

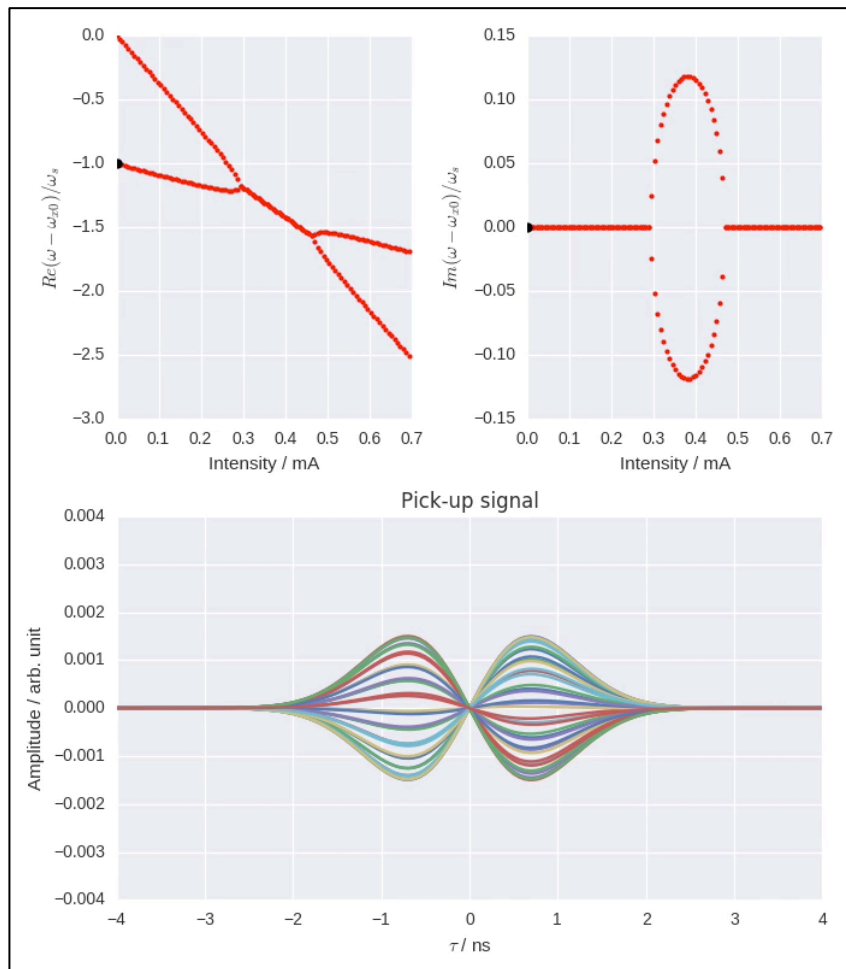
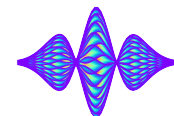
# Intra-bunch motion for TMCI: a simple theoretical approach

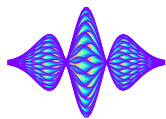
E. Métral

- ◆ Reminder from DavidA who showed the result from DELPHI Vlasov solver => See e.g. his PHD defence ([https://indico.cern.ch/event/830231/attachments/1921272/3178320/2019-09-05\\_PhD\\_defense\\_presentation\\_v7.pptx](https://indico.cern.ch/event/830231/attachments/1921272/3178320/2019-09-05_PhD_defense_presentation_v7.pptx))
- ◆ Goal here => Try and explain it with a simple analytical model
  - Reminder from general approach with GALACTIC Vlasov solver
  - Simple analytical model

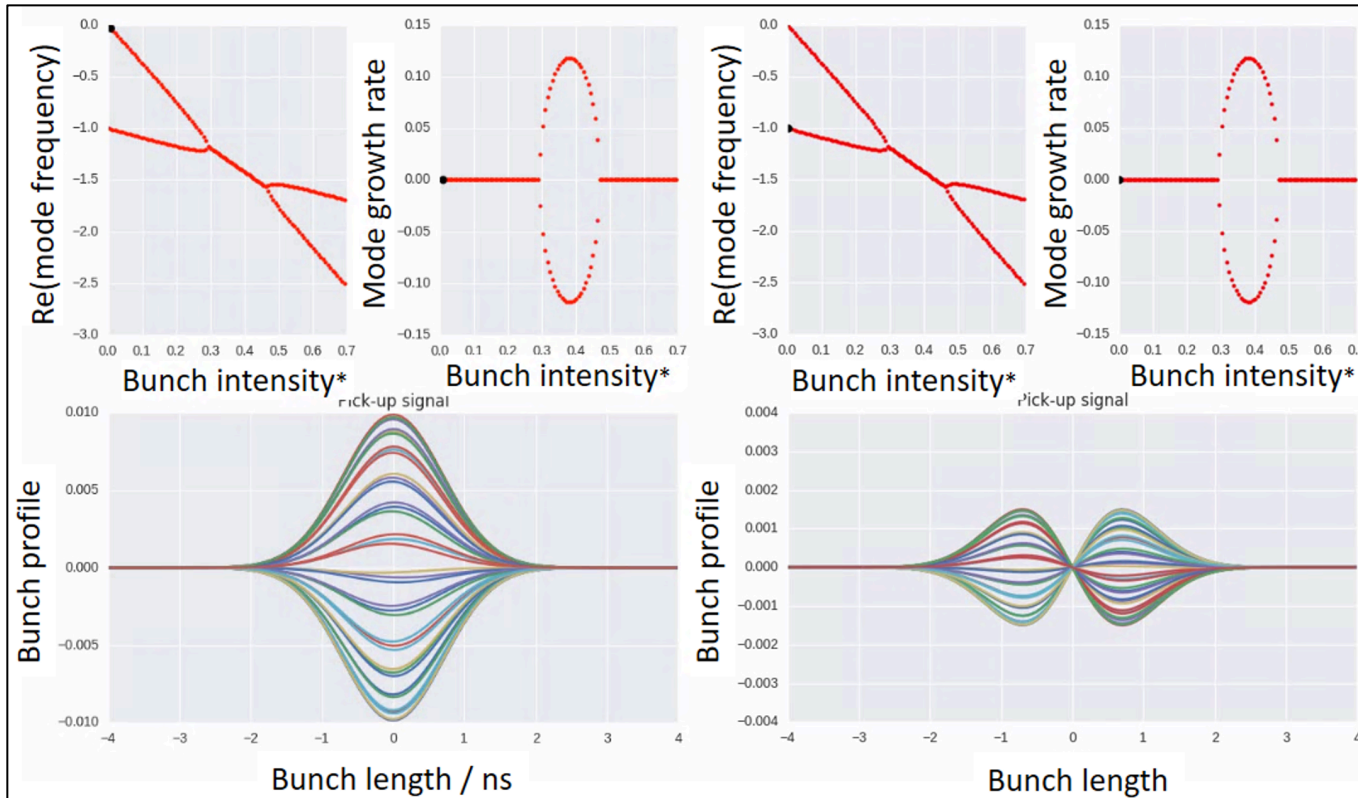
# Reminder from DavidA's result with DELPHI

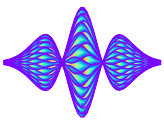
*(movie)*



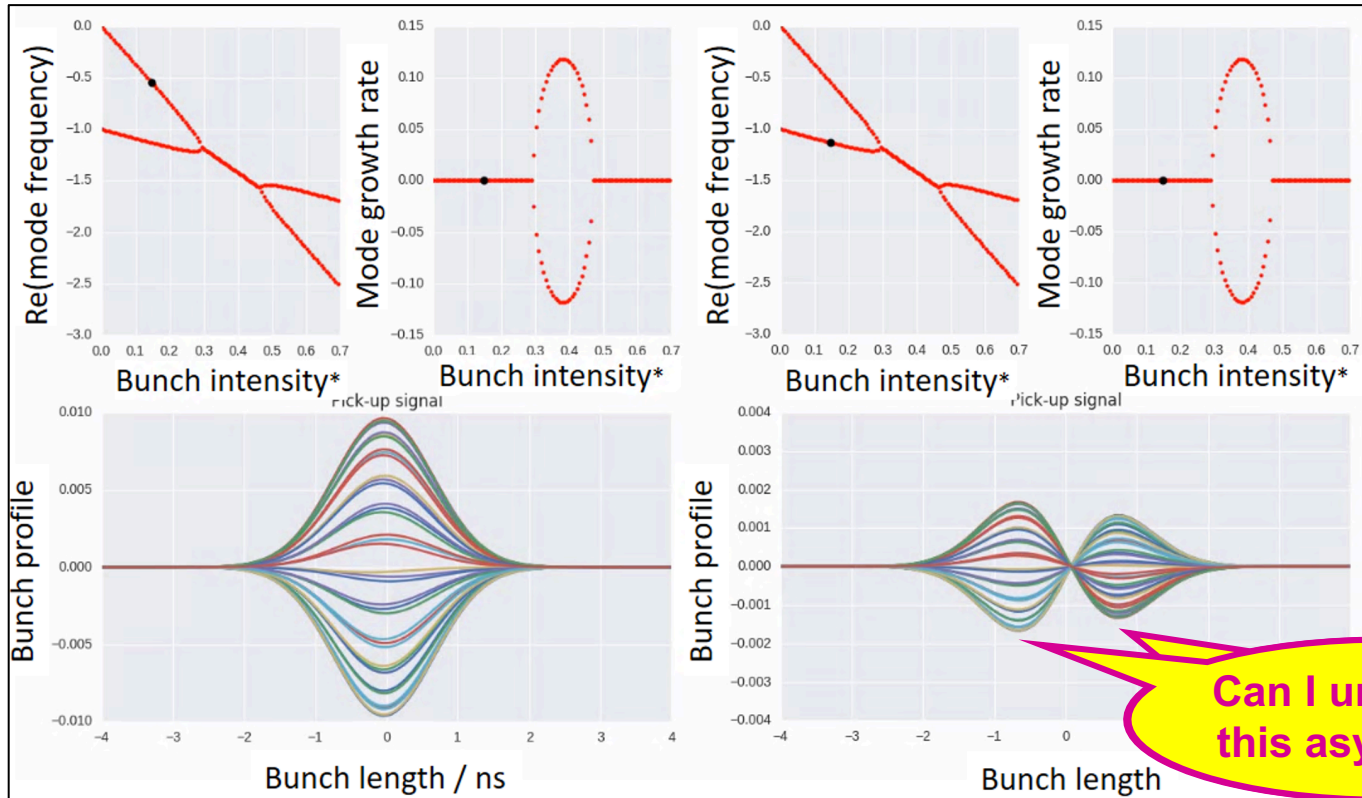


# Reminder from DavidA's result with DELPHI

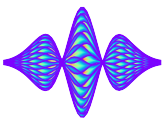




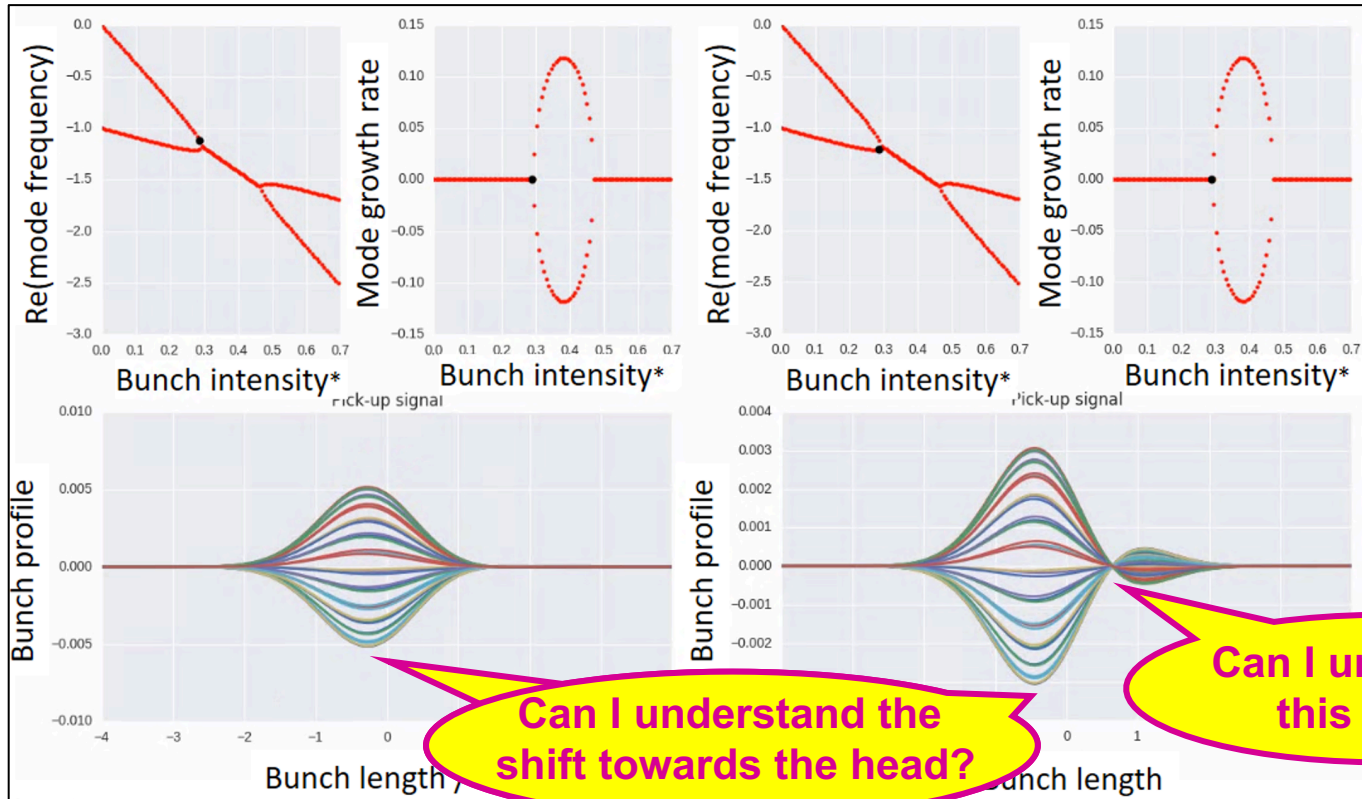
# Reminder from DavidA's result with DELPHI

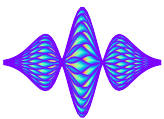




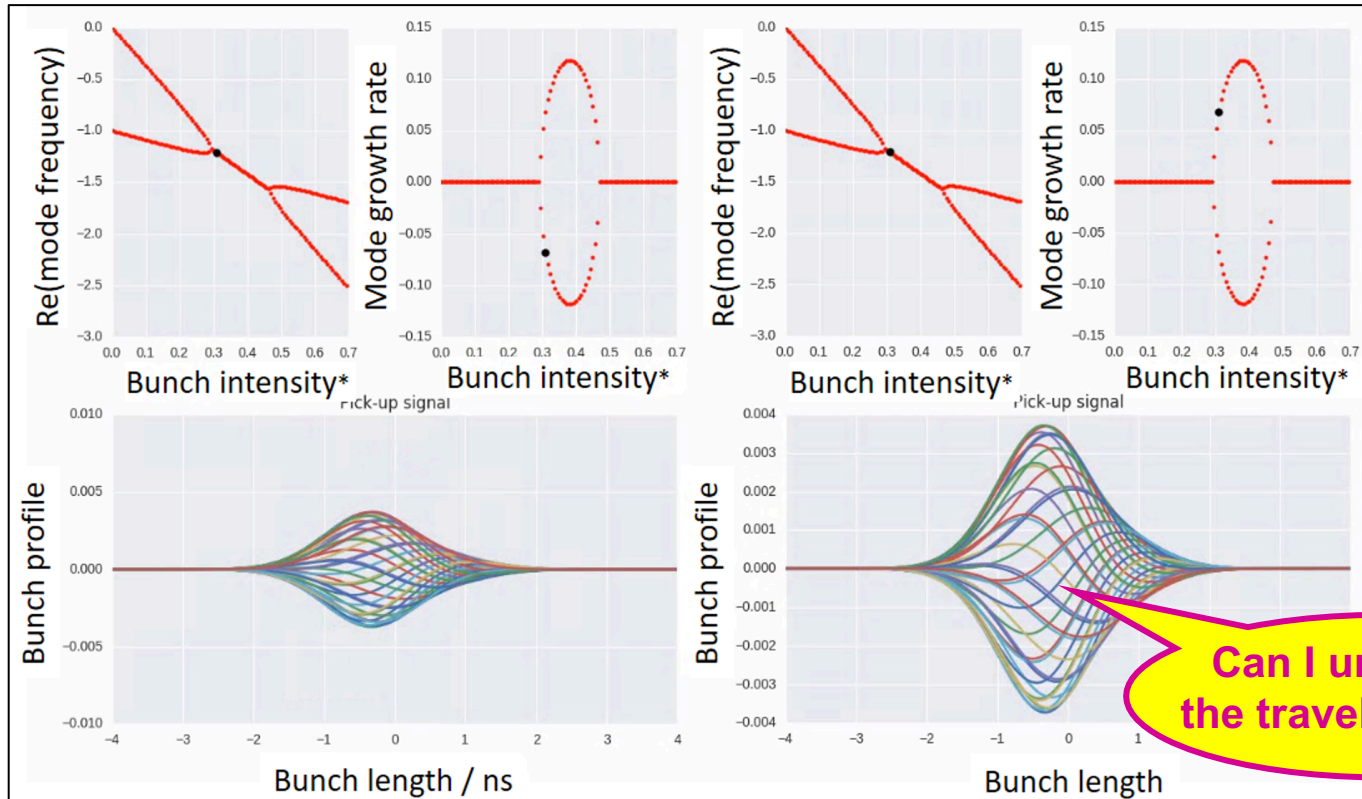


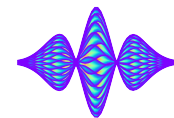
# Reminder from DavidA's result with DELPHI



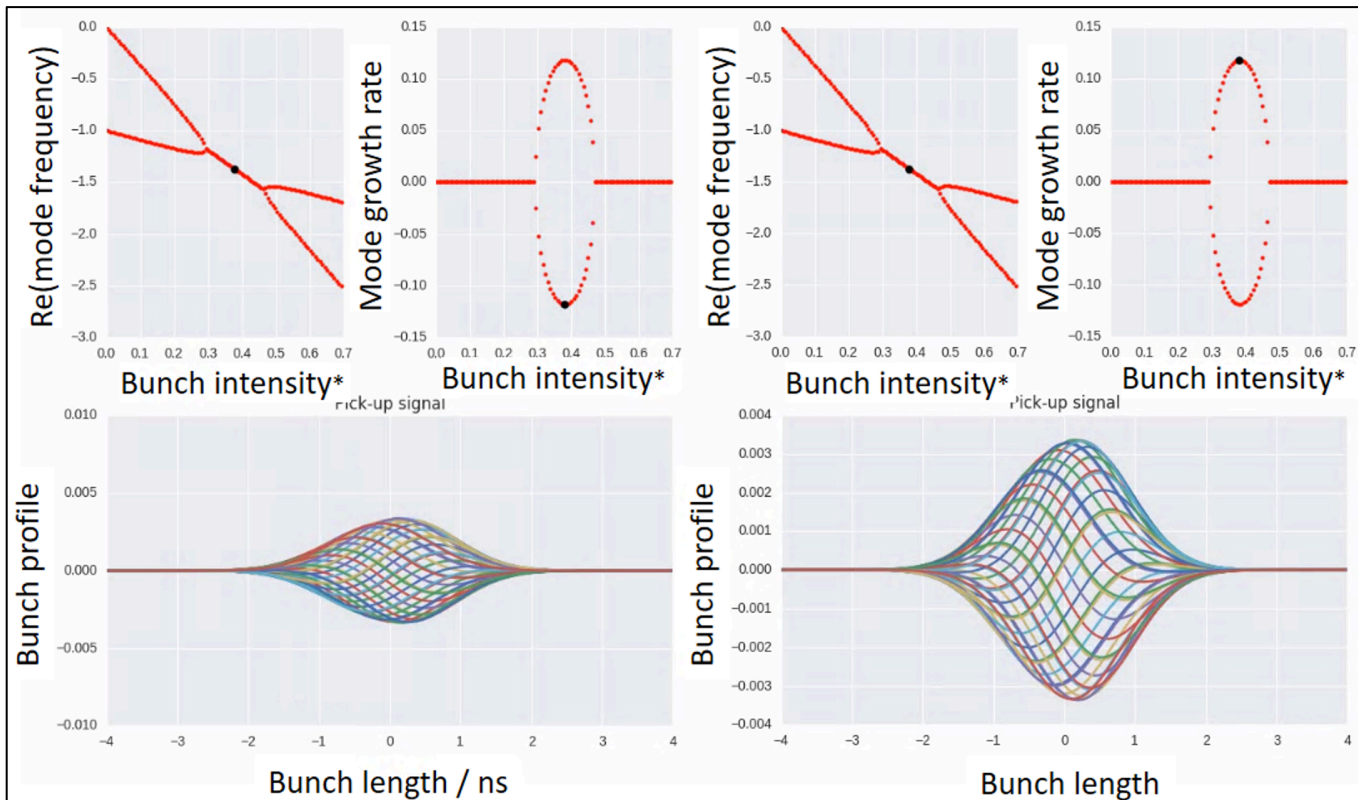


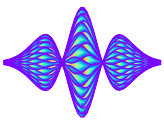
# Reminder from DavidA's result with DELPHI



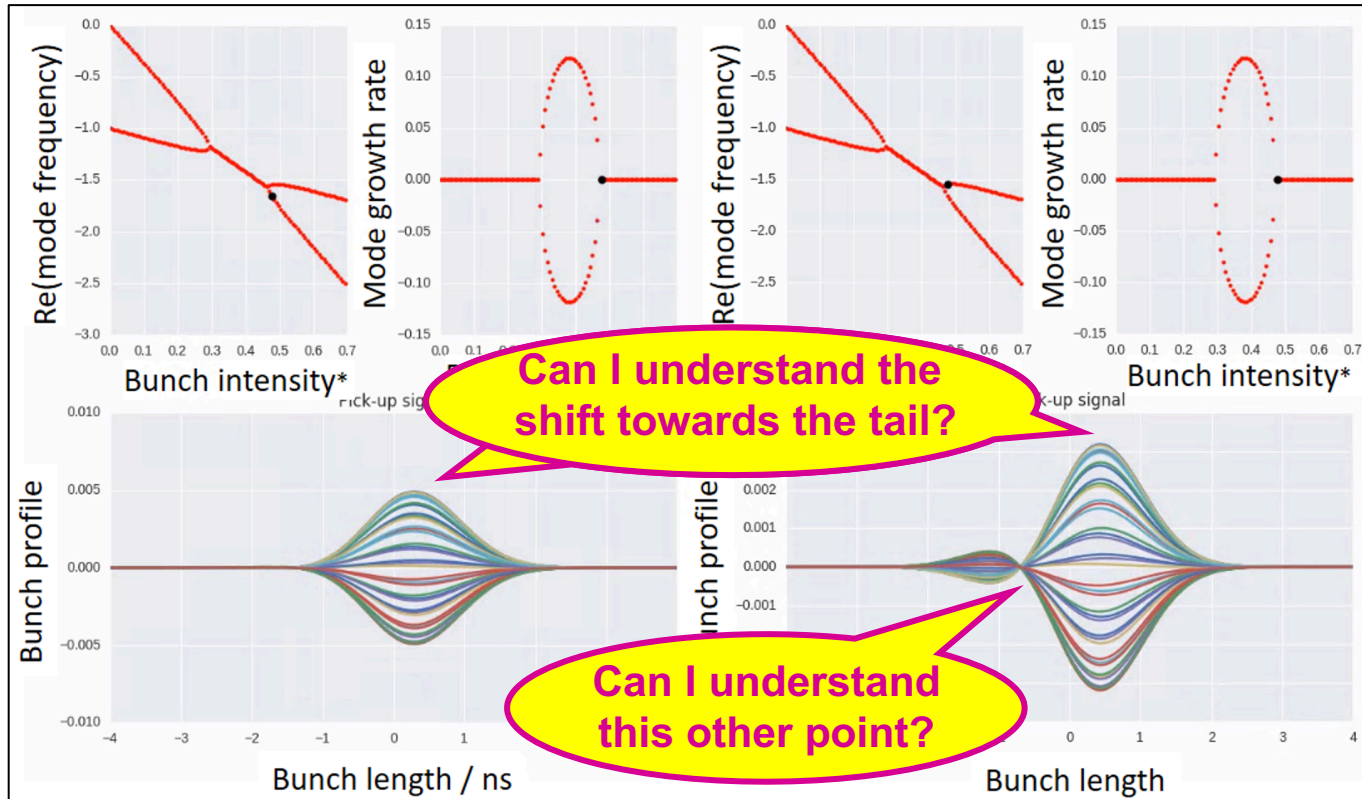


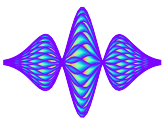
# Reminder from DavidA's result with DELPHI



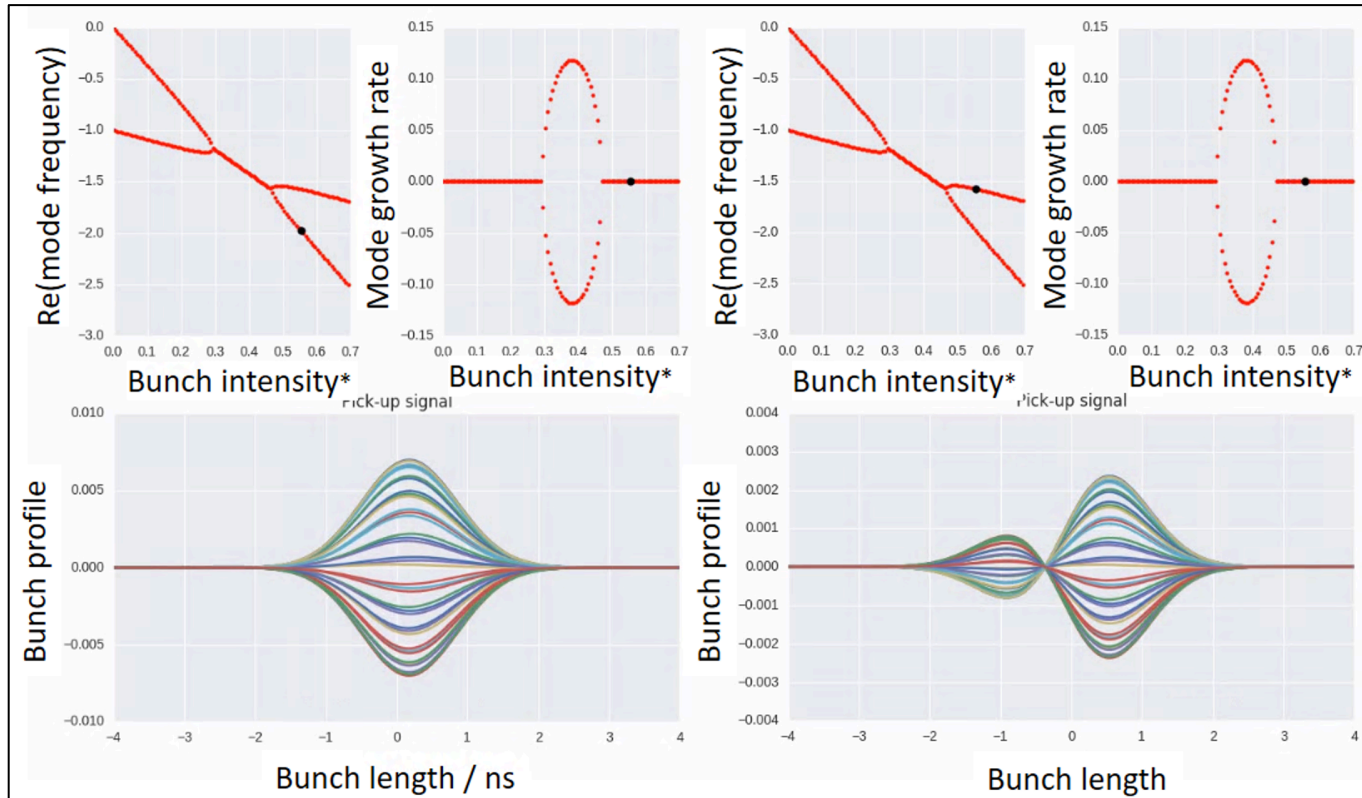


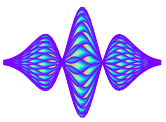
# Reminder from DavidA's result with DELPHI





# Reminder from DavidA's result with DELPHI





# Reminder from general approach with GALACTIC Vlasov solver

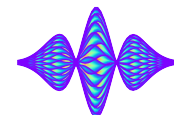
$$\sigma_x(l) = \sum_{i,j} a_{ij} \sigma_{x,ij}(l)$$

Low-intensity  
Eigenvectors

$$\frac{\omega_c}{\omega_s} a_{kl} = H^x a_{ij}$$

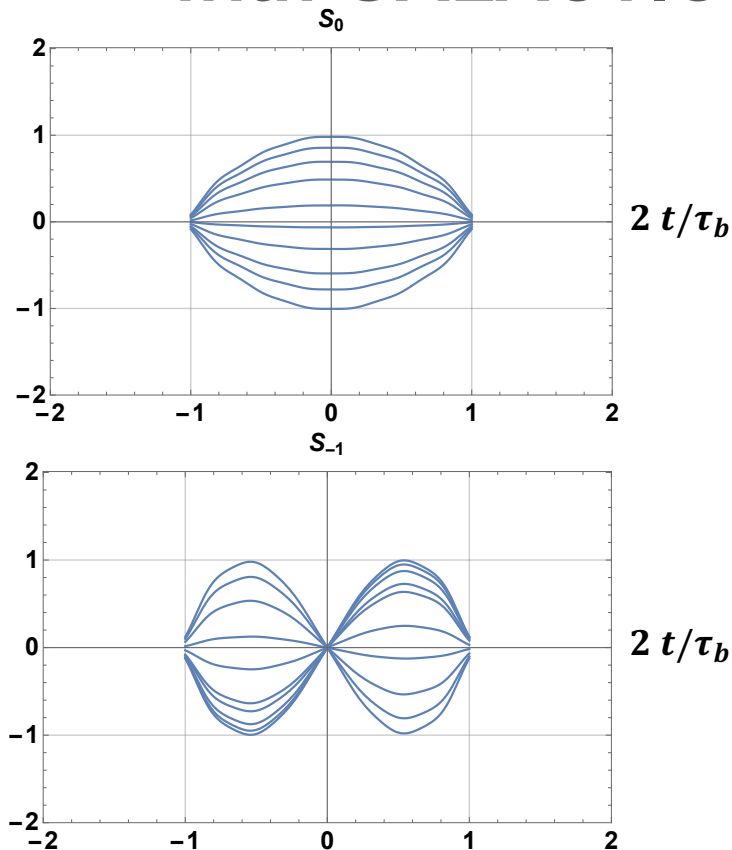
Matrix to be diagonalised:

- 1) Eigenvalues give the mode frequency shifts (Re and Im)
- 2) Eigenvectors give the coefficients  $a_{ij}$  to be used in the equation on the left to be able to plot the intra-bunch signal

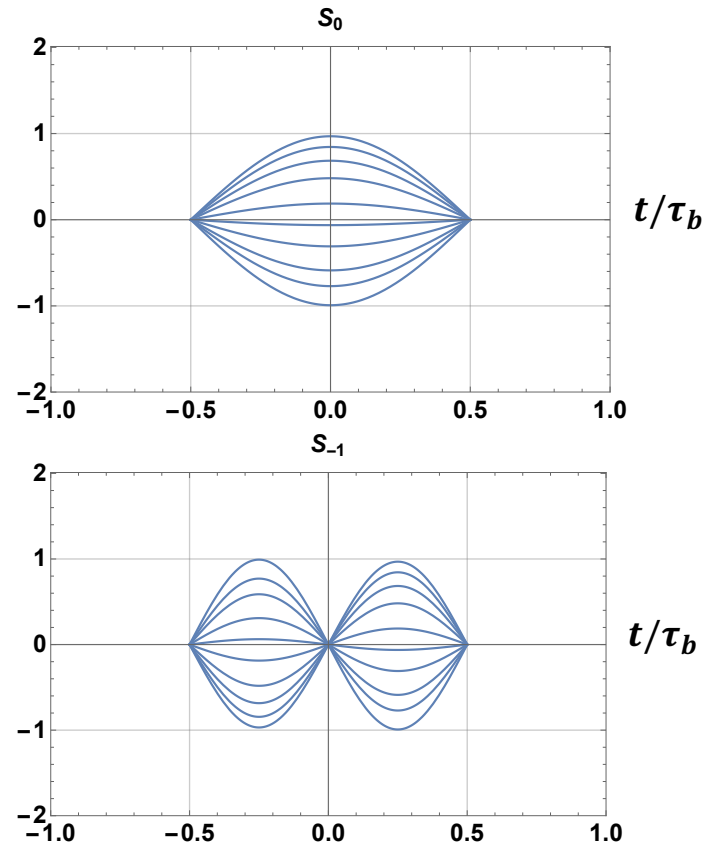


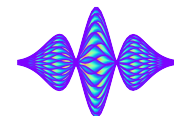
# Reminder from general approach with GALACTIC Vlasov solver

Solutions of the Eigenvalue  
problem at low intensity



Approximation by sinusoidal  
modes

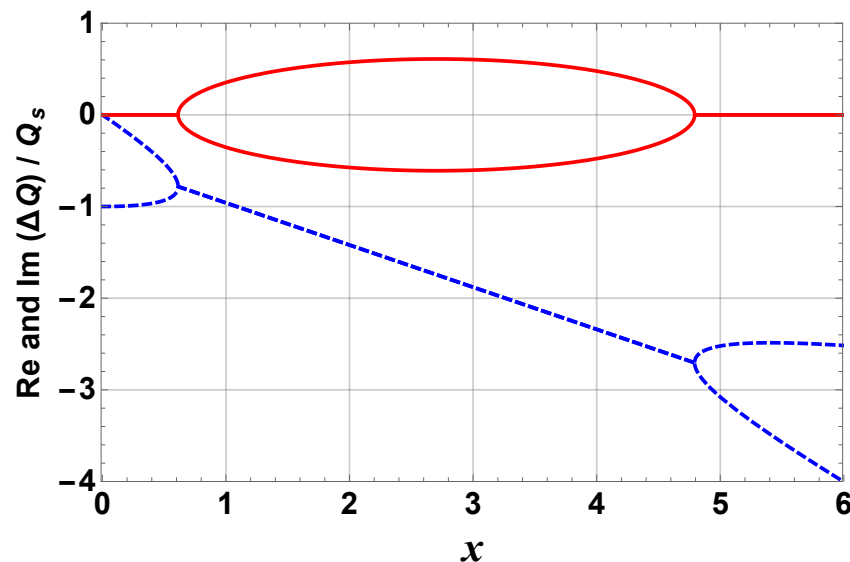




- ◆ If I use the simple model I used in the past to study the destabilising effect of the LHC transverse damper for  $Q' = 0$  (deduced from studies with the GALACTIC Vlasov solver, using a water-bag bunch) but without damper

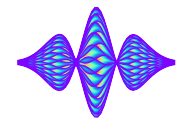
- Eigenvalues of the  $2 \times 2$  matrix given below

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & -0.23 j x \\ -0.55 j x & -0.92 x \end{pmatrix}$$

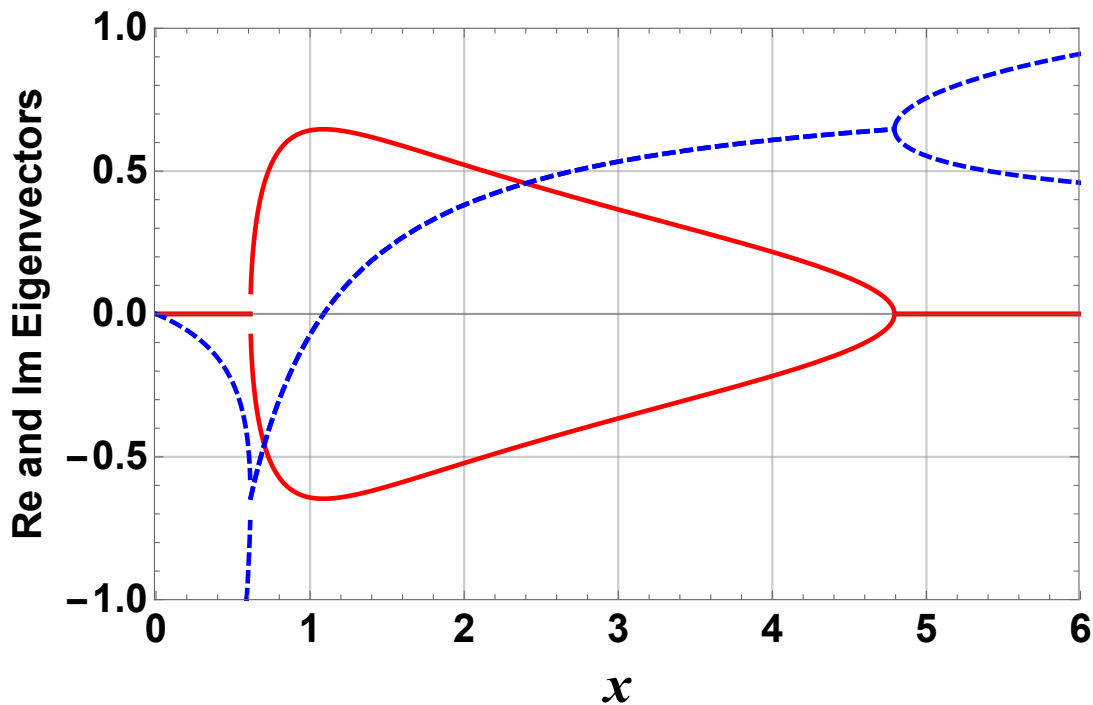




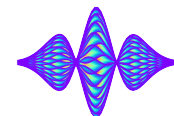
# Simple analytical model



- Eigenvectors (of the previous  $2 \times 2$  matrix)

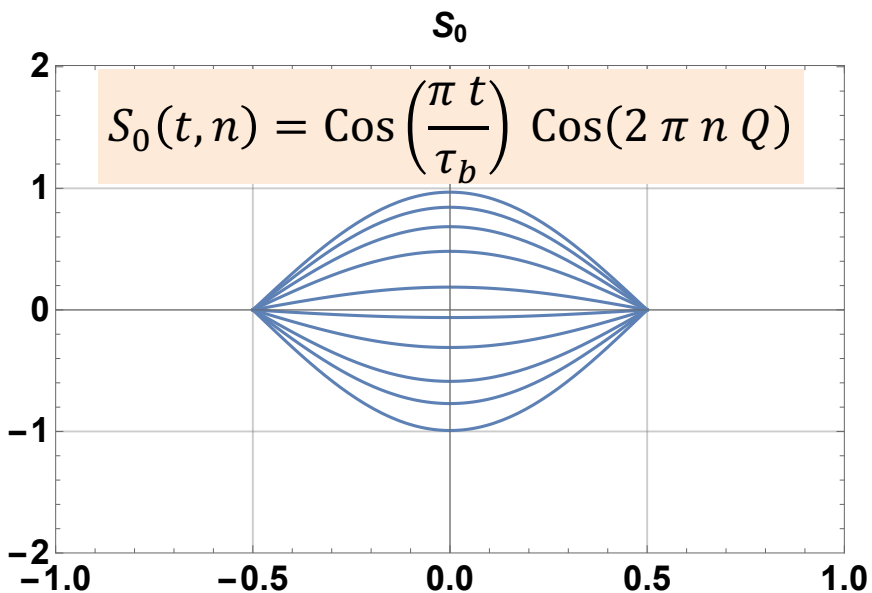


# Simple analytical model

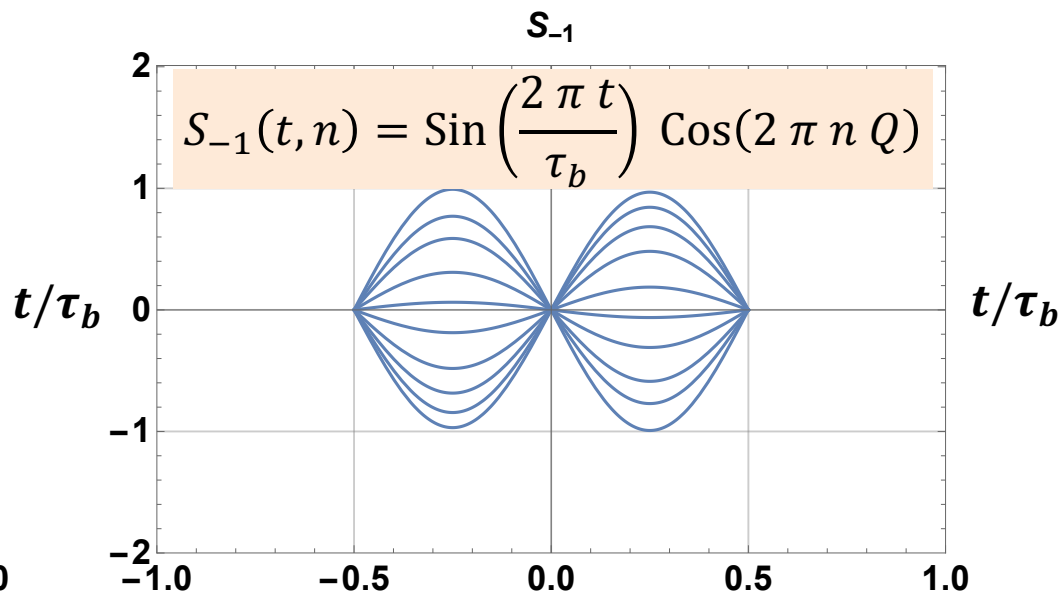


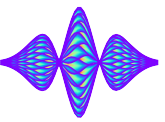
- ◆ Considering the 2 modes independently (i.e. low-intensity case) and approximating them by sinusoidal modes

Mode 0 alone

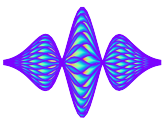


Mode -1 alone

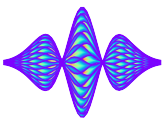




**=> Considering  
the 2 modes together**



- ◆ **Below TMCI**  $\Rightarrow$  Signal  $\propto a_0 S_0 - a_{-1} S_{-1}$  ( $a_0$  and  $a_{-1}$  reals)
- ◆ **At TMCI threshold**  $\Rightarrow$  Signal  $\propto a (S_0 - S_{-1})$  as  $a_0 = a_{-1} = a$  (real)
  - Signal is 0 at both bunch extremities
  - Signal is also 0 when  $\text{Cos}\left(\frac{\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) - \text{Sin}\left(\frac{2\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) = 0 \Rightarrow t = \frac{\tau_b}{6}$

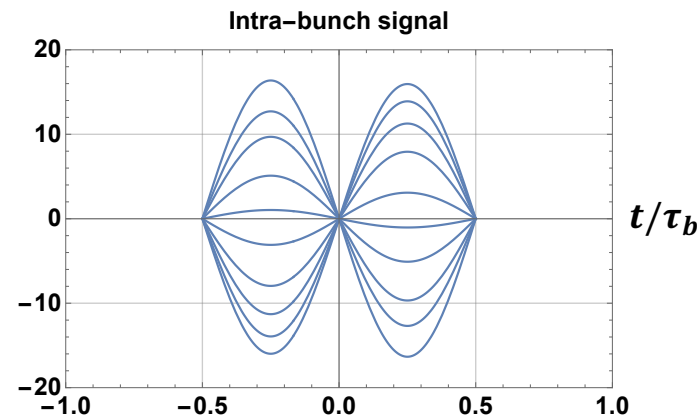
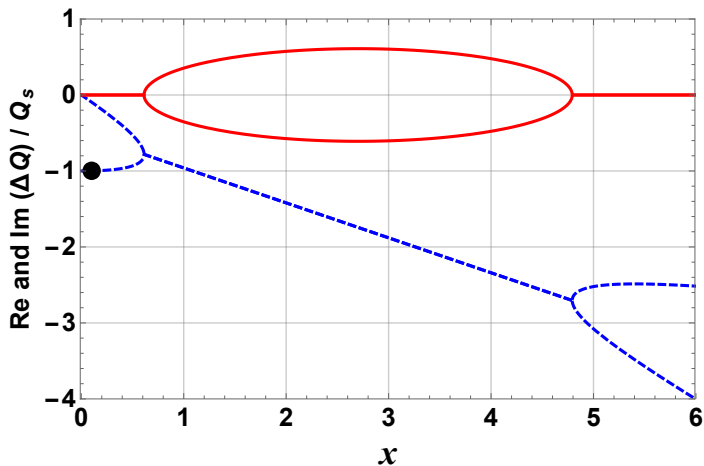
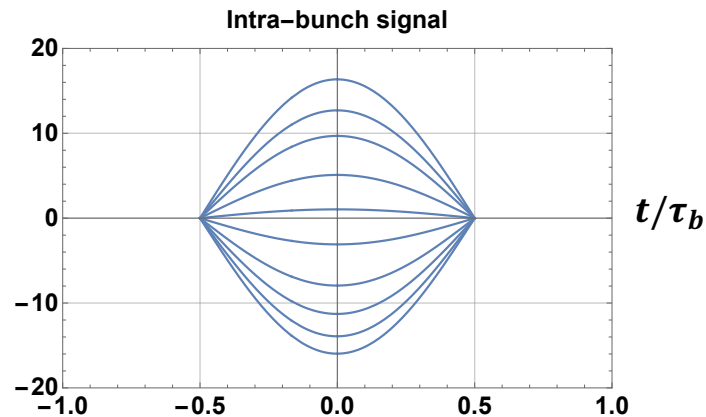
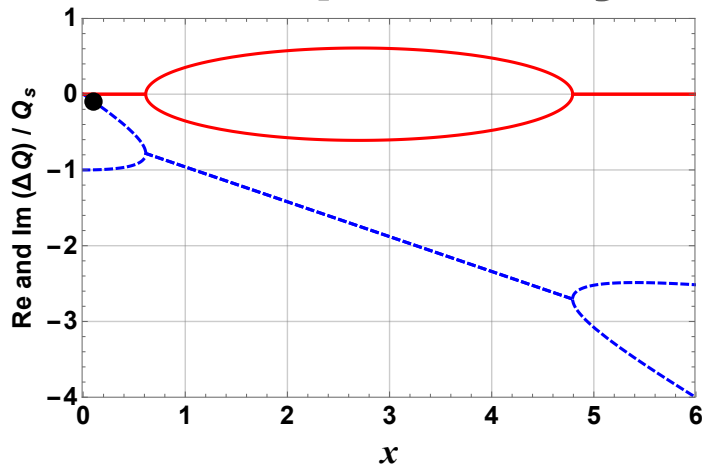
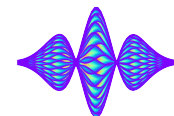


◆ **Above TMCI**  $\Rightarrow$  Signal  $\propto (a + jb) S_0 - (a - jb) S_{-1}$  ( $a$  and  $b$  reals)

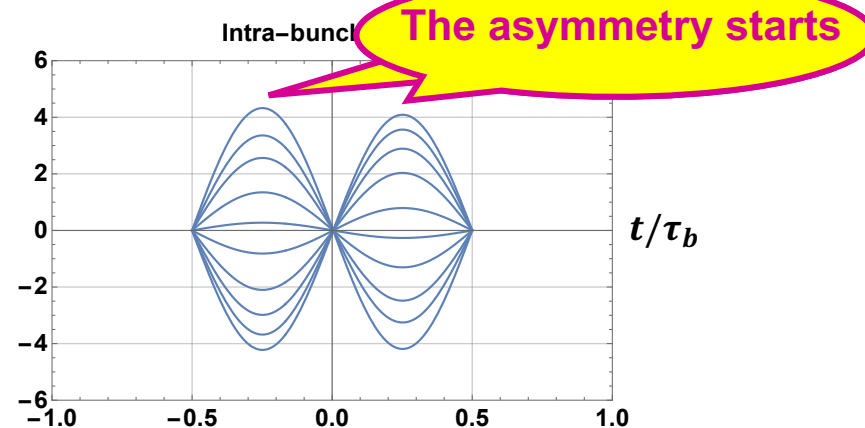
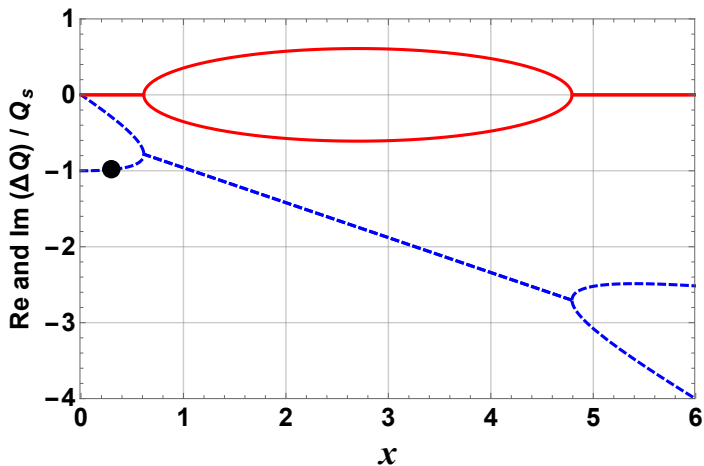
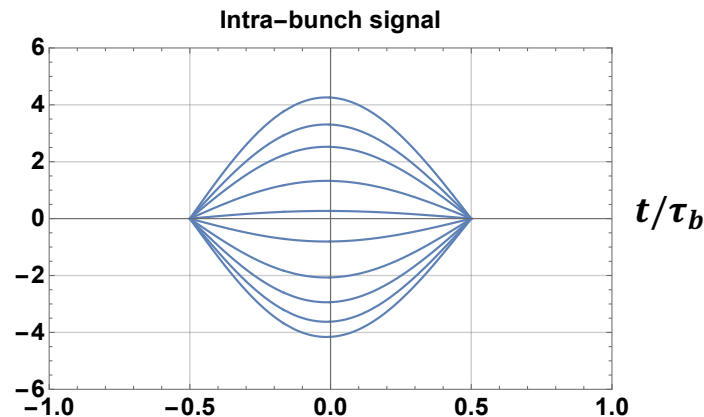
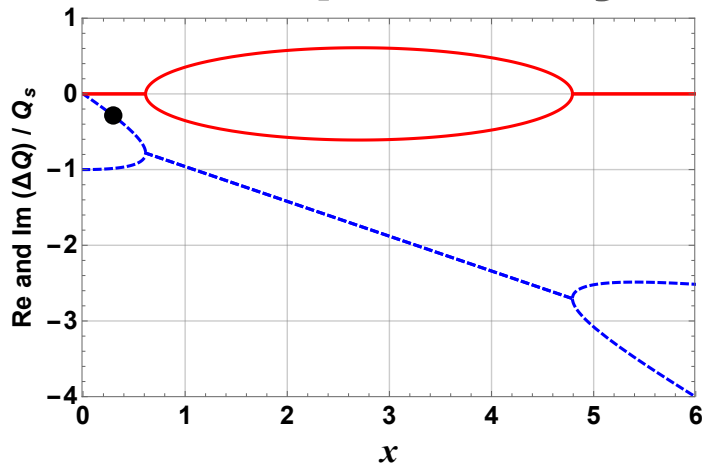
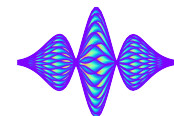
$$\propto \sqrt{\left\{ a \left[ \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) \right] \right\}^2 + \left\{ b \left[ \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) \right] \right\}^2} \cos[2\pi n Q + \varphi(t)]$$

$$\text{with } \varphi(t) = \text{ArcTan} \left\{ \frac{b \left[ \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) \right]}{a \left[ \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2\pi t}{\tau_b}\right) \right]} \right\}$$

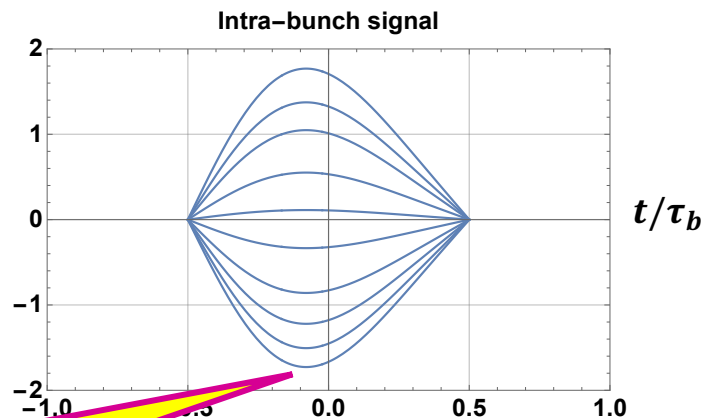
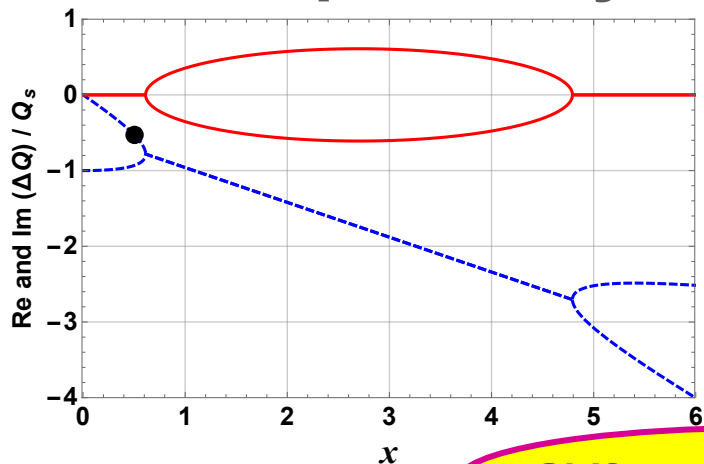
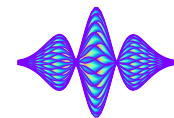
# Simple analytical model ( $x = 0.1$ )



# Simple analytical model ( $x = 0.3$ )

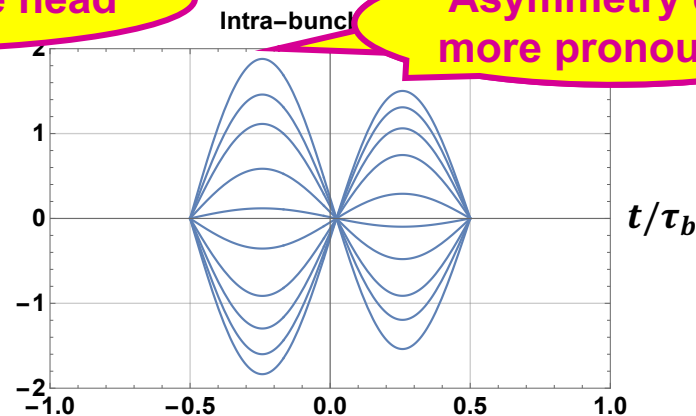
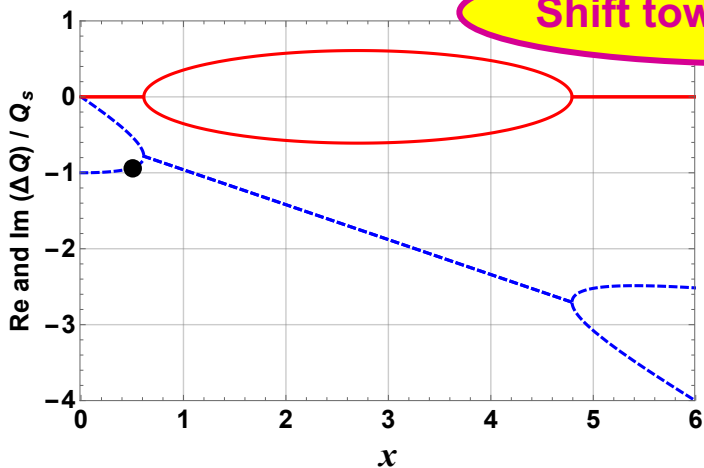


# Simple analytical model ( $x = 0.5$ )



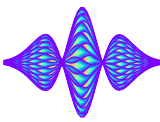
Shift towards the head

Asymmetry even more pronounced

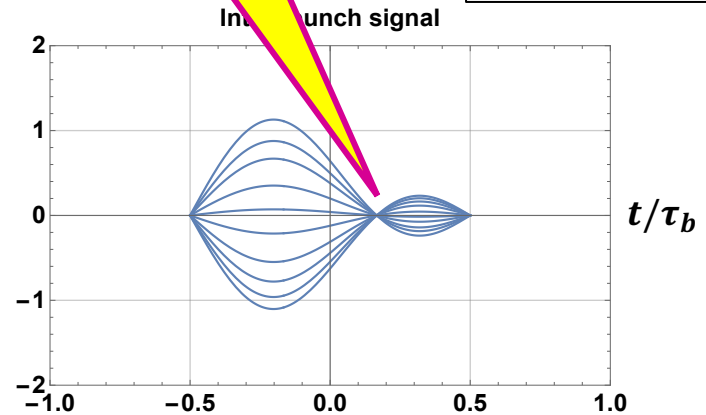
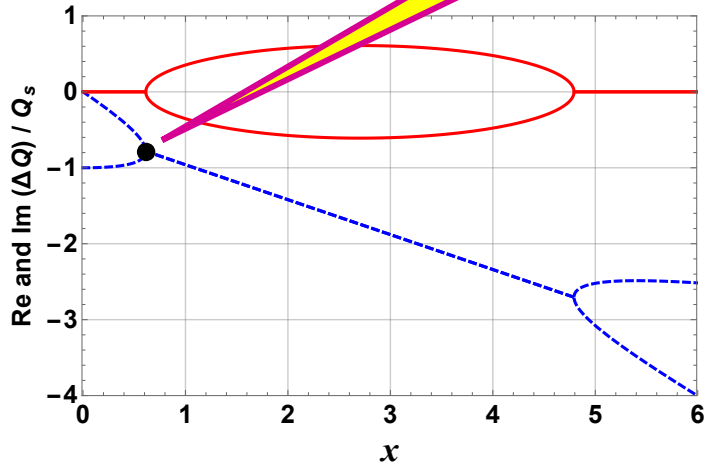
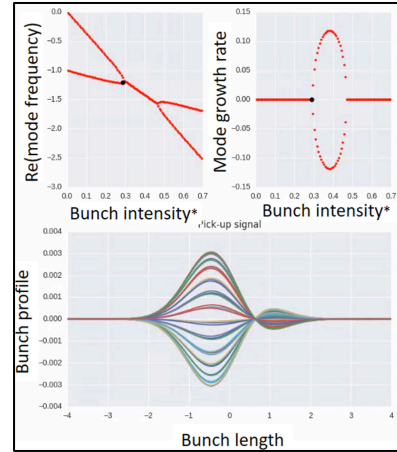




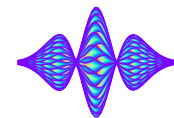
# Simple analytical model ( $x = 0.613$ )



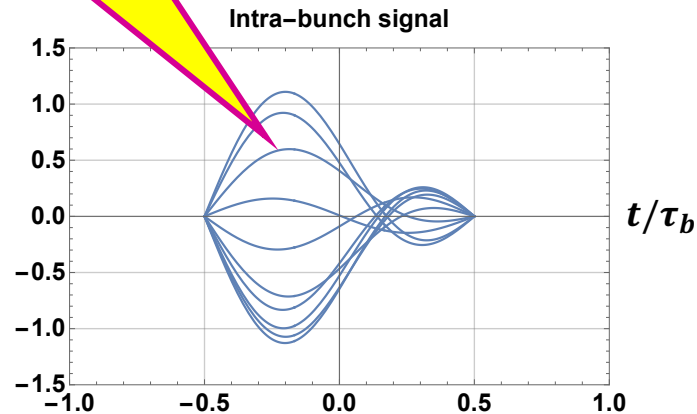
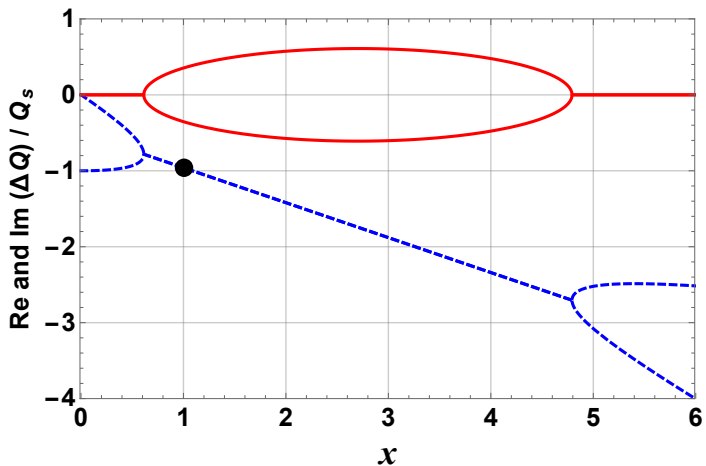
This point is given by  $\frac{\tau_b}{6}$



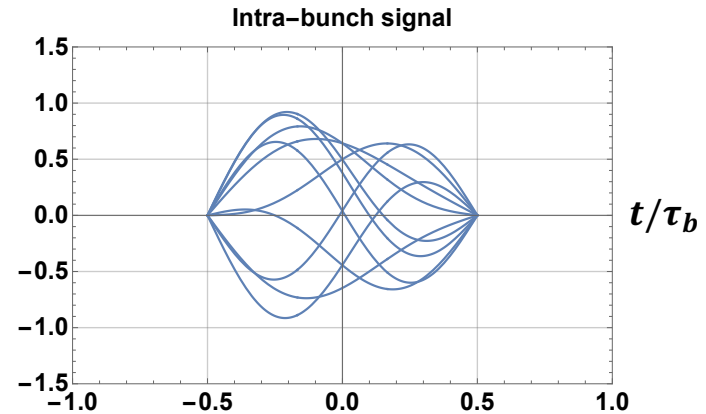
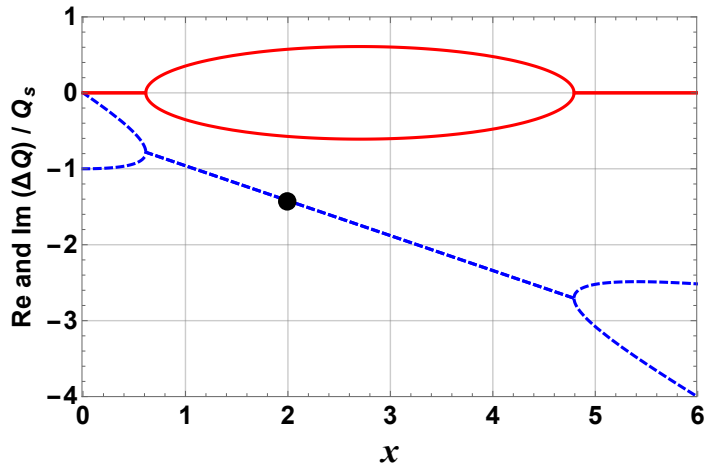
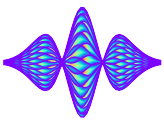
# Simple analytical model ( $x = 1.0$ )



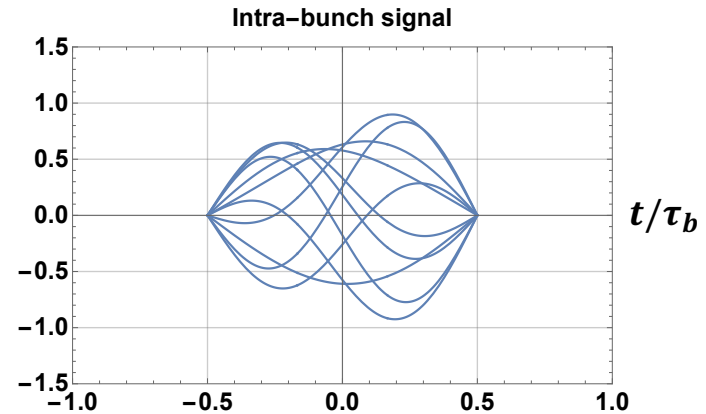
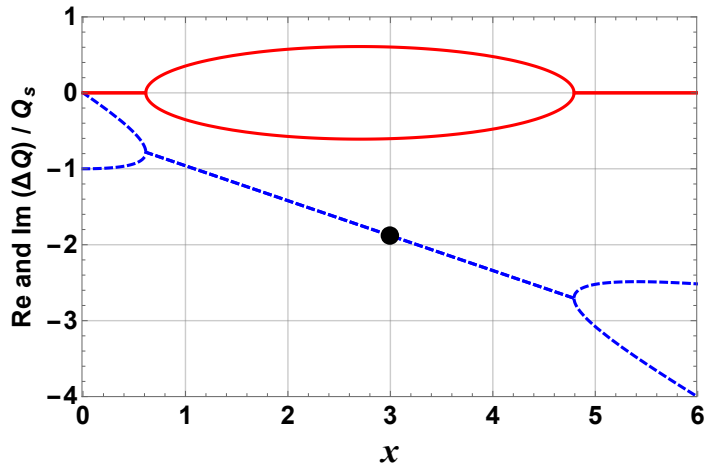
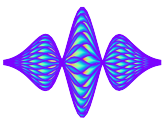
Travelling-wave comes from the fact that the eigenvectors have now both a Re and Im part => The phase  $\varphi(t)$  appears



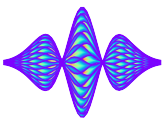
# Simple analytical model ( $x = 2.0$ )



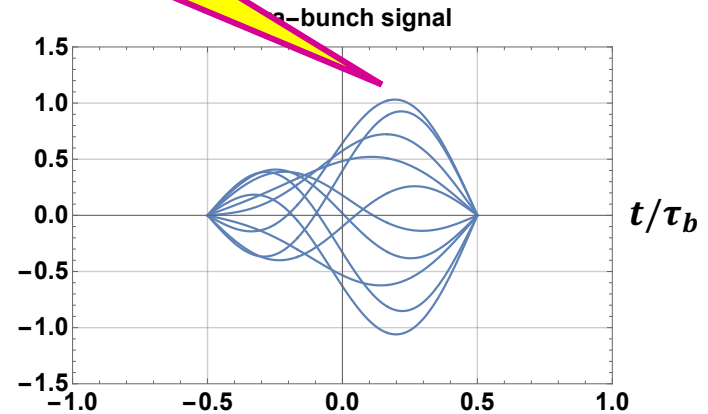
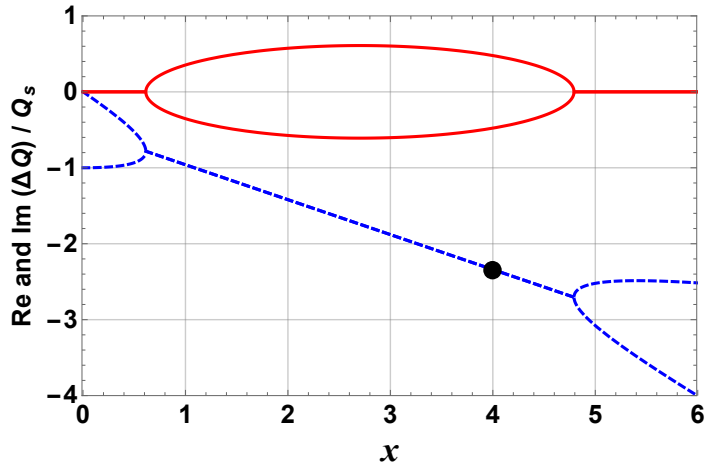
# Simple analytical model ( $x = 3.0$ )



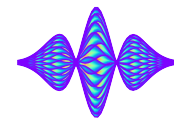
# Simple analytical model ( $x = 4.0$ )



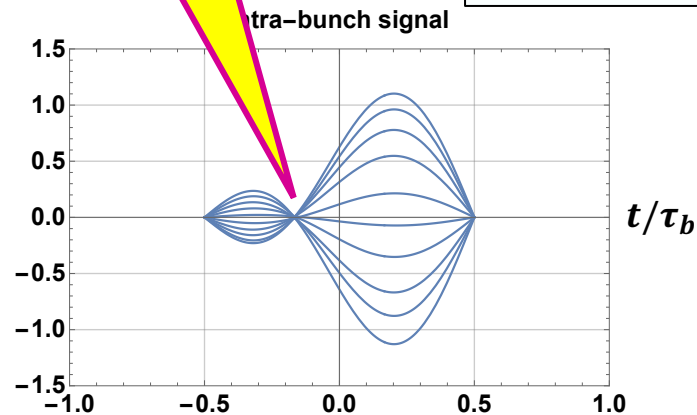
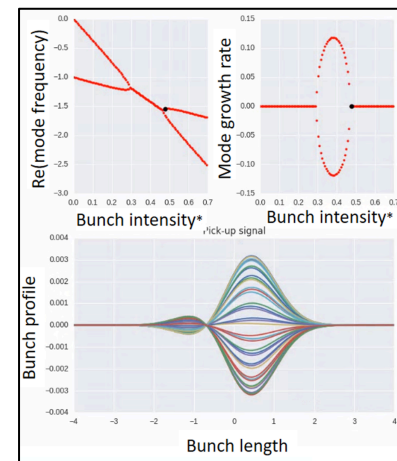
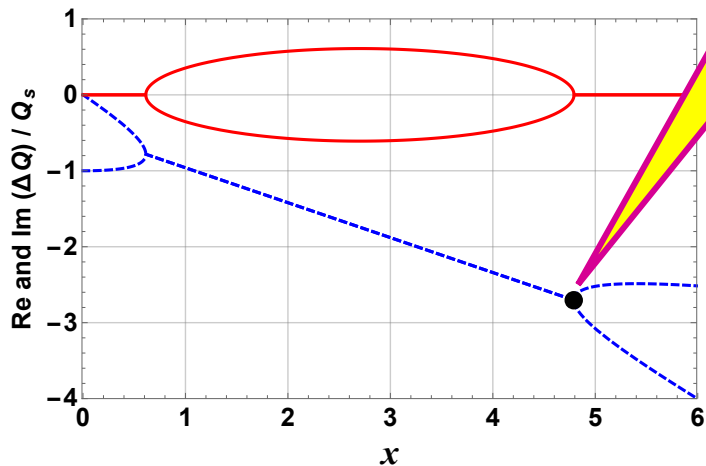
Shift towards the tail



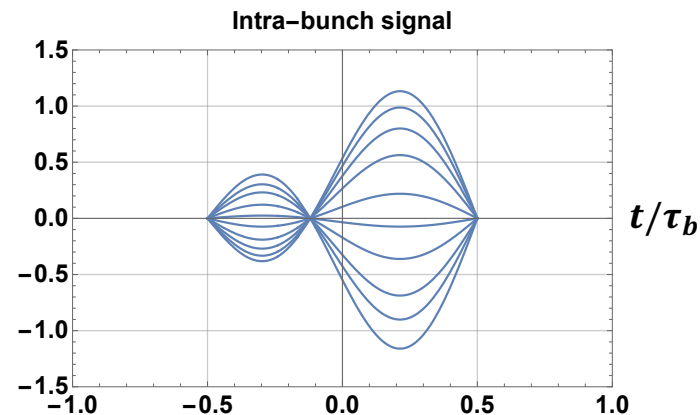
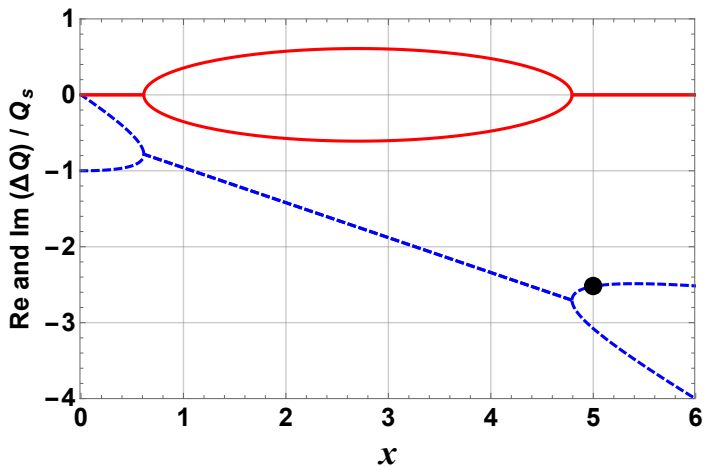
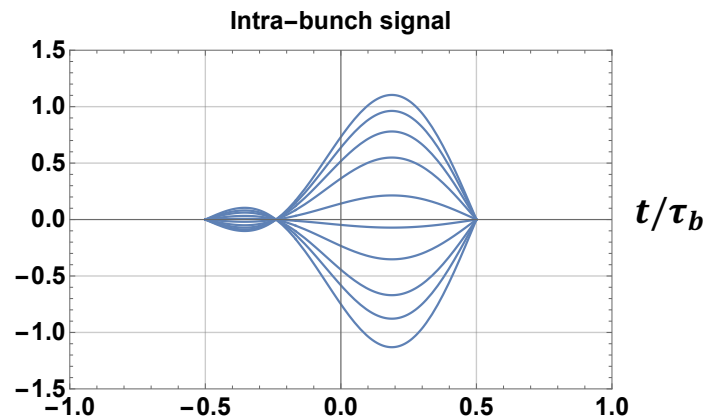
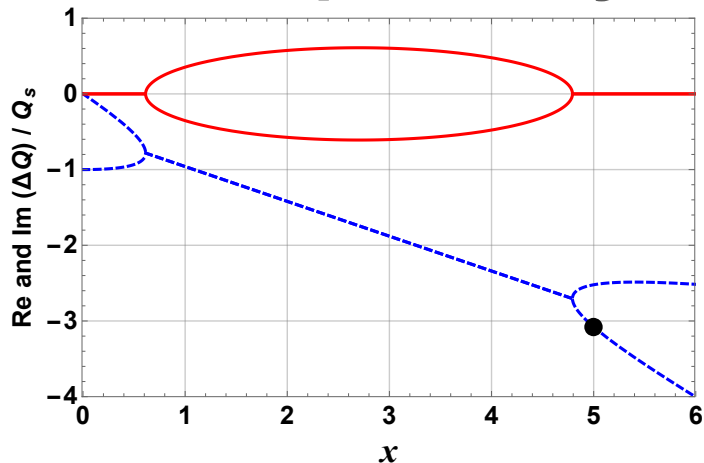
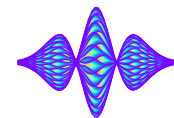
# Simple analytical model ( $x = 4.8$ )



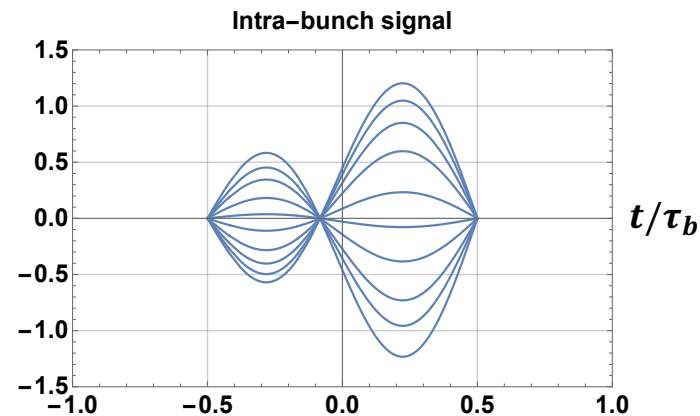
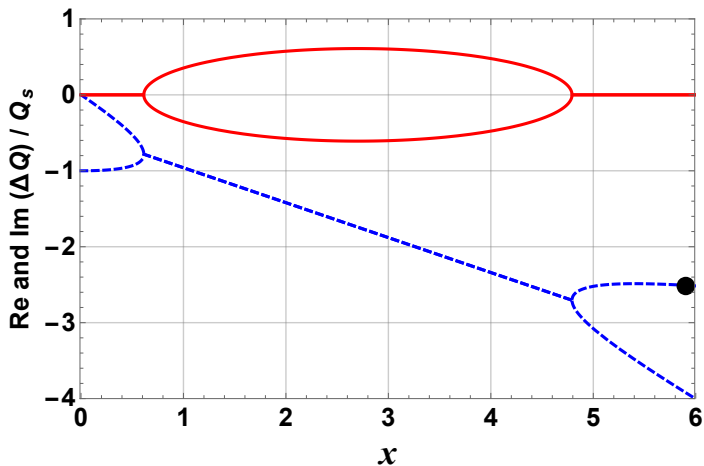
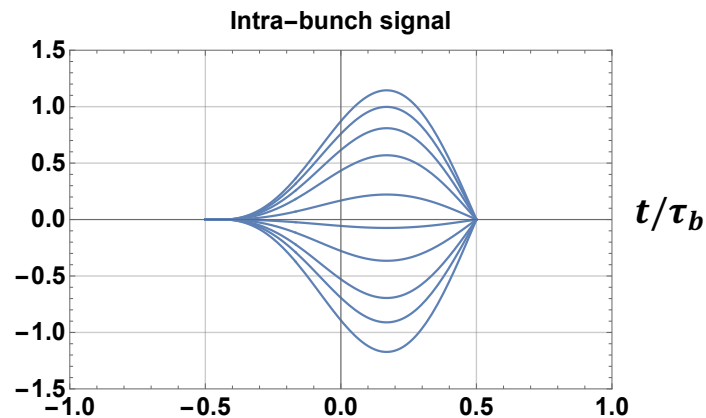
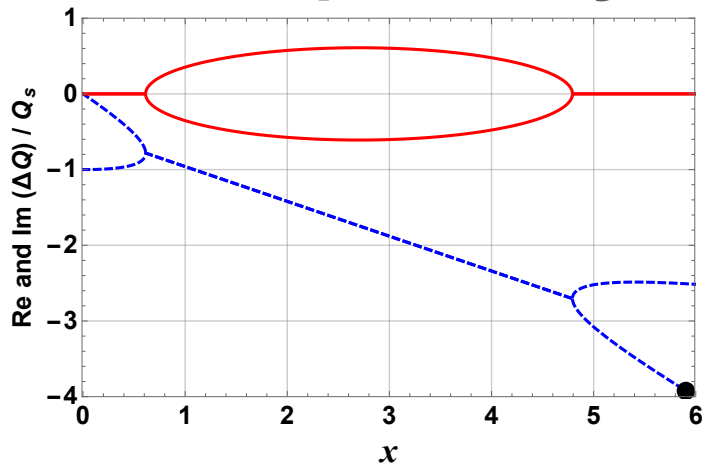
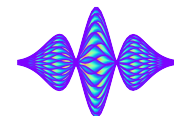
This point is given by  $-\frac{\tau_b}{6}$



# Simple analytical model ( $x = 5.0$ )

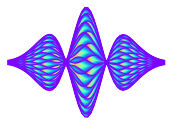


# Simple analytical model ( $x = 5.9$ )





# Conclusion and next step



- ◆ The intra-bunch motion for TMCI (and its main features below-at-above TMCI threshold) can be explained with a simple analytical model
- ◆ Next => Finalise and present the fully self-consistent result from GALACTIC Vlasov solver