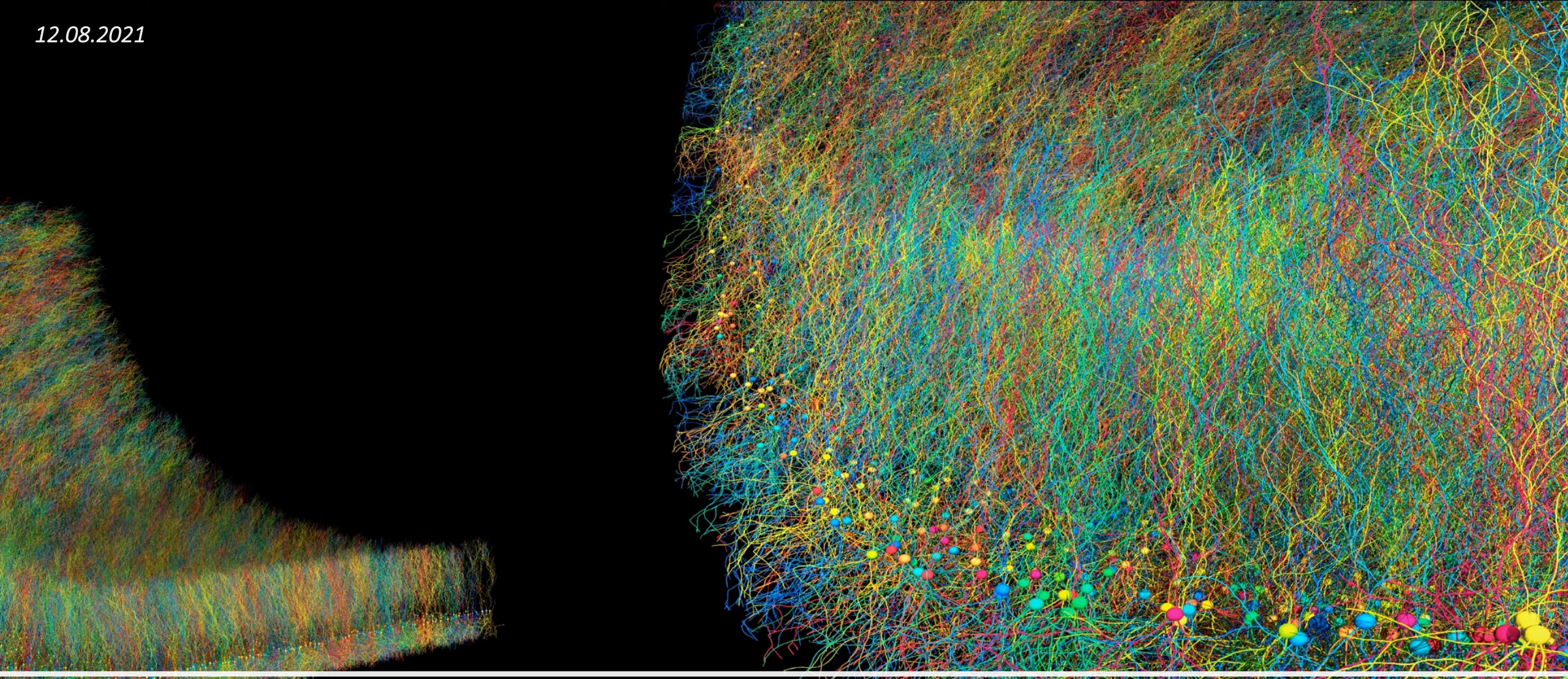


12.08.2021



Damla Gözük & Hassan Ahmed

Supervisors: Fons Rademakers & Ahmad Hesam

What is BioDynaMo

❑ Open-source, high performance, general purpose, agent-based modeling for studying complex biological systems.

❑ Solves some of the problems *In silico simulations* have due to

- ❑ Moore's law
- ❑ Dennard Scaling
- ❑ Developed for a specific use

❑ BioDynaMo system properties:

- ❑ Agent-based
- ❑ General Purpose
- ❑ Large Scale
- ❑ Easily Programmable
- ❑ Quality Assured

❑ BioDynaMo Platform Use:

1. Formulate Problem
2. Assemble Simulation
3. Execute Simulation
4. Analyze Results
5. Publish and Contribute
6. Add New Modules and Use

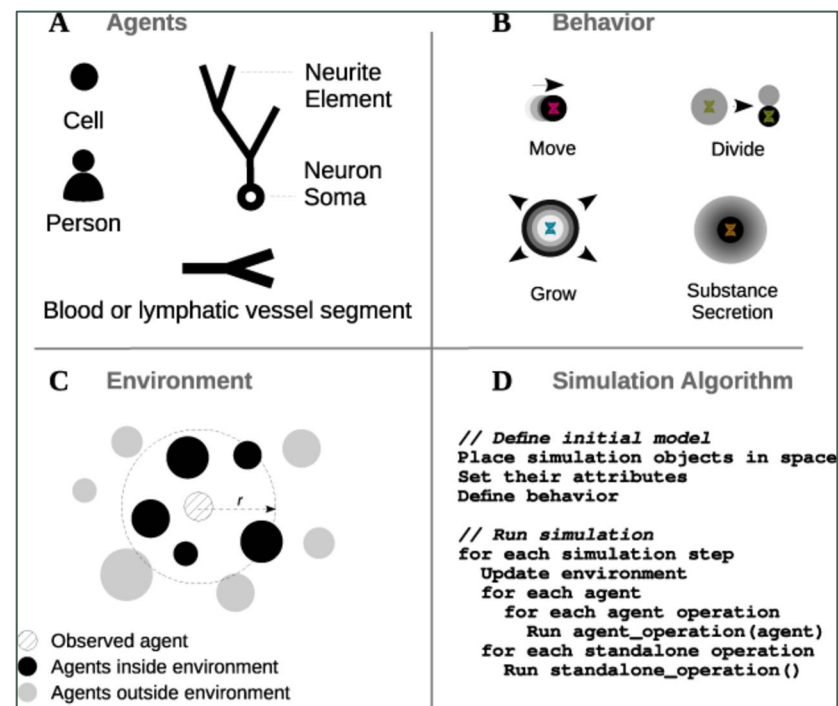


Figure 1: BioDynaMo core simulation concepts

What is BioDynaMo

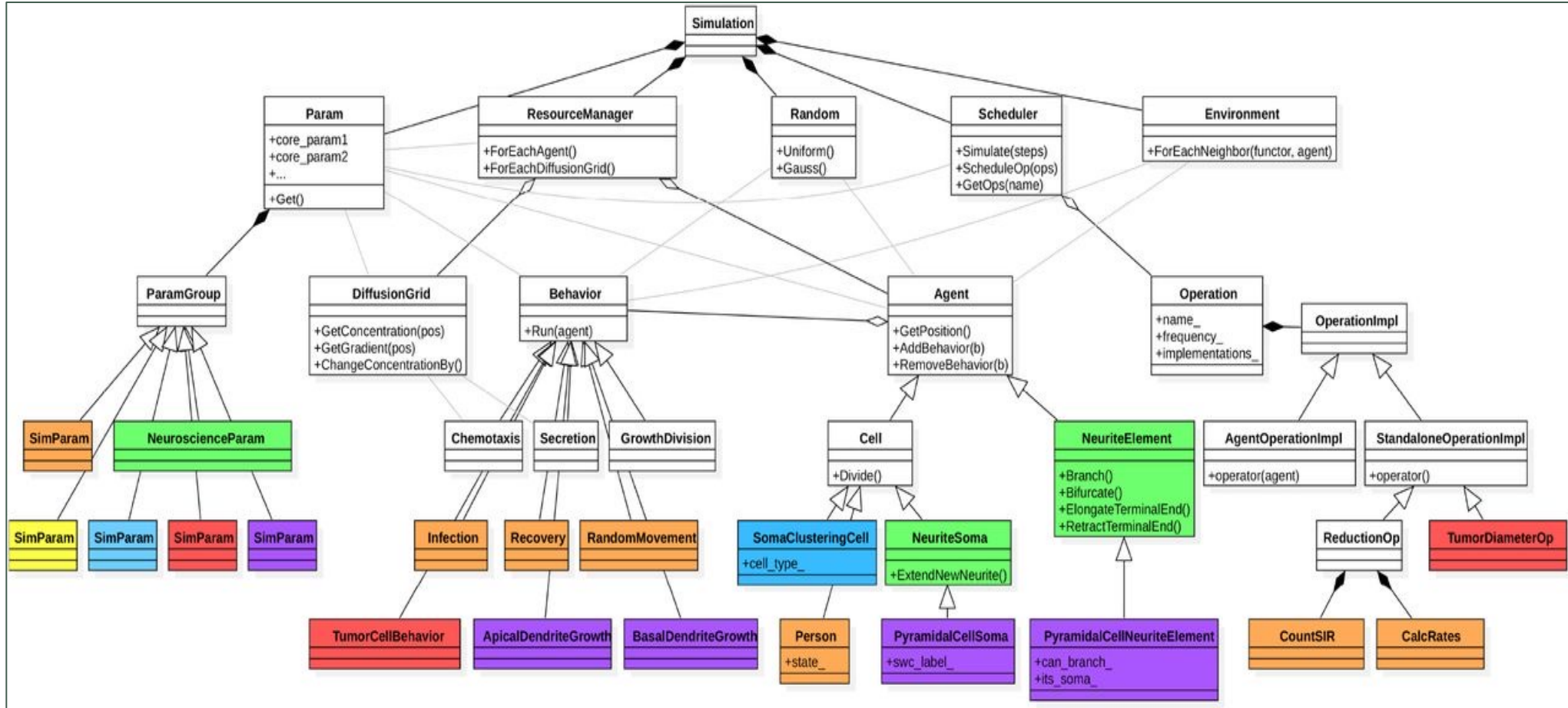


Figure 2: BioDynaMo software design and modularity

Use Cases

Neuroscience

Use of BioDynaMo to model neurite growth of pyramidal cells using chemical cues.

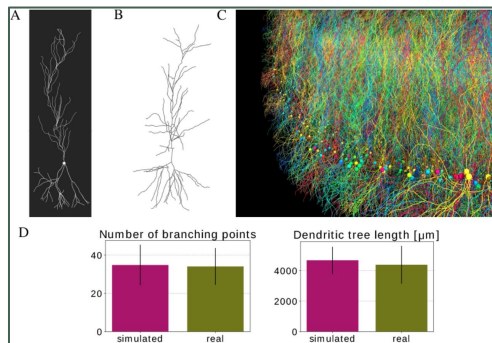
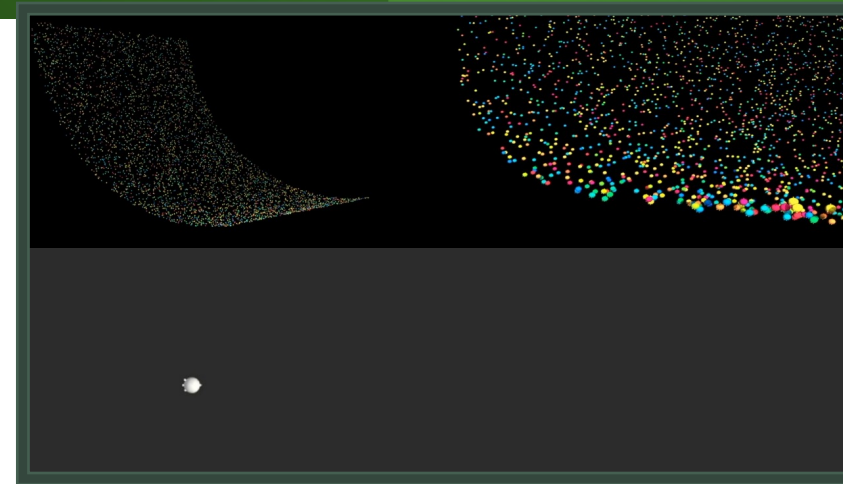


Figure 3: Pyramid cell simulation



Video Demo

Epidemiology

Use of BioDynaMo to model two behaviors of cell clustering.

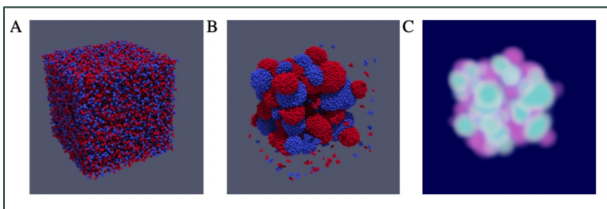


Figure 4: Soma clustering simulation

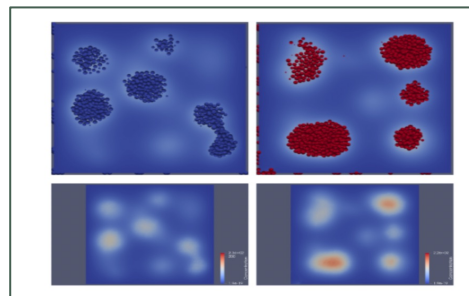
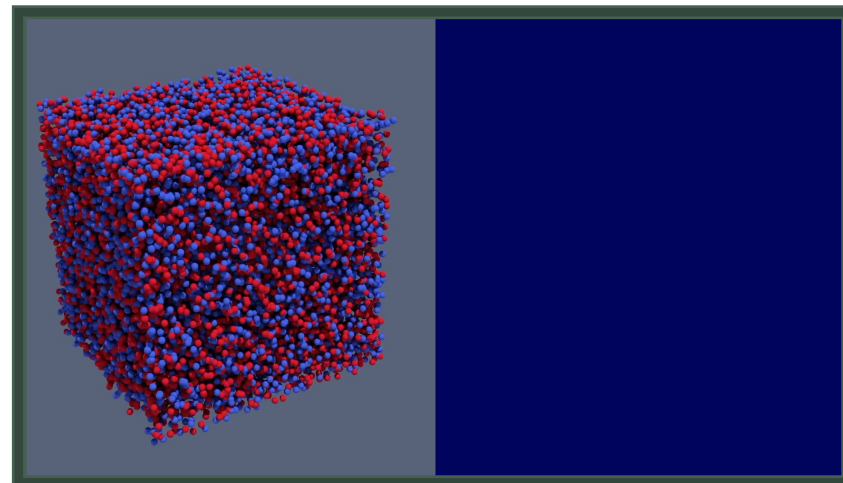


Figure 5: Soma clustering cross section



Performance Analysis

❑ Performance improvements against established agent-based simulators(Cortex3D)

- ❑ BioDynaMo and Cortex3D use the same method to determine mechanical forces between agents and the same model to grow neural morphologies.
- ❑ Significant speedup between 18 and 78x .
- ❑ Runtime of 1 hour 37 minutes, 6 hours 49 minutes, and 3 hours 54 minutes with respect to neuroscience, oncology, and epidemiology use cases.

❑ Scalability of BioDynaMo

- ❑ Increased the number of agents used in the comparison with Cortex3D and reduced the number of simulation timesteps to 10.
- ❑ The maximum speedup ranged between 65x and 75x, which corresponds to a parallel efficiency of 0.90 and 1.04.
- ❑ Performance improved even after all physical cores were utilized and hyper-threads were used.

❑ Impact of calculating the mechanical forces on the GPU using soma clustering simulations.

- ❑ The benchmarks were executed on System C, comparing an NVidia Tesla V100 GPU with 32 CPU cores (64 threads).
- ❑ We observed a speedup of 1.27 x for cell growth and division, and 5.04 x for soma clustering.

Results and Discussions

- ❑ BioDynaMo is more than three orders of magnitude faster than Cortex3D.
- ❑ With enough memory, BioDynaMo is capable of supporting hundreds of billions of agents.
- ❑ BioDynaMo allows researchers to:
 - ❑ Develop models in computational biology field in a modular architecture manner,
 - ❑ Collect results fast thanks to the parallelized execution engine,
 - ❑ Model billions of agents on a single server,
 - ❑ Produce results that correspond to validated experimental data.

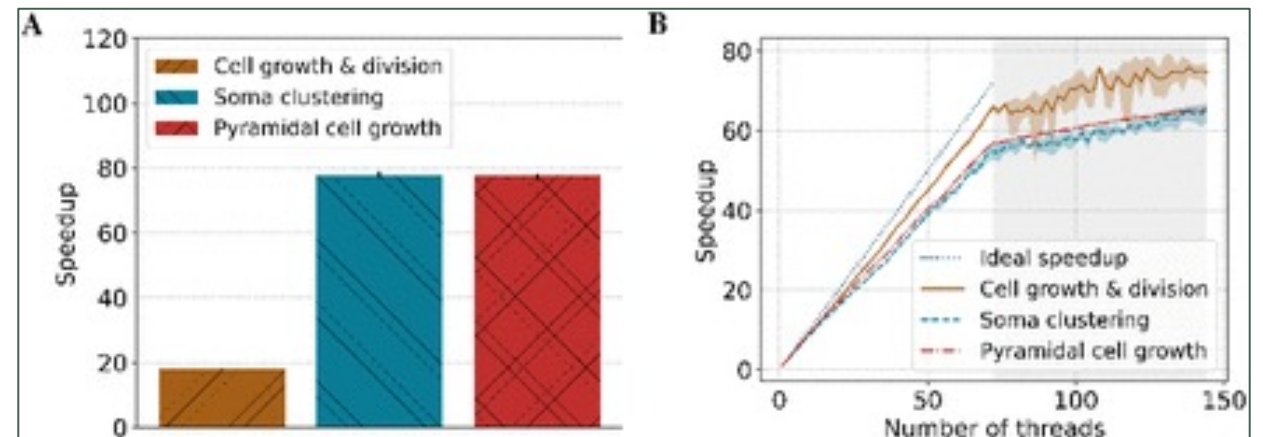
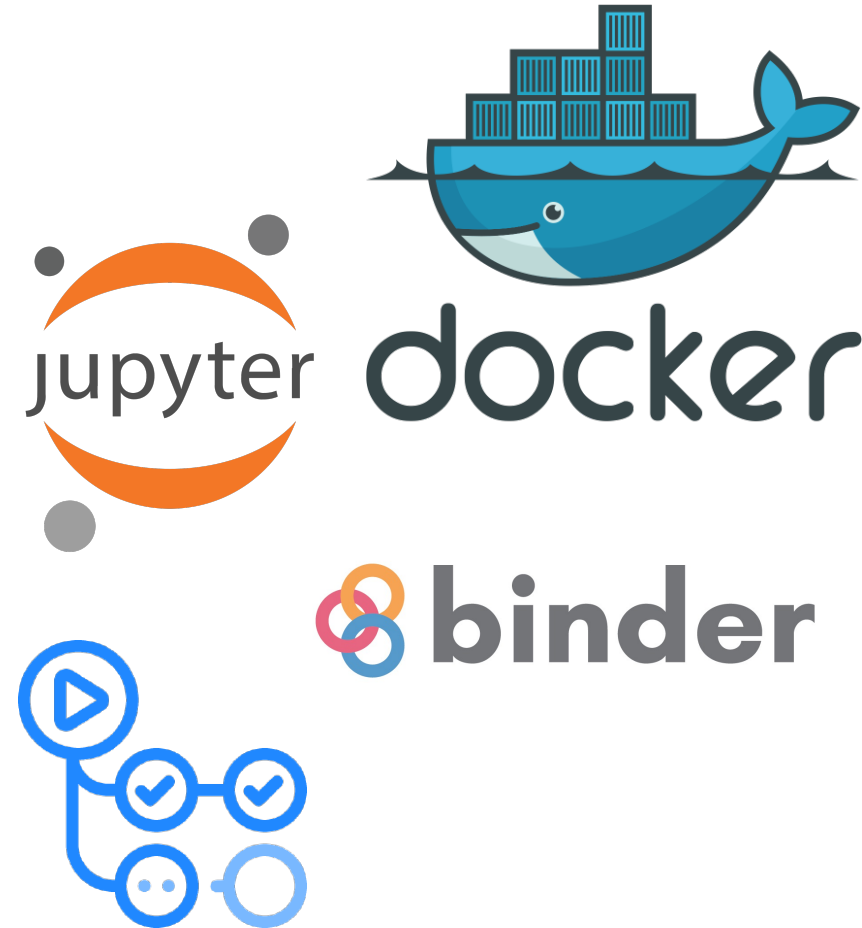


Figure 6: BioDynaMo performance analysis

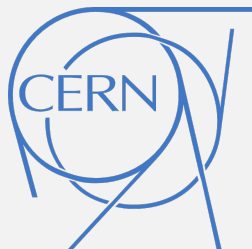
Making BioDynaMo More Accessible

- BioDynamo Container Available on Docker-hub with all Prerequisites Installed .
- Easy To Run Jupyter Notebooks Available on BioDynamo Website.
- Notebooks can be executed in Browser using My-Binder.
- GitHub Actions build and push Latest BioDynamo Version to Docker-hub



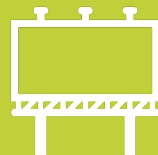


Thank You



Preprint of the BioDynaMo paper:

<https://www.biorxiv.org/content/10.1101/2020.06.08.139949v2>



Supplementary information:

<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4501515>



BioDynaMo webpage:

<https://biodynamo.org>