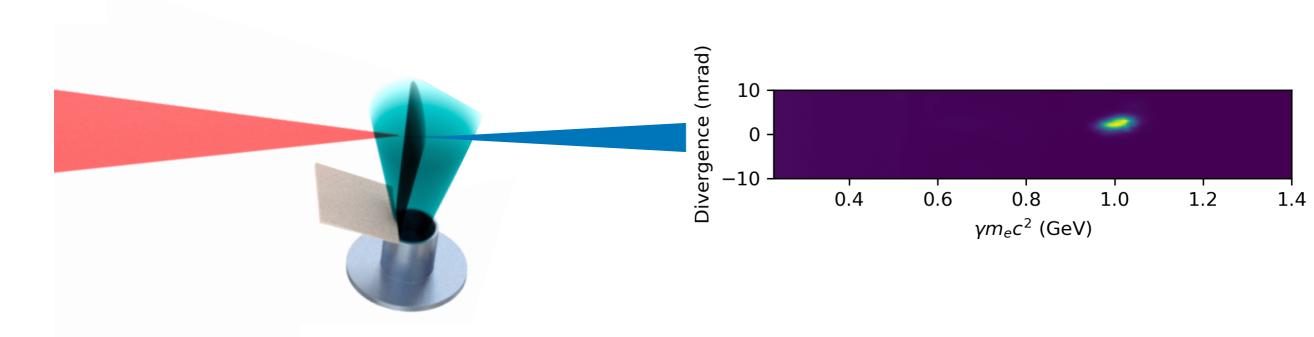


Narrow energy spread, GeV electron beams from shock injection in a laser wakefield accelerator

Cary Colgan



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2/14

JAIFest 2019

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Acknowledgements





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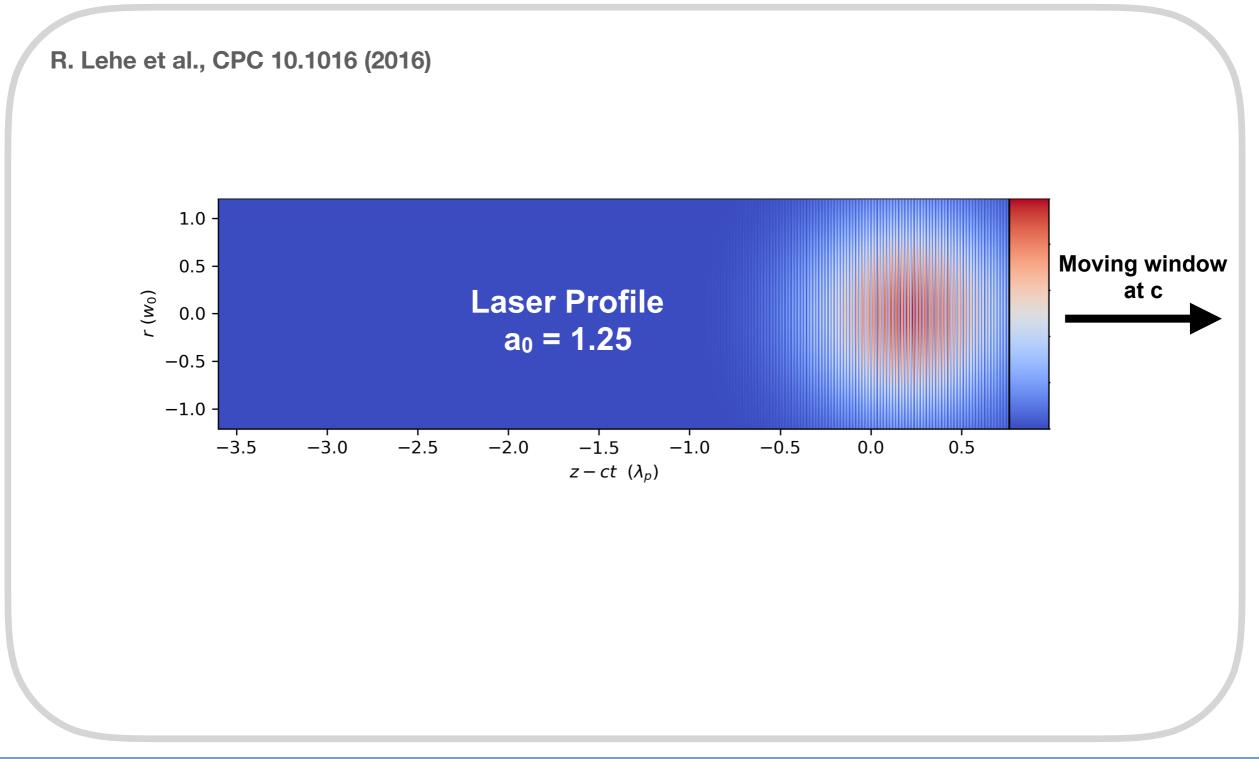
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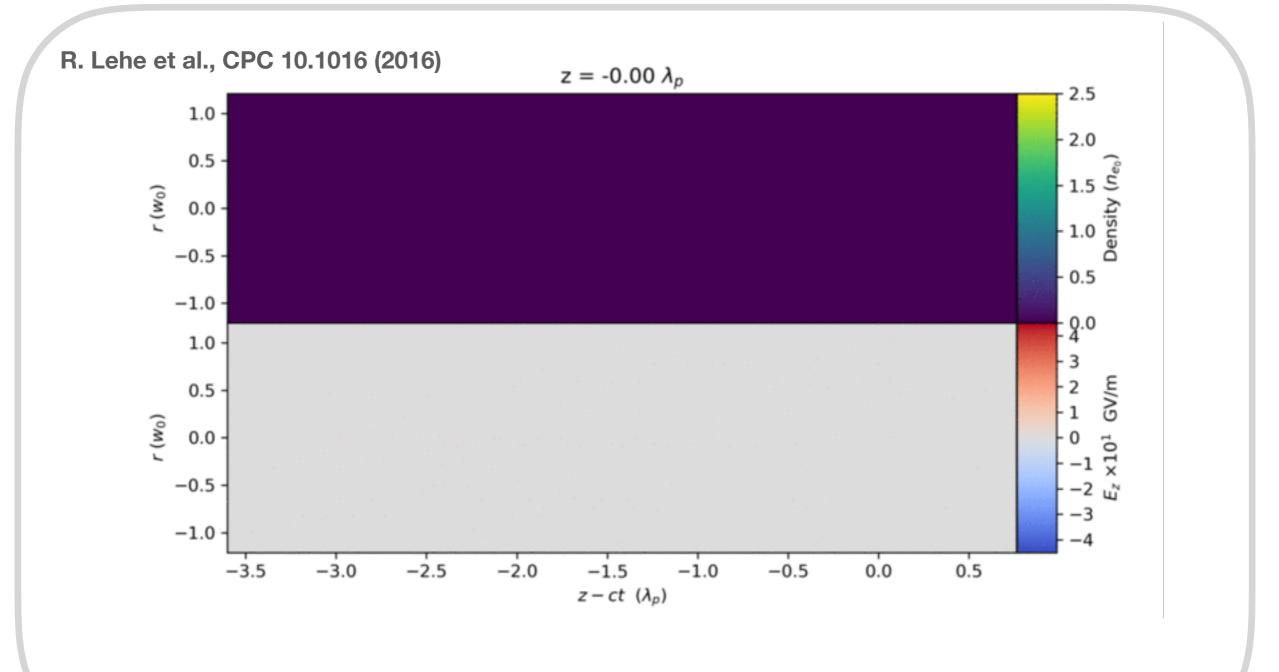


Laser wakefield accelerator has strong accelerating fields



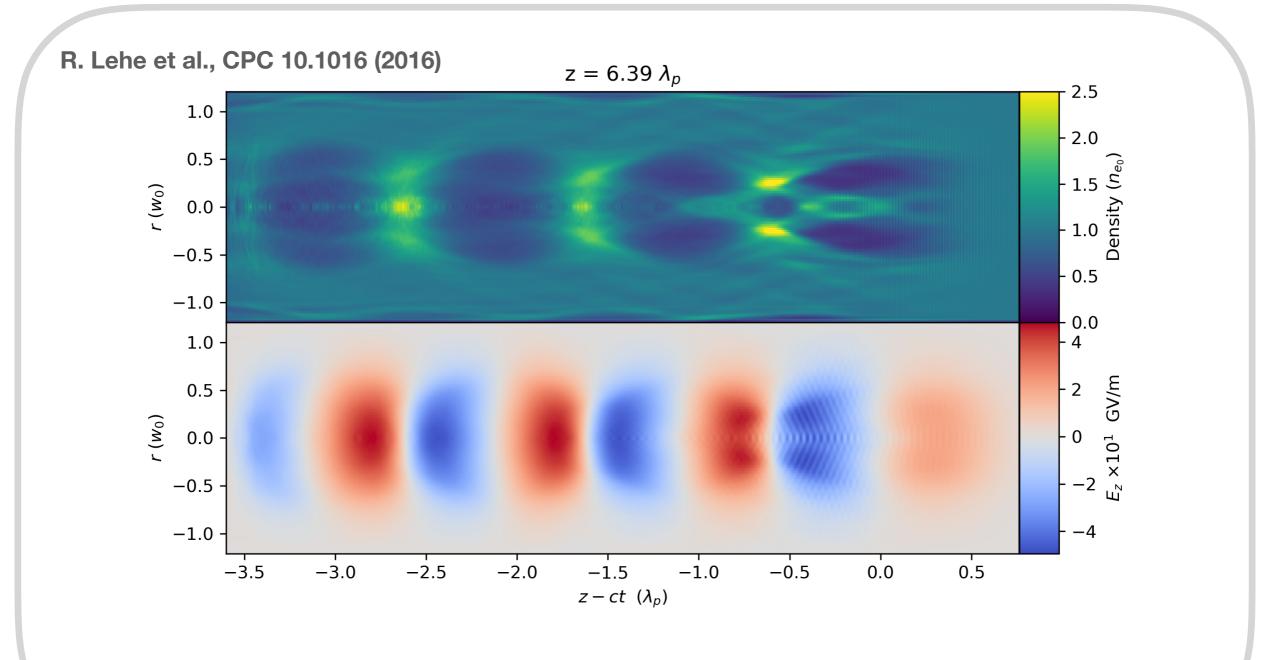


Laser wakefield accelerator has strong accelerating fields



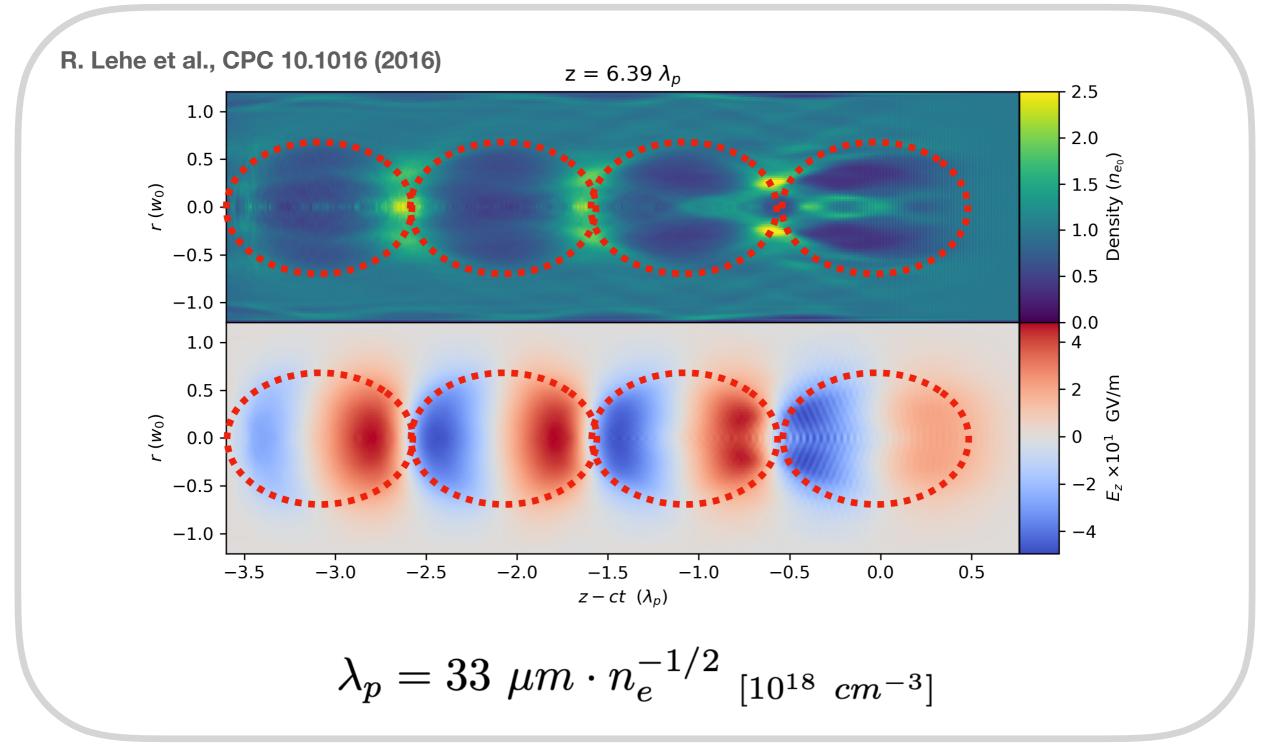


Laser wakefield accelerator has strong accelerating fields





Laser wakefield accelerator has strong accelerating fields





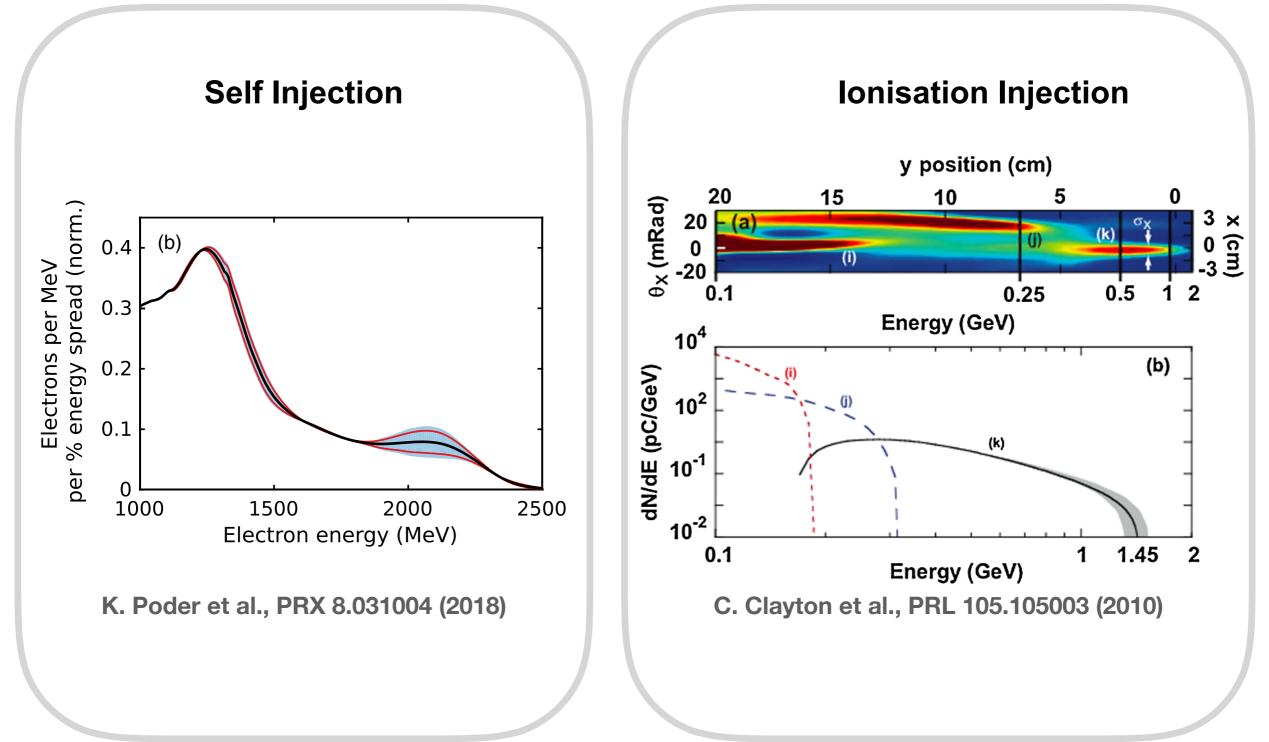


Electron beam properties dependent on injection

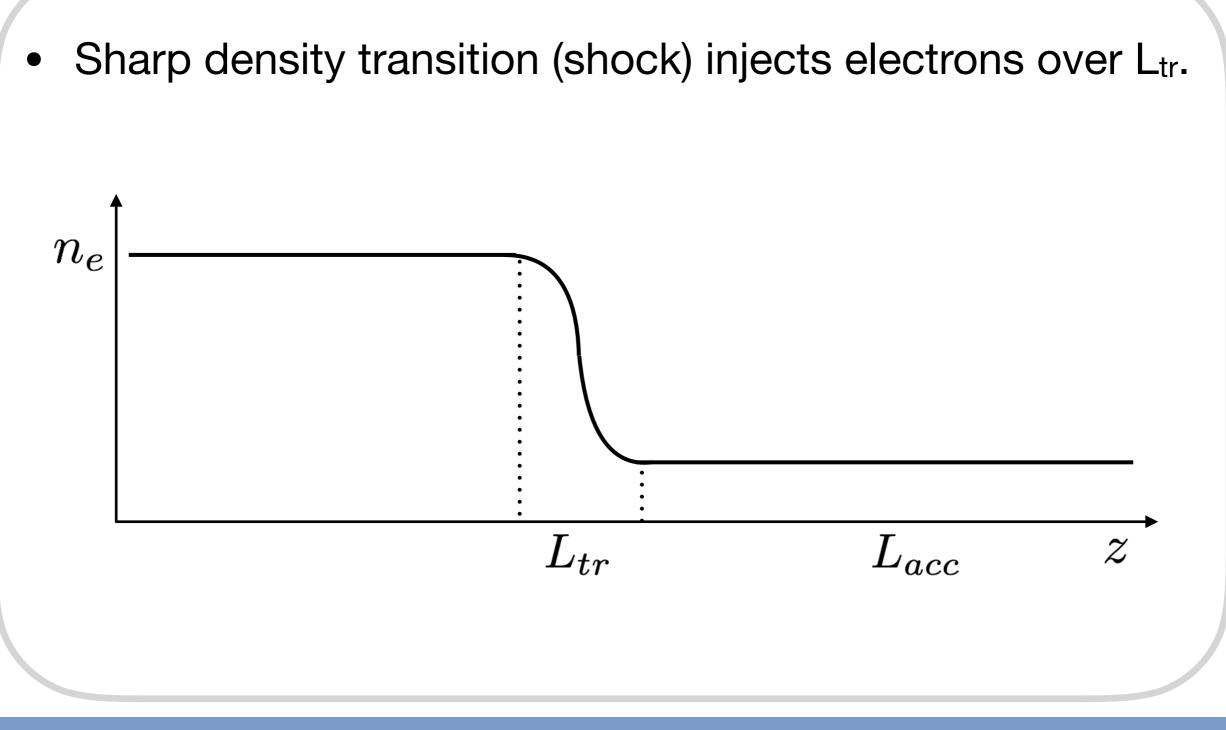




Electron beam properties dependent on injection

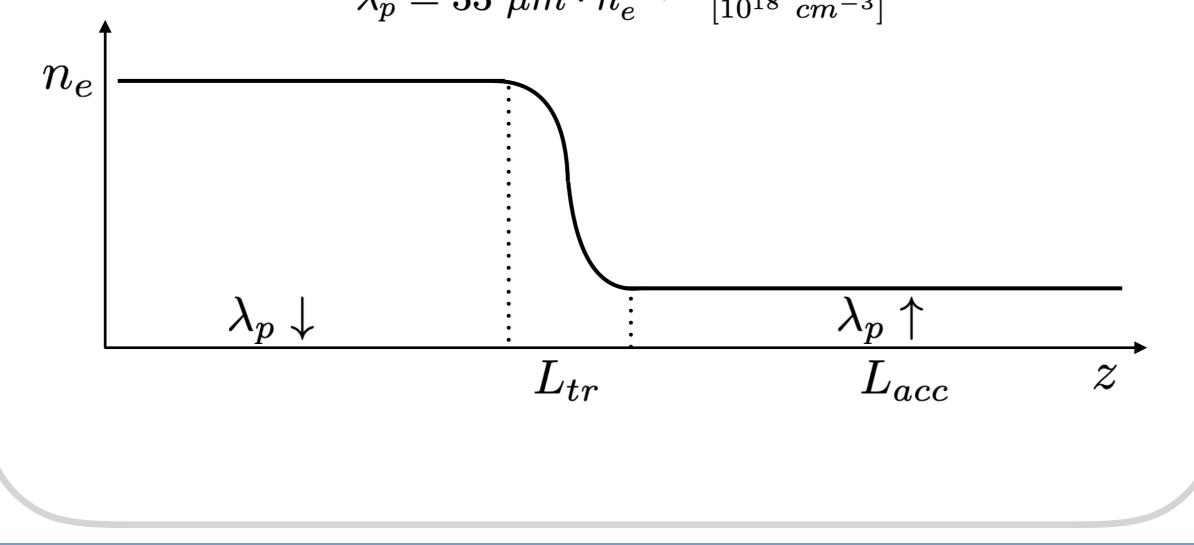




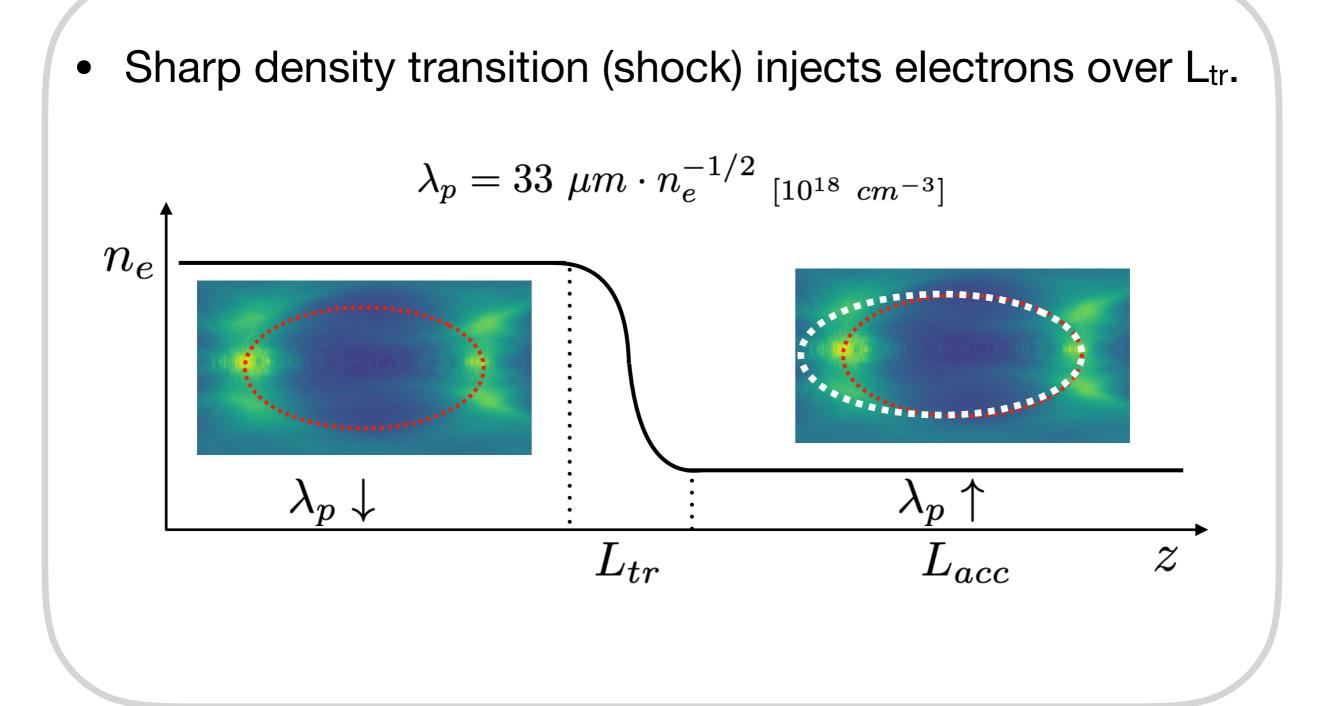




• Sharp density transition (shock) injects electrons over Ltr. $\lambda_p = 33 \ \mu m \cdot n_e^{-1/2} \ _{[10^{18} \ cm^{-3}]}$

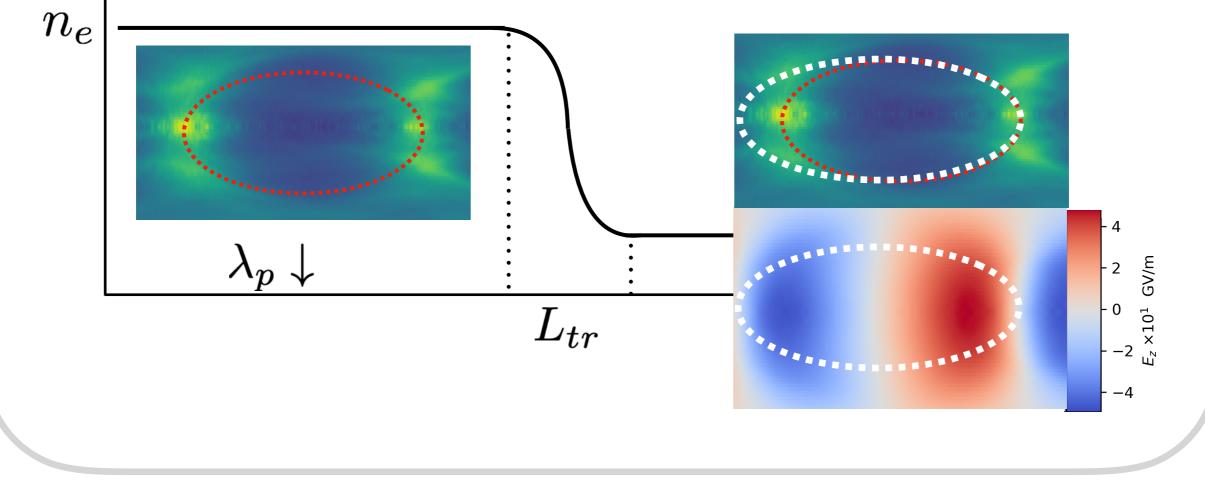








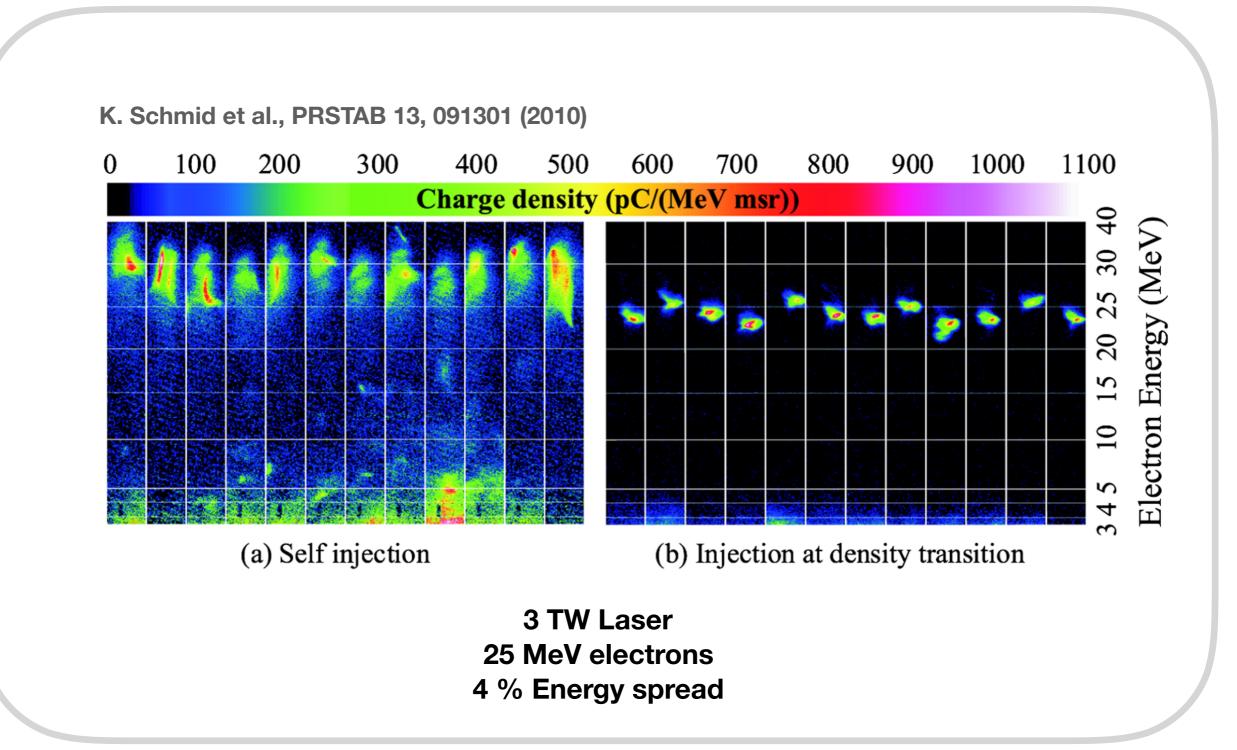
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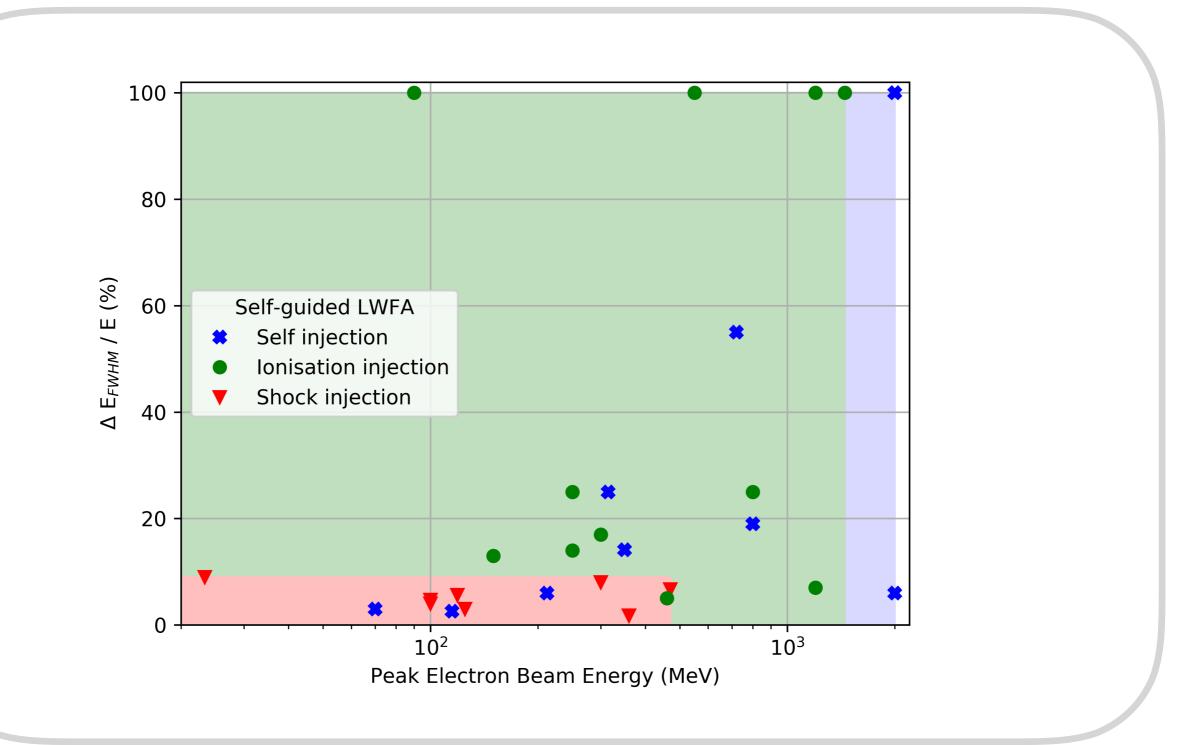
Comparing single beam injection techniques







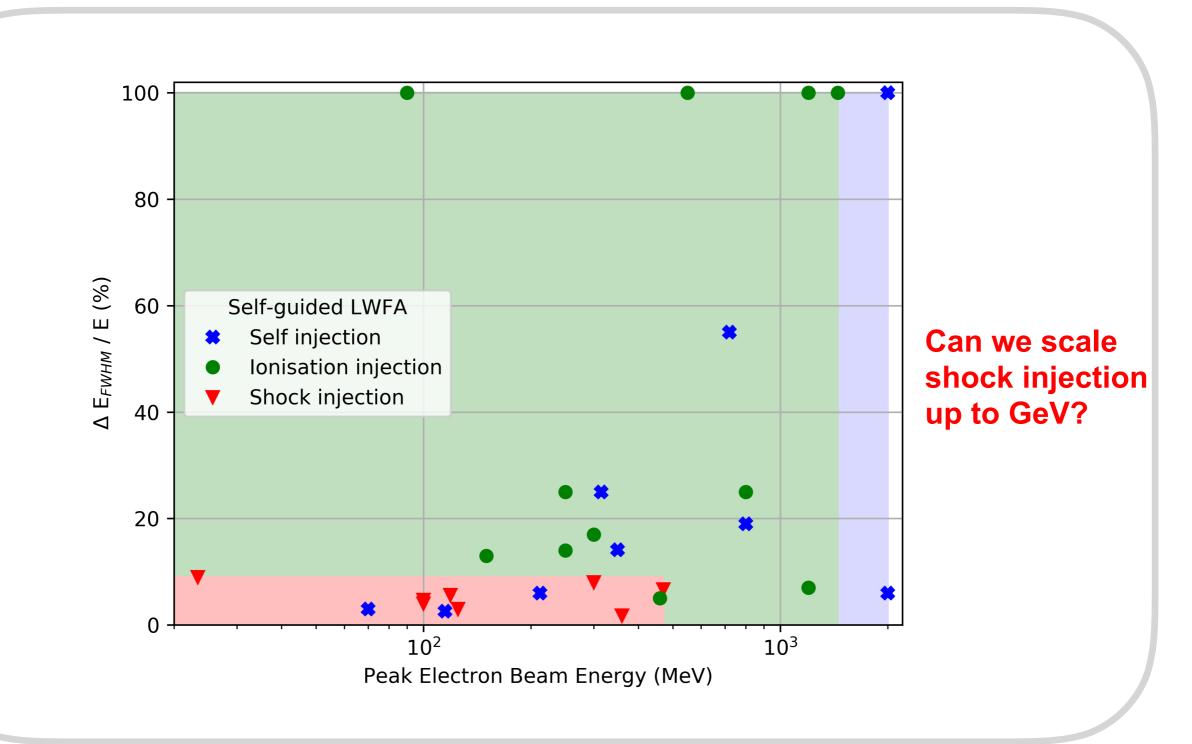
Comparing single beam injection techniques







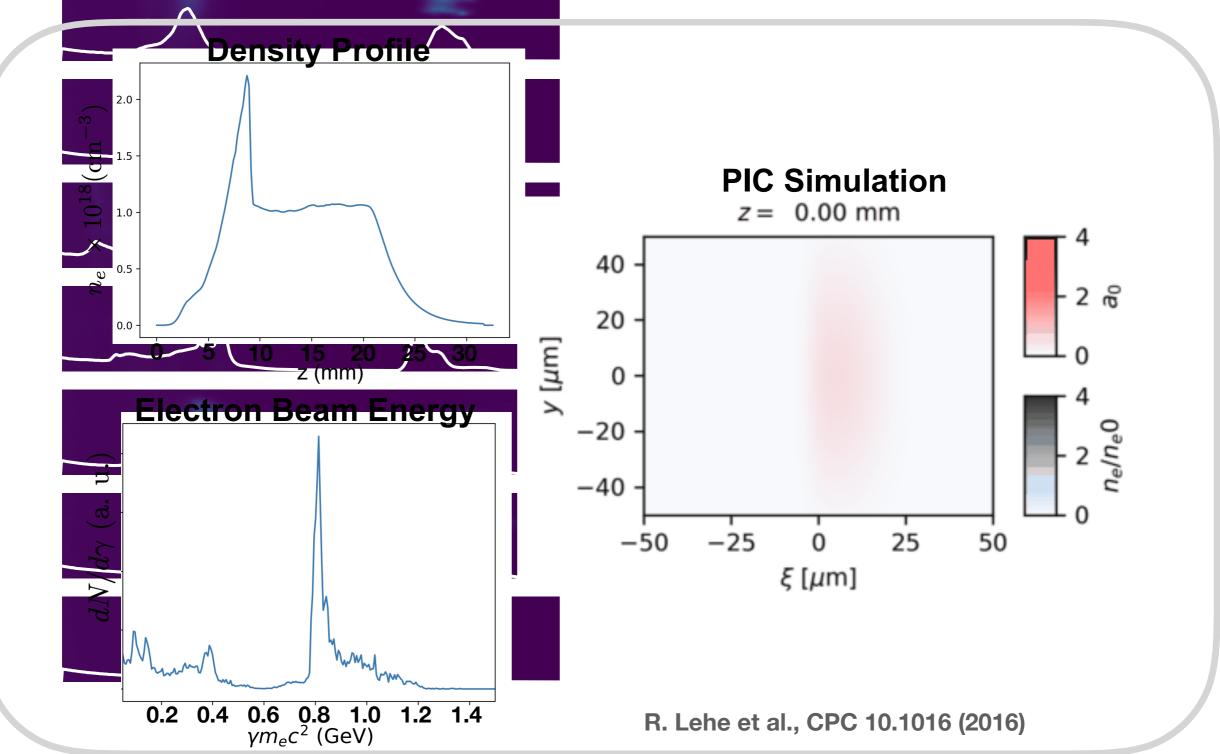
Comparing single beam injection techniques





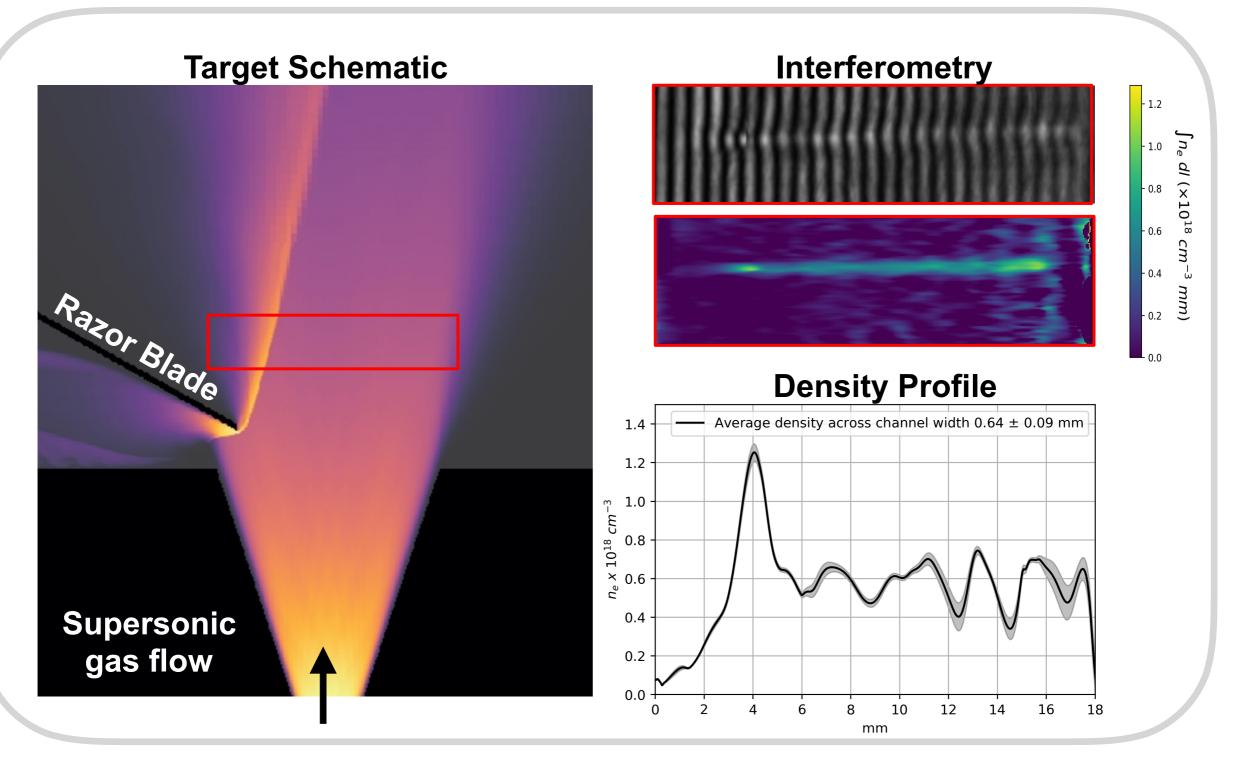


Simulating shock injection with 165 TW laser



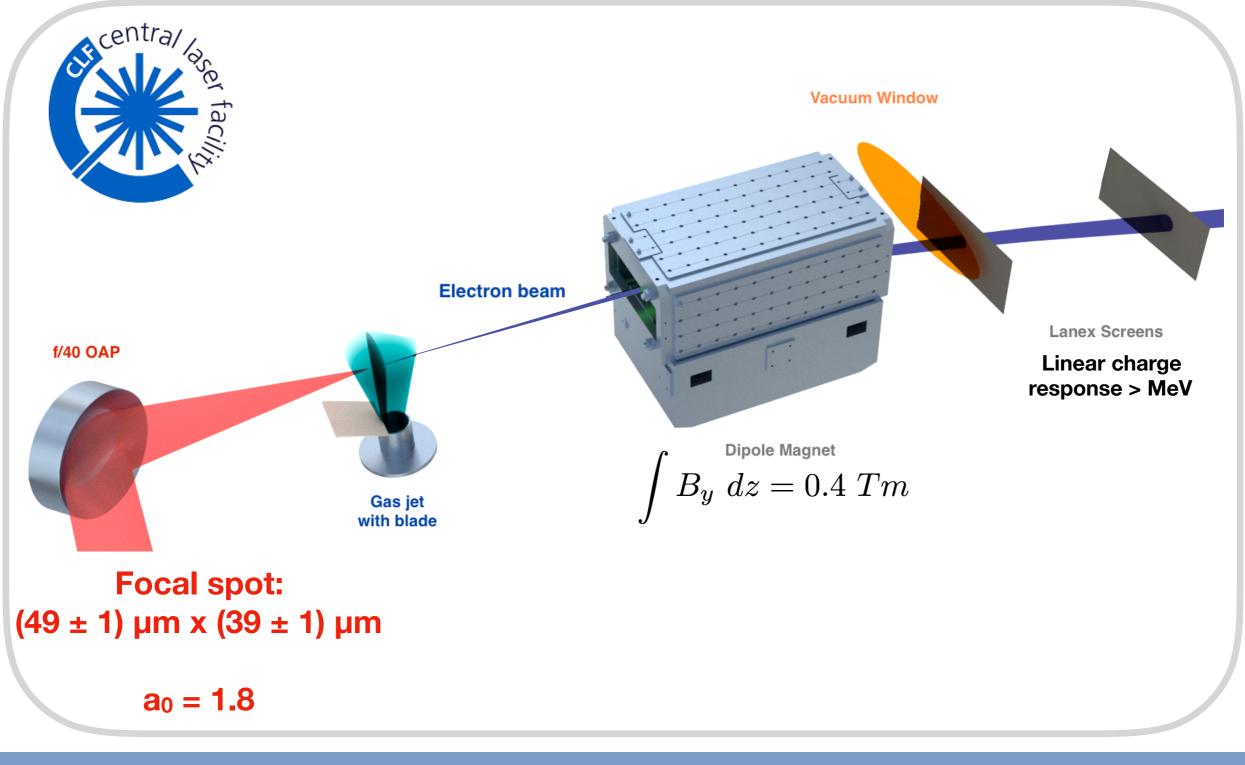


Density profile from shocked supersonic gas flow



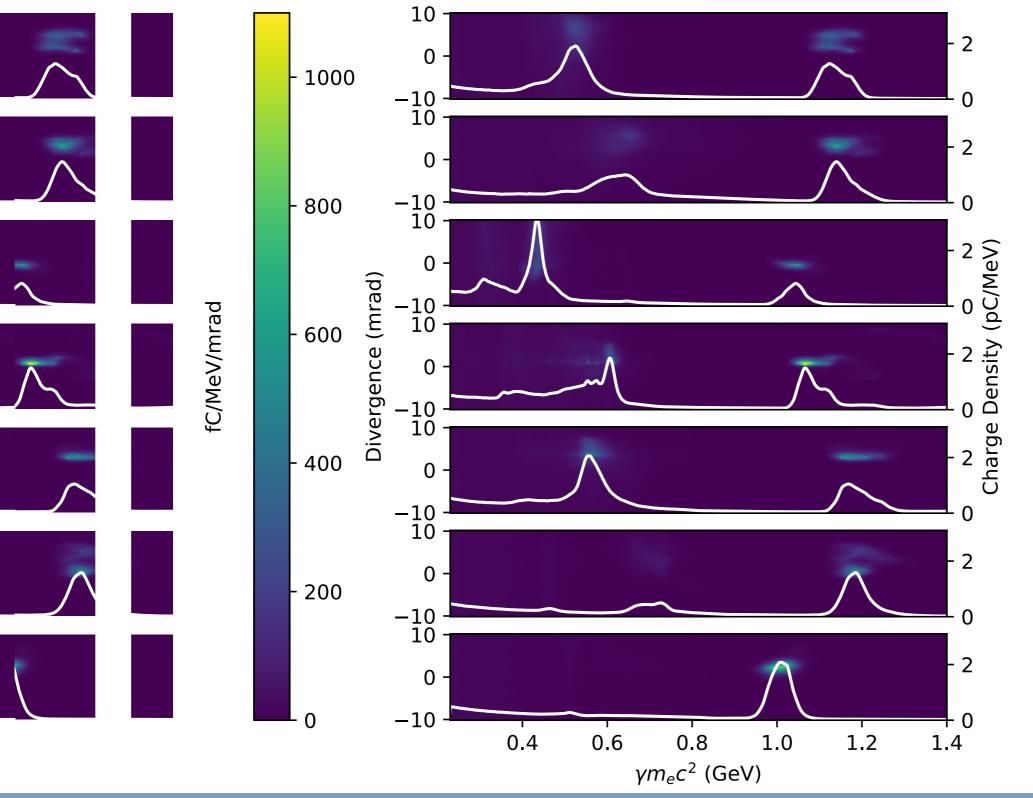


Shock injection at Gemini Laser Facility





Narrow energy spread, GeV beams



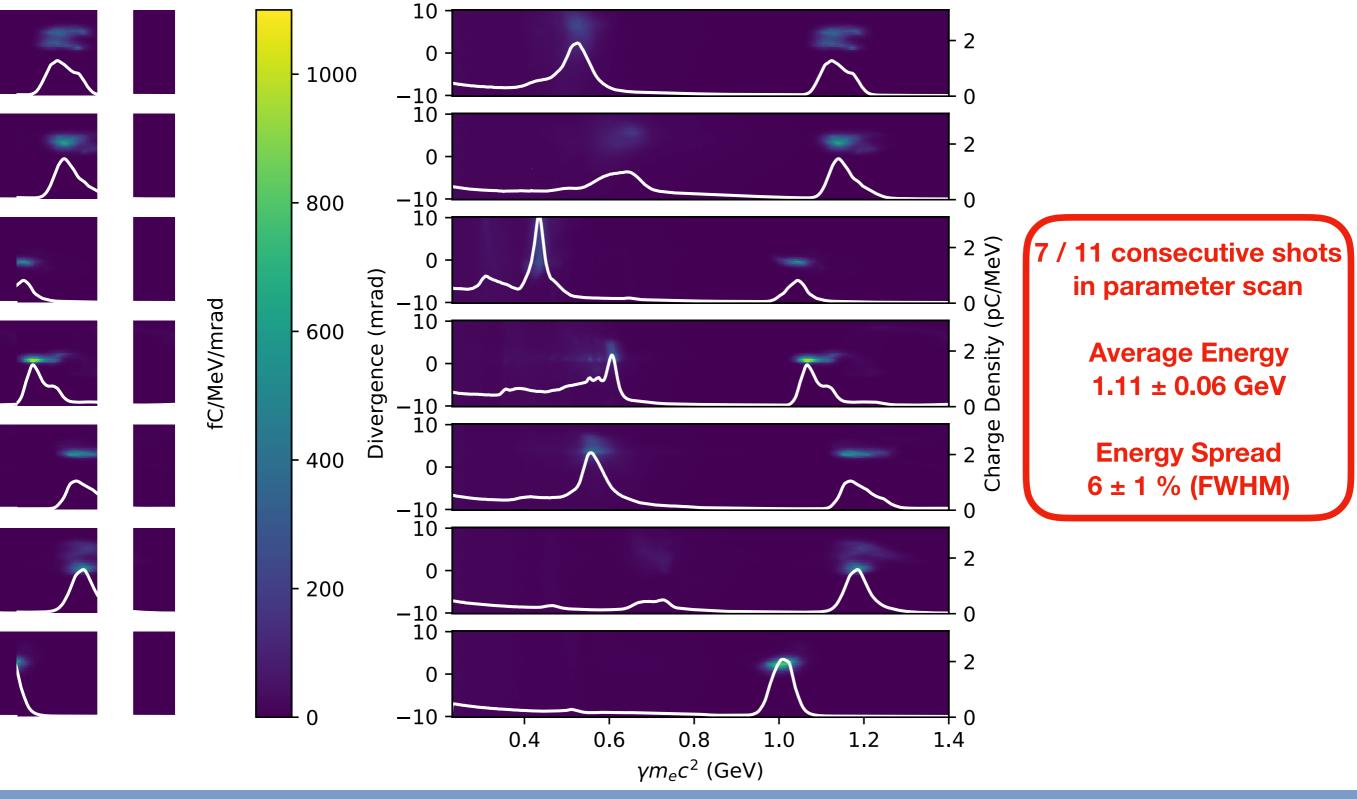
Cary Colgan



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Narrow energy spread, GeV beams

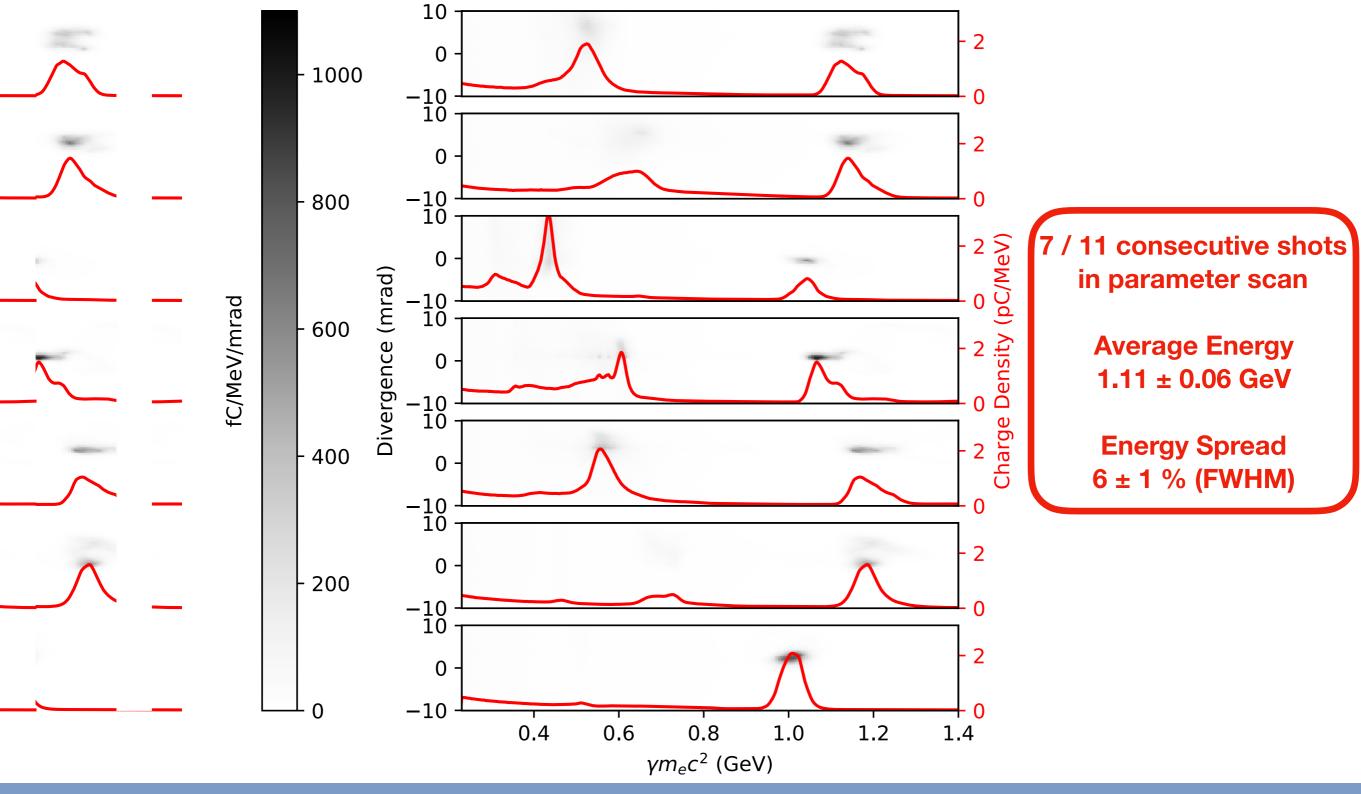




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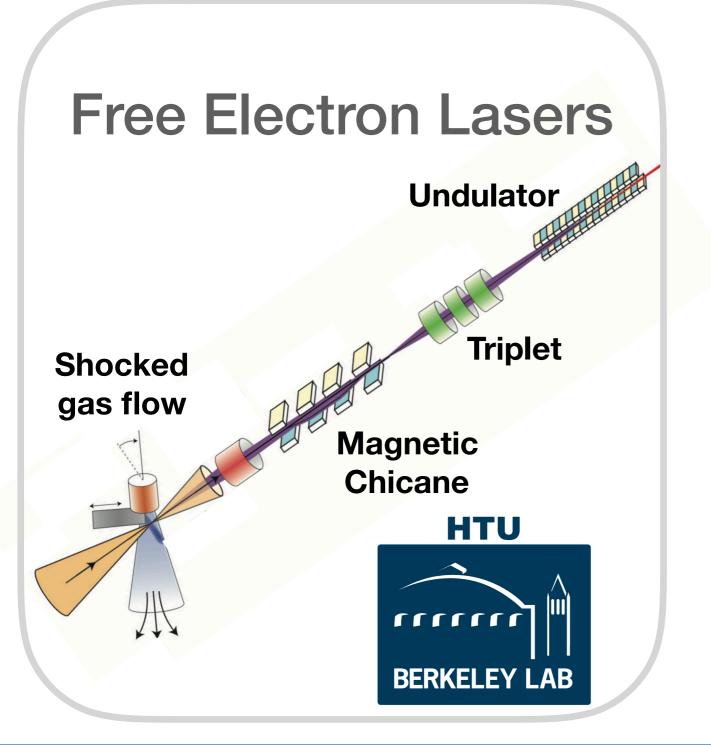
Narrow energy spread, GeV beams





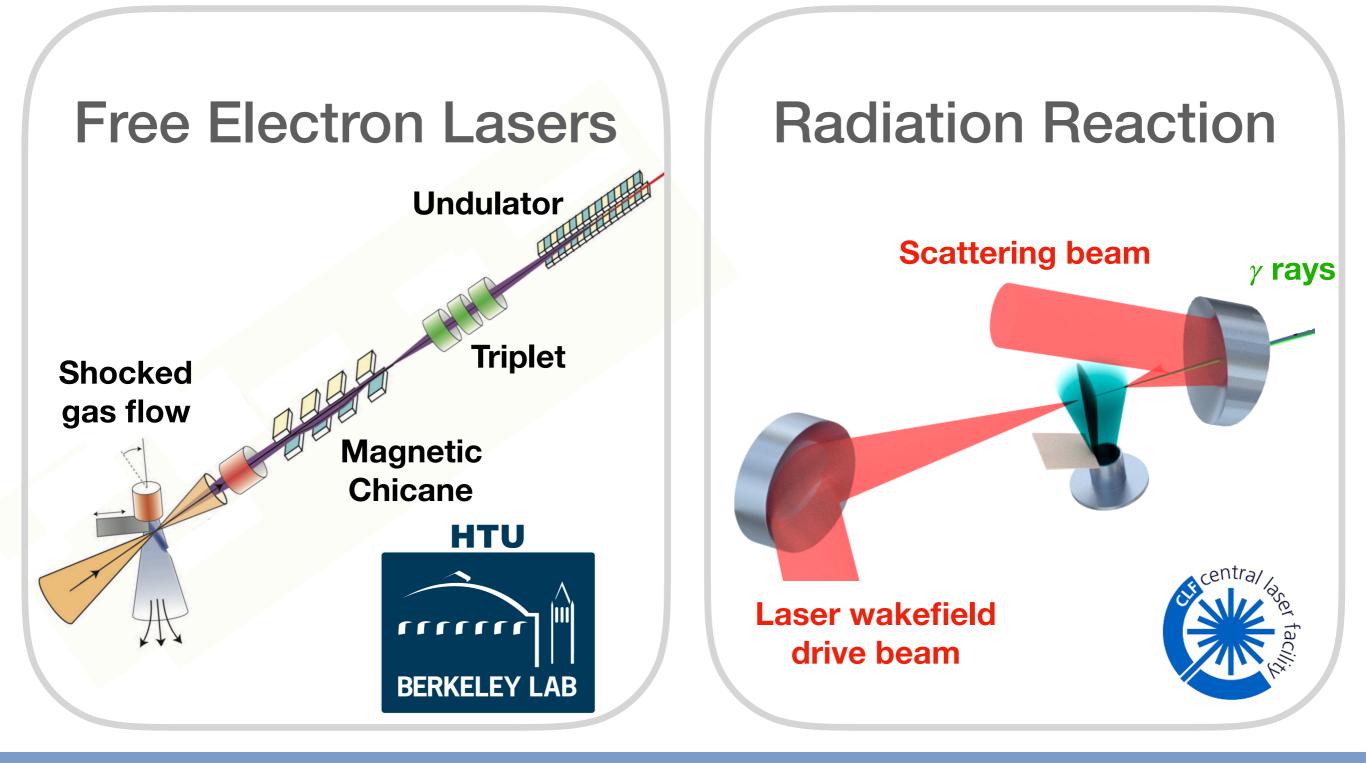


Applications of narrow energy spread beams



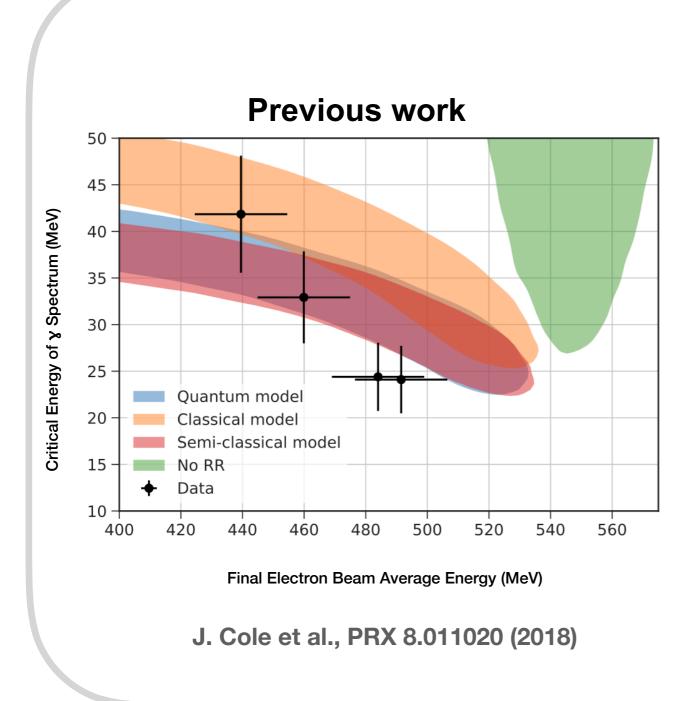


Applications of narrow energy spread beams



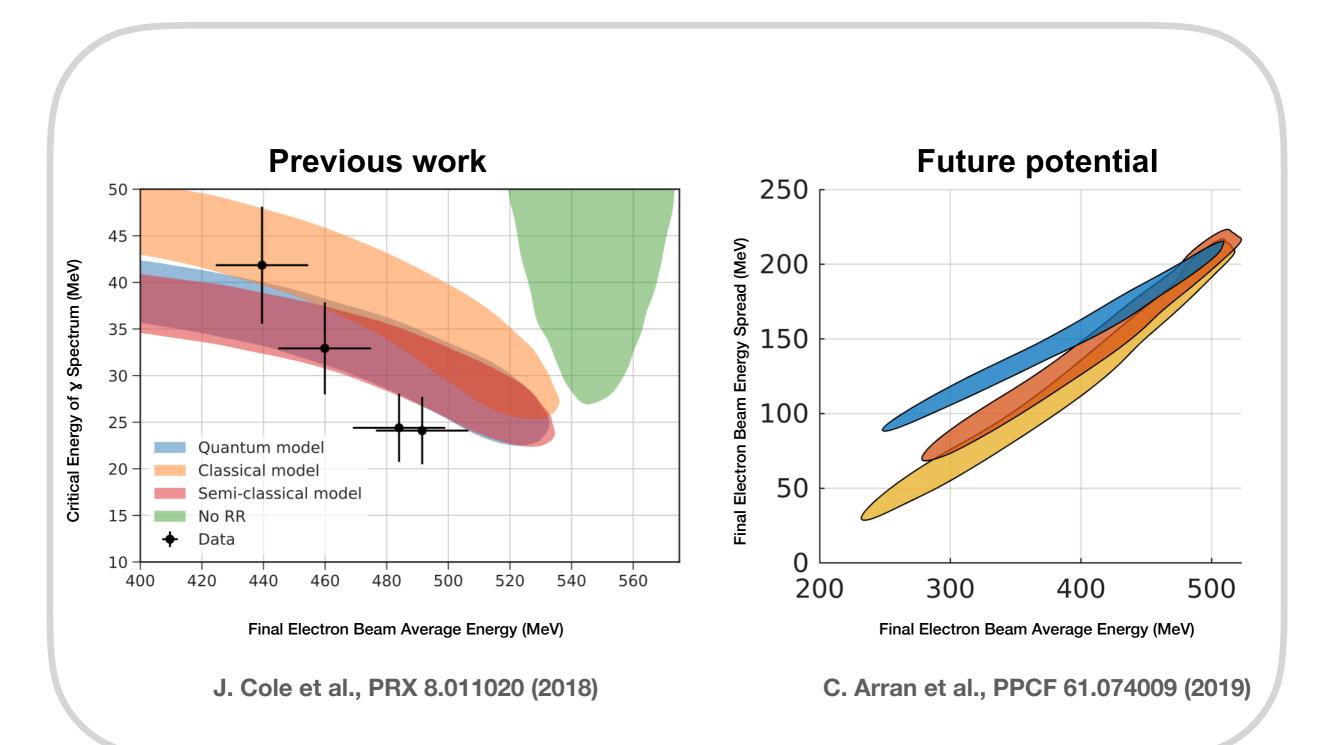


Applications to Radiation Reaction





Applications to Radiation Reaction



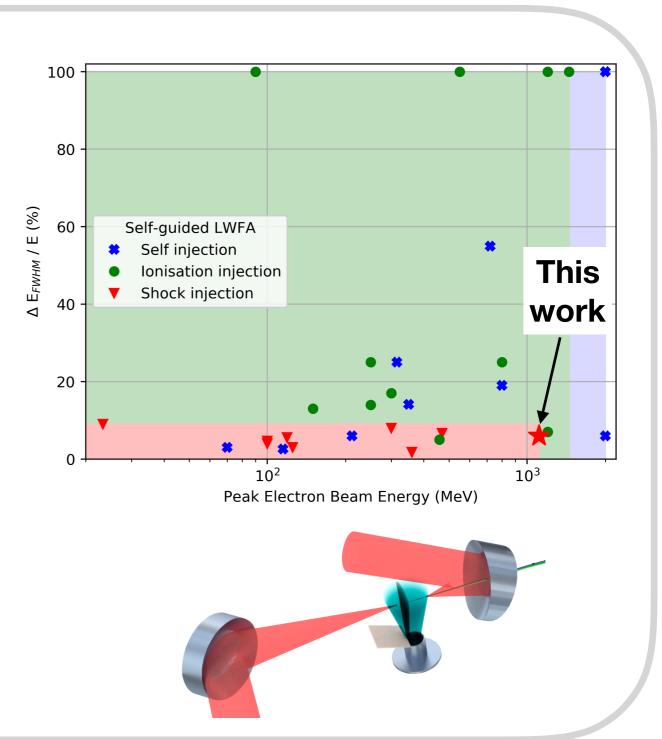


Conclusion

 Demonstrated shock injection on 150 TW system.

 Narrow energy spread, electron beams (1.1 GeV, 6% spread) have been produced.

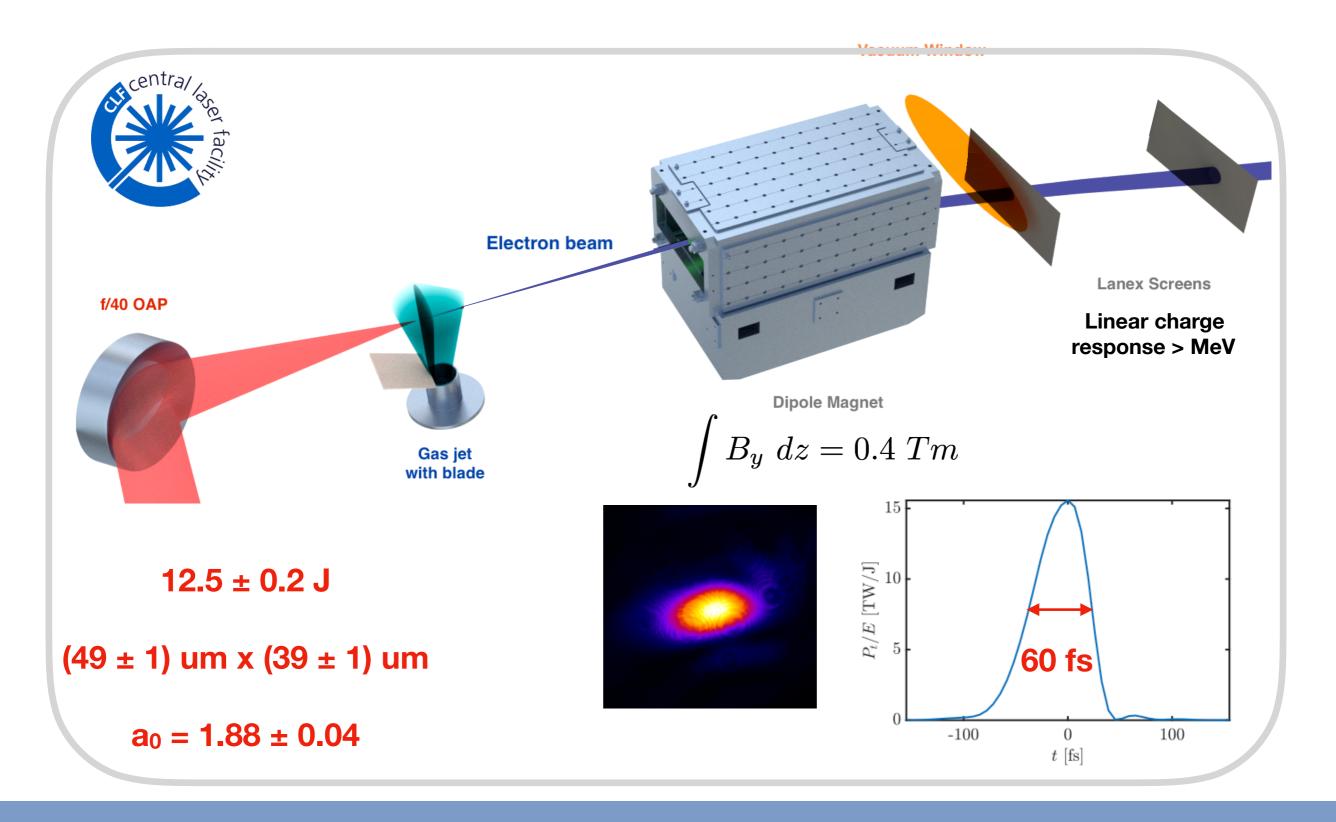
 Potential applications to QED studies, free electron lasing and Thomson scattering.

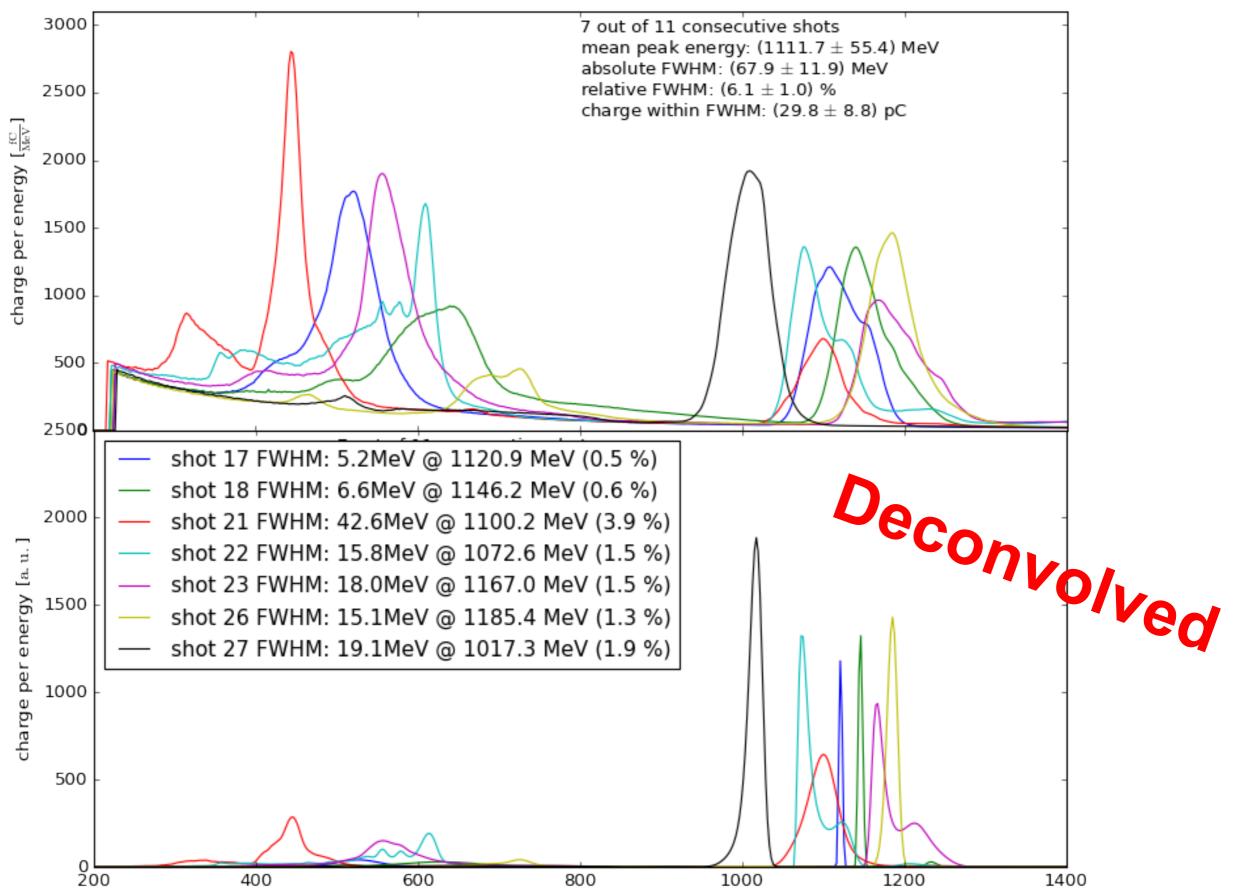


Extra Slides



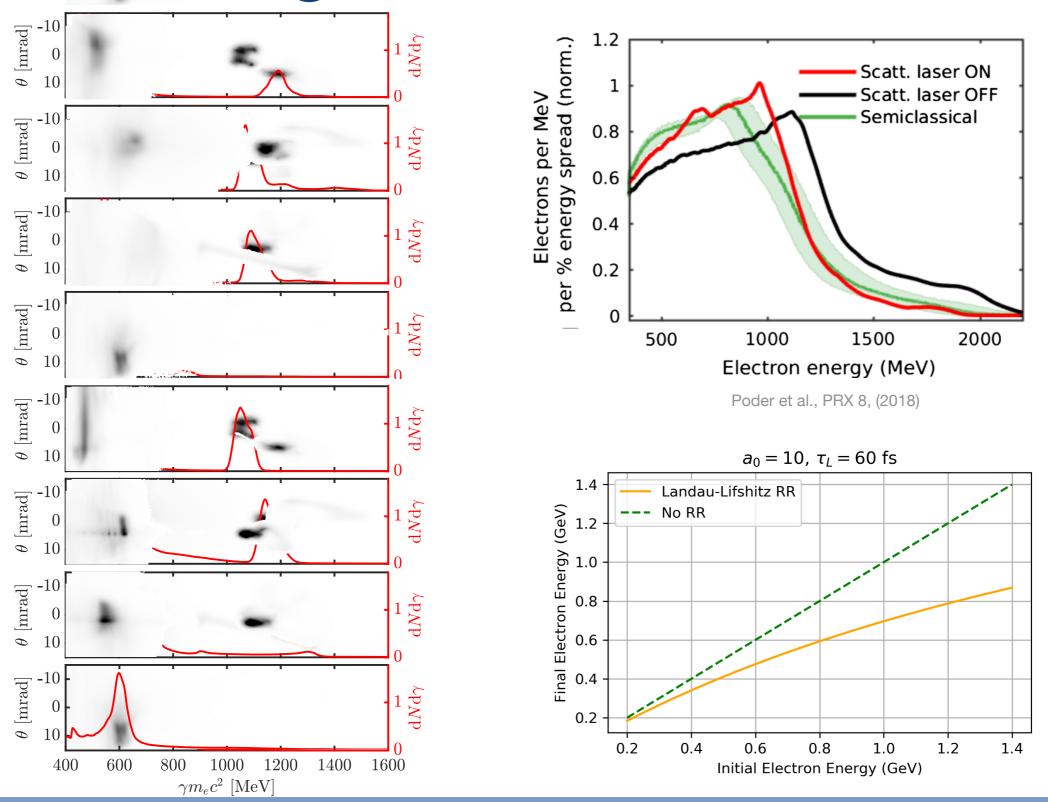
Experimental Setup





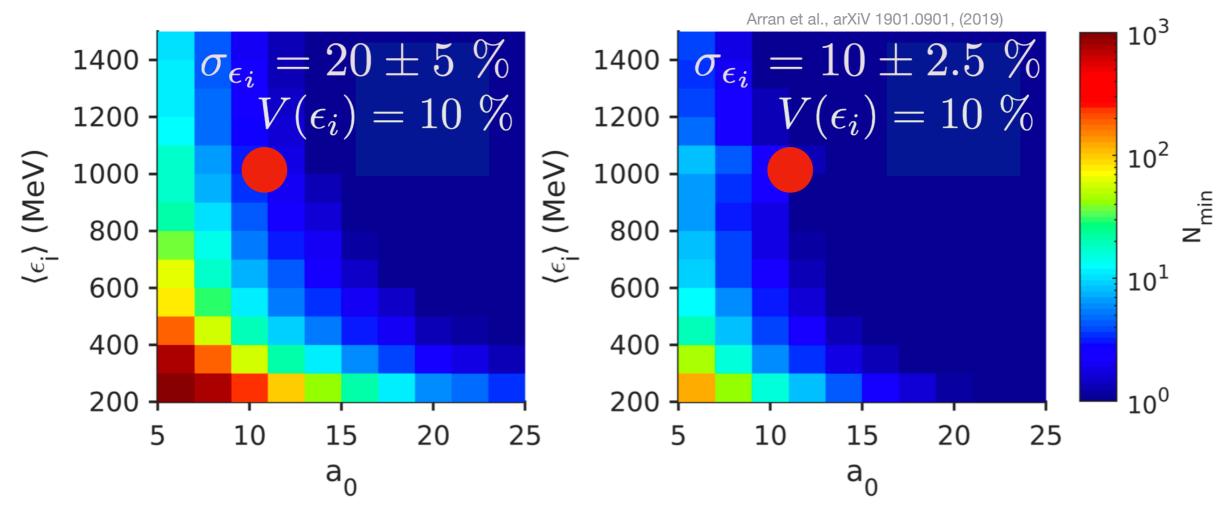


Detecting Radiation Reaction





Detecting Radiation Reaction

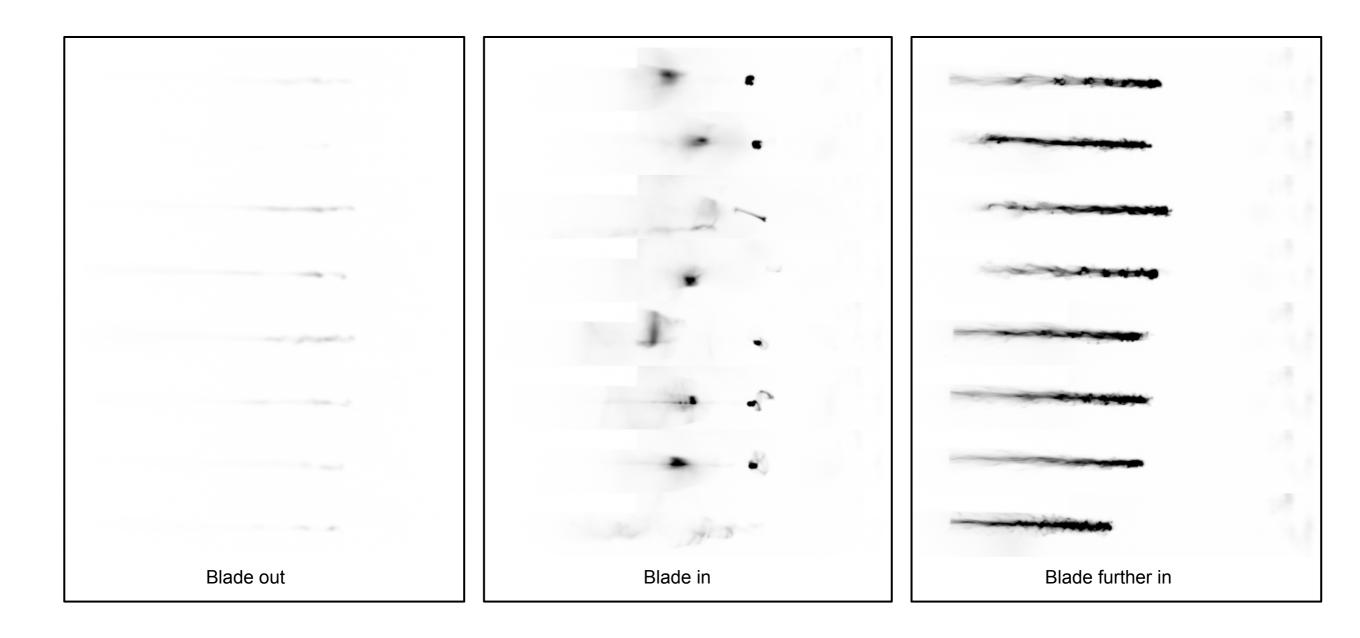


 According to EPOCH sims, the minimum number of shots required to distinguish between **semi-classical** and fully **quantum** radiation reaction models (p=0.3%, 2.97σ).

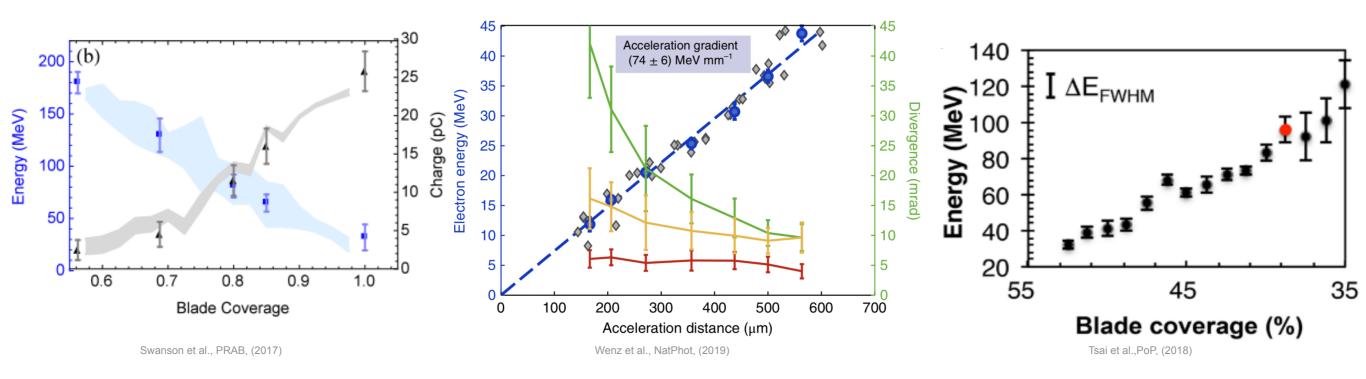
Experimental
$$\begin{cases} \sigma_{\epsilon_i} = 6 \pm 1 \% \\ V(\epsilon_i) = 4 \% \end{cases}$$



Sensitivity to shock position



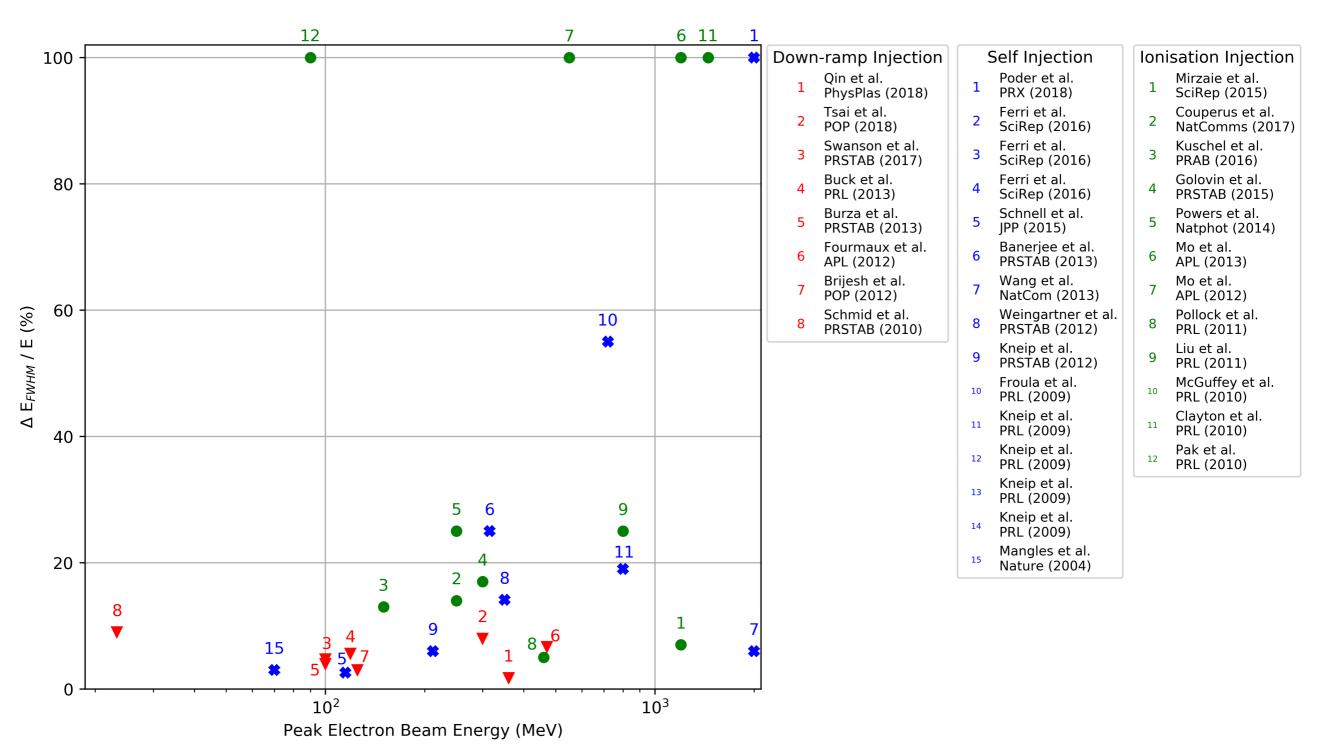
Sensitivity to shock position







All refs



Ref. Material

