



# Recent *t*tH measurements with ATLAS

# Merve Nazlim Agaras (LPC) on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

8th Edition of the Large Hadron Collider Physics Conference LHCP

29.5.2020



# Top Yukawa Coupling

\* Goal of the *t*t H measurement: Probing the top-Yukawa coupling y<sub>t</sub> (directly)

▶ Largest in the SM: 
$$y_t = \sqrt{2}m_t/\nu \approx 1$$

- Relevant to: Effective potential of Higgs field, Higgs-self coupling, destabilises the vacuum, the required energy scale for new physics ...
- What is the CP nature of the Higgs-top interaction?



**Recent** *ttH* **measurements with ATLAS** | *LHCP*, 29 May 2020 | *M*.Nazlim Agaras

from ggF Higgs production

 $\overline{m}_{a}(m_{H})$  used for quarks

10

 $10^{2}$ 

**ATLAS** Preliminary  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, 24.5 - 139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ 

SM Higgs boson

 $m_{\mu} = 125.09 \text{ GeV}$ 

 $k_F \frac{m_F}{\sqrt{2}}$  or  $\sqrt{k_V \frac{m_V}{\sqrt{2}}}$ 

10-

10<sup>-2</sup>

10<sup>-3</sup>

 $10^{-4}$ 

1.2

0.8

 $10^{-1}$ 

 $\kappa_{F}$  or  $\sqrt{\kappa_{V}}$ 

# *tīH***Production at ATLAS**

Top Pair Branching Fraction	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}H} \approx 0.5  pb$ s" 46% $g$ $f = 15\%$ $g$ $g$ $f = 15\%$ $f = 15\%$	Solution Solut	скогороннун скогоронну скогоронну скогороннонноннонноннонноннонноннонноннонно	
Search channel (Higgs decay)	Benefits/challenges	Latest publications	Luminosity (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	Wide Higgs peak, high rate/ difficult backgrounds	<u>Phys. Rev. D 97 (2018) 072016</u>	36	
$H \rightarrow WW^*, ZZ^*, \tau\tau$ (multilepton)	Reasonable rate/no full reconstruction of Higgs/non- prompt backgrounds	ATLAS-CONF-2019-045	80	
$\begin{array}{c} H \to ZZ^* \to 4\ell \\ H \to \gamma\gamma \end{array}$	Very clean/small rate	arXiv:2004.03447 ATLAS-CONF-2019-004	139	
Combination	<u>Phys. Lett. B 784 (</u>	80+36		

- \* Most common decay mode, but challenging final states
  - Combinatorics from many bjets.
  - CRs to constrain various backgrounds and systematic uncertainties

# \* Analysis regions

- Iepton+jets, dileptonic channels
- Resolved & boosted (for lepton+jets)
- split NJets, btagging (order of tightness of the *b*-tagging WPs)



- \* Large background from *tt*+jets (>=1b,>=1c, light-flavour)
  - Nominal sample: @NLO 5-flavour scheme (with additional b-quark pair from PS)

36*fb* 

- Division of CRs depending on the  $t\bar{t}$ +jet flavour
- Numerous uncertainties are implemented to cover the modelling differences.



Use of **reconstruction/MVA** techniques (details next slide)



# $t\bar{t}H(H\to b\bar{b})$

### \* Signal extraction strategy (MVA methods)

- ▶ Intermediate —> to reconstruct the  $t\bar{t}H$  system
- Classification BDT —> to separate signal form background



### **Classification BDT**

- Highest BDT score for H and t + BDT output
- Kinematic variables p<sup>sig</sup>/p<sup>sig</sup> + p<sup>tt̄+jets</sup> (av. over jet permutations)

 $36fb^{-}$ 

$$\mathbb{P}MEM_d = log(L_S) - log(L_B)$$

▶b-tagging information



# $t\bar{t}H(H \to b\bar{b})$

# \* Fit model

- ▶ Profile likelihood fit ( $\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$ ) of 10 CRs and 9 SRs
- BDT bins in SRs
- $H_T$  bins or single bin CRs
- ▶ Free floating norm. of  $t\bar{t} + \ge 1b$  and  $t\bar{t} + \ge 1c$





 $36 fb^{\prime}$ 

yield comparison

### \* Systematic uncertainties

- ▶ Modelling of  $t\overline{t} + \ge 1b$  (±0.46)
- ▶ MC statistical (±0.30)
- ▶ Flavour tagging ( $\pm 0.16$ )
- Dominated by systematic uncertainties

- **\* Target**:  $t\bar{t}H$  with
  - ▶ H—>WW/ZZ/ $\tau\tau$ —> ≥ 1ℓ
  - ▶  $t\bar{t}$ —>(ℓ+jets, dilepton)
- \* Analysis regions
  - **charge** and **flavour** of leptons  $(\ell = e, \mu, \tau_{had})$
  - ▶ number of **jets**
  - CRs to constrain backgrounds
- \* Main backgrounds :  $t\bar{t}W, t\bar{t}Z, VV +$ non-prompt  $\ell$ , charge mis-assigned  $\ell$ , photon conversions  $\ell$  (mainly  $t\bar{t}$ ), fake  $\tau_{had}$



Sophisticated BDT isolation to suppress  $\ell$  from semi-leptonic b-decays, QMisID BDT, material and  $\gamma^*$  conversion (CO) rejection ( $m_{trk-trk}$ )

**Recent** t*t***H** measurements with ATLAS | LHCP, 29 May 2020 | M.Nazlim Agaras



80*fb* 

### Analysis regions

- \* "high NJets" (≥ 4) —> Multi-dim. BDT space, lepton charge, and/or lepton flavour
  - Consist of SRs & CRs
  - ▶ BDT vs  $t\bar{t}W/t\bar{t}$  in  $2\ell SS t\bar{t}W, t\bar{t}Z, VV, t\bar{t}$  in  $3\ell$
- \* "low NJets" (2-3) —>  $\Delta R(l_0, l_1), H_T$ , **b-jet** multiplicity, lepton flavour, event yeild
  - ${}^{\triangleright}$  discrimination power on  $t\bar{t}W$  and non-prompt backgrounds

**Estimation of lepton backgrounds** based on MC shapes; <u>simultaneous</u> fit to signal strength

- Normalisations of
  - Heavy flavour non-prompt leptons b,  $c \to \ell X$  (electrons and muons)
  - ▶ electrons from material CO  $\gamma \rightarrow \ell \ell_{soft}$
  - ▶ electron from **internal CO** [low mass]  $\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell \ell_{soft}$
- \* Data-driven for the charge mis-assigned and fake  $\tau_{had}$



80*fb* 

region in  $2\ell SS$ - $e\mu\mu\mu$  channel

80*fb*<sup>-1</sup>

- Normalisation of
  - ▶  $\overline{ttW}$  (decorrelated between  $2|SS0\tau$  low NJets,  $2|SS0\tau$  high NJets, and  $3|0\tau$ )
- \* Observed more  $t\bar{t}W$  than expected
- \* Scale Yellow Report 4 tt W cross section by
  1.21
  - \* to account for NLO  $t\bar{t}W$ +1 jet (qg initiated opened up)
  - \* EWK effects of order  $\alpha_{\rm s} \alpha^3$  (tW scattering NLO)
- Uncertainties to cover data/MC disagreements as a function of NbJets and lepton total charge in tt W phase space
  - Derived from the difference between data/MC
  - \* Already has stimulated some theory work!



# \* Fit model

- Profile likelihood fit ( $\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$ ) of 17 CRs and 8 SRs
- simultaneous fit to NFs & signal strength

## \* Systematic uncertainties

 Jet energy scale and resolution (±0.13)

🔶 Data

t t W

 $t\overline{t}(Z/\gamma^*)$ (high)

Dibosor

Non-pro

QMisID

Other

---- Pre-Fi

4€Zdep

4€Zenr

1827

- tītl modelling (±0.09)
- $t\bar{t}W$  modelling (±0.08)

Post-Fit

ATLAS Preliminary

√s = 13 TeV, 79.9 fb

2ºttH\_

<sup>3</sup>CttH

bin

SRs

Events / I

10<sup>3</sup>

Data / Pred. 5.0 2.0



 $\mathcal{L}_{ht}\mathcal{L}_{Mat}\mathcal{L}_{t(\mu)}\mathcal$ 

**Recent** *ttH* **measurements with ATLAS** | *LHCP*, 29 May 2020 | *M.Nazlim Agaras* 

3817

2017

tτ̄H (μ=0.58)

Non-prompt e

Mat Conv

// Uncertainty

Multi Non-promp

Fake τ<sub>had</sub>

 $T = t\bar{t}\gamma^*(low)$ 

3etty 3ett> 3en

# $t\bar{t}H(H \to \gamma\gamma)$

### \* Analysis regions

- Select two energetic and well isolated photons
- ▶ Hadronic (0ℓ, 4 NJets, leptonic (≥1ℓ, 3 NJets) regions
- all top decays are included
- \* Backgrounds
  - ▶ non- $t\bar{t}H$  production,  $t\bar{t}\gamma\gamma$ ,  $t\bar{t} + jets$
  - Determination of continuum background is datadriven
  - Control samples to evaluate the function

### \* Defining **SRs**:

- BDTs —> Inputs: photon, jet kinematics
- Perform cut on BDT output to veto backgrounds and Categorise events passing





# Significance: $4.9\sigma$ ( $4.2\sigma$ exp.) $\mu_{t\bar{t}H} = 1.38^{+0.41}_{-0.36}$

### \* Fit setup & unc.

- Signal extracted from fit to myy distributions; Double Sided Crystal Ball
- Results still statistically limited
- Experimental (mainly on photons and jets) and theoretical unc. (tt H) included

# $t\bar{t}H(H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l)$ Resonant

- \* Searching Higgs Boson candidates  $115 < m(4l) < 130 \, GeV$
- Background in mass sidebands
- \* Analysis regions, based on  $t\bar{t}$  decay
  - *t*t
    <u>+</u>Lep-enriched, event yield
  - $t\bar{t}H$ -Had-enriched, exploit NN
    - $t\bar{t}H$  vs. tXX(ttZ) vs. ggF
    - resulting 2 independent outputs,  $NN_{t\bar{t}H} \& NN_{tXX}$  corresponding to the probability of the given process



 $\mu = 1.7^{+1.7}_{-1.2}(stat.) \pm 0.2(syst.) \pm 0.2(th.)$ 

139*fb*<sup>-</sup>

- \* Largely statistically limited
- \* Three candidates at ATLAS in full Run 2!

# ttH Combination

\* No combinations including all the latest results yet... but already  $5\sigma$  observed!



Measurements consistent with Standard Model.

# Conclusion

- \* The latest studies related to  $t\bar{t}H$  measurements are presented
- \* ATLAS has established observation of  $t\bar{t}H$  production by combining various Higgs decay channels
  - Results are compatible with SM
- \* Some individual channels updated their results with more data
  - Almost **observation** for  $t\bar{t}H$  production in  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  channel alone
  - ▷ 3 events are observed in  $t\bar{t}H(H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l)$
- Challenging backgrounds
  - Requires better understanding of background processes eg.  $t\bar{t}W, t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$
  - Improvements are expected with Full Run2 data
- \* Full Run2 dataset will allow also new opportunities, including **differential** and **properties measurements**.



								<b>•</b> (									

• •





The ratios of *S*/*B* and *S*/ $\sqrt{B}$  for each analysis categories in  $t\bar{t}H(bb)$ 

Single lepton + dilepton have similar purity; lower stats in dilepton

Boosted: two R=1.0 jets  $\rightarrow$  H candidate p<sub>T</sub> > 200 GeV, 2 b-tagged subjets  $\rightarrow$  top candidate p<sub>T</sub> > 250 GeV, one b-tagged subjet





\* The ratios of S/B and  $S/\sqrt{B}$  for each analysis categories in  $t\overline{t}H$  - multi lepton

Pre-fit impact on µ: Δμ  $\theta = \hat{\theta} + \Delta \theta$   $\theta = \hat{\theta} - \Delta \theta$ -0.5 0 0.5 -1 1 Post-fit impact on µ:  $\theta = \hat{\theta} + \Delta \hat{\theta} = \theta = \hat{\theta} - \Delta \hat{\theta}$ ATLAS √s = 13 TeV, 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> --- Nuis. Param. Pull tt+≥1b: SHERPA5F vs. nominal tt+≥1b: SHERPA4F vs. nominal tt+≥1b: PS & hadronization tt+≥1b: ISR / FSR ttH: PS & hadronization b-tagging: mis-tag (light) NP I k(tt+≥1b) = 1.24 ± 0.10 Jet energy resolution: NP I tTH: cross section (QCD scale) tt+≥1b: tt+≥3b normalization tt+≥1c: SHERPA5F vs. nominal tt+≥1b: shower recoil scheme tt+≥1c: ISR / FSR Jet energy resolution: NP II tt+light: PS & hadronization Wt: diagram subtr. vs. nominal b-tagging: efficiency NP I b-tagging: mis-tag (c) NP I  $E_{\tau}^{\text{miss}}$ : soft-term resolution b-tagging: efficiency NP II -2 -1.5 -1 -0.5 0 0.5 1.5 1  $(\hat{\theta} - \theta_0) / \Delta \theta$ 

\* Ranking of NPs in  $t\bar{t}H(bb)$ 

### 020 M.Nazlim Agaras

2

• •

Process	Generator	ME order	Parton shower	PDF	Tune
tĪH	Powheg-BOX [23, 24]	NLO	Рутніа 8	NNPDF3.0 NLO [25]/	A14
				NNPDF2.3 LO [48]	
	(Powheg-BOX)	(NLO)	(Herwig7)	(NNPDF3.0 NLO/	(H7-UE-MMHT)
				MMHT2014 LO [49])	
tHqb	MG5_AMC	LO	Рутніа 8	CT10 [50]	A14
tHW	MG5_AMC	NLO	Herwig++	CT10/	UE-EE-5
				CTEQ6L1 [51, 52]	
tĪW	Sherpa 2.2.1	MePs@Nlo	Sherpa	NNPDF3.0 NNLO	SHERPA default
	(MG5_AMC)	(NLO)	(Рутніа 8)	(NNPDF3.0 NLO/	(A14)
				NNPDF2.3 LO)	
$t\bar{t}(Z/\gamma^*)$	MG5_AMC	NLO	Рутніа 8	NNPDF3.0 NLO/	A14
				NNPDF2.3 LO	
_	(Sherpa 2.2.0)	(LO multileg)	(Sherpa)	(NNPDF3.0 NLO)	(SHERPA default)
$t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+ b W^- \bar{b} l^+ l^-$	MG5_AMC	LO	Рутніа 8	NNPDF3.0 LO	A14
tΖ	MG5_AMC	LO	Рутніа б	CTEQ6L1	Perugia2012
tWZ	MG5_AMC	NLO	Рутніа 8	NNPDF2.3 LO	A14
tīt, tītī	MG5_AMC	LO	Рутніа 8	NNPDF2.3 LO	A14
$t\bar{t}W^+W^-$	MG5_AMC	LO	Рутніа 8	NNPDF2.3 LO	A14
tī	Powheg-BOX	NLO	Рутніа 8	NNPDF3.0 NLO/	A14
				NNPDF2.3 LO	
Single top	Powheg-BOX [53-55]	NLO	Рутніа 8	NNPDF3.0 NLO/	A14
(t-, Wt-, s-channel)				NNPDF2.3 LO	
VV, qqVV, VVV	Sherpa 2.2.2	MEPs@Nlo	Sherpa	NNPDF3.0 NNLO	Sherpa default
$Z \rightarrow l^+ l^-$	Sherpa 2.2.1	MePs@Nlo	Sherpa	NNPDF3.0 NLO	Sherpa default

		e		μ				
	L	L*	Т	L	L*	Т		
FixedCutLoose	No		Yes	No	Y	'es		
Non-prompt lepton BDT	N	0	Yes	N	0	Yes		
Identification	Loo		Tight	Loc		ose		
Charge mis-assignment veto	N	0	Yes	N/A				
ambiguity bit $== 0$	N	0	Yes		N/A			
Transverse impact parameter significance		< .	5	< 3				
$ d_0 /\sigma_{d_0}$								
Longitudinal impact parameter	< 0.5 mm							
$ z_0 \sin \theta $								

### L = Loose

L\* = Loose + FixedCutLoose

T = Tight

	electron	muon
ID	TightLH && ambiguityType == 0	Medium
Isolation	FixedCutLoose && PLV < -0.7	FixedCutLoose && PLV < -0.5
conv. suppression	$\Delta R_{ll} > 0.5 \&\&  \eta_e  < 2.0$	
	!ExtCo && !IntCo	
QmisID MVA	> 0.7	
impact parameter	$ d0 /\sigma(d0) < 5$	$ d0 /\sigma(d0) < 3$
	$z_0 \sin \theta < 0.5 \text{ mm}$	$z_0 \sin \theta < 0.5 \text{ mm}$

- Material conversion candidates have a reconstructed displaced vertex with radius r > 20 mm that includes the track associated with the electron
  - The invariant mass of the associated track and the closest (in Δη) opposite-charge track reconstructed in the silicon detector, calculated at the conversion vertex, is required to be < 100 MeV.</li>
- Internal conversion candidates are required to fail the requirements for material conversions, and the di-track invariant mass, this time calculated at the primary vertex, is also required to be < 100 MeV.</li>
- Very tight electron candidates are tight electrons that fail the internal conversion and material conversion requirements, and have |η| < 2.</li>
  - The latter requirement rejects a small fraction of electrons with a large charge misidentification rate because of the limited number of hits used in the track reconstruction.

Electrons Taus Muons Heavy flavour decays (b- Heavy flavour decays (b- Light, heavy jets decay) decay) (quarks,gluons) Conversions •In-flight decays of  $\pi/K$  Electrons Charge misidentification Non-prompt lepton Semileptonic Photon You prompt & fake τ Trident process b-decay conversions b fake ℓ+ b fake ℓ+ fake **T** w b b prompt *l*+ prompt *l*+ prompt *l*+ b  $\nu$ ν Dedicated methods/control regions for each background source

- Heavy Flavour, photon conversions (internal(γ \* )&material) —> Template Fit Method (semi data-driven)
- Charge misidentification —> 3D Likelihood (data-driven)
- ~  $\tau$  Fakes —> Fake factor (data-driven)



internal (γ\* → e+e-) and material electron conversion (CO) candidates further suppressed with track invariant masses and conversion radius in the transverse plane
 electron CO

selection	CO radius	m <sub>track</sub> -track						
(1) material CO	> 20 mm	< 100 MeV (wrt. CV)						
(2) internal CO	not (1)	< 100 MeV (wrt. PV)						
(3) very tight*	not (1) and not (2)							



\*reduces conversions by ~50% at the cost of ~2% prompt electron efficiency



- A normalisation factor of 1.2 applied on top of the YR4 cross section for ttW
- Origin of the correction factor:
  - Factor 1.11 to account for missing QCD corrections in higher order XS
    - ttW+0j@NLO → ttW+0,1j@NLO
    - estimated using dedicated samples generated with Sherpa 2.2.1 using the MEPS@NLO prescription, and cross-checked with the NLO generator MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO 2.2.1 using the FxFx prescription
  - Factor 1.09 to account for missing EW corrections
    - [1711.02116] shows "subleading" NLO EWK corrections, not included in YR4 XS, can be large ٠
    - primarily because of the large **NLO3 term** driven by the ttW+1-jet diagrams with a Higgs boson exchanged in the t-channel



- Recent modelling studies for QCD and EWK corrections in ttH-ML phase space
  - ▶ arXiv: 2005.09427v1
  - ▶ arXiv: 2004.09552v1







160

 $t\bar{t}H$  (µ=0.58) 11111



Pre-fit impact on  $\mu$ :  $\theta = \hat{\theta} - \Delta \theta$  $\theta = \hat{\theta} + \Delta \theta$ Post-fit impact on  $\mu$ :  $\Delta \mu$  $\theta = \hat{\theta} - \Delta \hat{\theta}$  $\theta = \hat{\theta} + \Delta \hat{\theta}$ -0.15-0.1-0.05 0 0.05 0.1 0.15 - Pull:  $(\hat{\theta} - \theta_0) / \Delta \theta$ **ATLAS** Preliminary Norm. Factor √s = 13 TeV, 79.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>  $t\bar{t}W$  norm. factor:  $3\ell$  channel Jet energy scale:  $\eta$  intercalib. NP I  $t\bar{t}Z$  cross section: scale variations  $t\bar{t}W$  modelling: scale variations  $t\bar{t}W$  norm. factor:  $2\ell$ SS channel, 2-3 jets Fake  $\tau_{had}$  bkg. stat:  $1\ell 2\tau$  channel  $t\bar{t}H$  cross section: scale variations Jet energy scale: pileup  $t\bar{t}W$  modelling: charge extrapolation  $t\bar{t}W$  norm. factor:  $2\ell$ SS channel,  $\geq 4$  jets Top rare decay cross-section Jet energy scale: flavour response  $t\bar{t}H$  modelling: parton shower  $t\bar{t}W$  modelling: alternative generator 4-top cross section 1.5 -1.5 -0.5 0 0.5 2 -2 -1 1

\* Ranking of NPs in  $t\bar{t}H$  - multi lepton





Expected Composition