



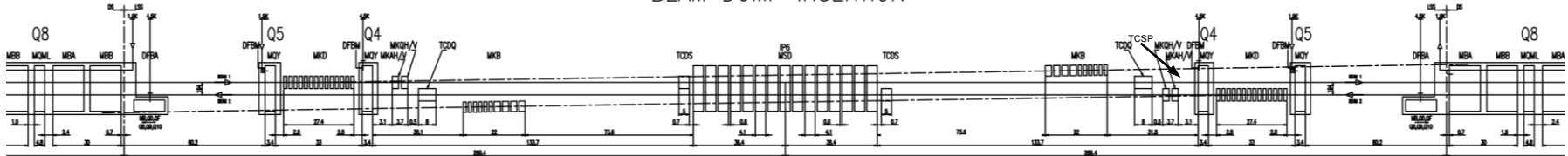
# IR6 Dump size optimization

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WP2 Meeting 25/11/2019

# IR6 optics constraints

## BEAM DUMP INSERTION



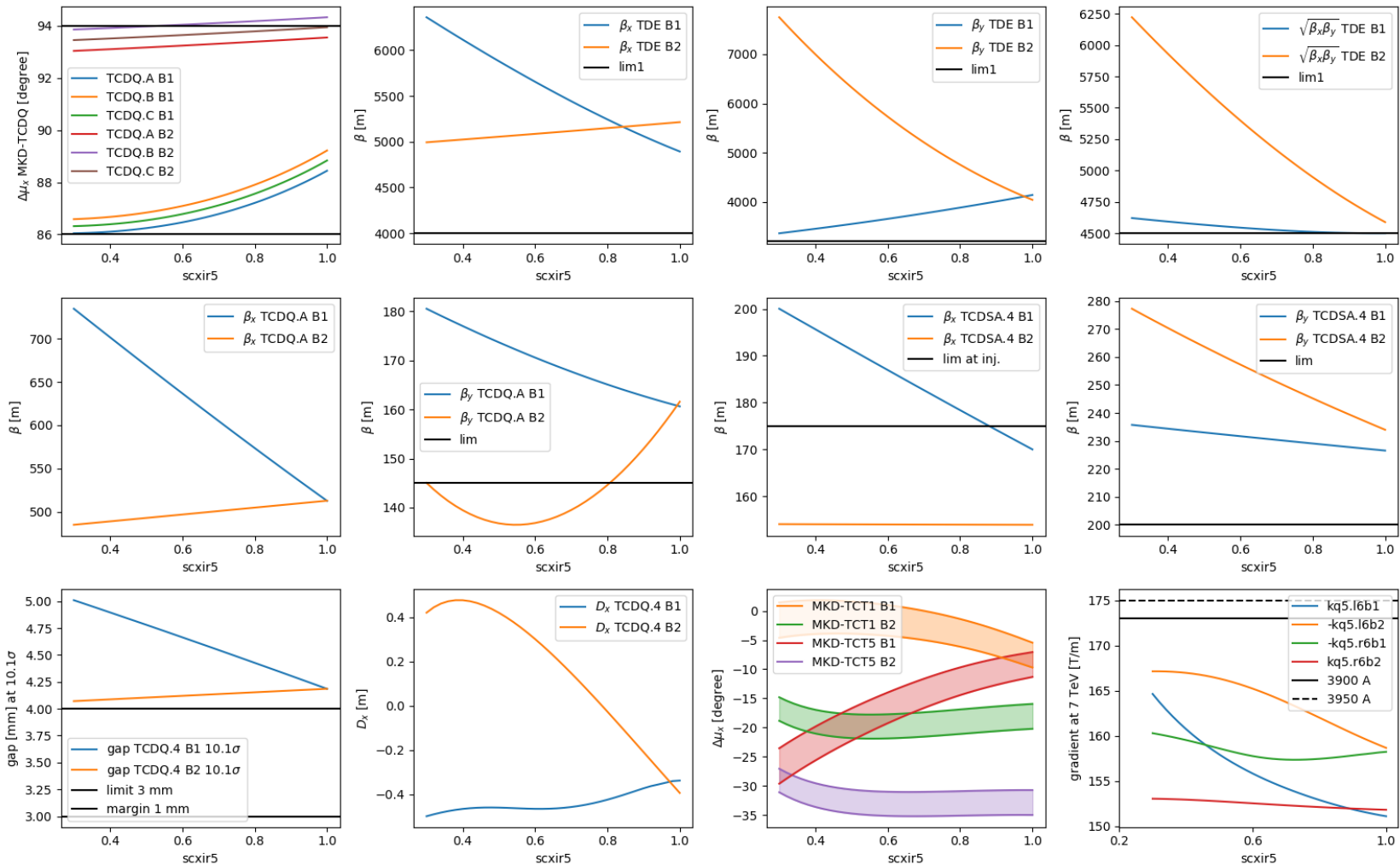
Optics knobs: in Q13L to Q13R: 16 quadrupoles

Optics constraints:

- (12 strict) Matching to arcs and squeeze IP5 ( $\beta_{x,y}$ ,  $\alpha_{x,y}$ ,  $D_x$ ,  $D'_x$ )
- (2 strict) Strength Q4.L6B1, Q4.R6B2 fixed by the transfer line
- (2) MKD-TCT phase advance  $\Delta\mu_x$  depends on available H aperture
- (4) beam size beam dump (TDE)  $\beta_x > 4$  km,  $\beta_y > 3.2$  km,  $\beta_x \beta_y > (4.5 \text{ km})^2$
- (2)  $\Delta\mu_{x, \text{MKD-TCDQ}}$ ,  $\Delta\mu_{x, \text{MKD-TCSP}} < 90 \pm 4^\circ$
- (4) beam size TCDQ  $\beta_x > 430$  m,  $\beta_y > 145$  m
- (4) minimum gap TCDQ  $> 3$ mm, 1 mm margin, constant gap at flat top ( $\beta_x, D_x$ )
- (8) Peak  $\beta$  in the insertion during squeeze  $< 1.5$  km
- (2) Beam size TCDS  $\beta_y > 200$  m
- (4) Strength Q5, non-conform MQTL.11
- (20) Aperture at injection (peak beta and dispersion at focusing quads)

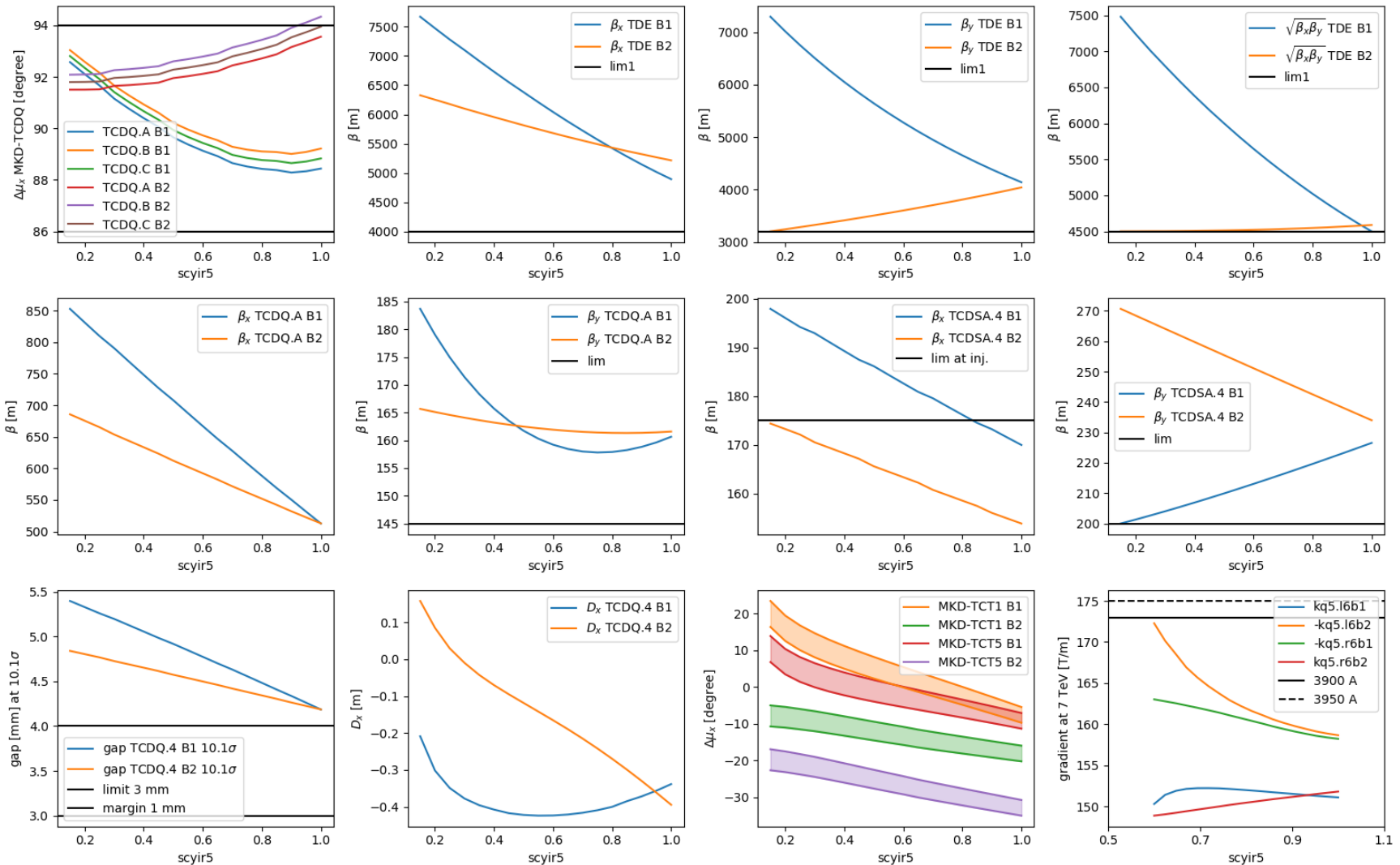
# Optics constraints Round squeeze

Each type ATS factor in point 5 (Round  $\beta_x^* = \beta_y^*$ , Flat  $\beta_x^* > \beta_y^*$ , FlatCC  $\beta_x^* < \beta_y^*$ ) and noMS14 variants requires different optics.



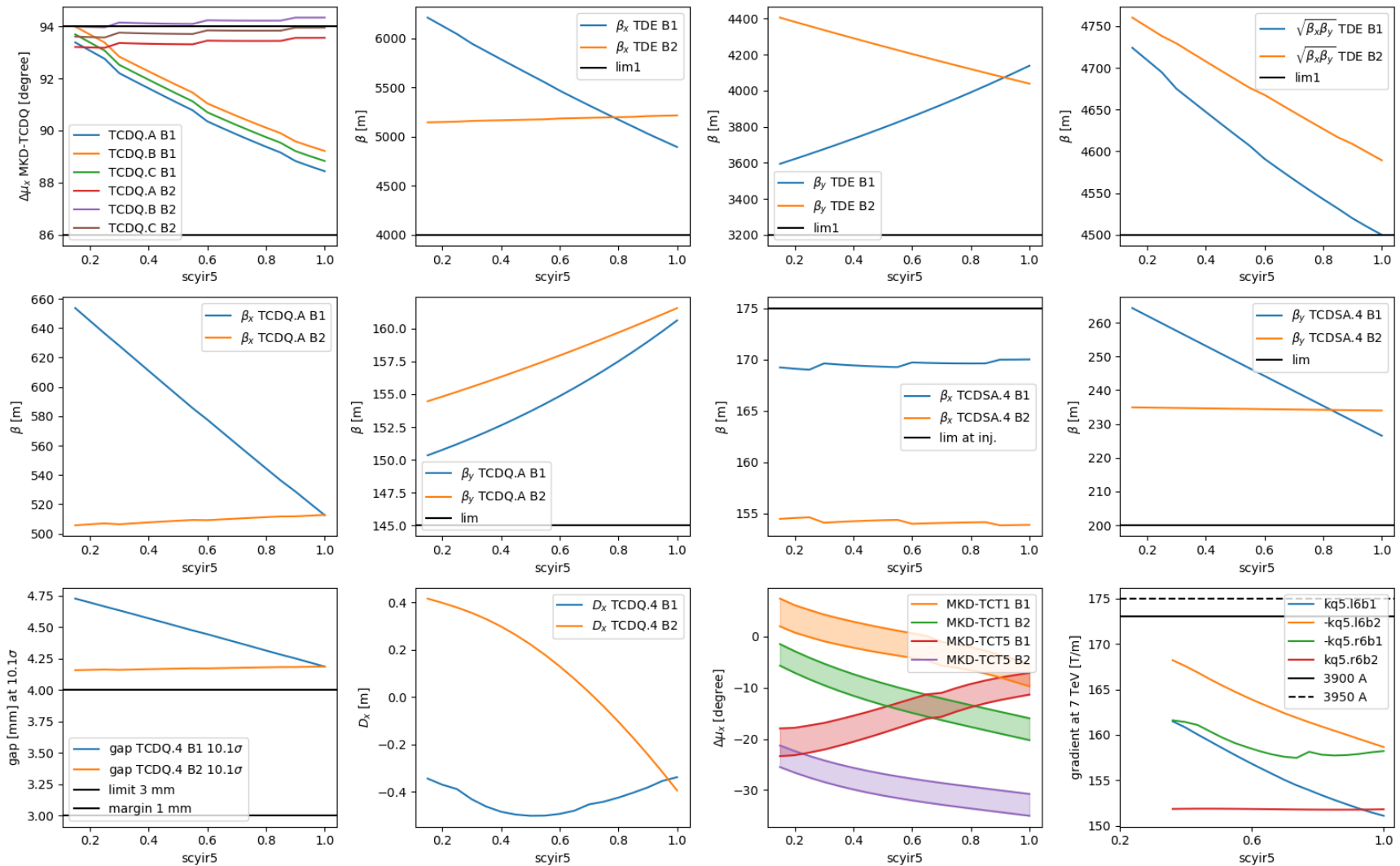
# Optics constraints Flat squeeze

Each type ATS factor in point 5 (Round  $\beta_x^* = \beta_y^*$ , Flat  $\beta_x^* > \beta_y^*$ , FlatCC  $\beta_x^* < \beta_y^*$ ) and noMS14 variants requires different optics.



# Optics constraints FlatCC squeeze

Each type ATS factor in point 5 (Round  $\beta_x^* = \beta_y^*$ , Flat  $\beta_x^* > \beta_y^*$ , FlatCC  $\beta_x^* < \beta_y^*$ ) and noMS14 variants requires different optics.



# Optics, aperture, crossing plane

	Round	Flat	FlatCC	FlatCCHV	FlatCCHV
$\beta^*$ Xing/Sep [cm]	15/15	30/7.5	18/7.5	18/9	18/7.5
Xing angle [ $\mu$ rad]	$\pm 250$	$\pm 245$	$\pm 240$	$\pm 240$	$\pm 240$
Crossing plane IP5	V (or H)	H	H	V	V
Aperture Xing plane [ $\sigma$ ]	13.1	15.6	14.2	14.2	14.2
Aperture Sep plane [ $\sigma$ ]	16.5	12.7	12.7	13.9	12.7
H Aperture Point 1/5	13.1/16.5	12.7/15.6	12.7/14.2	14.2/13.9	14.2/12.7
MKD-TCT [ $^\circ$ ] IP1 [B1/B2]	5/19	23/10	4/6	13/22	8/22
MKD-TCT [ $^\circ$ ] IP5 [B1/B2]	30/31	14/22	27/25	40/45	51/54
H Ap. Protected IP1 W/Cu	11.2/11.2	11.4/11.2	11.2/11.2	11.3/11.2	11.3/11.2
H Ap. Protected IP5 W/Cu	11.9/11.2	11.3/11.2	11.7/11.2	13.3/12.3	14.1/13.1
Ap. Margin W [ $\sigma$ ]	1.9 (or 1.2)	1.3	1.5	0.6	-1.4
Ap. Margin CuCD [ $\sigma$ ]	1.9 (or 1.9)	1.5	1.5	1.6	-0.4

Assuming different settings for TCTH and TCTV (R. Bruce)

Present aperture margins are being considered to be used for:

- 1) Increase collimators gaps to reduce impedance (this also can relax TCDQ gaps and interlocks)
- 2) Introduce IP offset in the crossing plane to reduce radiation deposited in the triplets
- 3) Reduce further  $\beta^*$  (if extra margin in DA)

# IR6 Dump size optimization

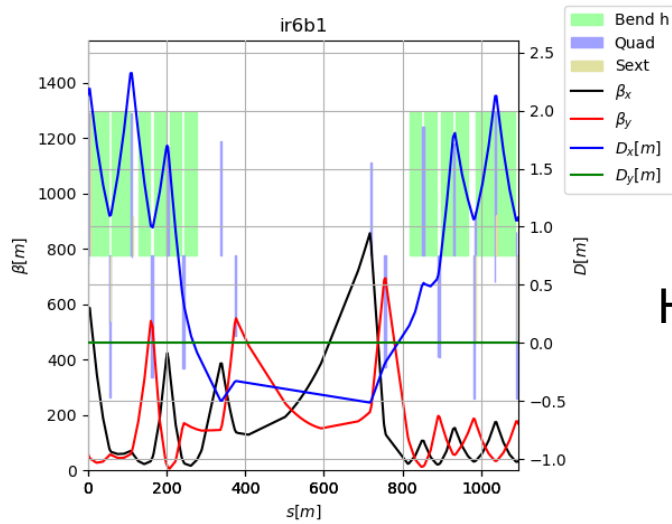
- Increase spot size at the beam dump by relaxing MKD-TCT phase advance or other constraints
- Spot size cannot be increased at injection due to aperture constraints, but can be done during ramp&squeeze. Below the results for  $\beta^*=15$  cm.

B1/B2	Request [km]	V1.4 round [km]	Limited by MQTL11.R6B1 $\beta_y$ in Q4.R6B2	MQTL11.R6B1 at 400 A
$\beta_x$	>4	6.3/5.0	9.0/5.0	9.3/5.0
$\beta_y$	>3.2	3.8/7.8	5.4/9.9	5.9/9.9
$(\beta_x\beta_y)^{1/2}$	>4.5	4.6/6.2	7.0/7.0	7.4/7.0

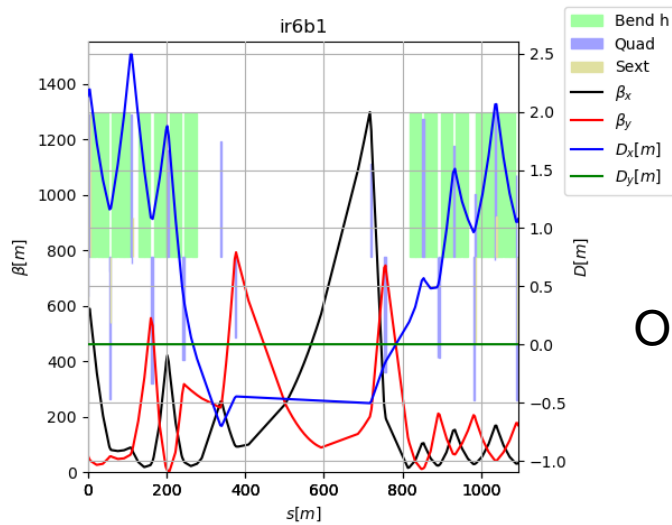
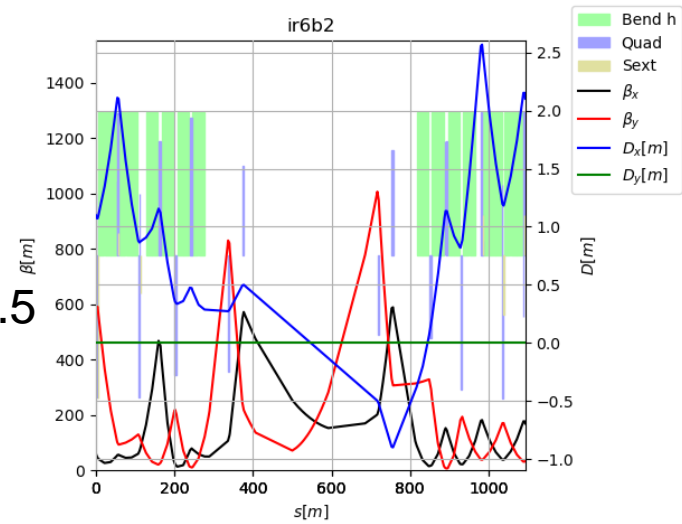
General limits: RQTL11.R6B1, RQ8.R6B1, RQ8.L6B2, peak  $\beta$ .  
MKD-TCT still below 20 °

First improvement 25% in beam size at the end of the squeeze

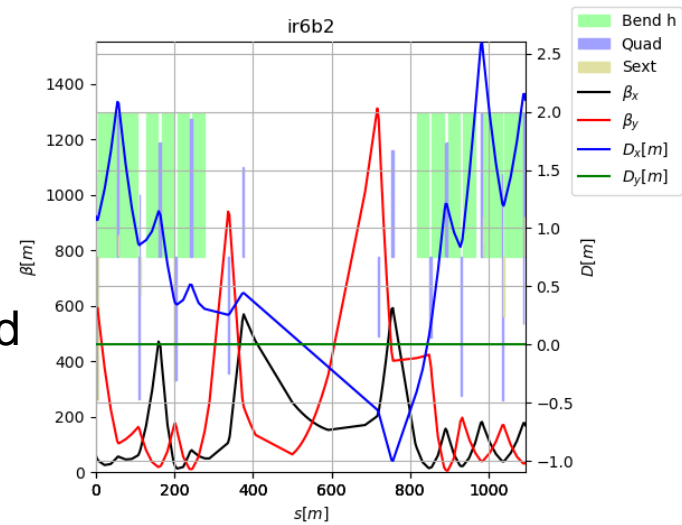
# Optics plots



HL1.4/1.5



Optimized





# Conclusion

- IR6 optics has many conflicting constraints
- It possible to increase the beam size at the dump by about 25% at the expenses of a peak beta of 1.5 km in Q4/Q5 at the end of the squeeze.
- Some RQ8, RQTL, peak  $\beta$  limiting factor
- Intermediate values should confirmed by studying new optics transitions during the ramp

# Backup

# Optics, aperture, crossing plane

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