

# Color-allowed bottom baryon to s-wave and p-wave charmed baryon non-leptonic decays

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We study color allowed bottom baryon to  $s$ -wave and  $p$ -wave charmed baryon non-leptonic decays. The charmed baryons include spin-1/2 and spin-3/2 states. Explicitly, we consider  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda_c^{(*,**)} M^-$ ,  $\Xi_b \rightarrow \Xi_c^{(**)} M^-$  and  $\Omega_b \rightarrow \Omega_c^{(**)} M^-$  decays with  $M = \pi, K, \rho, K^*, a_1, D, D_s, D^*, D_s^*, \Lambda_c^{(**)} = \Lambda_c, \Lambda_c(2595), \Lambda_c(2625), \Lambda_c(2765), \Lambda_c(2790), \Xi_c^{(**)} = \Xi_c, \Xi_c(2790), \Xi_c(2815)$  and  $\Omega_c^{(**)} = \Omega_c, \Omega_c(2770), \Omega_c(3050), \Omega_c(3090), \Omega_c(3120)$ . There are six types of transitions, namely, (i)  $calB_b(\mathbf{3}_f, 1/2^+)$  to  $calB_c(\mathbf{3}_f, 1/2^+)$ , (ii)  $calB_b(\mathbf{6}_f, 1/2^+)$  to  $calB_c(\mathbf{6}_f, 1/2^+)$ , (iii)  $calB_b(\mathbf{6}_f, 1/2^+)$  to  $calB_c(\mathbf{6}_f, 3/2^+)$ , (iv)  $calB_b(\mathbf{6}_f, 1/2^+)$  to  $calB_c(\mathbf{6}_f, 3/2^-)$ , (v)  $calB_b(\mathbf{3}_f, 1/2^+)$  to  $calB_c(\mathbf{3}_f, 1/2^-)$ , and (vi)  $calB_b(\bar{\mathbf{3}}_f, 1/2^+)$  to  $calB_c(\bar{\mathbf{3}}_f, 3/2^-)$  transitions. Types (i) to (iii) involve spin 1/2 and 3/2  $s$ -wave charmed baryons, while types (iv) to (vi) involve spin 1/2 and 3/2  $p$ -wave charmed baryons. The light diquarks are spectating in these transitions. The transition form factors are calculated in the light-front quark model approach. All of the form factors in the  $1/2 \rightarrow 1/2$  and  $1/2 \rightarrow 3/2$  transitions are extracted, and they are found to reasonably satisfy the relations obtained in the heavy quark limit, as we are using heavy but finite  $m_b$  and  $m_c$ . Using naive factorization, decay rates and up-down asymmetries of the above modes are predicted and can be checked experimentally. The study on these decay modes may shed light on the quantum numbers of  $\Lambda_c(2765)$ ,  $\Lambda_c(2940)$ ,  $\Omega_c(3050)$ ,  $\Omega_c(3090)$  and  $\Omega_c(3120)$ .

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