

Coulomb Excitation of Neutron-rich Isotopes around $A \sim 140$

Wednesday 14 February 2007 10:10 (20 minutes)

Recent studies on isotopes around the shell closure at $N=82$ have shown that despite decreasing excitation energy $E(2_1^+)$ the $B(E2; 0_1^+ \rightarrow 2_1^+) = B(E2\uparrow)$ values for Te and Sn isotopes above $N=82$ are lower than

expected from a general systematics established as “Grodzins’ rule”. The aim of the experiment IS411 is to measure the $B(E2\uparrow)$ values of neutron-rich even-even nuclei in the mass region of $A \approx 140$.

As a continuation of our experimental campaigns in 2004 and 2005, where the $2_1^+ \rightarrow 0_{g.s.}^+$ gamma transitions following Coulomb excitation of

$^{122,124}\text{Cd}$ and $^{138,140,142}\text{Xe}$ beams have been measured with the gamma detector array MINIBALL, in 2006 we measured the respective transitions in ^{144}Xe and $^{124,126}\text{Cd}$.

We show preliminary results on $B(E2\uparrow)$ values of ^{144}Xe and ^{126}Cd for the first time. Perspectives for future experiments will be discussed.

This work was supported by BMBF 06MT238 and RII3-EURONS (506065).

Author: Mr BEHRENS, Thomas (Physics Department E12, TU München)

Presenter: Mr BEHRENS, Thomas (Physics Department E12, TU München)

Session Classification: Physics 3