



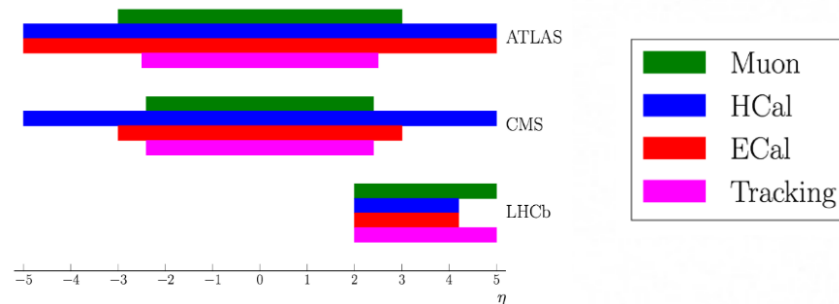
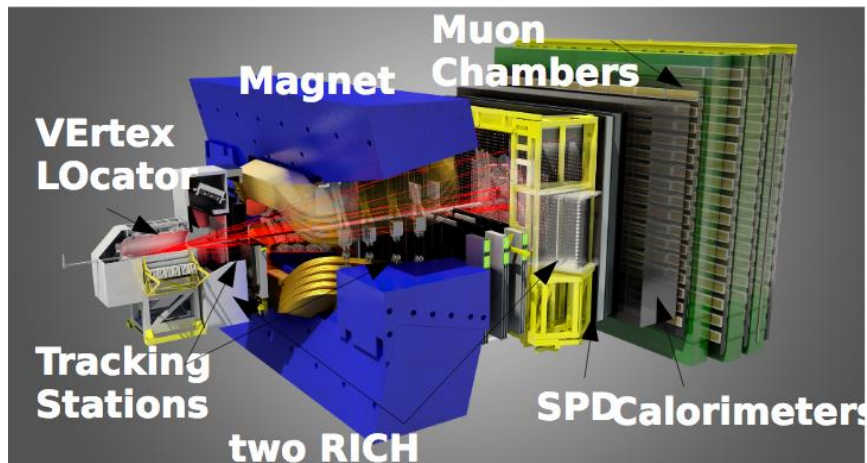
# EWK physics: Measurements and prospects from LHCb

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On behalf of the LHCb Collaboration

the 8th annual conference on Large Hadron Collider Physics  
May 25, 2020, Online

- ❑ Forward region: unique acceptance within the LHC experiments ( $2 < \eta < 5$ )
- ❑ Momentum resolution: 0.4% at 5GeV, 0.6% at 100 GeV
- ❑ Muon ID efficiency: 97% with 1-3%  $\mu \rightarrow \pi$  mis-identification
- ❑ Electron reconstruction: bremsstrahlung recovery and well-measured direction
- ❑ Excellent vertex reconstruction: tagging of b and c jets.

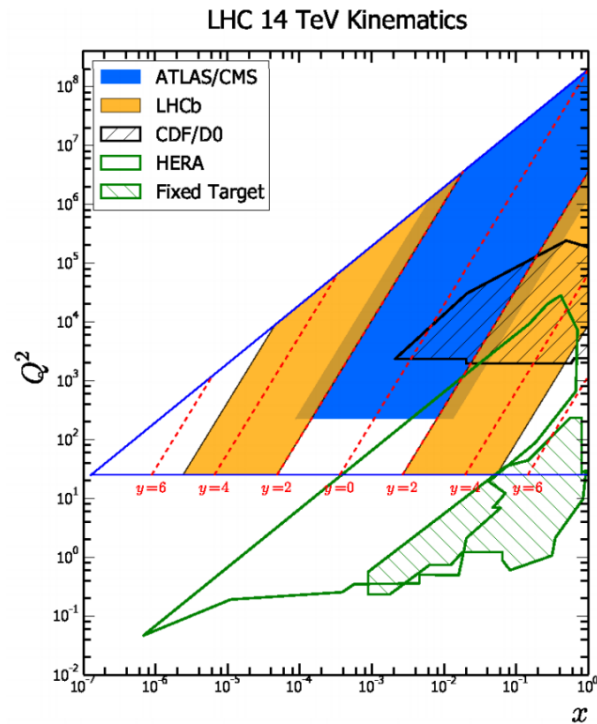


LHCb demonstrated its capability in EW and jet physics

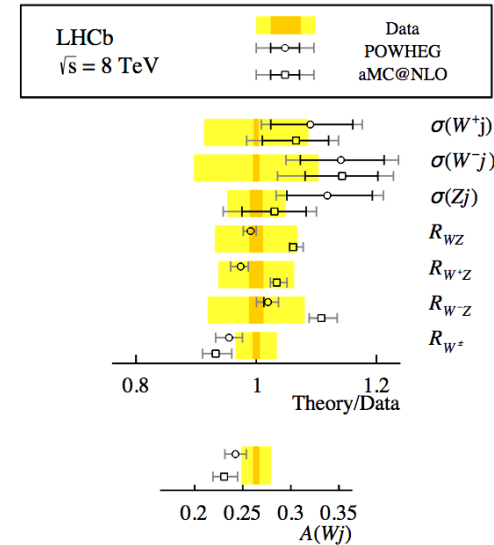
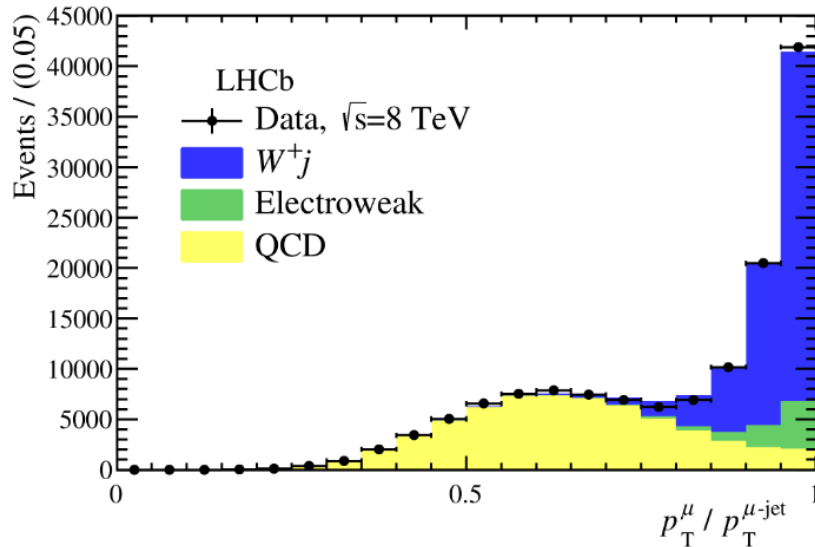
# LHCb sensitivity to parton density function

## □ LHCb:

- Unique **forward region** coverage, access new kinematic regions
- Offers a complementary phase space region with respect to ATLAS/CMS for electroweak measurements
- Provide access to PDF in two different regions:
  - ✓ At high  $x$  values;
  - ✓ At low  $x$  values, unexplored by other experiments.

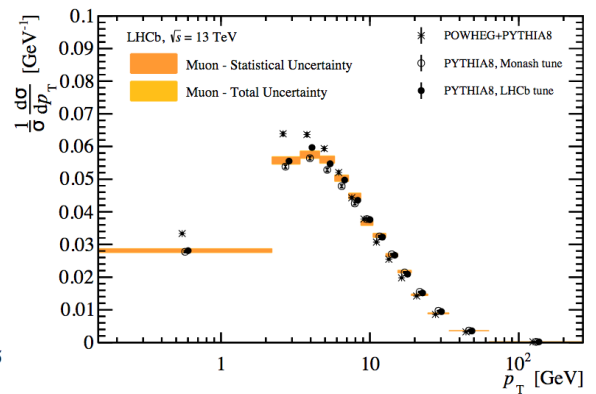
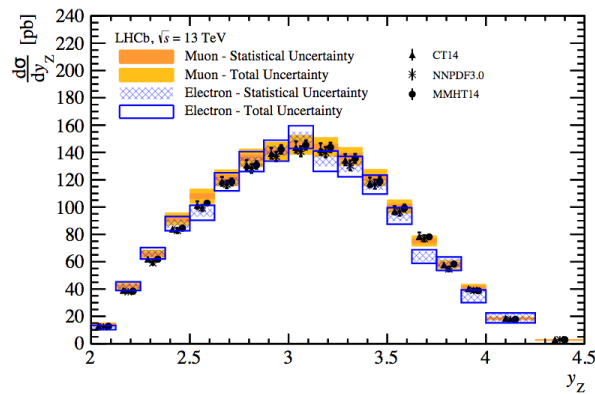
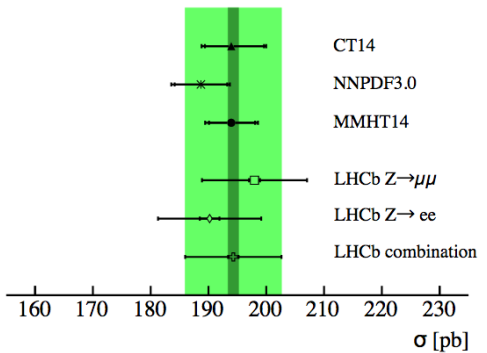


- $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$  and  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  decay channels
- Fiducial region:  
 $p_T(\mu) > 20\text{GeV}, 2.0 < \eta(\mu) < 4.5, p_T(\text{jet}) > 20\text{GeV}, 2.2 < \eta(\text{jet}) < 4.2, \Delta R(\text{jet}, \mu) > 0.5$
- Fit to the muon isolation to extract the  $W + \text{jet}$  yield
- W/Z ratios and  $W^+ / W^-$  asymmetry are also determined
- Measurements are in good agreement with theory predictions

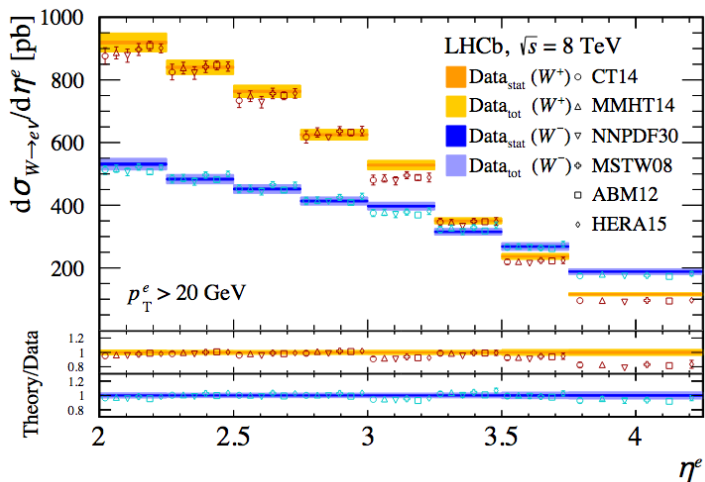


- ❑ Lepton final states  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and  $Z \rightarrow ee$ ,  $294\text{pb}^{-1}$
- ❑ Fiducial region:  
 $2.0 < \eta(\mu/e) < 4.5, p_T(\mu/e) > 20\text{GeV}, 60 < M(\mu\mu/ee) < 120\text{GeV}$
- ❑ High purity samples: 99.2% for  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and 92.2% for  $Z \rightarrow ee$
- ❑  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and  $Z \rightarrow ee$  measured cross-section are compatible within the uncertainties
  - $\sigma_Z^{\mu\mu} = 198.0 \pm 0.9(\text{stat}) \pm 4.7(\text{sys}) \pm 7.7(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$
  - $\sigma_Z^{ee} = 190.2 \pm 1.7(\text{stat}) \pm 4.7(\text{sys}) \pm 7.4(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$
  - $\sigma_Z^{ll} = 194.3 \pm 0.9(\text{stat}) \pm 3.3(\text{sys}) \pm 7.6(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$

LHCb,  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$



- Important measurement to validate the high  $p_T$  e reconstruction and identification at LHCb
- Fiducial region:  $p_T(e) > 20\text{GeV}, 2.0 < \eta < 4.25$
- Fit to the electron  $p_T$  distribution to extract the W yield
- Differential cross section as a function of the electron  $\eta$  is compatible with the prediction



CDF  
J. Phys. G34, 2457 (2007)

DØ  
Chin. Phys. C, 38, 090001 (2014)

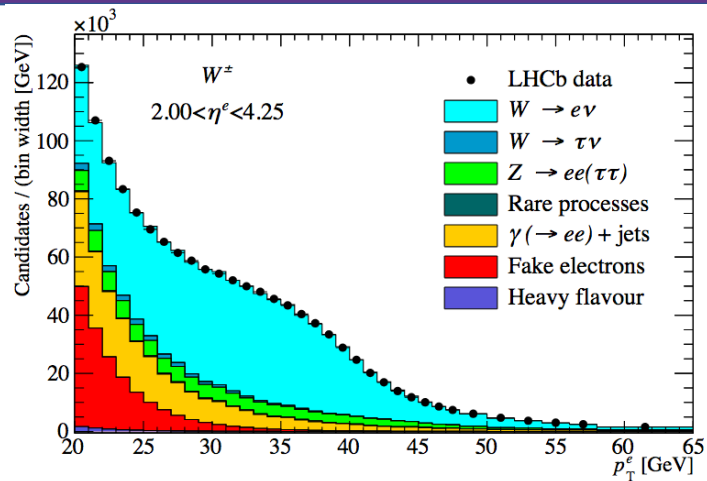
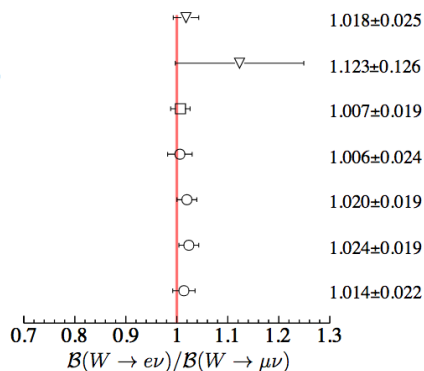
LEP (Combined)  
Phys. Rept. 532, 119-244 (2013)

ATLAS  
Phys. Rev. D85, 072004 (2012)

LHCb W

LHCb  $W^+$

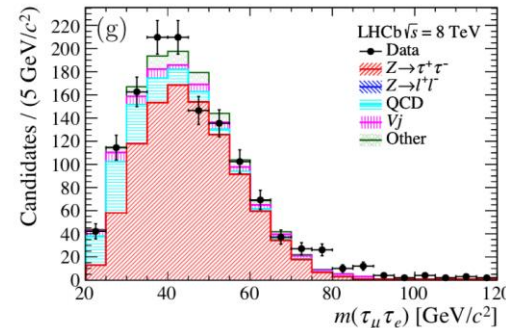
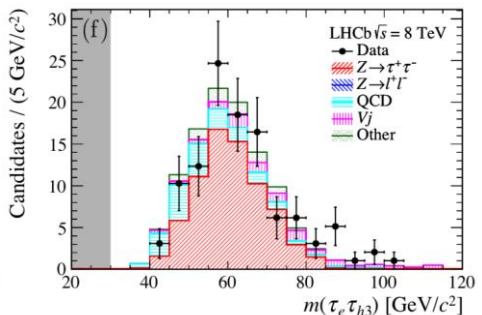
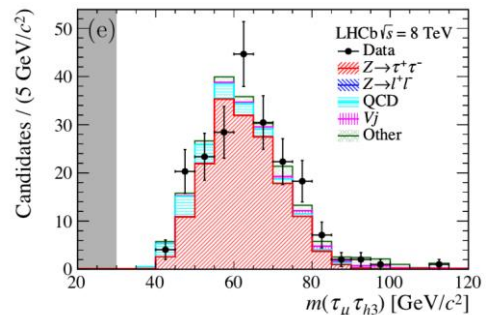
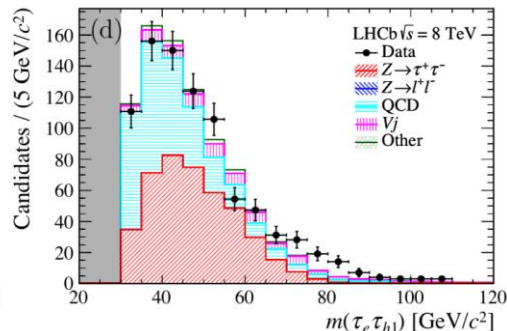
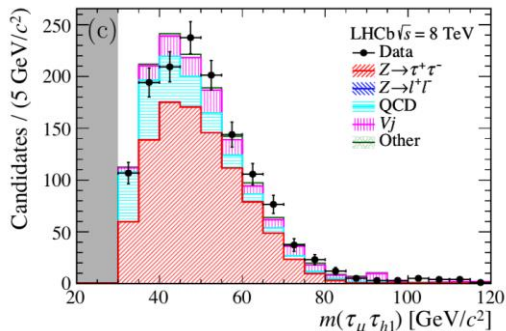
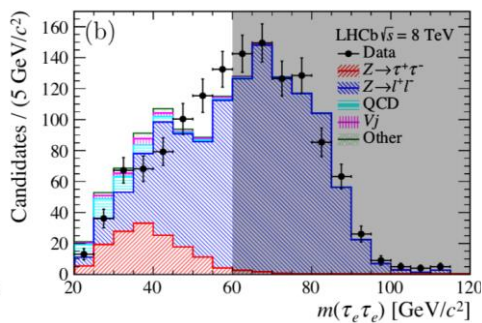
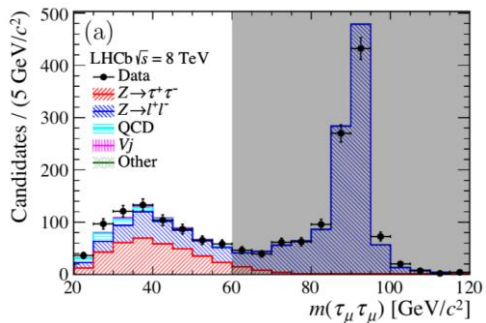
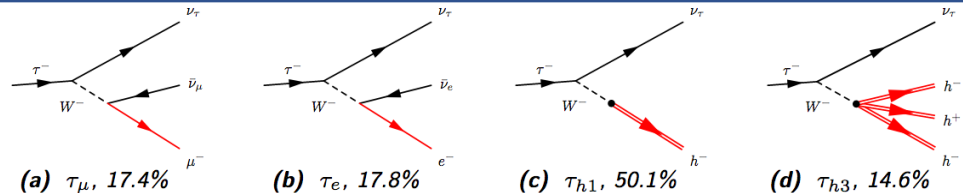
LHCb  $W^-$



# Forward $Z \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+$ production at $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{TeV}$ JHEP 09 (2018) 159

- ▣ Tau lepton is reconstructed in 4 final states
- ▣ Analysis with 8TeV data,  $\sim 2fb^{-1}$
- ▣ Fiducial region:

$$2.0 < \eta < 4.5, p_T > 20\text{GeV}, 60 < M(\tau\tau) < 120\text{GeV}$$



- Combined cross sections from all channel via BLUE(best linear unbiased estimator), taken in to account uncertainties correlation:

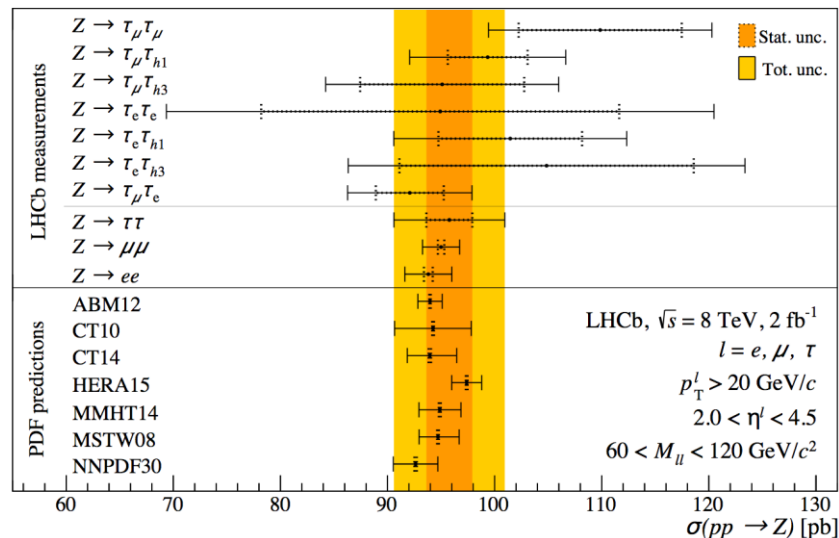
$$\sigma_{pp \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-} = 95.8 \pm 2.1 \pm 4.6 \pm 0.2 \pm 1.1 \text{pb}$$

$(2.0 < \eta < 4.5, p_T > 20\text{GeV})$

- Lepton universality:

- $\frac{\sigma_{pp \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-}^{8\text{TeV}}}{\sigma_{pp \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-}^{8\text{TeV}}} = 1.01 \pm 0.05$

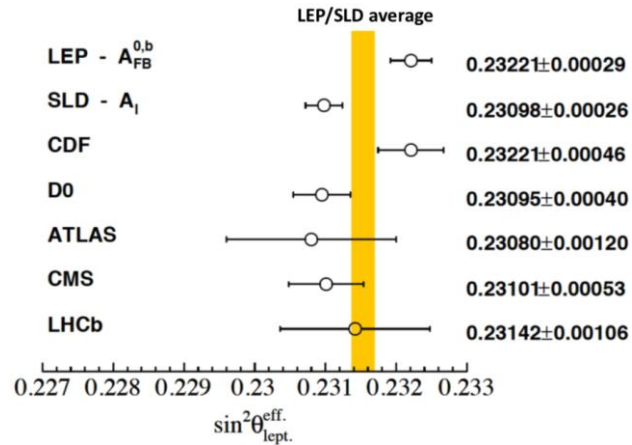
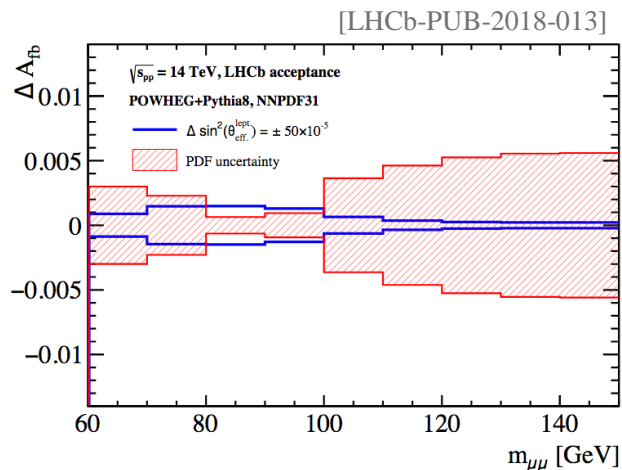
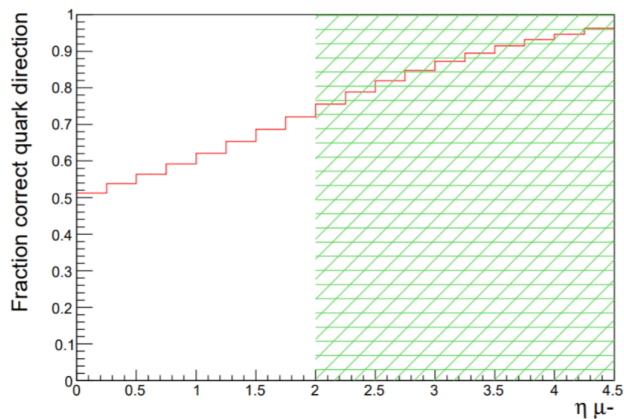
- $\frac{\sigma_{pp \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-}^{8\text{TeV}}}{\sigma_{pp \rightarrow Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-}^{8\text{TeV}}} = 1.02 \pm 0.06$





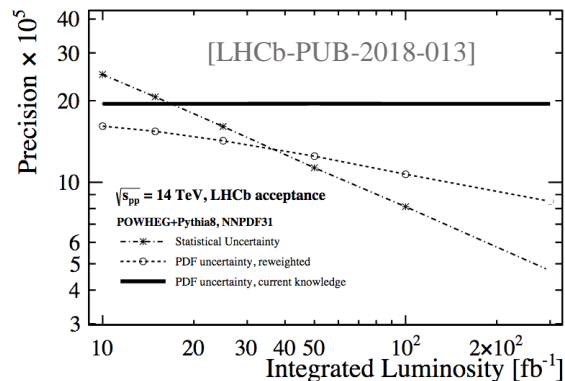
# Weak mixing angular measurement – why LHCb

- Key parameter in Electroweak sector of the Standard Model
- LHCb has the potential to make the most sensitive measurement of the weak mixing angle at the LHC
  - Forward-backward asymmetry increases (and sensitivity to Weinberg angle increases) as rapidity of Z boson increases
  - The dilution effect (the possibility of wrong direction determination) decreases in **high  $y$**

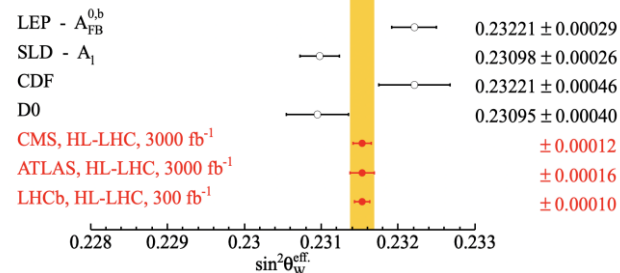


# Weak mixing angular measurement – LHCb future

- With sufficient control of other sources of uncertainty, a measurement at LHCb using the full dataset ( $300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ), can be significantly more precise than the combination of measurements at LEP and SLD ( $5 \times 10^{-6}$ )
  - Statistics uncertainty: is expected to be roughly  $5 \times 10^{-5}$
  - Systematic uncertainty: all of them are statistic limited in Run-I result, with the increase the statistics, it is expected to be decreased
  - PDF uncertainty: can be reduced to below  $10 \times 10^{-5}$  using the reweighting technique



## LHC Yellow Report [CERN-LPCC-2018-03]



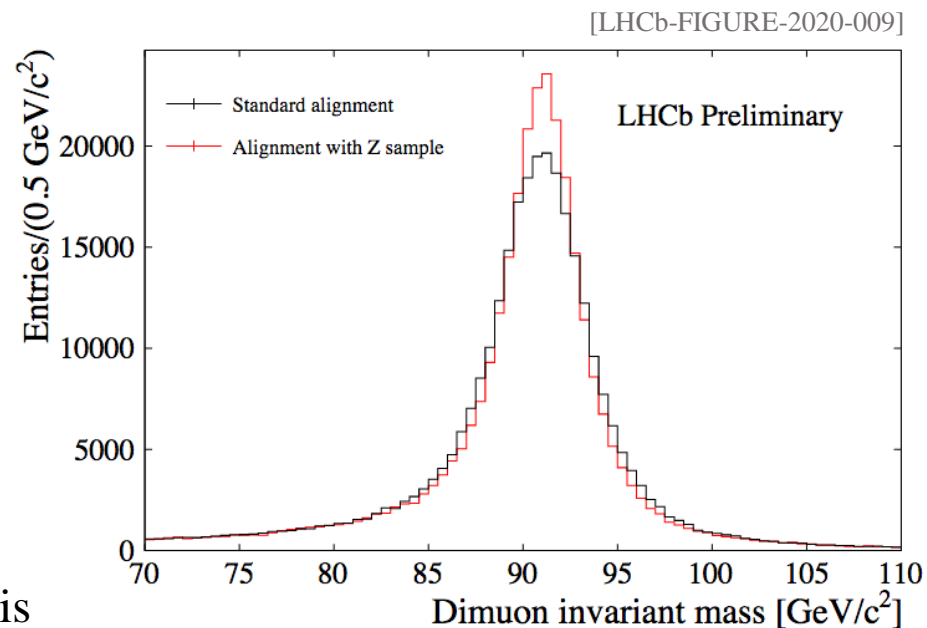
# Weak mixing angular measurement – LHCb ongoing work

## □ Run-II analysis is in process

- Weak mixing angle measurement
  - Full angular distribution of Z boson decays contains more information than forward-backward asymmetry
- Z angular coefficient measurement ( $A_i$ )

## □ An additional alignment performed offline

- A **35%** improvement in the mass resolution is observed
- Have a better understanding of the detector



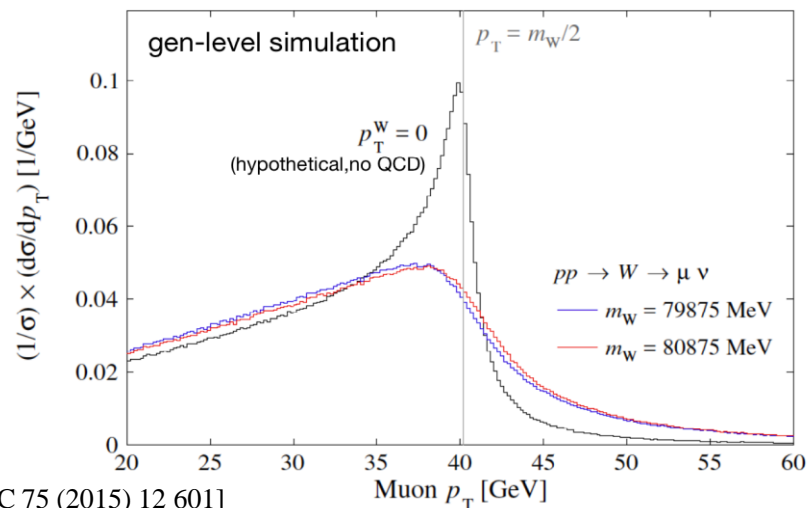
# W mass measurement

## □ Motivation:

- Electroweak fit predicts  $m(W)$  with 7 MeV uncertainty, the best experiment uncertainties  $\sim 20\text{MeV}$
- The  $p_T(\mu)$  distribution is strongly influenced by QCD, the details of which have long been considered a source of irreducible uncertainties in measurements by ATLAS and CMS alone

## □ Why LHCb?

- LHCb Run-II data permit  $\sim 10\text{ MeV}$  **statistical precision**
- Parton distribution function uncertainty would partially cancel in an average of LHCb with ATLAS+CMS
- PDF uncertainties can be tightly constrained with a fit to the double differential distribution in  $p_T$  and  $\eta$
- Possible to simultaneously constrain the W  $p_T$  shape and fit the W mass, to mitigate the QCD uncertainties



[EPJC 75 (2015) 12 601]

[EPJC 79 (2019) 497]

[1907.09958 (2019)]

- ❑ LHCb performed measurements of EW in the forward region of pp collisions, unexplored by other experiments
- ❑ Provide unique tests of the Standard Model and constraints to the PDFs
- ❑ A lot of works are in progress for new exciting measurements!