A reconfigurable DMAPS for tracking and Digital Electromagnetic Calorimetry

Thursday, 28 May 2020 15:12 (18 minutes)

The concept of digital calorimetry relies on measuring the number of particles in a shower rather than the energy they deposit. Ultra highly granular calorimeters are required to ensure that there is one particle per cell per readout cycle to avoid saturation effects. A small sensor prototype has been designed and fabricated in the TowerJazz 180 nm CMOS imaging process, using high resistivity 18 μ m epitaxial layer. The prototype has a pixel matrix of 64x64 pixels with a pitch of 55x55 μ m, and reads out using fast logic at 40 MHz. It can be reconfigured to function as either a binary short strip sensor, for particle tracking including as a pre-shower, or as a pad sensor, counting the number of pixels above threshold for digital calorimetry. We will present the sensor overview, MC simulations in the content of FCC-hh which guided the design, results from testing of the chip, particularly the reconfigurable logic, and results obtained when the device is illuminated with a 1064 nm laser

Funding information

Primary authors: PRICE, Tony (University of Birmingham (GB)); ALLPORT, Philip Patrick (University of Birmingham (UK)); WINTER, Alasdair (University of Birmingham (GB)); WATSON, Nigel (University of Birmingham (GB)); BOSLEY, Robert Ross (University of Birmingham (GB)); GONELLA, Laura (University of Birmingham (UK)); KOPSALIS, Ioannis (University of Birmingham (GB)); SEDGWICK, Iain (STFC); VILLANI, Enrico Giulio (Science and Technology Facilities Council STFC (GB)); ZHANG, Zhige (Particle Physics-Rutherford Appleton Laboratory-STFC - Science); WILSON, Fergus (Science and Technology Facilities Council STFC (GB)); WORM, Steven (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE))

Session Classification: Sensors: Solid-state position sensors

Track Classification: Sensors