



Searching for long-lived particles with CMS during Run-3 and at the HL-LHC

Sven Dildick
Rice University

On behalf of the CMS Collaboration

Phenomenology 2020 Symposium, 4-6 May 2020
University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA (United States)



Introduction

- Long-lived particles predicted in plenty of new physics models
 - ✓ Gauge mediated symmetry breaking, hidden valleys models, split-supersymmetry, R-parity violating supersymmetry
- Searches for long-lived particles are a hot topic at the LHC
 - ✓ Many CMS analyses ongoing on Run-2 data
- Lot of development ongoing for Run-3 and HL-LHC
 - ✓ New detectors, new trigger algorithms, better offline reconstruction, new analysis techniques
- In this presentation we will look at a few of those developments
- Not a complete list.
 - ✓ Discuss relevant topics under development within the CMS collaboration



Displaced muons at L1T (Barrel)

- In the CMS barrel a new track-finder based on a Kalman-filter has been developed
 - ✓ Efficient for both prompt and displaced muons
- Outside-in algorithm which starts at station 4,3 or 2 and propagates inwards

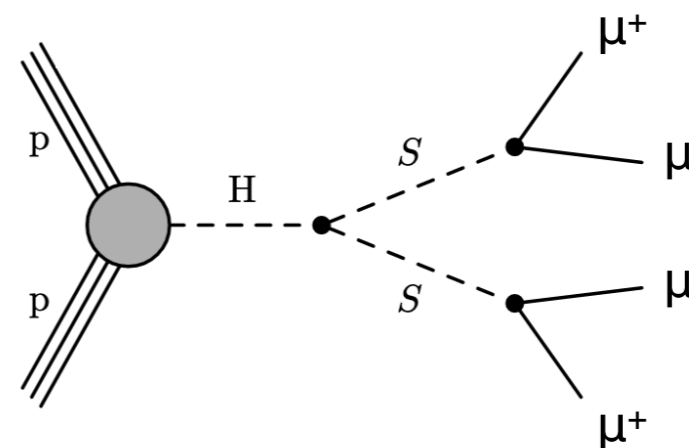
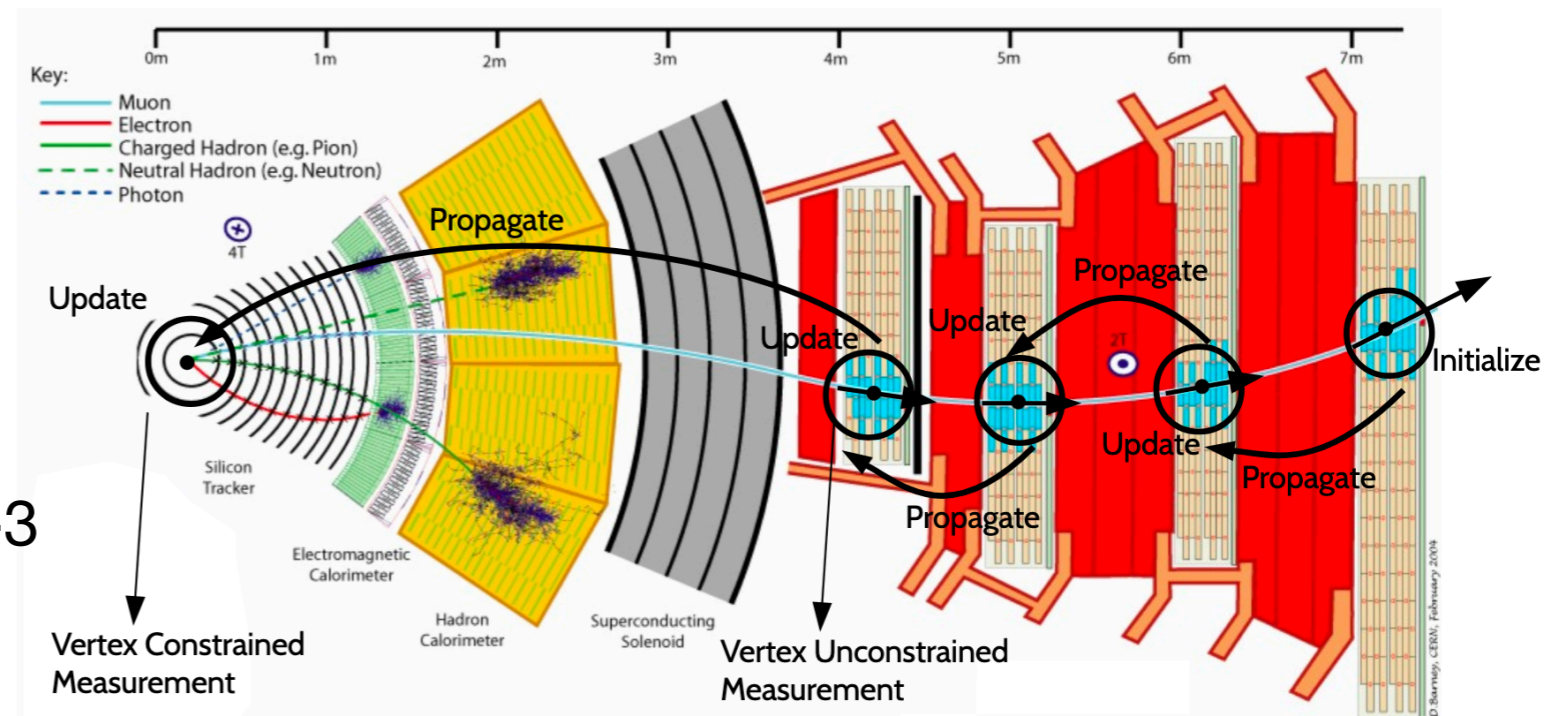
✓ Two momentum measurements

- ⊙ Vertex unconstrained
- ⊙ Vertex constrained

- Commissioned during 2018 data taking. Recently improved for Run-3

- Simulations with $H \rightarrow ss \rightarrow 4\mu$ indicate KBMTF is $>80\%$ efficient up to impact parameter $d_{xy} \sim 100$ cm for $p_T > 10$ GeV

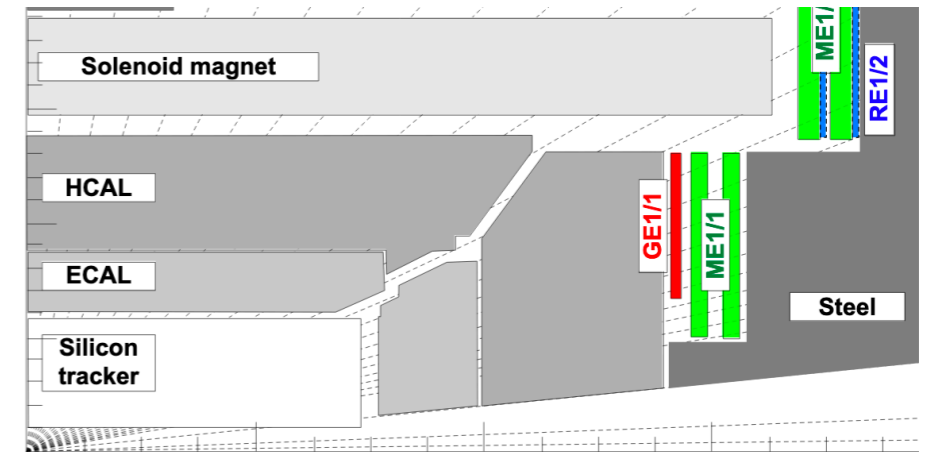
✓ Previously $\sim 40\%$ for $d_{xy} \sim 100$ at $p_T > 10$ GeV, 20% at $p_T > 20$ GeV





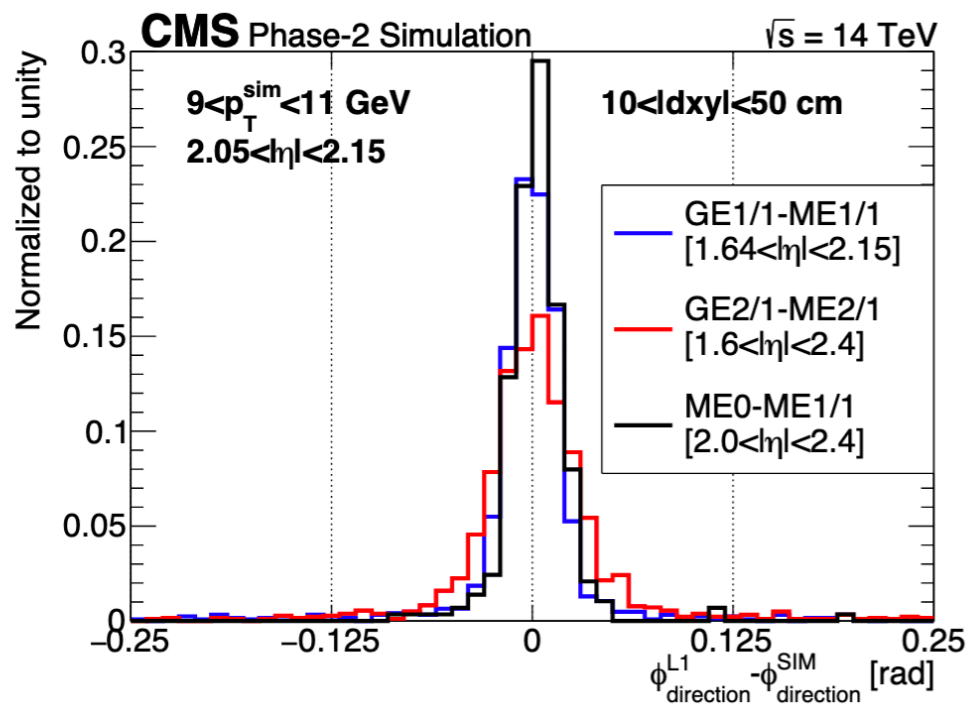
Displaced muons at L1T (Endcap)

- New GEM chambers (GE1/1) installed in front of existing cathode strip chambers
- Detectors made from copper-clad polyamide film perforated with holes under high voltage

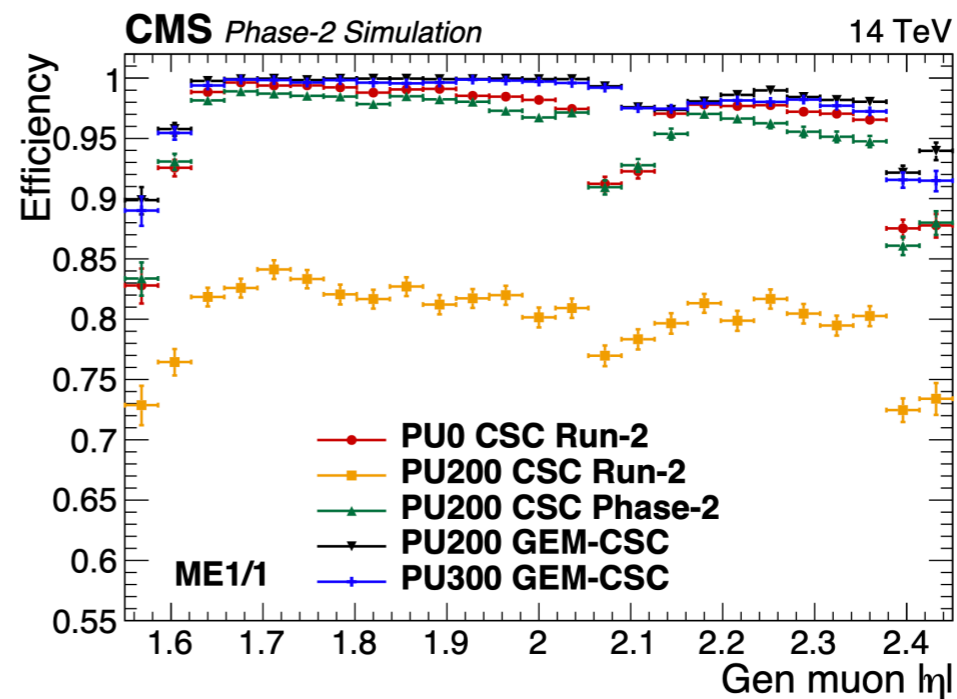


✓ Precision tracking ($300 \mu\text{rad}$), rate capability $\sim\text{MHz}/\text{cm}^2$, efficiency $>97\%$, timing $\sim 8 \text{ ns}$

- Combining GEM with CSC trigger information crucial for displaced muon triggering



✓ GE1/1-ME1/1 bending angle to improve muon p_T resolution

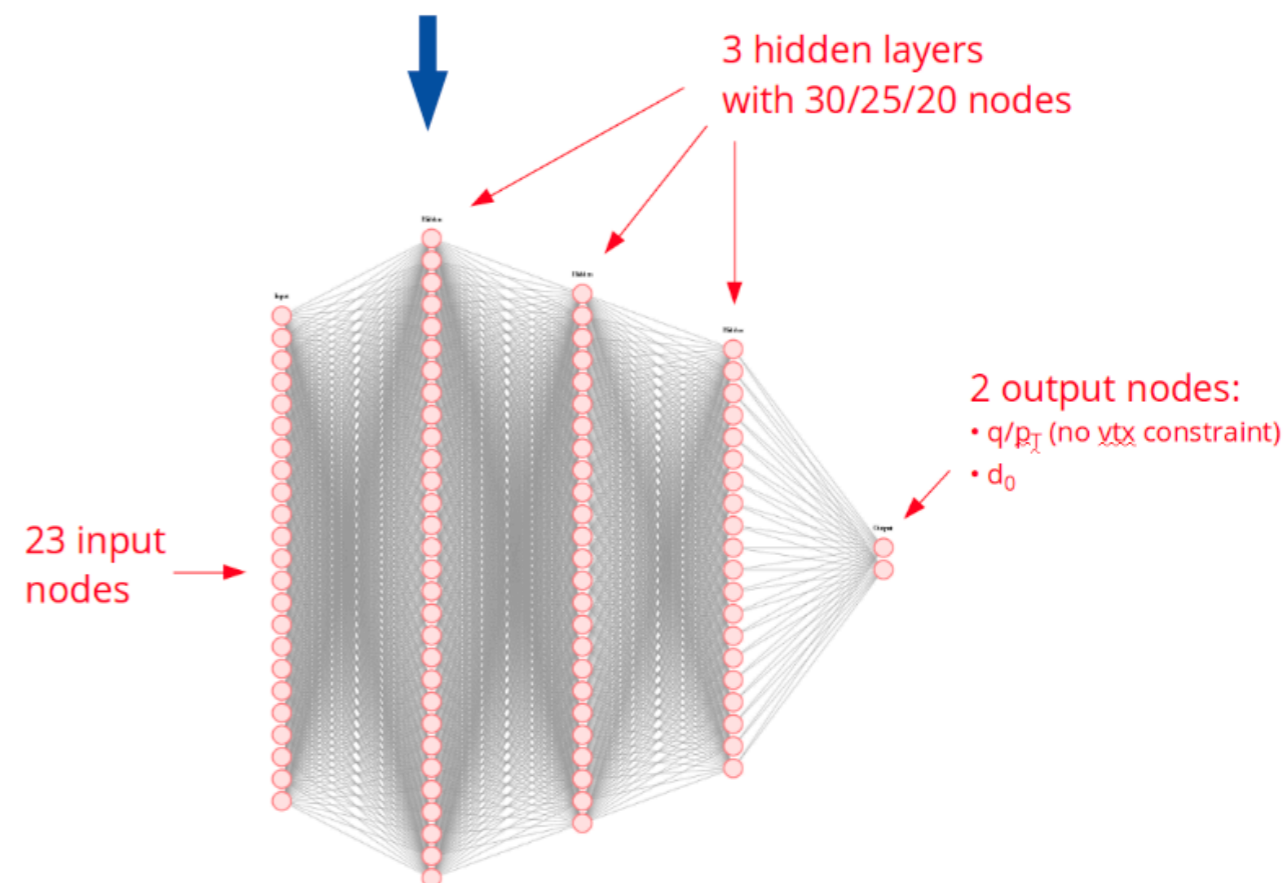


✓ Higher efficient track segments



Displaced muons at L1 (Endcap)

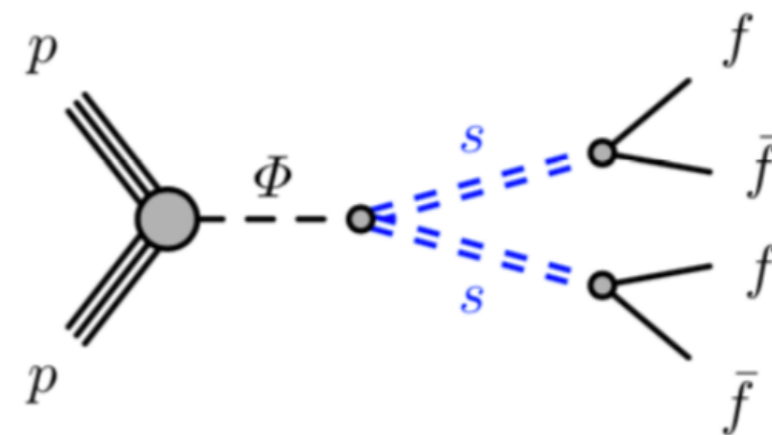
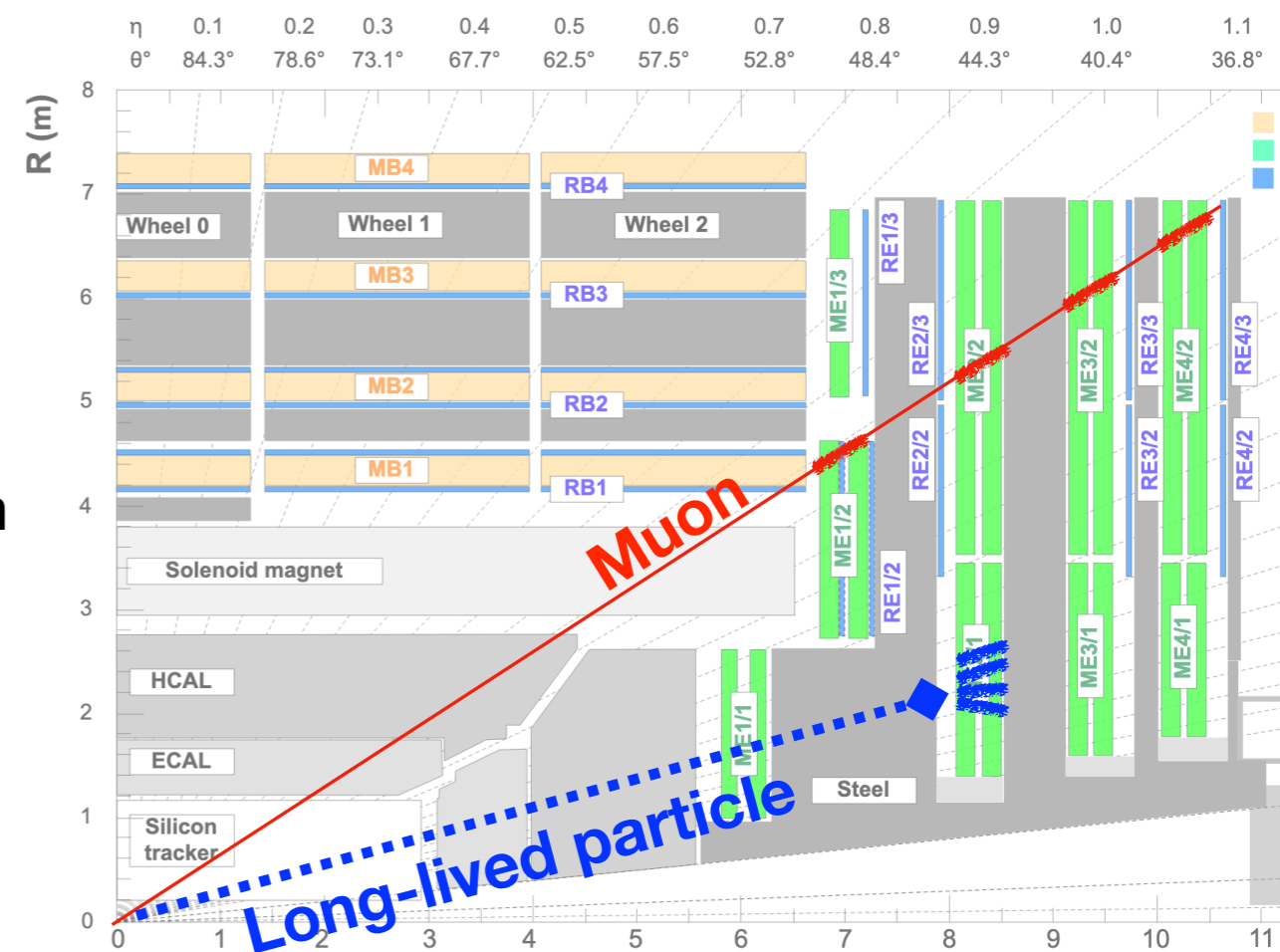
- Upgrade of CSC local trigger algorithms (in each chamber)
 - ✓ Improved FPGAs for forward CSCs
 - ✓ New trigger patterns and trigger logic
 - ⦿ Position resolution x4 (~ 0.2 mrad) compared to Run-2
 - ⦿ Bending resolution x3 compared to Run-2
 - ✓ Expect significant improvements in displaced muon triggering
- Deployment of a displaced muon trigger in endcap for Run-3 and Phase-2
 - ✓ Prompt muon p_T assignment uses on boosted-decision tree
 - ✓ Currently investigating a neural-net based track-finder in the endcap
 - ✓ 23 features (positions and bendings)





LLPs decaying to hadronic showers in muon system

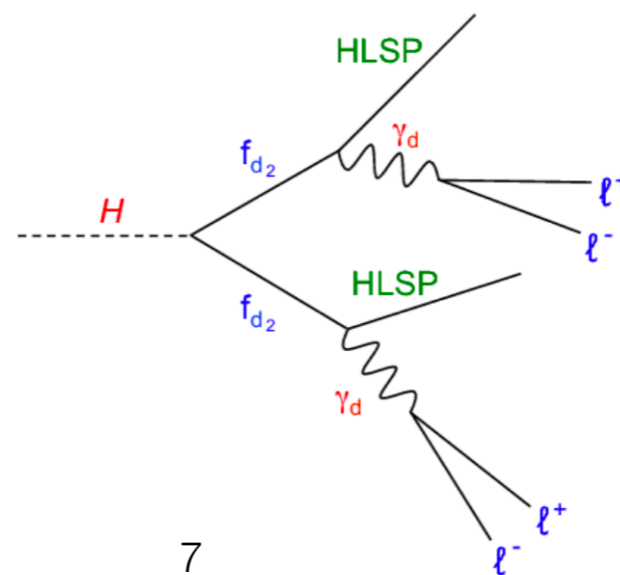
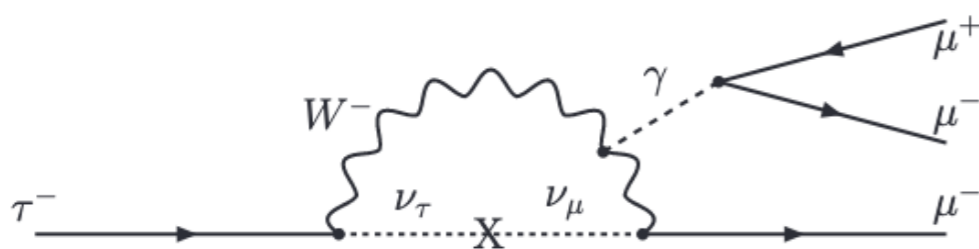
- Consider an LLP traveling several meter from the interaction point to the muon system before decaying into a shower of particles
 - ✓ LLP produces a cluster of hits in chambers
- Most hadronic fragments would be stopped in steel return yoke
 - ✓ Typically reconstruct large number of track segments in a single chamber (or two neighboring chambers)
- Endcap muon can trigger on **max 2 track segments** per chamber per BX
 - ✓ CMS not sensitive to such high-multiplicity events
- Benchmark model: $H(125) \rightarrow ss \rightarrow bbbb$
 - ✓ 50 GeV “s” boson



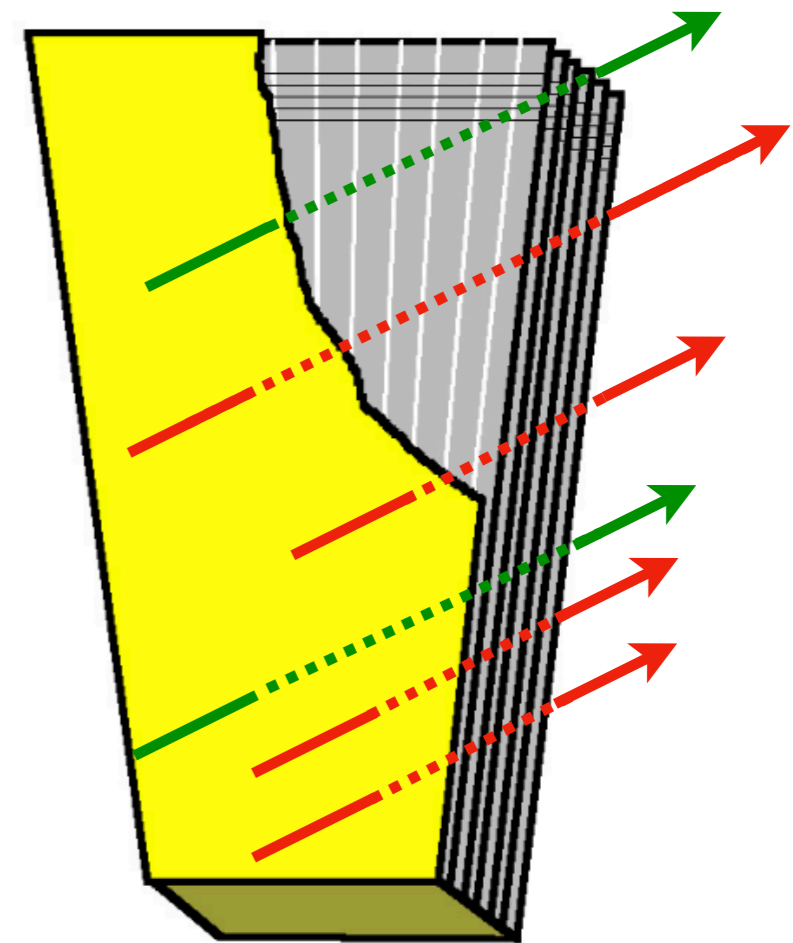


LLPs decaying to hadronic showers in muon system

- Current studies focus on counting track segments and raw hits in each endcap muon chamber at L1T
- CSC trigger being upgraded during long shutdown 2 with new hardware and firmware
 - ✓ Additional usable bandwidth to identify high-multiplicity events
- At the high-level trigger, similar considerations can be made
 - ✓ Simple reconstructed hit counter offers significant rejection power of signal over background
 - ✓ More advanced techniques (BDT, DNN) are also considered
- Aside from hadronically bosons, other interesting signatures
 - ✓ Muon-jets
 - ✓ (Boosted) LFV tau \rightarrow 3 μ decays



Sent to track-finder

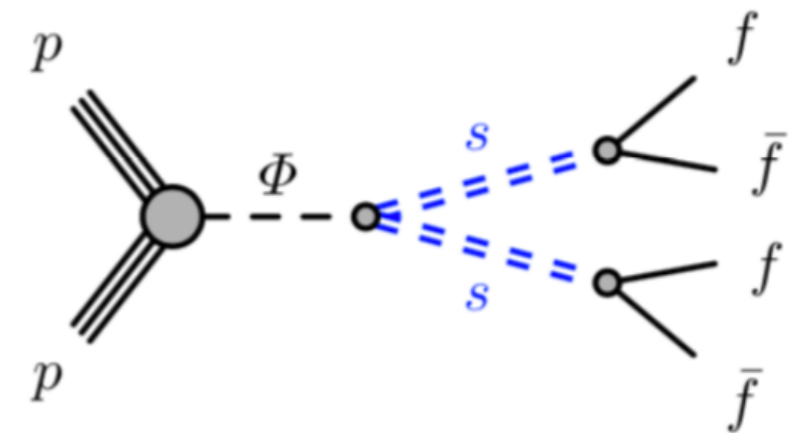
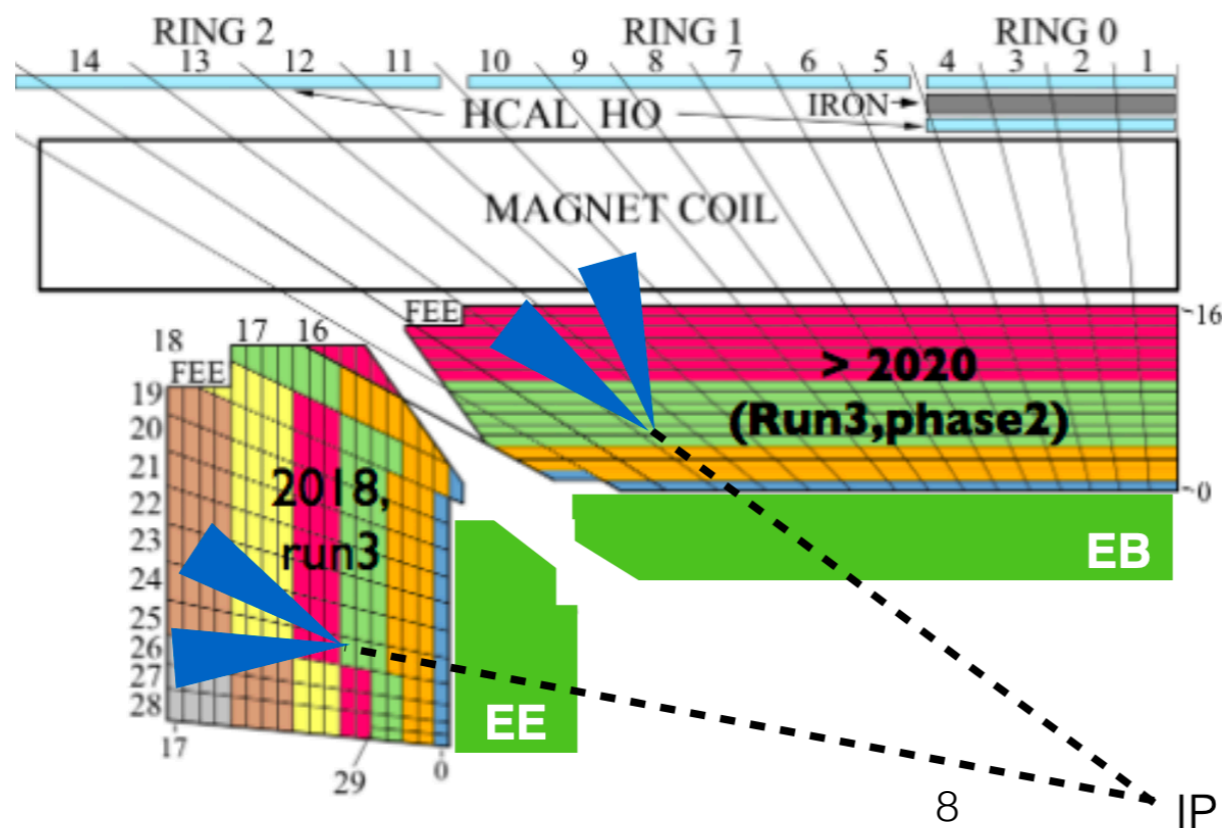


Ignored in Run-2
Will be counted in Run-3



Displaced Jets in HCAL

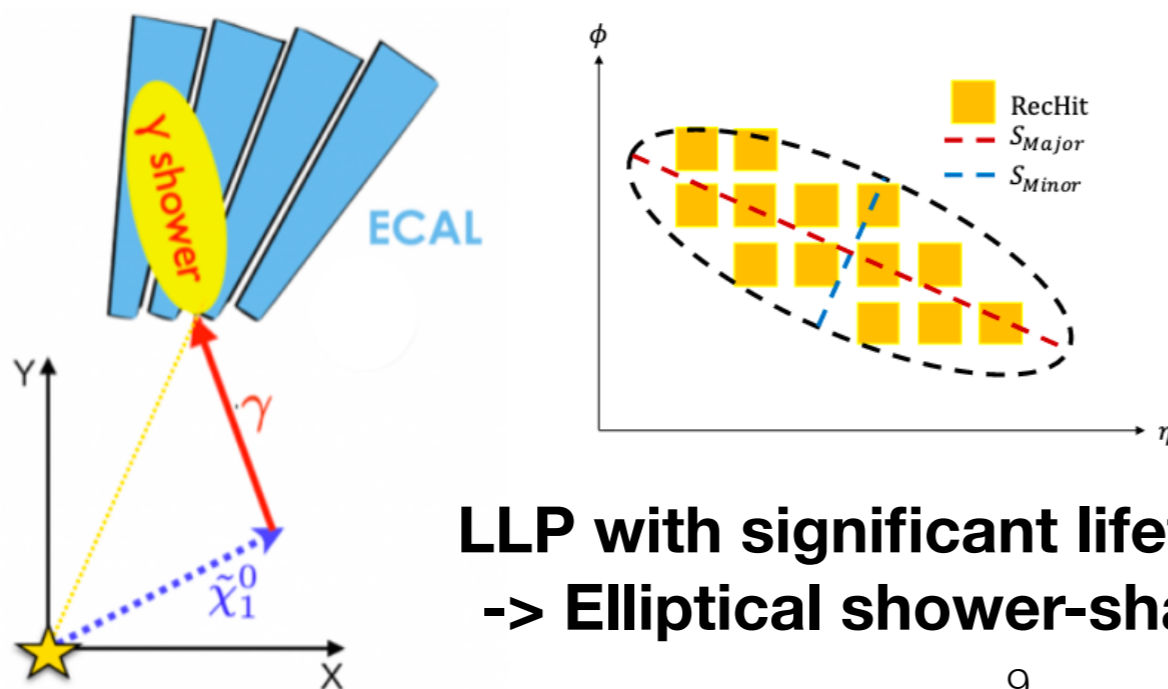
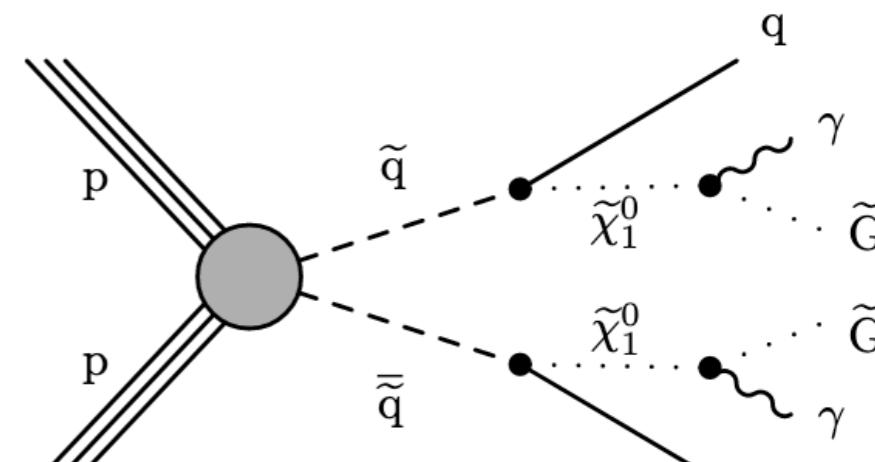
- Barrel HCAL is been equipped with new silicon photomultipliers
 - ✓ New front-end electronics delivering precision timing to the trigger
- Increased segmentation of the HCAL barrel and endcap systems at L1T
 - ✓ Depth of hadronic shower in HCAL and timing may be useful for triggering on long-lived particles
 - ✓ One of the benchmark models: Higgs to LLPs to fermions



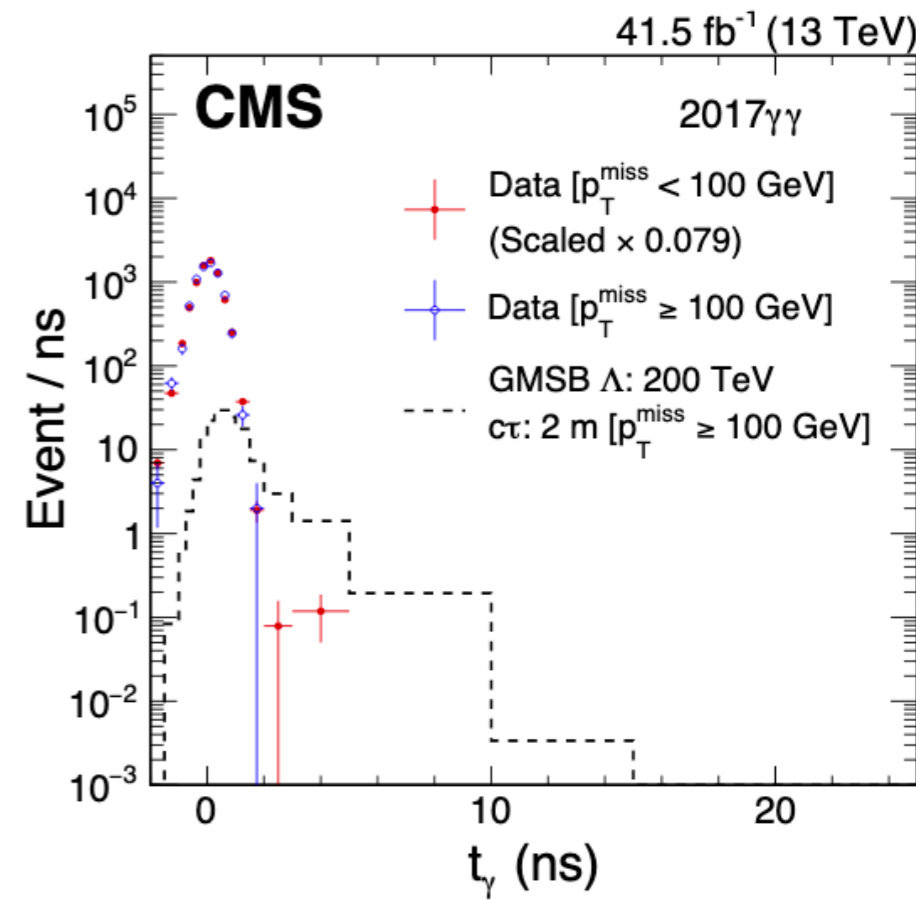


Long-lived particles in HLT

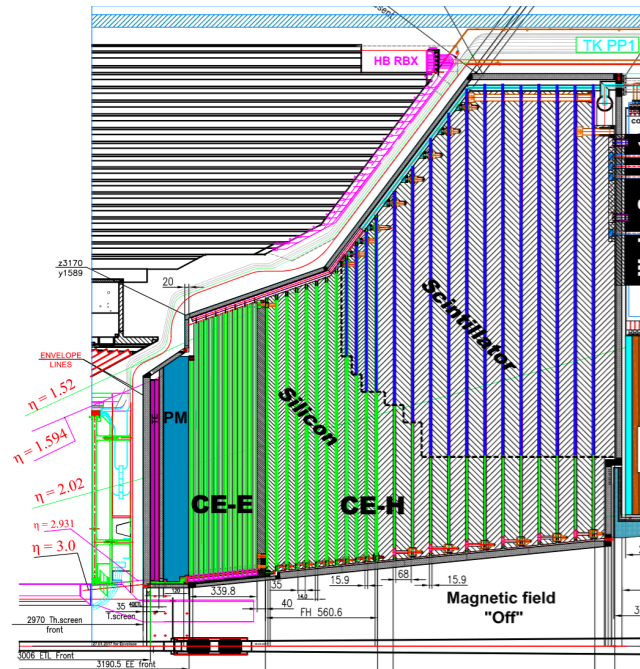
- Big effort ongoing to implement special L1T “seeds” used in HLT algorithms for LLPs
- Example: Search for GMSB with displaced photons using Run-2 data
 - ✓ Two handles: photon time and photon impact parameter
- New L1T seeds for displaced photons in Run-3
 - ✓ Shower-shape in ECAL crystals is non-pointing



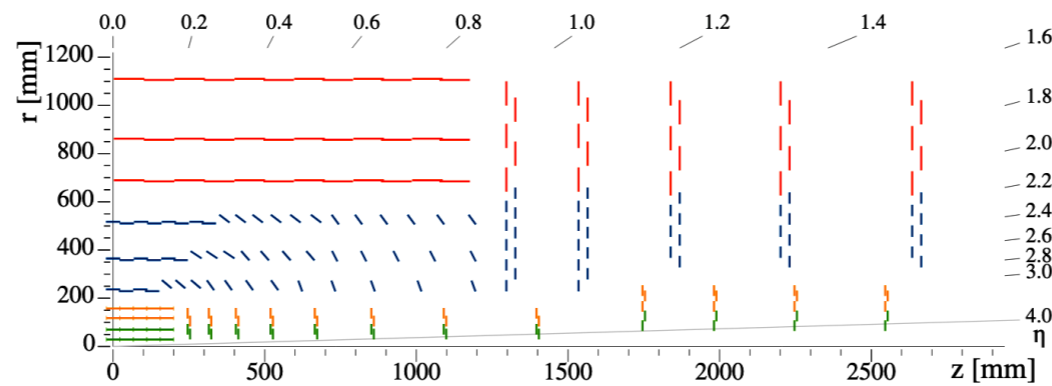
**LLP with significant lifetime
-> Elliptical shower-shape**



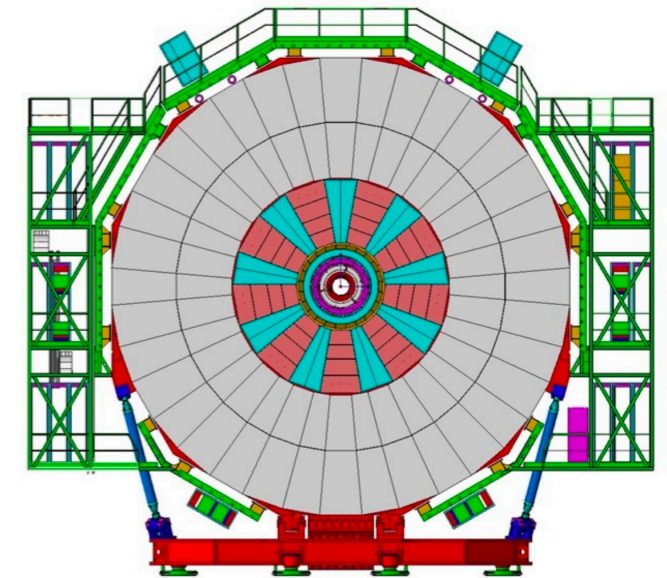
New detectors at HL-LHC



High Granularity Calorimeter



Phase-2 Tracker



MIP Timing Detector (MTD) between tracker and ECAL

GEMs in station 2 (GE2/1) and very forward region (ME0)

MTD design overview

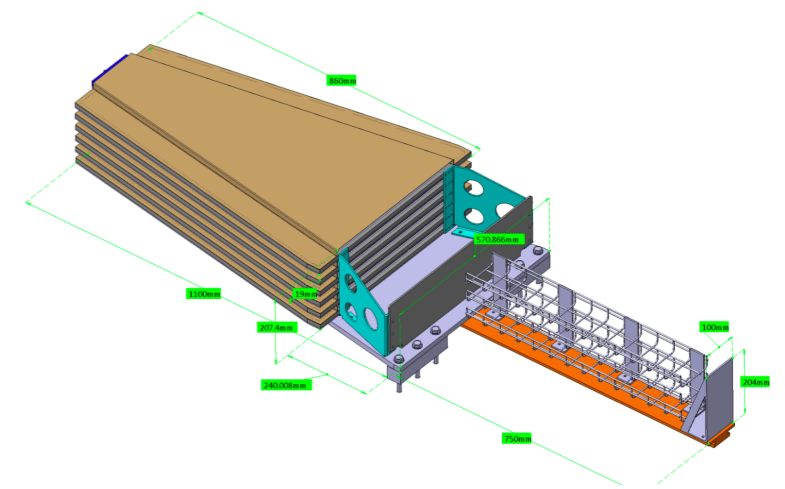
BARREL

- TK/ECAL interface - 25 mm thick
- Surface - 40 m²
- Radiation level - 2x10¹⁴ n_e/cm²
- Sensors: LYSO crystals + SiPMs

ENDCAPS

- On the CE nose - 42 mm thick
- Surface - 12 m²
- Radiation level - 2x10¹⁵ n_e/cm²
- Sensors: Si with internal gain (LGAD)

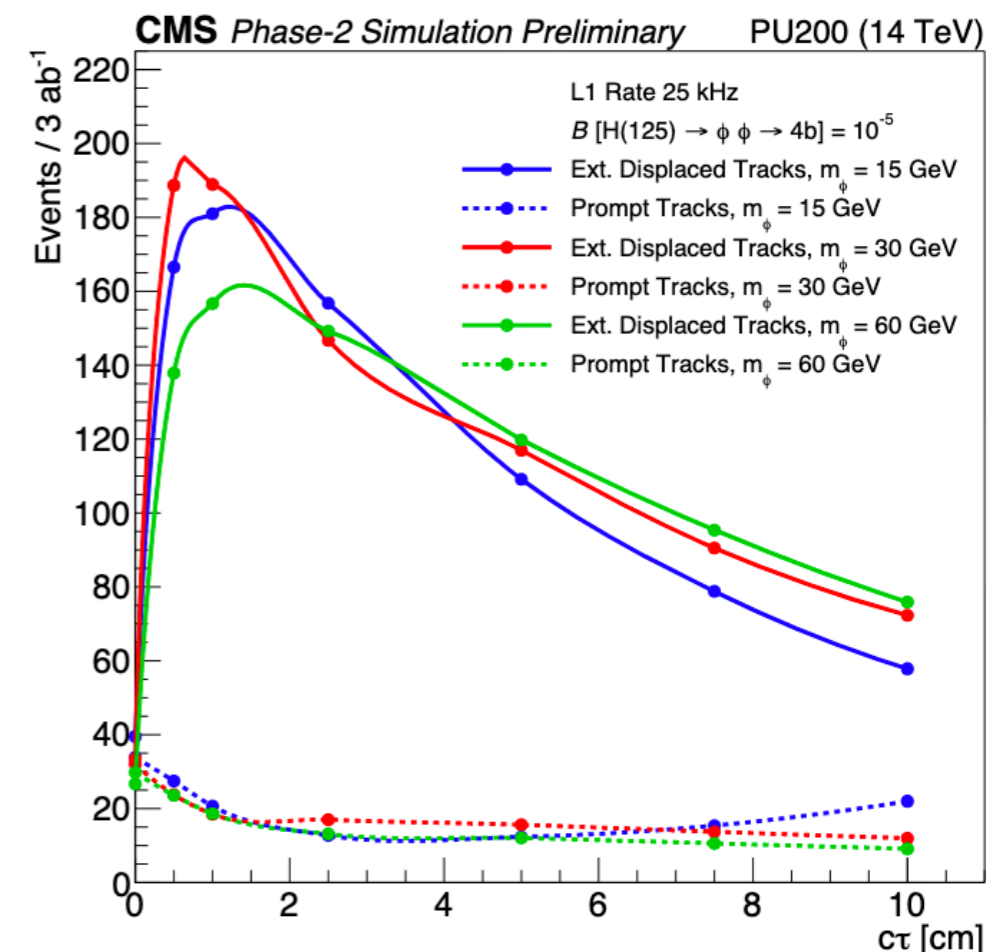
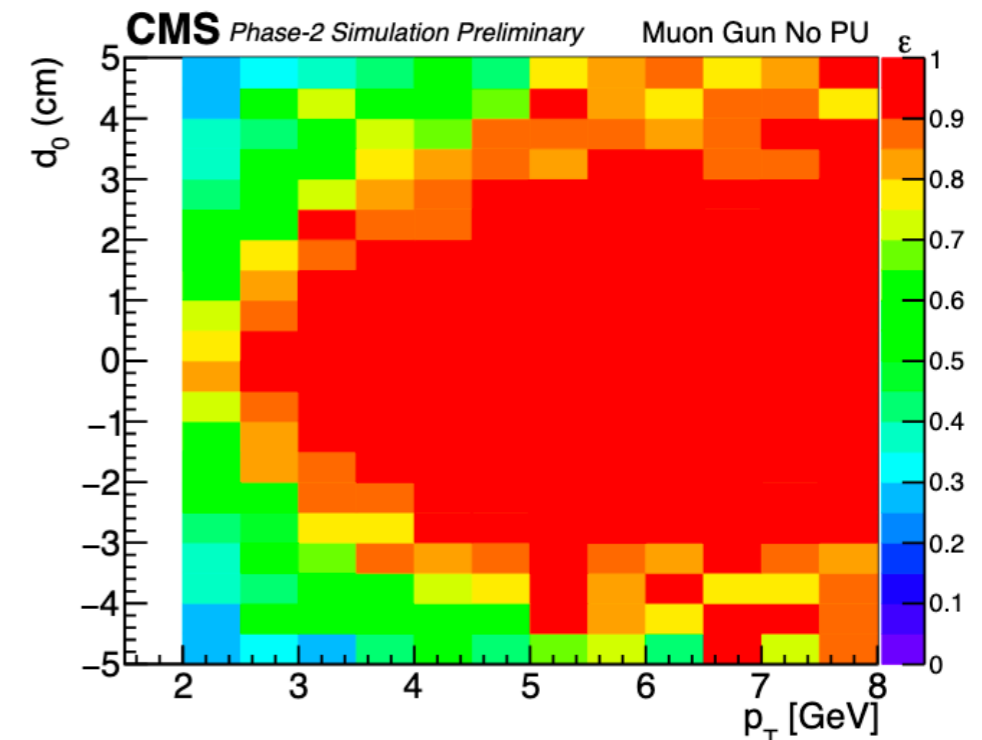
- Thin layer between tracker and calorimeters
- MIP sensitivity with time resolution of ~30 ps
- Hermetic coverage for |η| < 3





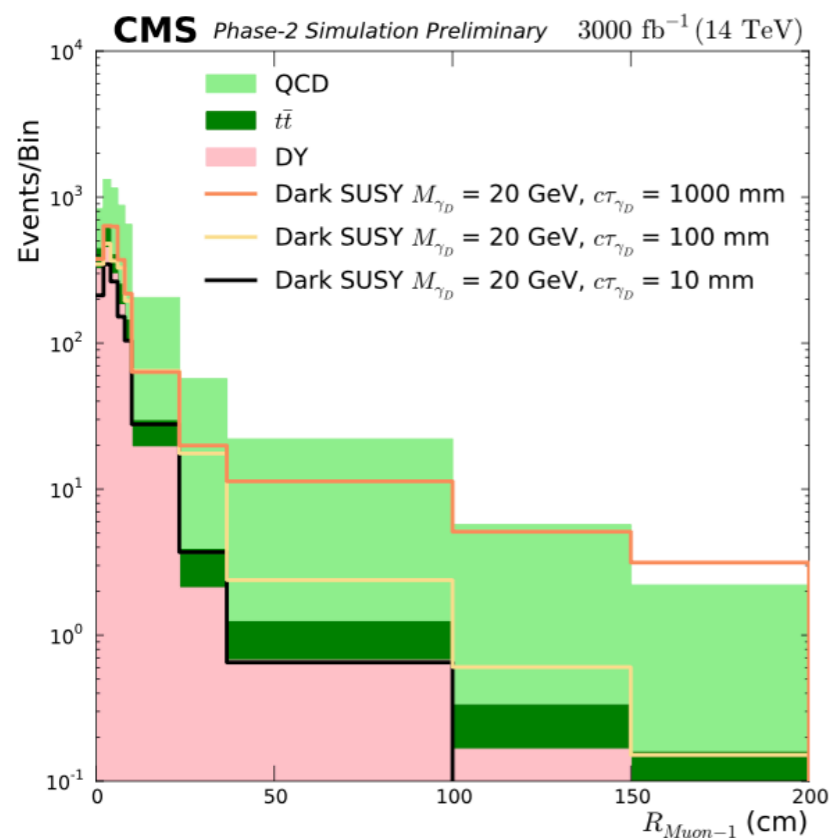
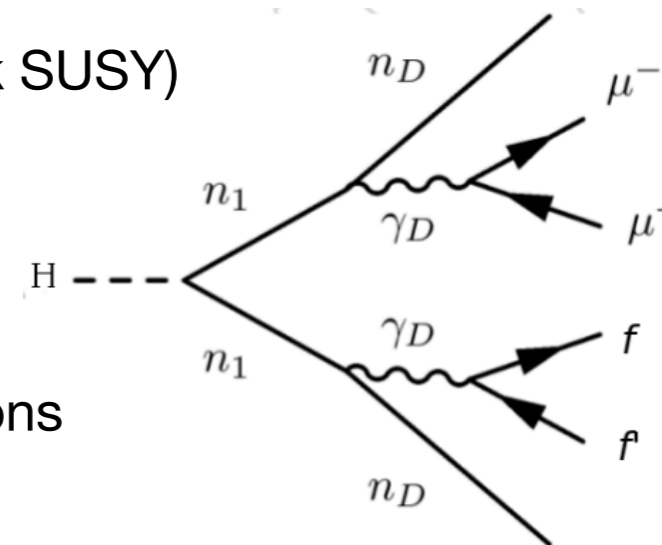
LLPs with the Phase-2 Tracker

- Phase-2 Tracker will be equipped with L1T system
 - ✓ Prompt tracks can be combined with muon/calorimeter information
 - ✓ Also displaced tracking algorithms developed
 - ⦿ Good trigger efficiency with impact parameter up to 5 cm and low p_T
- Higgs boson decays to two new light scalars that in turn decay to jets ($H(125) \rightarrow ss \rightarrow bbbb$)
 - ✓ With significant lifetime for scalar “s”, zero-background analysis. $BR(H(125) \rightarrow ss) \sim 10^{-5}$
 - ✓ New H_T triggers using displaced tracks
 - ✓ Much higher sensitivity to $H(125) \rightarrow ss \rightarrow bbbb$ processes with displaced L1T tracks

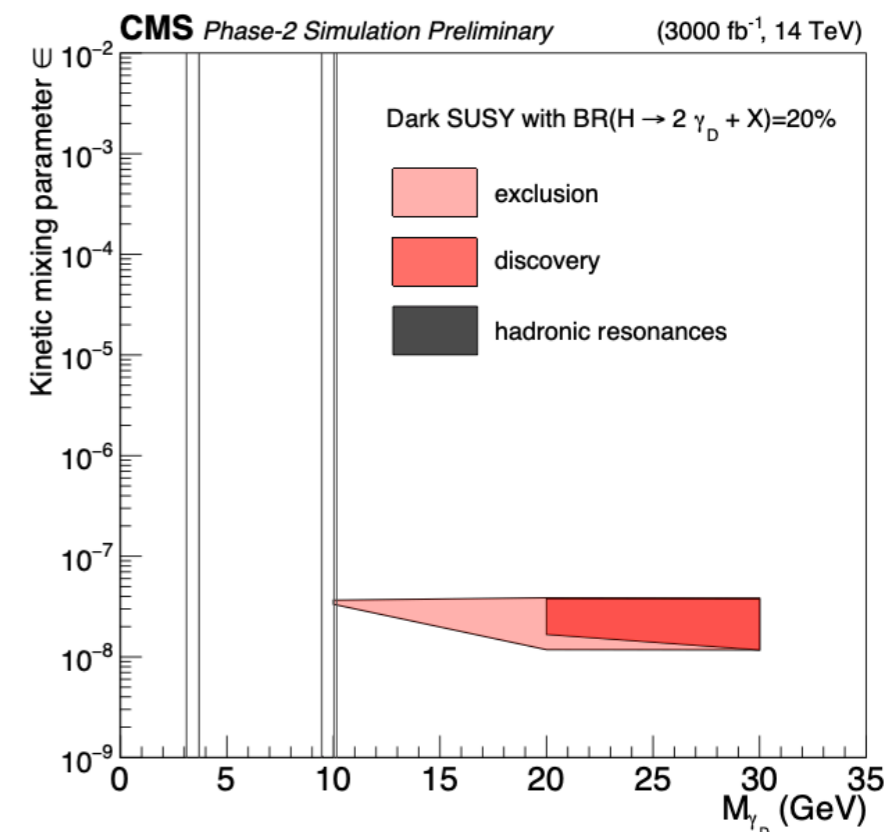


Long-lived dark photons

- Dark photons appear naturally in models with hidden sectors (e.g. dark SUSY)
 - ✓ Weak coupling with SM particles through kinetic mixing
 - ✓ Pairs of displaced muons
- Dominant bkg from QCD, with (non-prompt) b-quarks decaying to muons
- Analysis is done with R_{muon} key observable in search
 - ✓ 3D distance between interaction point and extrapolated muon track
- Expect further improvements in sensitivity on the kinetic mixing parameter with Phase-2 upgrade of the L1 muon trigger



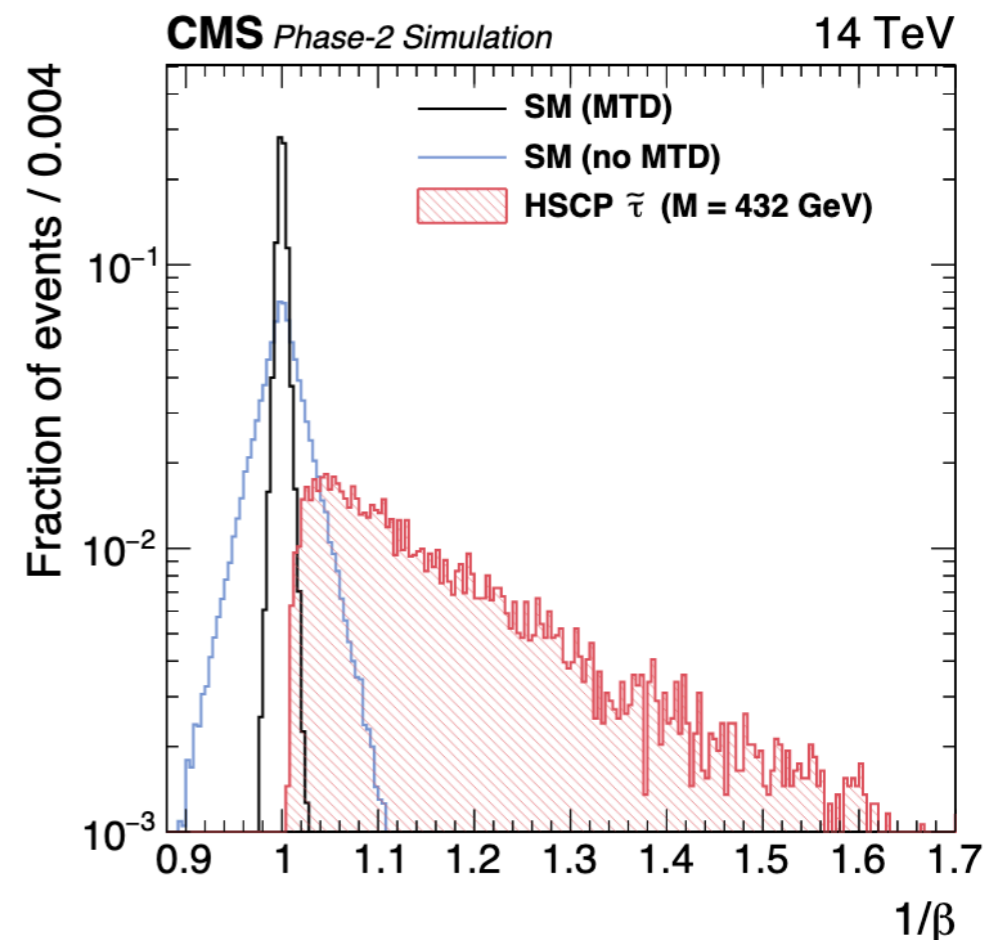
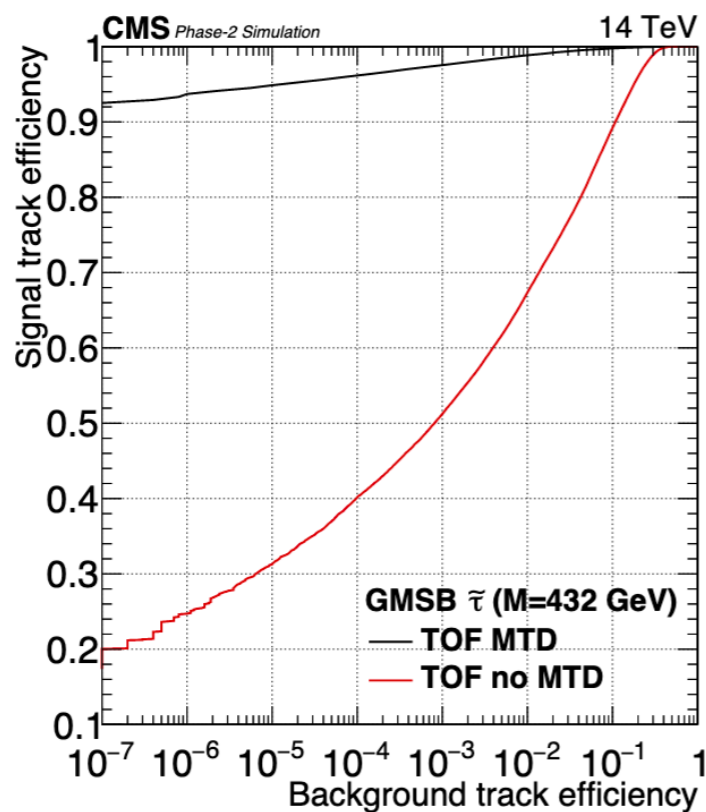
Sensitivity in region 20-30 GeV for epsilon $\sim 10^{-7}$ - 10^{-8}





Heavy Stable Charged Particles

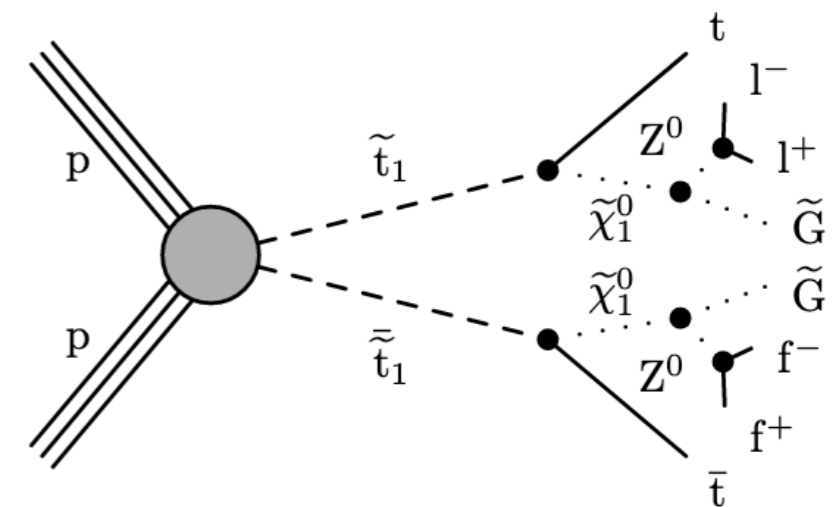
- Slow moving particles in the detector ($v/c \sim 0.5$ to 1)
 - ✓ Predicted in supersymmetric extensions of SM
- Case study: SUSY tau lepton propagating through CMS muon system
 - ✓ Hits in several stations in linear pattern hit-position vs hit-time
- HSCP trigger developed using time-of-flight in MTD (~ 30 ps) and RPC (~ 1 ns)
 - ✓ Clear distinction of HSCP signal from Drell-Yan+jets background
 - ✓ $>90\%$ efficient with MTD included





Long-lived neutralinos with MTD

- Another signature where MTD proves to be very useful
- Gauge mediated SUSY breaking stop production to long-lived neutralinos
 - ✓ Considering e^+e^- final states

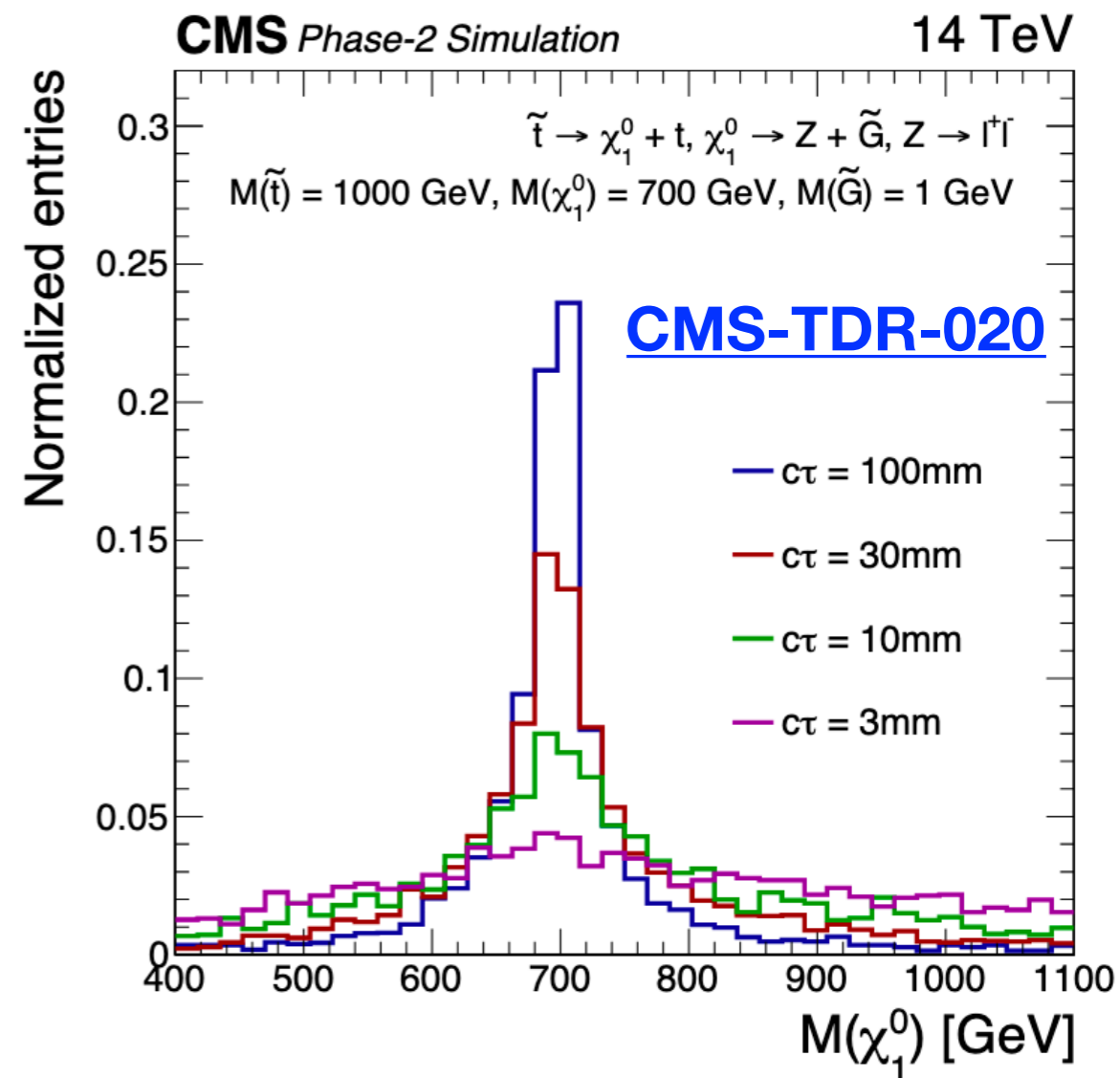


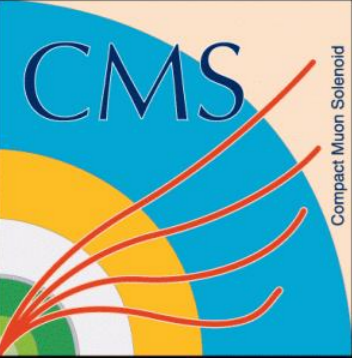
- Primary vertex ($\sigma_{\text{pos}} = 12 \mu\text{m}$)
- Secondary Vertex ($\sigma_{\text{pos}} = 30 \mu\text{m}$ in transverse)
- Electron track timing ($\sigma_{\text{timing}} = 30 \text{ps}$)

$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$

Neutralino velocity + decay particle kinematics

Neutralino mass





Summary

- Searches for long-lived particles are a very challenging and interesting research field at the LHC
- Upgrades of CMS detector systems for Run-3 and HL-LHC provide new ways to exploit the unique features of long-lived particle decays in physics searches
- Looking forward to seeing Run-3 results!

The speaker acknowledges funding from the US Department of Energy Grant #DE-SC0010103