

Studies of electroweak boson production in the forward region with LHCb.



James Keaveney, UCD (on behalf of the LHCb collaboration)

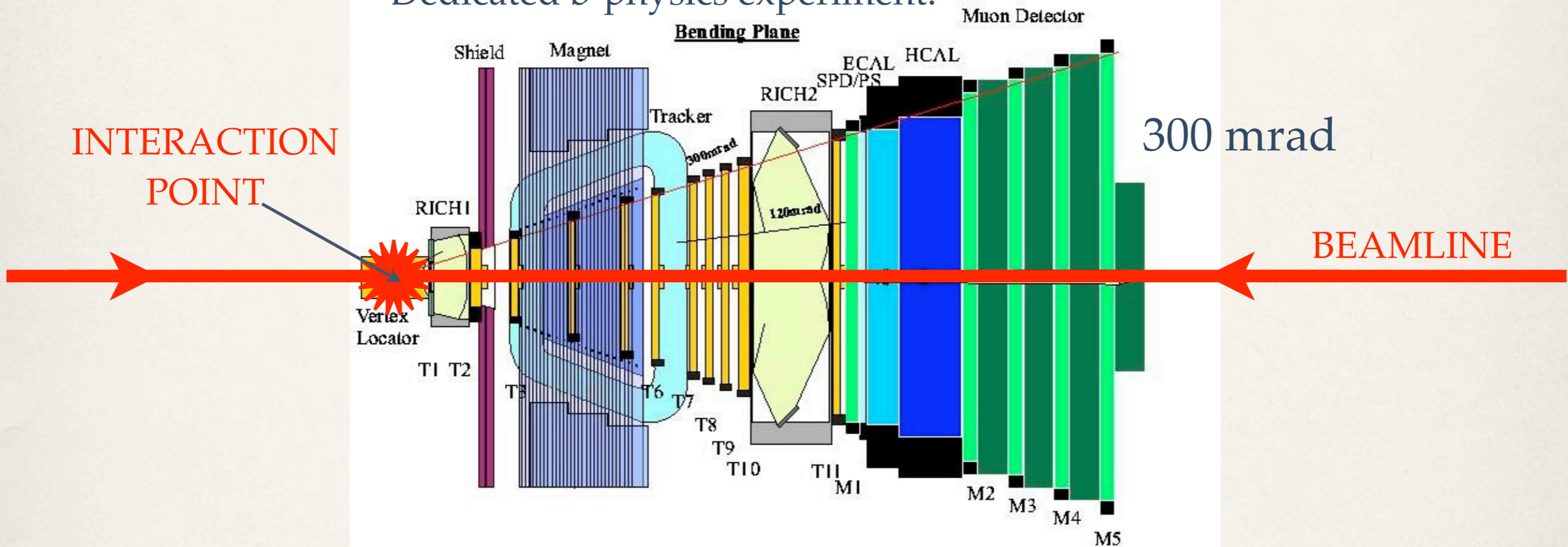
Deep Inelastic Scattering (DIS) 2010, Firenze

This talk

- ❖ LHCb
- ❖ Electroweak boson measurements at LHCb : W, Z, γ^*
=> motivations and expected impact.
- ❖ Selections and expected yields.

LHCb : a forward spectrometer

Dedicated b-physics experiment.

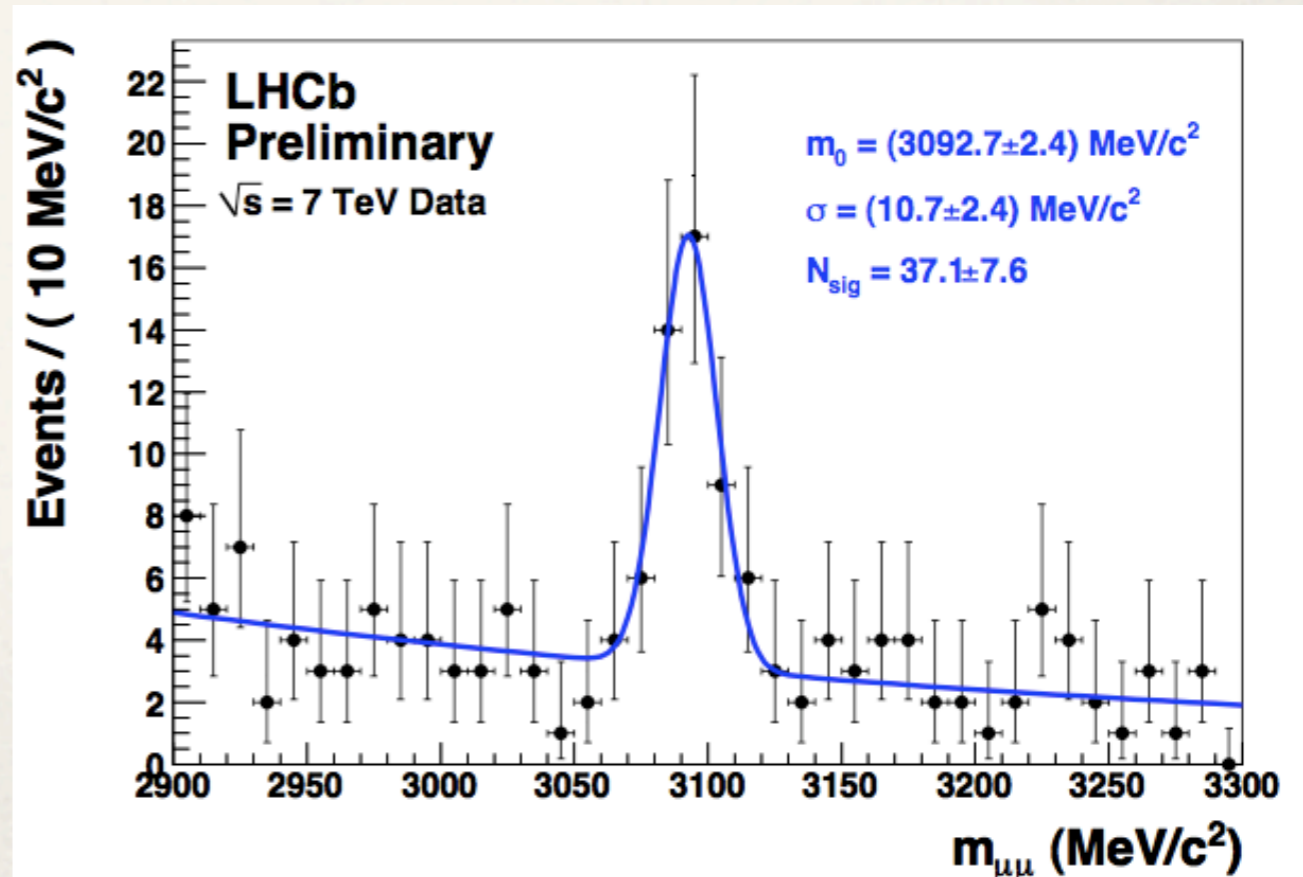


Sophisticated trigger system includes ability to trigger / reconstruct low momentum muons.

Pseudorapidity range : $1.9 < \eta < 4.9$, $p_{\mu} > 6$ GeV, $pt_{\mu} > 1$ GeV

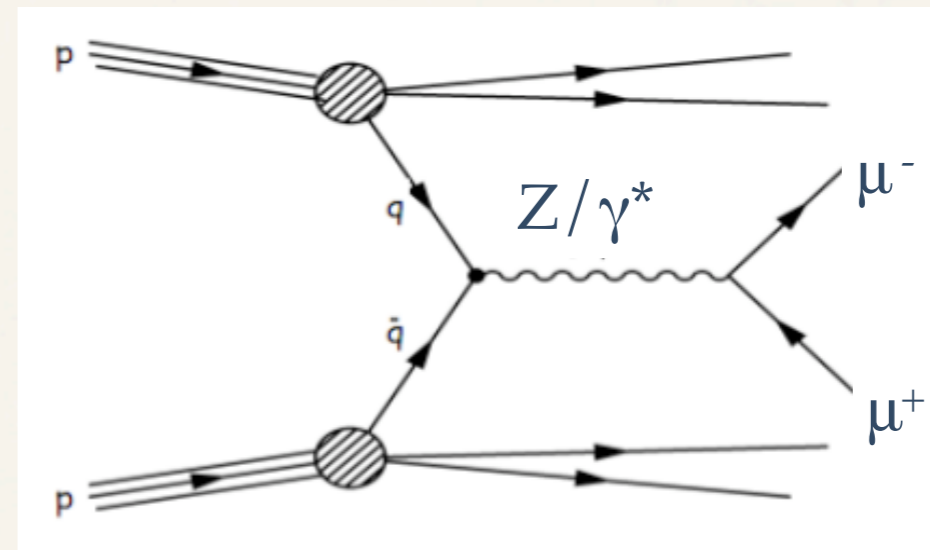
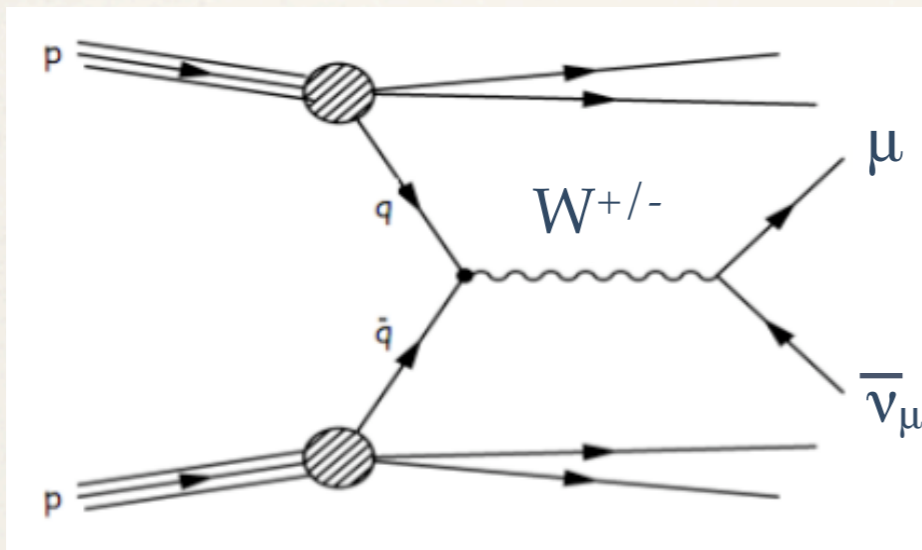
LHCb in 2010/2011

- ❖ Data taking at $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}$ has begun.
- ❖ Integrated luminosity so far in 2010 $\sim 176\mu\text{b}^{-1}$
- ❖ Resonances already observed, e.g. $J/\Psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
- ❖ See talk by E.Polycarpo (Thurs.)



Electroweak bosons at LHCb

Channels of interest :

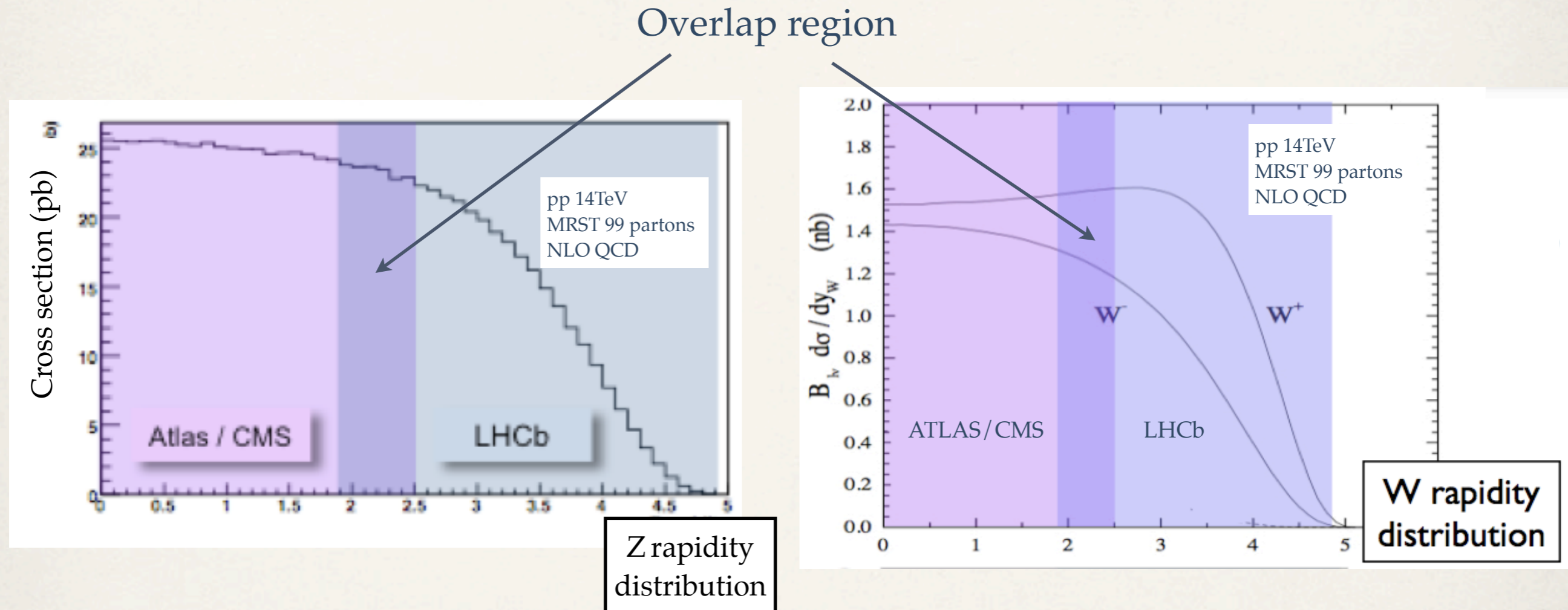


$$W \rightarrow \mu \bar{\nu}_\mu$$

$$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

- ❖ Cross section measurements provide accurate test of standard model in new energy regime.
- ❖ Cross section and rapidity distributions can constrain PDFs (see talk from F. de Lorenzi).

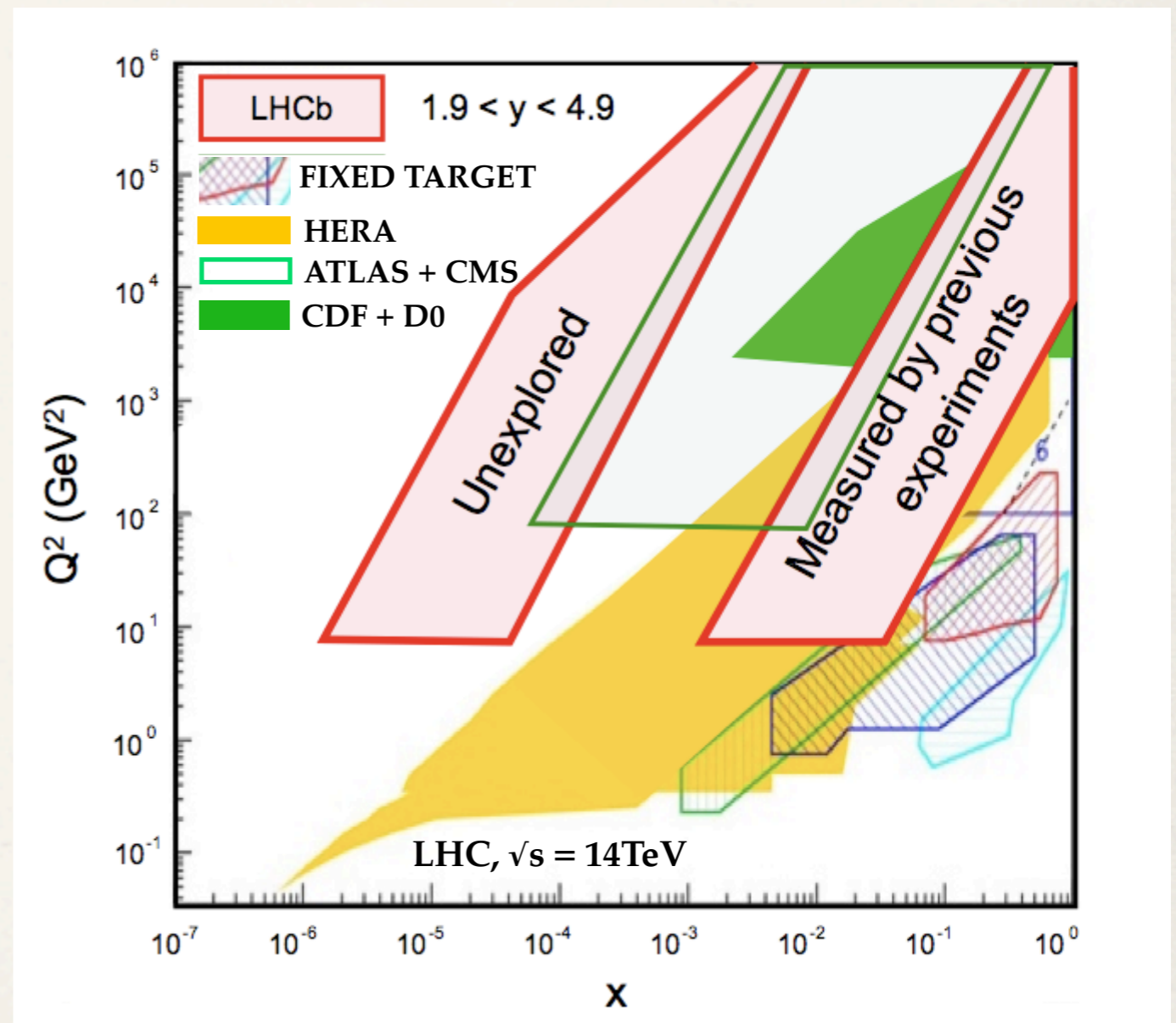
LHCb : Kinematic coverage



- ❖ Complementary rapidity range to ATLAS/CMS, LHCb can provide crosscheck.
- ❖ LHCb has unique access to forward region ($y > 2.5$).
- ❖ We expect $\sim 10^6$ Z and W events at LHCb in 2010/2011.

LHCb : Kinematic coverage

- ❖ Angular acceptance and triggering capabilities of LHCb provides unique coverage of two distinct regions in (x, Q^2) space.
- ❖ One region (low x) previously unexplored.



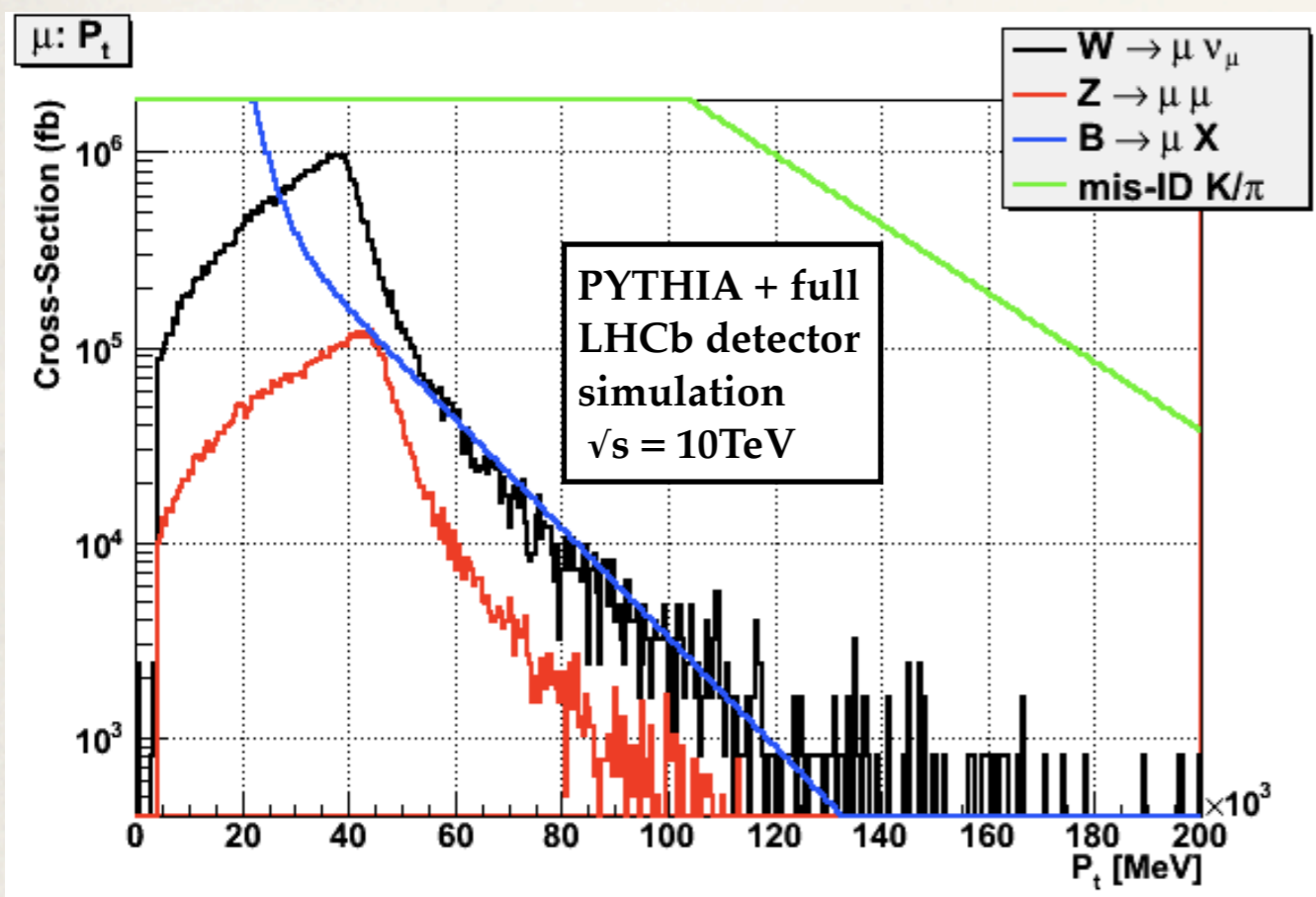
Selection studies

$$W \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu$$

- Signal event characteristics -
- >Single isolated high Pt Muon
 - >Little other energy in event

Largest backgrounds :

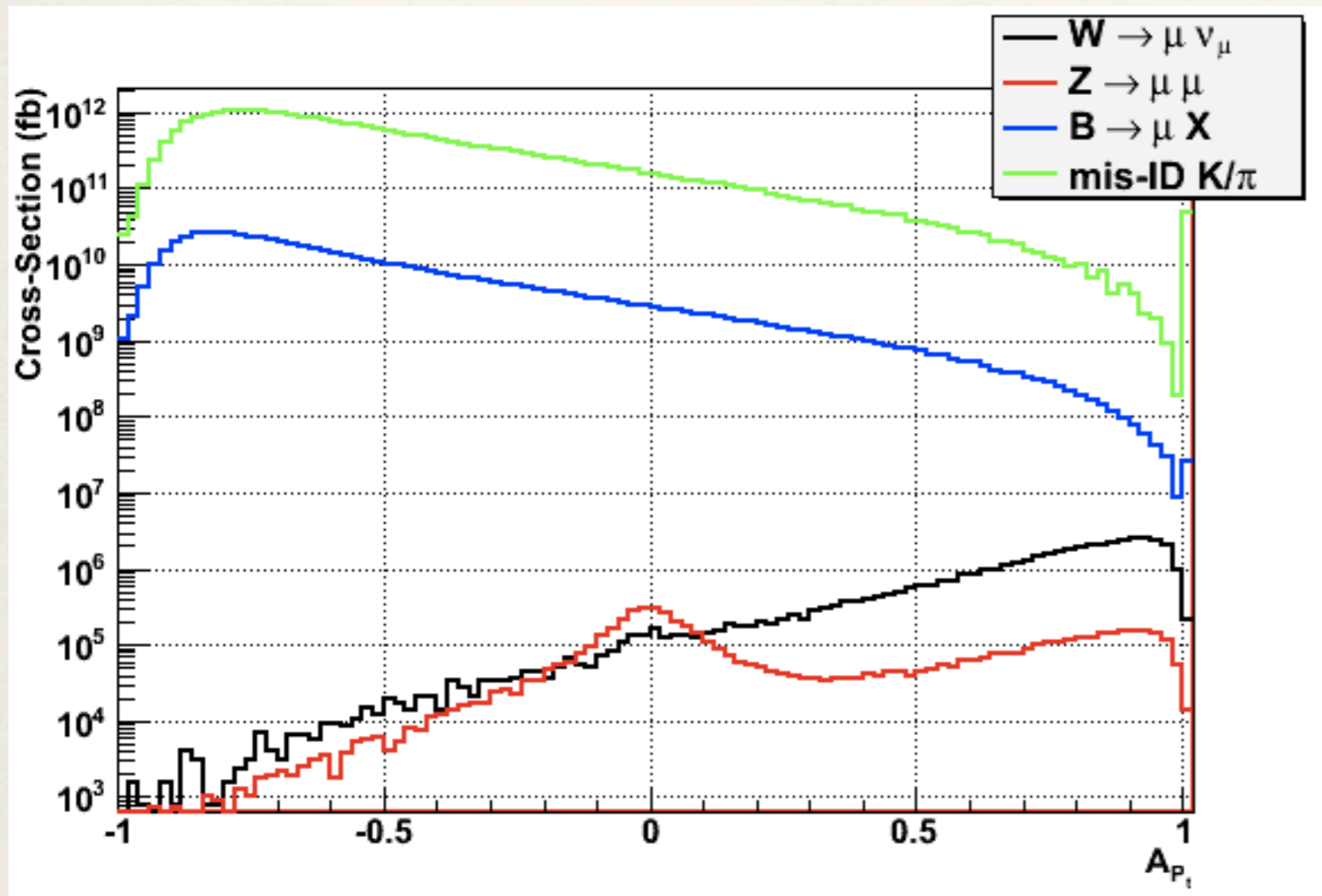
- Mis-ID of π/K
- $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
- $B \rightarrow \mu + X$



Mis-ID component extrapolated to high Pt region using exponential fit, agrees well with theoretical expectation.

Mis-ID in this Pt region mainly due to Pion punchthrough.

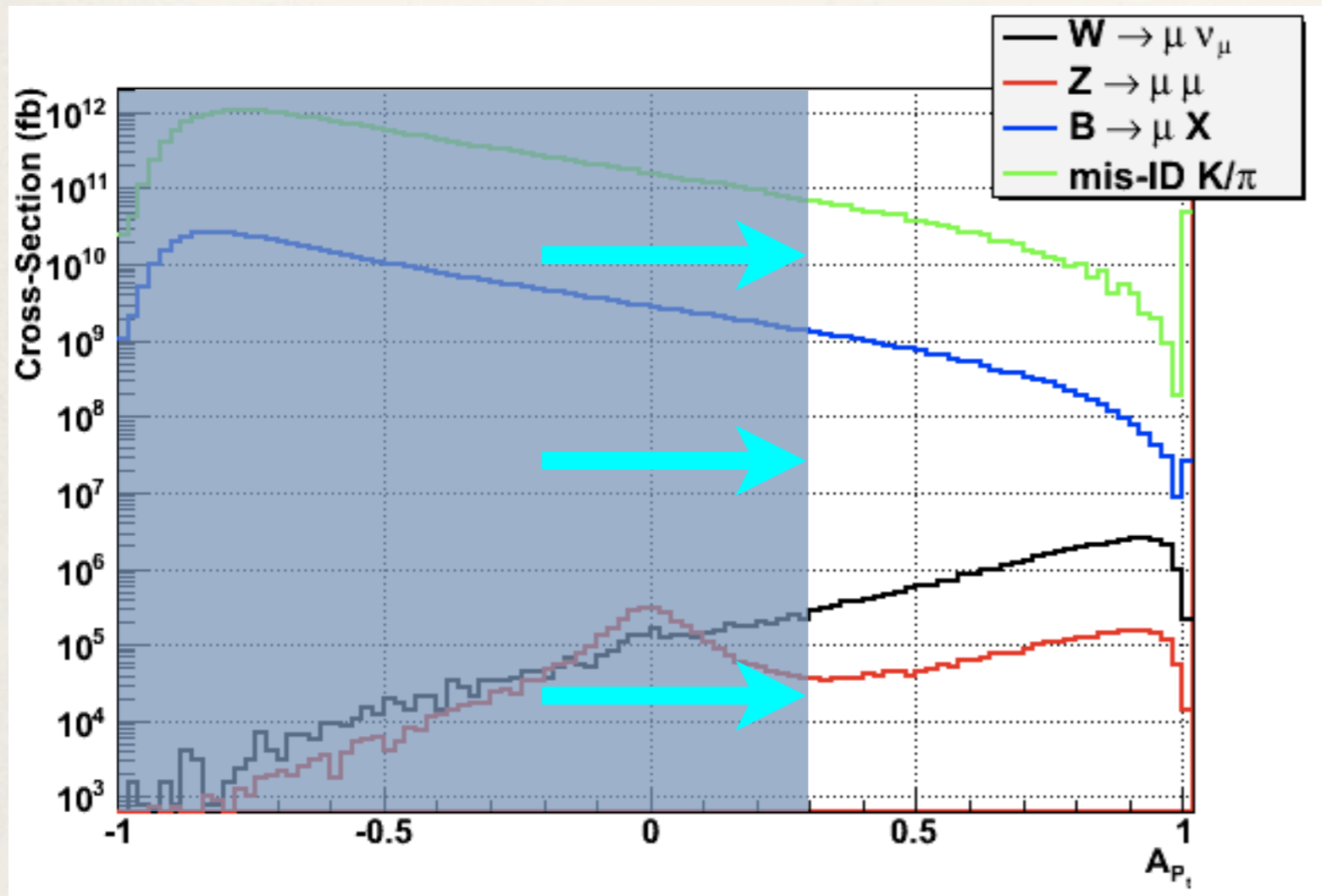
Selection studies

 $W \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu$ 

$$A_{pt} = \frac{pt_\mu - pt_{rest}}{pt_\mu + pt_{rest}}$$

Selection studies

$$W \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu$$



Require $A_{Pt} > .3$

process	rejection factor
$W \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu$	0.09
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	0.54
Mis-ID	0.98
$B \rightarrow \mu + X$	0.99

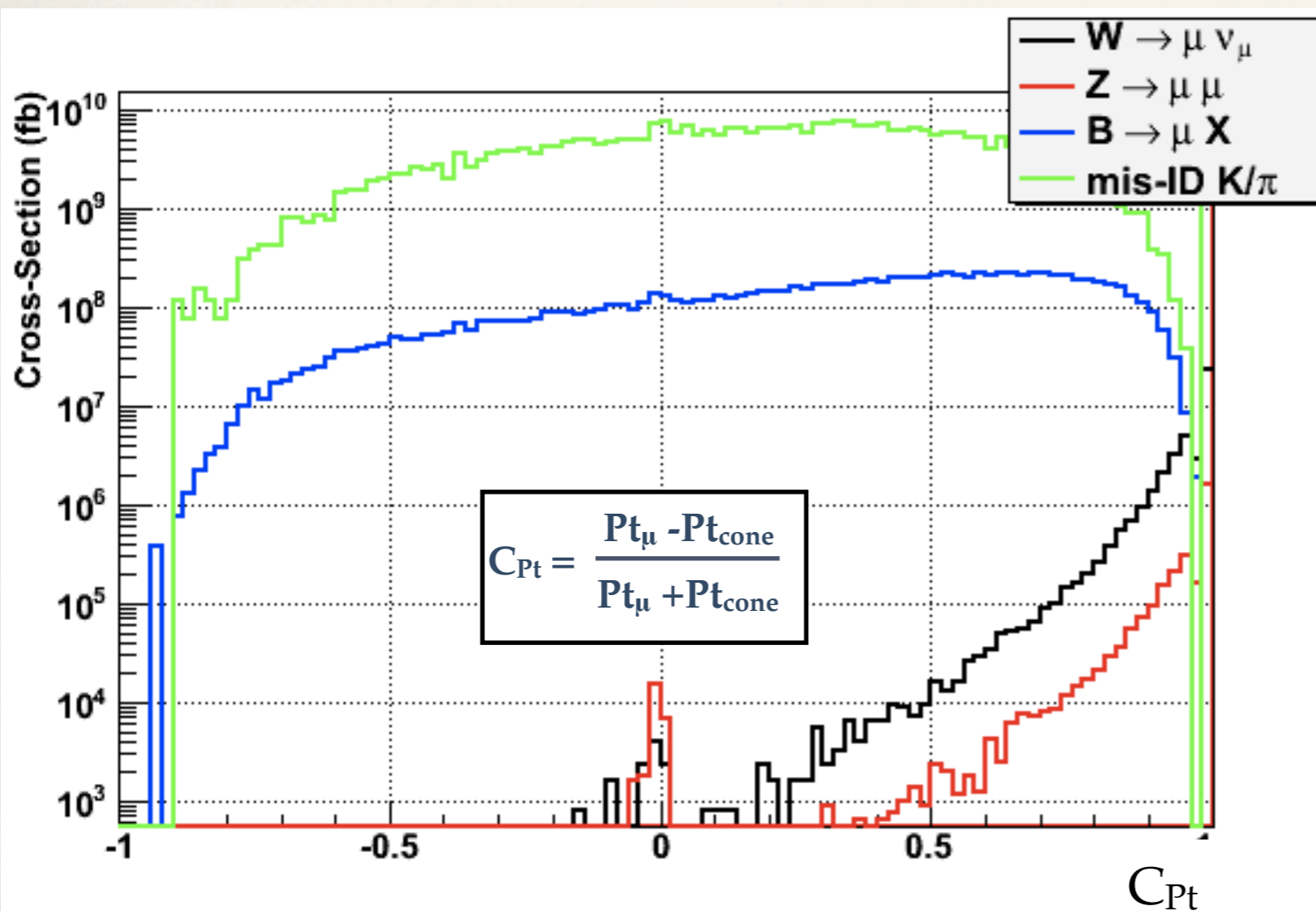
$$A_{pt} = \frac{pt_\mu - pt_{rest}}{pt_\mu + pt_{rest}}$$

Selection studies

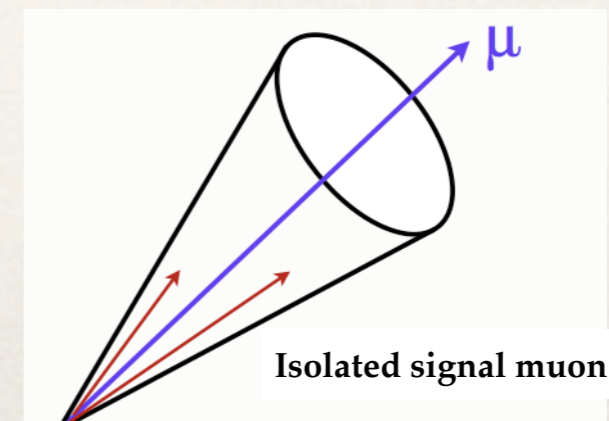
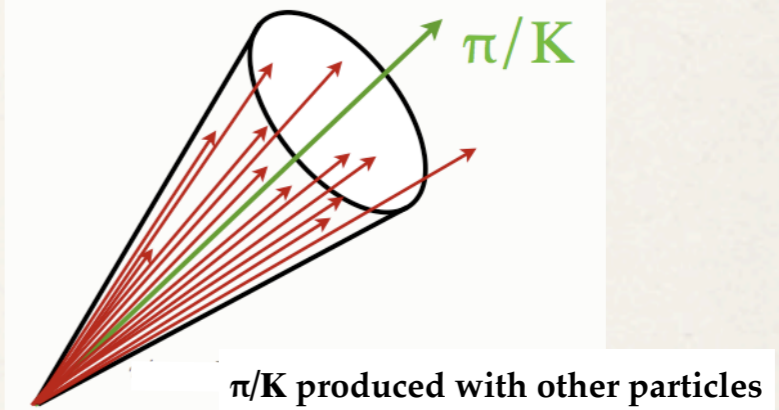
$$W \rightarrow \mu \nu_{\mu}$$

To further suppress Mis-ID background we use a cone based selection.

Cut on asymmetry between Pt_{μ} and summed Pt in cone around μ .



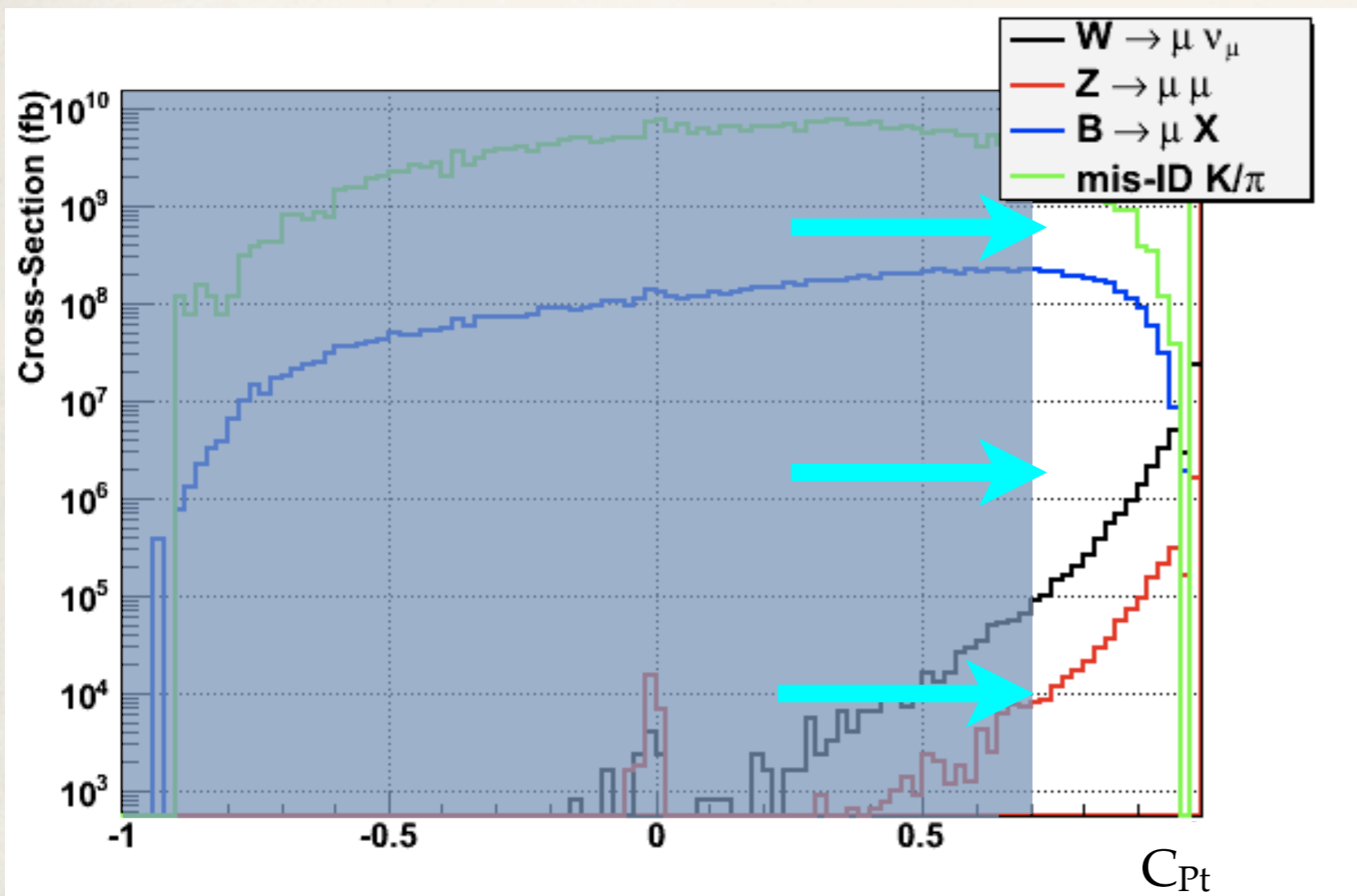
Cone size= 1 (eta-phi space)



Selection studies

$$W \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu$$

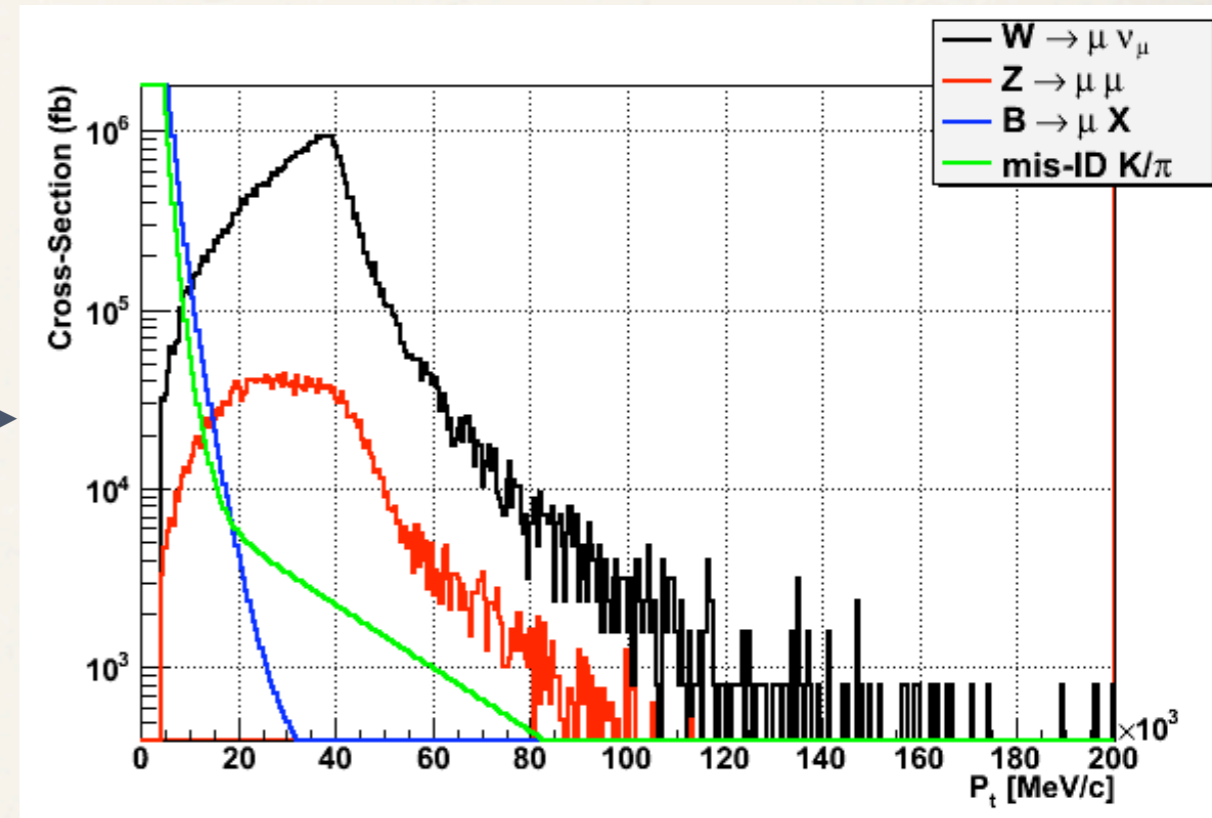
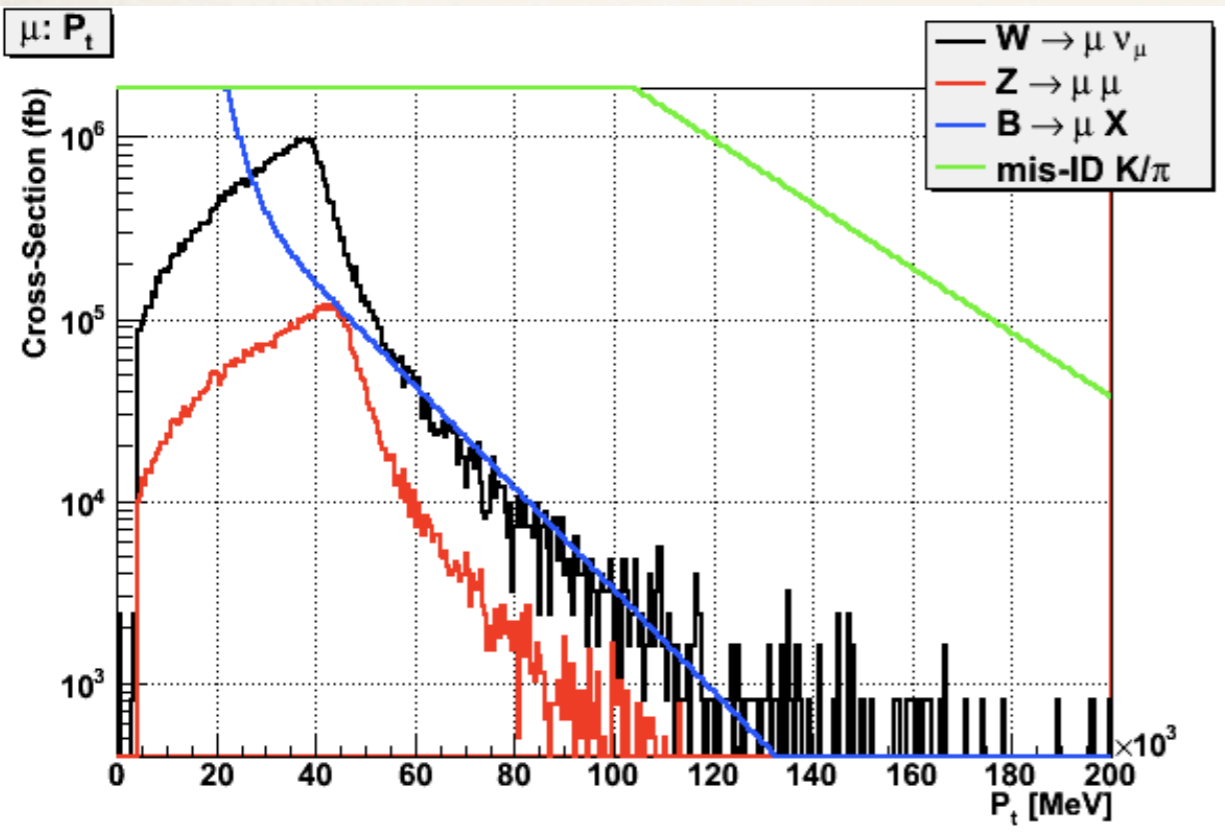
Require $C_{Pt} > .7$



process	rejection factor
$W \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu$	0.02
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	0.03
Mis-ID	0.3
$B \rightarrow \mu + X$	0.48

Selection studies

$$W \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu$$

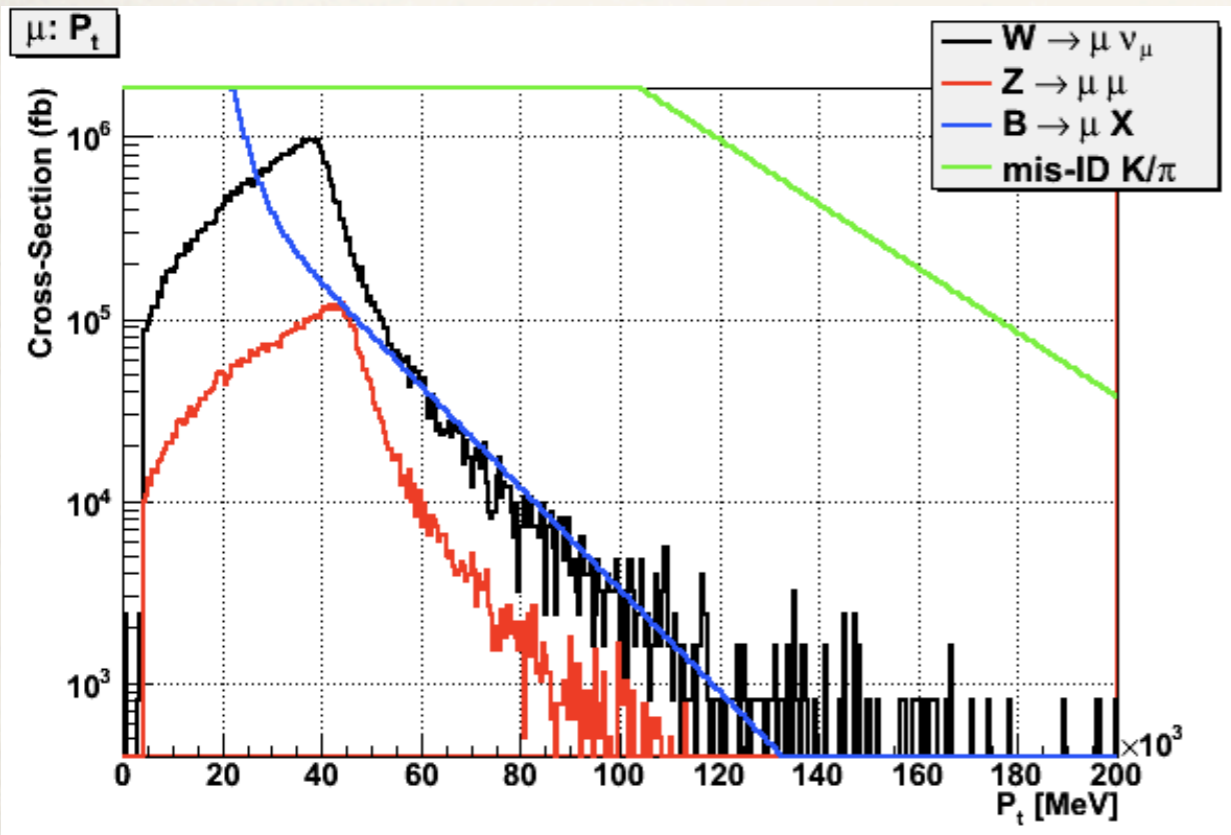


before isolation cuts

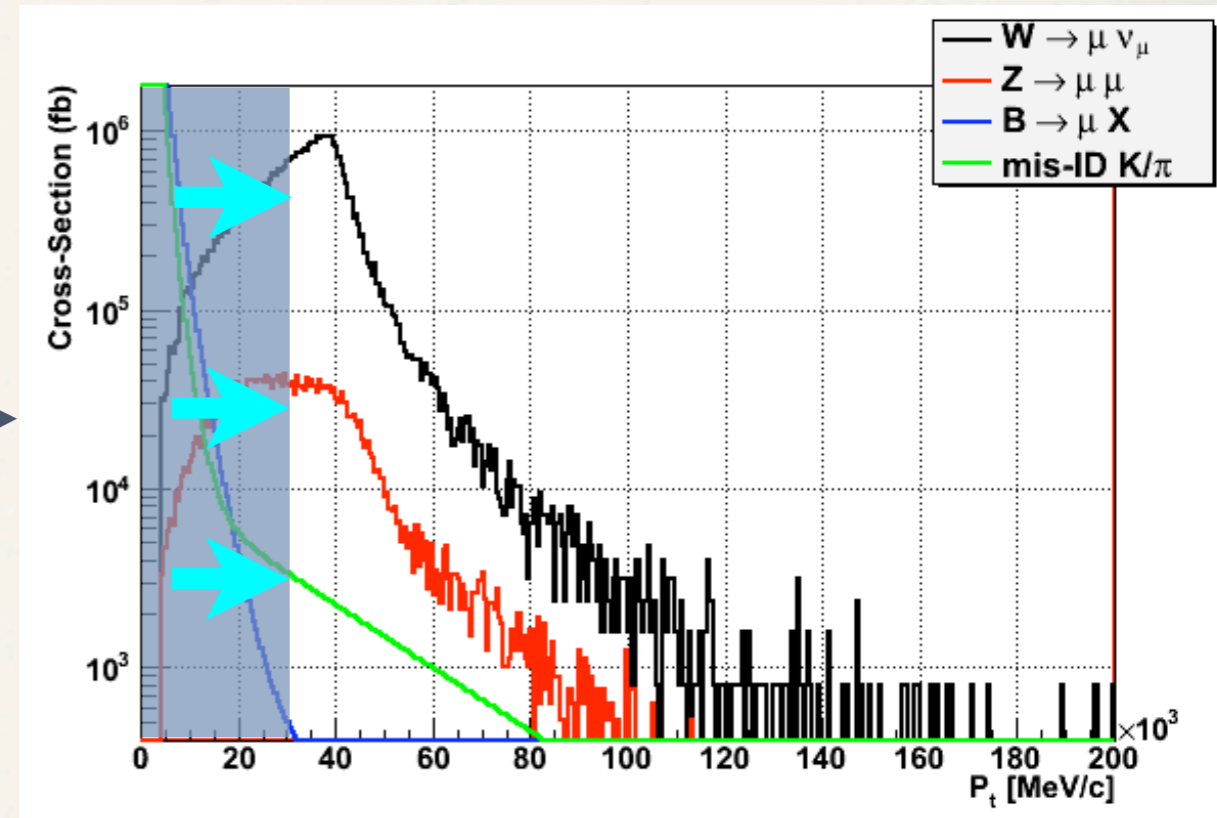
after isolation cuts

Selection studies

$$W \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu$$



before isolation cuts



after isolation cuts
require $P_t > 30\text{GeV}$

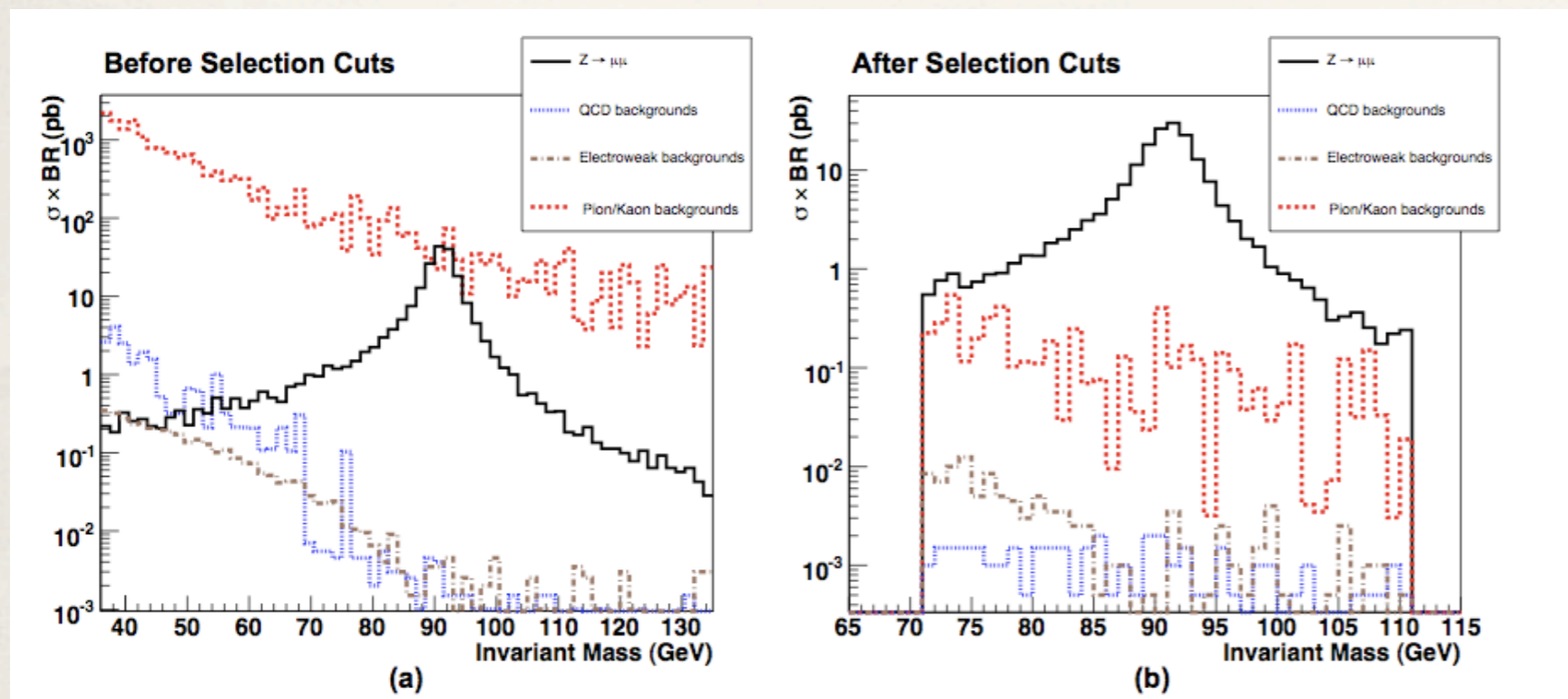
W sample purity $\sim 92\%$

Selection studies

$$Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

Thorough analysis in Monte Carlo presented previously*

I will present recent refinements.



Signal selected with simple kinematic cuts:

Muon $P_t > 20\text{GeV}$;

$40\text{GeV} < M_{\mu\mu} < 130\text{GeV}$;

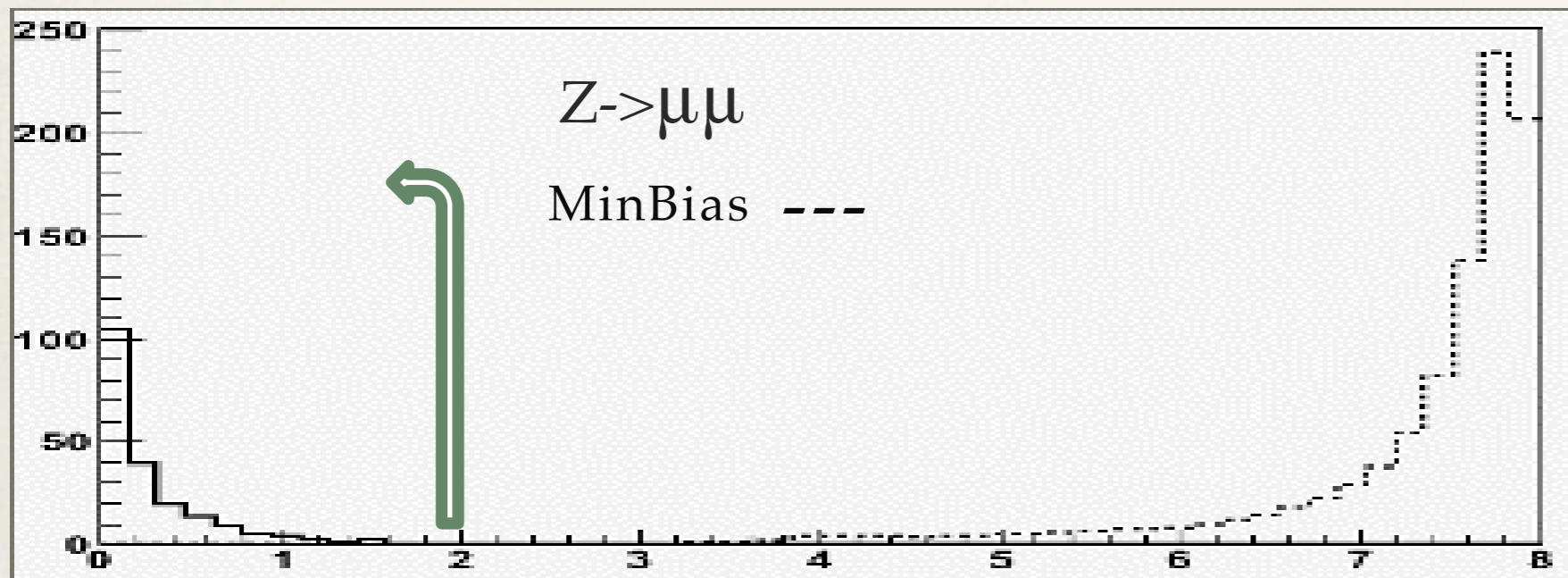
$E_{\text{hadronic Tracks}} < 50\text{GeV}$

Largest remaining background arises from hadron Mis-ID.

*J. Anderson (CERN-THESIS-2009-020).

Selection studies

$$Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$



4-vector level

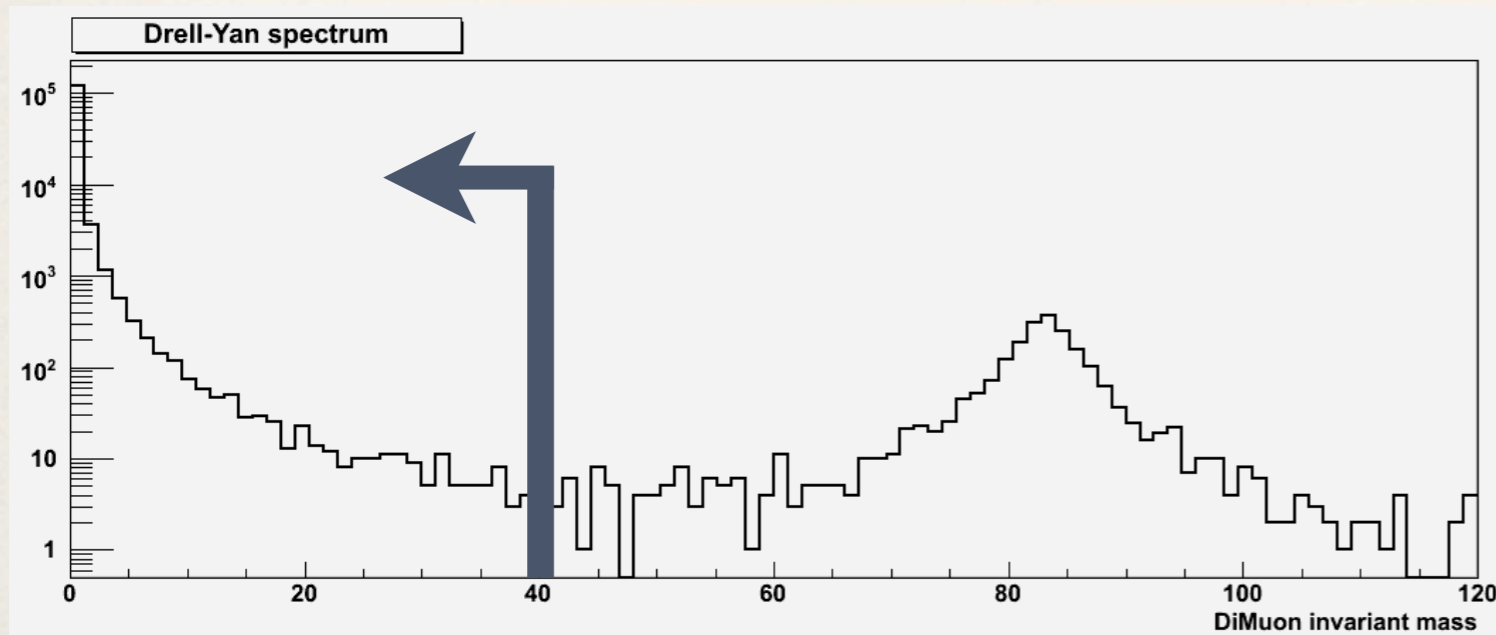
- Requiring ($I < 2$) rejects 99.9% of background while retaining 95% signal.

For both Z/γ^* and W , isolation distributions will be measured / calibrated with real data.

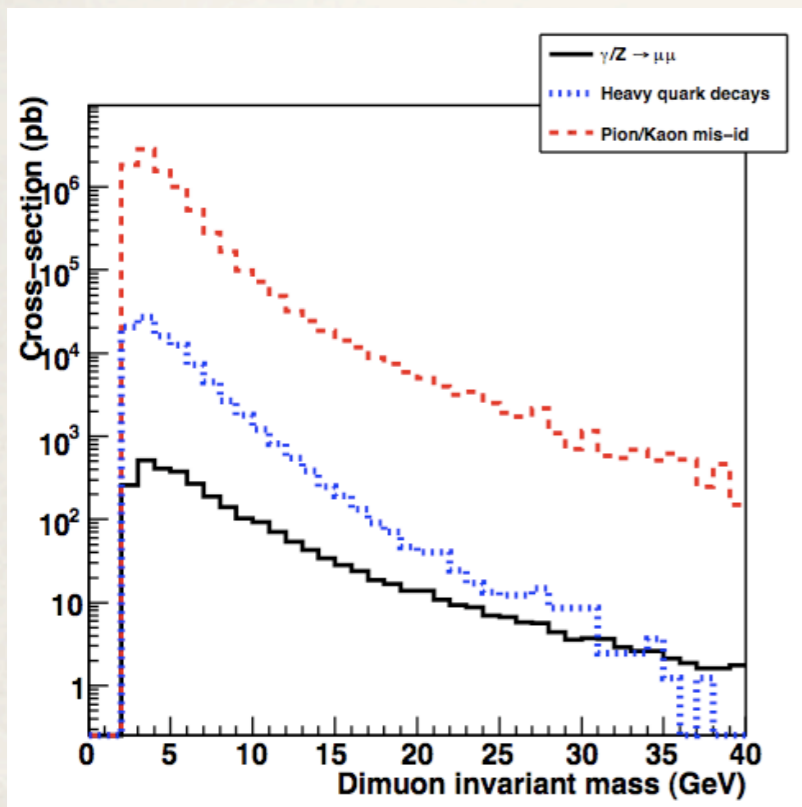
Monte Carlo cuts only an estimation.

Selection studies

$$\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$



Drell-Yan dimuons
with $M_{\mu\mu} < 40\text{GeV}$
classified as $\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$



Similar backgrounds as for Z region

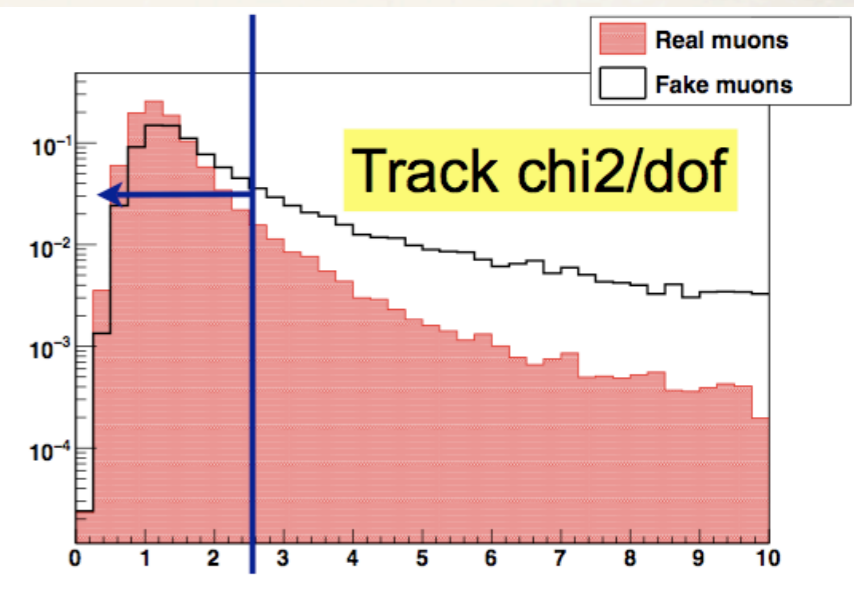
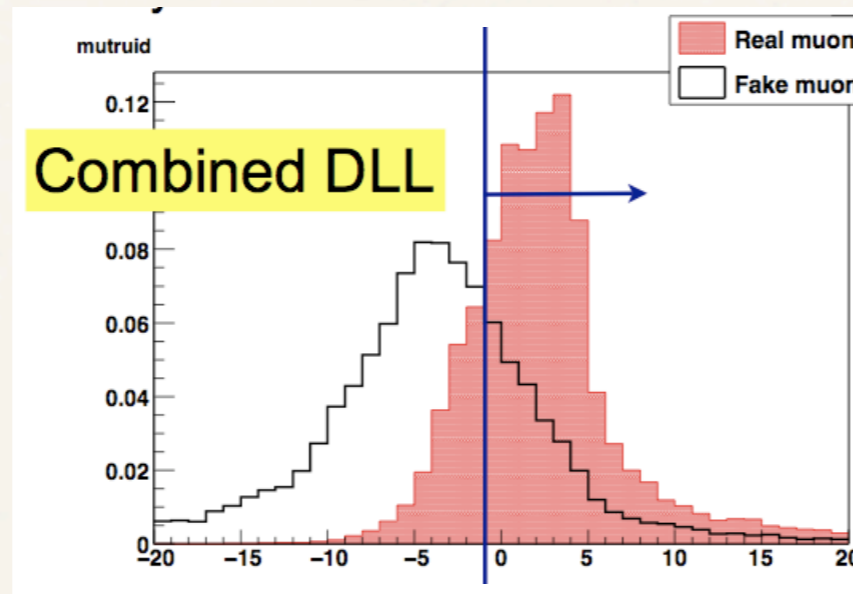
Backgrounds more dominant here!

More complex selection scheme required.

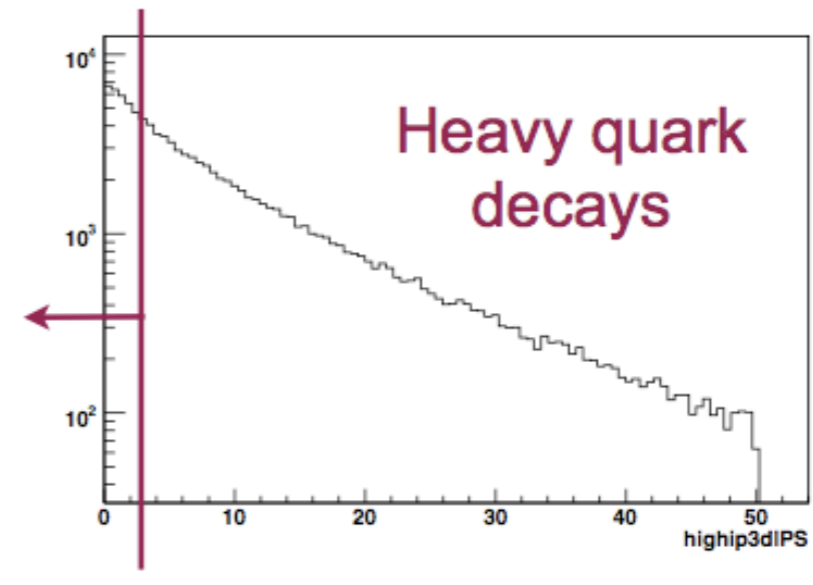
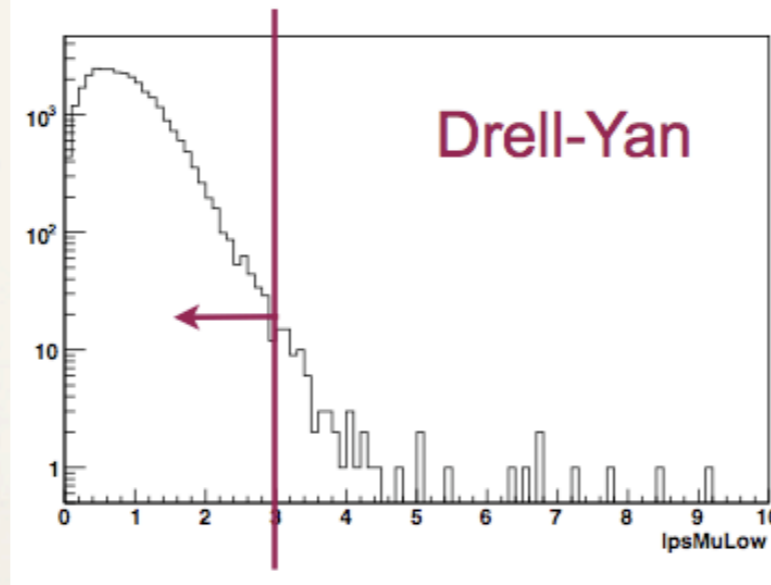
Selection studies

$$\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

Additional variables are used to reject Mis-ID component:



IPS

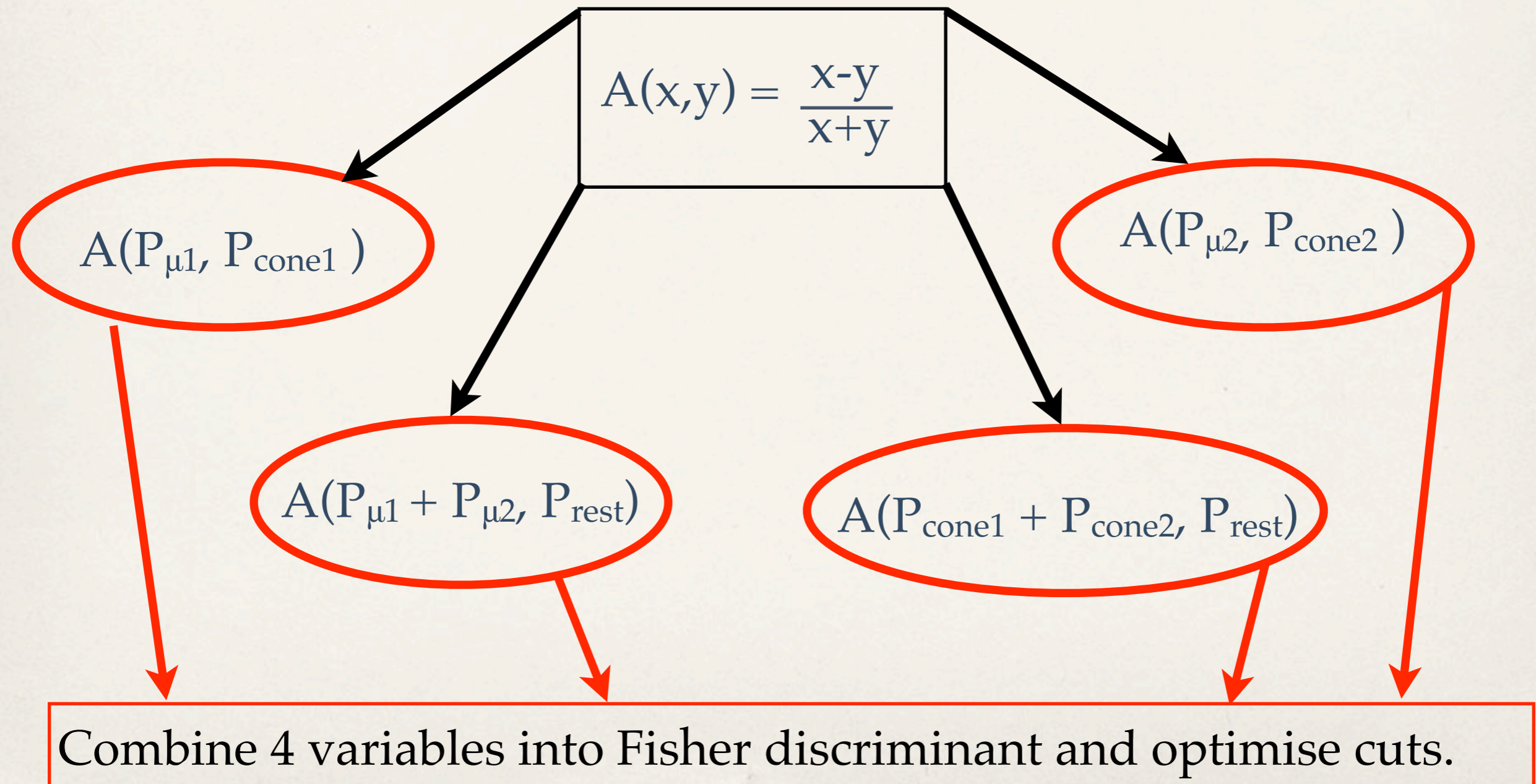


Can achieve a factor of 10 reduction on Mis-ID, with ID efficiency 90% → 70%

Selection studies

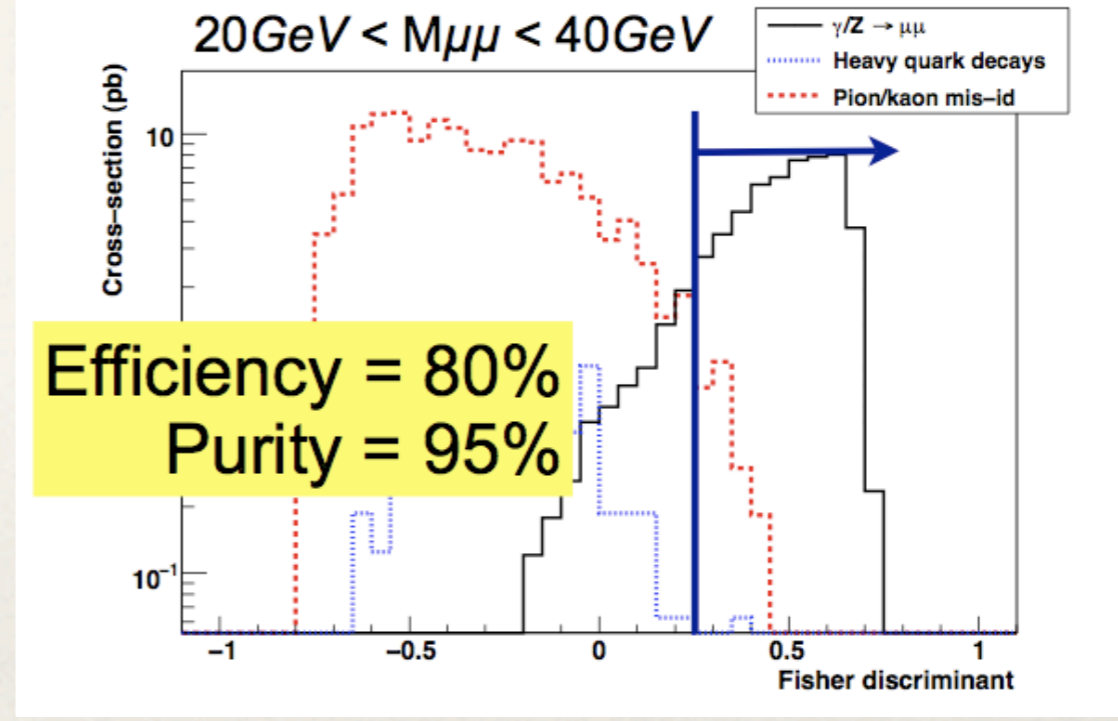
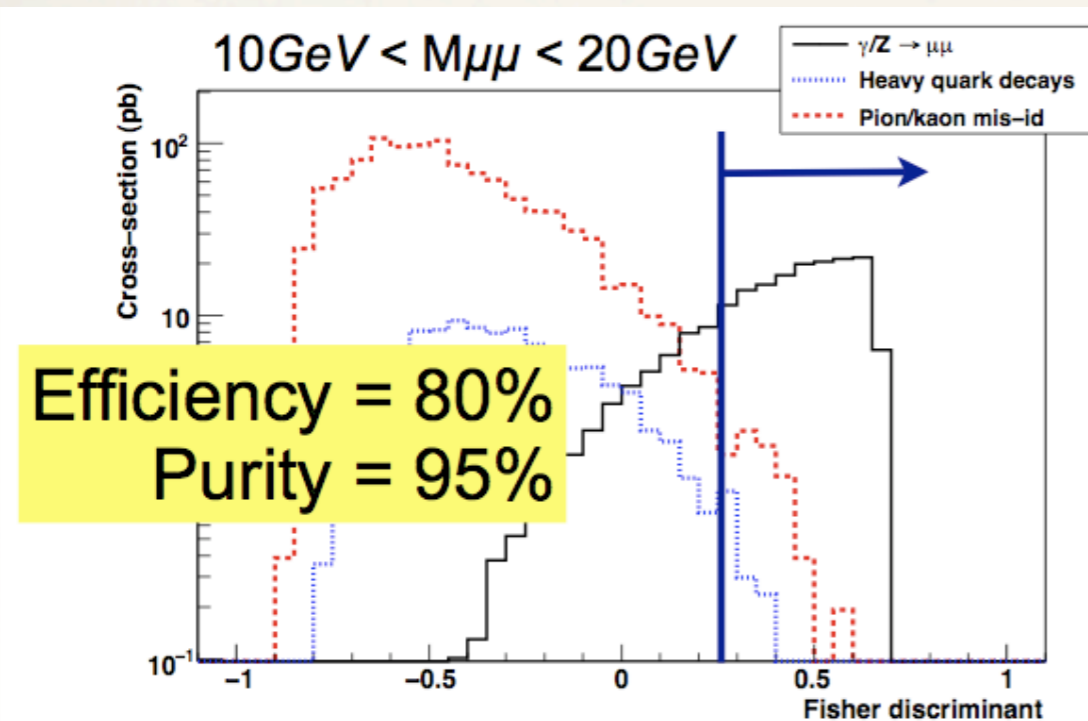
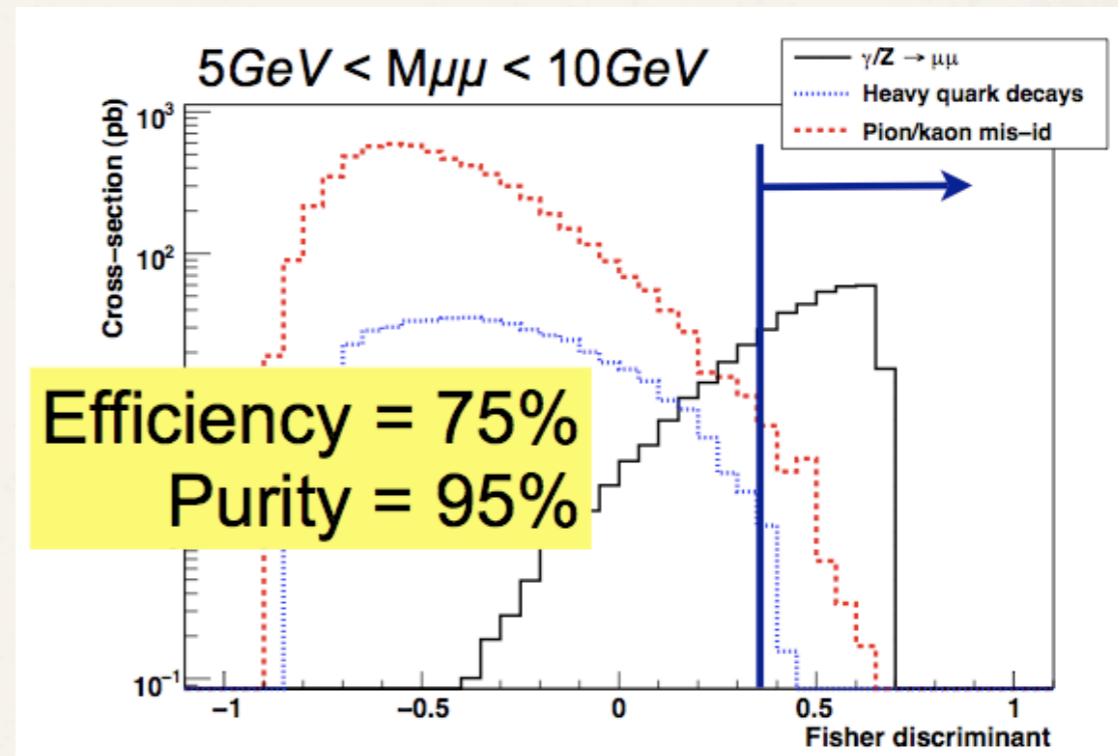
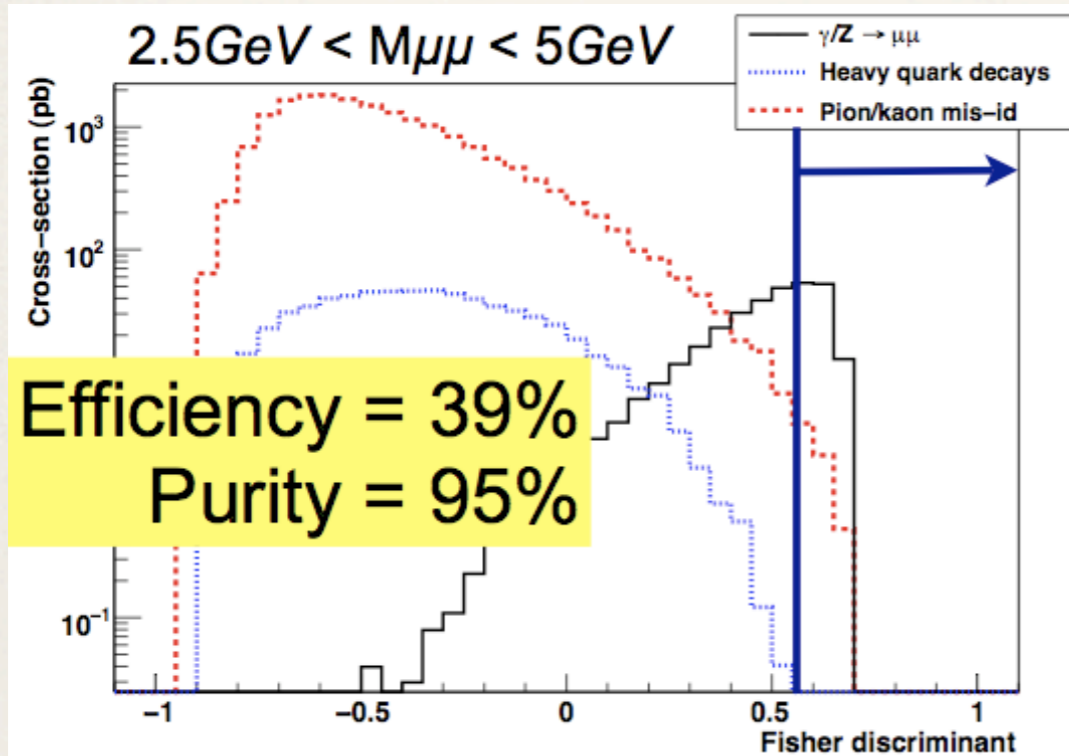
$$\gamma^{*-} > \mu^+ \mu^-$$

A cone based selection is now applied to further suppress Mis-ID.



Selection studies

$$\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$



Estimated yields

In 2010/2011, LHCb will collect $\sim 1\text{fb}^{-1}$ of data

channel	# events in LHCb	Total Efficiency	# events recorded	Purity
$W^- \rightarrow \mu^- \nu_\mu$	$3.47^* 10^6$	0.81	$2.81^* 10^6$	0.94
$Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	$8.52^* 10^5$	0.79	$6.73^* 10^5$	0.99
$\gamma^{*-} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ ($2.5\text{GeV} < M < 5\text{GeV}$)	$6.26^* 10^5$	0.19	$1.19^* 10^5$	0.95
$\gamma^{*-} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ ($5\text{GeV} < M < 10\text{GeV}$)	$7.76^* 10^5$	0.37	$2.87^* 10^5$	0.95
$\gamma^{*-} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ ($10\text{GeV} < M < 20\text{GeV}$)	$3.76^* 10^5$	0.39	$1.47^* 10^5$	0.95
$\gamma^{*-} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ ($20\text{GeV} < M < 40\text{GeV}$)	$1.08^* 10^5$	0.39	$4.23^* 10^4$	0.95

% Measurement uncertainties

*see talk by D.Moran tomorrow

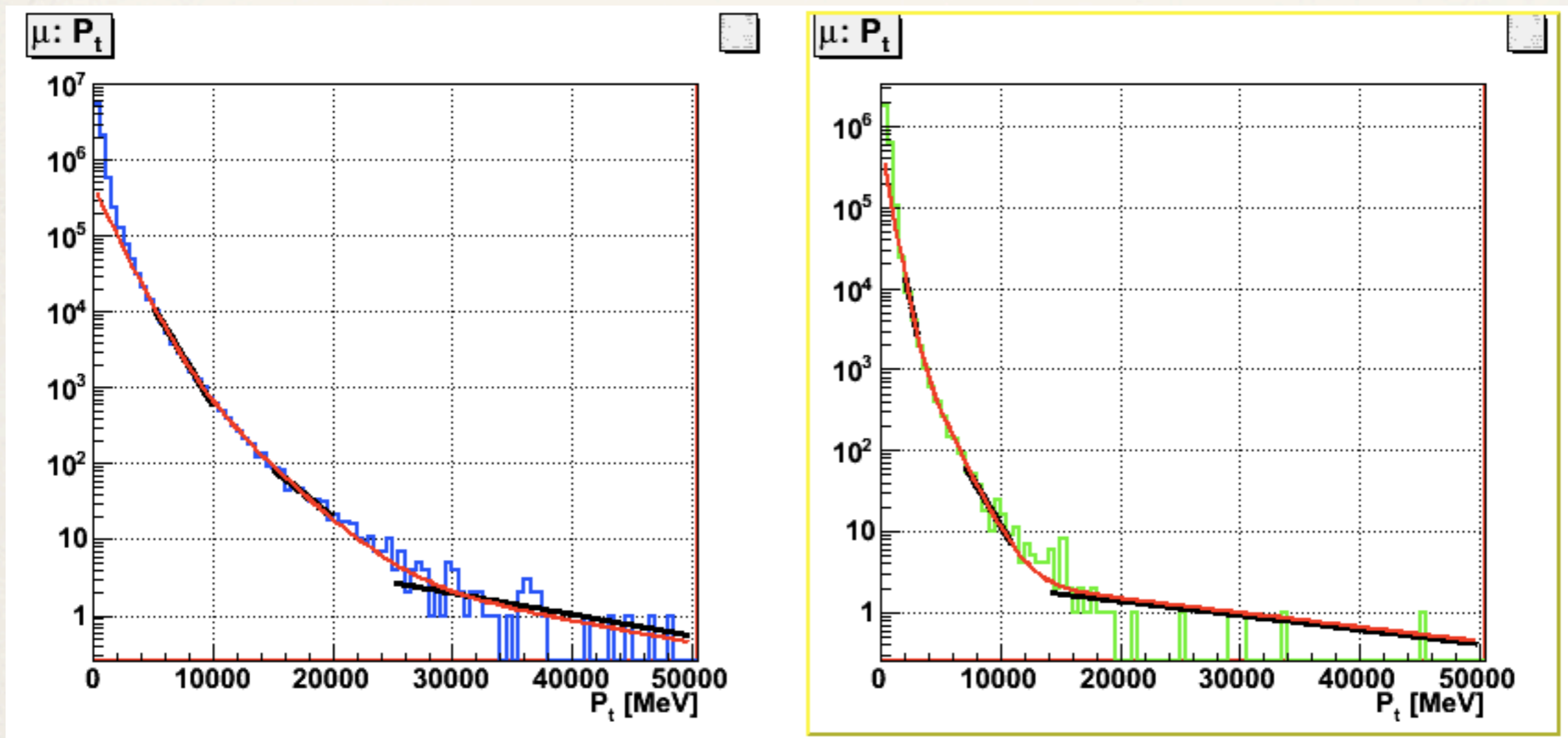
channel	statistical	background	reconstruction/ selection	trigger	Luminosity*
$W^{+/-}$	0.05	0.3	0.2	0.1	5-10
Z	0.07	0.2	0.3	0.1	5-10
γ^* (2.5GeV<M<5GeV)	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	5-10
γ^* (5GeV<M<10GeV)	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.1	5-10
γ^* (10GeV<M<20GeV)	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.1	5-10
γ^* (20GeV<M<40GeV)	1	0.2	0.3	0.1	5-10

Conclusions

- ❖ LHCb expects 1fb^{-1} in 2010.
- ❖ We have developed a set of methods to extract pure samples of Z, W and γ^* events in Monte Carlo.
- ❖ Data-driven methods desirable in from now on.
- ❖ PDF work, further electroweak measurements in progress.

BACKUPS

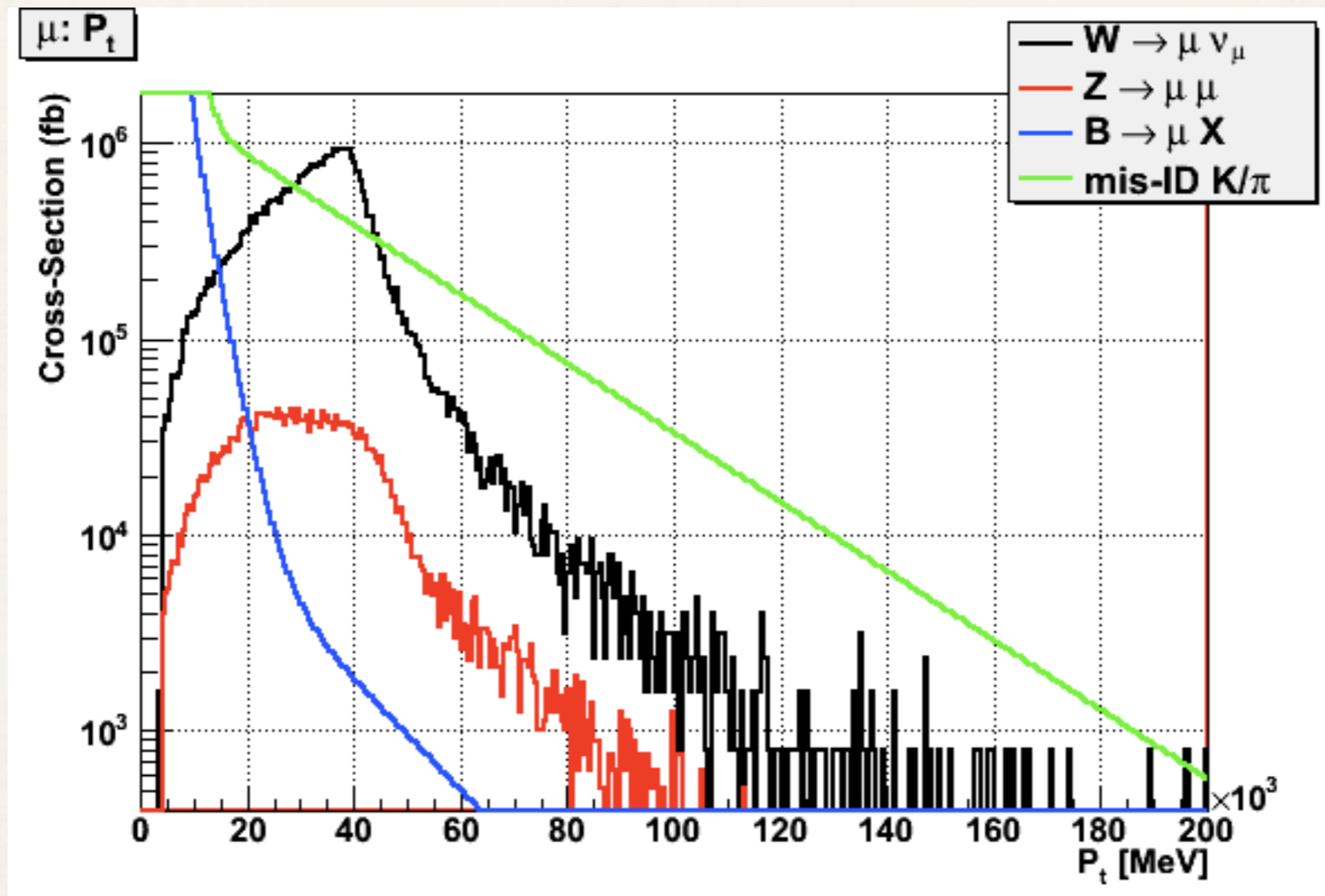
Fitting Mis-ID P_t distribution



$B \rightarrow \mu + X$

Mis-ID

Background suppression



After 1st asymmetry cut