The status and preliminary results of the LHC forward experiment:

Hiroaki MENJO INFN Firenze, Italy

for the LHCf collaboration

DIS2010, Florence, 21 April 2010

Outline



LHCf = "LHC forward"

- Introduction.
 - ✓ Detector : calorimeters covering η > 8.4 in IP1.
 - ✓ Measurement : energy spectra and P_T distributions of energetic neutral particles.
- Preliminary results in 900GeV collisions
- Very preliminary results at 7TeV collisions
- Operation plan in this year and in future.

The LHCf collaboration



Y.Itow, K.Kawade, T.Mase, K.Masuda, Y.Matsubara, G.Mitsuka, K.Noda, T.Sako, K.Taki

Solar-Terrestrial Environment Laboratory, Nagoya University, Japan

K.Yoshida

Shibaura Institute of Technology, Japan

K.Kasahara, M.Nakai, Y.Shimizu, T.Suzuki, S.Torii

Waseda University, Japan

T.Tamura

Y.Muraki

Kanagawa University, Japan

Konan University, Japan



Ecole Polytechnique, France



LBNL, Berkeley, USA



INFN, Univ. di Firenze, Italy

A.Tricomi

INFN, Univ. di Catania, Italy



J. Velasco, A. Faus

IFIC, Centro Mixto CSIC-UVEG, Spain

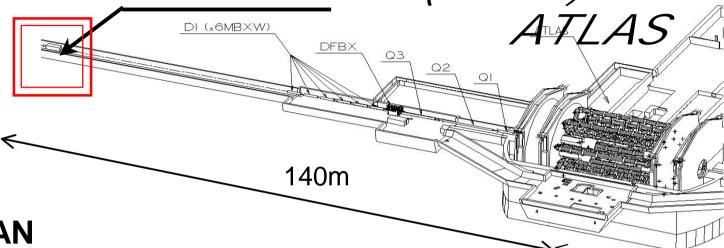


D.Macina, A-L.Perrot CERN, Switzerland

Location



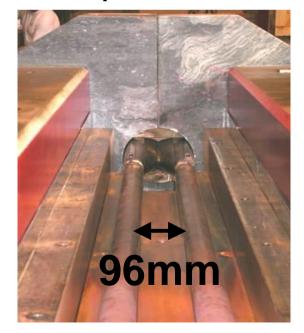




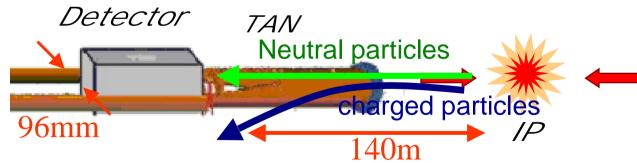
Inside of TAN

-Neutral particle absorber-

LHCf Detector (Arm#2)



Detectors at zero degree of collisions



The detector has been installed in 96mm gap of the beam pipes.

The LHCf detectors



Sampling and Positioning Calorimeters W (44 r.l., 1.7 I) and Scintillator x 16 Layers

 4 positioning layers XY-SciFi(Arm1) and XY-Silicon strip(Arm#2)

 Each detector has two calorimeter towers, which allow to reconstruct π^0

Expected Performance

Energy resolution (> 100GeV)

< 5% for photons

for neutrons 30%

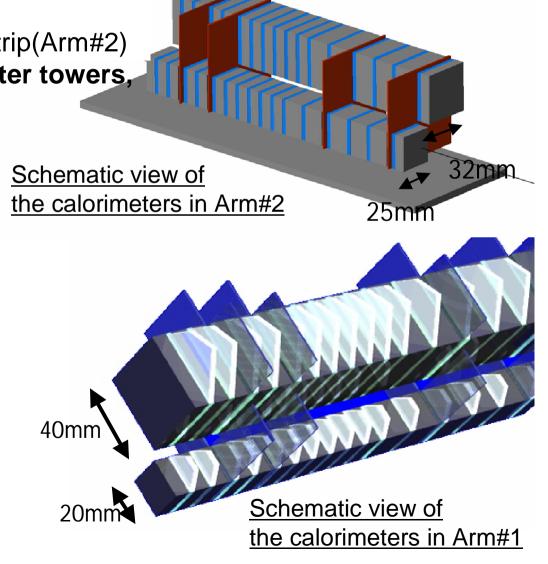
Position resolution

 $< 200 \mu m (Arm#1)$

40µm (Arm#2)

Front Counter

- thin scintillators with 80x80mm²
- To monitor beam condition.
- For background rejection of beam-residual gas collisions by coincidence analysis

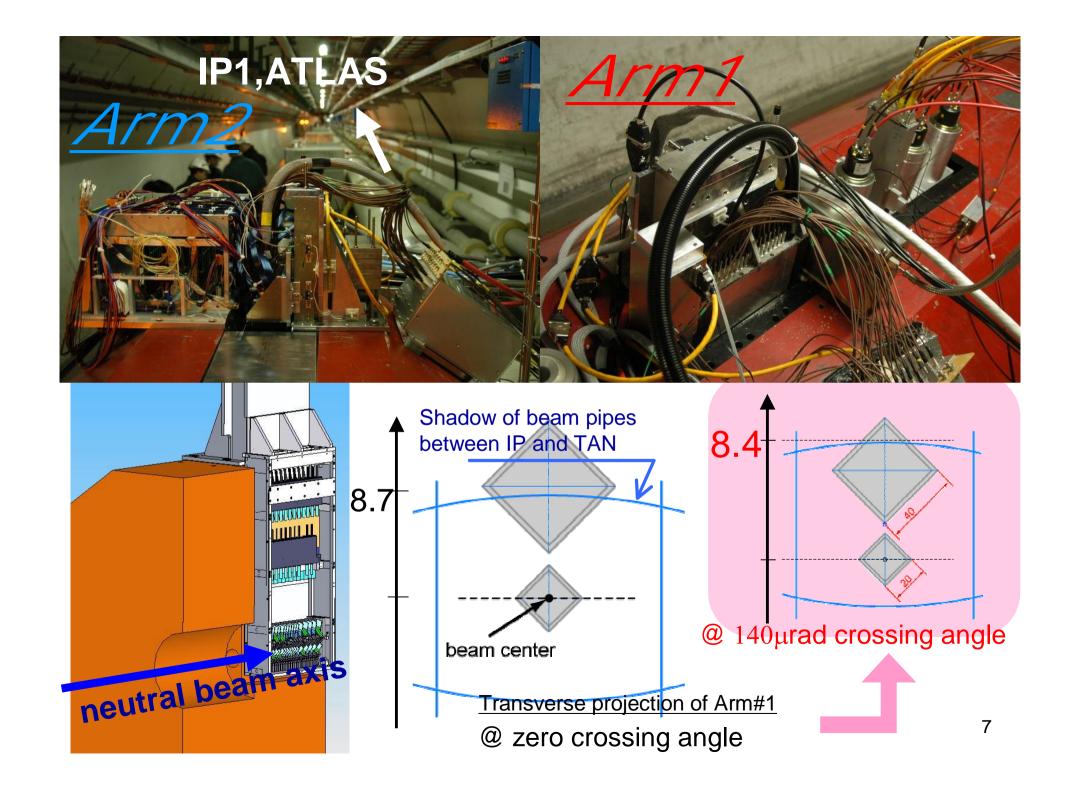


Arm#1



Arm#2





LHCf can measure

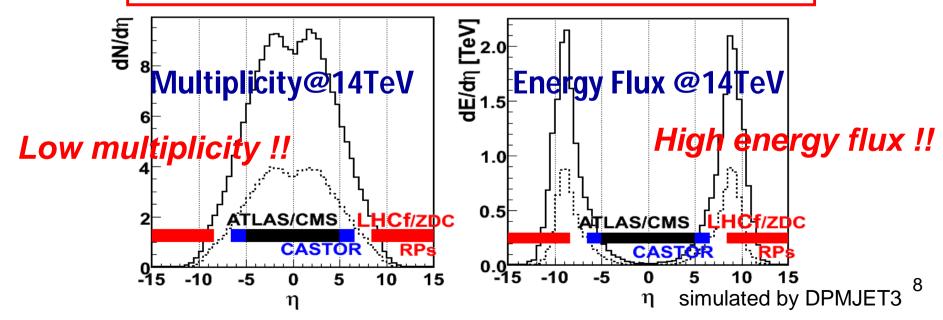


Energy spectra and Transverse momentum distribution of

- Gamma-rays (E>100GeV,dE/E<5%)
- Neutral Hadrons (E>a few 100 GeV, dE/E~30%)
- Neutral Pions (E>700GeV, dE/E<3%)
 at psudo-rapidity range >8.4



The Aim is to calibrate hadron interaction models for ultra high energy cosmic ray physics.



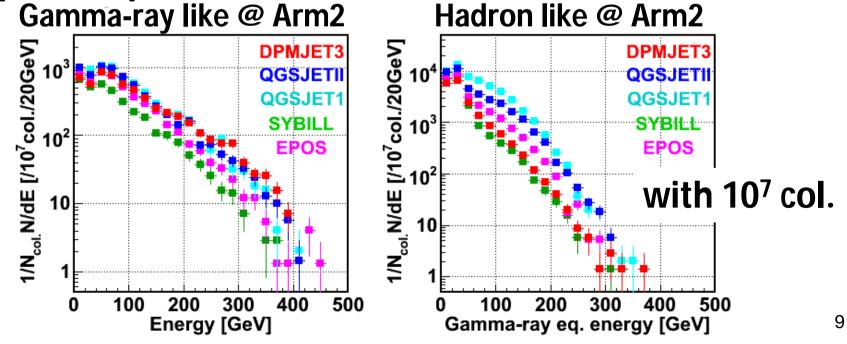
= Operations in 2009 =

With stable beams at 900GeV, 06.Dec. - 15.Dec

- 2.6 hours for commissioning
- 27.7 hours for physics
- ~2,800 shower events in Arm1 ____ ~5x10⁵ collisions
- ~3,700 shower events in Arm2

at IP1

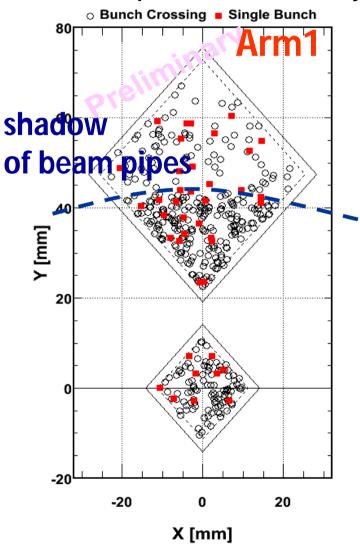
Expected spectra with each hadron interaction model



Results at 900GeV

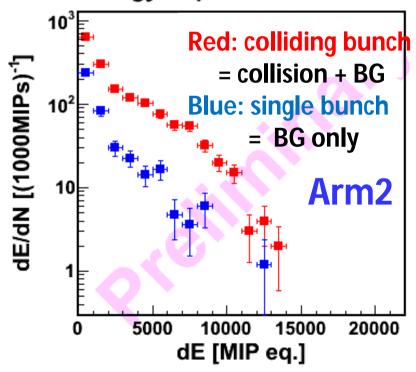


Hit map of Gamma-rays



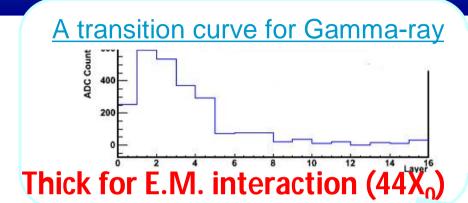
Background due to beam-residual gas collision is about 10%

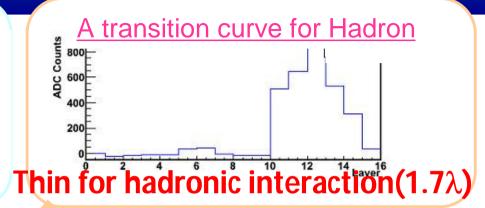
Energy Deposit in Arm2 cal.



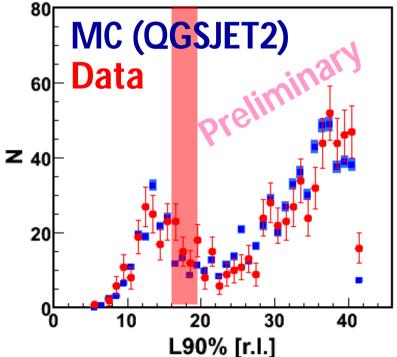
Particle Identification

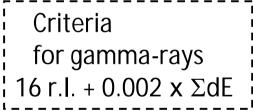




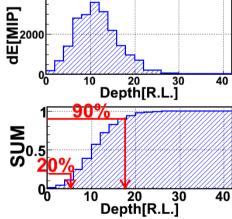




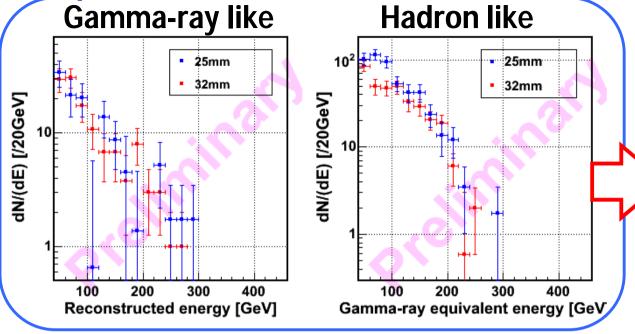




Definition of L90%

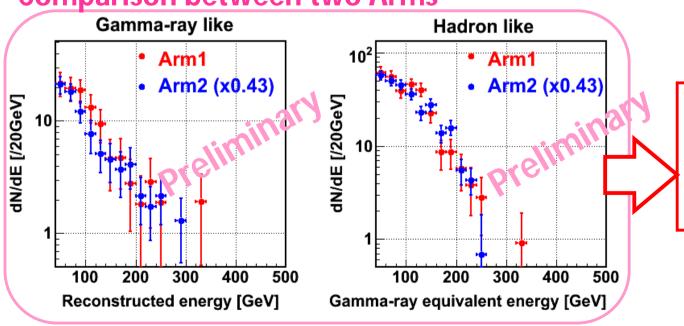


Comparison between calorimeter towers of Arm2



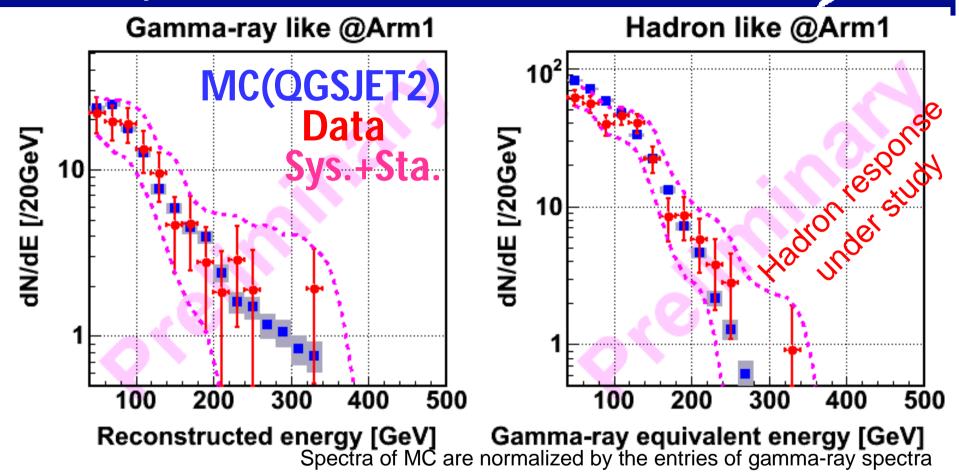
Spatially flat profile in η>8.7 at 900GeV

Comparison between two Arms



Both detectors give consistent spectra

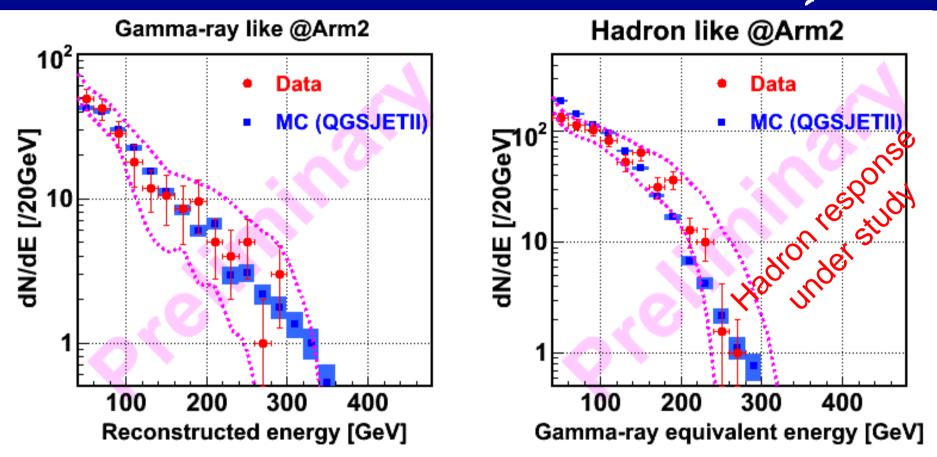
Comparison with MC @ Arm1 Life



Data is in good agreement with MC

- Checking detector response for hadrons carefully by beam test data with 150GeV, 350GeV protons.
- Studying systematic errors. for the moment. Sys. of Energy scale (+11% /-5%)

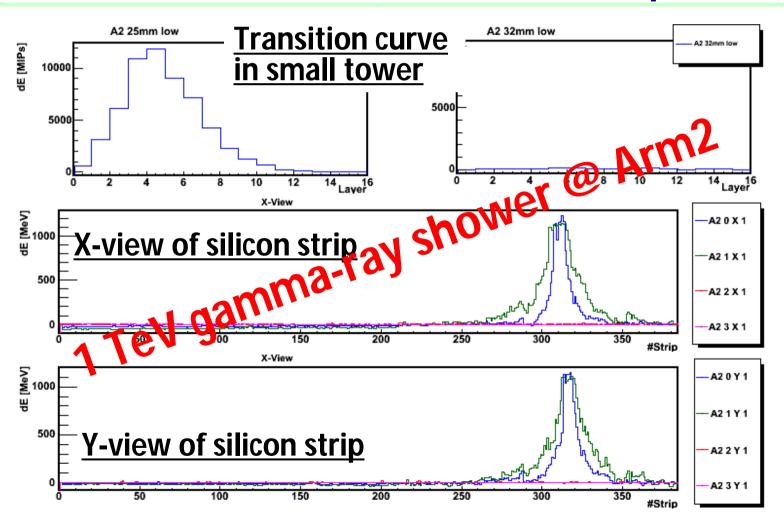
Comparison with MC @ Arm2 LHCF



More statistics by data taking at 900GeV soon

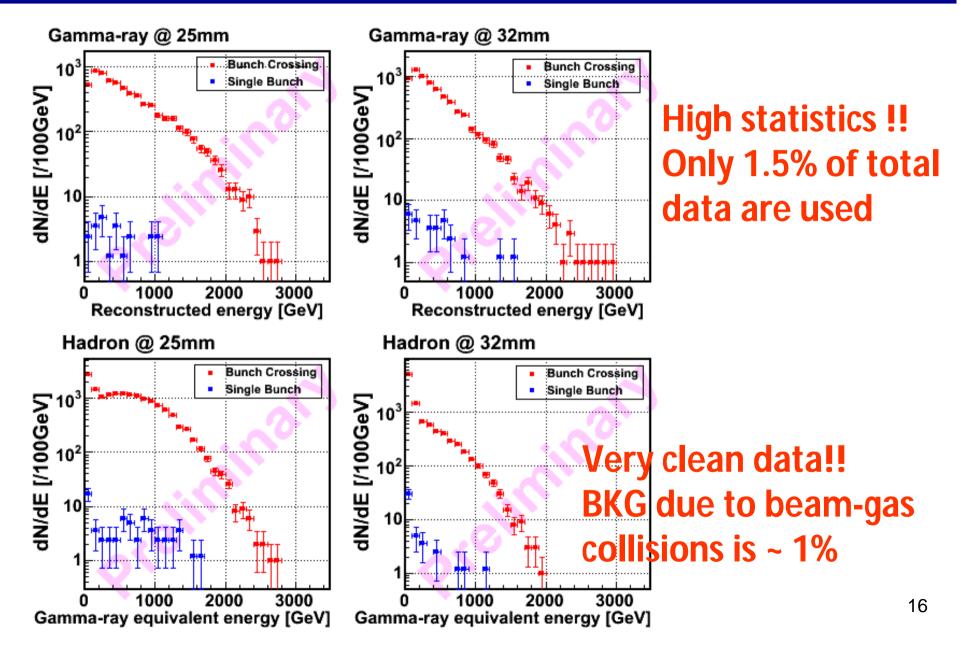
= Operations in 2010 =

Data taking at 7TeV collisions is ongoing !!! Already 7x10⁶ shower events in Arm1 and Arm2 have been collected (30th Mar. - 19th Apr. 2010)



Very preliminary results





Operation Plan



We will take data in LHC commissioning phases with low luminosity at every collision energy.

2009	Took data at 900GeV collision. ~6,000 shower events
2010	Take data at 900GeV again.
	Operation at 7TeV until 2 pb ⁻¹ . Then remove detectors and upgrade them.
2013	Install detectors again. Operation at 14TeV

- + we want to measure at intermediate energy ~3TeV, if LHC has.
- + we want to measure at light lons collisions in some future.

Summary



The LHCf experiment is

- ✓ a forward experiment of LHC with calorimeters at zero degree.
- measuring energy spectra and transverse momentum distributions of very energetic neutral secondaries at the very forward region of IP1 (η>8.4).

At 900GeV pp collisions,

- We successfully took 6,000 shower events in the last year operations.
- Measured gamma-ray energy spectra are in good agreements with MC within statistics and systematic errors.
- We are checking hadron response of the detectors and systematic errors.
- More statistic data will be taken in operations soon.

At 7TeV pp collisions,

- Data taking is ongoing successfully.
- We will operate until 2pb⁻¹ Integral luminosity (for a few months)



Buck up

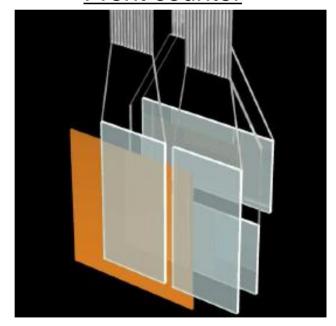
Sub detectors -Front Counter-

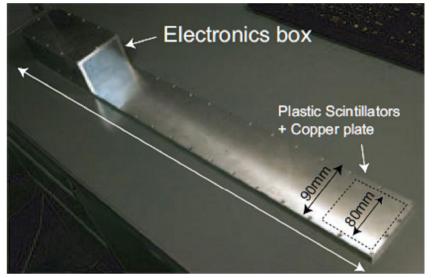


Thin scintillators with 8x8cm² acceptance, which have been installed in front of each main

detector.

Schematic view of Front counter

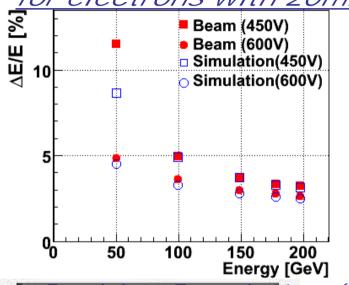




- To monitor beam condition.
- For background rejection of beam-residual gas collisions by coincidence analysis

Beam test at SPS

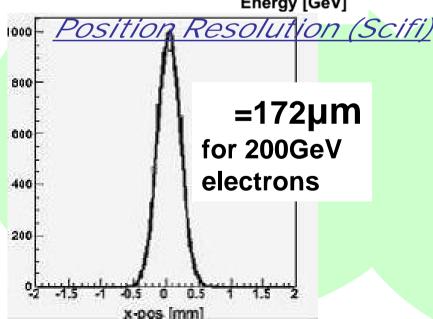
Energy Resolution for electrons with 20mm cal.

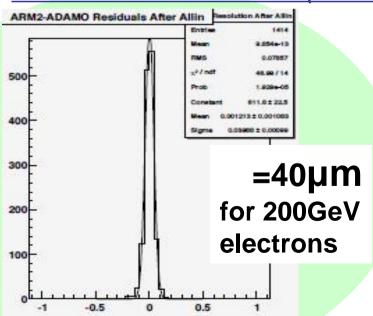




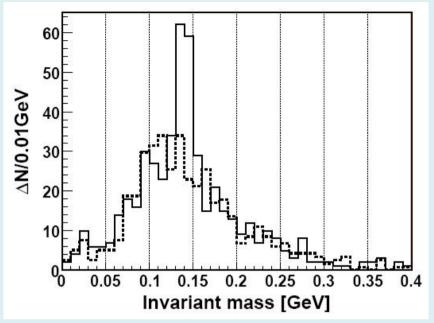
- Electrons 50GeV/c 200GeV/c
- Muons 150GeV/c
- Protons 150GeV/c, 350GeV/c

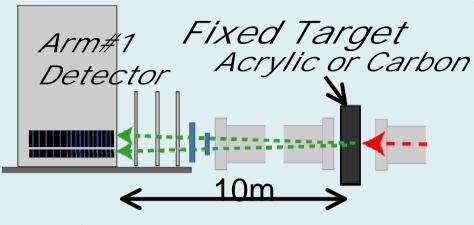
Position Resolution (Silicon)





π^0 reconstruction at the beam test

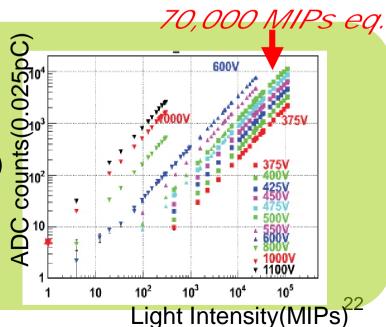




 π^0 mass was reconstructed from gamma-ray pair measured by the both two calorimeters

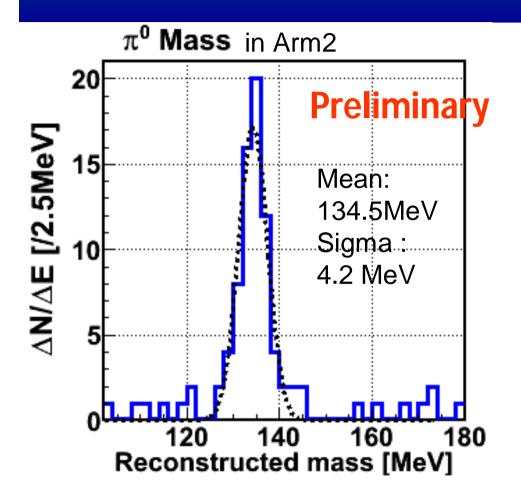
Calibration over SPS energy

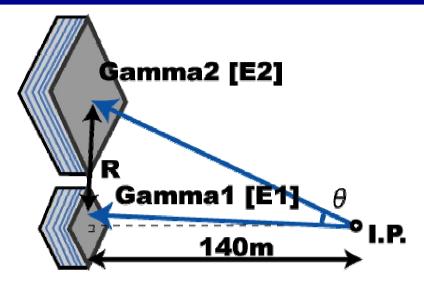
Response of all PMTs for large amount of light over SPS energy upto 70,000 MIPs eq. (7TeV elemag shower) has been calibrated by a fast N₂ laser.



PiO mass at 7TeV







Data taken at 30. March is used (~1.5% of total)

Good estimator of systematic errors

Detector Stabilities

Calorimeter

