

The Fast Interaction Trigger Upgrade for ALICE

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The ALICE Fast Interaction Trigger (FIT) is a set of forward detectors which will be used in LHC Run-3 and Run-4 for triggering, beam monitoring and determination of centrality and event plane.

Motivation

The ALICE experiment is dedicated to study properties of hot and dense nuclear matter produced in high energy nuclear collisions. The detector is undergoing a major upgrade during the LHC second long shutdown (LS2). ALICE is being prepared to collect data at increased collision interaction rates of 50 kHz in Pb-Pb and 1 MHz in pp. To make this possible, most of the ALICE detectors will operate in continuous read-out mode, which requires online event selection with fast and efficient forward detectors.

Tasks

- luminosity and beam-induced background monitoring
- triggering:
 - minimum bias trigger
 - centrality/multiplicity selection
 - online vertex determination
 - beam-induced background rejection
 - veto flag for ultraperipherial collisions
- centrality and event plane determination
- collision time measurement

What is FIT? FDD-C $3.8 < \eta < 5$, 3.3 m from IP (A side) $-3.4 < \eta < -2.3$, 0.8 m from IP (C side) FT0-C FV0 FT0-A FDD-A

FIT consists of three detectors with different designs and technologies

- they will provide complementary information to fulfil data acquisition requirements
- two arrays of 28/24 Cherenkov modules
- one module contains 2 cm thick quartz radiator optically coupled to MCP-PMT (customized Planacon XP85002/FIT-Q)
- each module is read out by 4 independent channels

 $2.2 < \eta < 5.1$, 3.2 m from IP (A side only)

 $4.7 < \eta < 6.3$, 17 m from IP (A side) $-6.9 < \eta < -4.9$, 19.5 m from IP (C side)



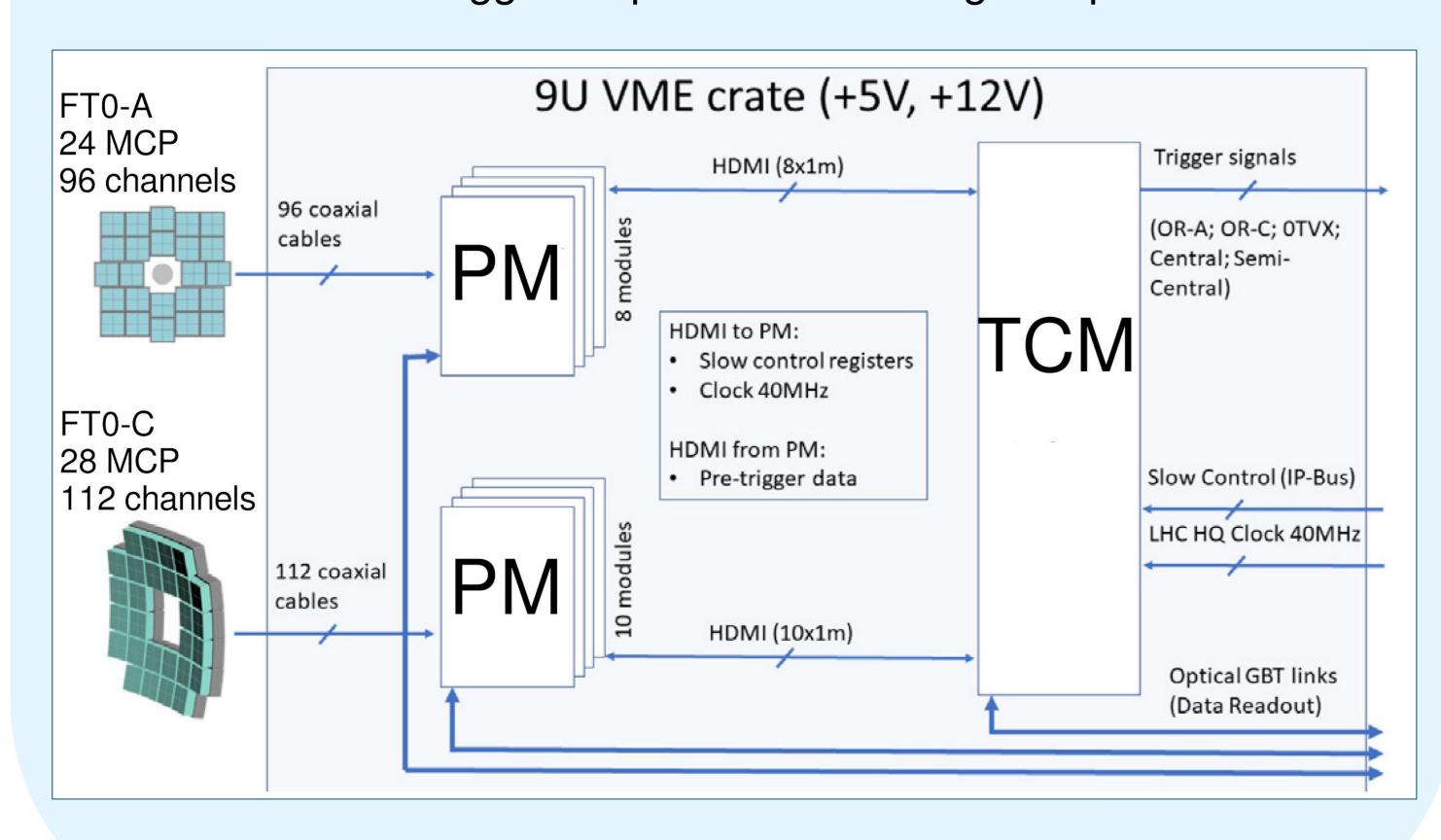
 plastic scintillator connected with clear fibers to 48 fine-mesh PMTs (Hamamatsu R5924-70)

 thanks to its light collection system it does not require wavelength shifters

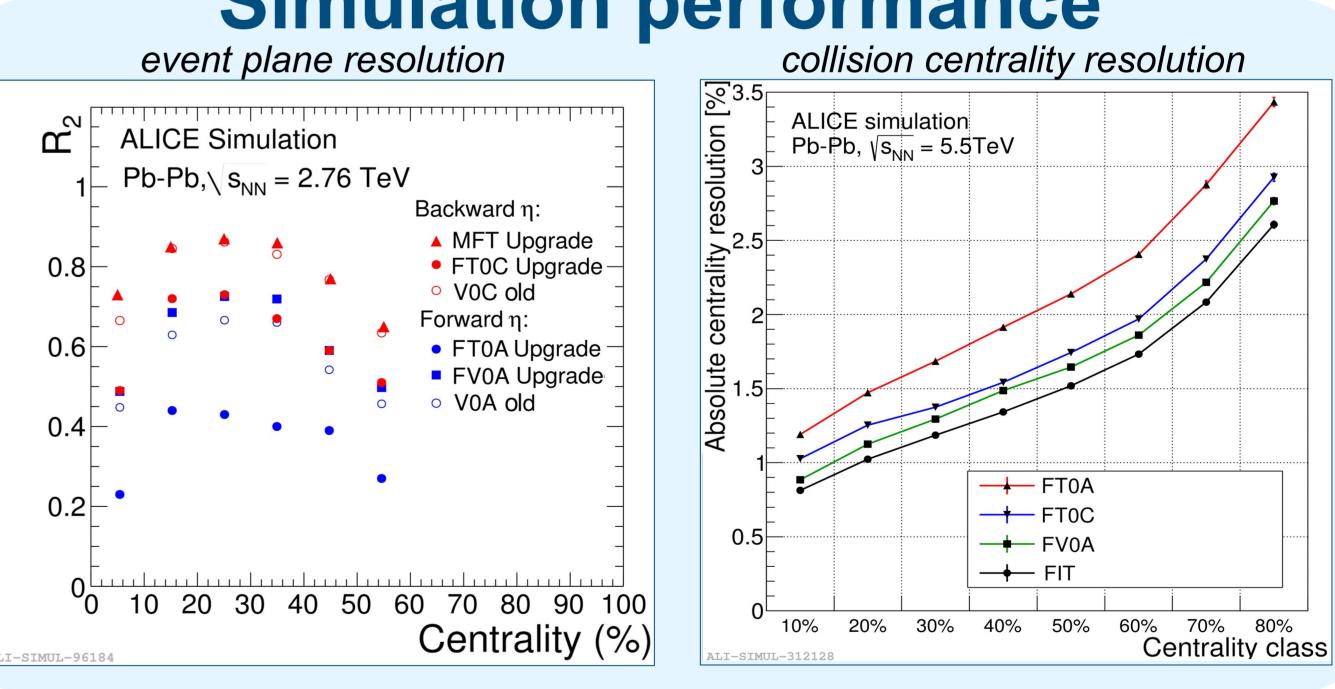
- split into 5 rings with similar n coverage and 8 azimuthal sectors
- large diameter of 144 cm
- located only on the A side
- two arrays consisting of 4 sectors and 8 modules each
- plastic scintillators connected to fine-mesh PMTs (Hamamatsu H8409-70) through wavelength-shifting bars and clear fibers

FEE electronics and trigger

- all FIT detectors share common custom made FEE boards: Processing Module (PM) and Trigger and Clock Module (TCM)
- fast data processing on these boards is based on FPGA circuits
- overall trigger latency must be kept below 425 ns including transmission channels
- 5 simultaneous trigger outputs can be configured per detector



Simulation performance



FIT commissioning

- FDD construction is ongoing
- electronics is being produced and tested
- FV0 and FT0-C are fully assembled and tested with cosmic muons

