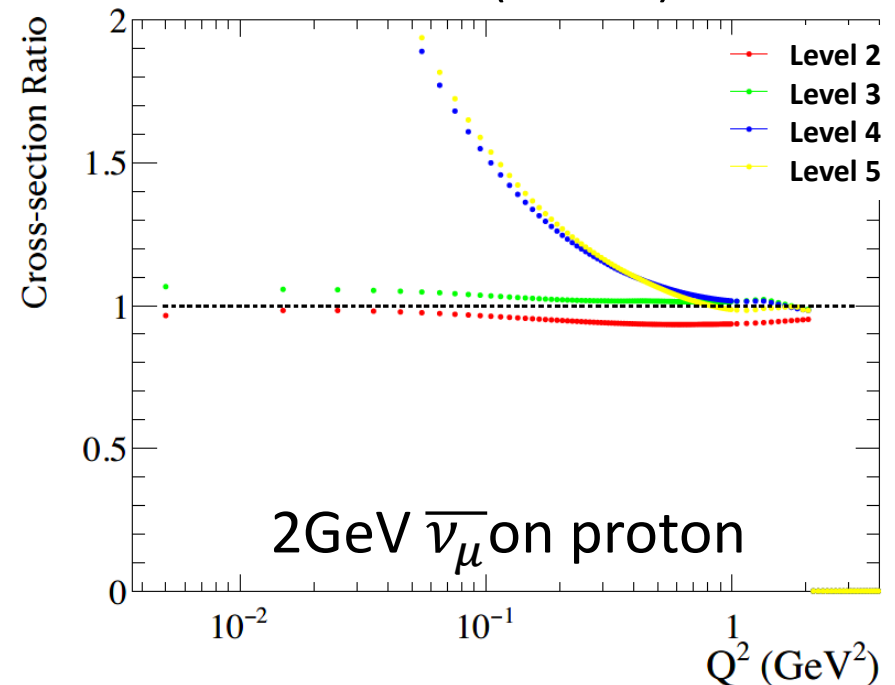
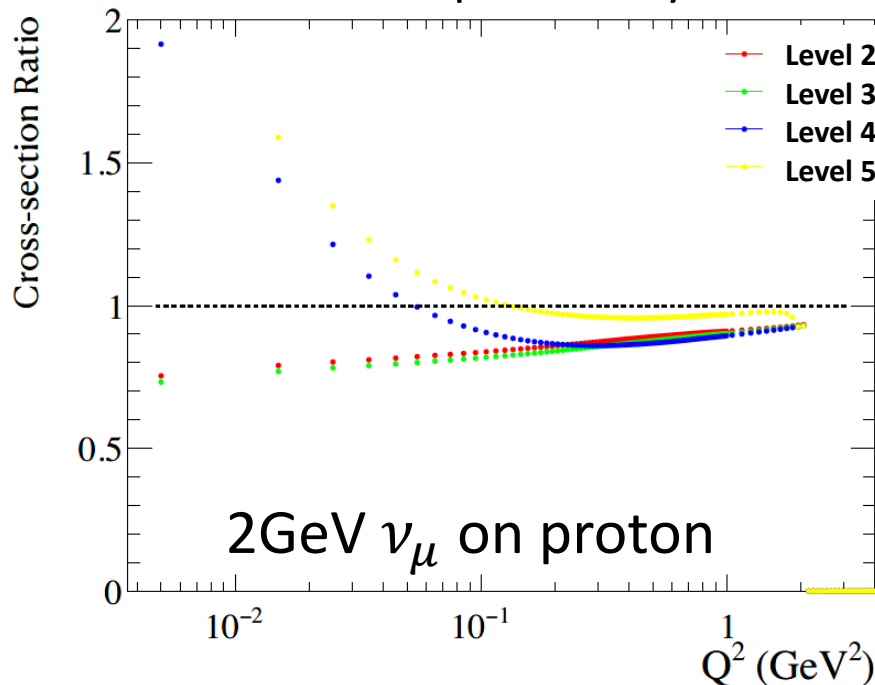
Improvements in multi-p (SIS) and DIS channels

(C. Bronner, J. Xia)

Introducing (slightly) newer prescriptions by Bodek and Yang.

(arXiv:1011.6592v2)

- New values for the parameters of vector PDFs (Level 2)
- Double ratio $H(x, Q^2)$ multiplied by $x F_3$ (Level 3)
- New parameters that separate the axial PDFs in F_2 (Level 4)
- New factor KLW , multiplied by valence u and d quark probability distributions (Level 5)



Will be revised with the latest publication by authors. (arXiv.org:2108.09240)

Kaon FSI bug fixes and improvements

(R. Matsumoto)

Actual interaction probability in the code was too small.

(Due to the bug in the code.)

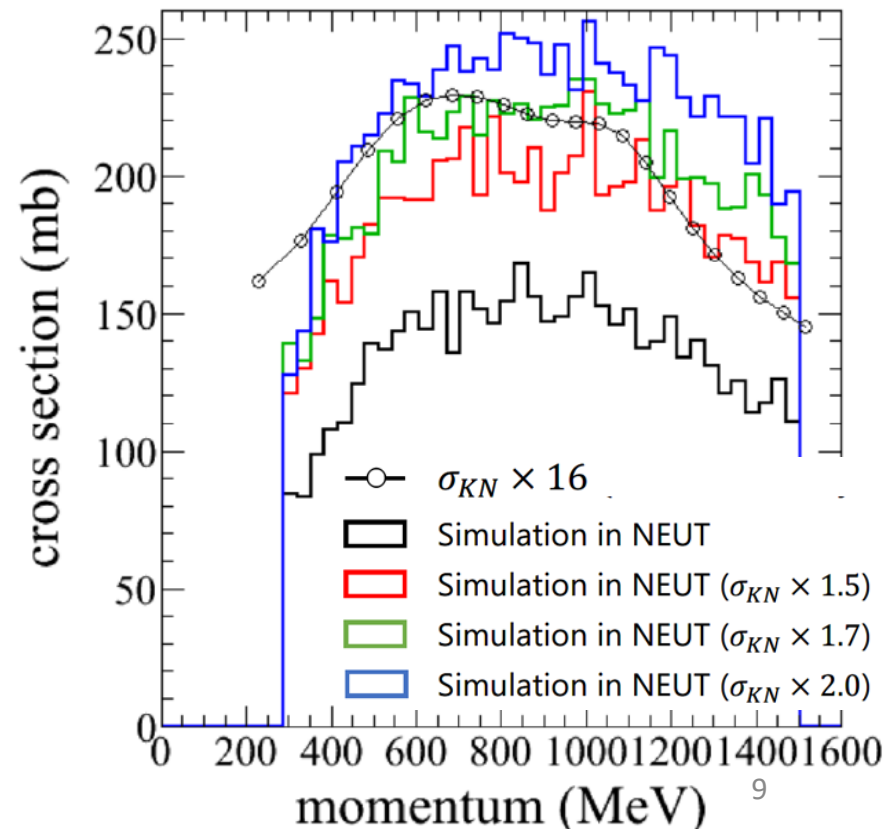
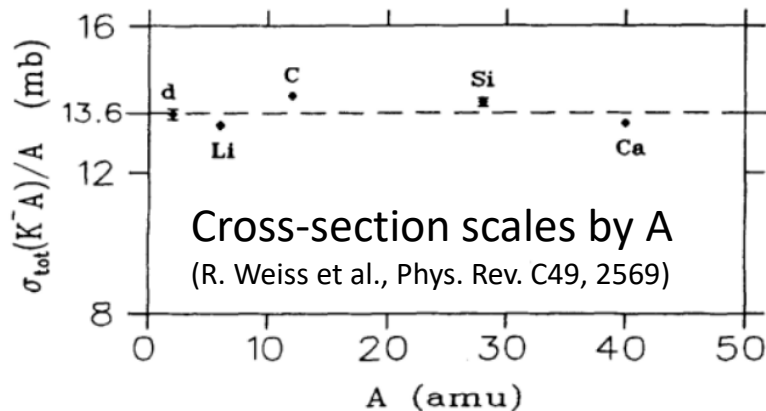
- Cross-section formula was corrected.
- Total cross-section was replaced and introduced “ad-hoc” scaling parameter to reproduce the external K^+ scattering data.

(spin1/2-spin0 elastic scattering formula)

If target nucleon spin $\frac{1}{2}$ is considered, orbital quantum number l is split into $l \pm 1/2$:

$$\sigma = \frac{4\pi}{k^2} \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \{(l+1) |f_{l+1/2}|^2 + l |f_{l-1/2}|^2\}$$

Detailed derivation is in Williams W. S. C 1971 “An Introduction to Elementary Particles” (New York: Academic).

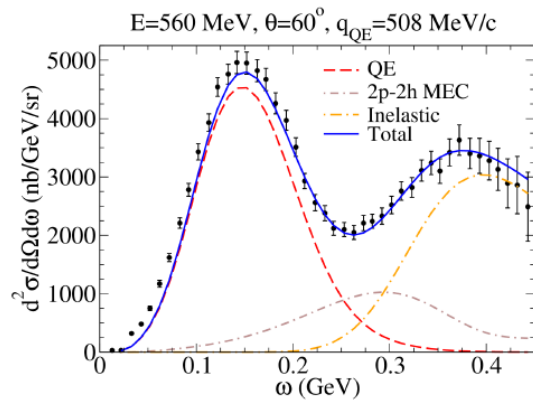


Current projects for the future releases

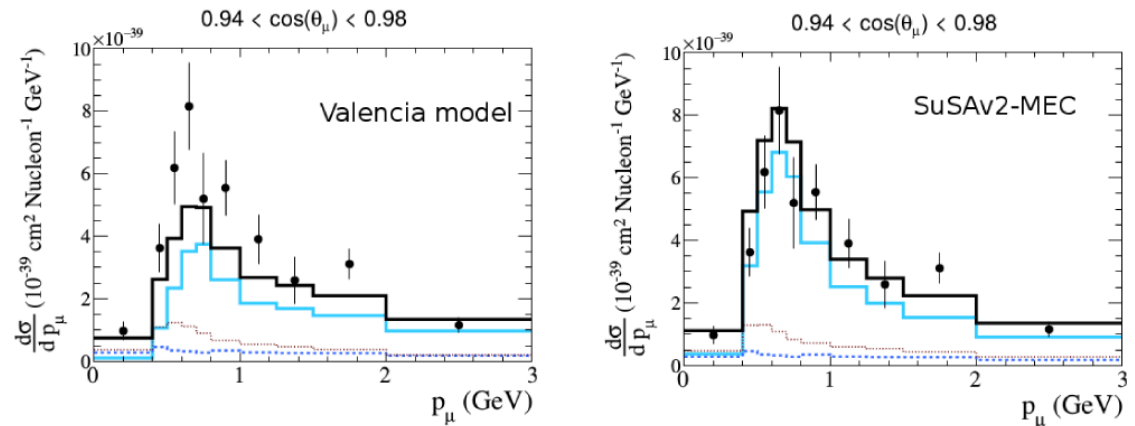
(G. Megias)

Implementation of SuSAv2 and RMF models in NEUT \Rightarrow reweighting parameters for OA, study of nuclear-medium effects (FSI, E_b , shell model vs. SF), comparison between nuclear optical potentials and cascade models, C/O differences on ν_μ vs. ν_e and ν_l vs. $\bar{\nu}_l$, etc.

SuSAv2-MEC model vs. (e, e') ^{12}C



SuSAv2-MEC vs. T2K $CC0\pi$ (^{12}C)



Valencia model vs. T2K $CC0\pi$ (^{12}C)

- ★ **SuSAv2**: inclusive model based on supercaling analysis and RMF. Good agreement with (e, e') and $CC0\pi$ data. ★ Strong q -dependence of RMF potentials at high kinematics is addressed in SuSAv2 with a blending function to introduce RPWIA (no FSI).
- ★ The **ED-RMF** model introduces an Energy-Dependent potential (based on SuSAv2) to keep the strength for low p_N nucleons and make it softer for high p_N . SuSAv2 \approx ED-RMF inclusive predictions but ★ ED-RMF is also a semi-inclusive model for ^{12}C , ^{16}O , ^{40}Ar , etc.

➤ Implementation carried out via pre-computed hadron tensor and CS tables, also possible integrating the full code.

➤ SuSAv2-2p2h, SuSAv2-inelastic and RMF- 1π models can be implemented in the same way.

Current projects for the future releases

Single π production

- Recent T2K and SK analyses extensively use single π samples.
- Dominant background in proton decay searches.

Need to have “improved” single π production models.

Models to be implemented (in preparation)

- Dynamical coupled-channel mode model
(S. Nakamura, H. Kamano, T. Sato, Phys. Rev. D 92, 074024)
- MK model (M. Kabirnezhad, Phys. Rev. D 97, 013002)

These models have electron scattering mode.

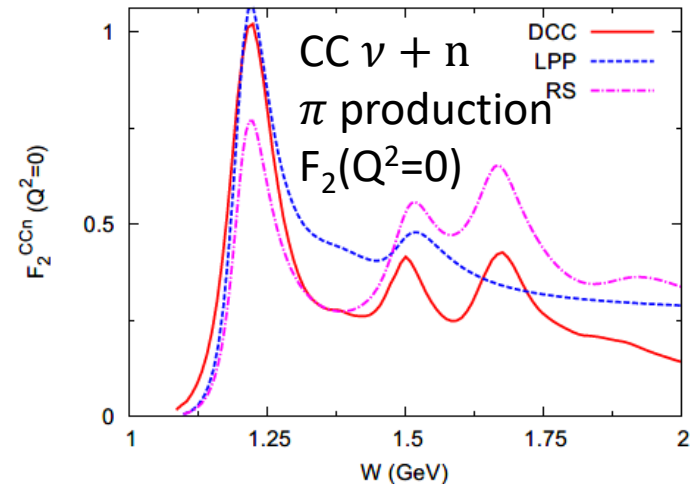
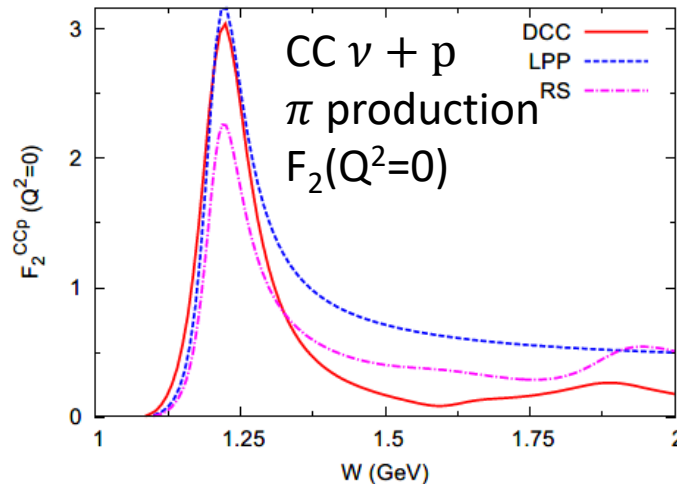
Allows us to study various nuclear effects, like
initial state nucleon motion, binding, Pauli-blocking,
final state π interactions,
could be studies by comparing the electro π production data.

Current projects for the future releases

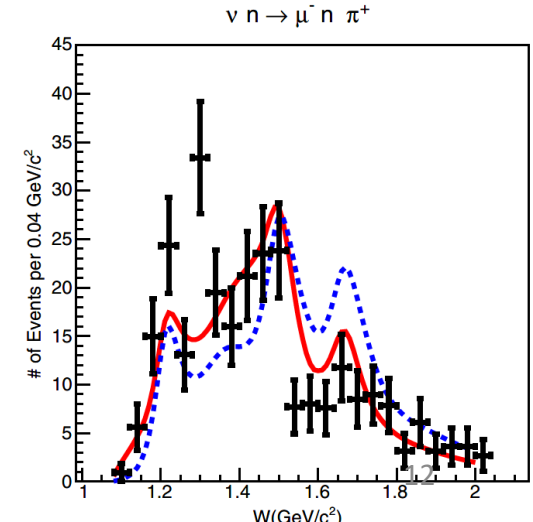
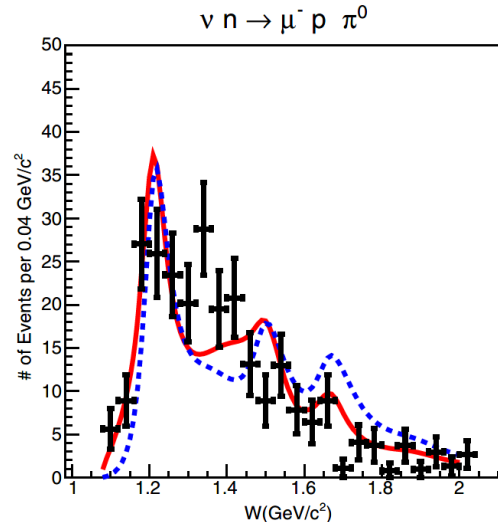
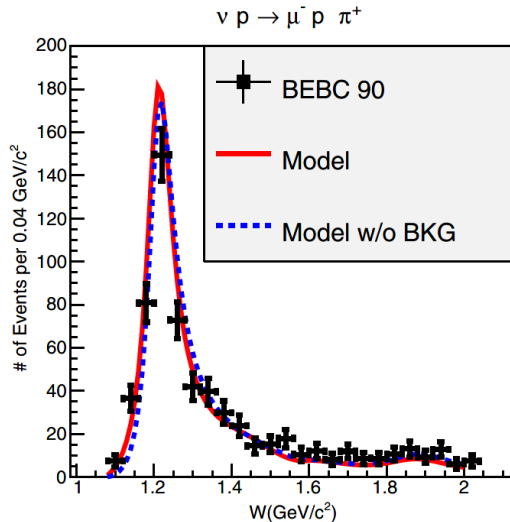
Single π production

Dynamical coupled-channel mode model

(Phys. Rev. D 92, 074024)



MK model (Phys. Rev. D 97, 013002)



Current projects for the future releases

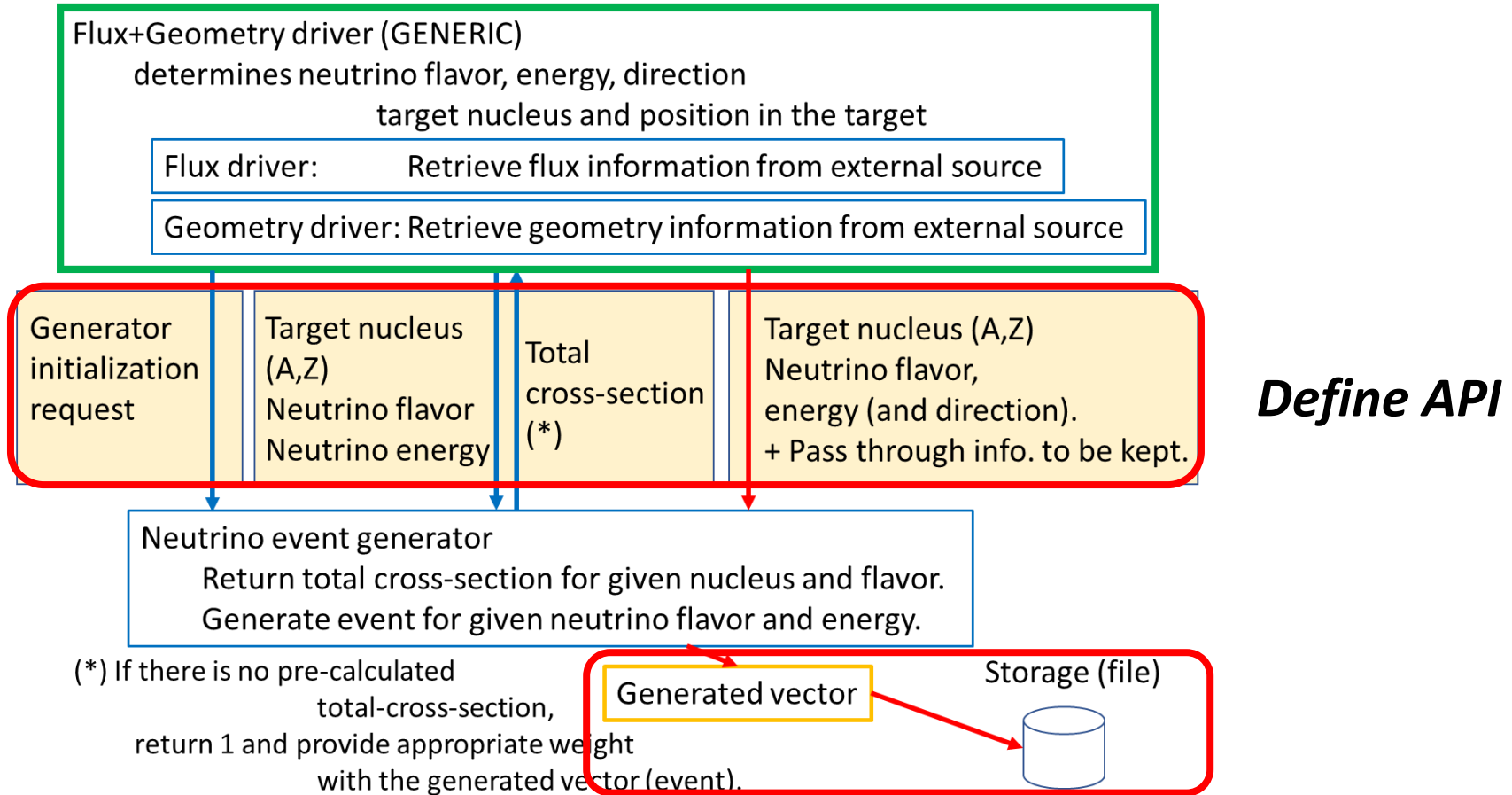
- It is time to seriously think about “inter-operability”.
 - Users want to use different generators for systematic error evaluations or design/optimize the detector design.
 - However, it is not straightforward to use different generators.
 - Detector geometry definitions and flux drivers are different from experiment to experiment.
 - Output data formats of each generator are different.

Discussed at the workshop @ FNAL in January 2020.

Try to define standard API and common data formats.

- NEUT does not have a “generic” flux driver nor detector geometry driver. (Dedicated for SK and T2K.)
- Try to provide simple API and new common data format.

Current projects for the future releases



Define “common” data format

- HepMC based (standard in HEP)
- Flux info.
- Generator specific info. (model, parameters etc.)
- Flux specific info. (decay points. etc.)

Current projects for the future releases (longer term)

- Get rid of the dependency on CERNLIB
 - Current usage of CERNLIB in NEUT
 - Configuration (card) file handling
 - Random number generator
 - Numerical functions (integration, particle decay kinematics)
 - PYTHIA/JetSet for DIS event generator
 - PYTHIA/JetSet in CERNLIB support neutrino DIS event generation and current NEUT relies on this.
- Current work
 - Support alternative configuration (card) file format (independent from CERNLIB)
 - Study possible use of new versions of PYTHIA/JetSet. (Still under study)

Summary

Next release of NEUT includes various improvements and bug fixes.

- Two different treatments of the separation/binding energy in Local Fermi-gas CCQE and 2p2h models (F. Sanchez et al.)
- Alternative Axial form factors for CCQE (P. Stowell)
- Improvements in multi-pi (SIS) channel (C. Bronner, J. Xia)
- Kaon FSI bug fix and improvement (R. Matsumoto)

New model implementation is going on.

- SuSA v2 and RMF CCQE and 2p2h models (G. Megias et al.)
- New single pion models
(DCC model by Sato et al., MK model by M. Kabirnezhad)

Solve several difficulties in using NEUT

- Simple API to be used from external programs.
- Provide generic flux and geometry drivers,
compatible with the accelerator experiments.
- Support the “standard” data format driven by community.
- Eliminate dependence on CERNLIB
(This requires some more time..)

(At the WG1+WG2 session, Clarence-san, Jaafar-san and Jordan-san give series of talks.)