

Contribution ID: 778 Contribution code: contribution ID 778

Type: Oral

## An open-source machine learning framework for global analyses of parton distributions

Tuesday 30 November 2021 17:20 (20 minutes)

We present the software framework underlying the NNPDF4.0 global determination of parton distribution functions (PDFs). The code is released under an open source licence and is accompanied by extensive documentation and examples. The code base is composed by a PDF fitting package, tools to handle experimental data and to efficiently compare it to theoretical predictions, and a versatile analysis framework. In addition to ensuring the reproducibility of the NNPDF4.0 (and subsequent) determination, the public release of the NNPDF fitting framework enables a number of phenomenological applications and the production of PDF fits under user-defined data and theory assumptions.

## Significance

We present an open source framework used to produce state of art parton distributions functions, developed to high standards.

## References

https://inspirehep.net/literature/1918104

## Speaker time zone

Compatible with Europe

Primary authors: VOISEY, Cameron (University of Cambridge); SCHWAN, Christopher (Università degli Studi di Milano); NOCERA, Emanuele Roberto (The University of Edinburgh); LATORRE, José Ignacio (Universitat Barcelona); CRUZ MARTÍNEZ, Juan M. (University of Milan); BALL, Richard David (Edinburgh University); FORTE, Stefano (Università degli Studi e INFN Milano (IT)); KASSABOV-ZAHARIEVA, Z.D.; ROJO, Juan (VU Amsterdam and Nikhef); DEL DEBBIO, Luigi (The University of Edinburgh (GB)); UBIALI, Maria; Mr WILSON, Michael (University of Edinburgh); PEARSON, Rosalyn (University of Edinburgh); STEGEMAN, Roy (University of Milan); IRANIPOUR, Shayan (University of Cambridge); CARRAZZA, Stefano (CERN); GIANI, Tommaso

Presenter: KASSABOV-ZAHARIEVA, Z.D.

Session Classification: Track 3: Computations in Theoretical Physics: Techniques and Methods

Track Classification: Track 3: Computations in Theoretical Physics: Techniques and Methods