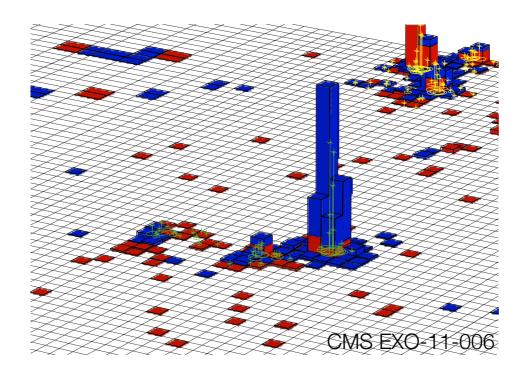


#### Searches for heavy BSM particles coupling to third generation quarks at CMS

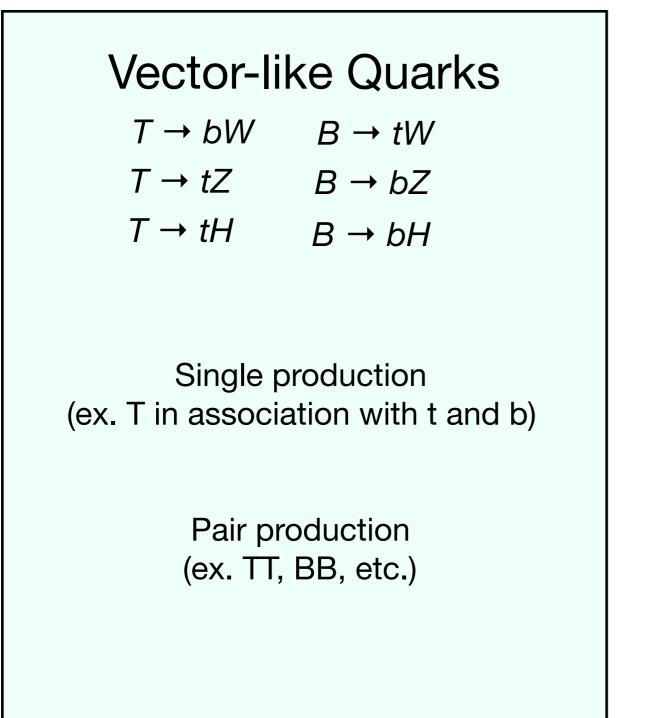


#### James Dolen Purdue University Northwest

Phenomenology 2020 Symposium - May 5th, 2020

#### "Heavy BSM particles coupling to third generation quarks"

#### Signatures which fall into this category:



#### Resonances

Heavy resonance  $\rightarrow$  standard model (ex. Z`  $\rightarrow$  tt, W`  $\rightarrow$  tb)

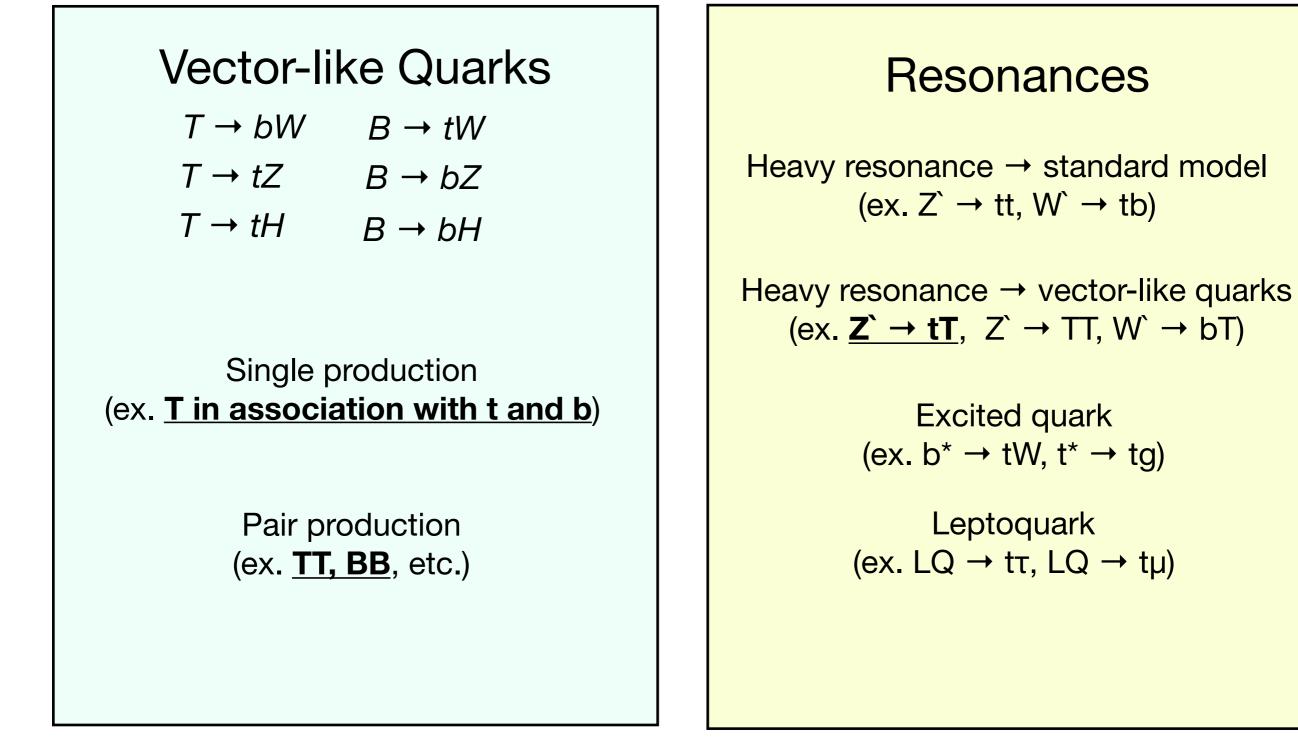
Heavy resonance  $\rightarrow$  vector-like quarks (ex.  $Z` \rightarrow tT$ ,  $Z` \rightarrow TT$ ,  $W` \rightarrow bT$ )

Excited quark (ex.  $b^* \rightarrow tW, t^* \rightarrow tg$ )

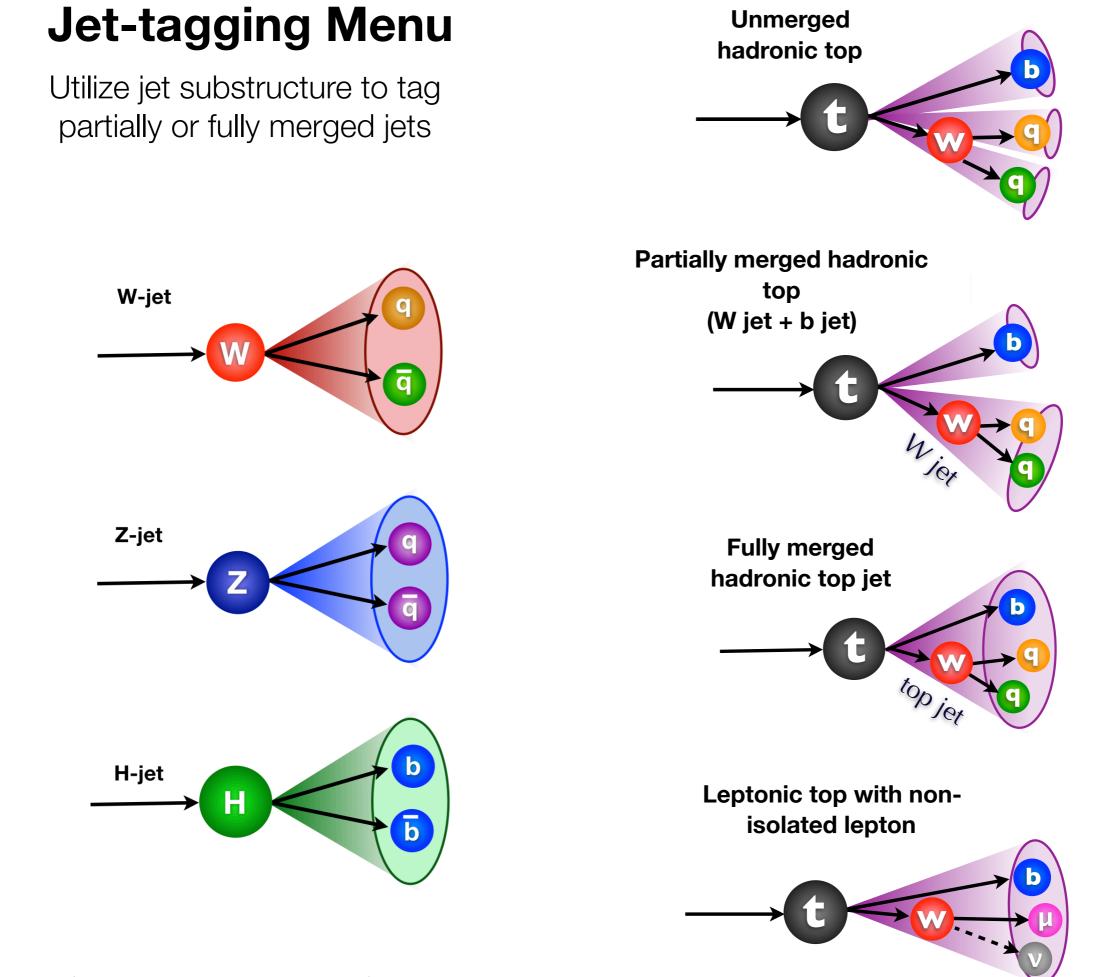
Leptoquark (ex. LQ  $\rightarrow$  t $\tau$ , LQ  $\rightarrow$  t $\mu$ )

#### "Heavy BSM particles coupling to third generation quarks"

#### Signatures which fall into this category:



Today: Highlight three of the most recent searches using 2016 CMS data



# Jet Tagging Tools

Boosted Top Jet, R = 0.8

J. Thaler, K. Van Tilburg,

JHEP 2011:15

0.5

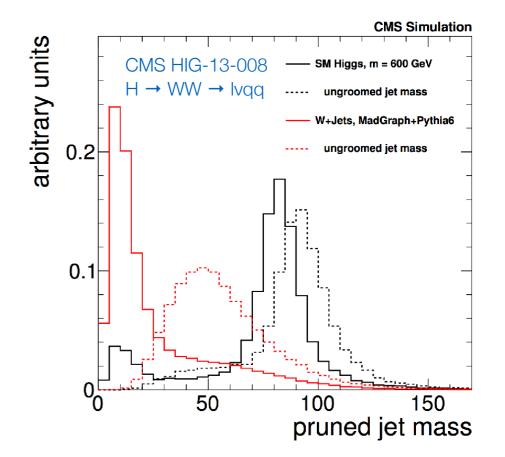
1.5

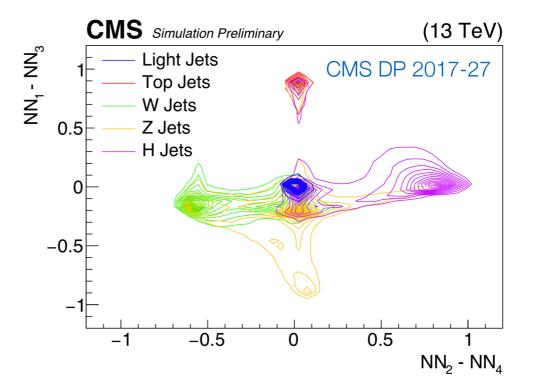
5.5

4.5

0

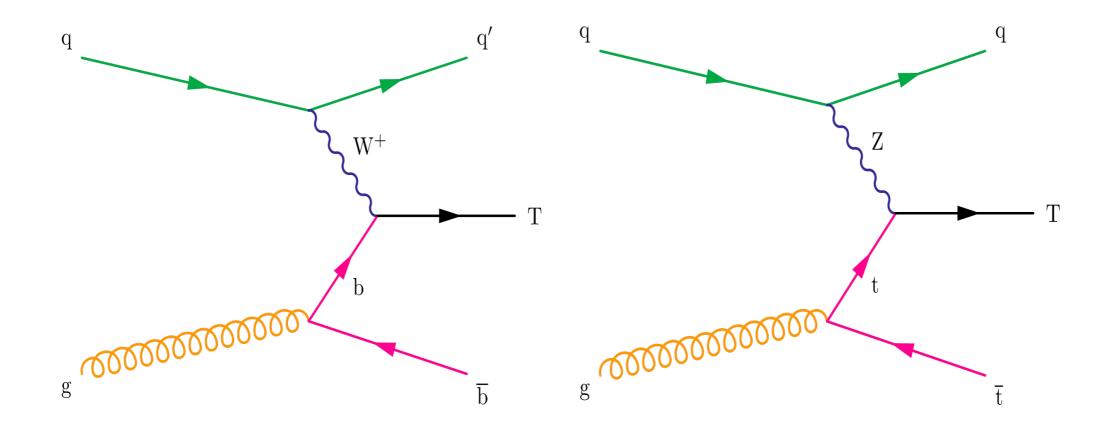
- Jet grooming
  - Pruning, soft drop
- N-subjettiness
  - Determines how consistent a jet is with having N or fewer subjets
  - Better discrimination by using ratios (ex.  $\tau_3/\tau_2$ )
- Subjet b-tagging
- Boosted Event Shape Tagger (BEST)
  - Neural network approach: When boosting to 'correct' reference frame, jet constituents should be isotropic and show the N-prong structure





## Search for vector-like T quark

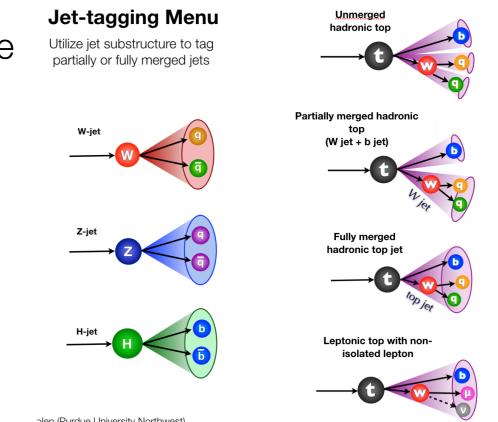
- Vector-like top quark partner T with charge 2/3
- Electroweek production (either charged current or neutral current)
- Hadronic final states



http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/B2G-18-003/index.html JHEP 01 (2020) 036

### Search for vector-like T quark

- $T \rightarrow tH \text{ or } T \rightarrow tZ$
- All-hadronic channel  $\rightarrow$  principal backgrounds QCD and ttbar •
- Low mass search resolved jets from decays of t,H,Z
  - Five jet final state
  - Chi-squared sorting algorithm used to associate jets with t/W/Z/H
  - Further signal discrimination using relative — HT (majority of transverse momentum in the event should originate from t and H/Z candidates) and angular variables
- High mass search merged jets from decays of t,H,Z
  - At least 1 t-tag and 1 H/Z tag -



### Search for vector-like T quark

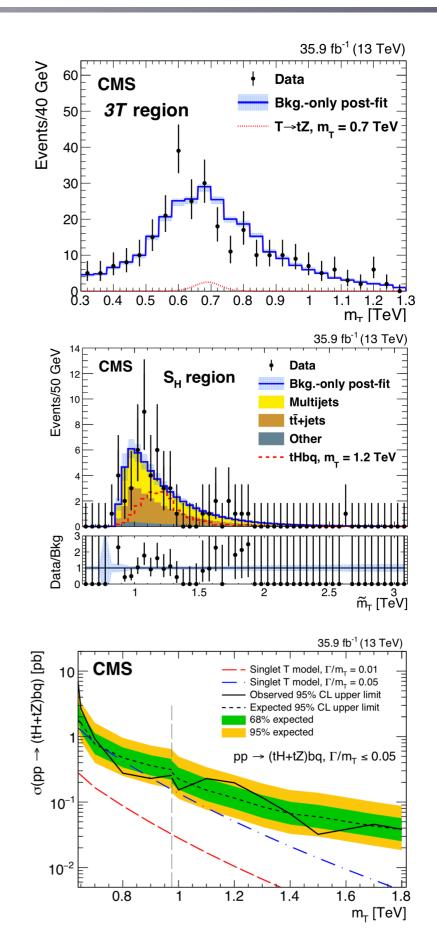
#### Low mass search

- Three signal regions based on b-tagging
  - 3 tight working point b-tagged jets, 3 medium working point b-tagged jets, 2 medium 1 loose working point b-tagged jets

<u>High mass search</u>

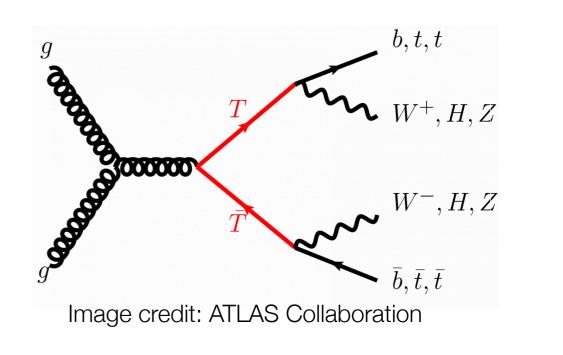
- Six mutually exclusive control regions used to predict the shape of the QCD background
- No significant excess above the SM found
  - Limits set for T-singlet model
  - Four fractional widths considered





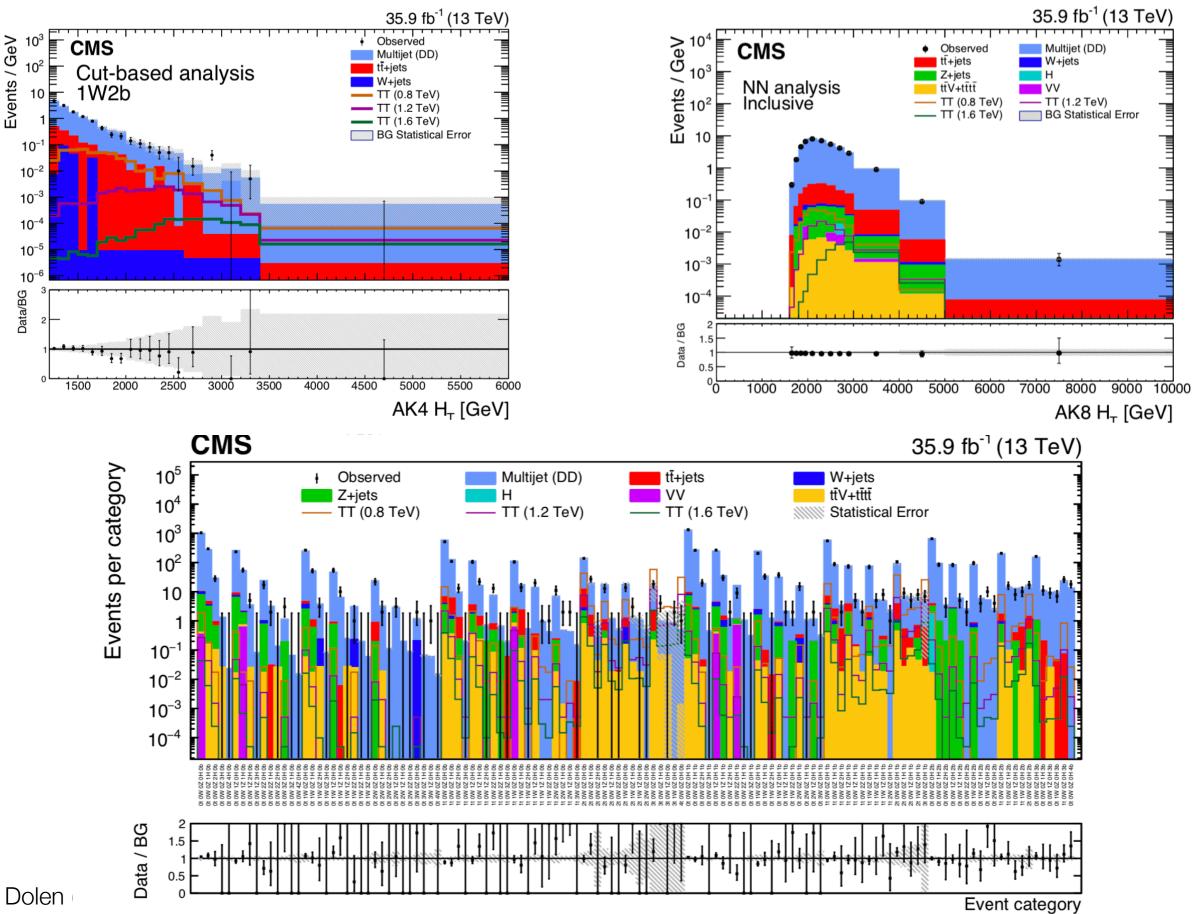
- Search for pair produced vector-like quarks (optimized for TT but BB also so considered)
- Decay products of T are highly boosted → merged within one jet
- Two analyses

- Cut-Based approach
  - targets T  $\rightarrow$  bW
  - Utilize W-tagging and b-tagging
- Neural Net Multiclassification approach
  - Broad search for TT or BB
  - Utilize Boosted Event Shape Tagger (BEST) to identify t, W, H, Z
  - http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/B2G-18-005/index.html



$T \rightarrow bW$	$B \rightarrow tW$
$T \rightarrow tZ$	$B \rightarrow bZ$
$T \rightarrow tH$	$B \rightarrow bH$

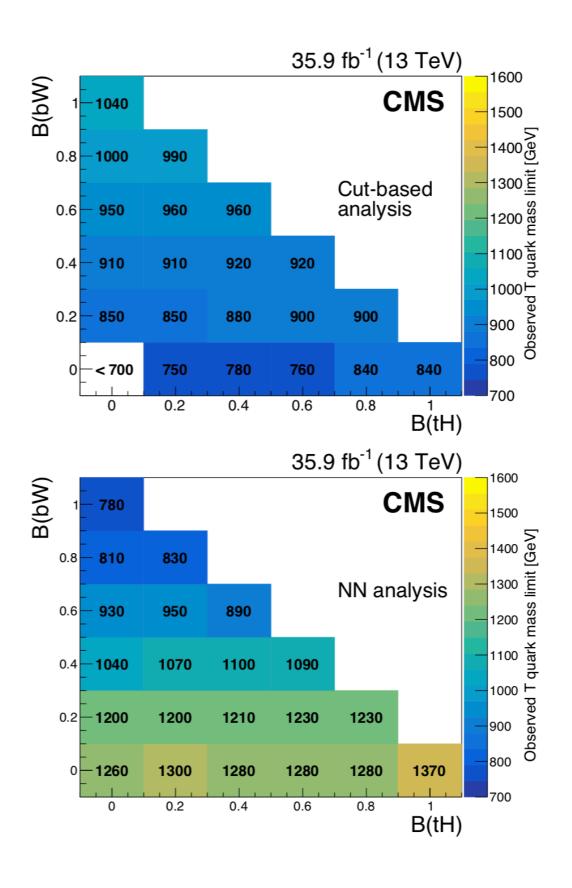
- Cut-based analysis
  - Require two Anti-KT R=0.8 jets and two Anti-KT R=04 jets
  - Two possible combinations of b and W jet. Assignment of jets to T candidate is made such that T candidate mass difference is minimized.
  - Categorize based on the number of W-tags and b-tags 9 regions
- Neural Net analysis
  - BEST algorithm used to classify jets into 6 categories: t, b, W, Z, H, light
  - Require exactly 4 jets
  - Categorize based on number of classified jets: 126 independent signal regions



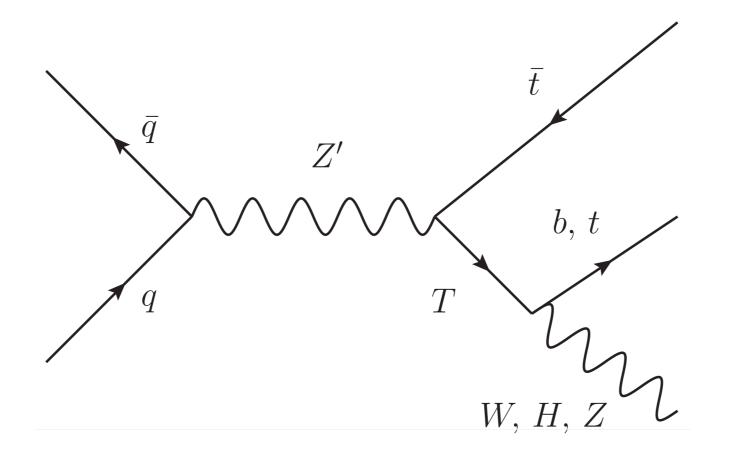
James Dolen

11

- No significant deviation found
- Limits set

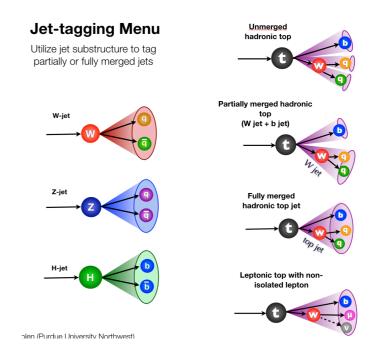


- Heavy spin-1 resonance Z'
- Decaying to a top quark and a vector-like top quark partner T
- Benchmark model Kaluza-Klein Gluon



http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/B2G-17-015/index.html

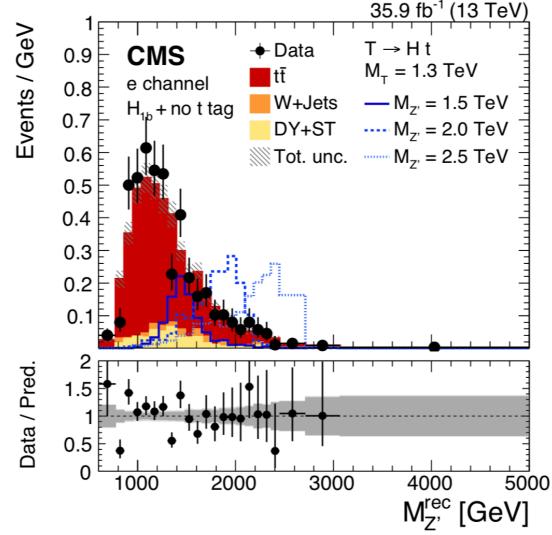
- Optimized for  $T \rightarrow tZ$  or  $T \rightarrow tH$
- Two principal decay channels:
  - $Z \rightarrow tT \rightarrow tZt$
  - $Z \rightarrow tT \rightarrow tHt$



- Require one top to decay leptonically and other top hadronically
  - Search channel: lepton+jets
  - Leptonic top non-isolated lepton
  - Hadronic top may be merged within a single jet
- H or Z is typically produced with large momentum → collimated decay products → utilize jet substructure

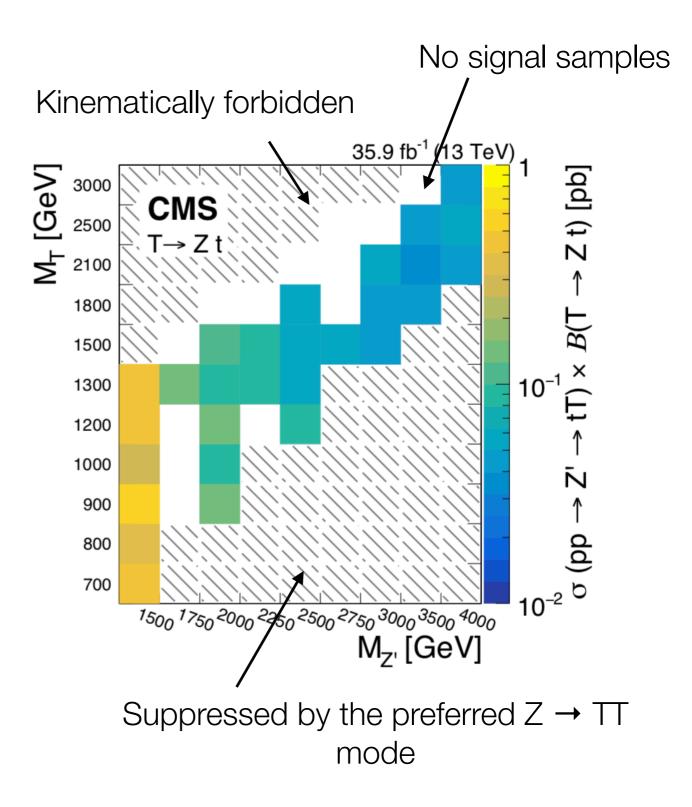
14

- Categorize events using jet substructure and subjet b-tagging
- Search for an excess in the reconstructed
  Z` mass distribution



 $<sup>\</sup>begin{array}{l} H_{2b} \ tag \ + t \ tag \\ H_{2b} \ tag \ + no \ t \ tag \\ H_{1b} \ tag \ + t \ tag \\ H_{1b} \ tag \ + no \ t \ tag \\ Z/W \ tag \ + t \ tag \\ Z/W \ tag \ + no \ t \ tag \end{array}$ 

- No significant excess observed
- Observed limits depends on mass of Z', mass of T, and branching ratio



# Conclusion

- Broad search program at CMS for heavy BSM particles lacksquaredecaying to third generation quarks
- Motivated models
- No significant excess  $\bullet$ found in 2016 data
  - Analysis of much more data to come!

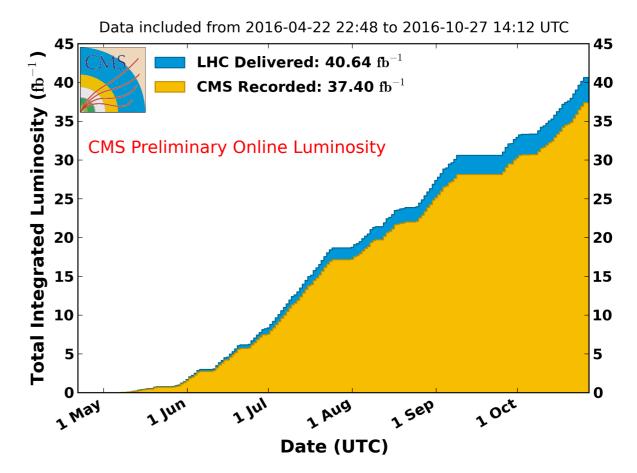
	Vector-like Quarks $T \rightarrow bW$ $B \rightarrow tW$ $T \rightarrow tZ$ $B \rightarrow bZ$ $T \rightarrow tH$ $B \rightarrow bH$	Resonances Heavy resonance → standard model (ex. Z` → tt, W` → tb)
е	Single production (ex. <u>T in association with t and b</u> )	Heavy resonance $\rightarrow$ vector-like quarks (ex. $\underline{Z} \rightarrow \underline{tT}$ , $Z \rightarrow TT$ , $W \rightarrow bT$ ) Excited quark (ex. b* $\rightarrow$ tW, t* $\rightarrow$ tg)
	Pair production (ex. <u><b>TT, BB</b></u> , etc.)	<u>Leptoquark</u> (ex. LQ → tτ, LQ → tµ)

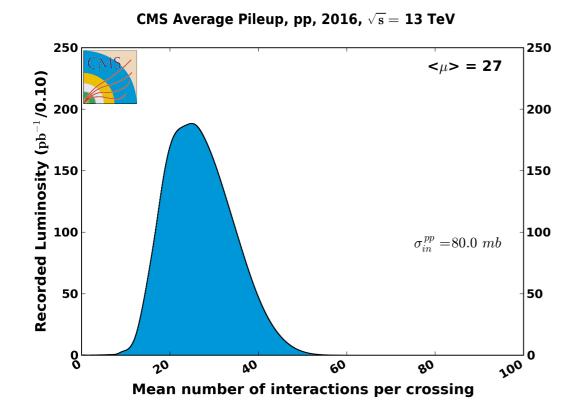
## Additional Slides

# CMS Data 2016

- $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$
- 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>
- Average pileup = 27

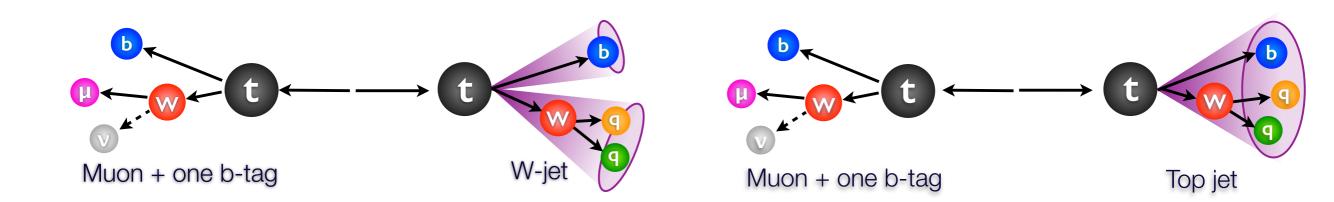
CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2016,  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV



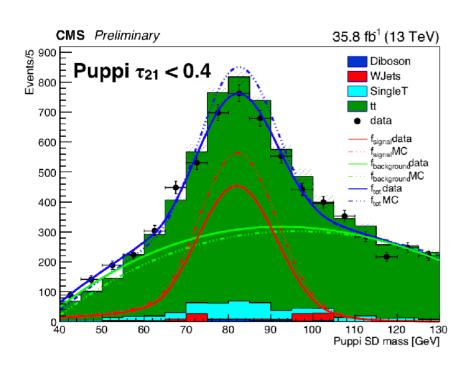


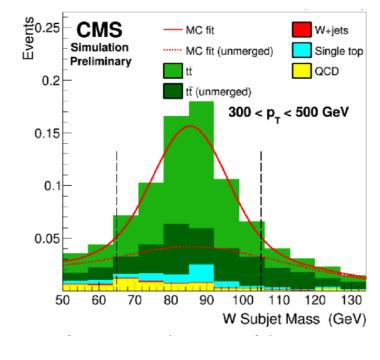
# Top and W jet validation in data

Semileptonic ttbar selection → very pure sample of boosted Ws

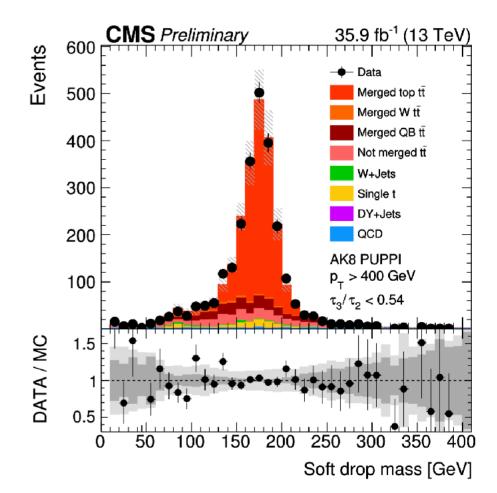


• Data-MC scale factors measured

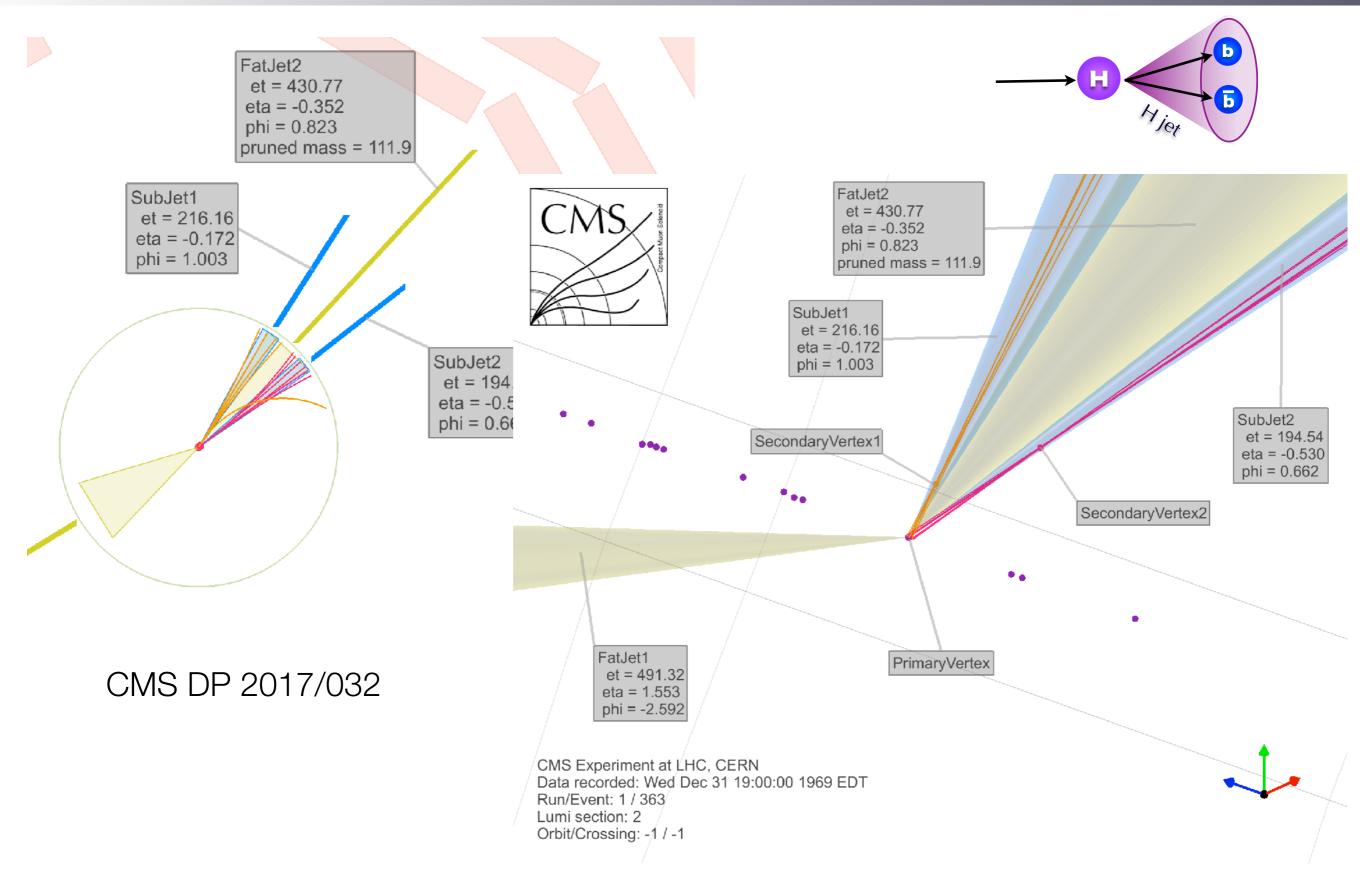








## Double b-tagged H-jet



# Jet grooming

Algorithmic jet substructure techniques designed to remove isolated soft radiation in jets (contamination from ISR, UE, pileup)

