

Two-loop resummation for QCD hard scattering

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- **Resummation**
- **Soft anomalous dimensions**
- **Two-loop eikonal calculations**
- **LHC and Tevatron phenomenology**

Resummation

Soft-gluon corrections important in many processes, particularly near threshold

Needed at higher-orders for increased accuracy in theoretical predictions

Terms $\left[\frac{\ln^k(s_4/M^2)}{s_4} \right]_+$, $k \leq 2n - 1$, $s_4 \rightarrow 0$ at threshold arise from incomplete cancellations of infrared divergences between virtual diagrams and real diagrams with soft (low-energy) gluons

Soft corrections exponentiate

Resummation follows from factorization

At NLL (NNLL) accuracy requires one-loop (two-loop) calculations in the eikonal approximation

Many phenomenological applications:

Drell-Yan processes;

top pair and single top production;

jet, direct photon, or W production at high p_T ;

(charged) Higgs, squark and gluino production; etc.

Resummed cross section

Resummation follows from factorization properties of the cross section
- performed in moment space

Use RGE to evolve function associated with soft-gluon emission

H: hard-scattering function

S: soft-gluon function

$$\hat{\sigma}^{res}(N) = \exp \left[\sum_i E_i(N) \right] H(\alpha_s) \\ \times \exp \left[\int_{\sqrt{s}}^{\sqrt{s}/\tilde{N}} \frac{d\mu}{\mu} \Gamma_S^+(\alpha_s(\mu)) \right] S \left(\alpha_s \left(\frac{\sqrt{s}}{\tilde{N}} \right) \right) \exp \left[\int_{\sqrt{s}}^{\sqrt{s}/\tilde{N}} \frac{d\mu}{\mu} \Gamma_S(\alpha_s(\mu)) \right]$$

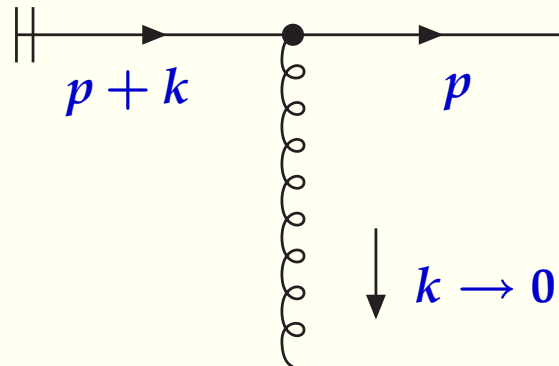
where

Γ_S is the soft anomalous dimension - a matrix in color space

and a function of kinematical invariants s, t, u

Calculate Γ_S in eikonal approximation

Eikonal approximation



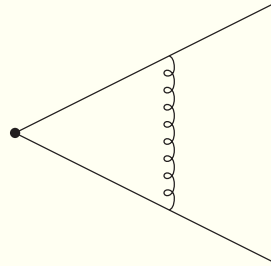
$$\bar{u}(p) (-ig_s T_F^c) \gamma^\mu \frac{i(\not{p} + \not{k} + m)}{(p+k)^2 - m^2 + i\epsilon} \rightarrow \bar{u}(p) g_s T_F^c \gamma^\mu \frac{\not{p} + m}{2p \cdot k + i\epsilon} = \bar{u}(p) g_s T_F^c \frac{v^\mu}{v \cdot k + i\epsilon}$$

with $p \propto v$, T_F^c generators of SU(3)

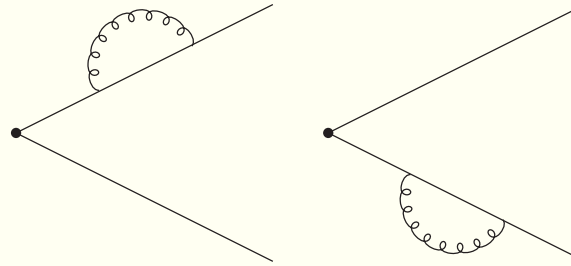
Perform calculation for massive quarks in momentum space and Feynman gauge

Complete two-loop results for soft (cusp) anomalous dimension for $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$

One-loop eikonal diagrams



(a)



(b)

$$\Gamma_S = \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \Gamma_S^{(1)} + \frac{\alpha_s^2}{\pi^2} \Gamma_S^{(2)} + \dots$$

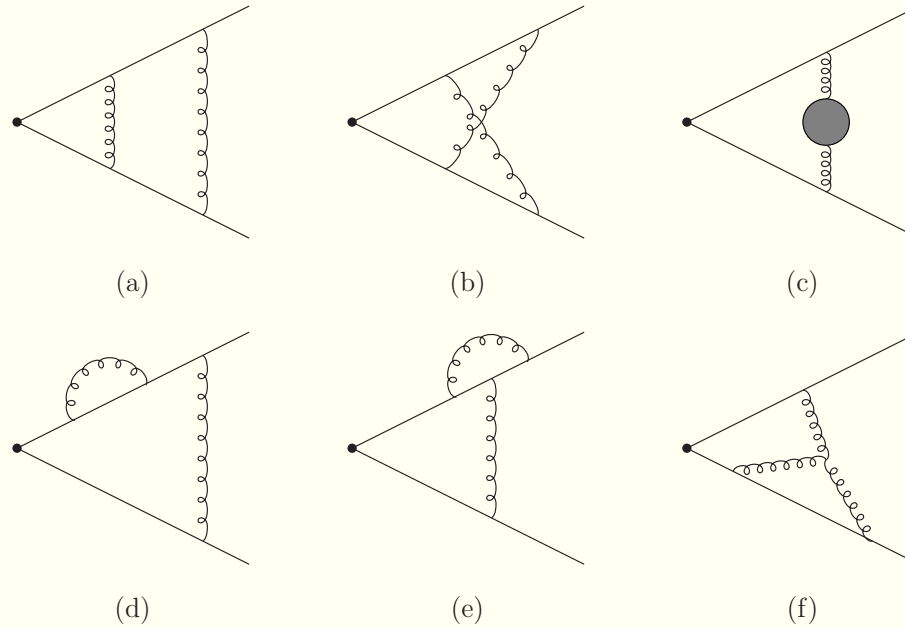
The one-loop soft anomalous dimension, $\Gamma_S^{(1)}$, can be read off the coefficient of the ultraviolet (UV) pole of the one-loop diagrams

$$\Gamma_S^{(1)} = C_F \left[-\frac{(1+\beta^2)}{2\beta} \ln \left(\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta} \right) - 1 \right]$$

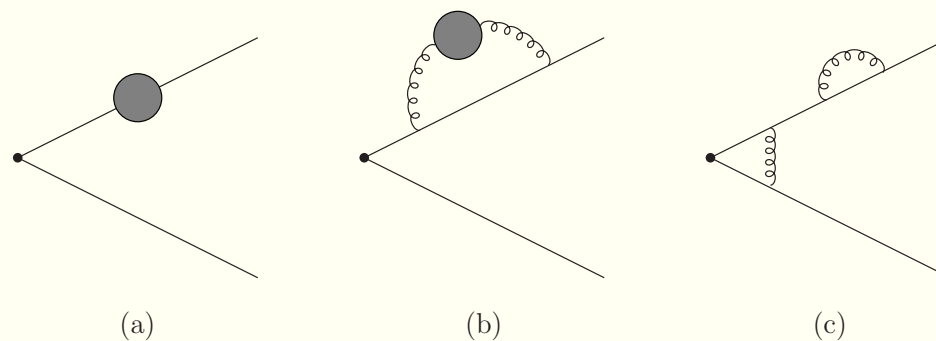
$$\text{with } \beta = \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m^2}{s}}$$

Two-loop eikonal diagrams

Vertex correction graphs



Heavy-quark self-energy graphs



Include counterterms for all graphs and multiply with corresponding color factors

Determine two-loop soft anomalous dimension from UV poles of the sum of the graphs

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_S^{(2)} = & \left\{ \frac{K}{2} + \frac{C_A}{2} \left[-\frac{1}{3} \ln^2 \left(\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta} \right) + \ln \left(\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta} \right) - \zeta_2 \right] \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{(1+\beta^2)}{4\beta} C_A \left[\text{Li}_2 \left(\frac{(1-\beta)^2}{(1+\beta)^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \ln^2 \left(\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta} \right) + \zeta_2 \right] \right\} \Gamma_S^{(1)} \\ & + C_F C_A \left\{ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \ln^2 \left(\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta} \right) - \frac{(1+\beta^2)^2}{8\beta^2} \left[-\text{Li}_3 \left(\frac{(1-\beta)^2}{(1+\beta)^2} \right) + \zeta_3 \right] \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{(1+\beta^2)}{2\beta} \left[\ln \left(\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta} \right) \ln \left(\frac{(1+\beta)^2}{4\beta} \right) - \frac{1}{6} \ln^2 \left(\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta} \right) - \text{Li}_2 \left(\frac{(1-\beta)^2}{(1+\beta)^2} \right) \right] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

where $K = C_A(67/18 - \zeta_2) - 5n_f/9$

In terms of the cusp angle $\gamma = \ln[(1+\beta)/(1-\beta)]$ we get

$\Gamma_S^{(1)} = C_F(\gamma \coth \gamma - 1)$ and

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_S^{(2)} = & \frac{K}{2} \Gamma_S^{(1)} + C_F C_A \left\{ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\zeta_2}{2} + \frac{\gamma^2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \coth^2 \gamma \left[\zeta_3 - \zeta_2 \gamma - \frac{\gamma^3}{3} - \gamma \text{Li}_2(e^{-2\gamma}) - \text{Li}_3(e^{-2\gamma}) \right] \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} \coth \gamma \left[\zeta_2 + \zeta_2 \gamma + \gamma^2 + \frac{\gamma^3}{3} + 2\gamma \ln(1 - e^{-2\gamma}) - \text{Li}_2(e^{-2\gamma}) \right] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

N. Kidonakis, Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 232003 (2009), arXiv:0903.2561 [hep-ph]

$\Gamma_S^{(2)}$ vanishes at $\beta = 0$, the threshold limit, and diverges at $\beta = 1$, the massless limit

Large β behavior: as $\beta \rightarrow 1$, $\Gamma_S^{(2)} \rightarrow \frac{K}{2}\Gamma_S^{(1)} + C_F C_A \frac{(1-\zeta_3)}{2}$

In massive-massless case

$$\Gamma_S^{(1)} = C_F \left[\ln \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} v_i \cdot v_j}{\sqrt{v_i^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_S^{(2)} = \frac{K}{2}\Gamma_S^{(1)} + C_F C_A \frac{(1-\zeta_3)}{4}$$

QCD processes

Color structure gets more complicated with more than two colored partons in the process

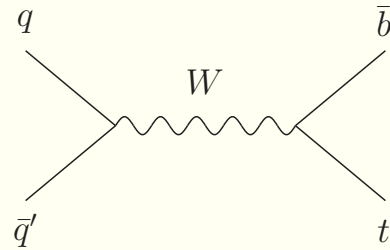
Cusp anomalous dimension an essential component of other calculations

Next, we compute two-loop soft anomalous dimensions for:

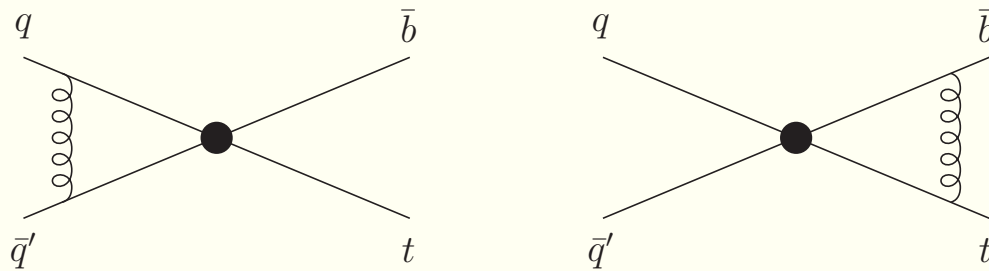
Single top production in s -channel (also direct photon production)

Associated top production with a W boson or a charged Higgs

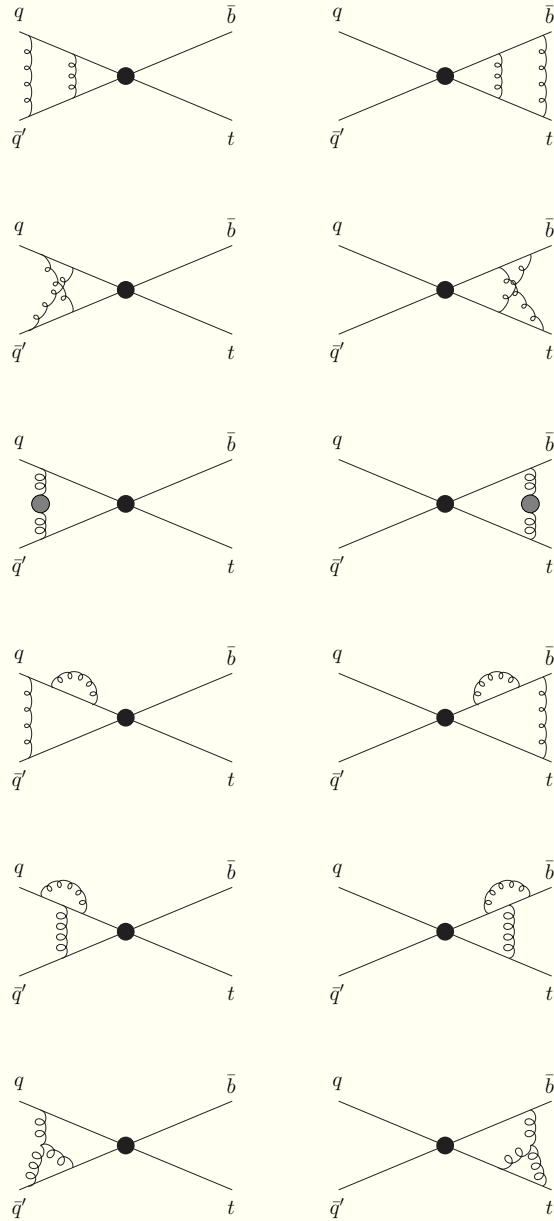
s-channel single top production

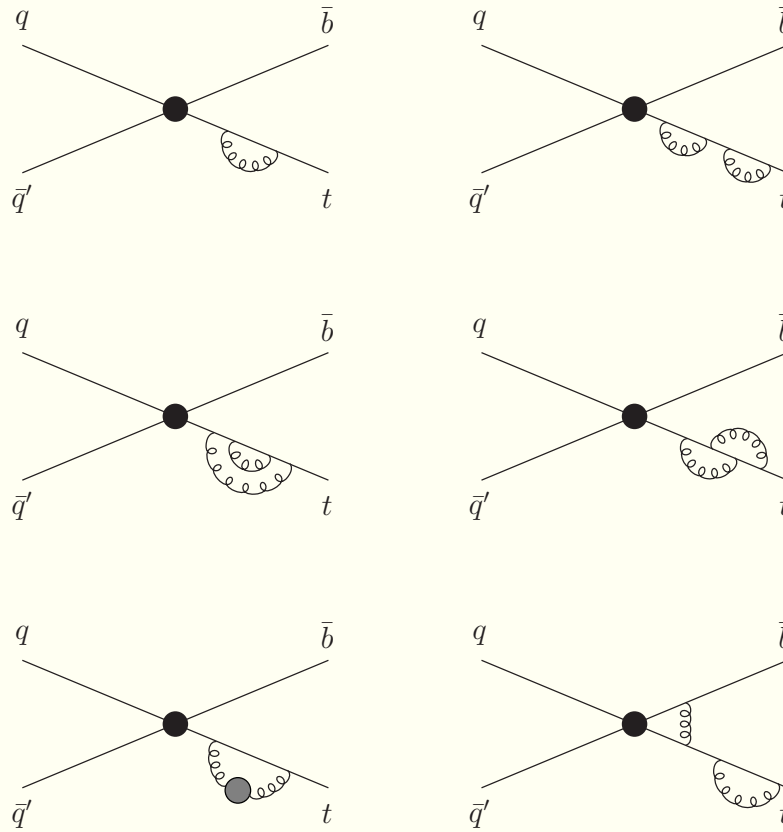


One-loop eikonal diagrams



Two-loop eikonal diagrams



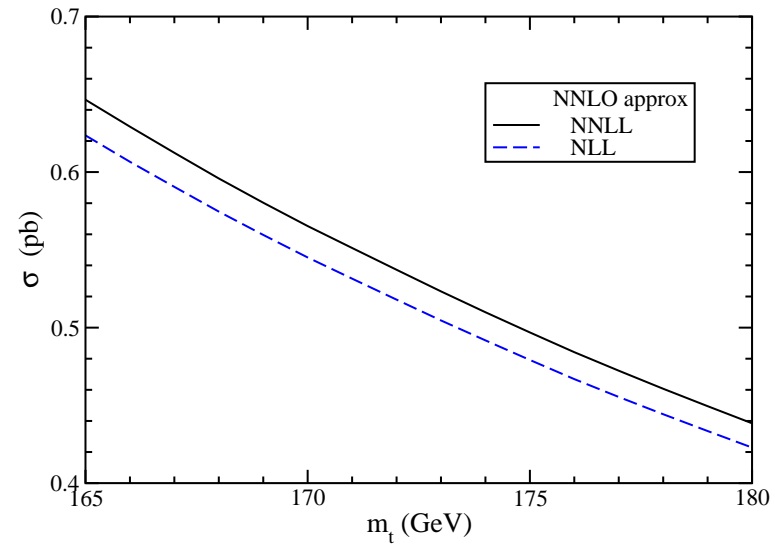


$$\Gamma_{S, \text{top } s\text{-ch}}^{(1)} = C_F \left[\ln \left(\frac{s - m_t^2}{m_t \sqrt{s}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

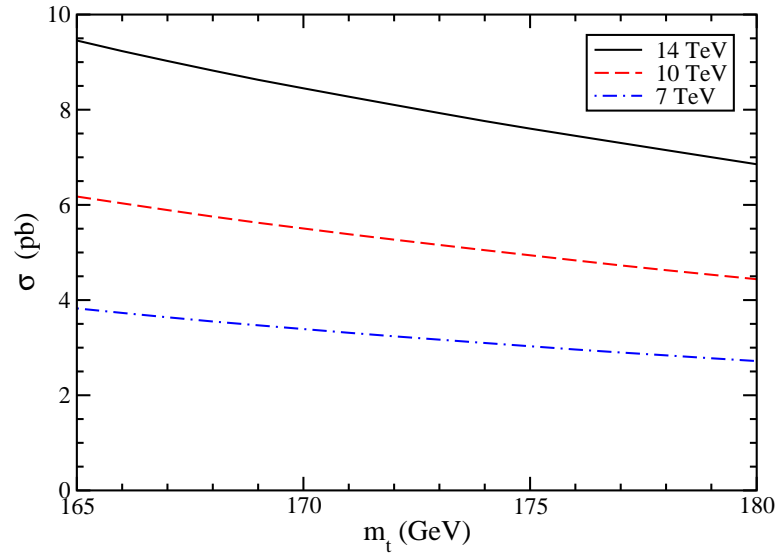
$$\Gamma_{S, \text{top } s\text{-ch}}^{(2)} = \frac{K}{2} \Gamma_{S, \text{top } s\text{-ch}}^{(1)} + C_F C_A \frac{(1 - \zeta_3)}{4}$$

N. Kidonakis, Phys. Rev. D 81, 054028 (2010), arXiv:1001.5034 [hep-ph]

Single top at Tevatron s-channel $S^{1/2}=1.96$ TeV $\mu=m_t$

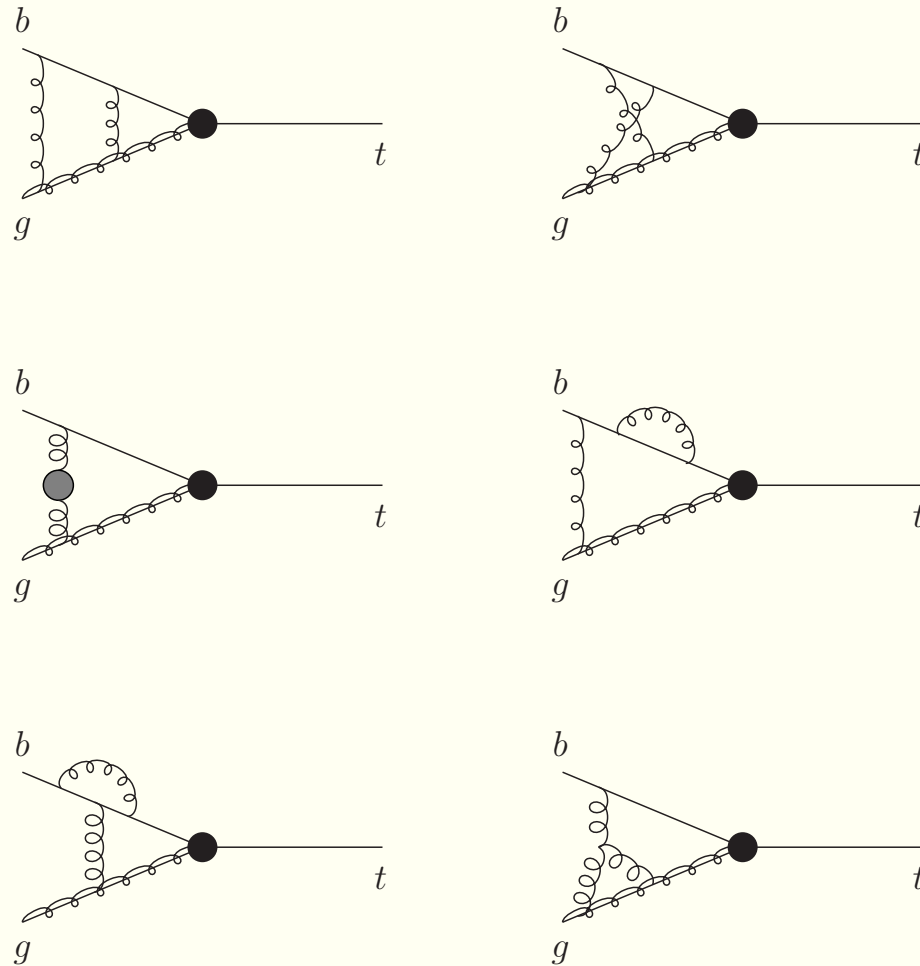


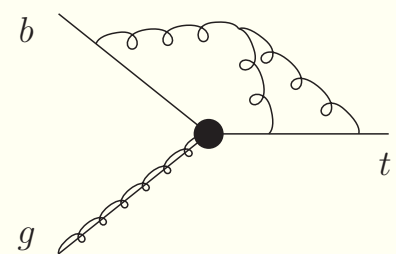
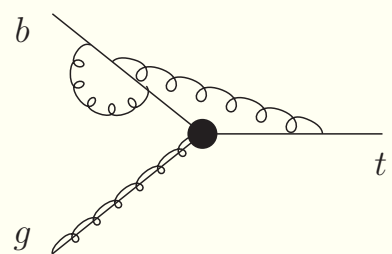
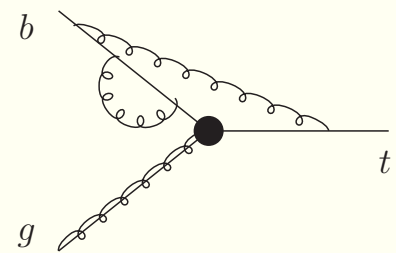
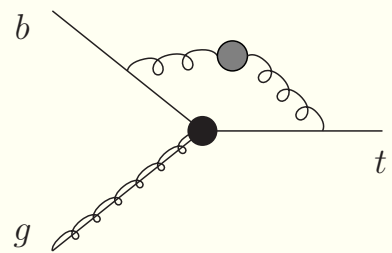
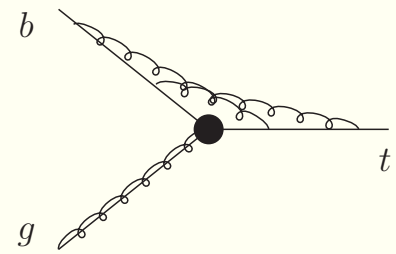
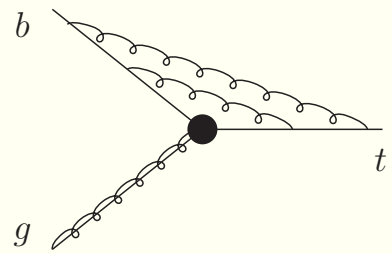
Single top LHC s-channel NNLO approx (NNLL) $\mu=m_t$

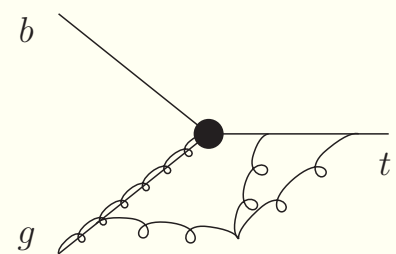
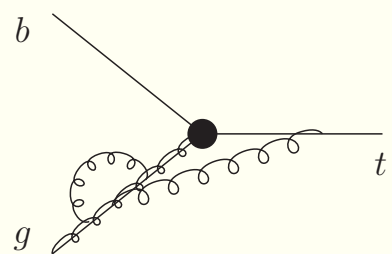
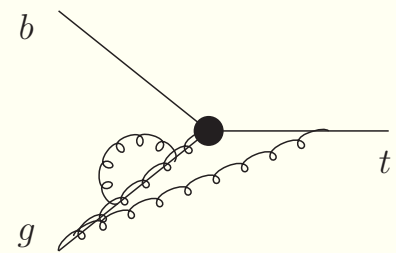
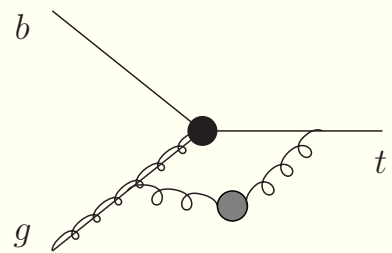
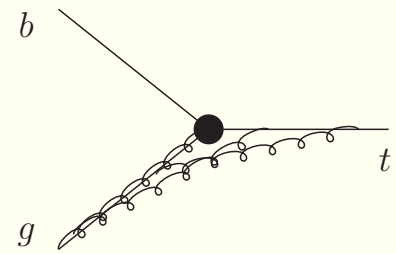
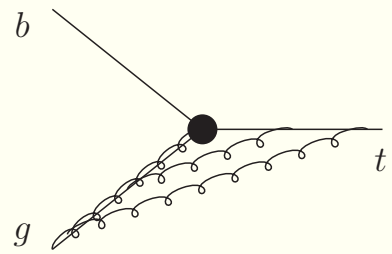


Associated production of a top quark with a W^- or H^-

Two-loop eikonal diagrams



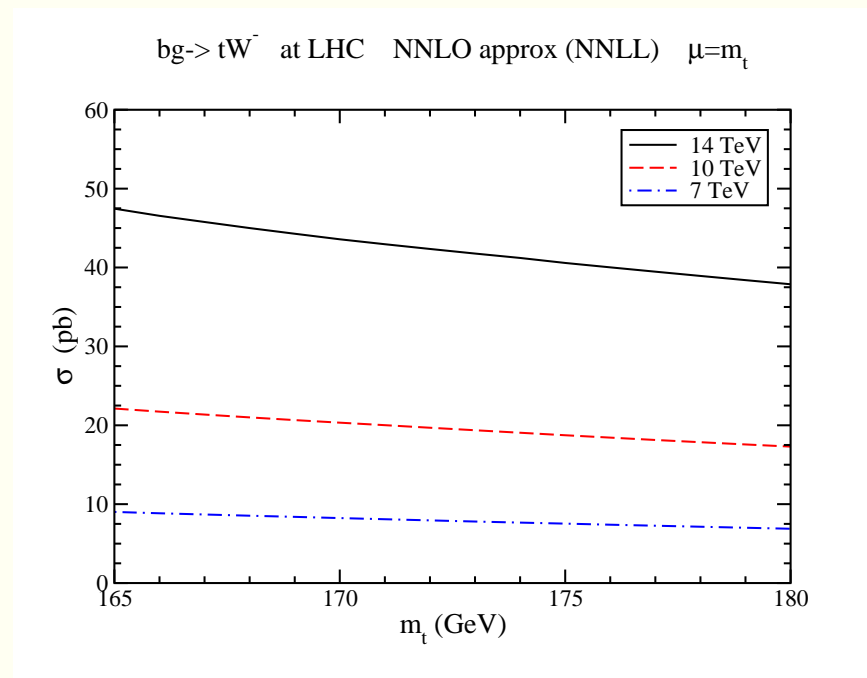




Soft anomalous dimension for $bg \rightarrow tW^-$

$$\Gamma_{S,tW^-}^{(1)} = C_F \left[\ln \left(\frac{m_t^2 - t}{m_t \sqrt{s}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \right] + \frac{C_A}{2} \ln \left(\frac{m_t^2 - u}{m_t^2 - t} \right)$$

$$\Gamma_{S,tW^-}^{(2)} = \frac{K}{2} \Gamma_{S,tW^-}^{(1)} + C_F C_A \frac{(1 - \zeta_3)}{4}$$



Same analytical result for Γ_S for $bg \rightarrow tH^-$

Similar results are derived for direct photon production

Summary

- **Soft-gluon corrections and resummation**
- **Two-loop calculations in eikonal approximation**
- **Massive quarks involve further complications**
- **Two-loop soft anomalous dimensions**
- **Application to single top production and other processes at LHC and Tevatron energies**