



V+jets measurements with CMS

Angelo Giacomo Zecchinelli
on behalf of the CMS collaboration

8th Large Hadron Collider Physics Conference - May 25-30, 2020

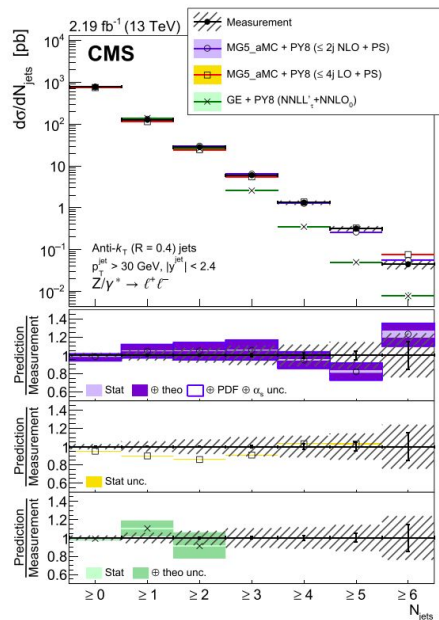


V+jets at CMS

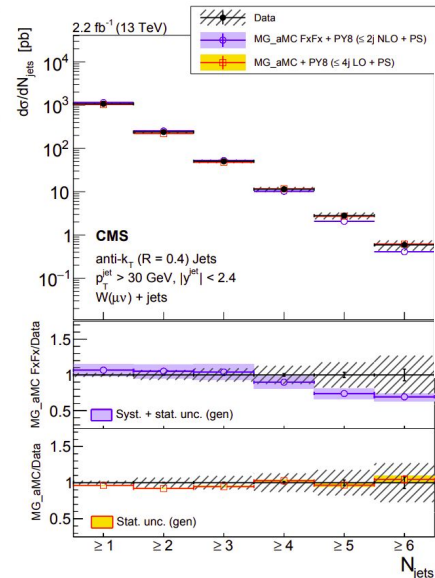
- Provide landmarks to MC and calculations, very active theory developments providing (N)NLO QCD and NLO EW corrections
- Background for many processes and searches
- Important tool for PDF, especially V+HF
- Z,W, γ +jets measured at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV

Selection of newest results from last year in the following slides

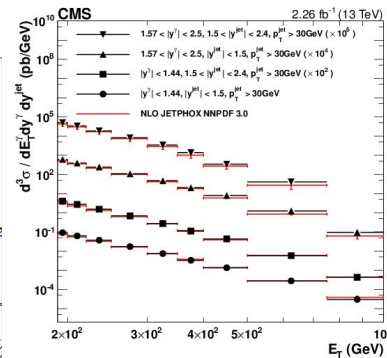
Z+jets
EPJC 78 (2018) 965



W+jets
PRD 96 (2017) 072005

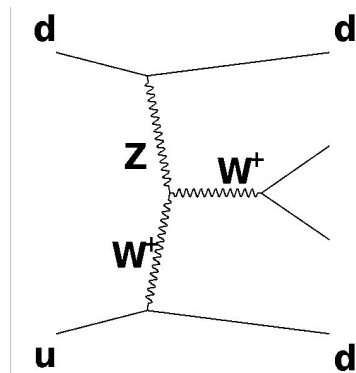


γ +jets
EPJC 79 (2019)20

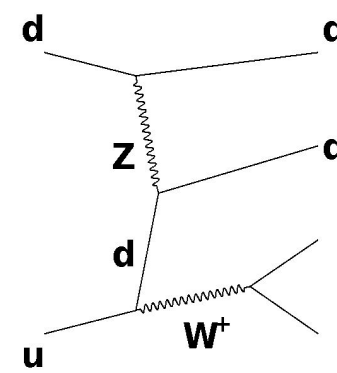


EPJC 80 (2020) 43

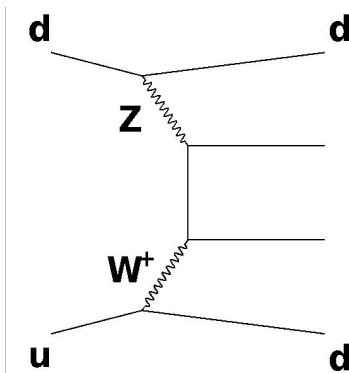
- 2016 data, $lv+jj$ electron and muon channel
- $M_{jj} > 120$ GeV
- Negative interference between the VBF and other diagrams
- Multivariate analysis to enhance signal over main W +jets background



Vector-boson fusion



bremsstrahlung



multi-peripheral

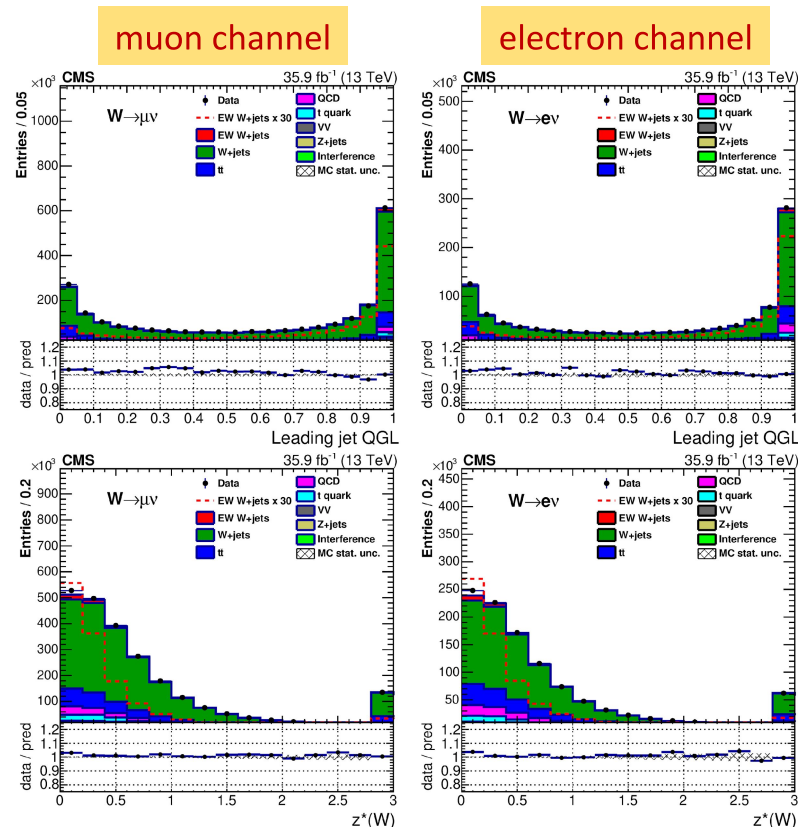
- BDT discriminating variables:
 - Quark/gluon discriminator for identifying the 2 jets, mainly quarks in signal and gluon in background
 - Zeppenfeld variable

$$y^* = y_W - \frac{1}{2}(y_{j1} + y_{j2})$$

$$z^* = \frac{y^*}{\Delta_{jj}}$$

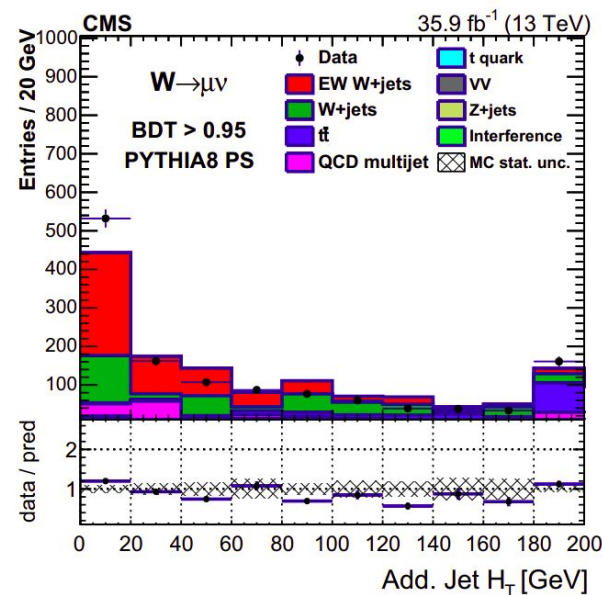
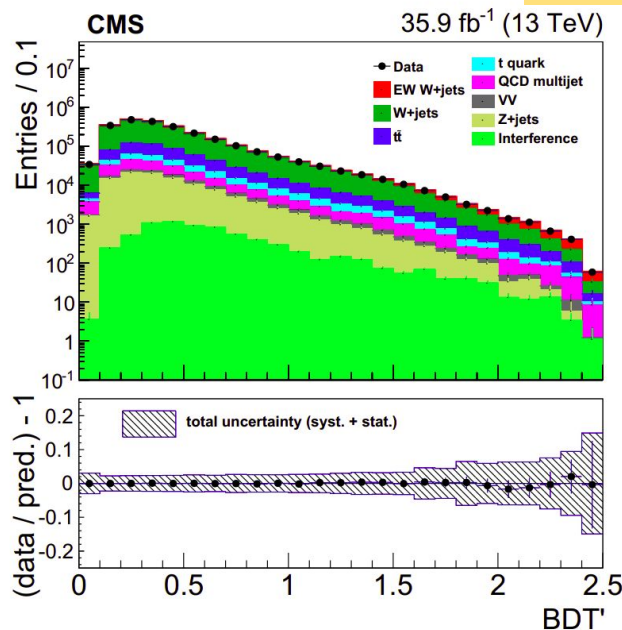
- m_{jj} and $\Delta\eta_{jj}$

Signal extracted from fit to BDT distribution



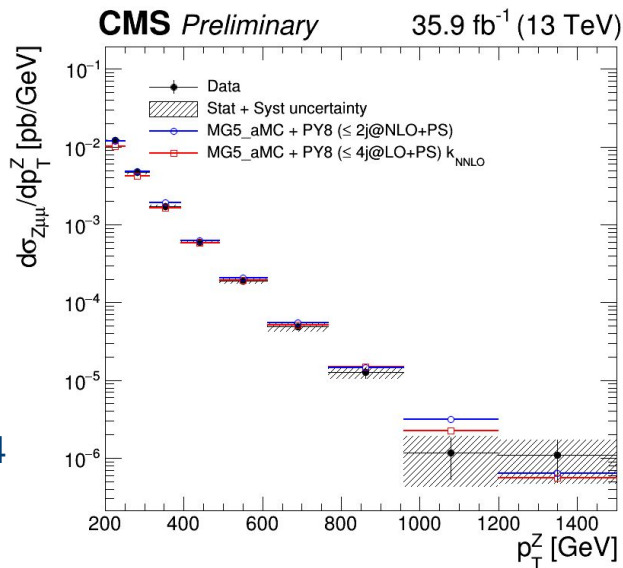
muon channel

- Dominant systematics scale variations and m_{jj} corrections
- EWK W+2jets cross section measured $\sigma(\text{EWK } l\nu jj) = 6.23 \pm 0.62 \text{ pb}$
- Improved limits on ATGC combined with EWK Zjj
- Study of additional hadronic activity in central region

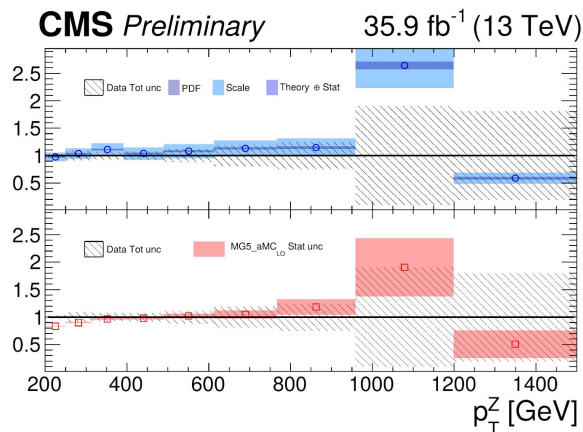


Z/ γ +jets at 13 TeV

- Z/ γ ratio sensitive to high order EW corrections in the high p_T range
- Important input to constrain backgrounds in searches
- 2016 dataset, Z boson reconstructed from muons
- Z+jets selection:
 - Z $p_T > 200$ GeV, $|y| < 1.4$
 - ≥ 1 jets $p_T > 100$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$



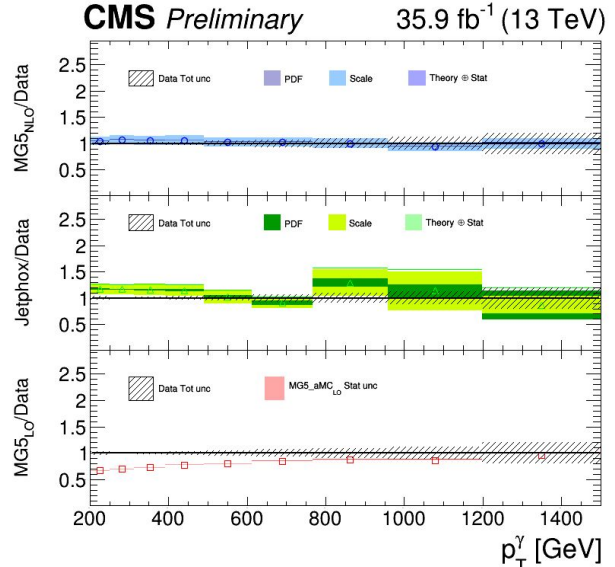
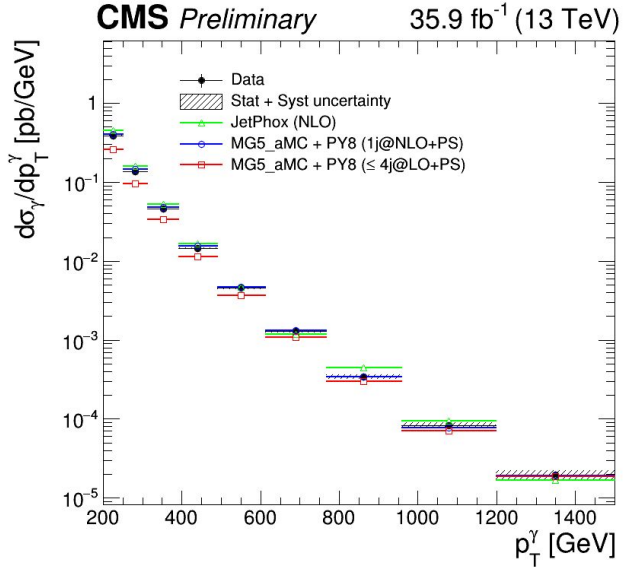
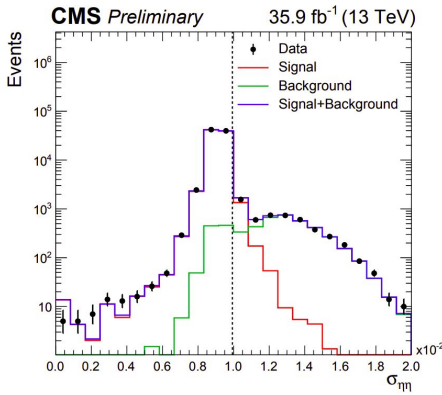
CMS-PAS-SMP-19-010



- Unfolded data compared to Madgraph_aMC@NLO
 - DY+2j NLO
 - DY+4j LO k_{NNLO}

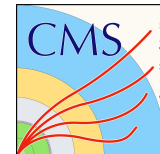
Z/ γ +jets at 13 TeV

- γ +jets selection:
 - 1 prompt, isolated γ
 - $p_T^\gamma > 200$ GeV, $|\eta| < 1.4$
 - ≥ 1 jets $p_T > 100$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$
- Data driven purity estimation

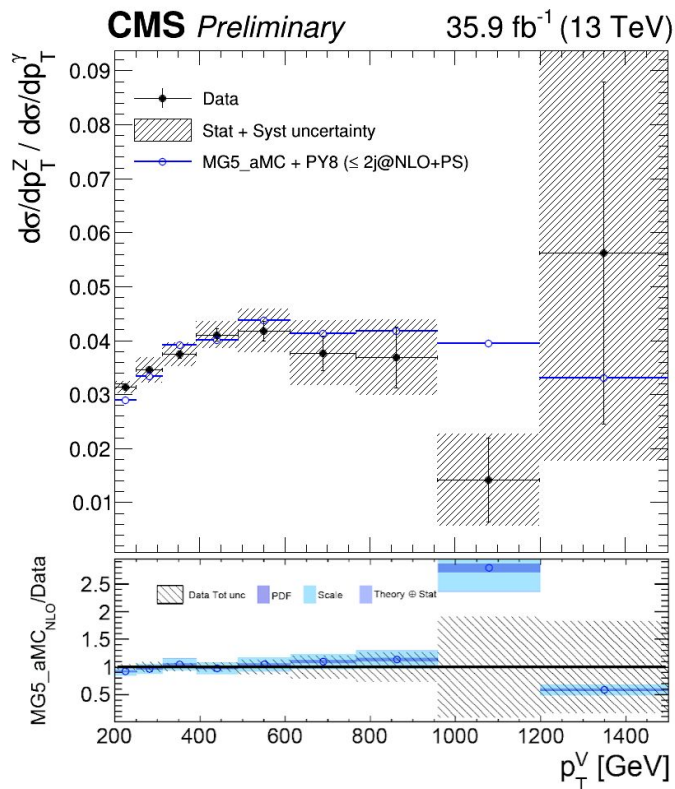


- Unfolded data compared to:
 - MG5_aMC DY+2j NLO
 - MG5_aMC DY+4j LO
 - JetPhox NLO

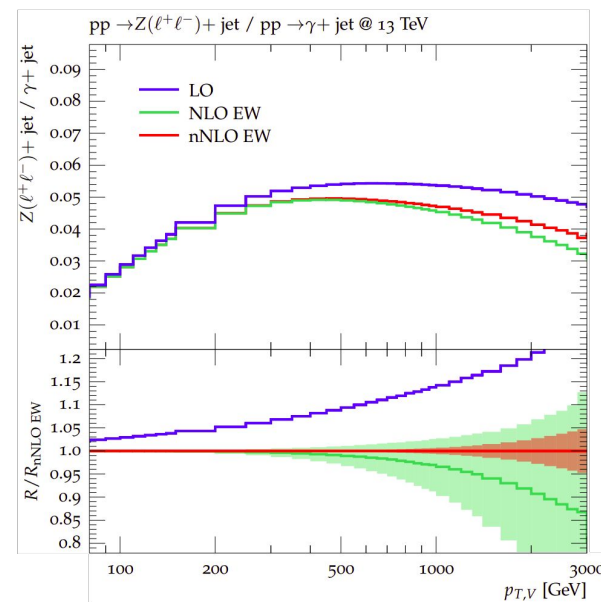
Z/ γ +jets at 13 TeV



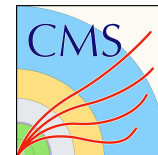
- Systematics on jet energy and luminosity cancel in the ratio
- Dominant systematics at high p_T are from energy resolution and MC statistic
- Unfolded data compared to Madgraph_aMC@NLO
- Higher order EW effects expected to reduce Z/ γ ratio at high p_T



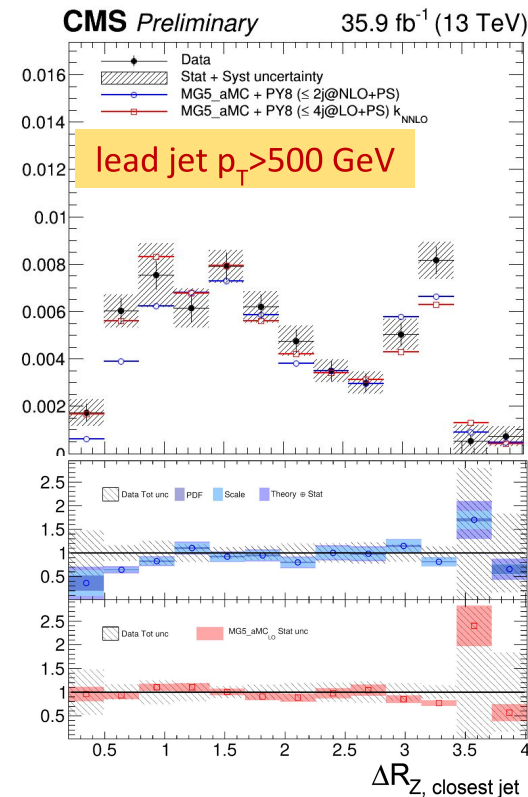
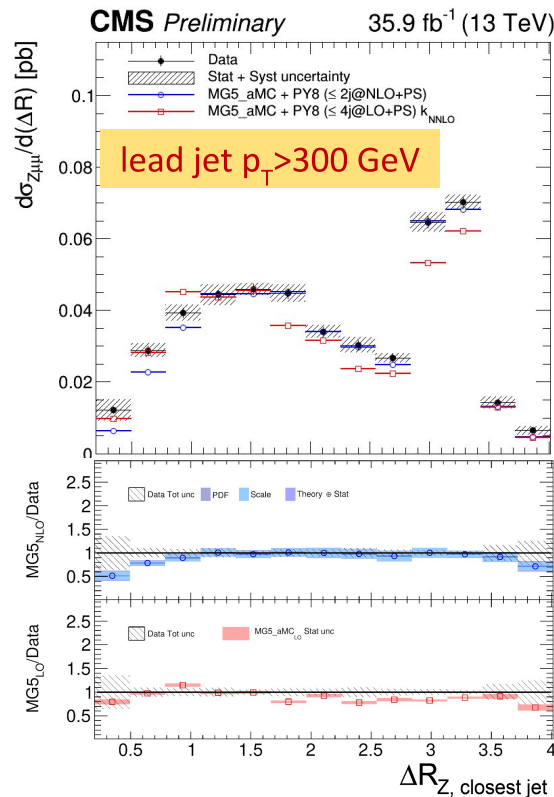
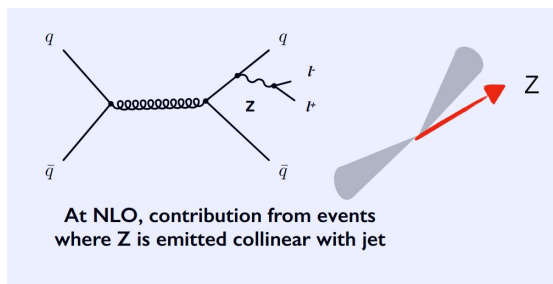
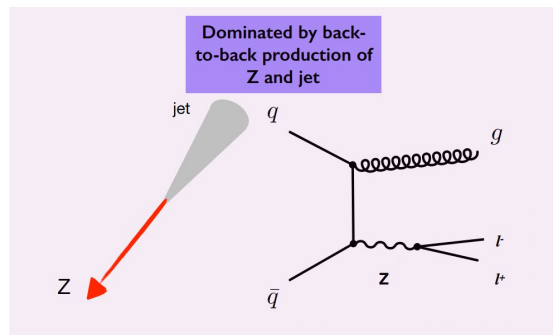
Lindert, J.M., Pozzorini, S.,
Boughezal, R. et al.
[arXiv:1705.04664](https://arxiv.org/abs/1705.04664)



Collinear Z emission at 13 TeV



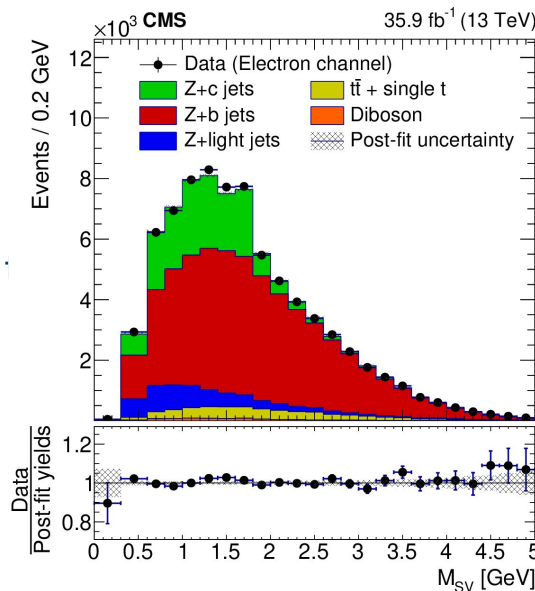
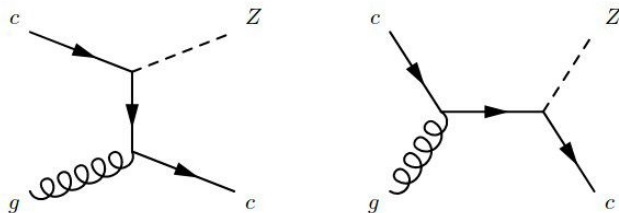
- 2016 dataset, $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ + jets
- Hard threshold on lead jet to enhance collinear Z emission



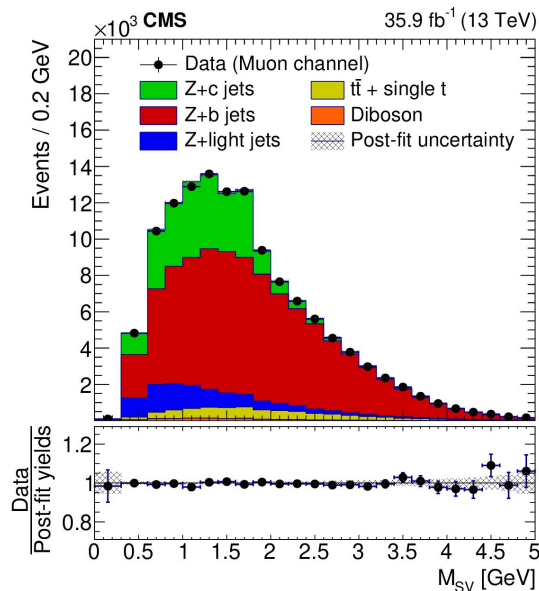
Z+b, Z+c production at 13 TeV

- 2016 data, electron and muon channel
- Interesting process to study the charm contribution in the proton
- Z+b/Z+c component extracted from a fit to the secondary vertex mass in Z+HF events
- Z+c and Z+b templates validated with data samples
- Measure ratios, many systematics cancel

arXiv:2001.06899

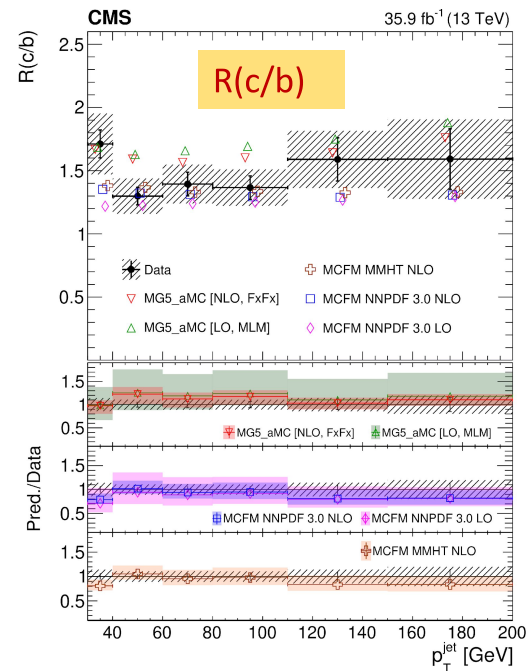
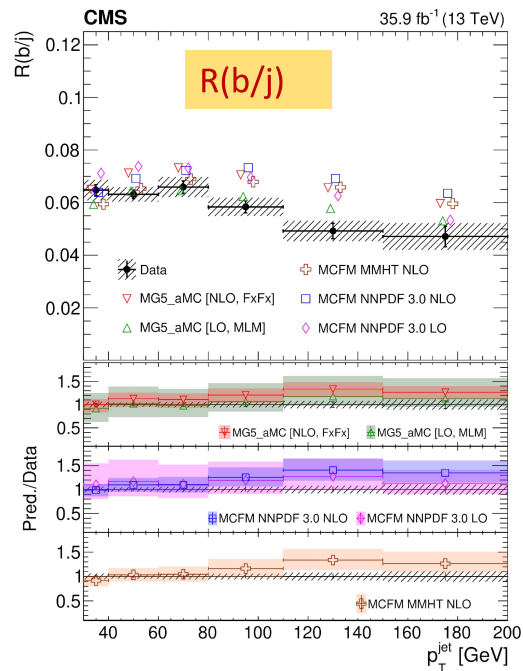
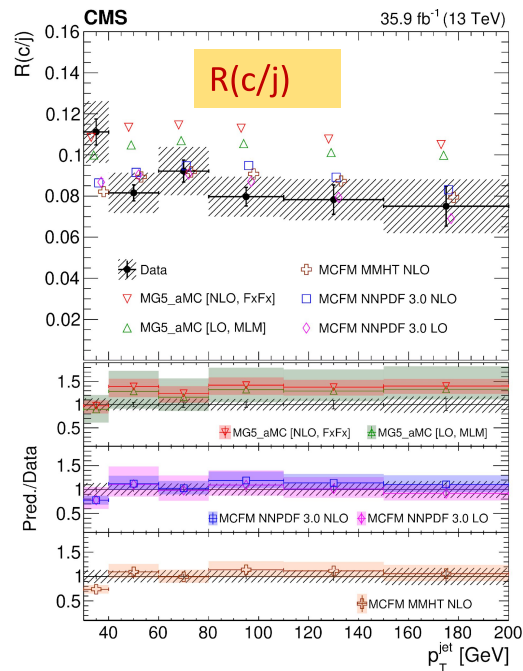
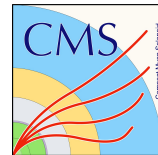


electron channel



muon channel

Z+b, Z+c production at 13 TeV - jet p_T



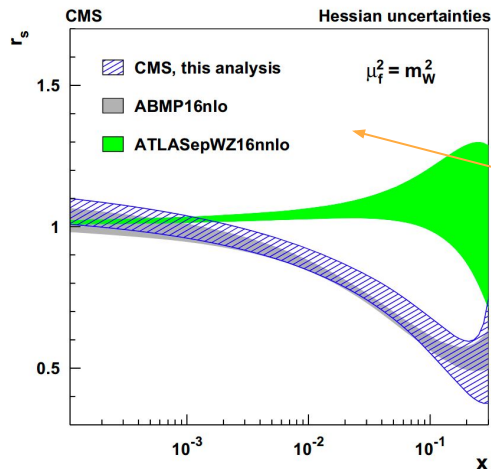
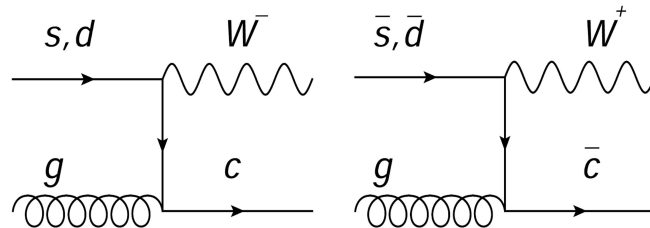
- Madgraph at particle level, MCFM at parton level.
- Madgraph NLO in general higher than data in c,b/j ratio.

- Experimental uncertainties smaller than theoretical uncertainties.

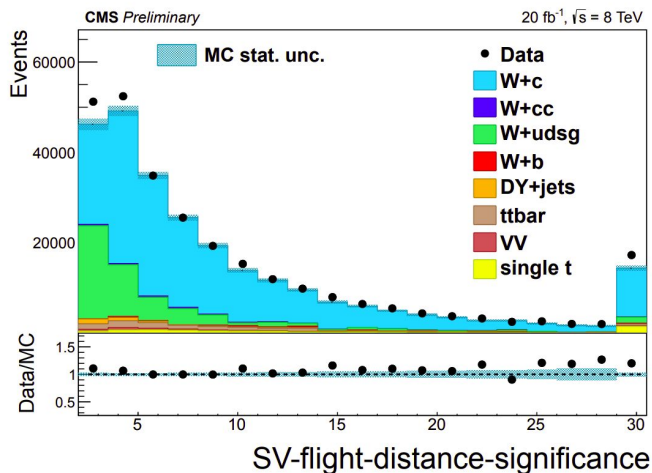
W+c at 8 TeV

- Identify charm through semileptonic (SL) and hadronic (SV) inclusive decays, W from electron and muon
- qg processes give only OS W-c pairs, while background from W+ q \bar{q} or top give both OS and SS pairs and evaluated from OS-SS subtraction
- Sensitive to the strange content of the proton

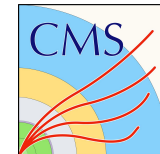
CMS-PAS-SMP-18-013



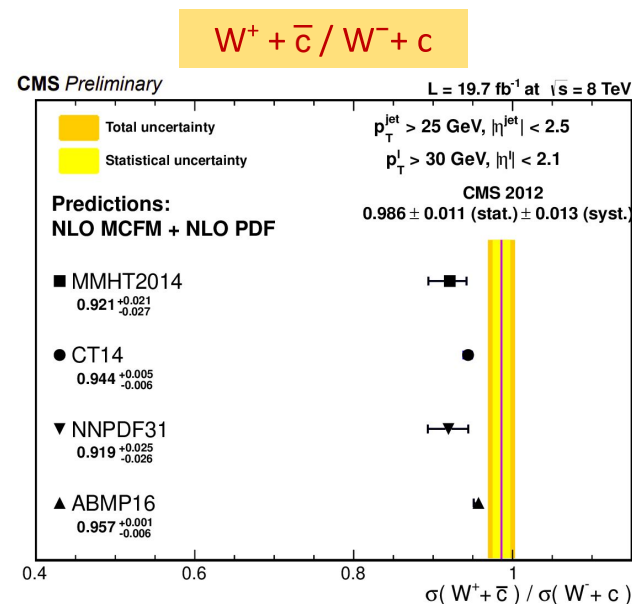
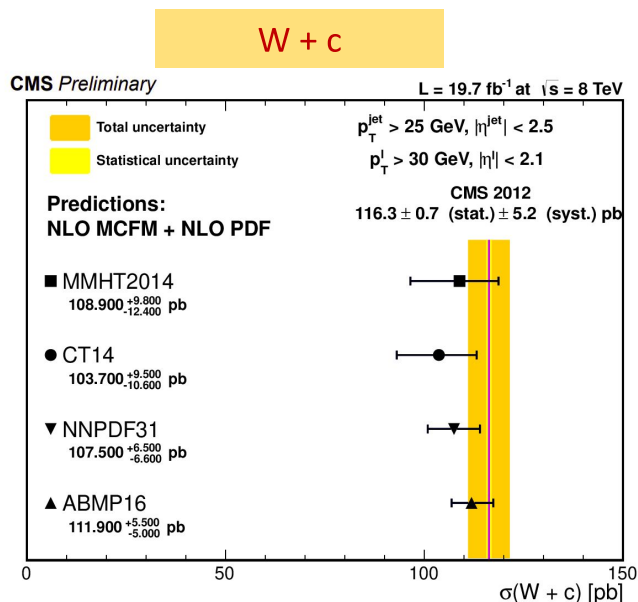
W+charm at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV,
EPJ C79 (2019),269
 CMS results in good agreement with results from neutrino scattering



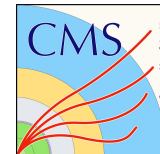
W+c at 8 TeV - inclusive cross-section



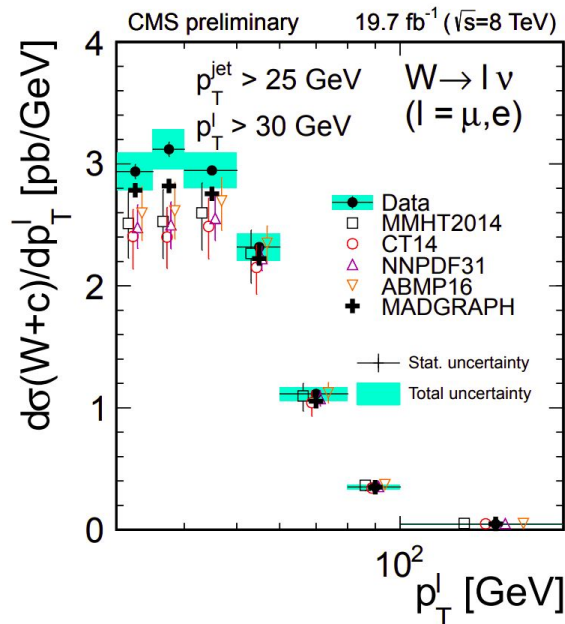
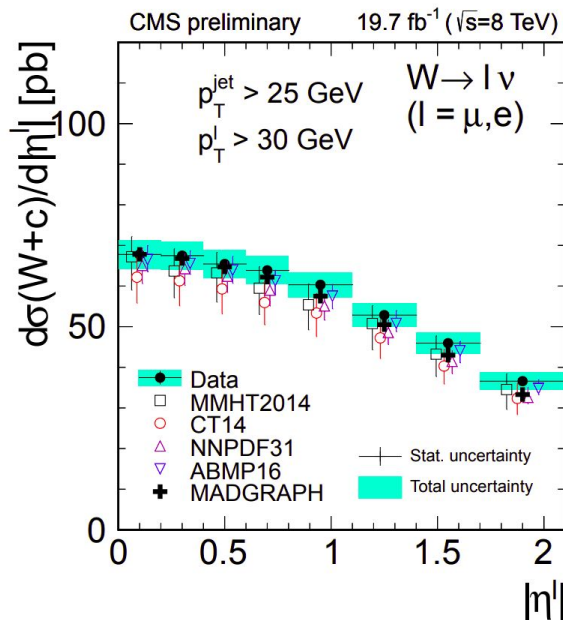
- Cross sections compared to NLO MCFM+different PDFs
- Uncertainties: 7% for the SL channel, 5% for the SV channel



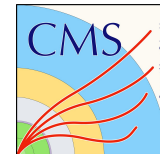
W+c at 8 TeV - differential cross-section



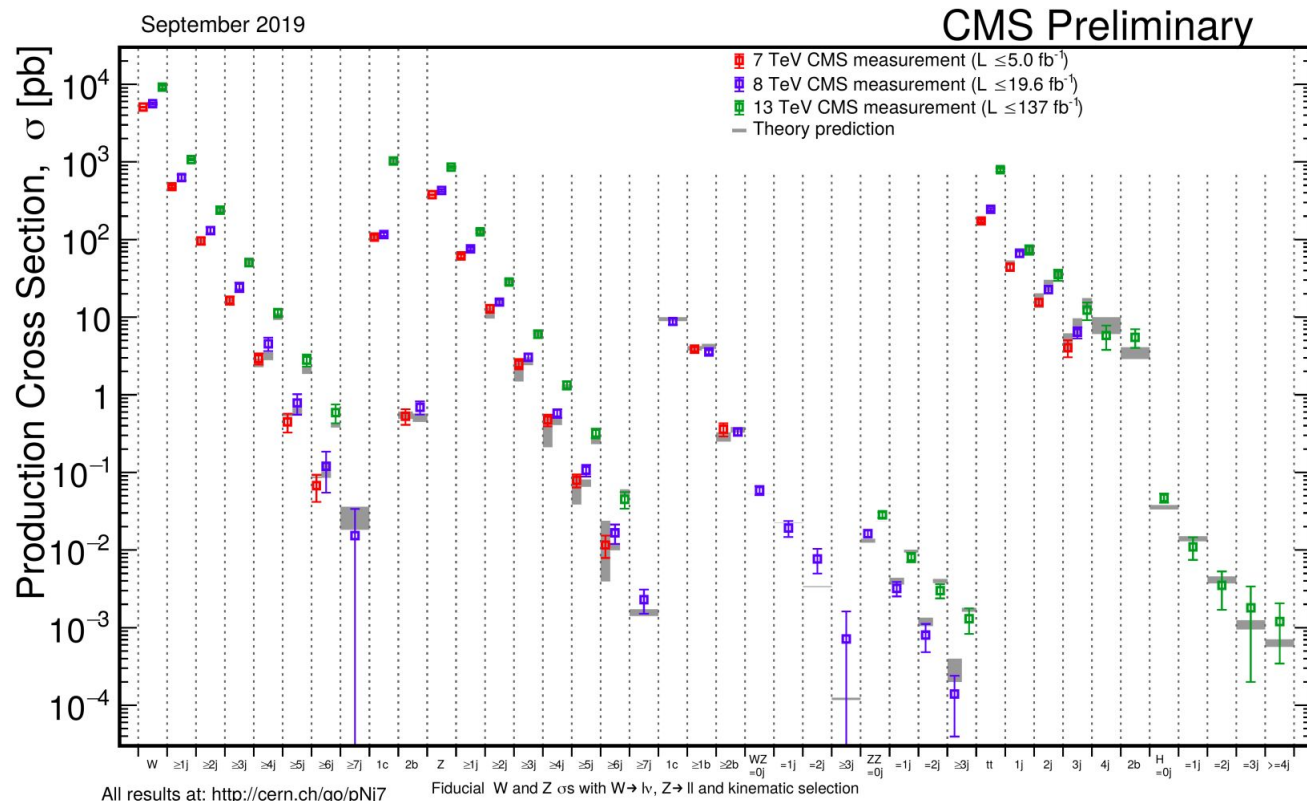
- Main systematics: c-hadron production and decay in MC and charm ID efficiency
- Theoretical predictions undershoots data at low p_T



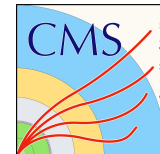
Summary



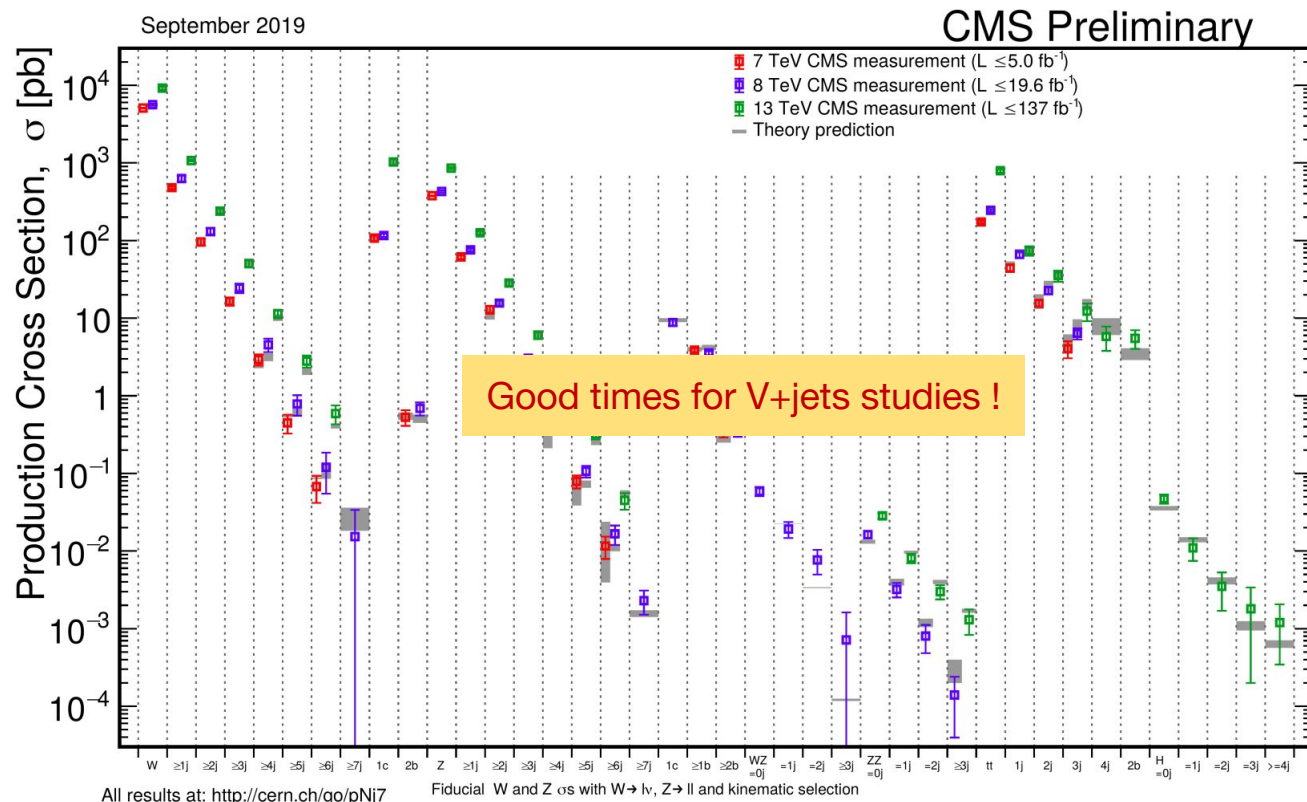
- V+jets measurements provide crucial test for the Standard Model
- Pushing precision measurements frontiers
- Important tool for pdf, jets
- Discovery potential relies on precision measurements in the tails
- Many analysis in the pipeline for publication



Summary



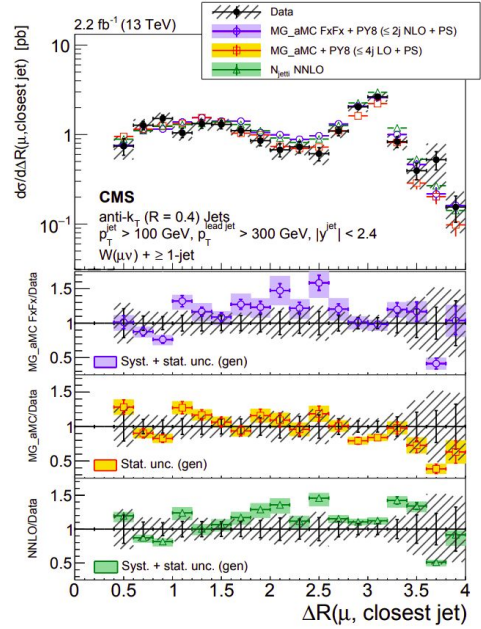
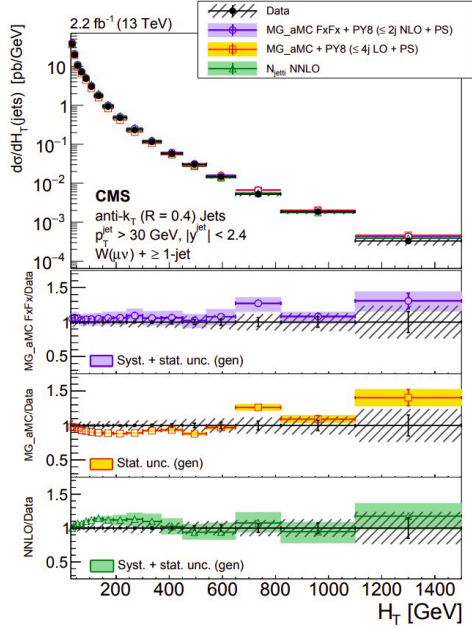
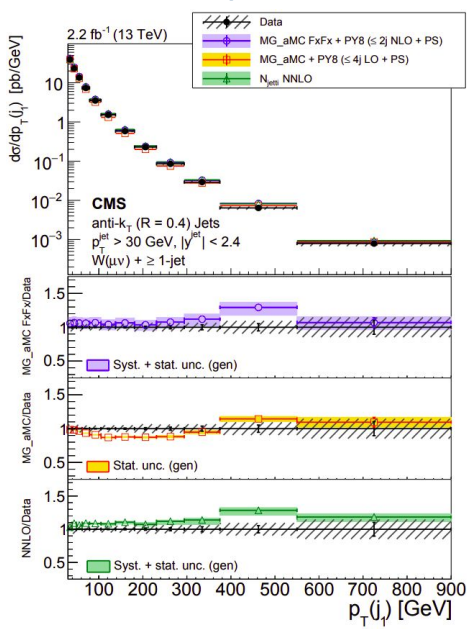
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Backup

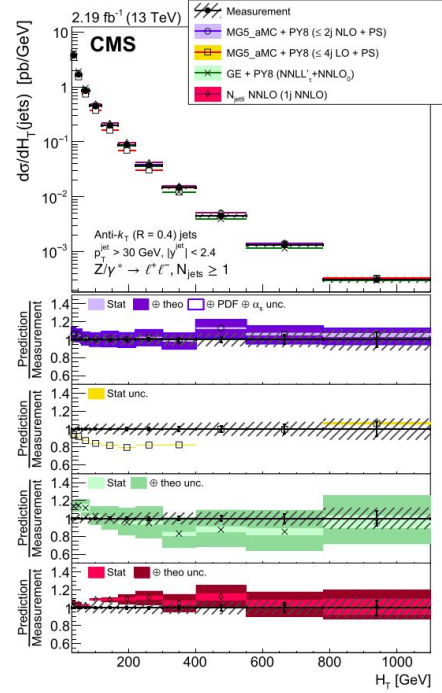
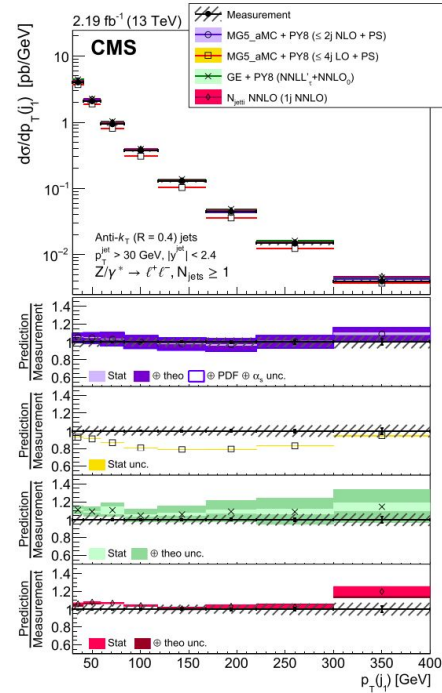
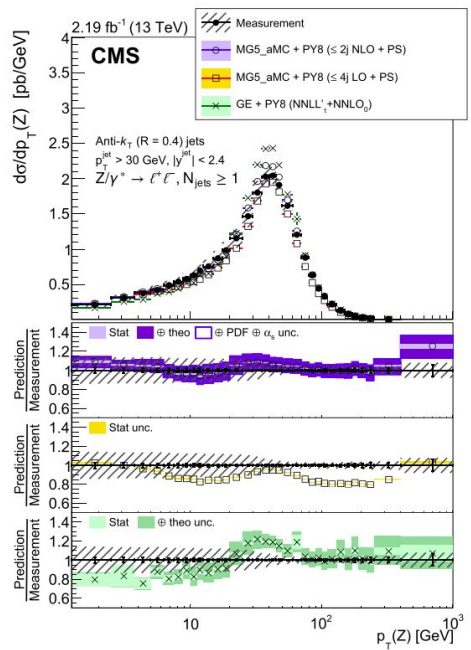
W+jets at 13 TeV

- Event selection:
 - 1 muon, $p_T > 25$ GeV and $|y| < 2.4$
 - ≥ 1 jets, $p_T > 30$ GeV and $|y| < 2.4$
 - $m_T > 50$ GeV
 - b-quark veto
- ΔR studies:
 - lead jet $p_T > 300$ GeV
 - any other jet $p_T > 100$ GeV



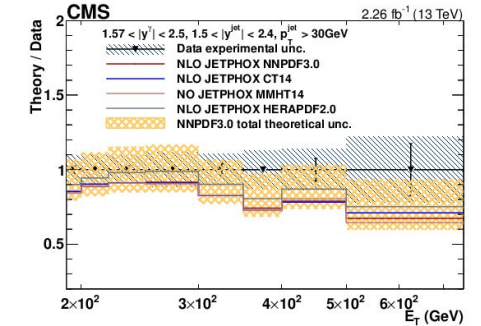
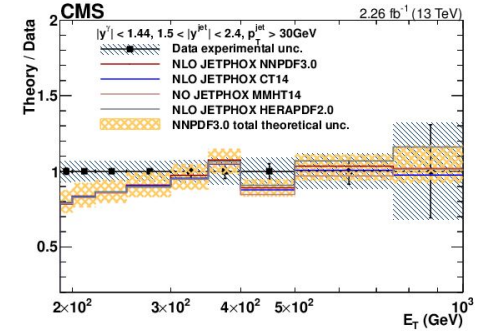
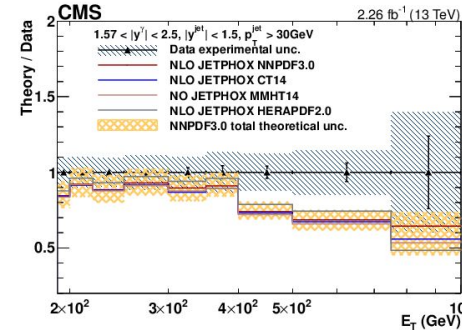
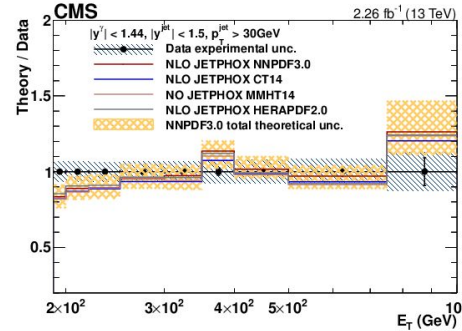
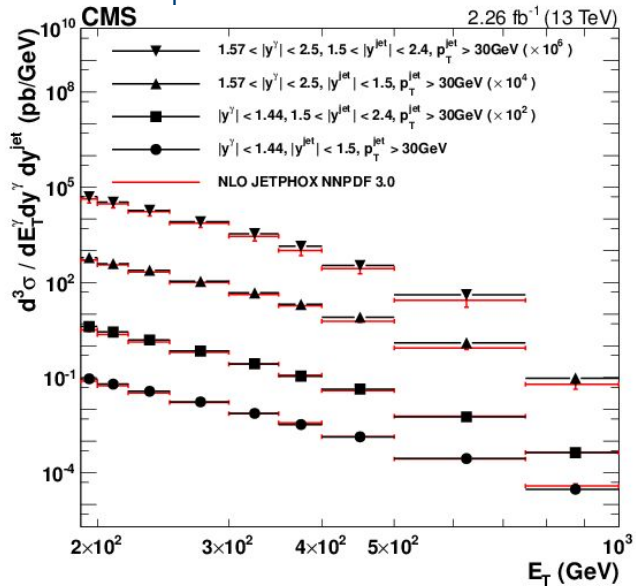
Z+jets at 13 TeV

- Event selection:
 - 2 opposite charged leptons, $p_T > 20$ GeV and $|y| < 2.4$
 - $71 \text{ GeV} < m_{ll} < 111 \text{ GeV}$
 - ≥ 1 jets, $p_T > 30$ GeV and $|y| < 2.4$



γ +jets at 13 TeV

- Triple differential γ +jets cross-section measured at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, 2015 dataset
- $E_T^\gamma > 190$ GeV, $|\gamma^\gamma| < 2.5$



- NLO Calculation JetPHOX agrees with data, potential to constrain PDF in low-middle photon E_T
- Sensitive to gluon density

- Dim 6 operators in EFT framework

$$\mathcal{O}_{WWW} = \frac{c_{WWW}}{\Lambda^2} W_{\mu\nu} W^{\nu\rho} W_{\rho}^{\mu},$$

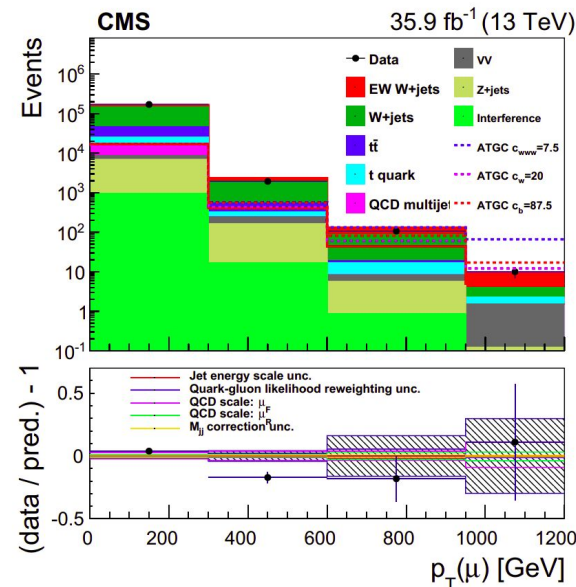
$$\mathcal{O}_W = \frac{c_W}{\Lambda^2} (D^{\mu} \Phi)^{\dagger} W_{\mu\nu} (D^{\nu} \Phi),$$

$$\mathcal{O}_B = \frac{c_B}{\Lambda^2} (D^{\mu} \Phi)^{\dagger} B_{\mu\nu} (D^{\nu} \Phi),$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{O}}_{WWW} = \frac{\tilde{c}_{WWW}}{\Lambda^2} \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu} W^{\nu\rho} W_{\rho}^{\mu},$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{O}}_W = \frac{\tilde{c}_W}{\Lambda^2} (D^{\mu} \Phi)^{\dagger} \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu} (D^{\nu} \Phi),$$

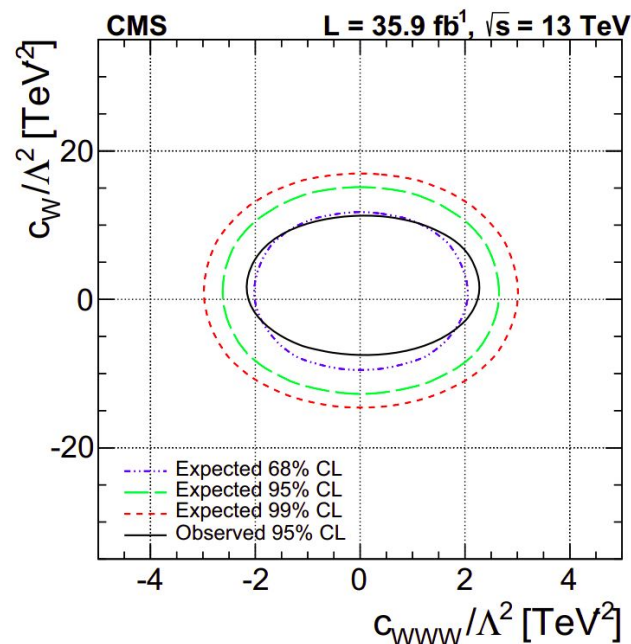
- Template in $p_T(\ell)$ where signal is included with different hypothesis of dim-6 operators



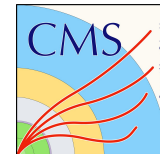
- Combine fit performed including EWK Zjj analysis

Coupling constant	Expected 95% CL inter- val (TeV^{-2})	Observed 95% CL inter- val (TeV^{-2})
c_{WWW}/Λ^2	$[-2.3, 2.4]$	$[-1.8, 2.0]$
c_W/Λ^2	$[-11, 14]$	$[-5.8, 10.0]$
c_B/Λ^2	$[-61, 61]$	$[-43, 45]$

- This analysis is most sensitive to c_{WWW}



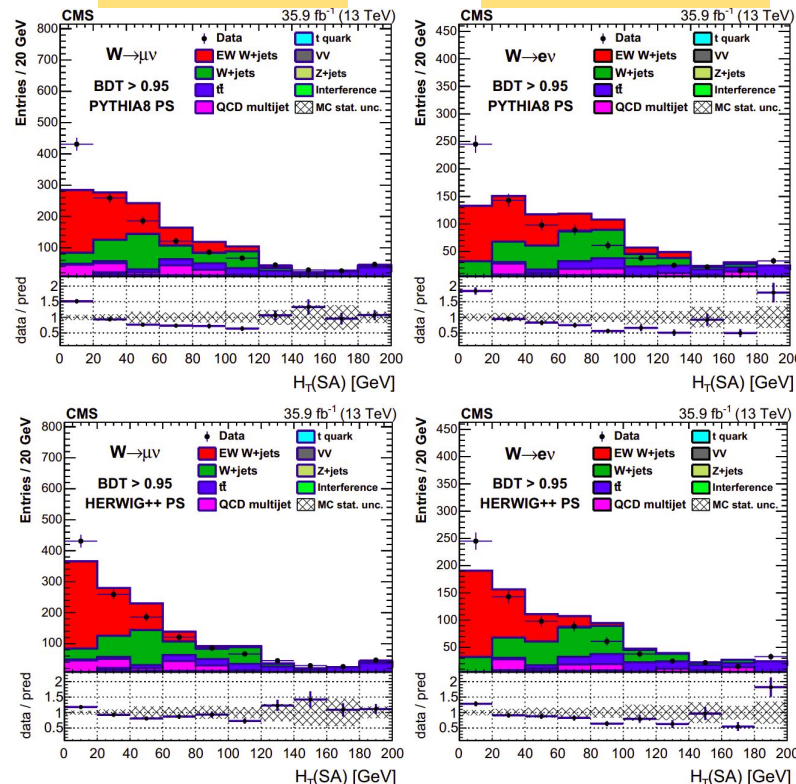
Electroweak production of $W+2$ jets



- Significant suppression of hadronic activity in EWK W_{jj} is expected
- Studies performed in signal enriched region
- “Soft Activity”: jets from tracks associated with PV, found in the rapidity gap
- Such jets in simulation comes only from PS, important tool for testing PS modelling
- Comparison between PYTHIA 8 and HERWIG++

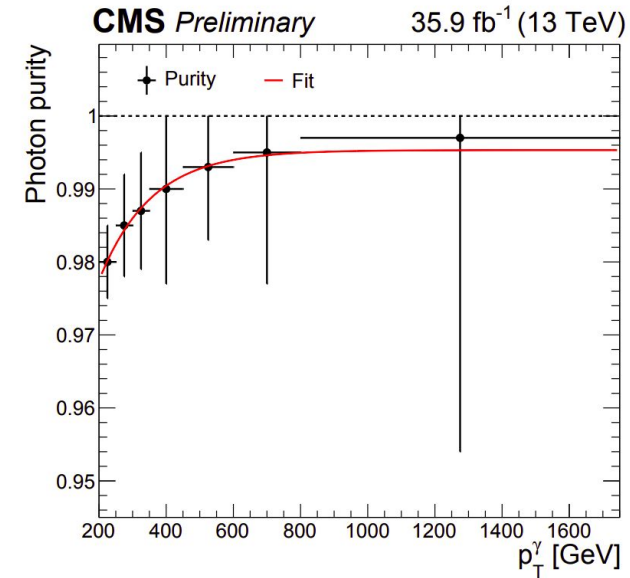
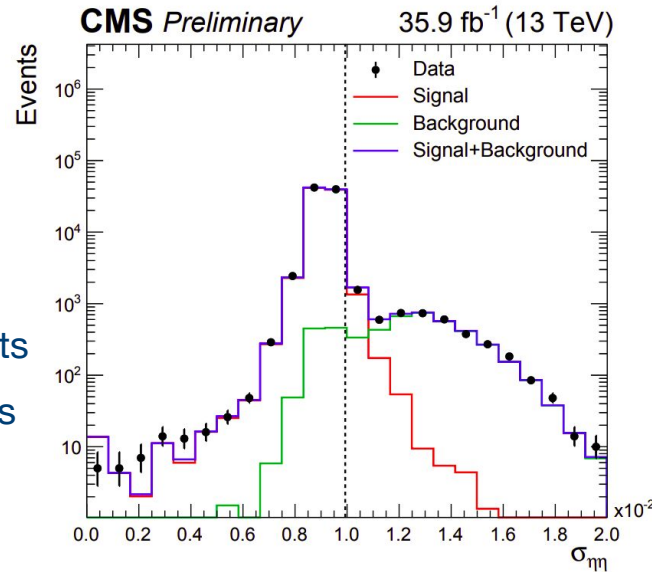
muon channel

electron channel



Z/ γ +jets at 13 TeV

- Purity extracted from template fit to the shower shape variable $\sigma_{\eta\eta}$
- Signal template from γ +jets MC events, corrected with data
- Background template from sideband in data, inverting photon isolation requirements
- Data fitted in different p_T bins
- Beeston-Barlow method to take into account finite template statistic
- Alternative templates for systematic effects



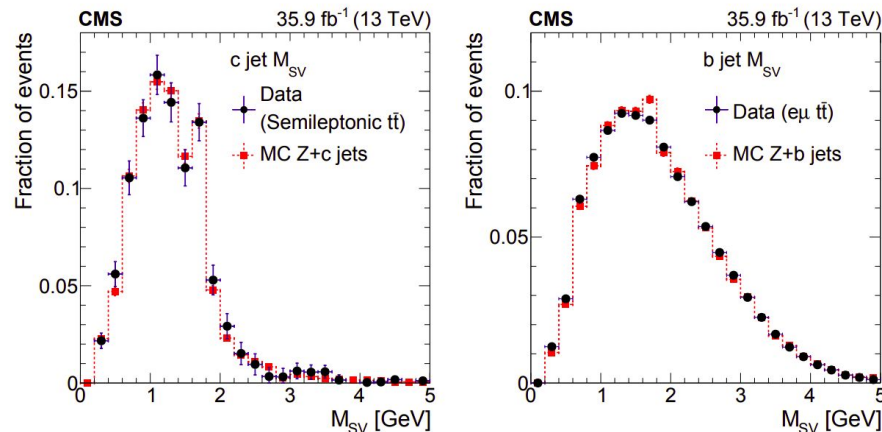
- Event selection:

- 2 leptons $p_T > 25$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$
- $71 \text{ GeV} < m_{ll} < 111 \text{ GeV}$
- $p_T^{\text{miss}} < 40$ GeV (reducing $t\bar{t}$)
- ≥ 1 jets $p_T > 40$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$
- ≥ 1 HF tagged jets

- HF tagger working point:

- 10 % c-jets
- 60 % b-jets
- 1 % light jets

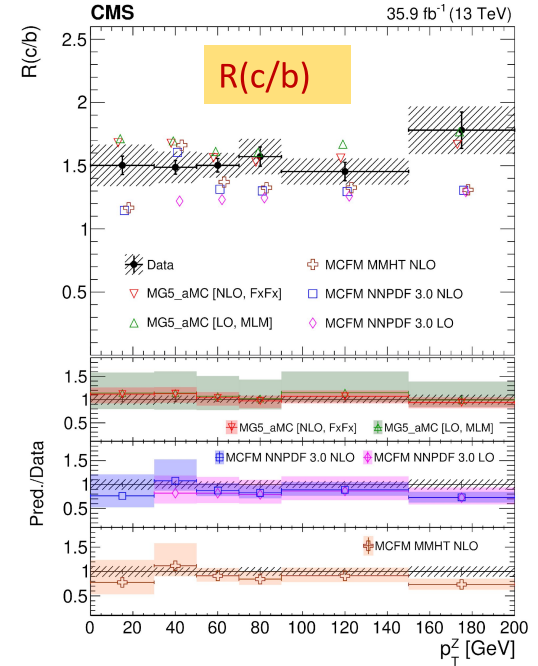
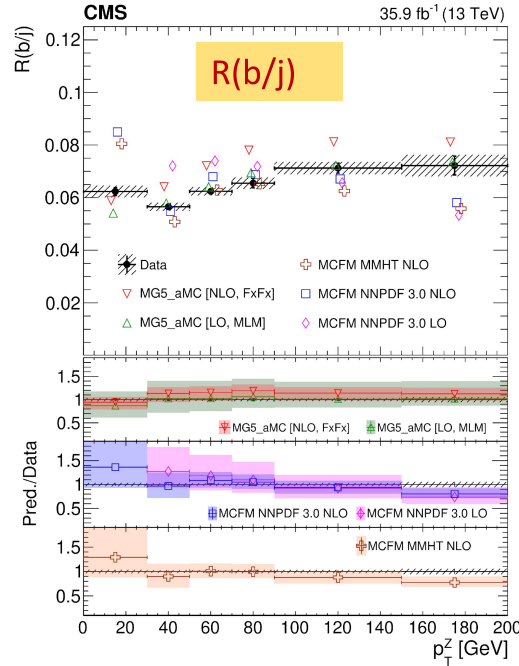
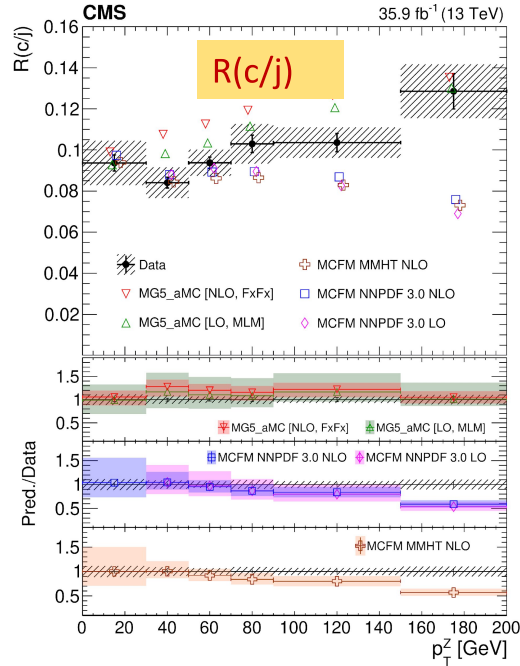
- Data driven template validation:



- Inclusive cross section measurement:

	Electron	Muon	Combined
R(c/j)	$0.105 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.009$	$0.101 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.009$	$0.102 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.009$
R(b/j)	$0.0639 \pm 0.0006 \pm 0.0015$	$0.0629 \pm 0.0005 \pm 0.0014$	$0.0633 \pm 0.0004 \pm 0.0015$
R(c/b)	$1.65 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.15$	$1.61 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.15$	$1.62 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.15$

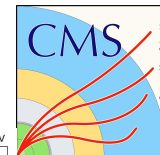
Z+b, Z+c production at 13 TeV - Zp_T



- Madgraph at particle level, MCFM at parton level.
- Madgraph NLO in general higher than data in c,b/j ratio.

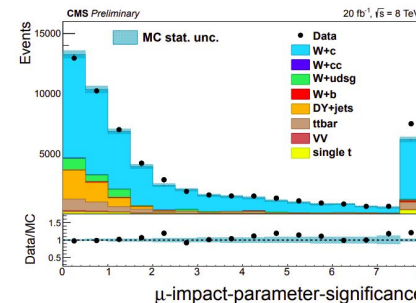
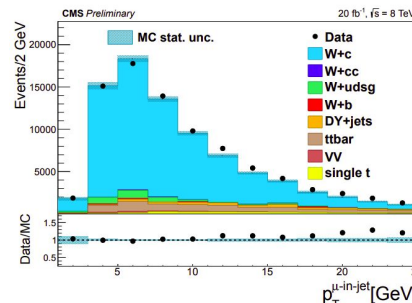
- Experimental uncertainties smaller than theoretical uncertainties.

W+c at 8 TeV



- Semileptonic (SL) channel:

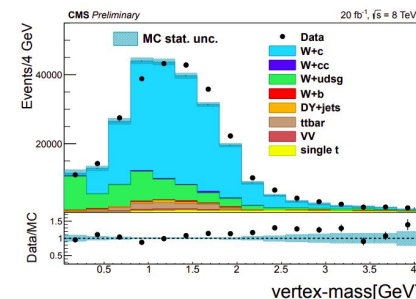
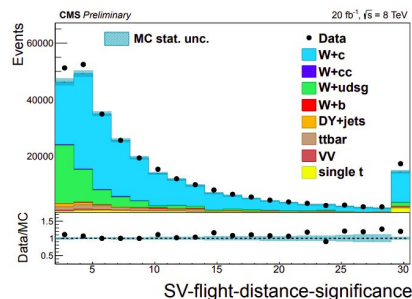
- semileptonic decay of a c hadron to muon inside the jet
- charge of c-quark measured from muon



SL channel	W + c	W + c \bar{c}	W + udsg	W + b	DY	t \bar{t}	single top	VV
W \rightarrow e ν	82.6%	0.2%	4.6%	0.4%	0.5%	8.4%	2.3%	1.0%
W \rightarrow $\mu\nu$	77.7%	0.4%	3.2%	0.6%	6.9%	7.8%	2.5%	0.9%

- Secondary vertex (SV) channel :

- reconstructed displaced secondary vertex inside the jet
- c-quark charged determined summing over the jet tracks



SV channel	W + c	W + c \bar{c}	W + udsg	W + b	DY	t \bar{t}	single top	VV
W \rightarrow e ν	73.8%	0.5%	15.1%	0.7%	1.9%	3.8%	3.2%	1.0%
W \rightarrow $\mu\nu$	74.5%	0.7%	16.0%	0.5%	0.6%	3.2%	3.5%	1.0%