Short EP-Retreat Report

Yearly meeting of TC/TL
Normally in the Abbay de Talloires
This time nicely from home





Welcome to Joachim Mnich

 New CERN director of research and computing as of 1/1/2021, taking over from E. Elsen





Introduction

EP Department

- Mission and tasks of the Experimental Physics (EP) Department
 - Is an important reference centre for the European particle physics community
 - Covers Host Laboratory responsibilities and provides technical support to the Experiments
 - Participates in the research as a collaboration institution (for some of the experiments)
 - Facilitates the USERs community to do their work
 - Provides a stimulating scientific atmosphere
 - Contributes to the education and training of young scientists and engineers
- EP is the largest department at CERN, with more than 700 members of personnel employed (MPE) and more than 12,000 members of personnel associated (MPA).
- Total EP budget in 2020 (bevor Covid): 182,7 MCHF

Introduction

CERN Research Programme – EP Participation



APPROVED Experiments

- LHC: ALICE, ATLAS, CMS, LHCb, FASER, MoEDAL, TOTEM, LHCf
- SPS: COMPASS, NA61, NA62, NA63, NA64, NA65
- PS: CLOUD
- AD: AEgIS, ALPHA, ALPHA-g, ASACUSA, BASE, GBAR
- Neutrino Platform: ProtoDUNE, T2K/ND280, ENUBET
- R&D: RD42, RD50, RD51, RD53, Crystal Clear, UA9
- Non-accelerator experiments: CAST, OSQAR
- ISOLDE and nTOF facilities

Experiments and Projects under Study

- FCC
- BDF facility / SHiP
- LHC: SND
- SPS: NA64μ, MUonE, AMBER, MadMax
- AD: PUMA

CERN-EP involvement

Substantial

Significant

Limited

None

Recognized experiments (Astrophysics etc.)

Use of CERN resources should be marginal

•	RE1	AMS	•	RE23	CTA-PP
•	RE2b	Pamela	•	RE25	CALET
•	RE3	Auger	•	RE26	Borexino
•	RE6	Antares	•	RE27	NEXT
•	RE7	Fermi	•	RE28	Virgo
•	RE8	LISA-PF	•	RE29	DAMPE
•	RE10	IceCube	•	RE30	KM3NeT
•	RE11	MICE	•	RE31	Euclid
•	RE12	MEG	•	RE33	LIGO
•	RE13	T2K	•	RE34	JUNO
•	RE14	Katrin	•	RE35	SNO+
•	RE17	Magic	•	RE36	Mu3e
•	RE18	ArDM	•	RE37	DarkSide-20
•	RE19	CREAM	•	RE38	DAMIC-M
0	RE20	Belle II	•	RE39	sPHENIX

RE22 Panda

RE40 POLAR-2

New Building for EP...

Building 140 – The EP Building



Large new building to be constructed in the centre of CERN Meyrin

Building to host EP personnel, infrastructure, users



Artistic view from a previous study. Building will likely look different.

New Building for EP

Building 140 – The EP Building

- Re-structuring of BNP Paribas Fortis loan through new credit facility with UBS
 ~30 Mio/year liberated in 2021-2025
- Refinancing approved by Council under the condition that a large fraction of these 30 Mio to improve/consolidate infrastructure at CERN
- Seen as a chance for EP. Together with SMB we proposed Building 140
 Digging out a proposal from the past, proposed Buildings 140 + 146 (not realized)
- MTP 2020 contains 50 Mio CHF for Building 140
- MTP approved in September Council

Unique chance for EP: New building for ~700 people Opportunity to optimise EP space usage, restructure some historically grown, but no longer efficiently used space, demolish old buildings and barracks (some aged 30-65 years)

First consideration for Bat 140, hosting of

EP management + EP services (e.g. EP secretariat)

DT cluster, DT offices, possibly "light" laboratories

Healthy mixture of EP Staff/Fellows and Users

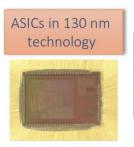
EP

Detector R&D @CERN

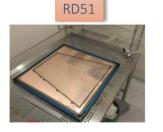
CERN has a tradition to define R&D programs for developing technologies and facilities, in time for next experimental challenge (e.g. LHC upgrade => White Paper R&D)



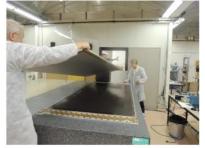


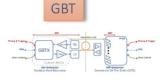






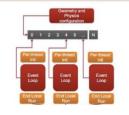


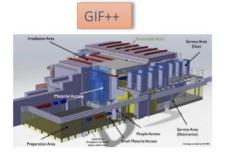














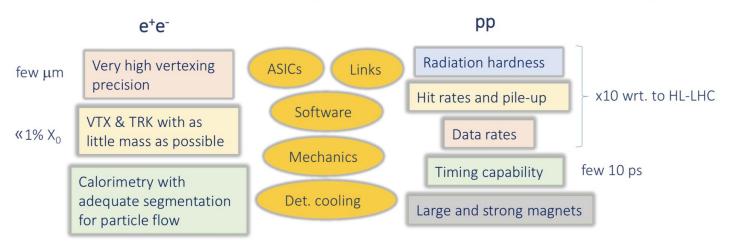
"White Paper" R&D program (2008-2011), initiative of CERN DG Robert Aymar, PH budget ~20 MCHF.

New EP R&D programme (2020 – 2024 ...)



- A <u>strategic technological</u> R&D programme, rather than experiment specific developments.
- Its results shall enable future projects to develop and build optimal detectors
- We use the requirements of HL-LHC and studies like FCC (ee/hh), CLIC, ... as guidelines.

Instrumentation challenges in future detectors (beyond HL-LHC)



Concentrate on key detector technologies, <u>but equally important</u> are mechanics, infrastructure, electronics, software and experimental magnets

EP R&D program

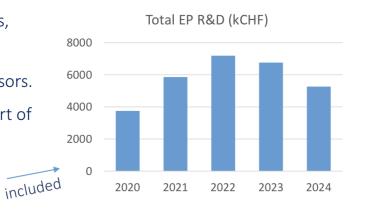
- has been defined in a transparent bottom-up process
- with wide participation of HEP community
- 1 kick-off (2017), 2 workshops (2018), R&D Day in 2019
- 100 pages R&D proposal. 10 pages Input to ESPP update.





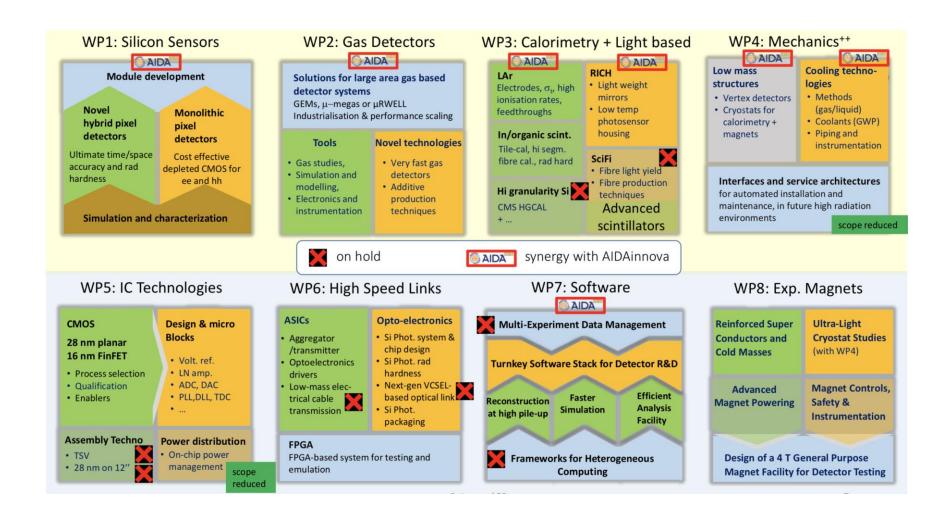
Resources

- Budget in MTP2019: 24.6 MCHF (spread over 5 years). Material, fellows, students, no staff.
- ~20 FTE staff, distributed over about 70 persons, 'volunteer' as supervisors.
- Approved budget is 55% of request → reduction of scope / delayed start of some activities.
- LHC experiments and EP SG contribute additional ~15% (fell.+stud.)



Cooperation

- We cooperate with many external groups, also via R&D collaborations like RD50 and RD51.
- We profit from European projects like AIDAinnova (~1 MCHF).





AIDAinnova Approved & Next Steps

Proposal approved by EU on 3rd November 2020

Ongoing → March 2021: Project preparation (legal & financial)

- Grant Agreement, which is the contract with the EC. Early next year first CERN will sign the Grant Agreement, then institutes sign Accession Forms.
- The Consortium Agreement, which is the contract between the beneficiaries (only)
- Feb 2021 (date tbc), CERN internal meeting, with CERN Task Leaders and CERN Finance to organize mechanics of budget codes
 - Budget 918.5 k euro for CERN R&D

April 1st 2021 Project start date

· First reporting 18month later

Thanks to Anne Dabrowski and Lucie Linssen, not only for preparing the slides!

AIDAinnova CERN contact person

April 12-16 for the Kick-off meeting at CERN (in person/virtual tbc)

- outline the work program in more detail than what is written on the few pages of the proposal
- · Incl. first meeting of the Governance Board

March 31st 2025 Project END date



CERN Participation

Participation as beneficiary

- WP1: Project management and coordination
- WP2: Communication & Knowledge Transfer
- WP3: Test beam and DAQ infrastructure
- WP4 : Irradiation and characterisation upgrades
- WP5: DMAPS (Monolithic Pixel Detectors)
- WP6: Hybrid Semiconductor Detectors
- WP7: Gaseous detectors
- WP8: Highly granular calorimeters and PiD detectors
- WP10: Mechanics
- WP12: Software
- WP13: Prospective R&D

No CERN Participation as beneficiary in

- WP9: Cryogenic Neutrino Detectors
- WP11: Electronics

Program

