Photon Detection System of the Single Phase DUNE Far Detector

MU Wei for the DUNE Collaboration ICHEP 2020 | PRAGUE 29 July 2020



Introduction to DUNE

Research Facility

A leading-edge international experiment for **neutrino** science and **proton decay** studies

- One Near Detector
- Four Far Detectors
 - Single Phase
 - Dual Phase
 - o ...
- LBNF
 - o Neutrino Beamline
 - o Infrastructure

- Origin of Matter
 - Neutrino Oscillation
- Unification of Force
 - ∘ Proton Decay
- Black Hole Formation
 - Supernova Neutrino Bursts

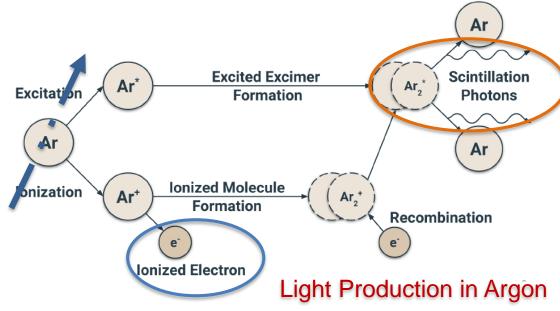


800 miles

Fermilab

Photon Detection for DUNE

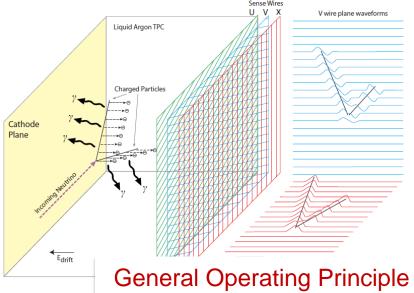
- Clock start time t_0
 - Essential for proton decay searches
 - $\circ~$ Proper location of the SNB events vertex
 - Complement trigger scheme for the SNB events
- Calorimetric energy of neutrino
 - $_{\odot}~$ Crosscheck to the energy measured by the TPC
 - $_{\odot}~$ Improve the energy resolution
- New areas of investigation
 - o Enhance DUNE's capability to observe few-MeV scale events, such as solar neutrino
 - o Identify Michel electrons from decay of a stopped muon

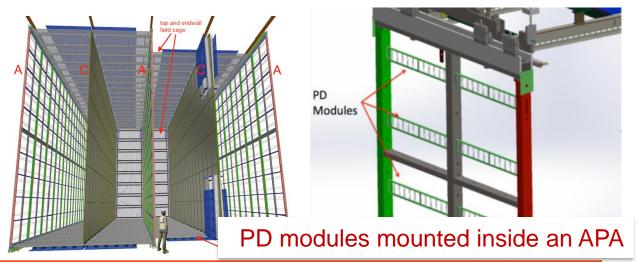




Single Phase DUNE Far Detector and Photon Detection System

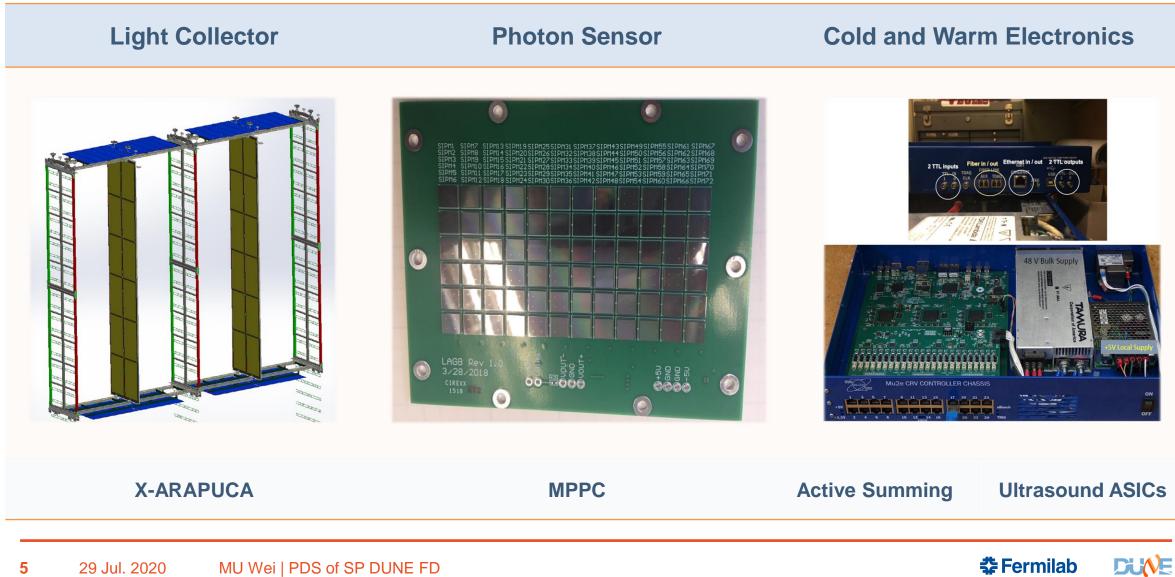
- Single Phase DUNE Far Detector
 - A 10-kilo-tonne Single Phase LArTPC
 - Read out the pattern of ionization with **sub-cm** granularity
 - Search from MeV to GeV-scale neutrino interactions
- Photon Detection Module Design
 - \circ Goals
 - Maximize the active volume
 - Maximize the light yield
 - Considerations
 - Constraint of the APA structure
 - Cost-effective: large area light collector





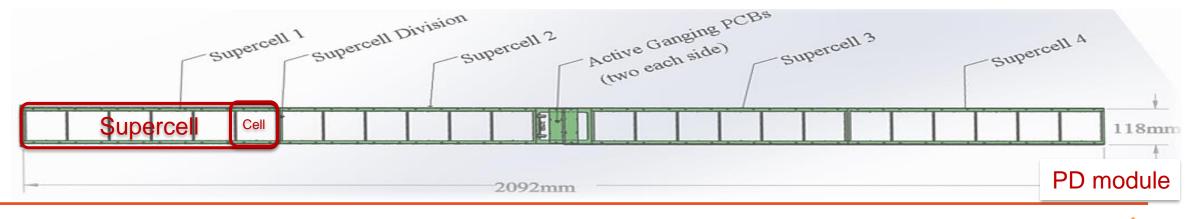


Photon Detection System: Baseline Design



Photon Detection System: X-ARAPUCA

Charged particle Cell Cell: basic unit liquid argon scintillation PTP (wavelength shifter) Ο light **X-ARAPUCA: A Photon Trap Dichroic filters** 127 nm PTP • WLS-plate 350 nm **Dichroic Filter** LAr Supercell: 6 cells - $488 \times 100 \times 8 \text{ mm}^3$ SiPM 430 nm WLS plate PD Module: 4 supercells - $2092 \times 118 \times 23 \text{ mm}^3$ LAr Reflective surface Bar-like configuration Ο



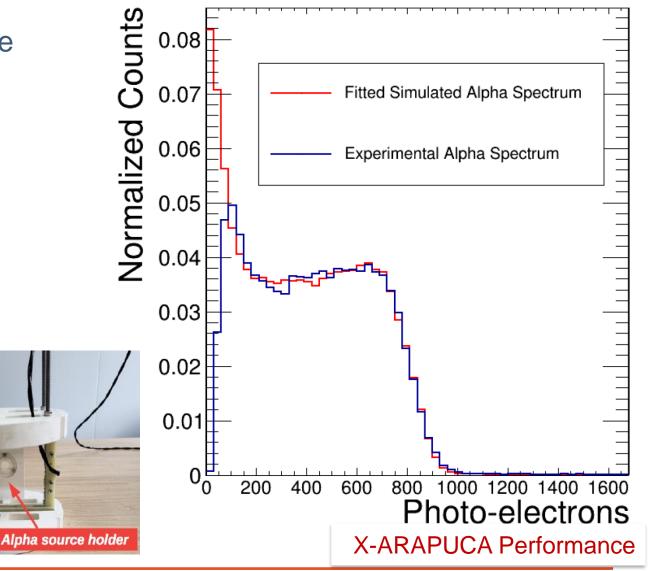
‡Fermilab

DUNE

Photon Detection System: X-ARAPUCA

- Performance studied with alpha source
- Results compared to MC simulation
- Global photon collection efficiency
 - >3% (vs. 2.6% design requirement)

- -

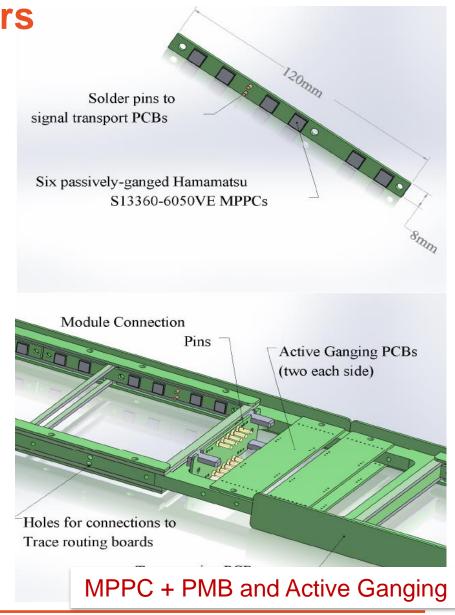


X-ARAPUCA Test Setup

Photon Detection System: Photon Sensors

• SiPM: MPPC

- Hamamatsu Photonics K.K.: **S13360**/S14160
- Fondazione Bruno Kessler (FBK): NUV-HD-LF
- Characterized at cryogenic temperature (77K)
- 48 MMPCs per Supercell
 - 6 MMPCs per PMB passively ganged
 - 8 PMB actively ganged
- 192 MPPCs per PD module
 - 4 electronics readout channels
- 288,000 MPPCs in total



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Photon Detection System: Electronics

SiPM Bias

Generator

LV DC-DC

Converters

Paralle FLASH

CFG ROM

256MB LPDDR RAM

Trigge

Data 3.3v +

2 5v 🚽

1.8v 🚽

RJ-45 Controller

Link

Bias Trin

vt Clk ----

R Clk 12 bit 80m

PGA

*

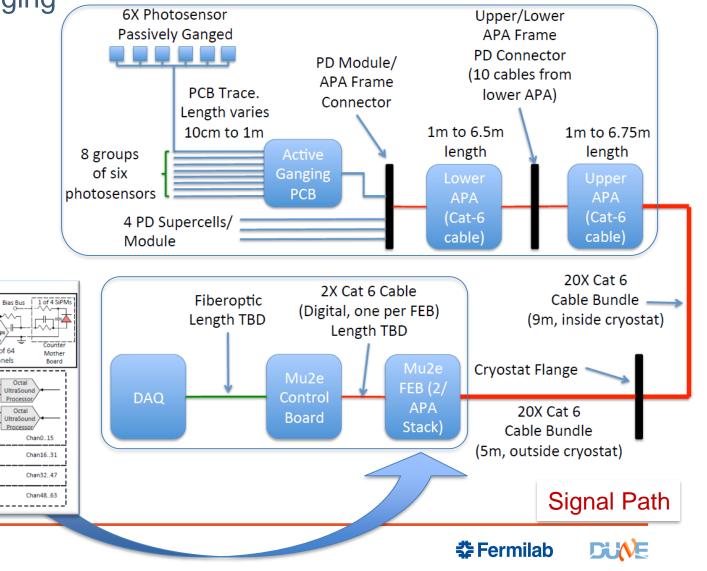
DAC -

One of 64

Channels

One of 8

- Cold Electronic: Passive/Active Ganging
 - Work at LAr temperature
 - Amplifier to adjust MPPC output
 - o 6 MPPCs passively ganged
 - 8 groups actively ganged
- Warm (Front-End) Electronics



• Mu2e FEB

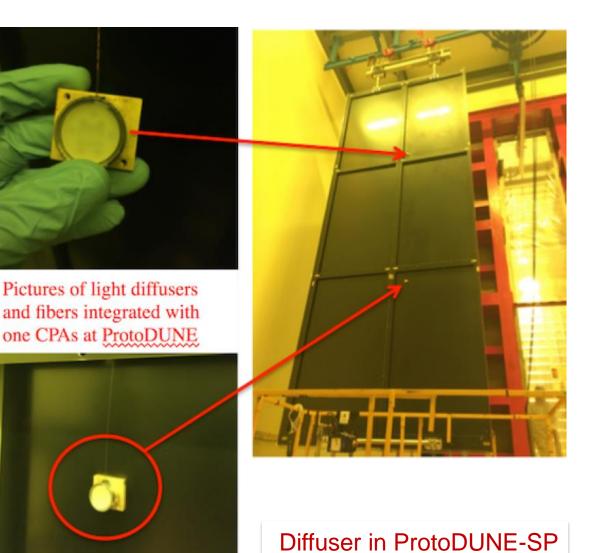
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Photon Detection System: Calibration and Monitoring

Primary system: Pulsed UV-light Source

- Light Calibration Module
 - FPGA-based control logic unit
 - LED pulser module
 - Power supply
 - Outside the cryostat
- Quartz Fiber and Optical Feedthrough
- Light Diffusers
 - Mounted on cathode plane panels
 - Acting as light sources
 - In total: 45 diffusers





Photon Detection System: Testing

ProtoDUNE-SP (see talk by D. Totani)

- Equipped with three prototype light collectors
- Performance evaluation of the light collectors

ICEBERG Test Stand

- Equipped with ARAPUCA light collectors
- Comparison between difference warm electronics
 SBND(2020/2021)
- Operational test of X-ARAPUCAs light collector

ProtoDUNE-SP-2 (2021/2022)

• End-to-end test of finalized photon detection system







Summary

- The photon detection system directly enhances physics capabilities for all three DUNE physics drivers
 - Absolutely required by proton decay searches
 - Energy crosscheck and resolution improvement
 - Help to reject background
- The baseline design system meets the requirement
 - Excellent photon detection efficiency
 - Good performance of the electronics
- Extensive testing and validation of component designs is underway
 - Proved performance of the photon detection system