

[A GeV/c]

13

19/20

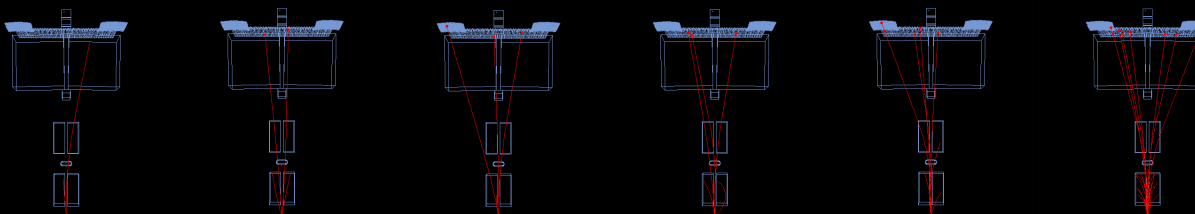
30/31

40

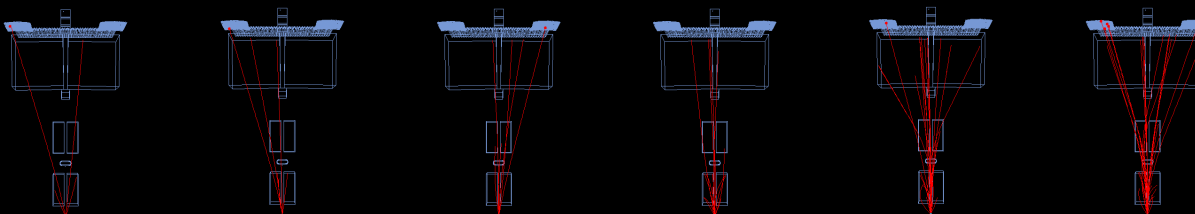
75/80

150/158

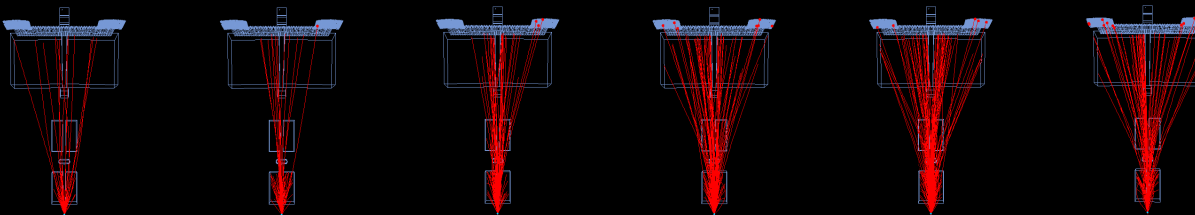
p+p



Be+Be



Ar+Sc



# SYSTEM SIZE DEPENDENCE OF **STRANGENESS PRODUCTION** AT THE CERN SPS ENERGIES

Andrey Seryakov  
for the NA61/SHINE collaboration  
Laboratory of ultra-high energy physics  
St. Petersburg State University  
seryakov@yahoo.com

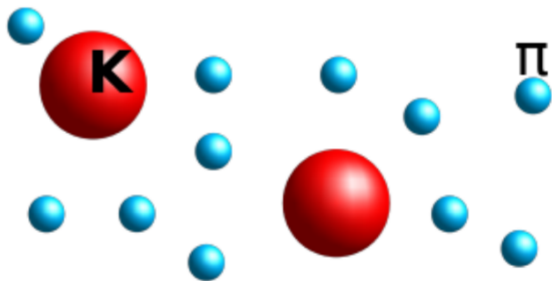
The work was supported by the Russian Science Foundation grant number 17-72-20045

# STRANGENESS AND QGP

Confined matter:

K - mesons

$$2M \approx 2 \cdot 500 \text{ MeV}$$



$$T_c \approx 150 \text{ MeV}$$

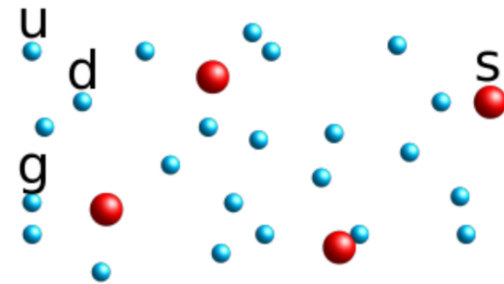


Phase transition

Deconfined matter:

(anti-)strange quarks

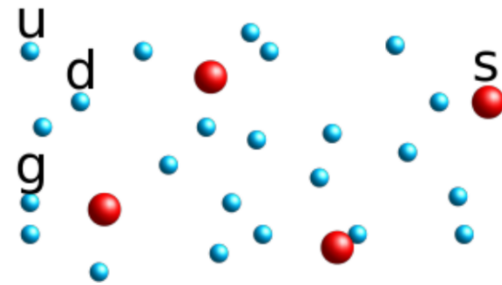
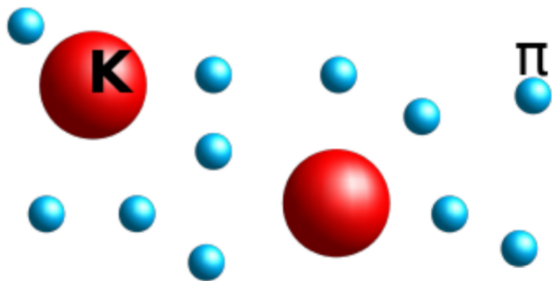
$$2m \approx 2 \cdot 100 \text{ MeV}$$



# STRANGENESS IN STATISTICAL MODEL OF EARLY STAGE

$$\langle n \rangle = \frac{gV}{(2\pi)^3} \int d^3p \frac{1}{e^{E/T} \pm 1} \approx gV \left(\frac{MT}{2\pi}\right)^{3/2} e^{-M/T} \quad \text{for heavy particles}$$

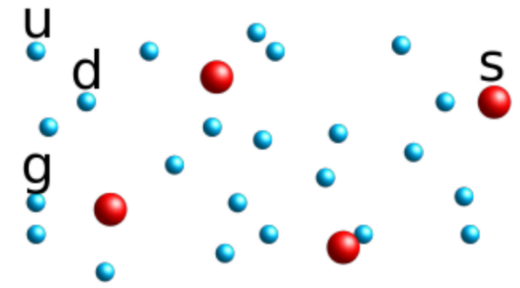
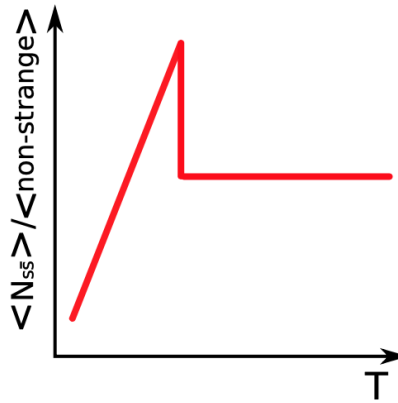
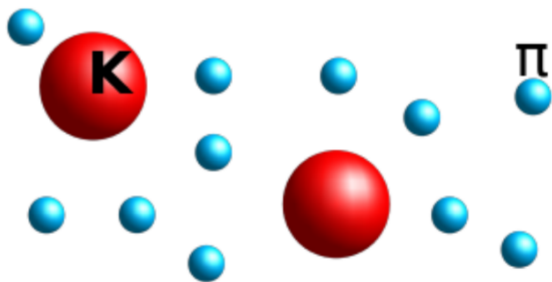
$$\approx gV \frac{2\pi^2}{4.45} T^3 \quad \text{for light particles}$$



# STRANGENESS IN STATISTICAL MODEL OF EARLY STAGE

$$\langle n \rangle = \frac{gV}{(2\pi)^3} \int d^3p \frac{1}{e^{E/T} \pm 1} \approx gV \left(\frac{MT}{2\pi}\right)^{3/2} e^{-M/T} \quad \text{for heavy particles}$$

$$\approx gV \frac{2\pi^2}{4.45} T^3 \quad \text{for light particles}$$



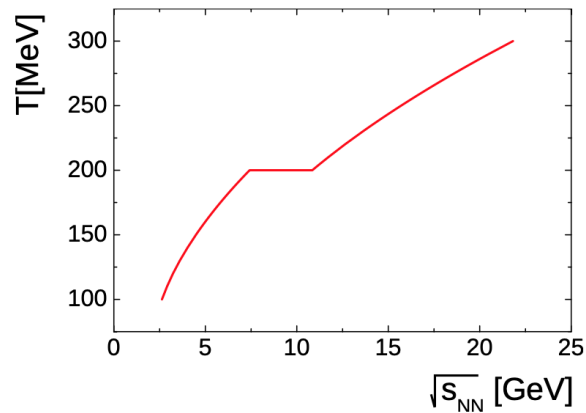
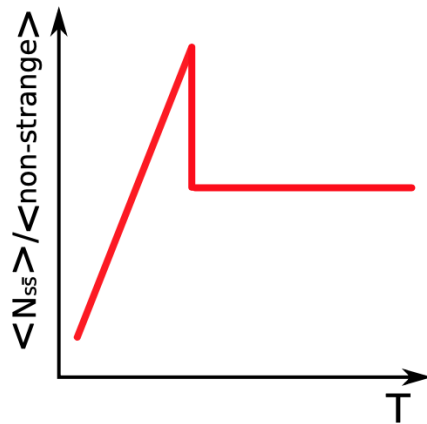
$$\frac{\langle K \rangle}{\langle \pi \rangle} \propto \frac{T^{3/2}}{T^3} \cdot e^{-M/T}$$

$$\frac{\langle s \rangle}{\langle u + d + g \rangle} \propto \frac{T^3}{T^3} = \text{const}(T)$$

Gaździcki, Gorenstein, Acta Phys.Polon. B30 (1999) 2705

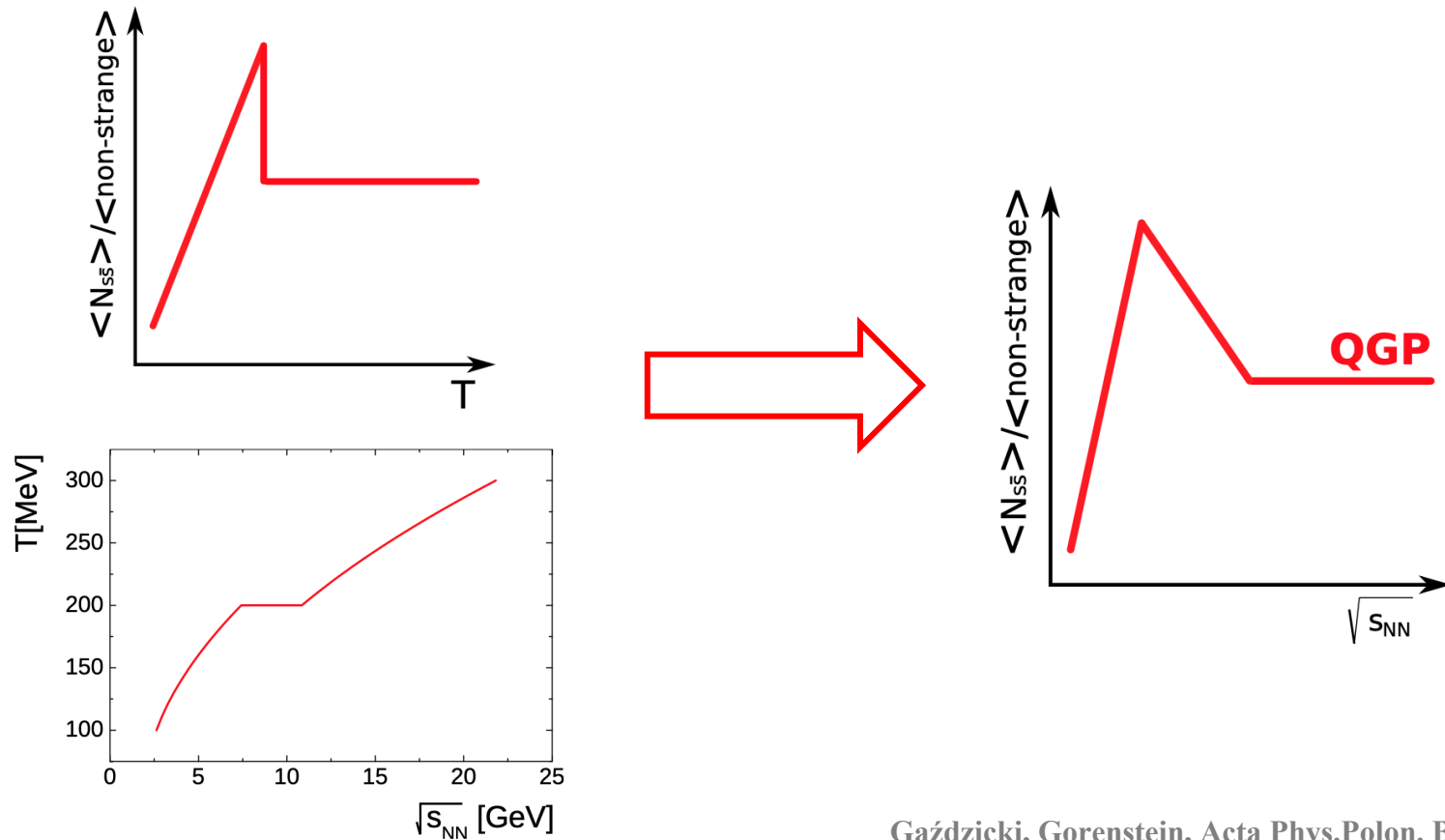


# STRANGENESS IN STATISTICAL MODEL OF EARLY STAGE



Gaździcki, Gorenstein, Acta Phys.Polon. B30 (1999) 2705

# STRANGENESS IN STATISTICAL MODEL OF EARLY STAGE



Gaździcki, Gorenstein, Acta Phys.Polon. B30 (1999) 2705

# STRANGENESS IN HEAVY ION COLLISIONS

How to measure  $\langle N_{s\bar{s}} \rangle$ ?

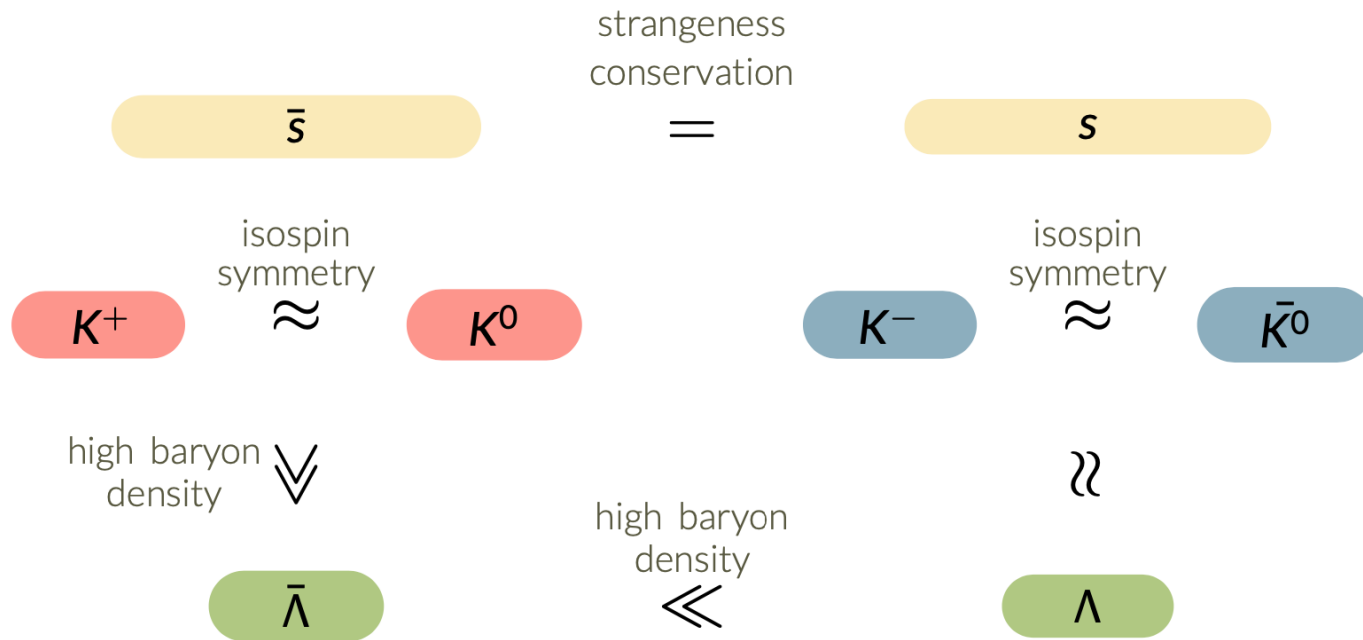
# STRANGENESS IN HEAVY ION COLLISIONS

How to measure  $\langle N_{s\bar{s}} \rangle$ ?



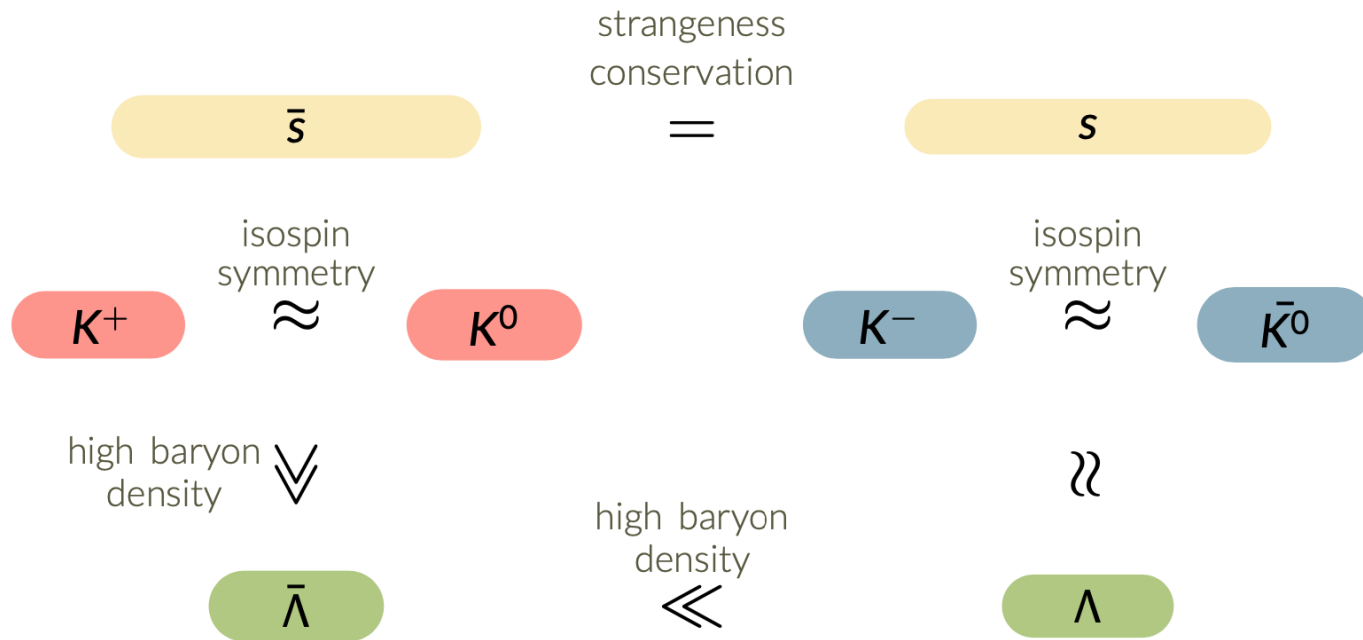
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# STRANGENESS IN HEAVY ION COLLISIONS

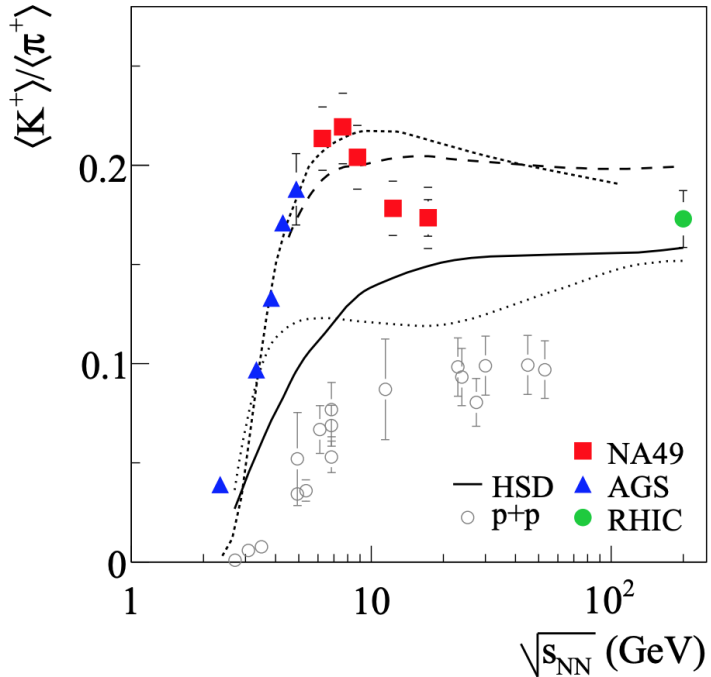
How to measure  $\langle N_{s\bar{s}} \rangle$ ?



$$\langle N_{s\bar{s}} \rangle \sim \langle K^+ \rangle$$

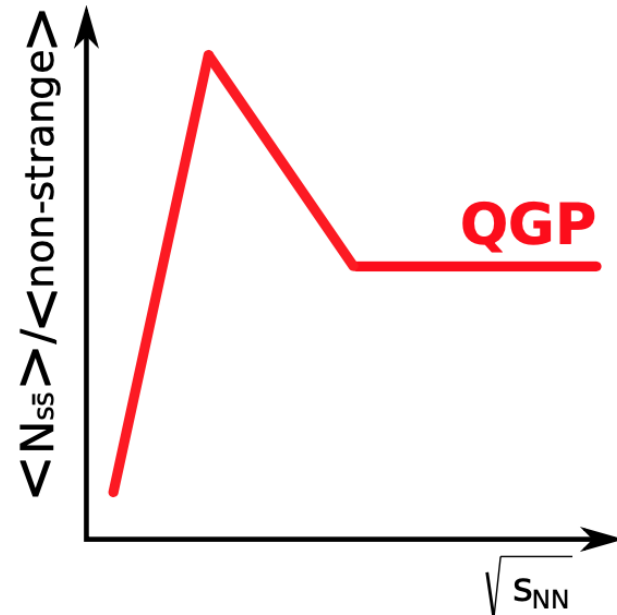
# RISE OF THE MAREK'S HORN

NA49: central Pb+Pb collisions

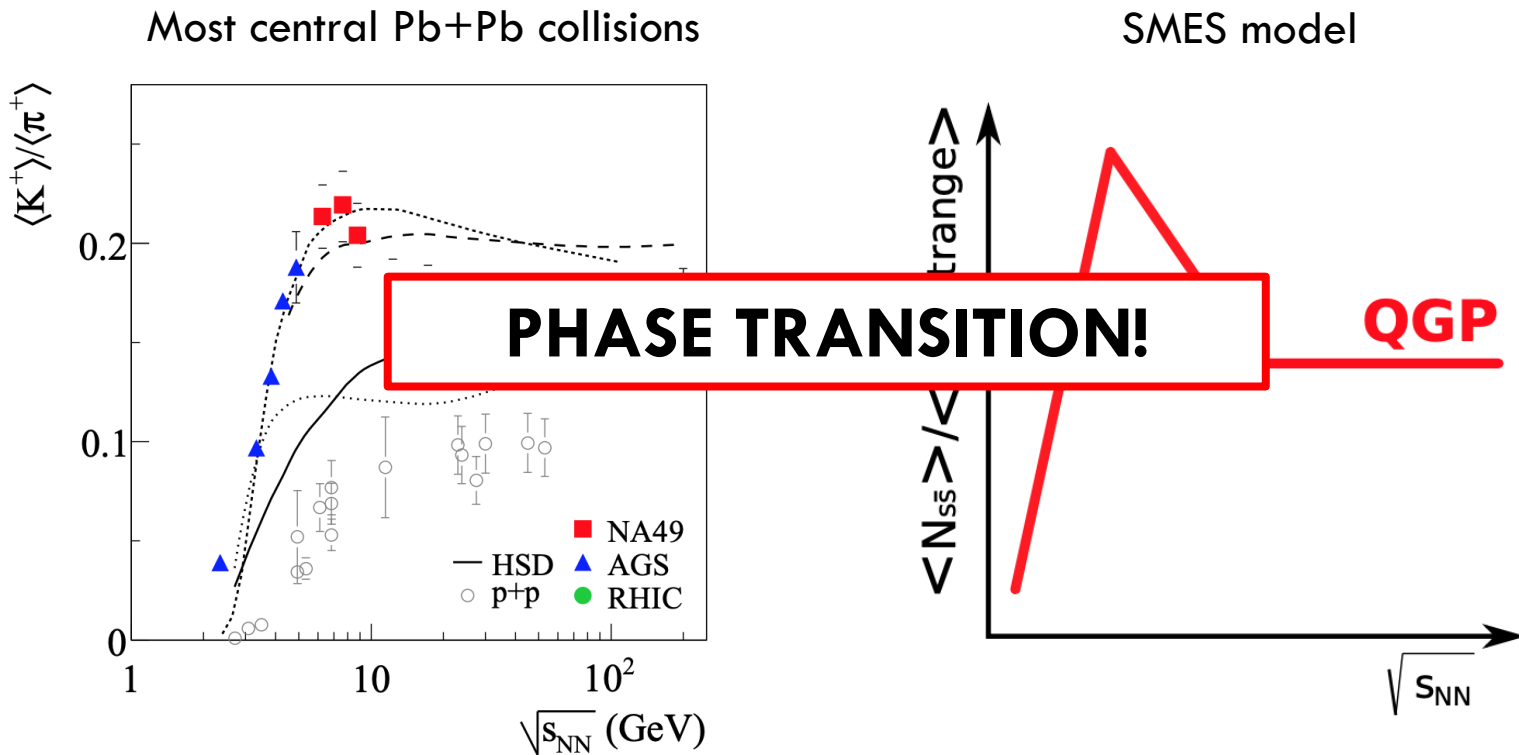


C. Alt; et al. (NA49 collaboration) (2008).  
 Physical Review C. 77 (2): 024903. /  
 arXiv:0710.0118.

Statistical Model of Early Stage



# NA49: RISE OF THE MAREK'S HORN

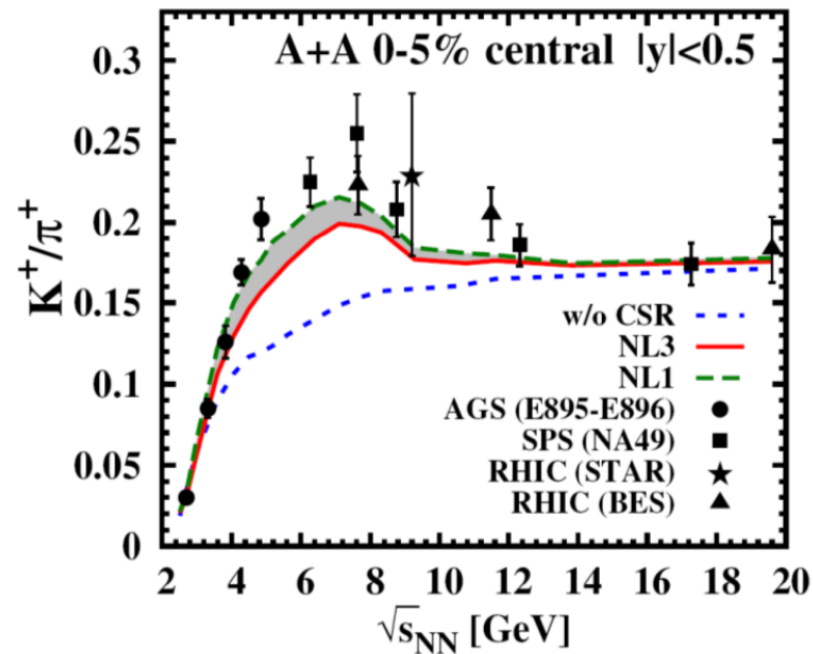


C. Alt; et al. (NA49 collaboration) (2008).  
 Physical Review C. 77 (2): 024903. /  
 arXiv:0710.0118.

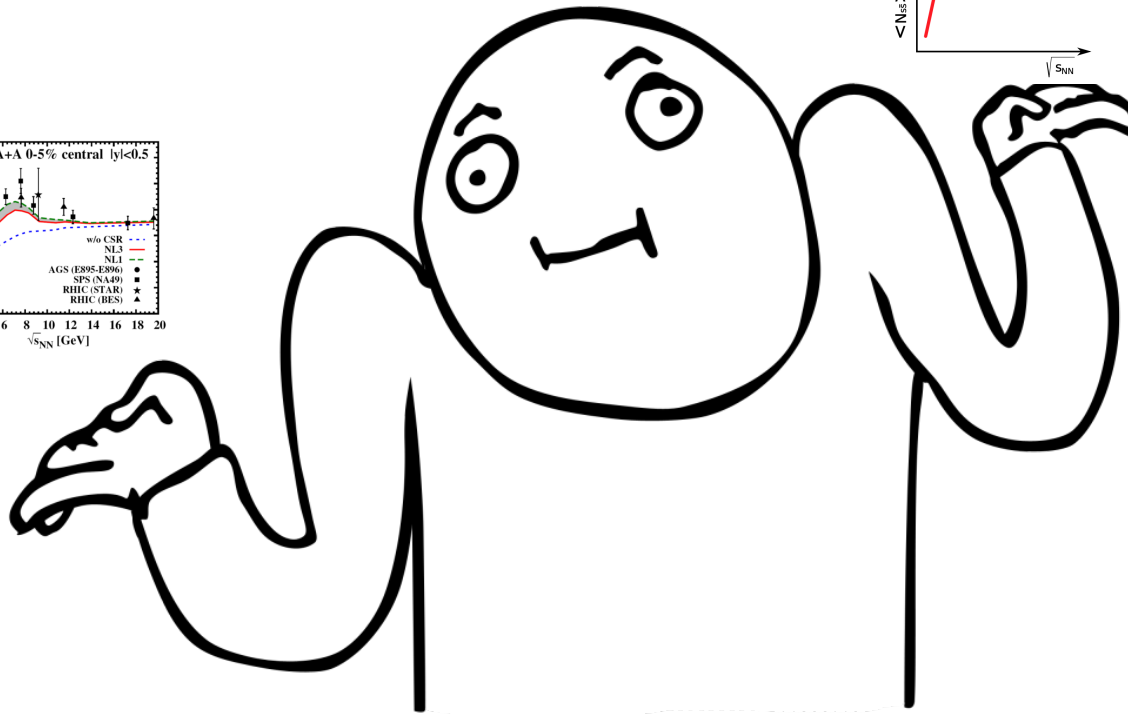
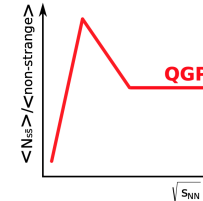
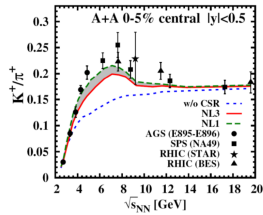


# PHASE TRANSITION?

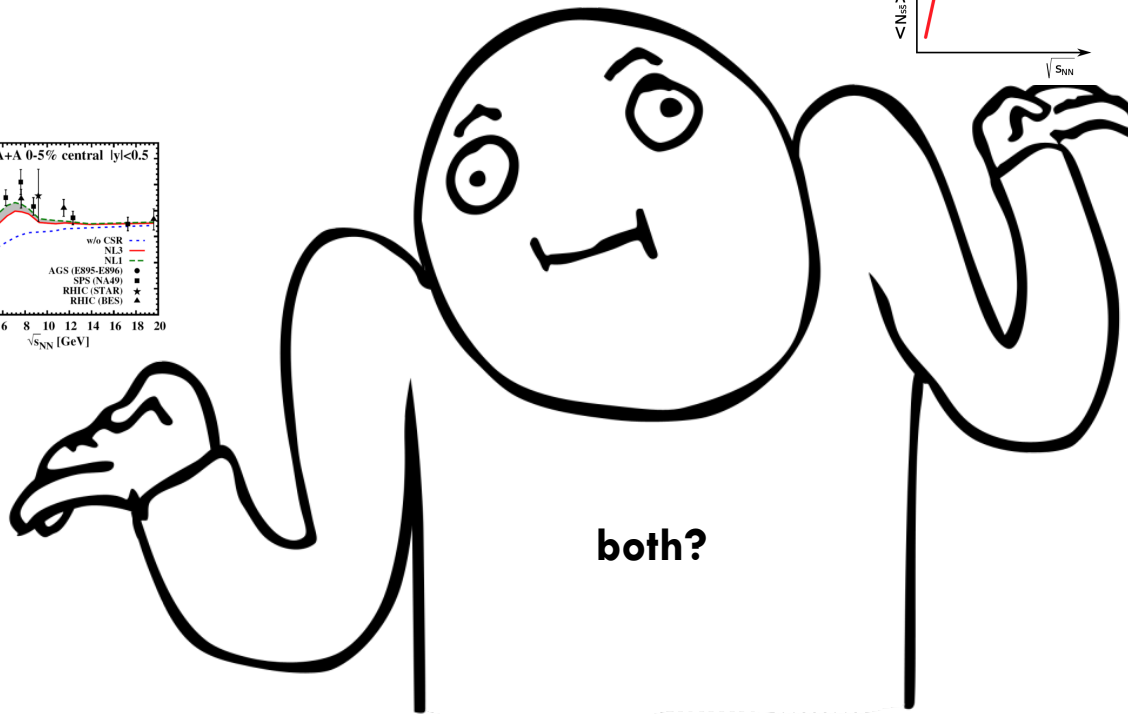
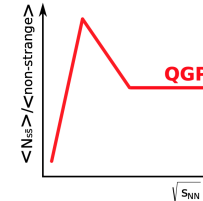
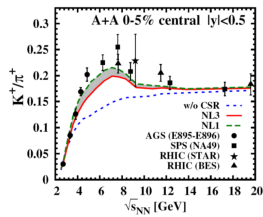
Parton-Hadron-String Dynamics with chiral symmetry restoration (PHSD CSR)  
in the confined phase! Palmese et al. , PRC94 (2016) 044912



# ONSET OF DECONFINEMENT? CHIRAL SYMMETRY RESTORATION?

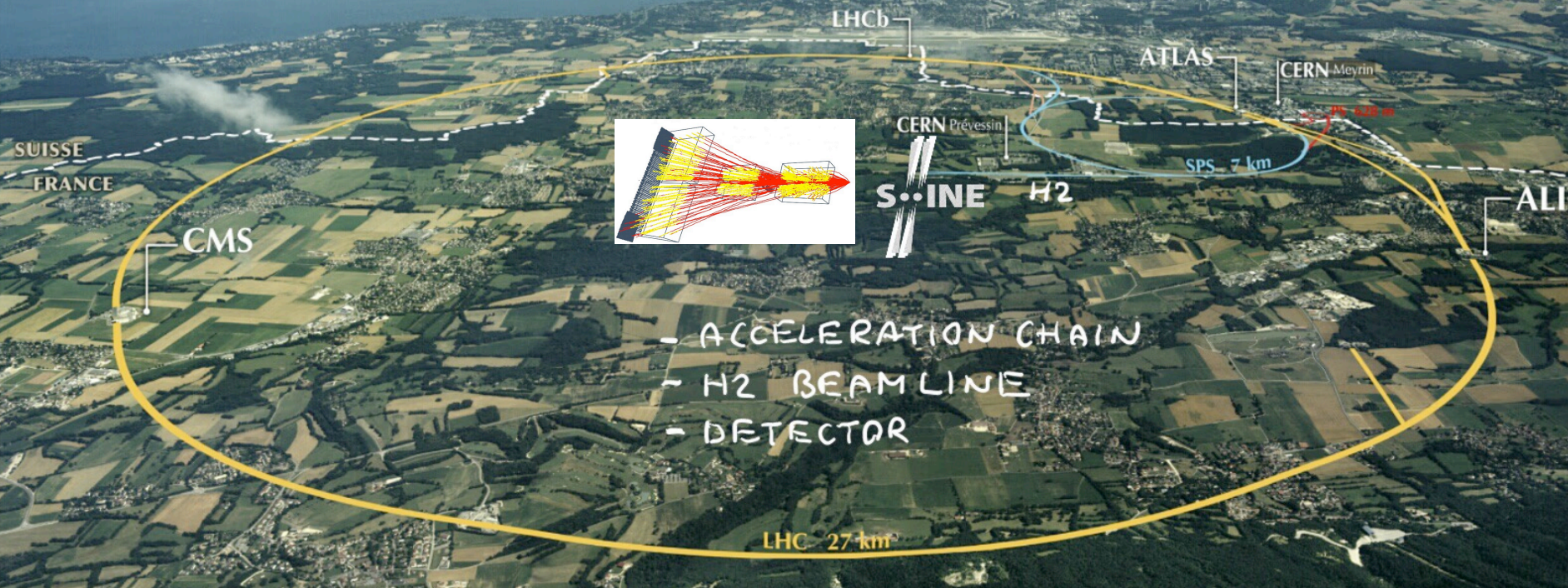


# ONSET OF DECONFINEMENT? CHIRAL SYMMETRY RESTORATION?



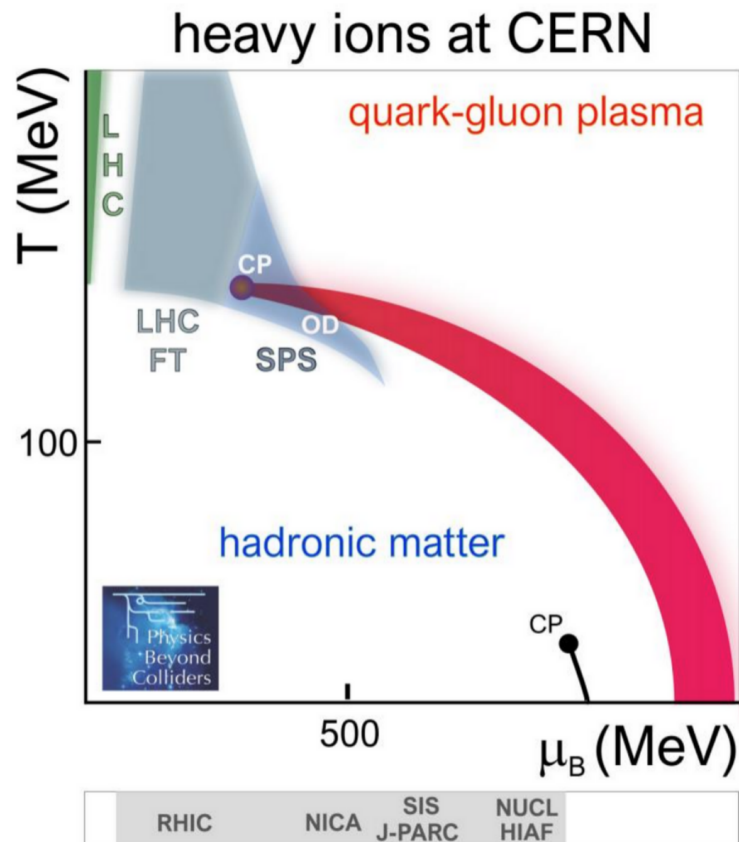
# Meanwhile at CERN ...

NA61/SHINE - UNIQUE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY:  
HADRON PRODUCTION IN  $h+p$ ,  $h+A$ ,  $A+A$   
AT 13A - 150A (400) GeV/c

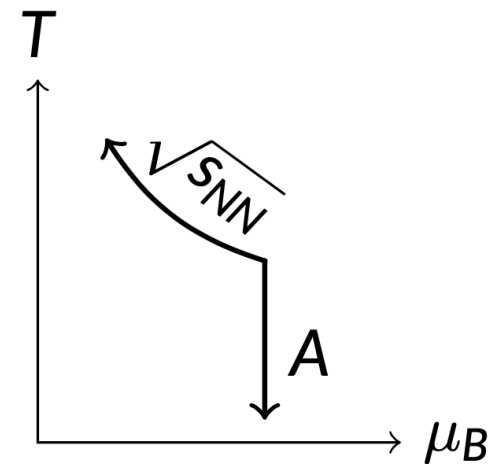




# SEARCH FOR THE CRITICAL POINT AT CERN

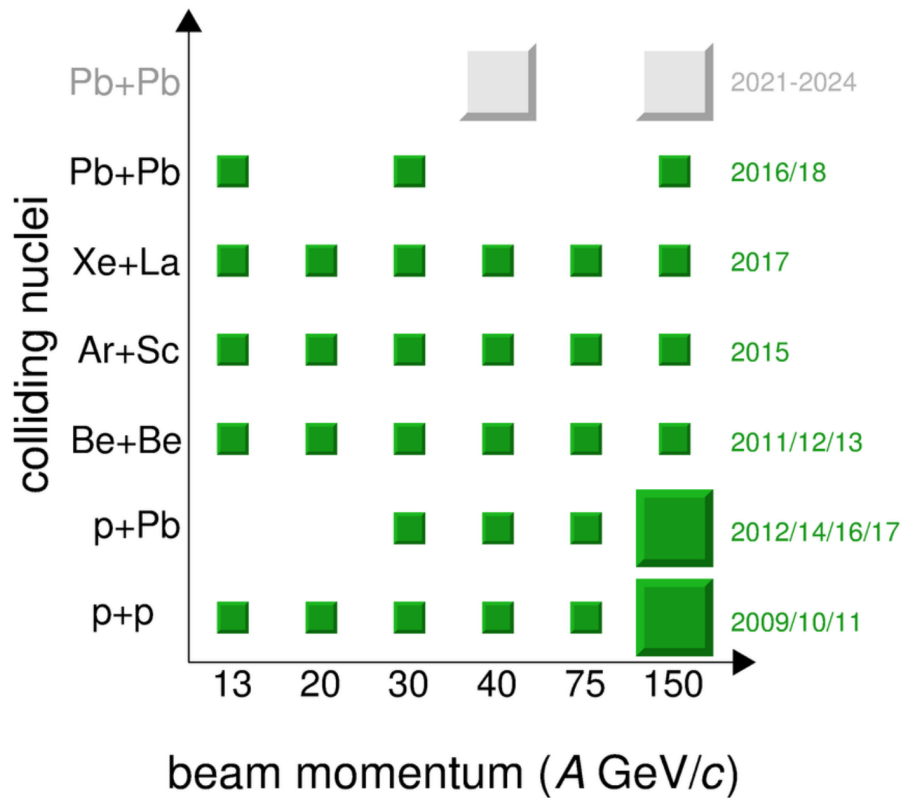


NA61/SHINE experiment:  
Energy and system size scan program

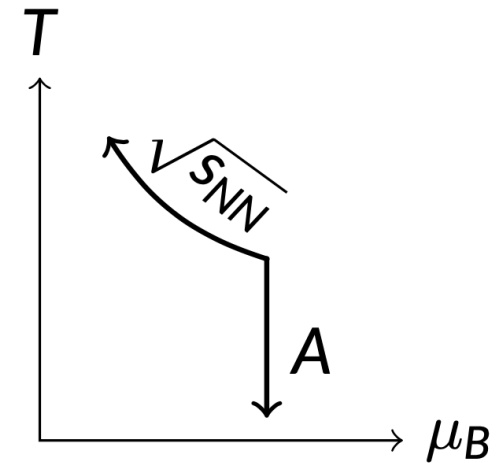


Becattini, Manninen, Gaździcki  
 Phys. Rev. C 73, 044905 (2006)

# SEARCH FOR THE CRITICAL POINT AT CERN

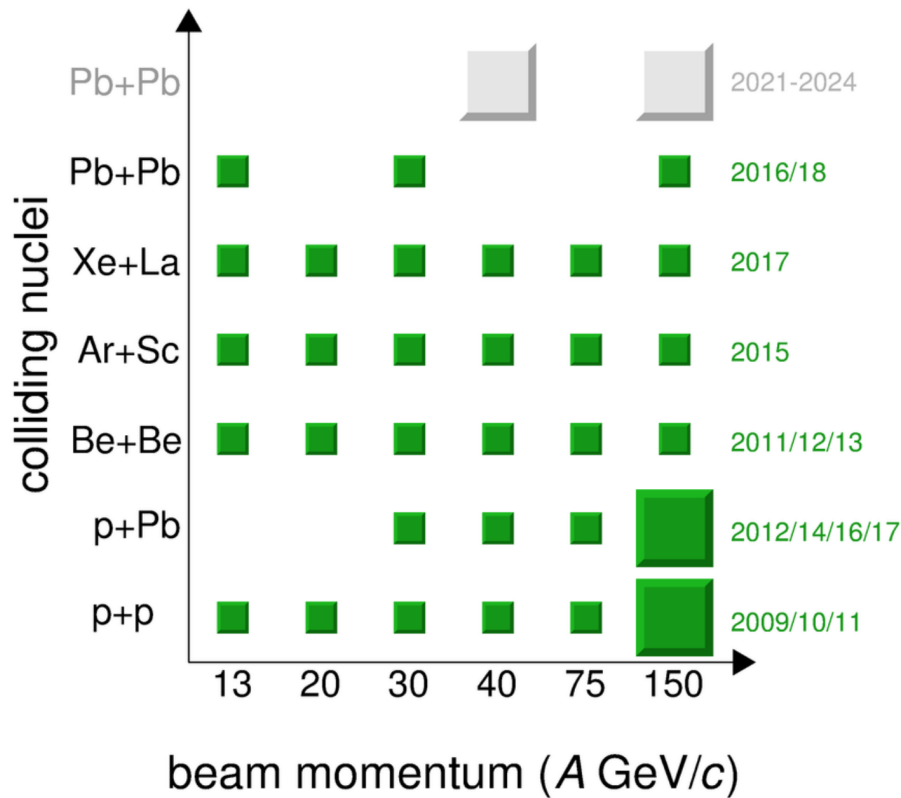


NA61/SHINE experiment:  
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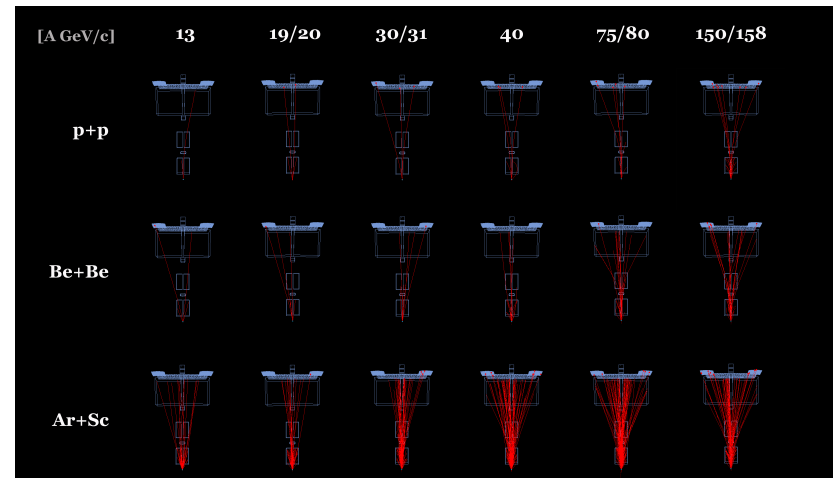


Becattini, Manninen, Gaździcki  
 Phys. Rev. C 73, 044905 (2006)

# SEARCH FOR THE CRITICAL POINT AT CERN

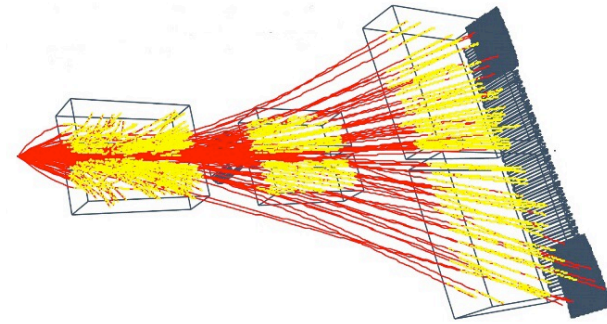


NA61/SHINE experiment:  
Energy and system size scan program



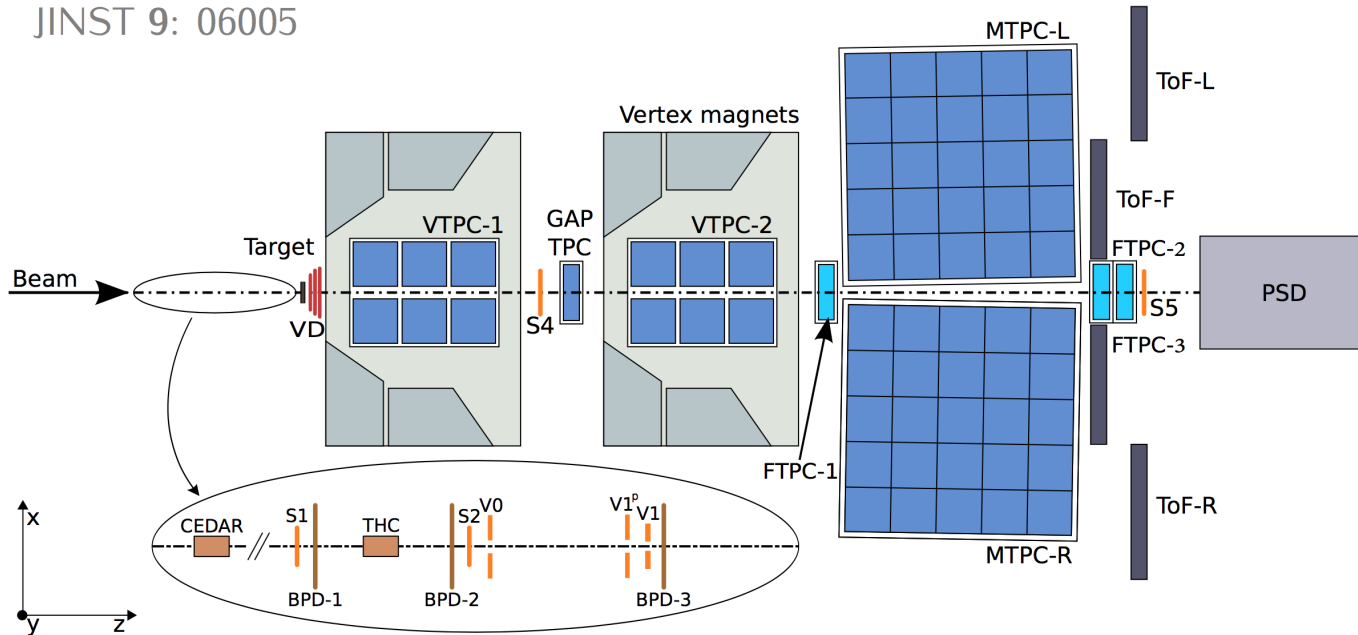
Becattini, Manninen, Gaździcki  
 Phys. Rev. C 73, 044905 (2006)

# NA61/SHINE DETECTOR (2018)



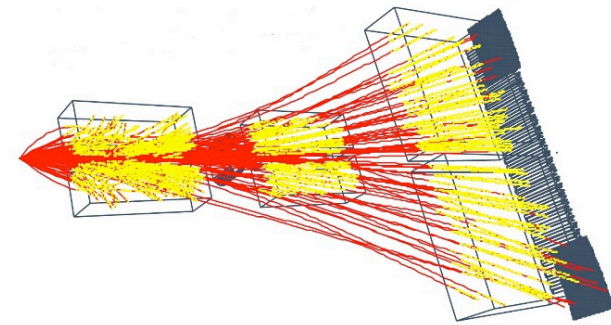
JINST 9: 06005

~13 m



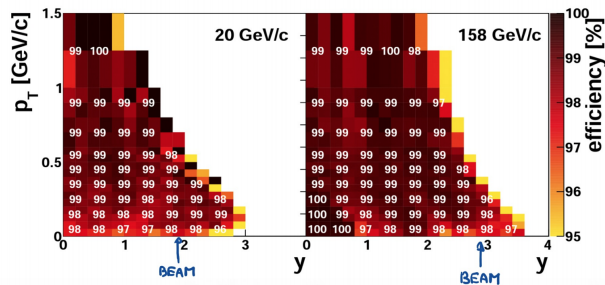
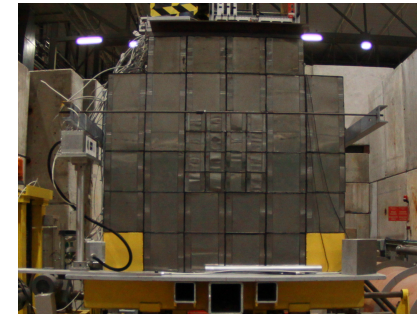
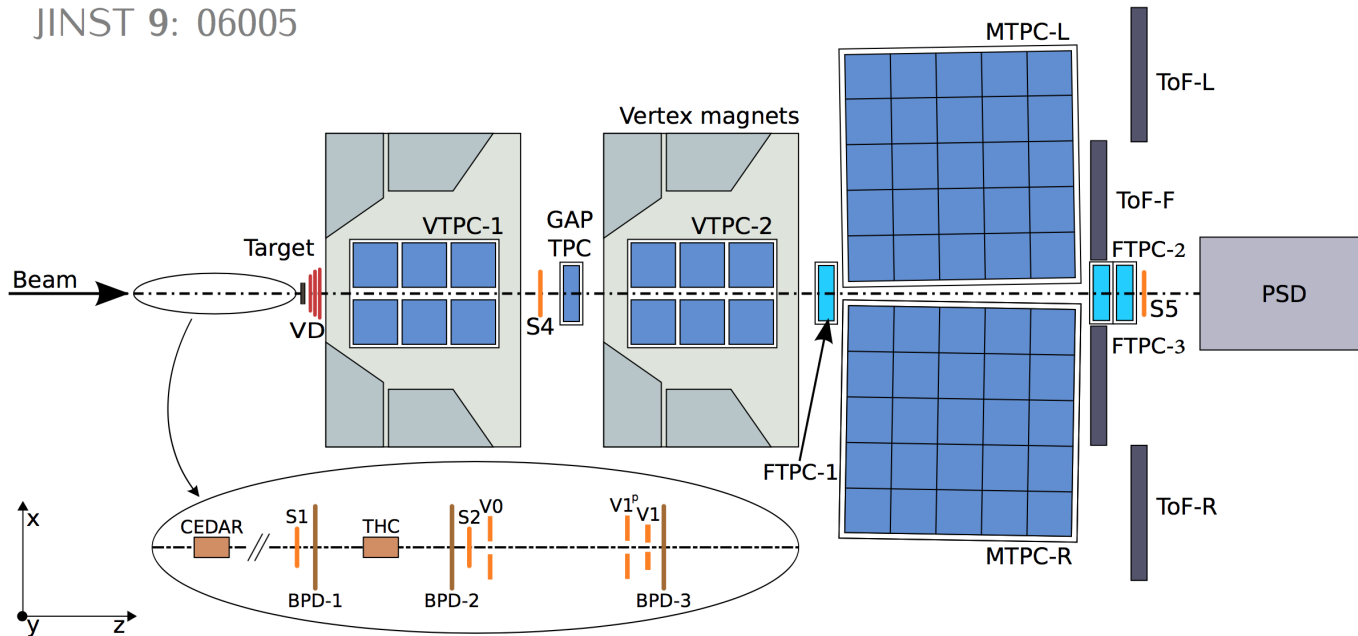


# NA61/SHINE DETECTOR (2018)



JINST 9: 06005

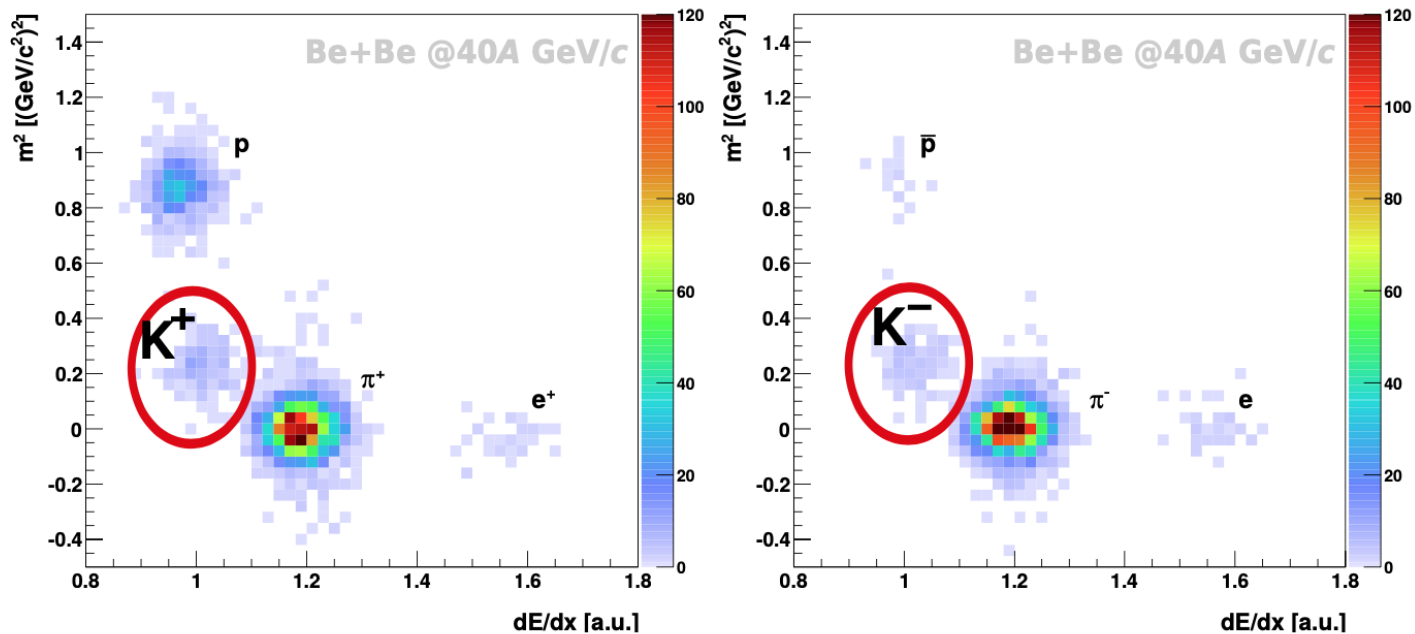
~13 m



- Large acceptance in forward hemisphere (down to  $p_t = 0$ )
- High tracking efficiency ( $> 90\%$ )
- High momentum resolutions

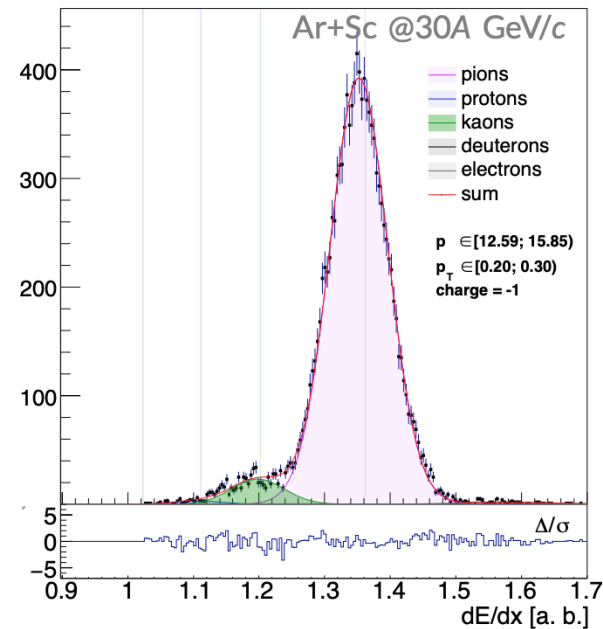
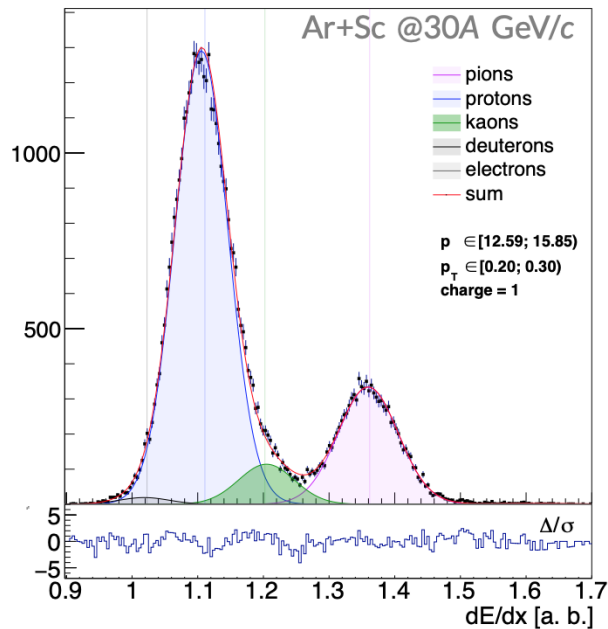
# NA61/SHINE PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION

ToF-dE/dx



# NA61/SHINE PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION

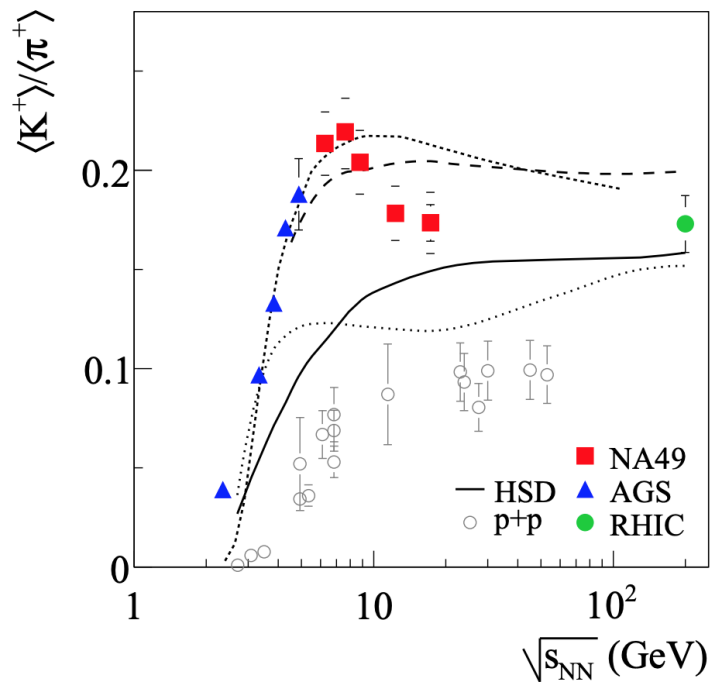
$dE/dx$



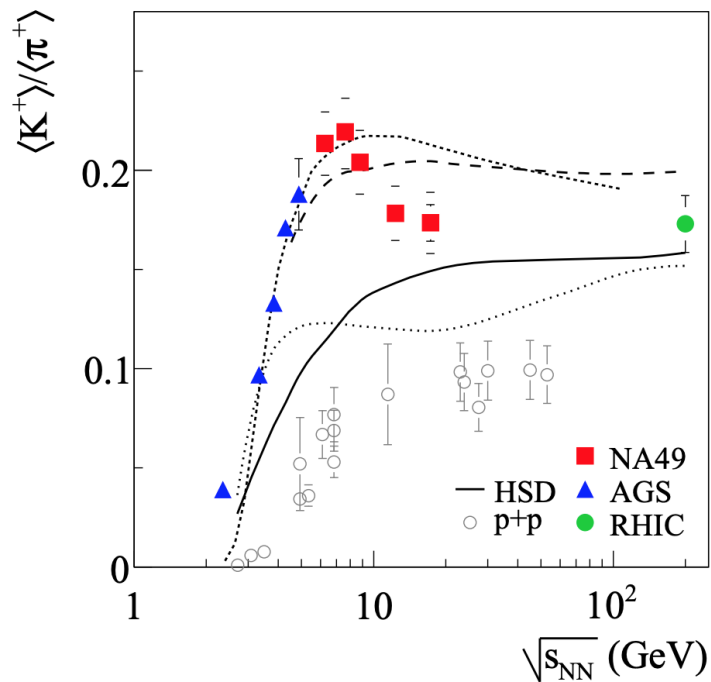
Probability PID.

Applicable in forward-rapidity region.

# WHAT HAPPENS IN SMALL SYSTEMS?

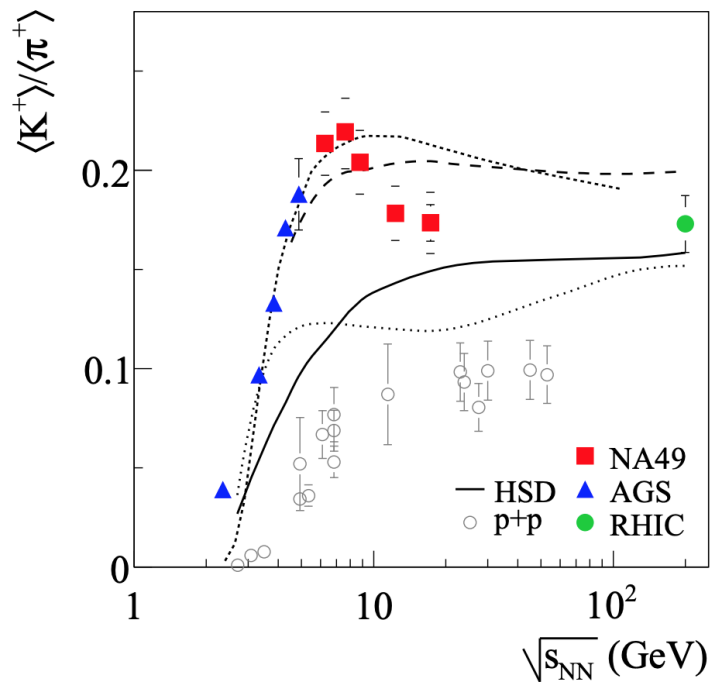


# WHAT HAPPENS IN SMALL SYSTEMS?



- Onset of deconfinement?

# WHAT HAPPENS IN SMALL SYSTEMS?



- Onset of deconfinement?
- Onset of fireball?

# DATA

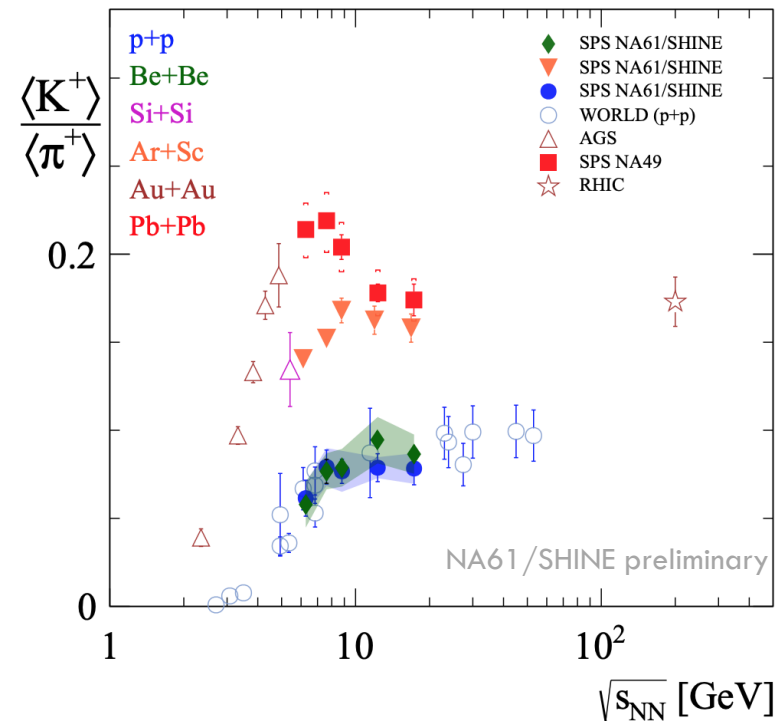
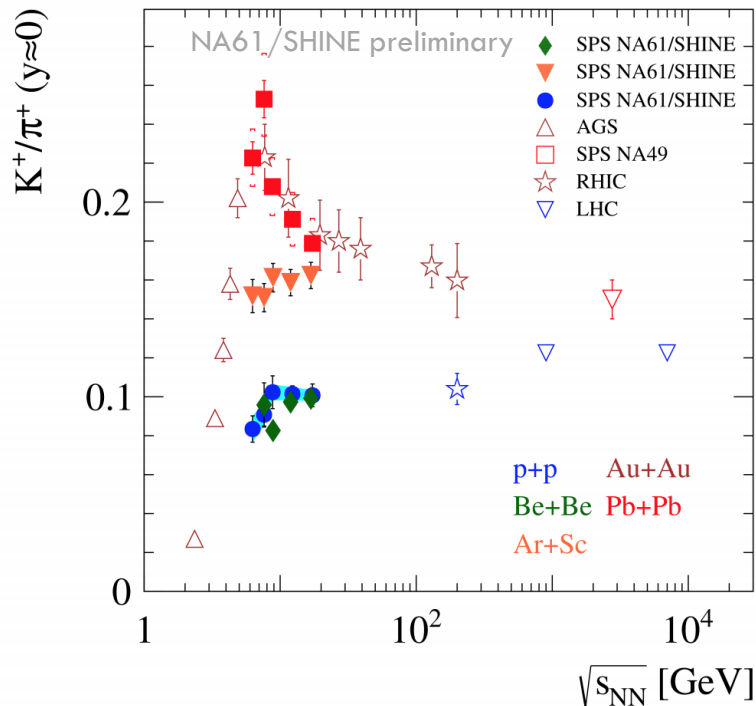
## NA61/SHINE:

- p+p [Eur. Phys. J. C74 (2014) 2794, Eur. Phys. J. C77 (2017) 671]
- Be+Be, preliminary [Nucl. Phys. A 967, 35 (2017)]
- Ar+Sc, preliminary [SQM 2019, arXiv:1911.01398]

## World data on Pb+Pb, Au+Au, C+C, Si+Si and p+p:

- NA49 [Phys.Rev. C77, 024903 (2008)], [Phys.Rev. C66 (2002) 054902], [Phys.Rev. C86 (2012) 054903] [Eur. Phys. J. C68 (2010) 1], [Eur. Phys. J. C45 (2006) 343]
- ALICE [Phys. Lett. B736 (2014) 196], [Eur. Phys. J. C71 (2011) 1655], [Phys. Rev. Lett. (2012) 109]
- STAR [Phys. Rev. C79 (2009) 034909], [Phys. Rev. C96 (2017) 044904]
- BRAHMS [Phys. Rev. C72 (2005) 014908]
- p+p world data [Z. Phys. C65 (1995) 215], [Phys. Rev. C69 (2004) 044903]

# WHAT HAPPENS IN SMALL SYSTEMS?

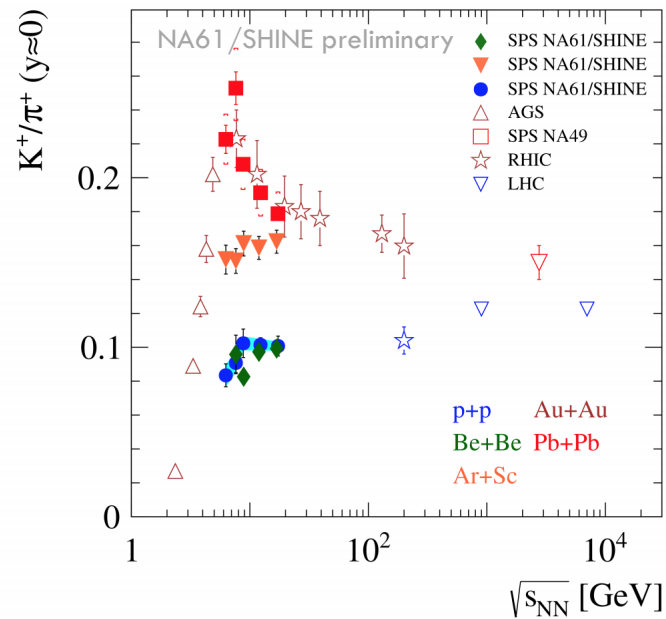


- Rapid change in the  $K^+/\pi^+$  ratio in Pb+Pb collisions at the CERN SPS (NA49)
- Plateau like structure visible in p+p, Be+Be and Ar+Sc (NA61/SHINE)
- Central Be+Be  $\sim$  p+p



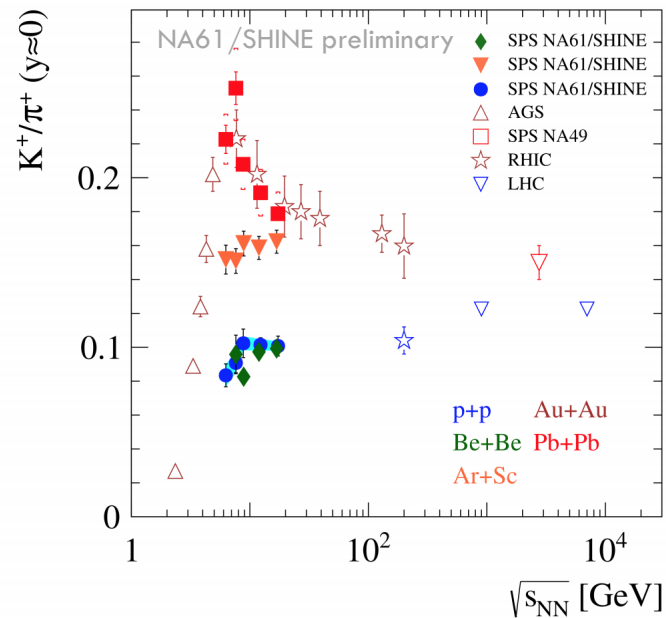
# CONCLUSIONS

- The plateau like structure has been observed in p+p, Be+Be and Ar+Sc
- Be+Be  $\sim$  p+p
- No horn structure in Ar+Sc!



# CONCLUSIONS

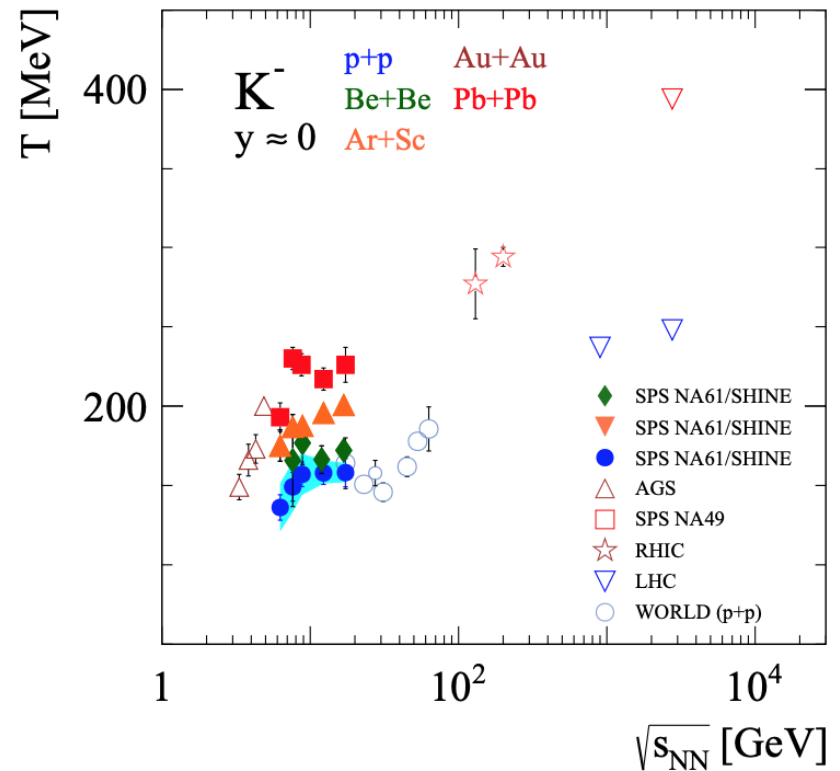
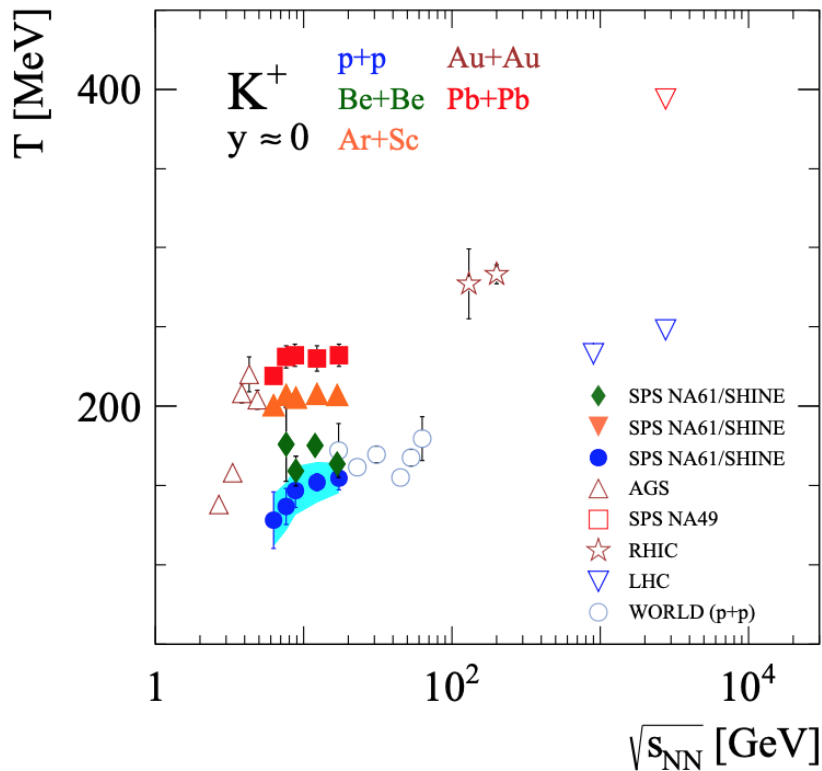
- The plateau like structure has been observed in p+p, Be+Be and Ar+Sc
- Be+Be  $\sim$  p+p
- No horn structure in Ar+Sc!



Looking forward for the new Xe+La data and for model comparisons!

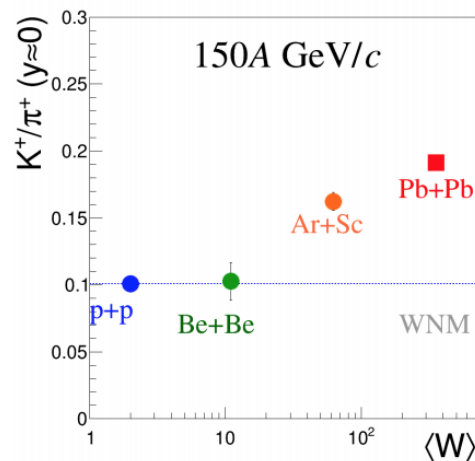
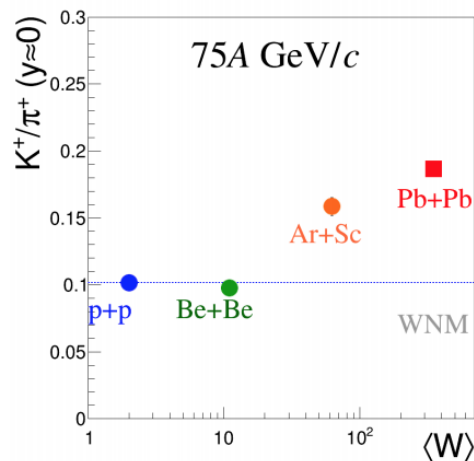
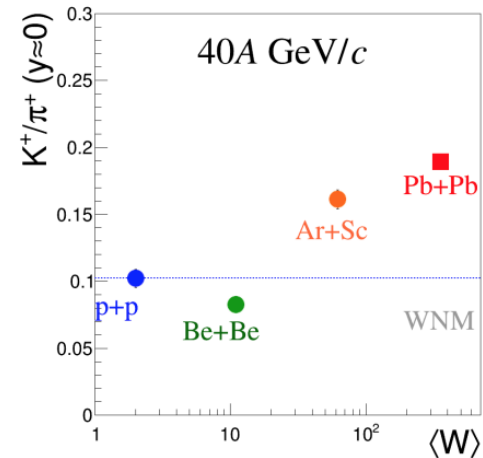
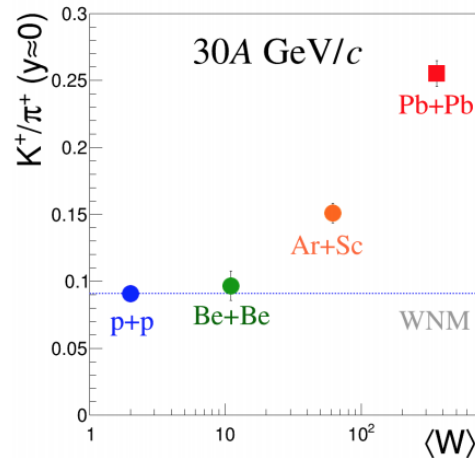
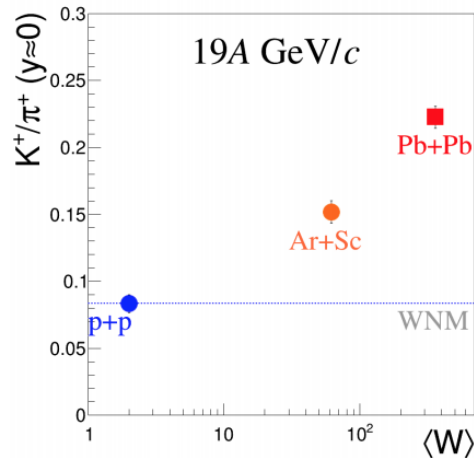
# STRANGER\_RESULTS FROM\_SHINE

S..INE



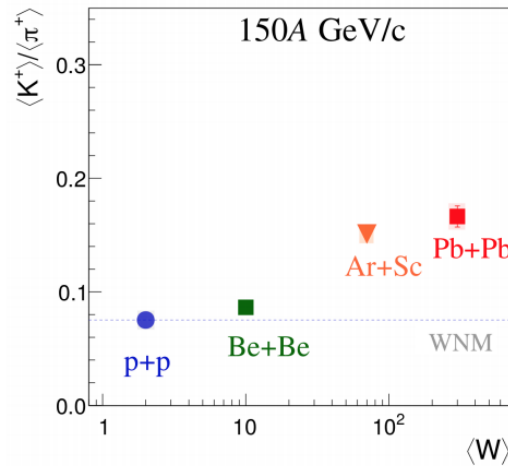
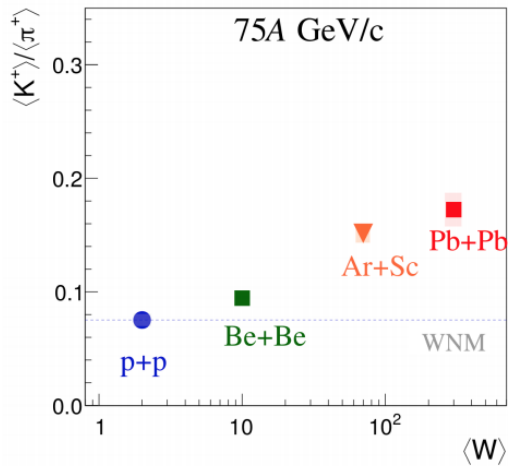
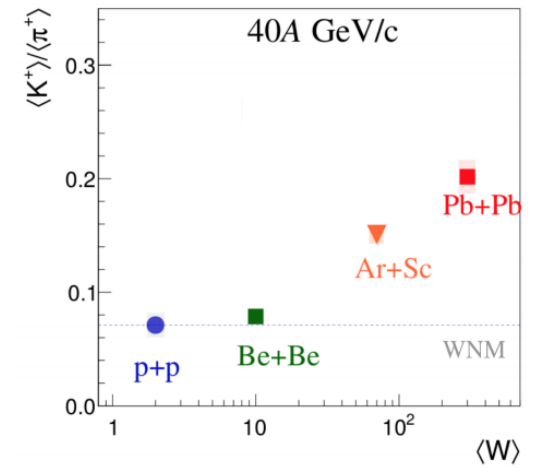
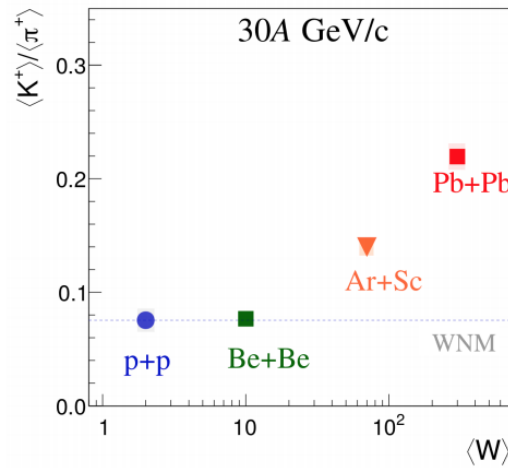
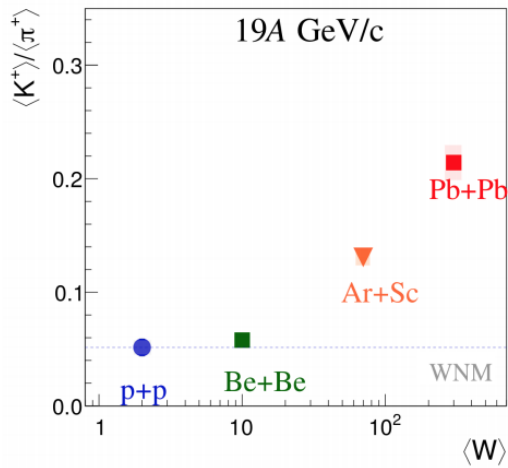
- Intermediate plateau in the increase with  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$  of the inverse slope parameter of  $K^\pm$  spectra in Pb+Pb is observed
- Predicted due to mixed phase of hadron gas and QGP (*APP B30*, 2705 (1999))
- Similar structures are visible in other systems
- Level of plateau grows with system size

NA49, *PRC* **66**, (2002), NA49, *PRC* **77**, (2008), NA61/SHINE, *EPJC* **74** (2014), NA61/SHINE, *EPJC* **77** (2017)



- Ar+Sc data are significantly higher than  $p+p \approx Be+Be$  results
- Ar+Sc is closer to Pb+Pb, than to smaller system results
- Difference between Ar+Sc and Pb+Pb results is smaller for higher beam momenta

Wounded Nucleon Model: A. Bialas, M. Bleszynski, W. Czyz, *Acta Phys.Polon.* **B8** (1977)

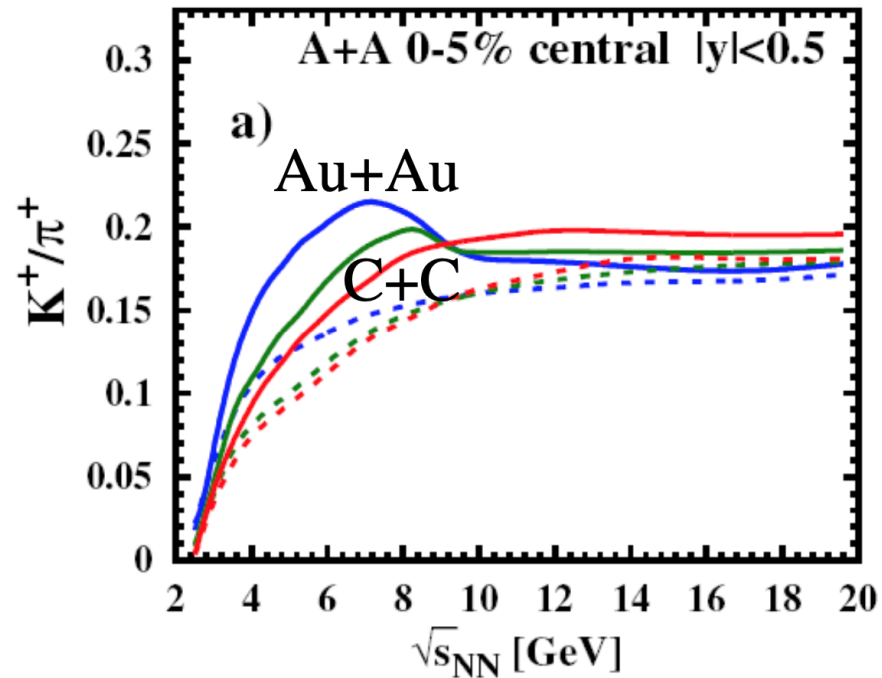


Similar as at mid-rapidity:

- Ar+Sc data are significantly higher than  $p+p \approx Be+Be$  results
- Ar+Sc is closer to Pb+Pb, than to smaller system results
- Difference between Ar+Sc and Pb+Pb results is smaller for higher beam momenta

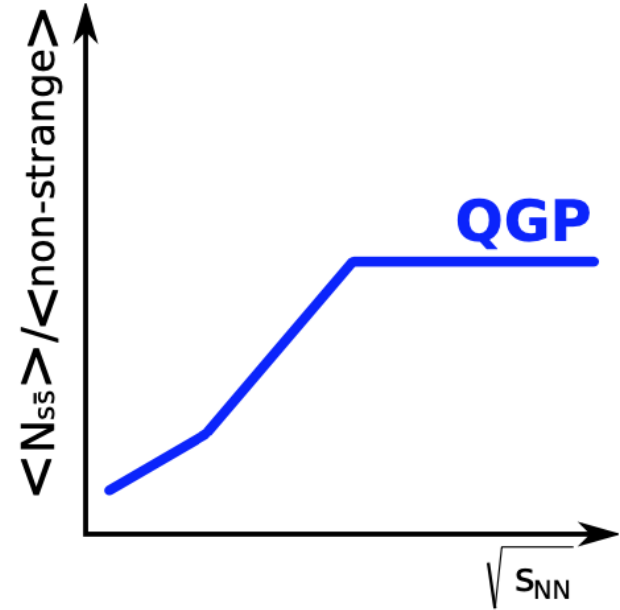
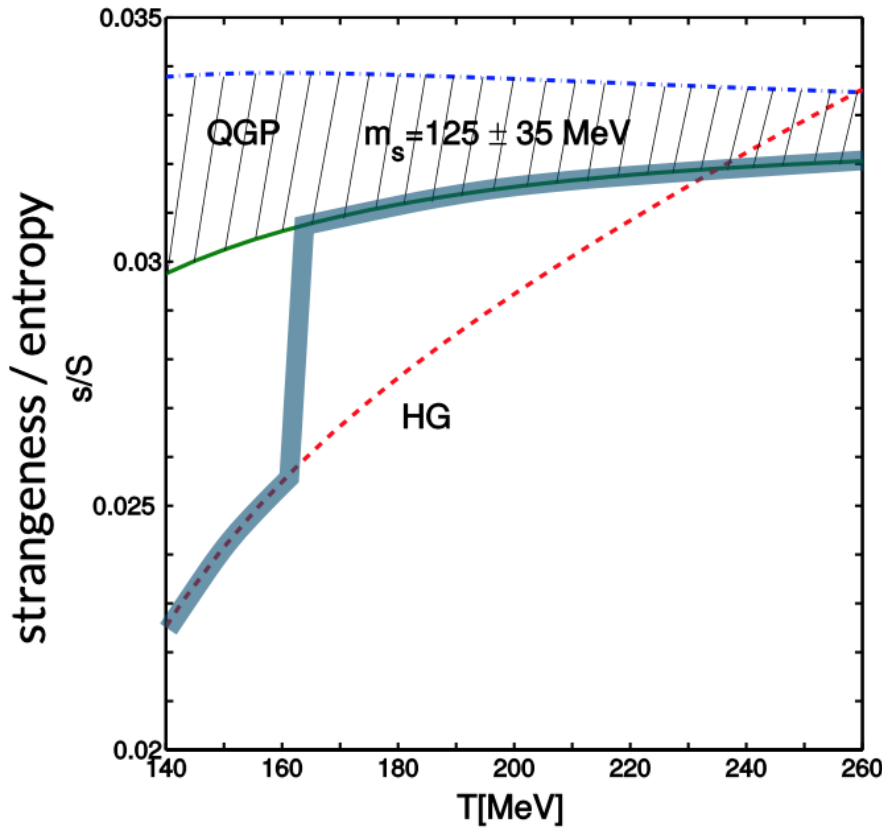
Wounded Nucleon Model: A. Bialas, M. Bleszynski, W. Czyz, *Acta Phys.Polon.* **B8** (1977)

# PHSD



A. Palmese et al., PRC94 (2016) 044912

# Rafelski-Müller Dynamical Approach



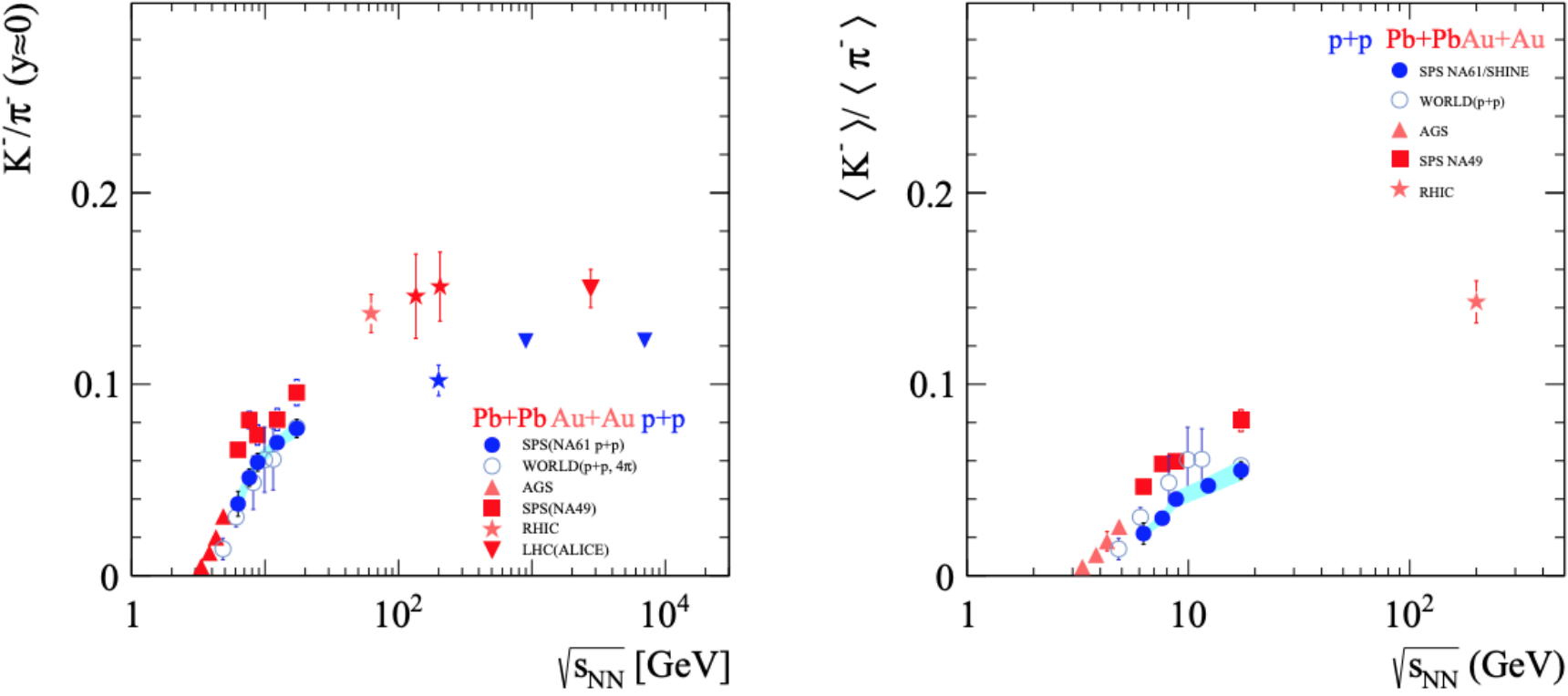
- Equilibrium value reached in QGP ← fast strangeness production.
- No enhancement in the confined phase ← slow strangeness production in whole hadronic region.

Glendenning, Rafelski; Phys. Rev. C 31 (3) (1982) 823

Kuznetsova, Rafelski; Eur. Phys. J. C 51 (2007) 113



**Fig. 3. Energy dependence of the  $K^-/\pi^-$  ratio in inelastic p+p interactions as well as central Pb+Pb and Au+Au collisions at mid-rapidity (left) and in the full phase-space (right).**



# COMPARISON WITH URQMD 3.4

