Status and prospects of form factors for charged-current decays

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LHCb Implications 29.11.2020

The importance of semileptonic decays

- 1) Measurement of CKM elements V_{xb} from exclusive and inclusive channels
 - test of the CKM unitarity
 - important inputs for several observables

2) Key decays in the search for NP



From parton to hadrons

The scale characterising hadron dynamics is Λ_{QCD}

• Non perturbative techniques are needed

$$\langle H_{(u,c)}|J_{\mu}|H_b\rangle = \sum_i S^i_{\mu}\mathcal{F}_i$$

 \mathcal{F}_i : is a form factor, a scalar function encoding the non perturbative dynamics

Lattice QCD

• Sum Rules, HQE, etc.

Usually uncertainties are sizeable....

[Christine's Davies talk]

Focus on $B \to D^{(*)}$ form factors

$B \to D^{(*)}$ form factors

- 7 (SM) + 3 (NP) form factors
- Lattice computation for $q^2 \neq q^2_{\max}$ only for $B \rightarrow D$
- · Calculation usually give only a few points
 - q^2 dependence must be inferred

BGL+HQE: conformal variable z

$$z(q^2, t_0) = \frac{\sqrt{t_+ - q^2} - \sqrt{t_+ - t_0}}{\sqrt{t_+ - q^2} + \sqrt{t_+ - t_0}}$$

- $t_{+} = (m_B + m_{D^{(*)}})$ pair production threshold
- $t_0 < t_+$ free parameter that can be used to minimise $|z_{\max}|$
- $|z| \ll 1$, in the $B \rightarrow D$ case |z| < 0.06

BGL parametrisation

- Model independent parametrisation of form factors
- Based on analyticity of the form factors
- Expansion of FFs using the conformal variable z

$$F_i = \frac{1}{P_i(z)\phi_i(z)} \sum_{k=0}^{n_i} a_k^i z^k$$

 P_i : Blaschke factors, ϕ_i outer functions

• Weak unitarity constraints

$$\sum_{k} (a_k)^2 < 1$$

• Large number of free parameters

The BGL fit

[Bernlochner et al, Nandi et al,..] [Gambino, Jung, Schacht, '19]

- Belle data from 2017 and 2018 are available
- Lattice data (when available)
- LCSR results at $q^2 = 0$
- Expansion up to z^2 : better control over the uncertainties on the BGL parameters



38 40 42 44

The HQE parametrisation

• Expansion of QCD Lagrangian in $1/m_{b,c}$ + α_s corrections

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[Caprini, Lellouch, Neubert, '97]
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- In the limit $m_{b,c} \to \infty$: all $B \to D^{(*)}$ form factors are given by a single Isgur-Wise function
- at higher orders the form factors are still related \Rightarrow reduction of free parameters

Problem: contradiction with lattice data!

- HQE provides precise predictions for some of the form factors at zero-recoil
- $1/m_c^2$ corrections have to be systematically included

[Jung, Straub, '18, <u>MB</u>, M.Jung, D.van Dyk, '19]

- well motivated also since $\alpha_s/\pi \sim 1/m_b \sim 1/m_c^2$

The HQE results

- Unitarity bounds
- Lattice for $B_q^{(*)} \to D_q^{(*)}$
- LCSR for all form factors (except tensor)

[Gubernari, Kokulu, van Dyk, '18 MB, N. Gubernari, M.Jung, D.van Dyk, '19]

- Consistent expansion to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s, 1/m_b, 1/m_c^2)$
- Breaking of $SU(3)_F$ for light and strange spectators



- Fit to theory inputs only
- Expansion in z up to order



Challenging data





- Both 2/1/0 and 3/2/1 fit well describe data statistically
- Is there any difference between the two fits?

Fit stability

- BGL fit to Belle 2017 and 2018 data (yellow)
- HQE fit 2/1/0 (red)
- HQE fit 3/2/1 (blue)



- compatibily of HQE fit with data driven one
- 2/1/0 underestimates massively uncertainties

3/2/1 is our nominal fit

Phenomenological results

• V_{cb} extraction

$$V_{cb}^{\text{average}} = (41.1 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$$

compatibility of 1.8σ between inclusive and exclusive

• Universality ratios

$$R_{D^*} = 0.2472 \pm 0.0050$$

towards the combined 4σ discrepancy

- We observe no $SU(3)_F$ breaking
- Good compatibility with LHCb $\bar{B}_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)}$ analysis in 2001.03225
- Very interesting implications for non-leptonic $\bar{B}_{(s)}$ decays

[2007.10338]

Wishlist: Experimental

• $B_s \to K_S$ and $B_s \to K^*$	[Gubernari, van Dyk, 1703.04765]
• $B \rightarrow \rho$: is the pion stable enough?	
• $B \rightarrow \rho$ FFs from LCSR	[1811.00983]
• $B \rightarrow \pi \pi$ FFs from LCSR	[1511.02509,1701.01633]
• $B \rightarrow D^{**}$	
HQE expansion	[1711.03110]
• LCSR, on going	[Gubernari, Khodjamirian, Mandal, Mannel]

• $B_c \rightarrow D$ FFs: not easy to estimate...

[Peset, van Dyk]

Wishlist: Theory

- $B \rightarrow D^{**}$: any type of data
- $\Lambda_b \to \Lambda_c :$ measurement of the ratio (τ/μ) hadronic forward-backward asymmetry
 - large sensitivity to NP

[1907.12554]

- $\Lambda_b \to \Lambda_c^*$: LHCb measurement needed to fix the hadronic parameters [1801.08367]
- Any update of $R(H_c)$
- We need data in terms of FFs independent distributions

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Appendix

Inputs

Inputs:

• Lattice points for $B \to D$ and $B_s \to D_s$

[HPQCD 2015, Fermilab/MILC 2015, FLAG 2016, HPQCD 2019]

• Zero-recoil lattice points for $B \to D^*$ and $B_s \to D_s^*$

[Fermilab/MILC 2014, HPQCD 2017, HPQCD 2019]

• The ratios $f_T^{(s)}/f_+^{(s)}$ and f_T/f_+

[M.Atoui, V.Morénas, D. Bečiveric, F. Sanfilippo, '13]

• The ratio $f_0^{(s)}(q^2 = m_\pi^2)/f_0(q^2 = m_\pi^2)$

[Fermilab/MILC 2015]

- QCD sum rules for subleading Isgur-Wise Functions
 - update of the results for light quarks and consistent treatment of uncertainties
 - recast of the sum rules for s quark

Introduce new LCSR results

[MB, Gubernari, Jung, van Dyk, 2019]

[Gubernari, Kokulu, van Dyk, 2018 MB, Gubernari, Jung, van Dyk, 2019]

Fit results

[MB, Jung, van Dyk, Eur. Phys. J. C 80, 74 (2020)]





Fit for $B_s \to D_s^{(*)}$

[MB, Gubernari, Jung, van Dyk, 1912.09335]





Results: unitary bounds





Predictions

Universality Ratios:

 $R(D) = 0.2989 \pm 0.0032$ $R(D^*) = 0.2472 \pm 0.0050$ $R(D_s) = 0.2970 \pm 0.0034$ $R(D_s^*) = 0.2450 \pm 0.0082$



 V_{cb} extraction:

$$V_{cb}|_{BD} = (40.7 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3} \longleftarrow 1.5\sigma$$

 $V_{cb}|_{BD*} = (38.8 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3} \longleftarrow 2\sigma$

Compatibility with LHCb analysis of $B_s \to D_s^{(*)}$

• Compatibility with $R^{(*)} = \mathcal{B}(B_s \to D_s^{(*)} \mu \bar{\nu}) / \mathcal{B}(B \to D^{(*)} \mu \bar{\nu})$ and $\mathcal{B}(B_s \to D_s^* \mu \bar{\nu}) / \mathcal{B}(B_s \to D_s \mu \bar{\nu})$ at less than 1σ

[2001.03225]

V_{cb} and NP

[Jung, Straub 2018]

• If we allow LFUV between μ and electrons

$$\tilde{V}_{cb}^{\ell} = V_{cb} (1 + C_{V_L}^{\ell})$$

• Fitting data from Babar and Belle

$$\frac{\tilde{V}^{e}_{cb}}{\tilde{V}^{\mu}_{cb}} = 1.011 \pm 0.012$$



$$\frac{1}{2}(\tilde{V}^e_{cb} + \tilde{V}^{\mu}_{cb}) = (3.87 \pm 0.09)\%$$
$$\frac{1}{2}(\tilde{V}^e_{cb} + \tilde{V}^{\mu}_{cb}) = (0.022 \pm 0.023)\%$$