

ICHEP 2020

NLO QCD corrections to the electroweak top-pair production beyond the Standard Model

Mohammad Mahdi ALTAKACH

In collaboration with [T. Jezo](#), [M. Klasen](#), [J.-N. Lang](#), and [I. Schienbein](#) for the calculation and also with [J. Butterworth](#) for an upcoming phenomenological study

31 Jul 2020

Introduction

- New heavy resonances are predicted in a variety of models with extra $U(1)$ or $SU(2)$
- In many cases, the resonance can decay leptonically and the **strongest constraints come from searches with leptonic final states**
- Nevertheless, **final states with top quarks** are very interesting:
 - The heavy **top quark** may play a special role w.r.t. to **EWSB** and **BSM** physics which couples preferentially to the **third generation** or not to leptons
 - Even for models with couplings to leptons, the addition of **top quark** observables is important to distinguish between different **BSM** scenarios

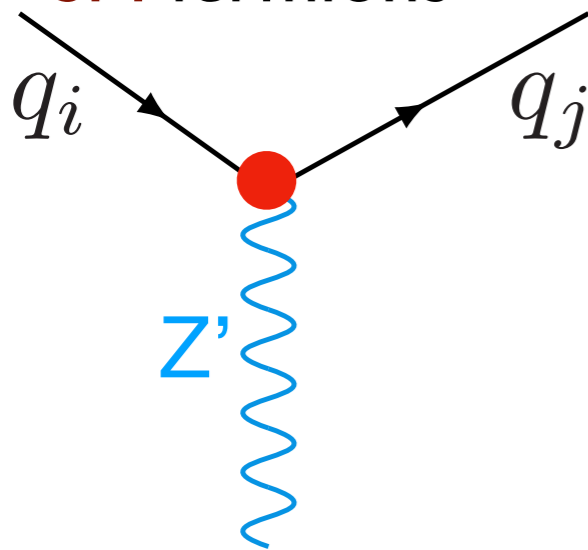
EW top pair production at the LHC with **Z'** bosons to **NLO QCD** in **POWHEG**

R. Bonciani, T. Jezo, M. Klasen, F. Lyonnet, I. Schienbein, JHEP(2016), arXiv:1511.08185

Introduction

- In 2015 **T. Jezo et al.** performed a calculation of NLO QCD corrections to EW top-pair production at the LHC in the presence of a Z' boson [arXiv:1511.08185]

- Z' boson with generation non-universal and flavour diagonal couplings to SM fermions



$$\begin{pmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & b & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & c \end{pmatrix}$$

- Standard Model (γ, Z) and new physics (Z') interference effects taken into account
- Results are implemented in the POWHEG BOX framework
- Initial state QED singularities are consistently treated

The Calculation

The Calculation

The partonic top-quark pair production cross section at NLO:

$$\sigma_{ab}(\mu_r) = \sigma_{2;0}(\alpha_S^2) + \sigma_{0;2}(\alpha^2) + \sigma_{3;0}(\alpha_S^3) + \sigma_{2;1}(\alpha_S^2\alpha) + \sigma_{1;2}(\alpha_S\alpha^2) + \sigma_{0;3}(\alpha^3)$$

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- $\sigma_{2;0}$: SM QCD
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- $\sigma_{3;0}$: NLO QCD corrections to the SM QCD
- $\sigma_{2;1}$: EW corrections to the SM QCD

The Calculation

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- $\sigma_{0;2}$: EW top-quark pair production
- $\sigma_{1;2}$: NLO QCD corrections to EW top-quark pair production

The Calculation

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Our Calculation

The Calculation

The partonic top-quark pair production cross section at NLO:

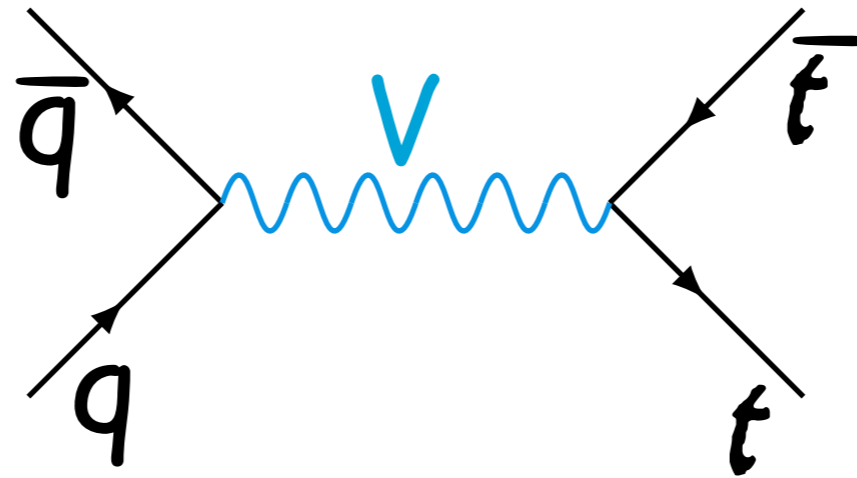
$$\sigma_{ab}(\mu_r) = \sigma_{2;0}(\alpha_S^2) + \sigma_{0;2}(\alpha^2) + \sigma_{3;0}(\alpha_S^3) + \sigma_{2;1}(\alpha_S^2\alpha) + \sigma_{1;2}(\alpha_S\alpha^2) + \sigma_{0;3}(\alpha^3)$$

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- $\sigma_{0;3}$: EW corrections to EW top-quark pair production

Subprocesses (5 FNS)

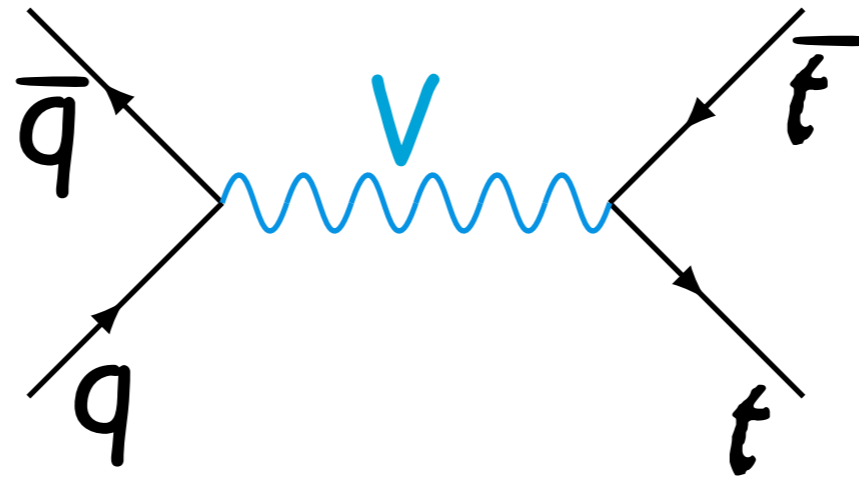
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Born

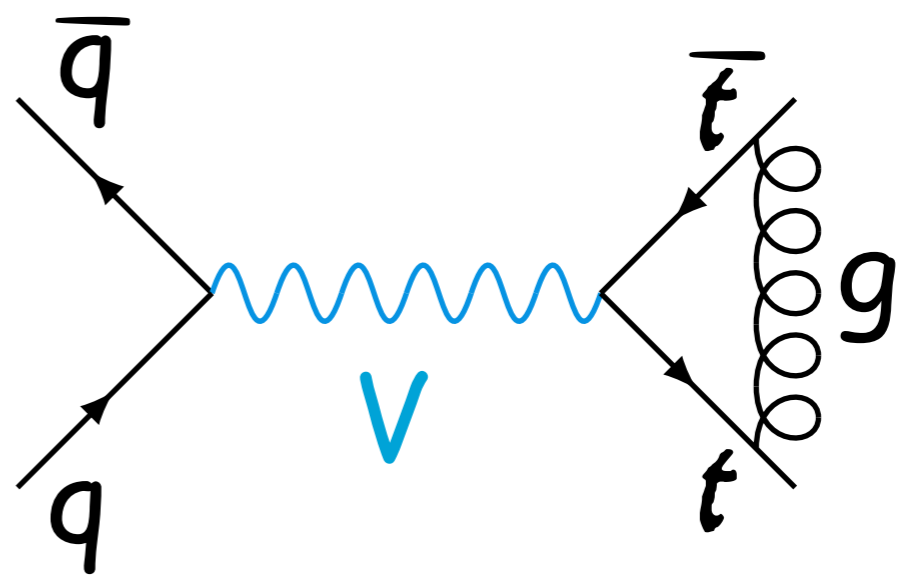
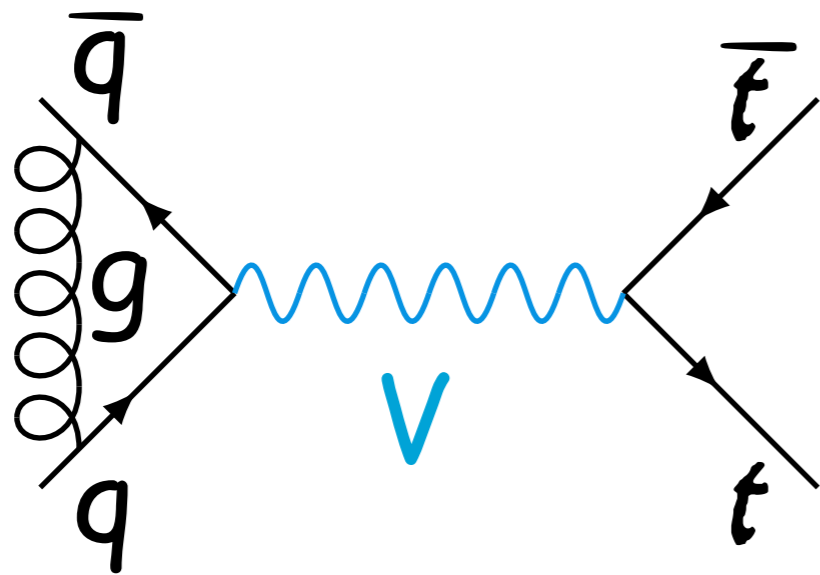


Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Born



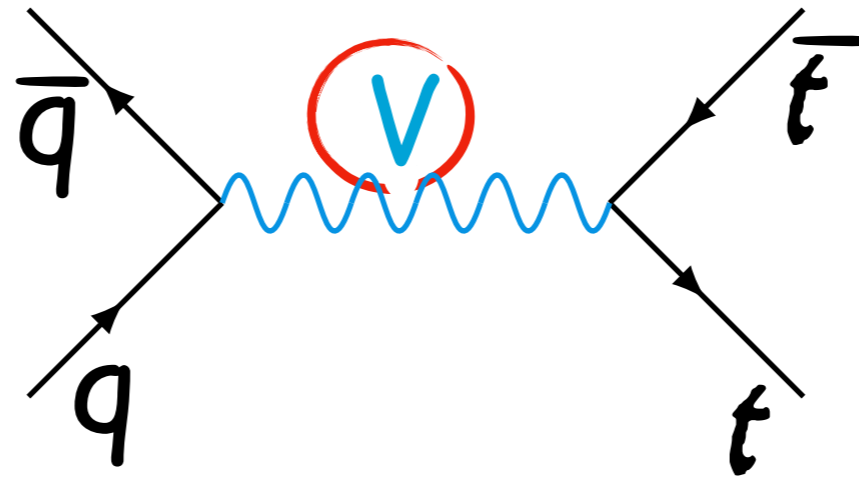
Virtual



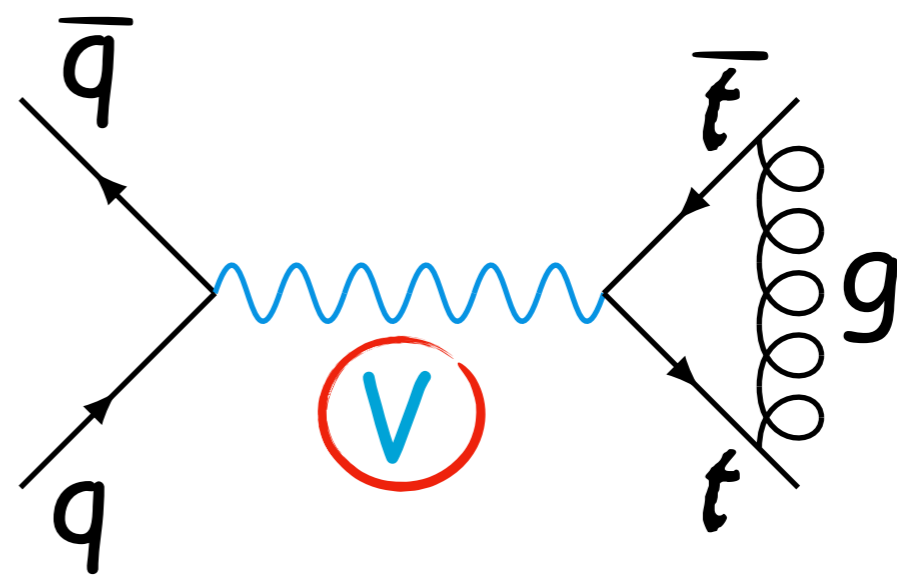
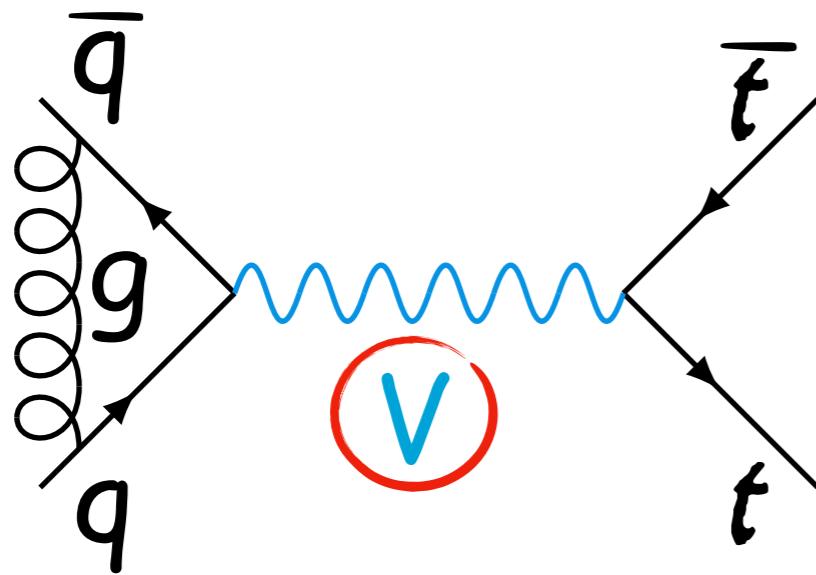
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

γ, Z, Z'

Born

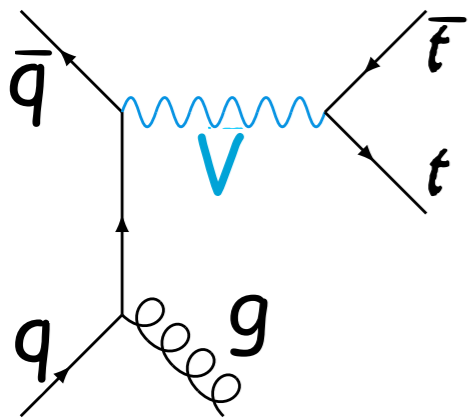


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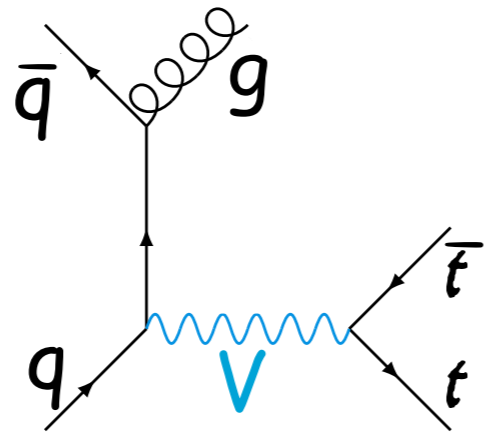


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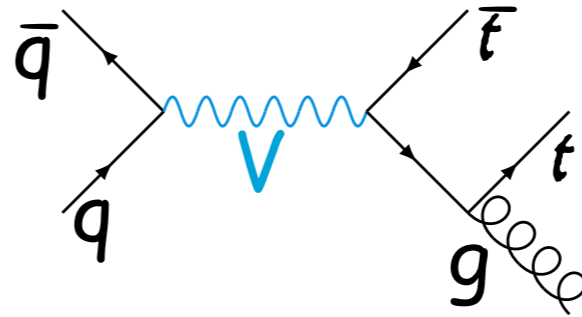
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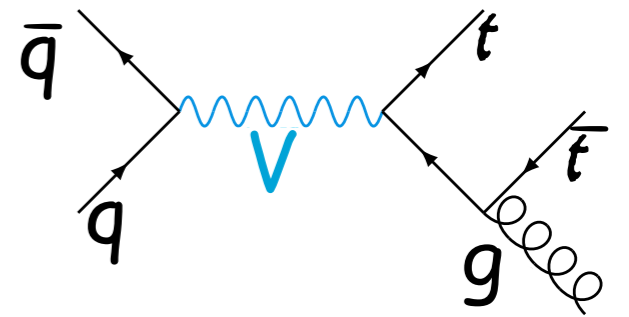
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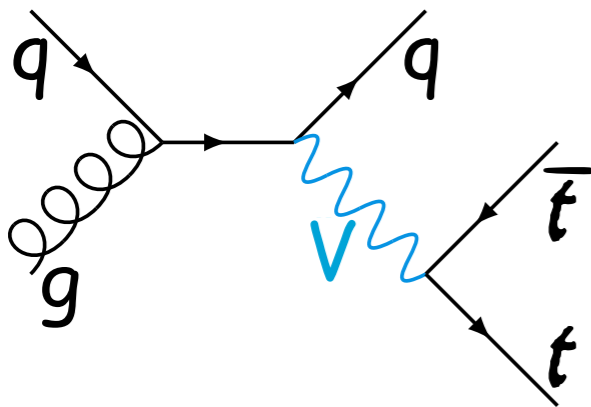
(b)



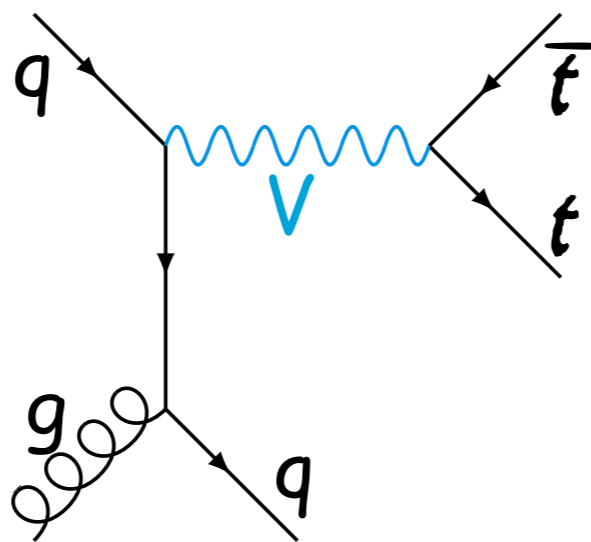
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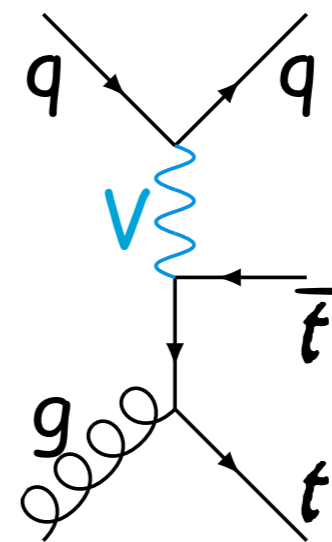
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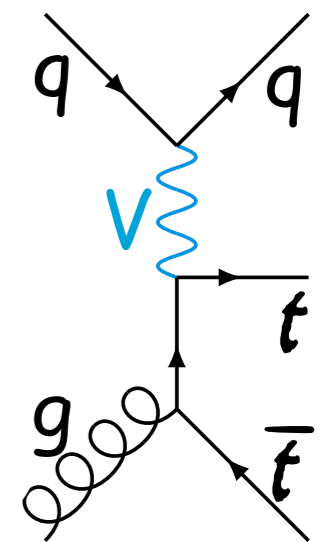
(e)



(f)



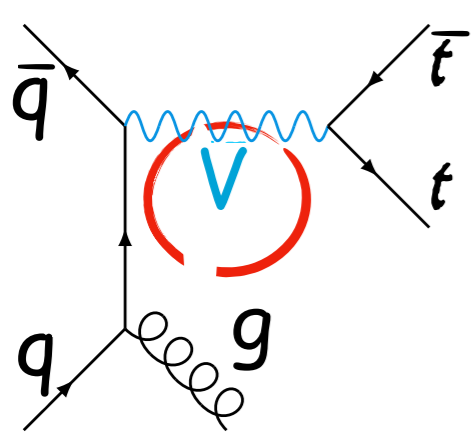
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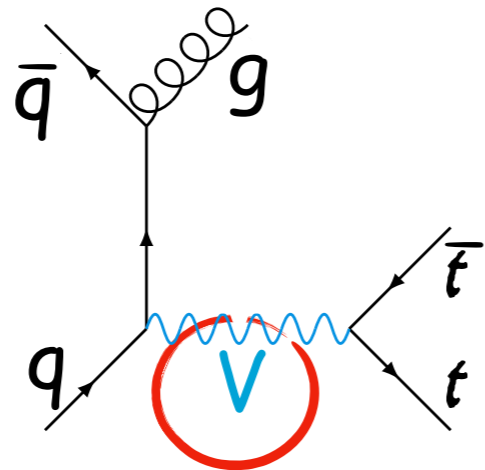
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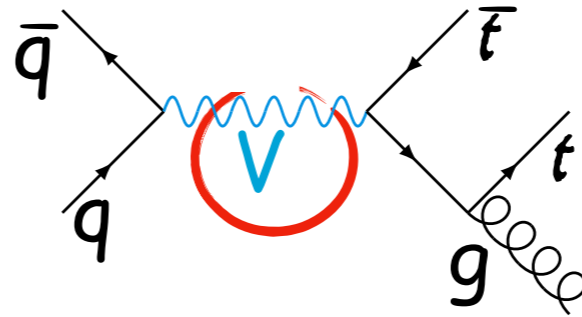
Real



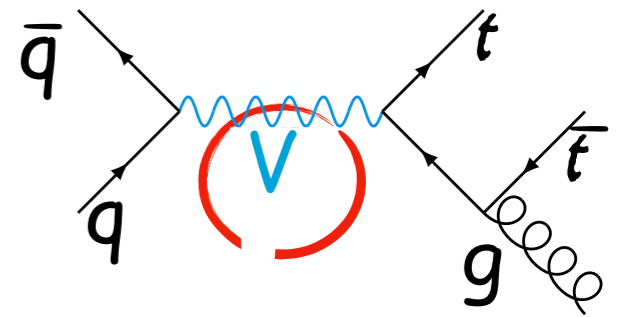
(a)



(b)

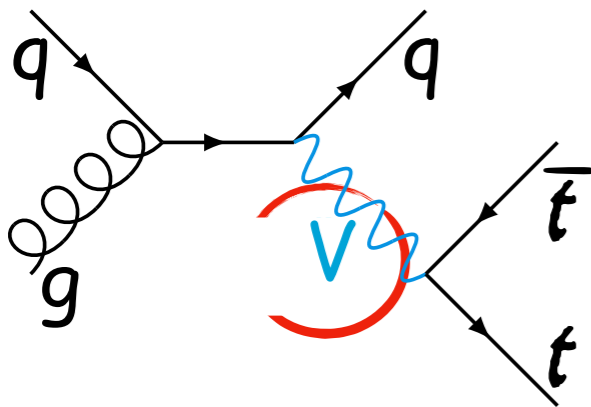


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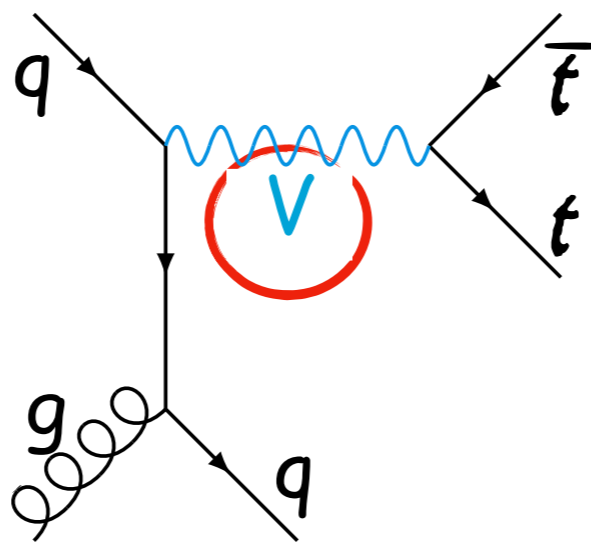


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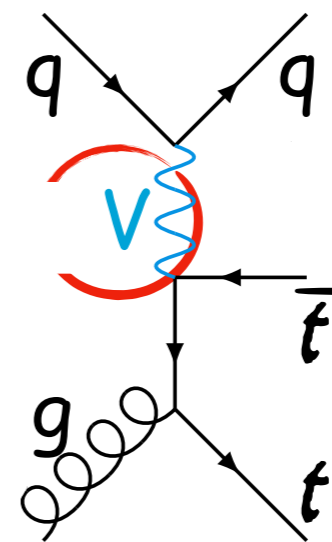
γ, Z, Z'



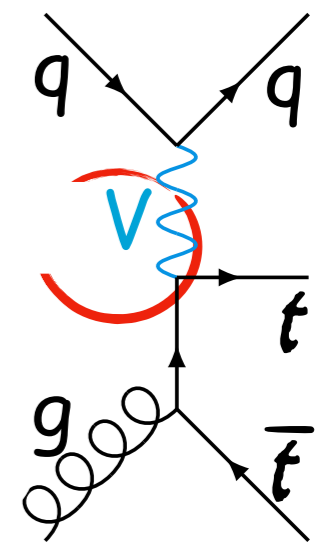
(e)



(f)



(g)

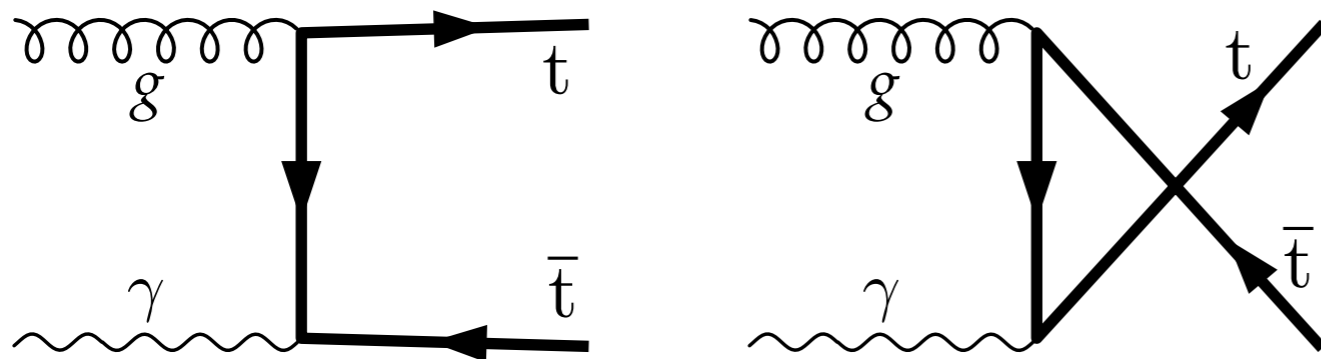


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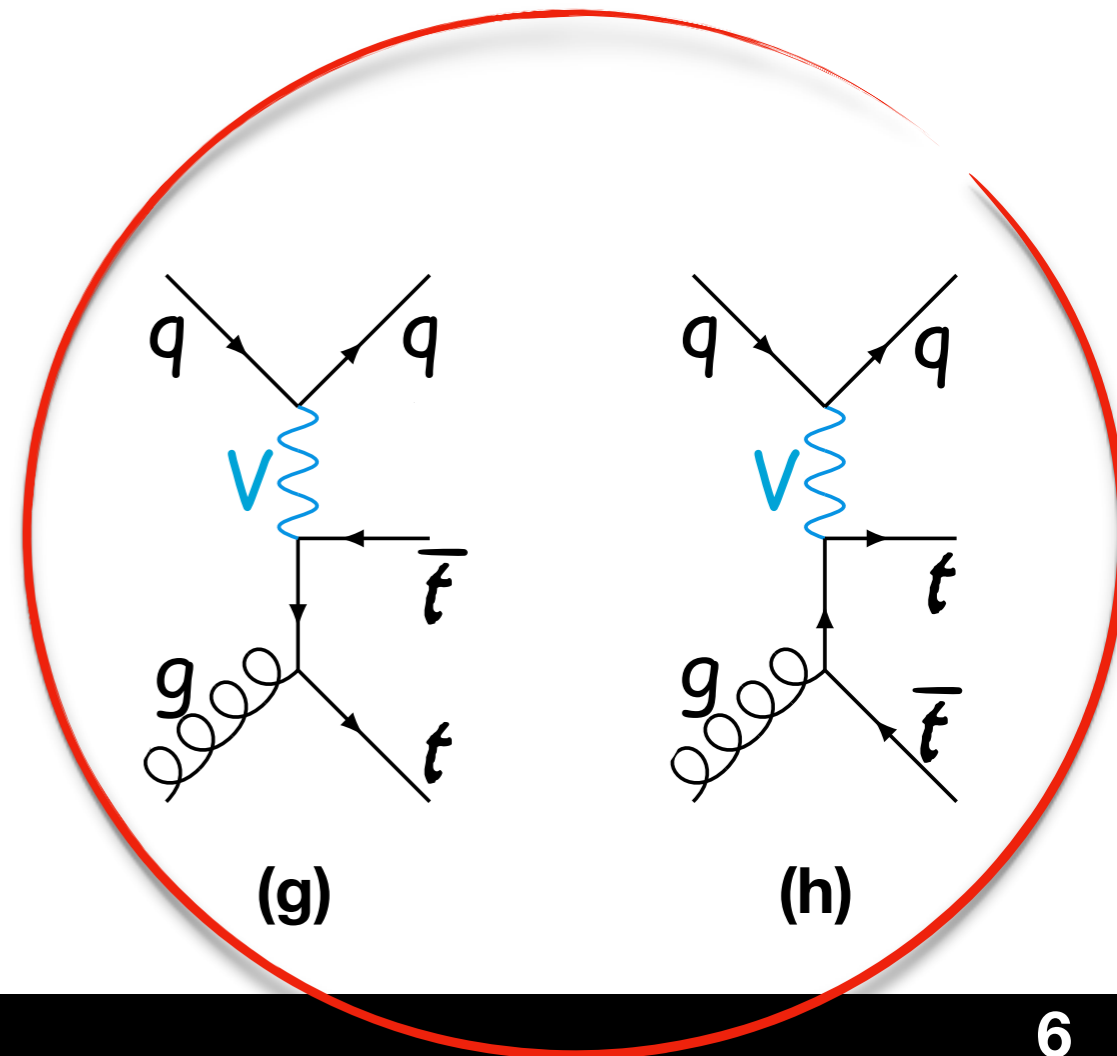
Subprocesses

QED contribution

- The fact that (g) & (h) have an initial state C-div. associated to a photon propagator has two consequences:
 - We have to introduce a **photon PDF** inside the proton
 - The corresponding **underlying Born process** must be included in the calculation



- This channel turns out to be **numerically important**



Summary

- The first calculation of NLO QCD corrections to EW top-pair production in the SM
- It was matched to PS (NLO+PS accuracy) within the POWHEG BOX framework: code named PBZp (POWHEG BOX Z')

However this calculation lacks some features:

- Does not contain the contribution of the t-channel W nor W'
- Cannot deal with a Z' with flavour non-diagonal couplings

**EW top pair production in the presence of
heavy Z' and W' bosons at NLO QCD in
POWHEG**

M. M. AlTakach, T. Jezo, M. Klasen, J.-N. Lang, I. Schienbein, arXiv:xxxx.xxxxx

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soon

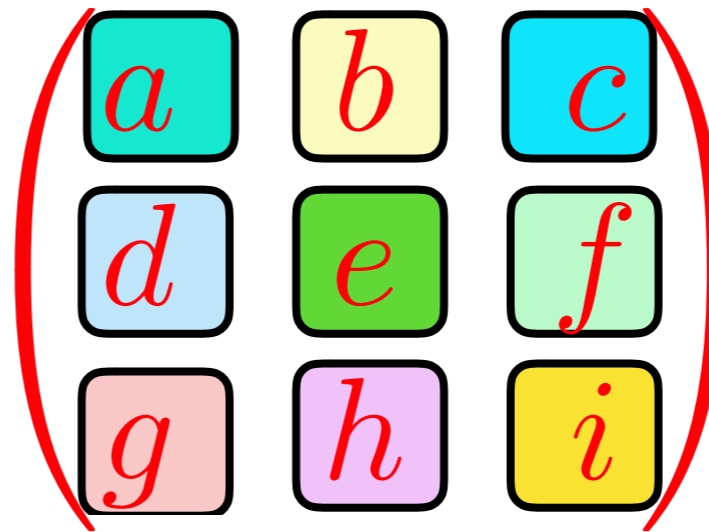
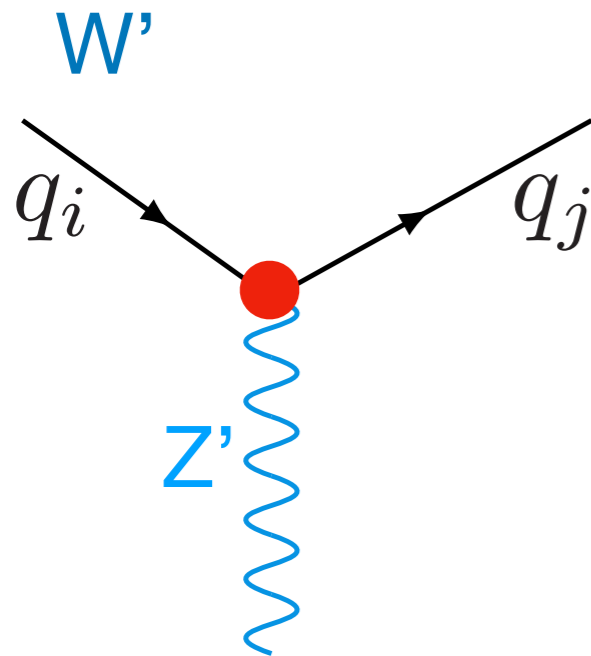
Introduction

- We performed a **complete re-calculation** of the processes implemented in the **PBZp** including a **number of improvements**:
 - The amplitudes have been calculated using the **Recola2** package:
 - **Recola2** (**RE**cursive **C**omputation of **O**ne-**L**oop **A**mplitudes)
 - Publicly available at: <https://recola.hepforge.org>
 - **EW** and **QCD** amplitudes for **BSM** models at **NLO** [**Denner, Lang, Uccirati; 1705.06053**]
 - The amplitudes were implemented in Monte Carlo event generators (within the **POWHEG BOX** framework)
 - First use case of **Recola2 BSM** amplitudes in **NLO+PS** matched calculation
 - The calculation now includes **t-channel W** and **W'** contributions

Introduction

- We performed a **complete re-calculation** of the processes implemented in the **PBZp** including a **number of improvements**:

- The new code can deal with **general couplings** for both **Z'** and **W'**

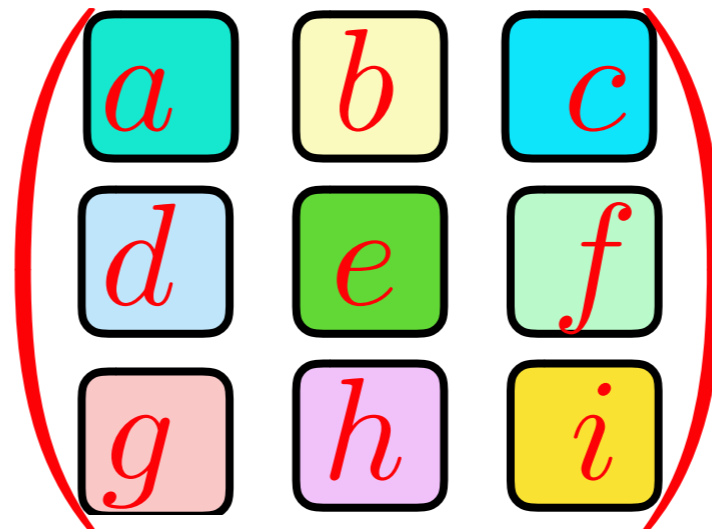
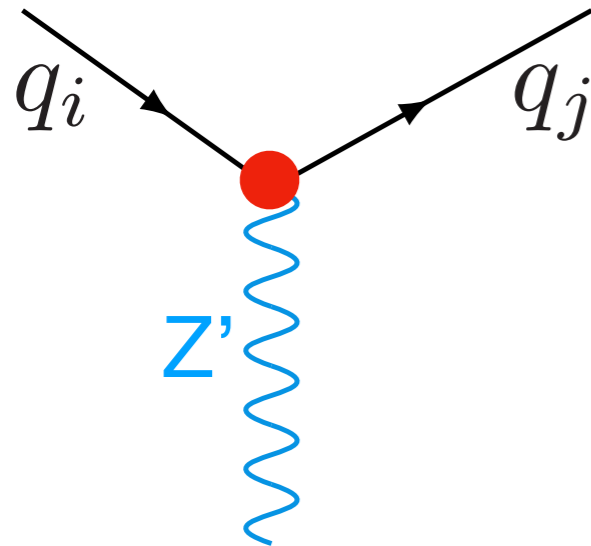


- Standard Model (γ , Z , W) and new physics (Z' , W') **interference effects** taken into account

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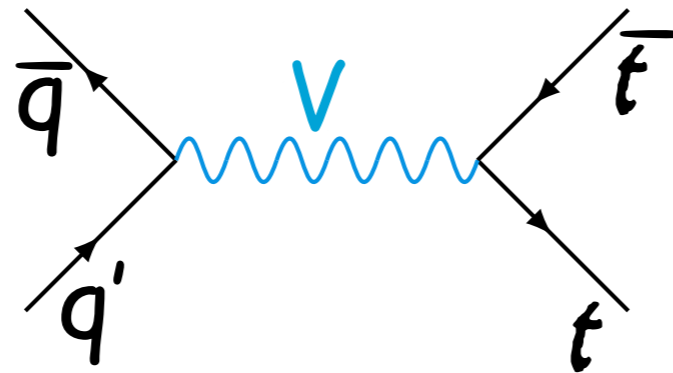
The new calculation was **validated** against the old-**PBZp** finding

Full agreement

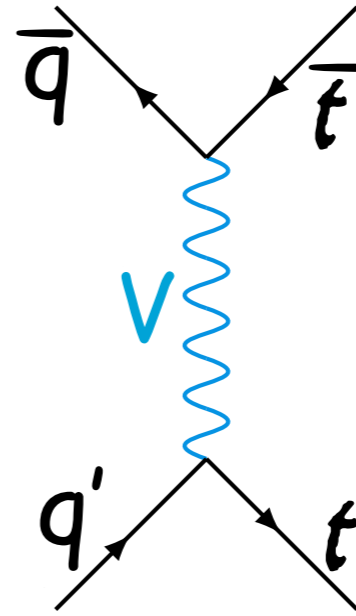
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

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Born



(a)

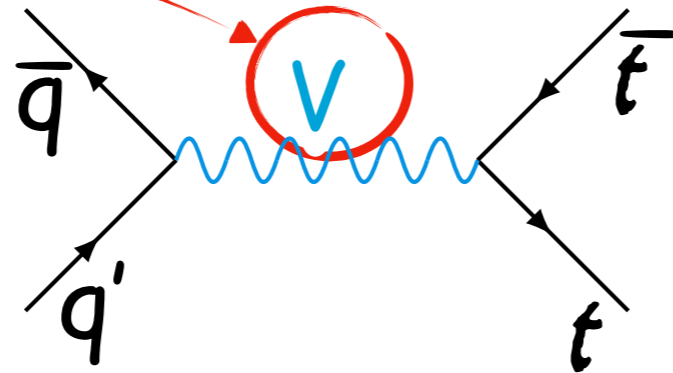


(b)

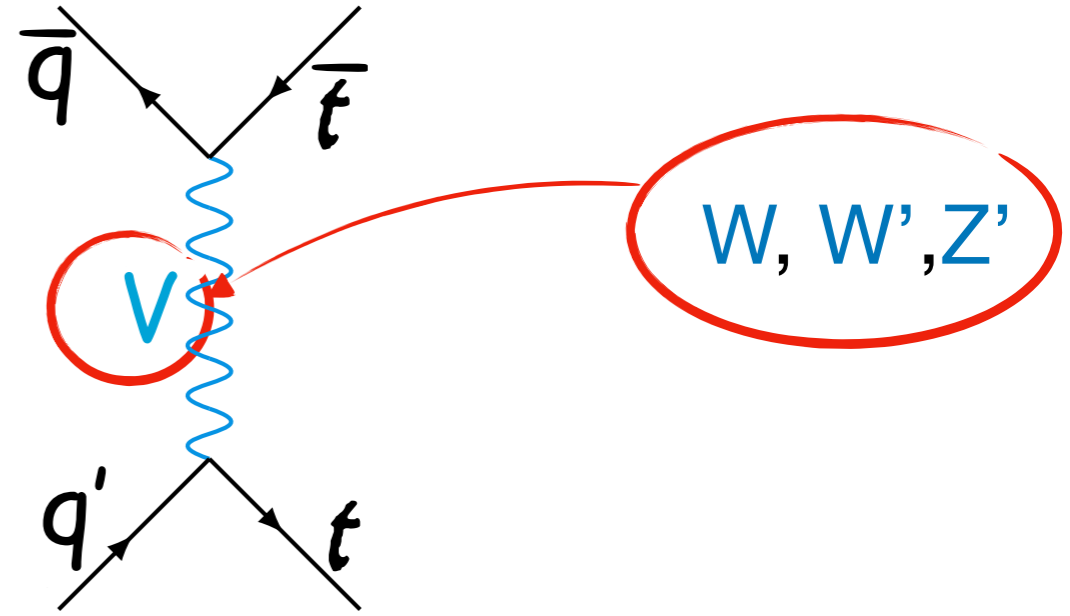
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Born

γ, Z, Z'



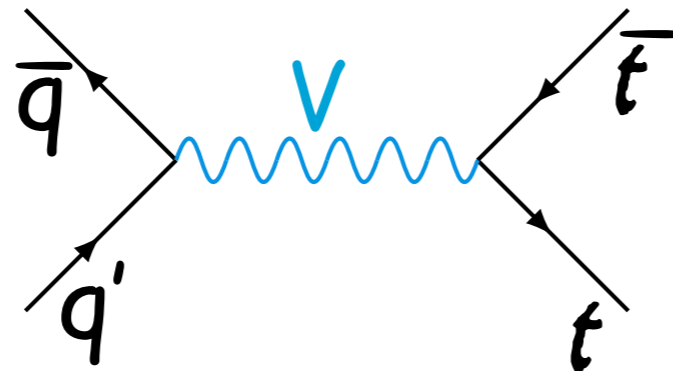
(a)



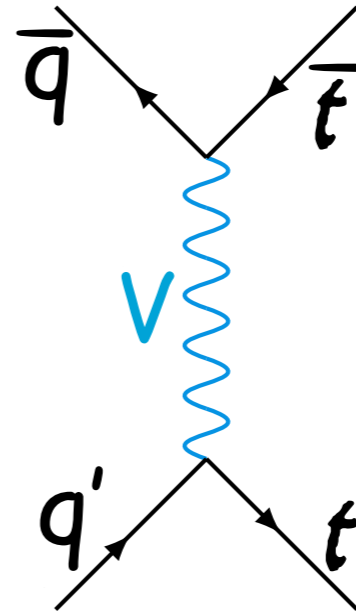
(b)

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Born

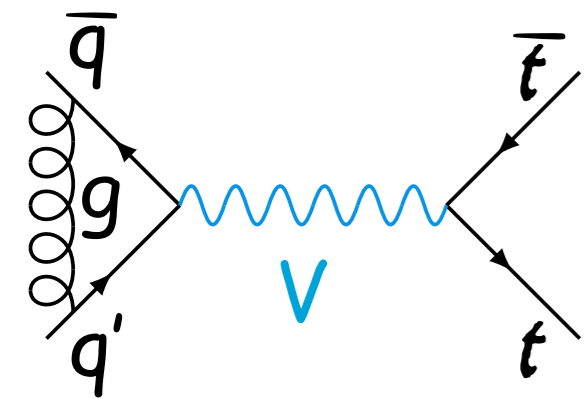


(a)

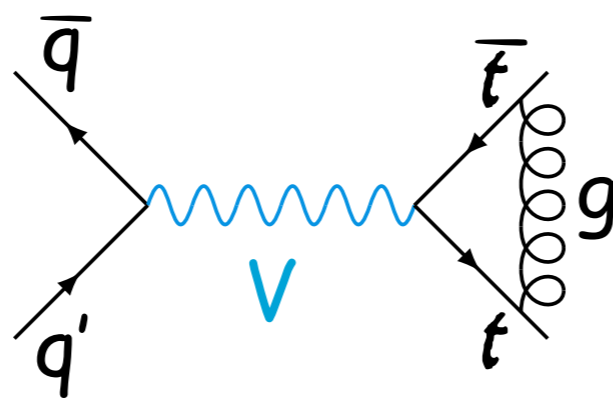


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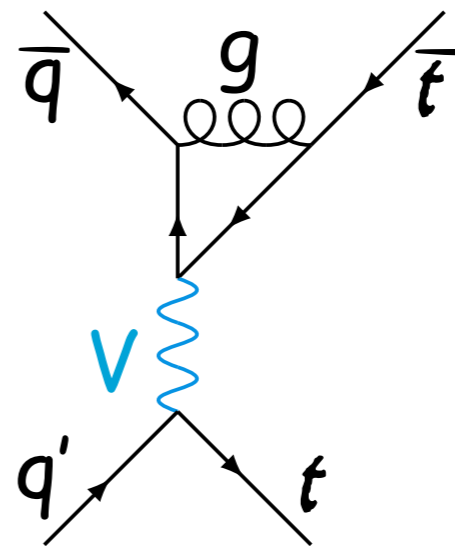
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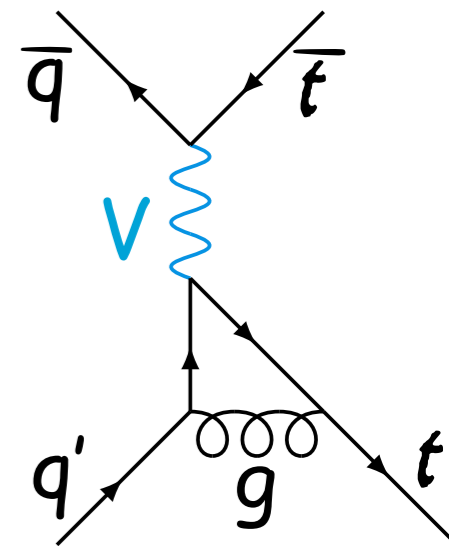
(a)



(b)



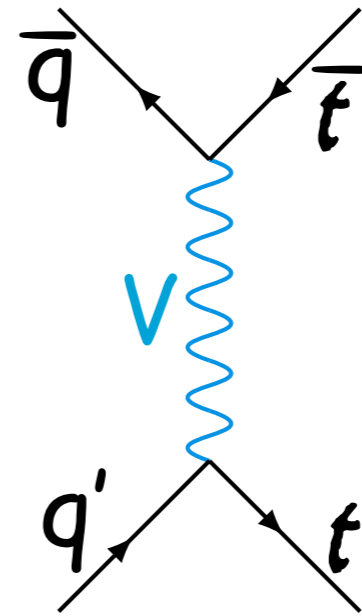
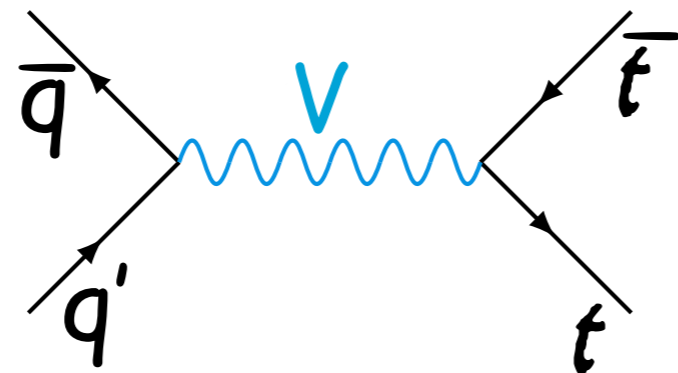
(c)



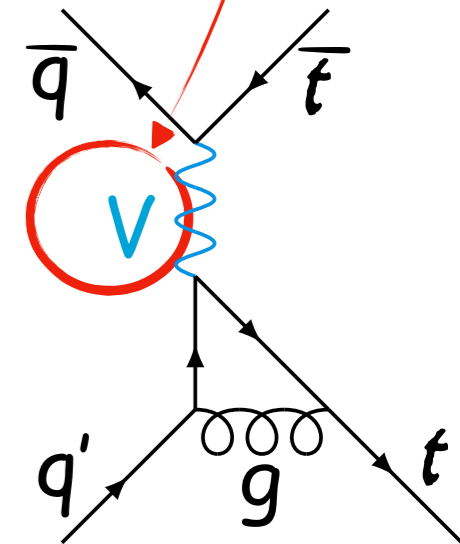
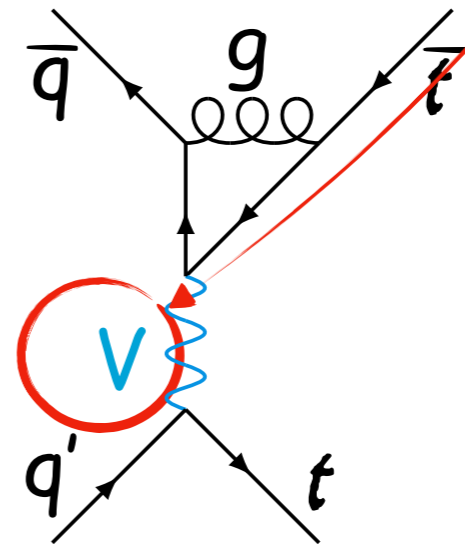
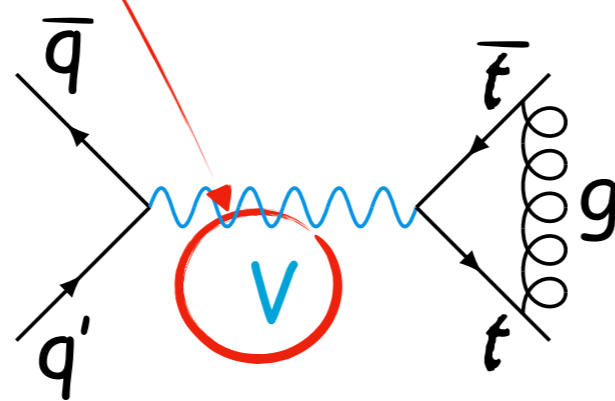
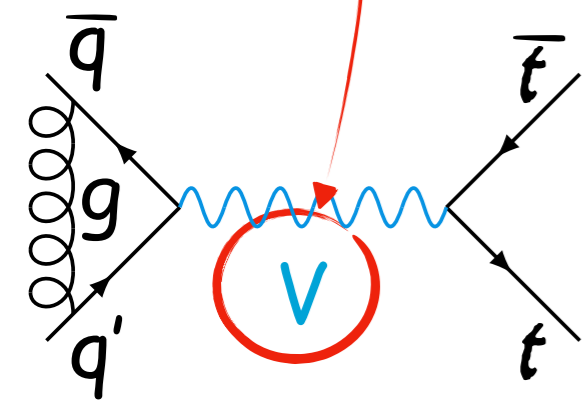
(d)

Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Born



Virtual

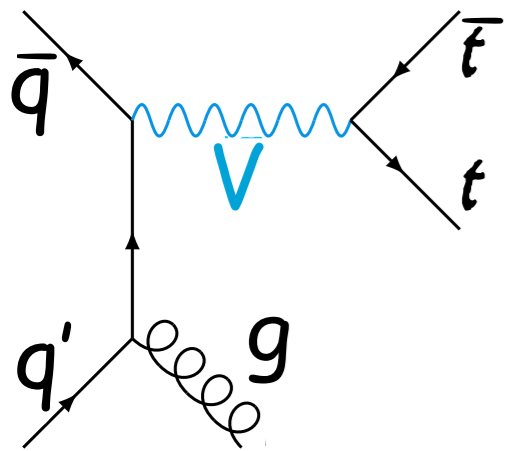


γ, Z, Z'

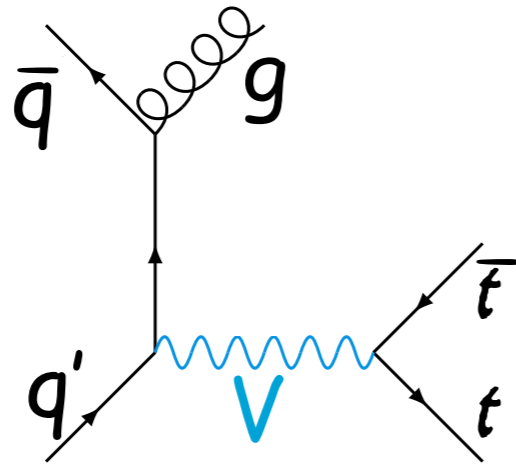
W, W', Z'

Subprocesses (5 FNS)

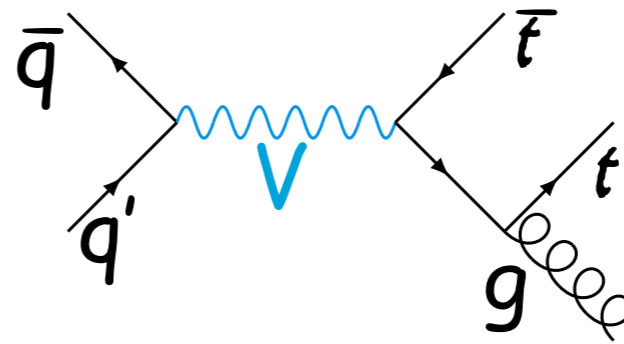
Real ($q' + \bar{q} \rightarrow t + \bar{t} + g$)



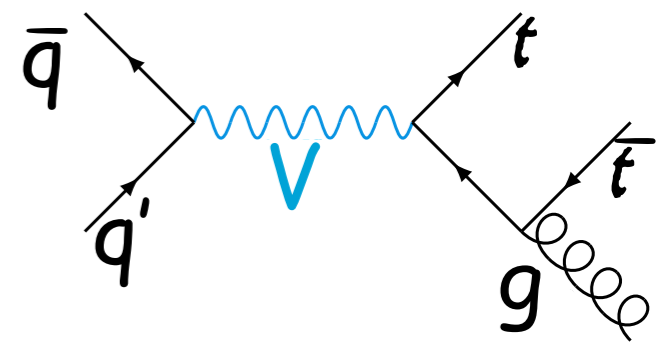
(a)



(b)



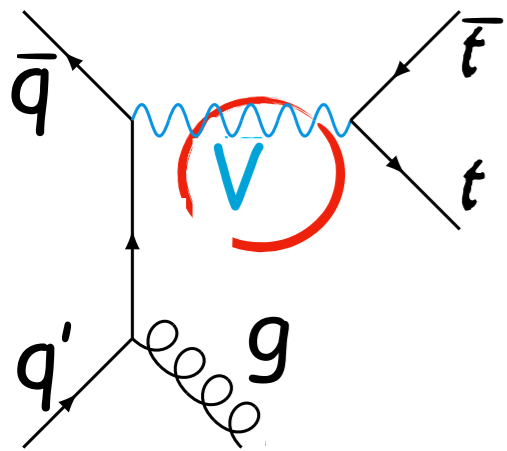
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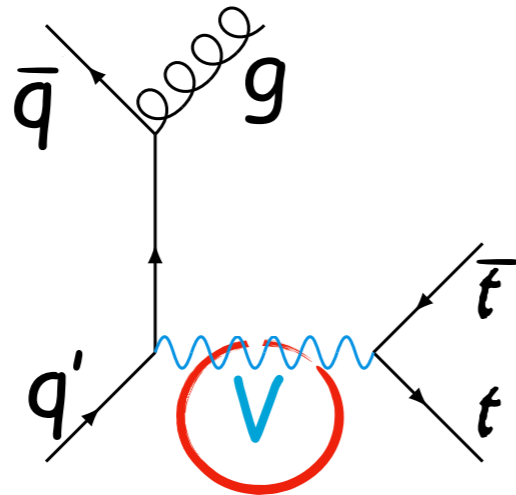
(d)

Subprocesses (5 FNS)

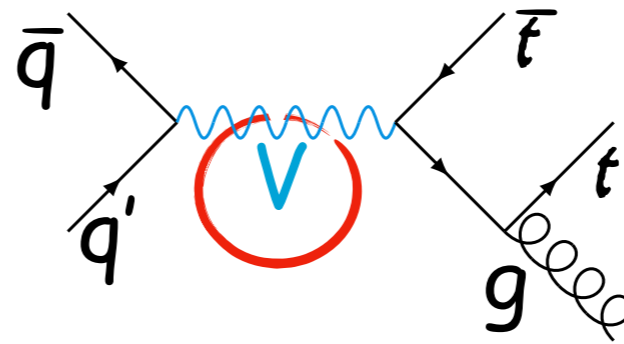
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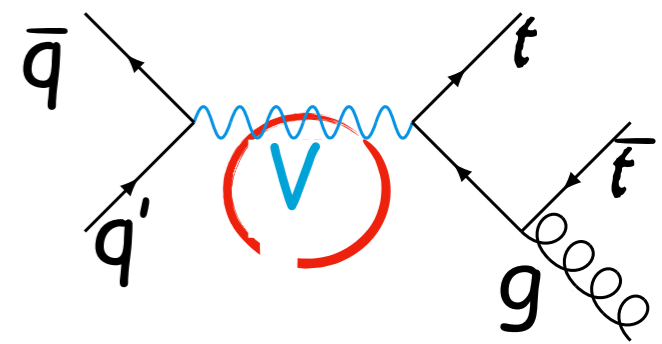
γ, Z, Z'



(b)



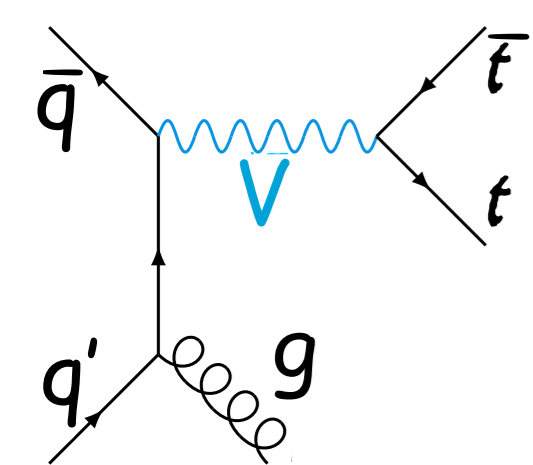
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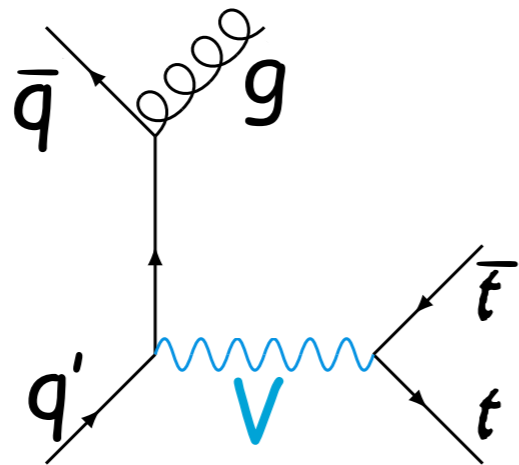
(d)

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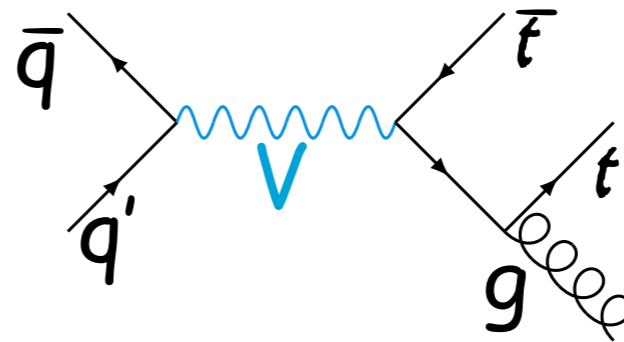
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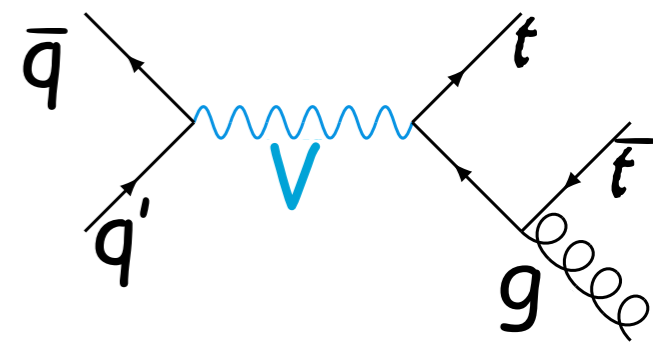
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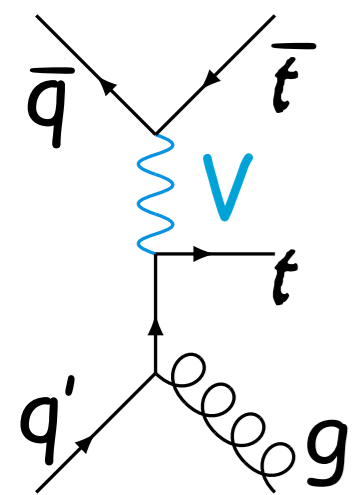
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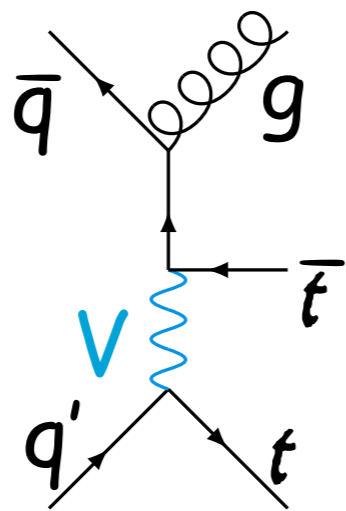
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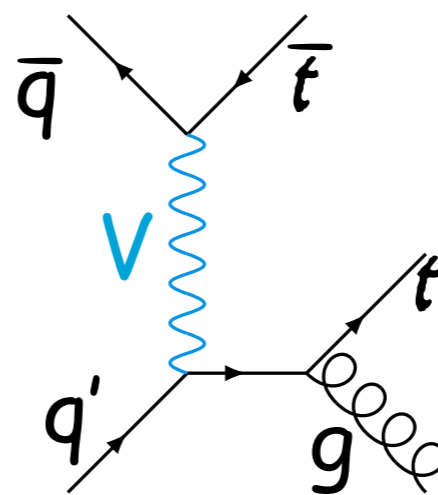
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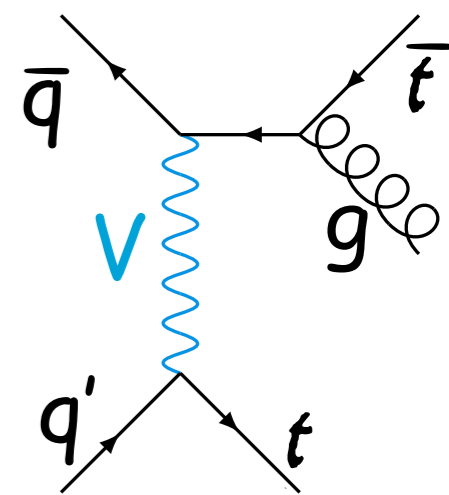
(e)



(f)



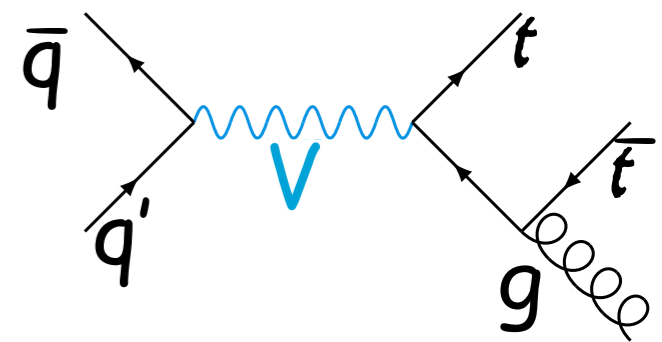
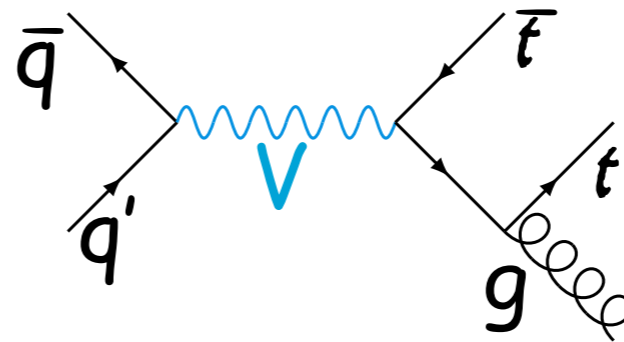
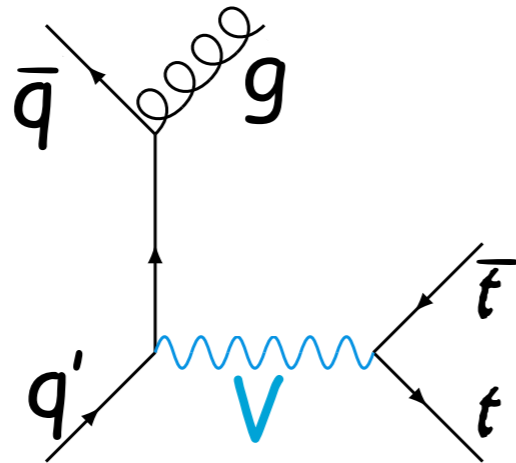
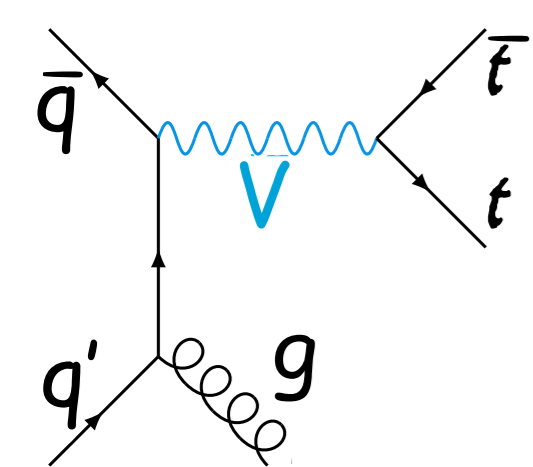
(g)



(h)

Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Real ($q' + \bar{q} \rightarrow t + \bar{t} + g$)

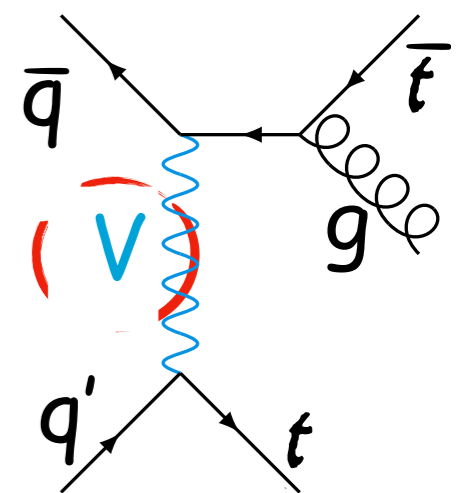
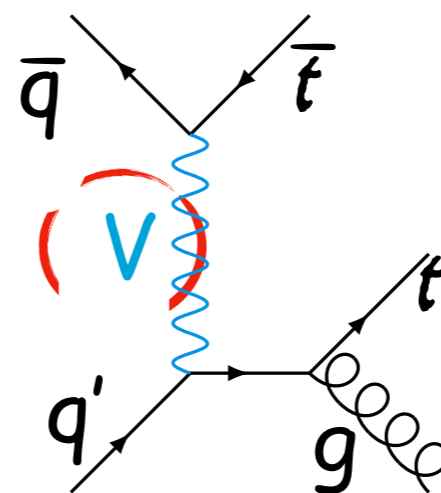
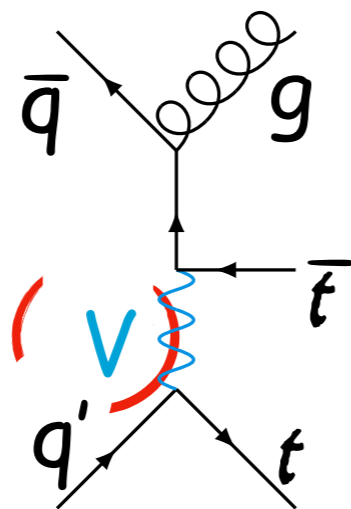
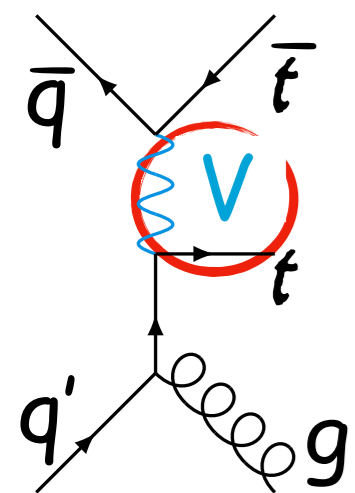


W, W', Z'

(b)

(c)

(d)



(e)

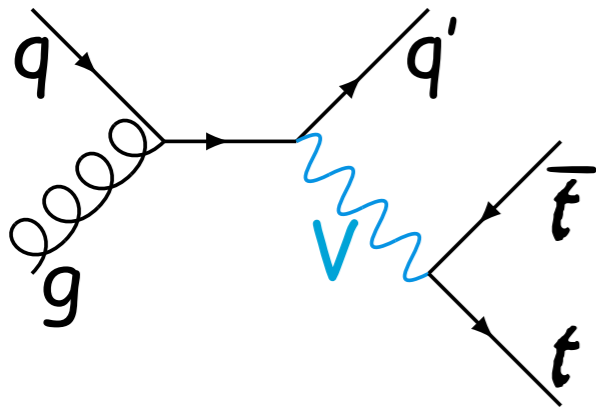
(f)

(g)

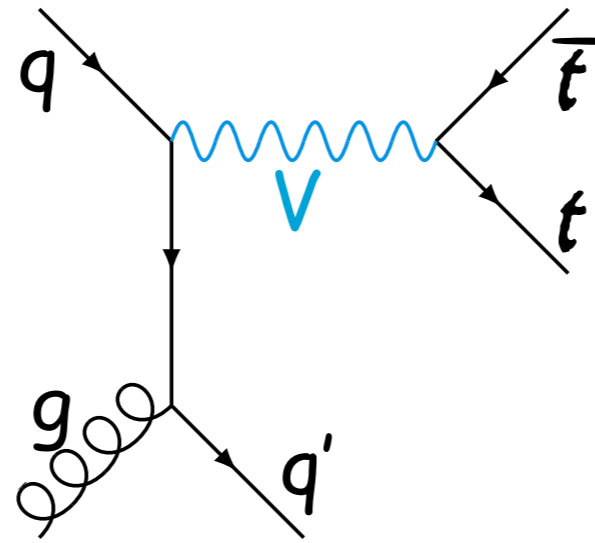
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Subprocesses (5 FNS)

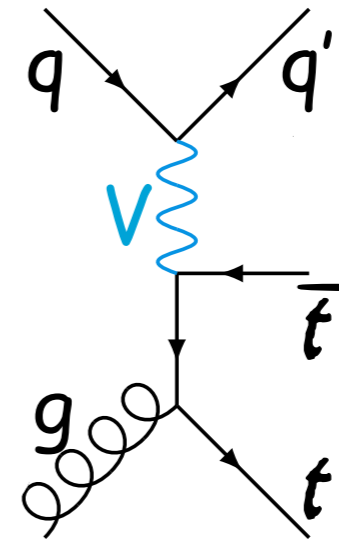
Real ($g + q \rightarrow t + \bar{t} + q'$)



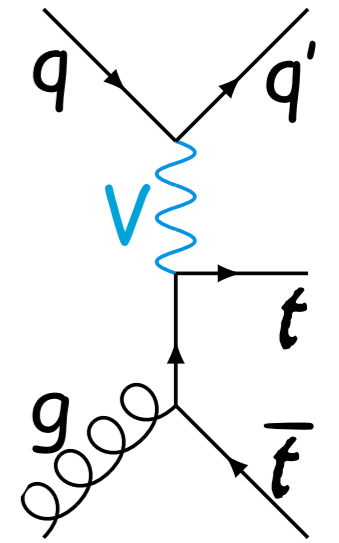
(a)



(b)



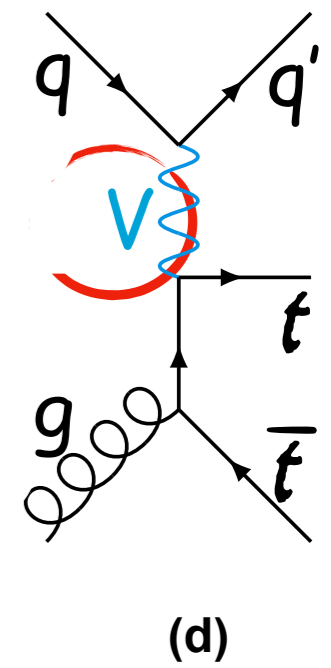
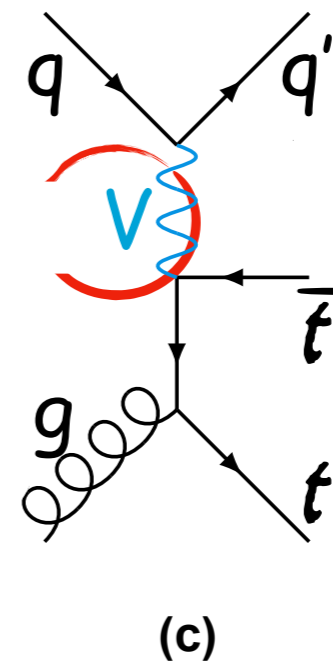
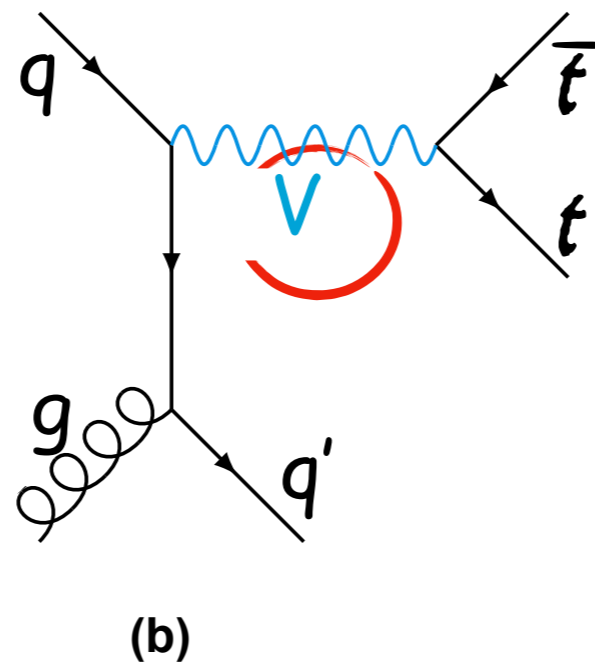
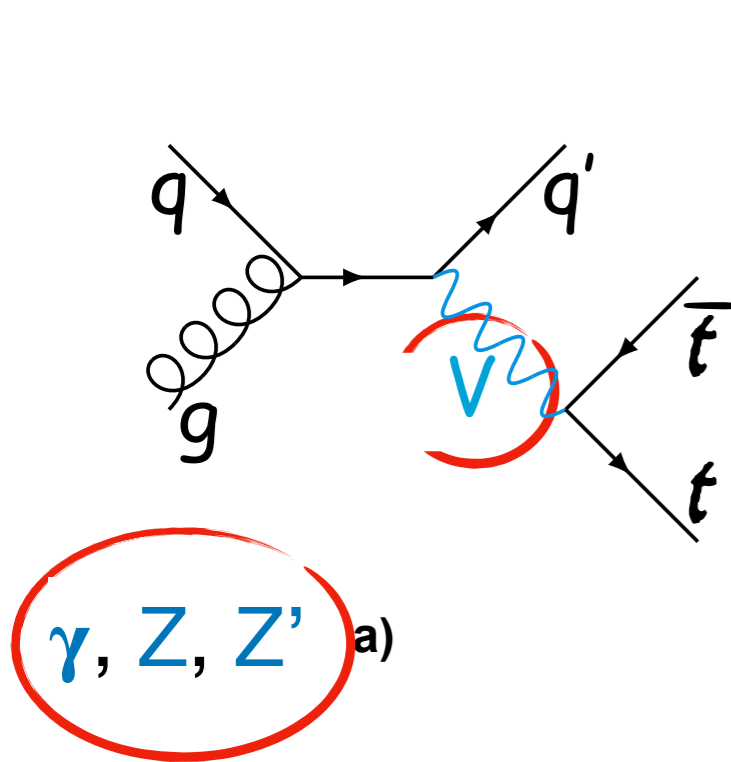
(c)



(d)

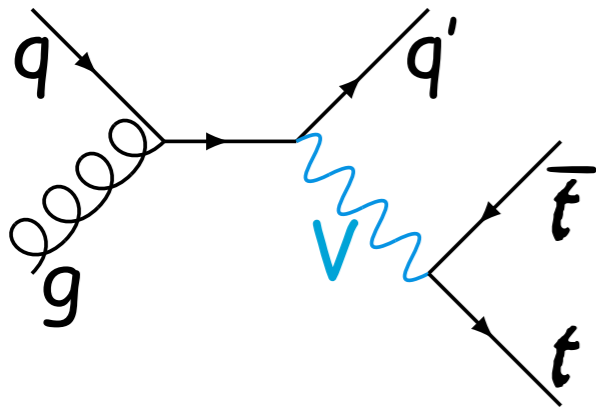
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Real ($g + q \rightarrow t + \bar{t} + q'$)

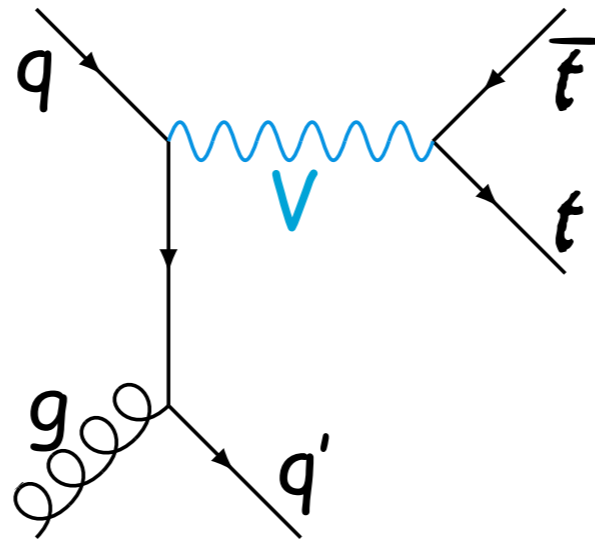


Subprocesses (5 FNS)

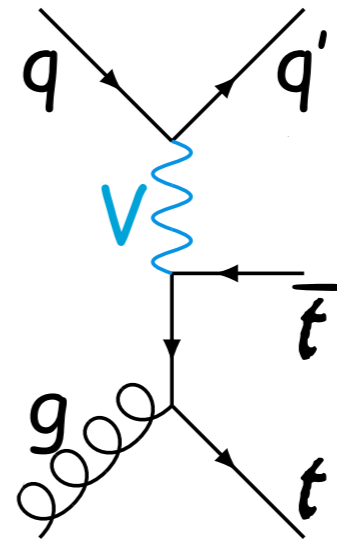
Real ($g + q \rightarrow t + \bar{t} + q'$)



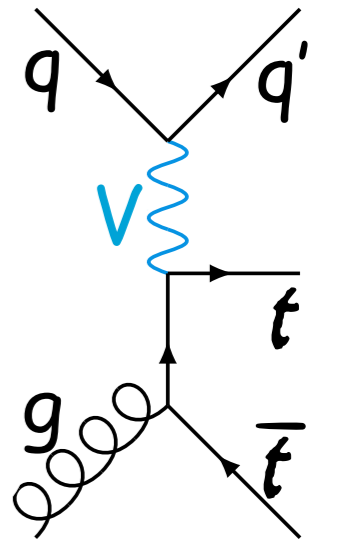
(a)



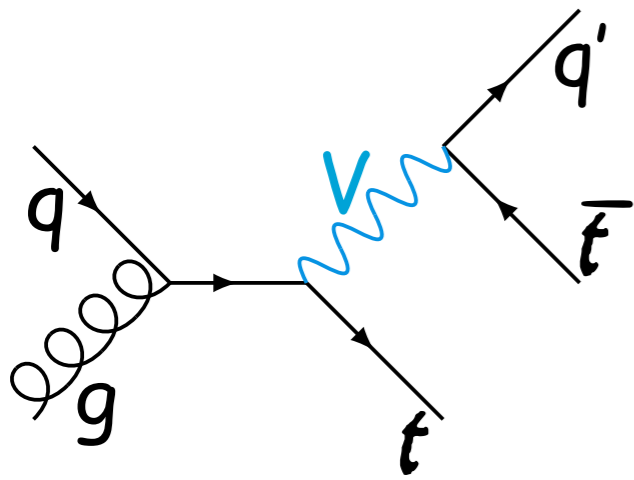
(b)



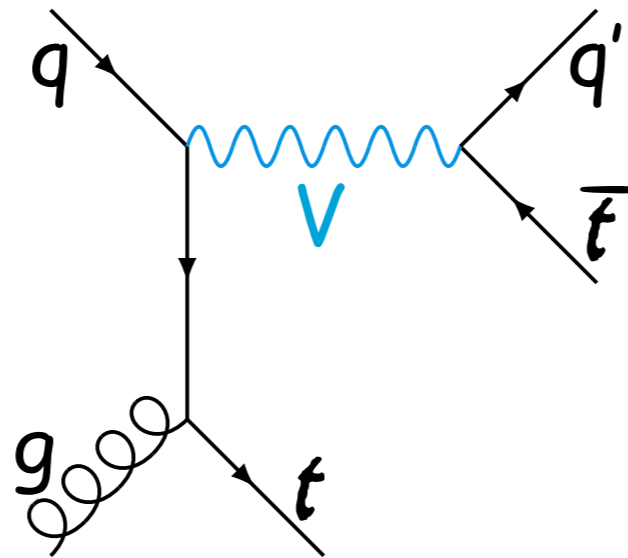
(c)



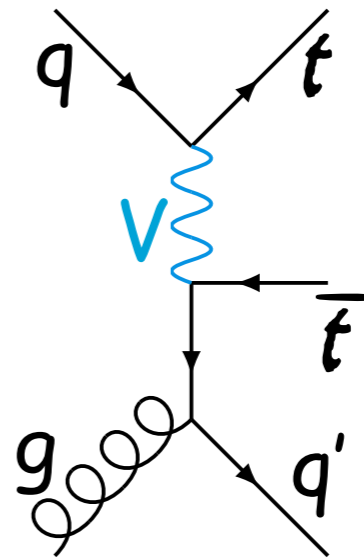
(d)



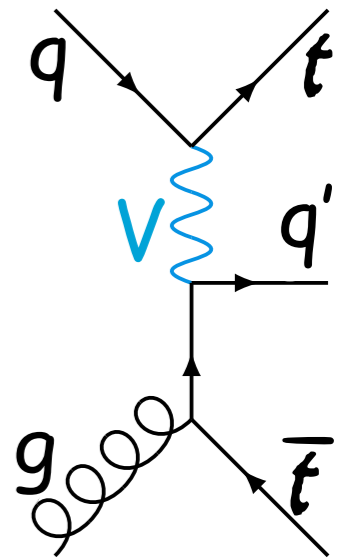
(e)



(f)



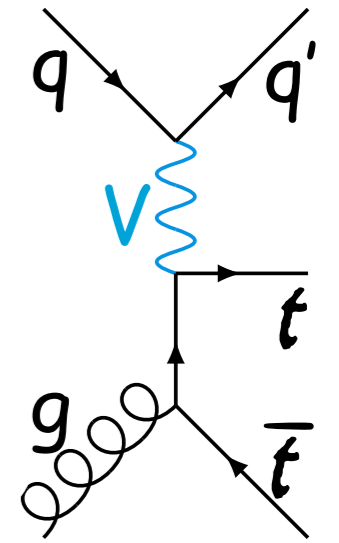
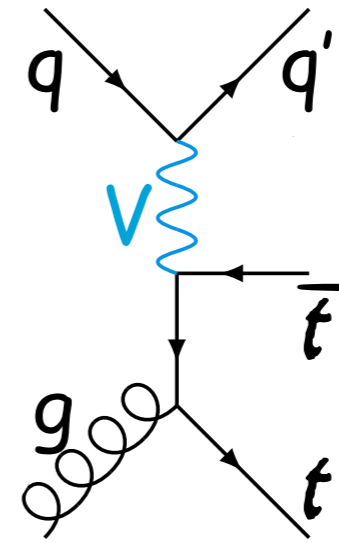
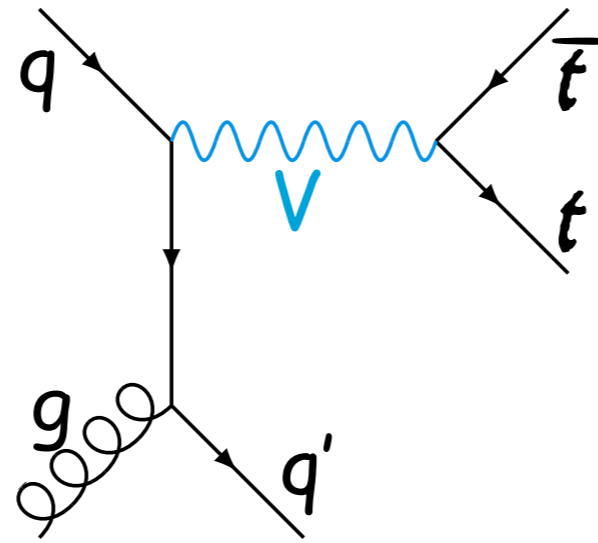
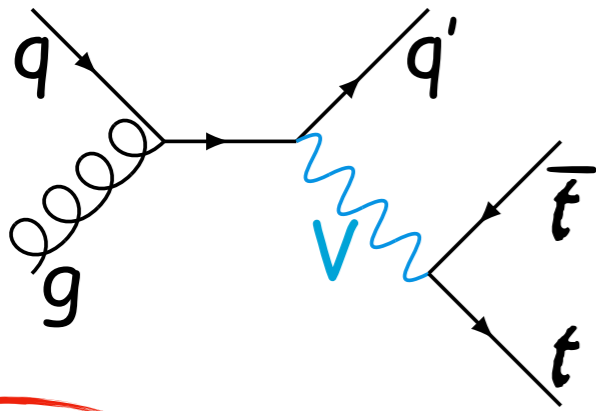
(g)



(h)

Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Real ($g + q \rightarrow t + \bar{t} + q'$)

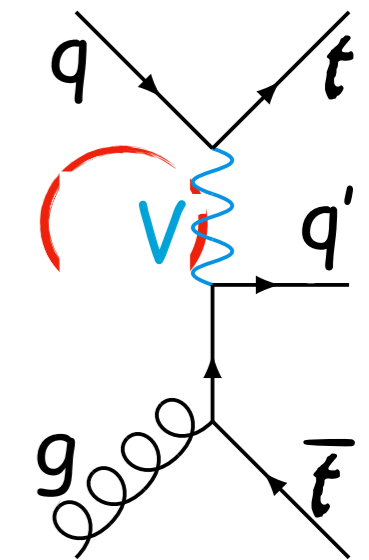
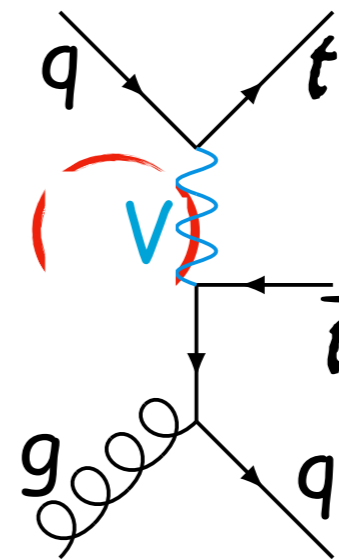
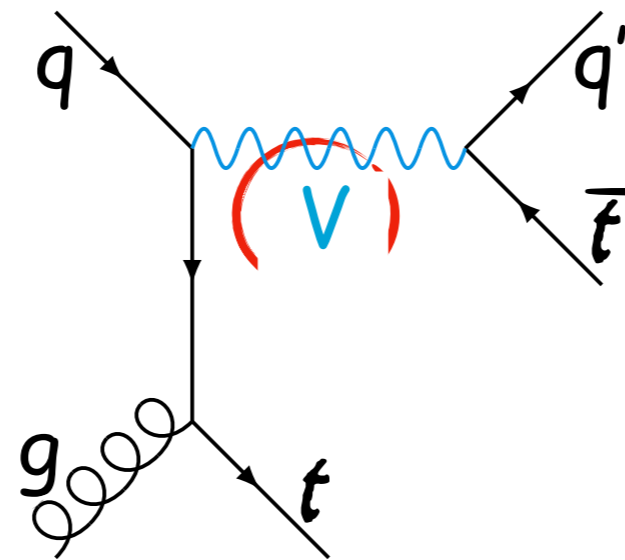
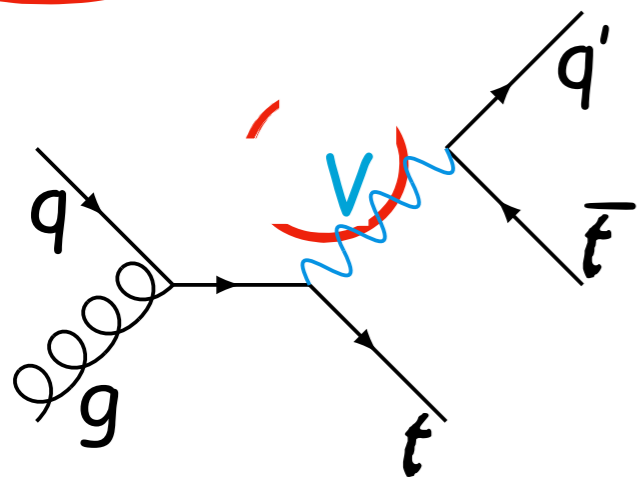


W, W', Z' (a)

(b)

(c)

(d)



(e)

(f)

(g)

(h)

Investigation of the potential impact of the **new features**

Models

Sequential SM (**SSM**):

- A toy model where Z' (W') have the same couplings to fermions as the SM Z (W)
- The width of Z' (W') increases proportionally to its mass
- It is a widely used benchmark model in which LHC data are analysed
- Most stringent limits:
 - **Leptonic final states:**
 - $M_{Z'} \geq 5.15 \text{ TeV}$ assuming $\Gamma/M_{Z'} = 3\%$ [CMS-PAS-EXO-19-019]
 - **Hadronic final states:**
 - $M_{Z'} \geq 2.7 \text{ TeV}$ assuming $\Gamma/M_{Z'} = 3\%$ [arXiv:1910.08447]
- Input parameter: $M_{Z'}$ ($M_{W'}$)

Models

Leptophobic Topcolor model (**TC**) [arXiv:1112.4928]:

- **New strong dynamics** with $SU(3)_2$ symmetry coupling preferentially to the third generation while the original $SU(3)_1$ gauge group couples only to the **1st** and **2nd** generation; breaking $SU(3)_1 \times SU(3)_2 \rightarrow SU(3)_C$
- To block the formation of a bottom quark condensate an **additional** $U(1)_2$ symmetry with associated Z' is introduced; $U(1)_1 \times U(1)_2 \rightarrow U(1)_Y$
- Z' couples only to **1st** and **3rd** generation
- The **TC** model is frequently studied in **ATLAS** & **CMS** searches

Models

Leptophobic Topcolor model (TC) [arXiv:1112.4928]:

- Most stringent limits:
 - $M_{Z'} \geq 6.65 \text{ TeV}$ (5.25 TeV, 3.8 TeV) for $\Gamma/M_{Z'} = 30\%$ (10%, 1%) [arXiv:1810.05905v2]
- Input parameters:
 - $M_{Z'}$
 - The Ratio of the two $U(1)$ coupling constants: $\cot \Theta_H$

Models

Third Family Hypercharge model (TFHMeg) [arXiv:1809.01158]:

- A minimal extension of the SM by an anomaly-free, spontaneously-broken $U(1)_F$ gauge symmetry
- Explains the neutral current B anomaly measurements and the heaviness of the third family fermions
- Z' with generation non-universal/ flavour non-diagonal couplings
- Most stringent limits:
 - $M_{Z'} \geq 1.2 \text{ TeV}^*$ [arXiv:1904.10954]
- Input parameters:
 - $M_{Z'}$
 - The $U(1)_F$ gauge coupling: g_F
 - The mixing angle between second and third generation: θ_{sb}

* a portion of the parameter space is ruled out for $M_{Z'} < 1.5 \text{ TeV}$

Numerical Results

Setup and Input

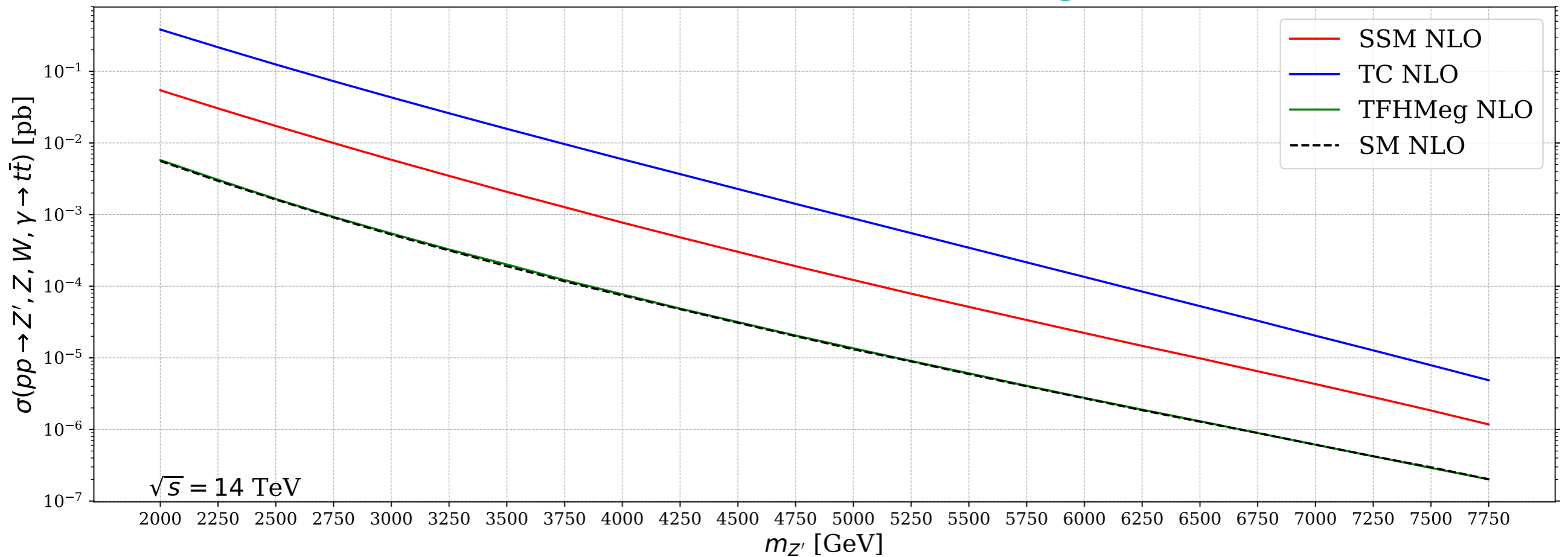
- Events in **LHE** format using new-**PBZp** with stable on-shell **top quark**
- **Generation** cut on the **top pair** invariant mass:
 - $M_{t\bar{t}} \geq 0.75M_{Z'}$
 - Applied at the **Born** phase space level
 - More statistics in the interesting regions
- **PYTHIA 8.2** to decay the **top quark** leptonically and to shower the events
- **Rivet** to impose the following **acceptance** cuts:
 - $R = 0.5$ (**anti- k_T**), $p_T > 25$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$ GeV

Setup and Input

- $\sqrt{s} = \{14 \text{ TeV}, 27 \text{ TeV}, 50 \text{ TeV}, 100 \text{ TeV}\}$
- $M_{Z'} = \{2000 \text{ GeV}, \dots, 7750 \text{ GeV}\}$
- $M_{\text{top}} = 173.2 \text{ GeV}$
- **PDF** choice: NNPDF31_nlo_as_0118_luxqed
- $\mu_R^2 = \mu_F^2 = \hat{s}$

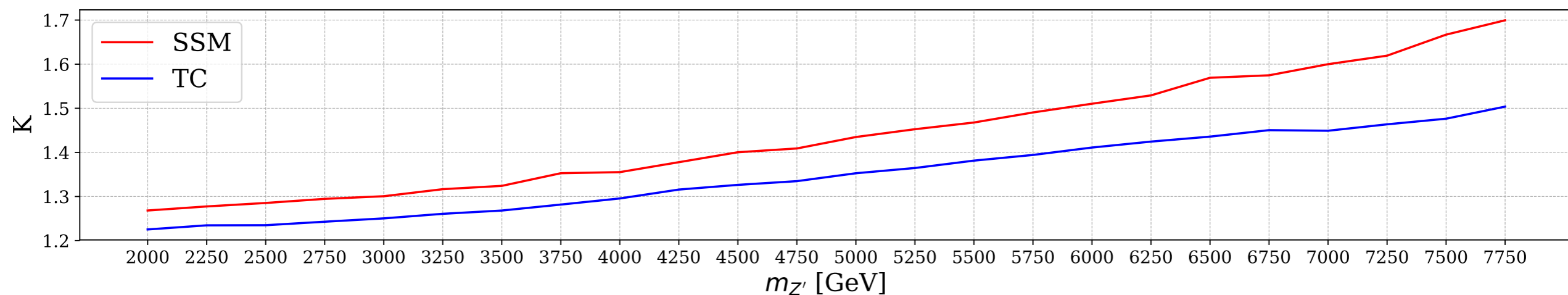
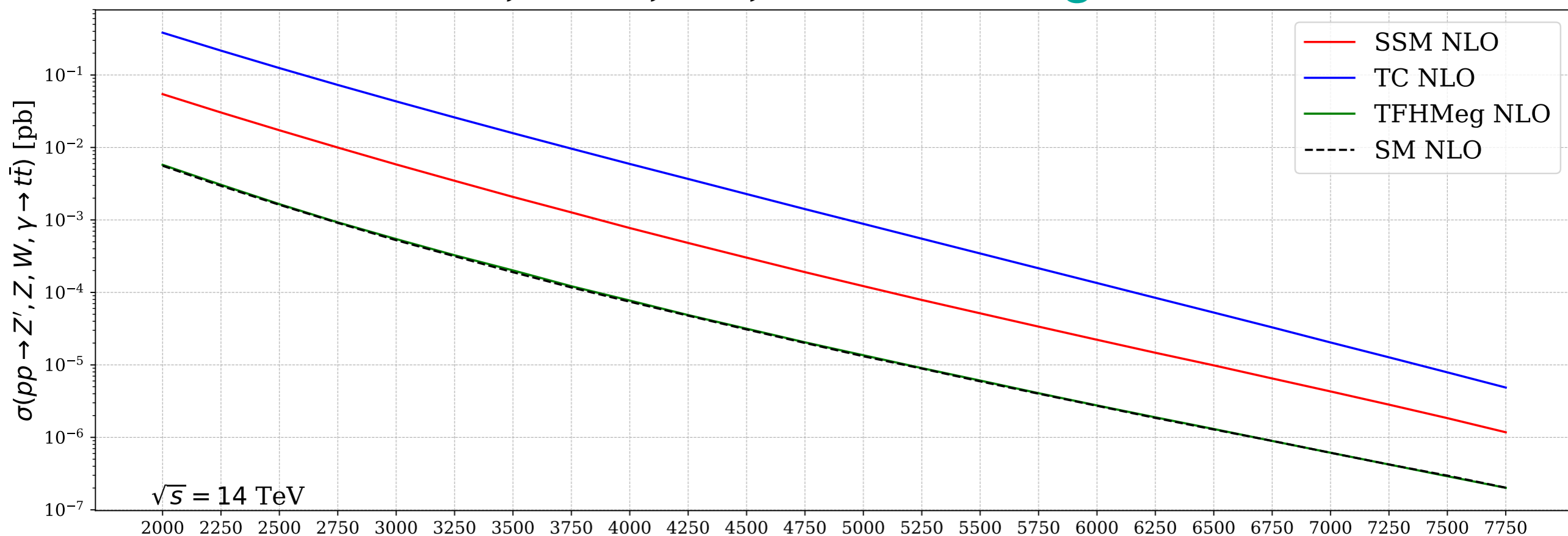
Results for Integrated Cross Sections

EW Top-quark pair production cross section at **NLO** at **LHC14** in the **SM**, **SSM**, **TC**, and **TFHMeG** vs $M_{Z'}$



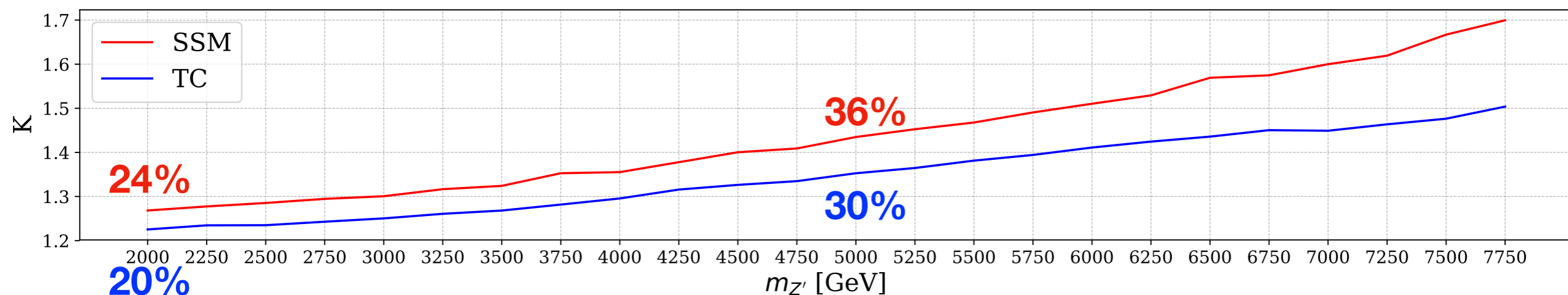
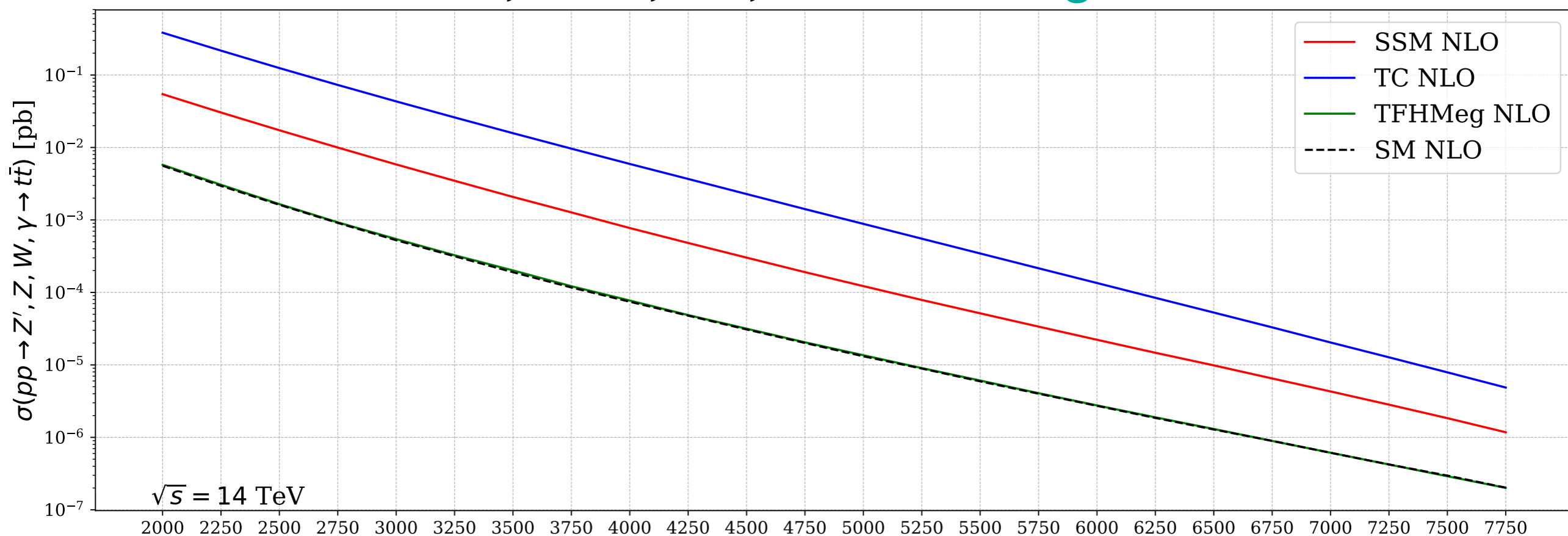
Results for Integrated Cross Sections

EW Top-quark pair production cross section at **NLO** at **LHC14** in the **SM**, **SSM**, **TC**, and **TFHMeG** vs $M_{Z'}$



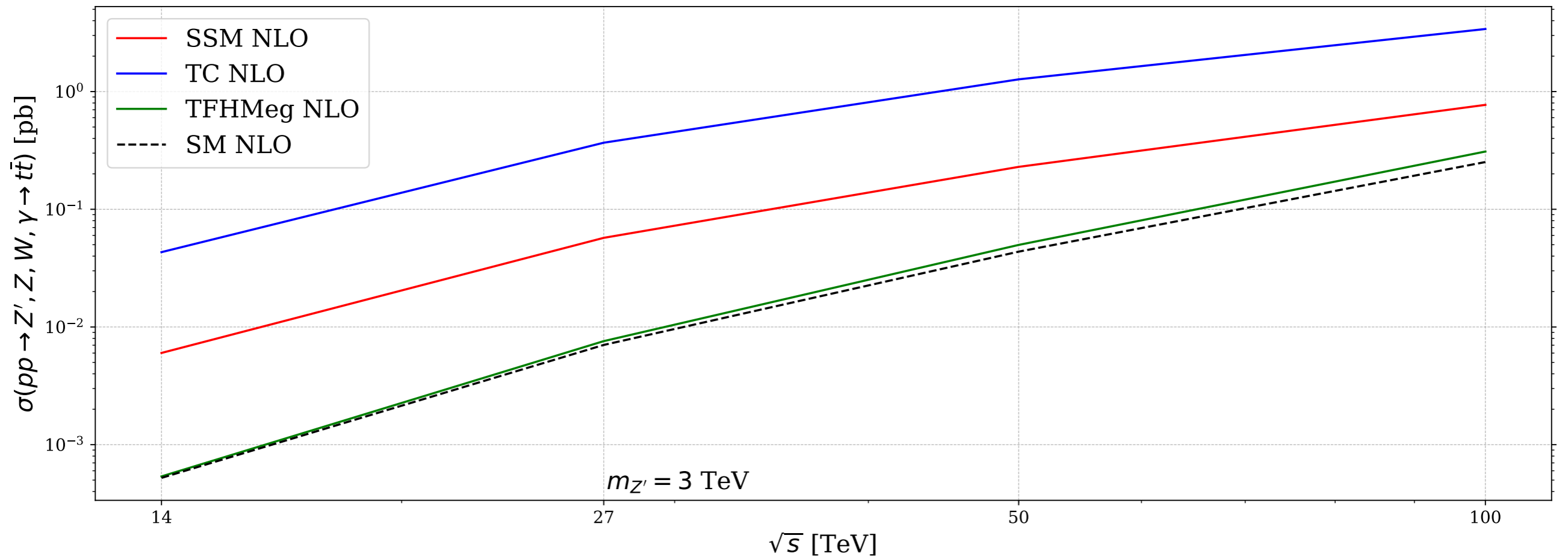
Results for Integrated Cross Sections

EW Top-quark pair production cross section at **NLO** at **LHC14** in the **SM**, **SSM**, **TC**, and **TFHMeG** vs $M_{Z'}$



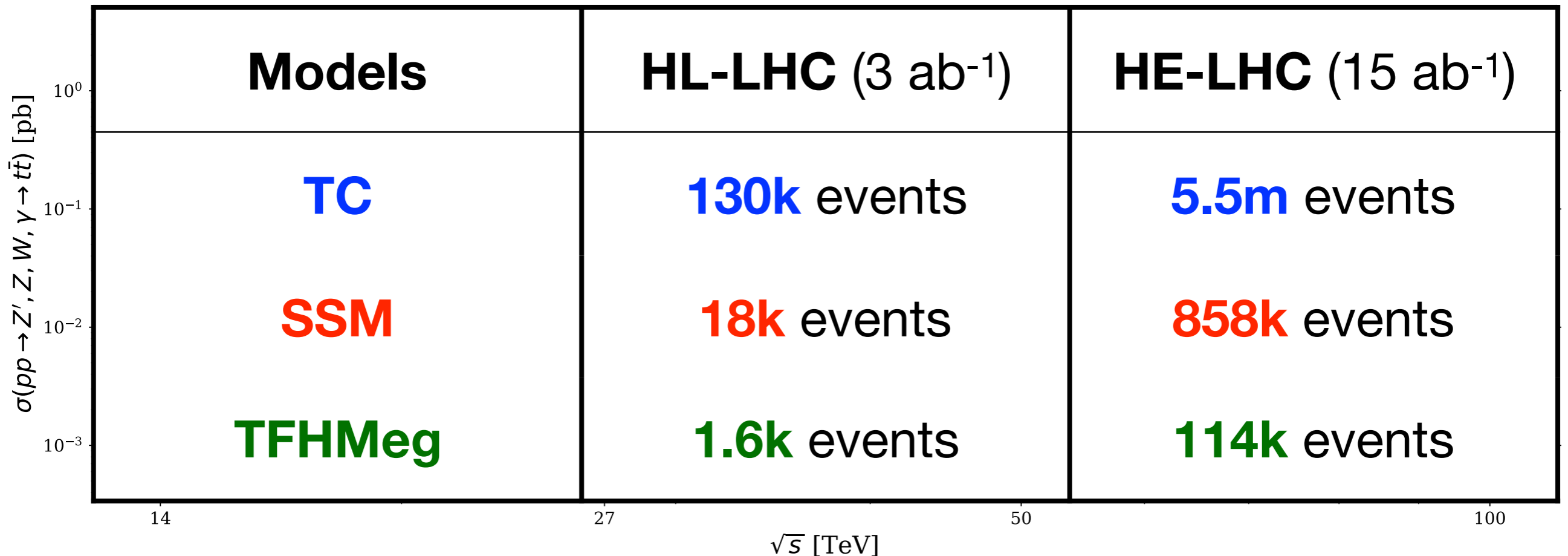
Results for Integrated Cross Sections

EW Top-quark pair production cross section at **NLO** in the **SM**,
SSM, **TC**, and **TFHMeG** vs \sqrt{s}



Results for Integrated Cross Sections

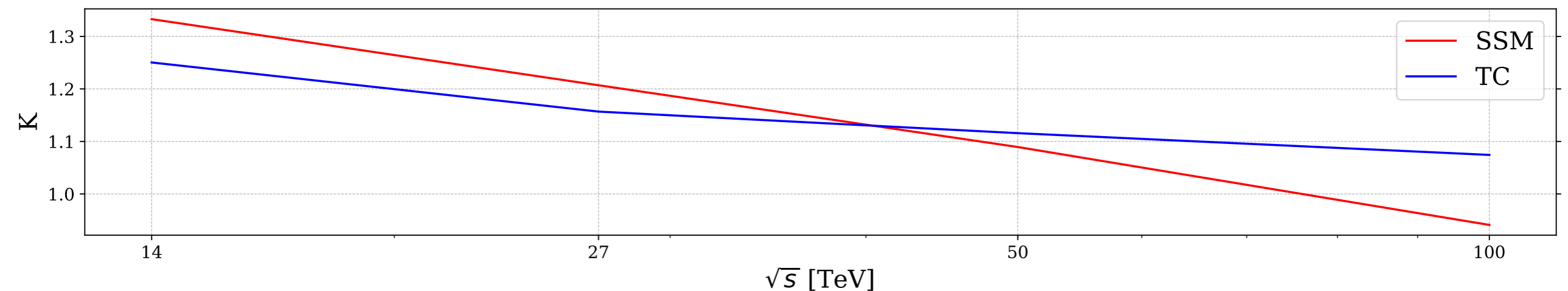
EW Top-quark pair production cross section at **NLO** in the **SM**, **SSM**, **TC**, and **TFHMeq** vs \sqrt{s}



Results for Integrated Cross Sections

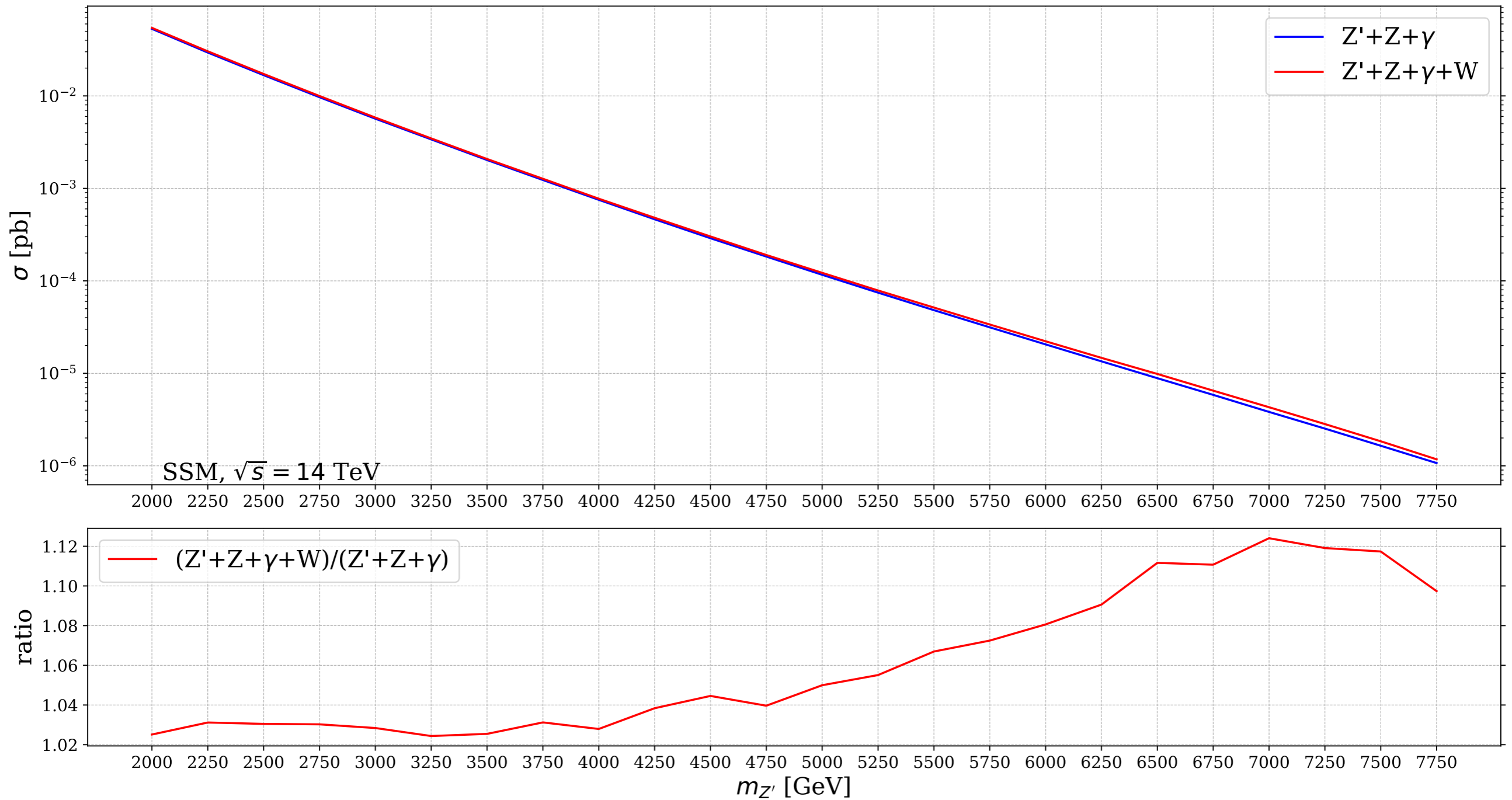
EW Top-quark pair production cross section at **NLO** in the **SM**, **SSM**, **TC**, and **TFHMeq** vs \sqrt{s}

Models	HL-LHC (3 ab ⁻¹)	HE-LHC (15 ab ⁻¹)
TC	130k events	5.5m events
SSM	18k events	858k events
TFHMeq	1.6k events	114k events



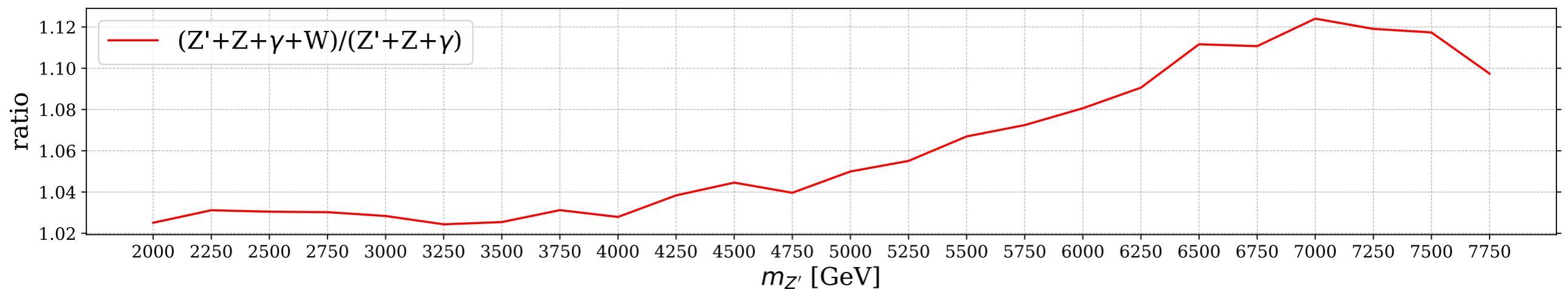
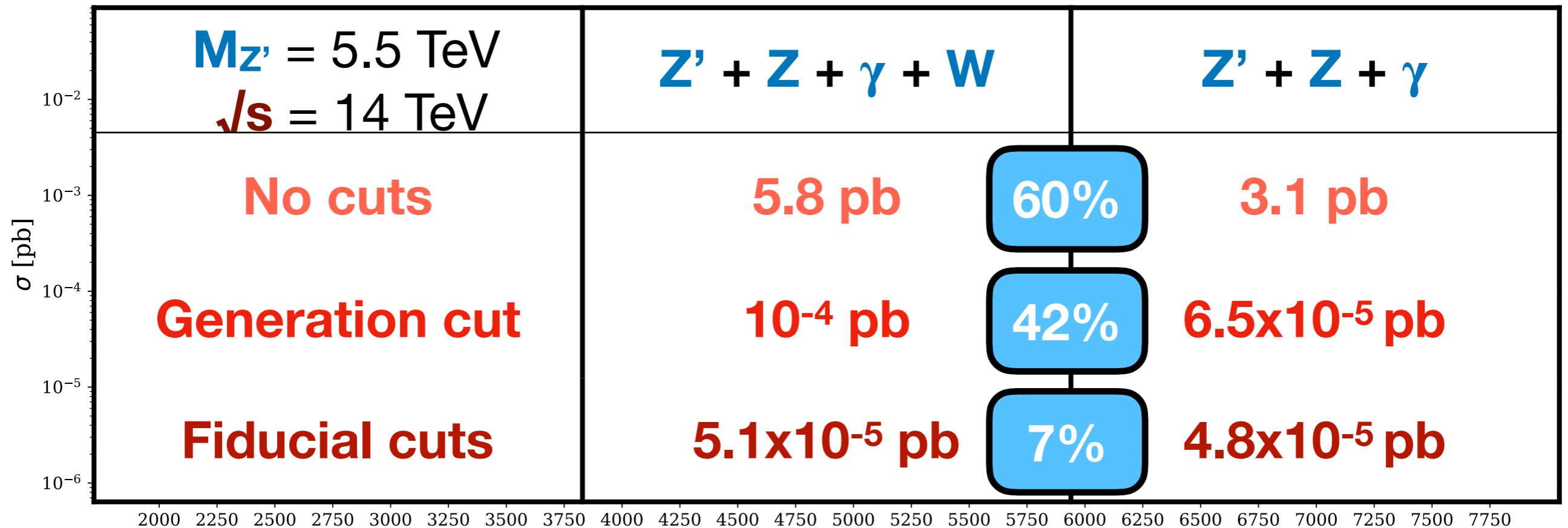
Importance of **W** contributions

EW Top-quark pair production cross section at **NLO** at **LHC14** in the **SSM**, w/o **t-channel W** vs **$M_{Z'}$**



Importance of **W** contributions

EW Top-quark pair production cross section at **NLO** at **LHC14** in the **SSM**, w/o **t-channel W** vs $M_{Z'}$



Summary

- Presented a **complete re-calculation** of **NLO QCD corrections** to **EW top-pair production** using **Recola2** in the presence of **Z'** and **W'** bosons:
 - **Z'** and **W'** with **general couplings**
 - **t-channel W** contributions are included
 - Standard Model and new physics **interference effects** taken into account.
 - Matched to **PS (NLO+PS accuracy)** within the **POWHEG BOX** framework
- Showed numerical results for **SSM**, **TC**, and **TFHMeg** to illustrate the new features of the code
- Paper in preparation