

Perspectives on BSM

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Content

- **Postmodern View of BSM**
- **Status of “Big Models”**
- **Hints of New Physics**
- **The rôle of the Higgs**
- **Conclusions**

Postmodern view of BSM

Rise and Fall of “Big Models”

Pre-LHC era was dominated by “Big Models”

- › SUSY
- › Technicolor/Compositeness
- › Extra Dimensions

All these models were (partially) motivated by naturalness

All predicted big signals around the corner

BUT

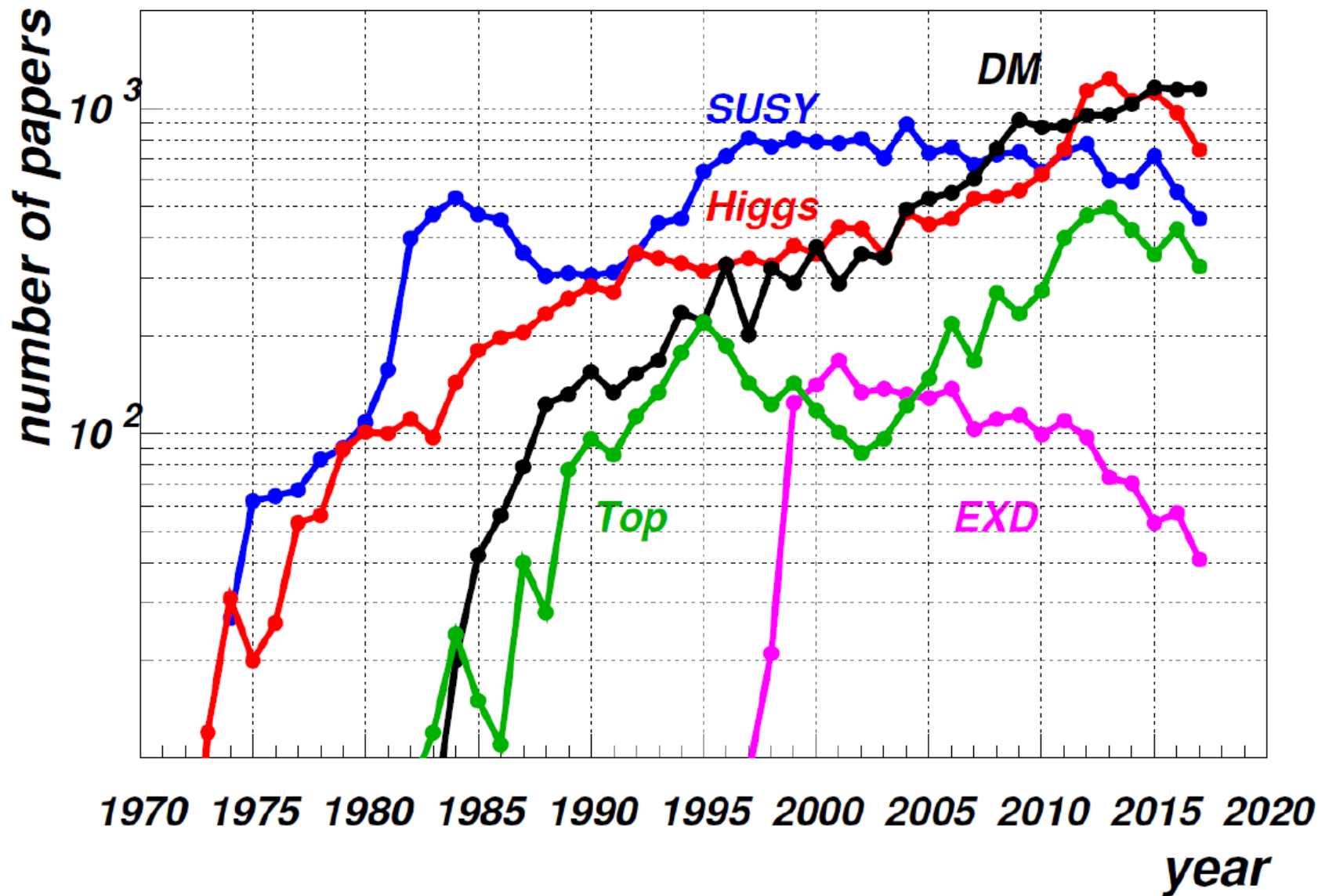
Warning

LEP $\Rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{NP}} > 5 \text{ TeV}$

Rise and Fall of “Big Models”

The LHC discovered the Higgs but not BSM yet

- This is consistent with LEP warnings
- What about naturalness ?
- What about the “Big Models” ?



Status of “Bigs Models”

SUSY

- **Still well motivated and attractive**

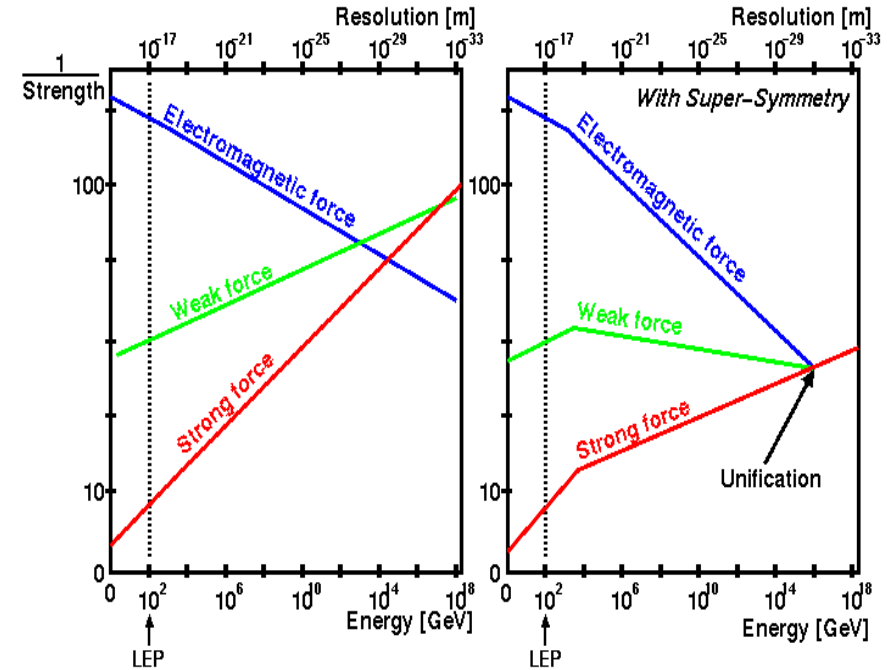
- Unification
- It paves the way to higher energies (TeV SUSY → GUT → SUGRA → Strings) using perturbative Physics

- **Could solve all the SM problems**

- **MSSM probably is not the answer**

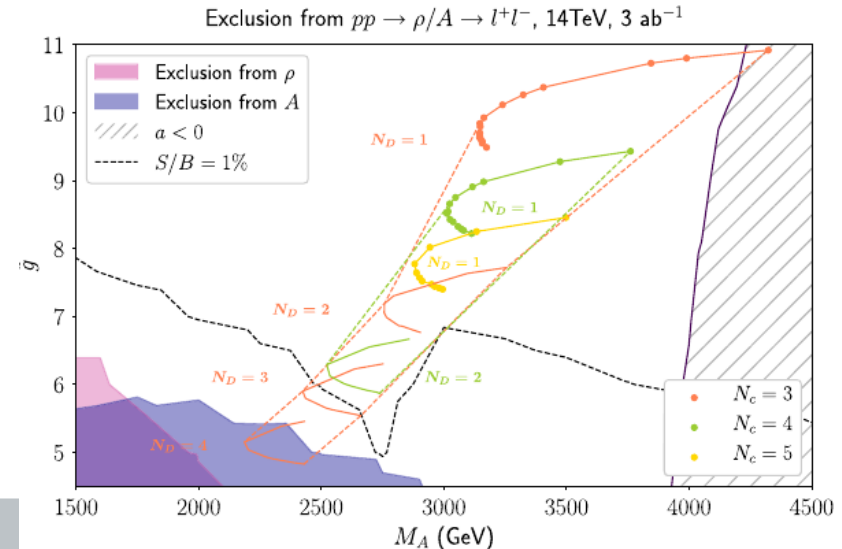
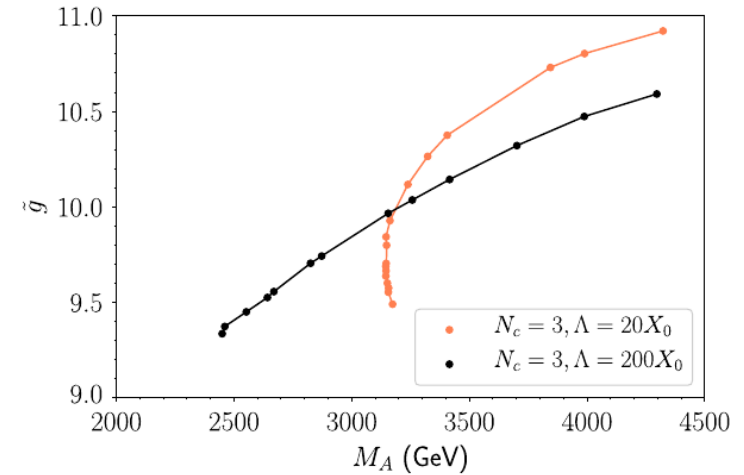
- Non minimal particle content needed

For current experimental status, see Cristina Botta's talk



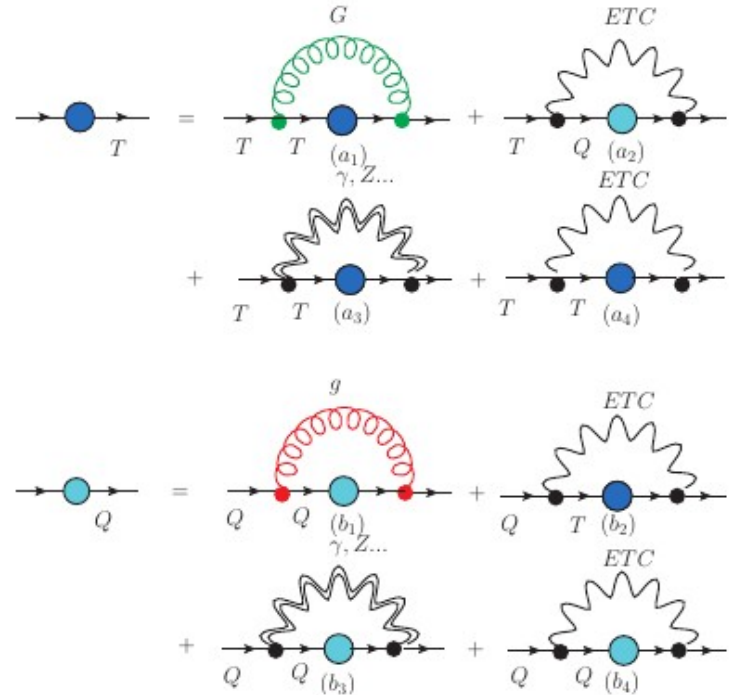
Technicolor and Compositeness

- Technicolor is alive !
- Modern versions of Walking Technicolor produce a light Higgs-like scalar (D. D. Dietrich, F. Sannino and K. Tuominen, PRD 72,055001 (2005); A. Doff, A. Natale, P.S. Rodrigues da Silva, PRD 77 (2008) 075012)
- Holographic TC: Vector and Axial resonances with masses 3-4 TeV (Belyaev, Fadafans, Evans, and Gholamzadeh, PRD 101 (2020) 8, 086013)
- Interesting signal $\rho \rightarrow V h$ (A. Z. EPJ C 46 (2006) 791-795)
- PNGB in non-minimal models ?



Technicolor and Compositeness

- It is necessary to communicate EWSB to fermions \Rightarrow **ETC**
- Life is difficult: it may be necessary to solve **ETC+TC+QCD together** (A.Doff and A. Natale PRD 99 (2019) 5, 055026)
- Lattice can help (Bennett et al. JHEP 12 (2019) 053)



Technicolor and Compositeness

- **For phenomenology: effective theories**

- SM + Vector triplet (Pappadopulo et al, JHEP 09 (2014) 060; Cárcamo-Hernández et al. PRD 96 (2017) 11, 115027)
- Low Energy TC Effective Lagrangian (Belyaev et al, PRD 79 (2009) 035006)
- Linear BESS (Casalbuoni et al. PRD 56 (1997) 5731-5747; J.Urbina and A.Z. NPB 934 (2018) 653-664)

Guess the spectrum and construct the effective Lagrangian

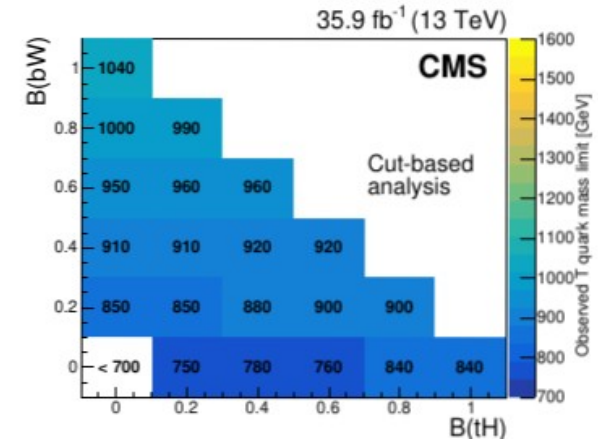
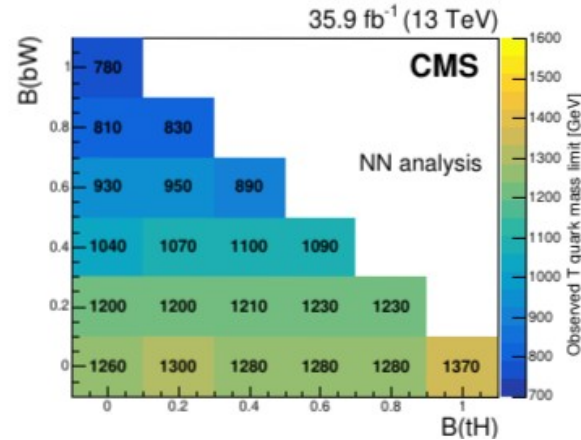
Higgs+Vector+Axial-Vector

New neutral scalars: h, H_L, H_R

New Vectors: $V_L^{0,\pm}, V_R^{0,\pm}$

The Higgs Boson as a PNGB

- This kind of models naturally predicts a “little desert” $\Lambda \sim 10$ TeV
- In general they predicts vector-like *top-partners* with masses ≥ 1 TeV
- Heavier top-partners, higher levels of fine-tuning



For better limits see Julie Hogan's talk

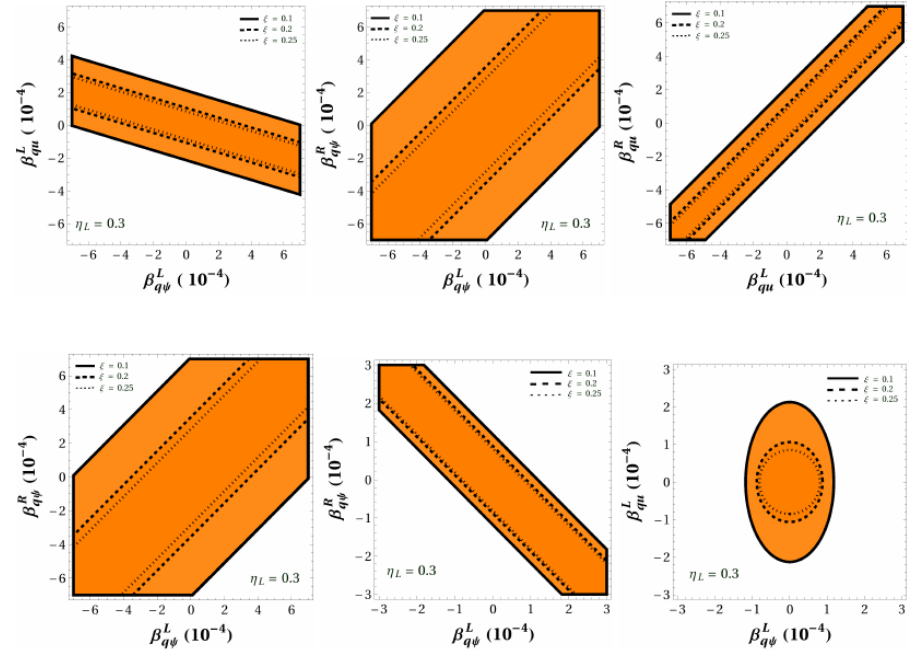
The Higgs Boson as a PNGB

- Although resonance may be very massive they may induce EDM

(J. Yepes and A.Z. Int.J.Mod.Phys.A 33 (2018) 11, 1841008)

$$\mathcal{L}_{M+\rho_X} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \alpha_i^X \mathcal{J}_{iX}^\mu (\rho_{\mu X} - e_{\mu X}) + \text{h.c.},$$

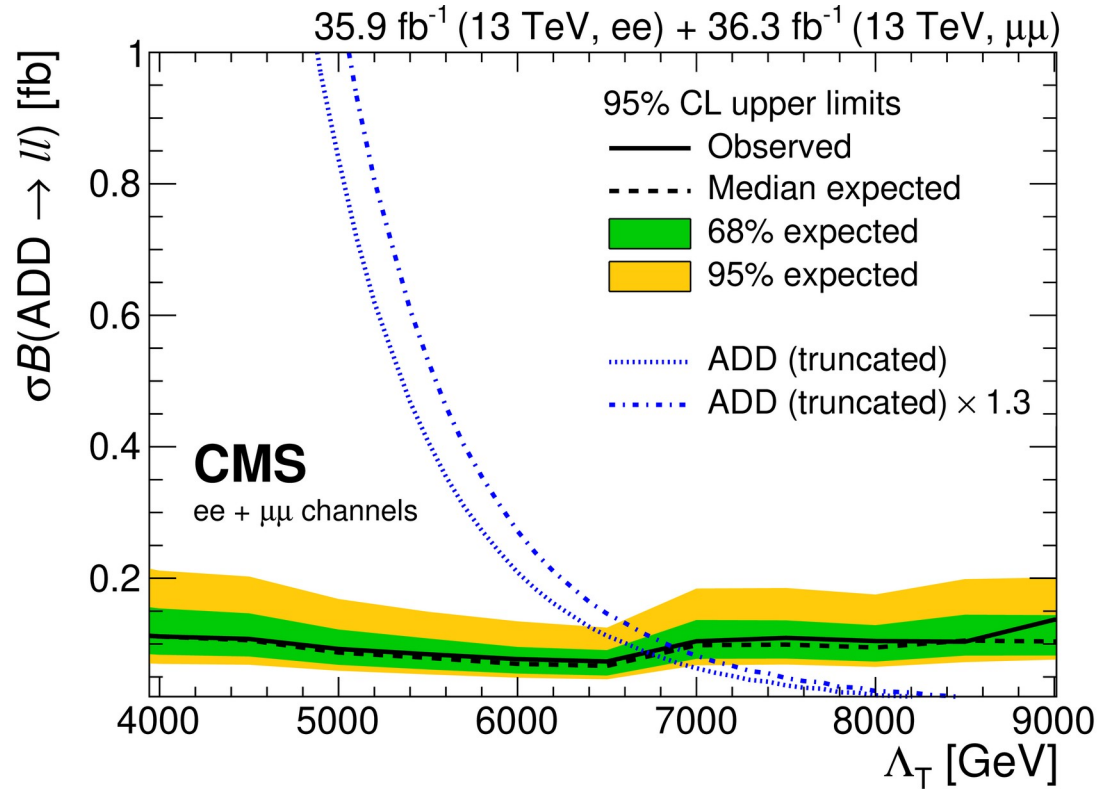
$$\mathcal{L}_{M+\rho_X}^{\text{mag}} = \frac{1}{f} \beta_i^X \mathcal{J}_{iX}^{\mu\nu} \rho_{\mu\nu X} + \text{h.c.},$$



Large Extra Dimensions

$\Lambda > 6 \text{ TeV}$

(CMS, JHEP 04 (2019) 114)

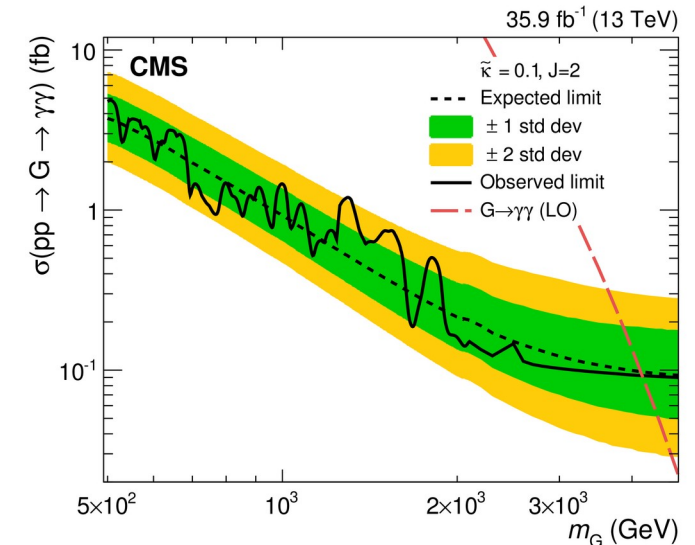
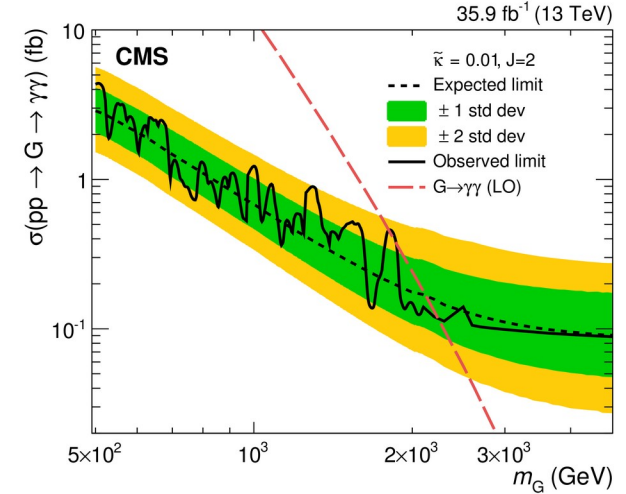


Randall-Sundrum

$M > 2.3 \text{ TeV } (\kappa=0.01)$

$M > 4.6 \text{ TeV } (\kappa=0.2)$

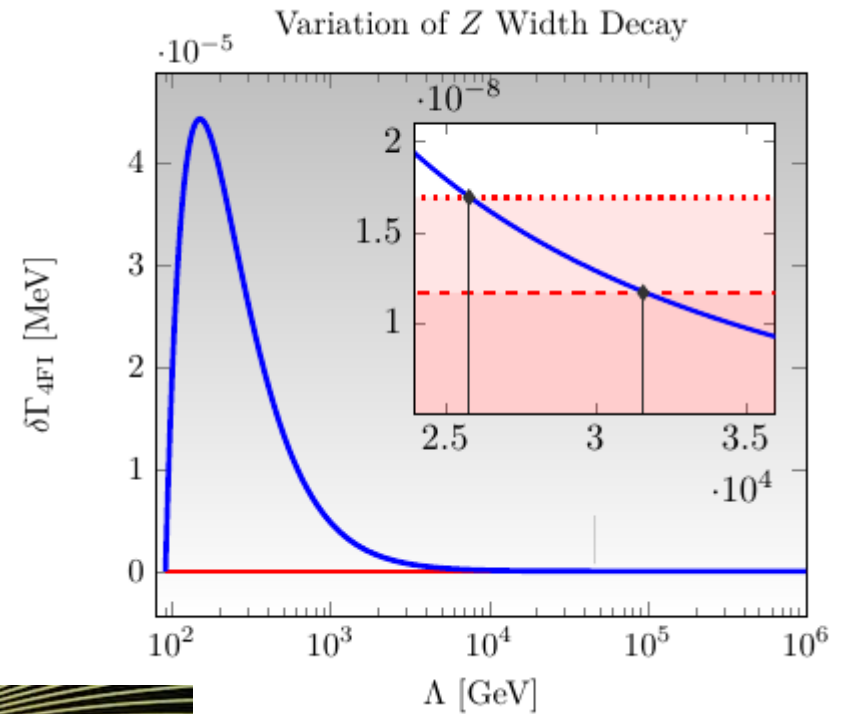
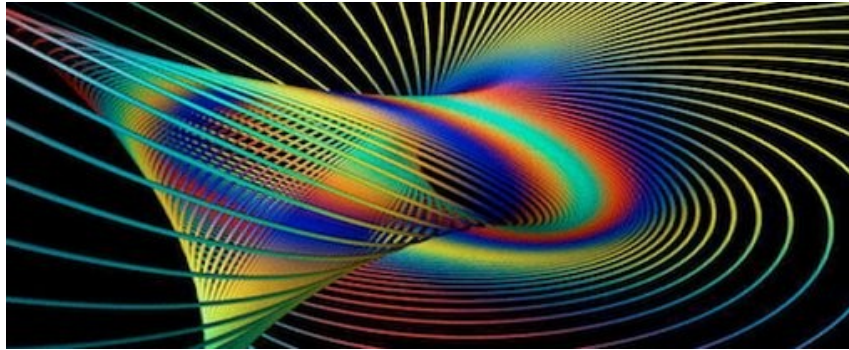
(CMS, Phys. Rev. D 98 (2018) 092001)



Beyond GR in the Bulk

Torsion in 5D (O. Castillo-Felisola, C. Corral, S. Kovalenko, I. Schmidt PRD 90 (2014) 2, 024005)

- Torsion induce 4-fermion interactions
- Produces corrections to Z's decay width
- $\Lambda > 30 \text{ TeV}$



Hints of New Physics

(g-2)

Devoudiasl and Marciano PRD 98 (2018) 7, 075011

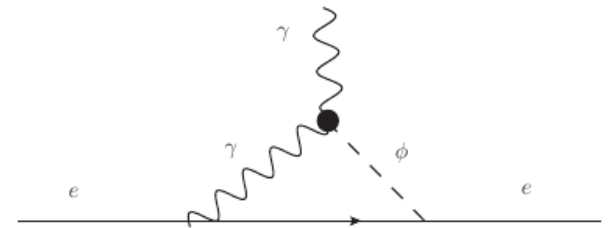
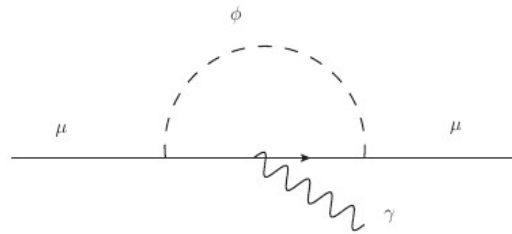
$$a_\mu \equiv (g_\mu - 2)/2$$

$$\Delta a_\mu \equiv a_\mu^{\text{exp}} - a_\mu^{\text{th}} = (274 \pm 73) \times 10^{-11}$$

$$\Delta a_e = (-87 \pm 36) \times 10^{-14}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_\phi = -\frac{1}{2}m_\phi^2\phi^2 - \sum_f \lambda_f \phi \bar{f}f - \frac{\kappa_\gamma}{4} \phi F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu},$$

$$m_\phi = 250 \text{ MeV} \quad \text{and} \quad \lambda_\mu = 10^{-3}$$



Many other possibilities

Lepton Universality

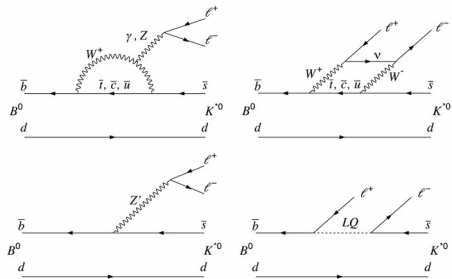
Huang, Morais and Santos 2007.05082

$$R(K^{(*)}) = \mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow K^{(*)}\mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow K^{(*)}e^+e^-)$$

Exp

$$R(K) = 0.846_{-0.054-0.014}^{+0.060+0.016}, \quad q^2 \in [1.1, 6]\text{GeV}^2,$$

$$R(K^*) = \begin{cases} 0.660_{-0.070}^{+0.110} \pm 0.024, & q^2 \in [0.045, 1.1]\text{GeV}^2, \\ 0.685_{-0.069}^{+0.113} \pm 0.047, & q^2 \in [1.1, 6]\text{GeV}^2. \end{cases}$$



SM

$$R(K) = 1.0004(8), \quad q^2 \in [1.1, 6]\text{GeV}^2,$$

$$R(K^*) = \begin{cases} 0.920 \pm 0.007, & q^2 \in [0.045, 1.1]\text{GeV}^2, \\ 0.996 \pm 0.002, & q^2 \in [1.1, 6]\text{GeV}^2. \end{cases}$$

Leptoquark ?

LHCb, PRL 22 (2019) 191801

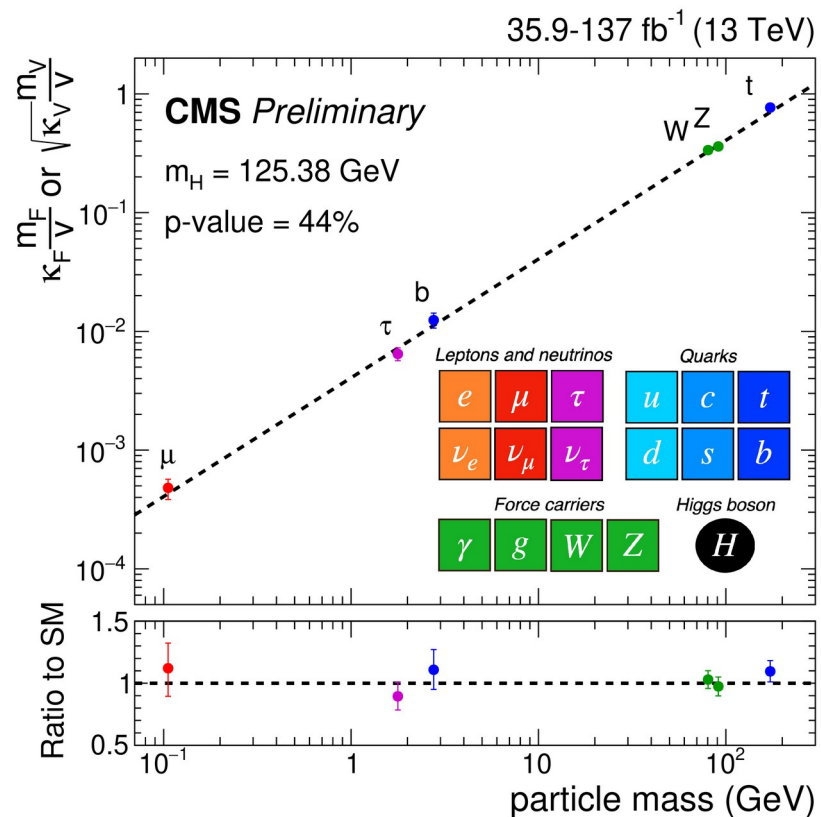
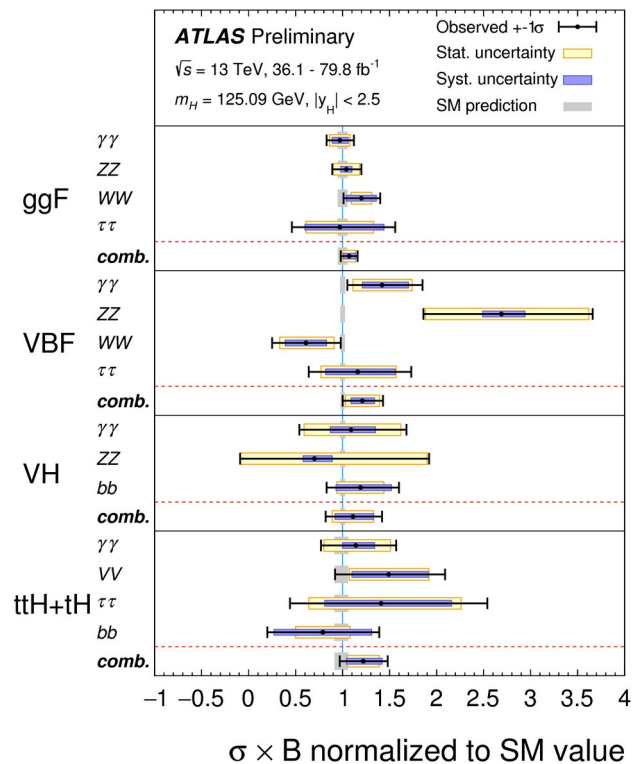
LHCb, JHEP 08 (2017) 055

Precision Tests

Quantity	Value	Standard Model	Pull
M_Z [GeV]	91.1876 ± 0.0021	91.1882 ± 0.0020	-0.3
Γ_Z [GeV]	2.4955 ± 0.0023	2.4942 ± 0.0009	0.6
σ_{had} [nb]	41.481 ± 0.033	41.482 ± 0.008	0.0
R_e	20.804 ± 0.050	20.736 ± 0.010	1.4
R_μ	20.784 ± 0.034	20.735 ± 0.010	1.4
R_τ	20.764 ± 0.045	20.781 ± 0.010	-0.4
R_b	0.21629 ± 0.00066	0.21581 ± 0.00002	0.7
R_c	0.1721 ± 0.0030	0.17221 ± 0.00003	0.0
$A_{FB}^{(0,e)}$	0.0145 ± 0.0025	0.01619 ± 0.00007	-0.7
$A_{FB}^{(0,\mu)}$	0.0169 ± 0.0013		0.5
$A_{FB}^{(0,\tau)}$	0.0188 ± 0.0017		1.5
$A_{FB}^{(0,b)}$	0.0996 ± 0.0016	0.1030 ± 0.0002	-2.1
$A_{FB}^{(0,c)}$	0.0707 ± 0.0035	0.0736 ± 0.0002	-0.8
$A_{FB}^{(0,s)}$	0.0976 ± 0.0114	0.1031 ± 0.0002	-0.5
\bar{s}_ℓ^2	0.2324 ± 0.0012	0.23153 ± 0.00004	0.7
	0.23148 ± 0.00033		-0.2
	0.23129 ± 0.00033		-0.7
A_e	0.15138 ± 0.00216	0.1469 ± 0.0003	2.1
	0.1544 ± 0.0060		1.2
	0.1498 ± 0.0049		0.6
A_μ	0.142 ± 0.015		-0.3
A_τ	0.136 ± 0.015		-0.7
	0.1439 ± 0.0043		-0.7
A_b	0.923 ± 0.020	0.9347	-0.6
A_c	0.670 ± 0.027	0.6677 ± 0.0001	0.1
A_s	0.895 ± 0.091	0.9356	-0.4

The rôle of the Higgs

Is it the SM Higgs ?

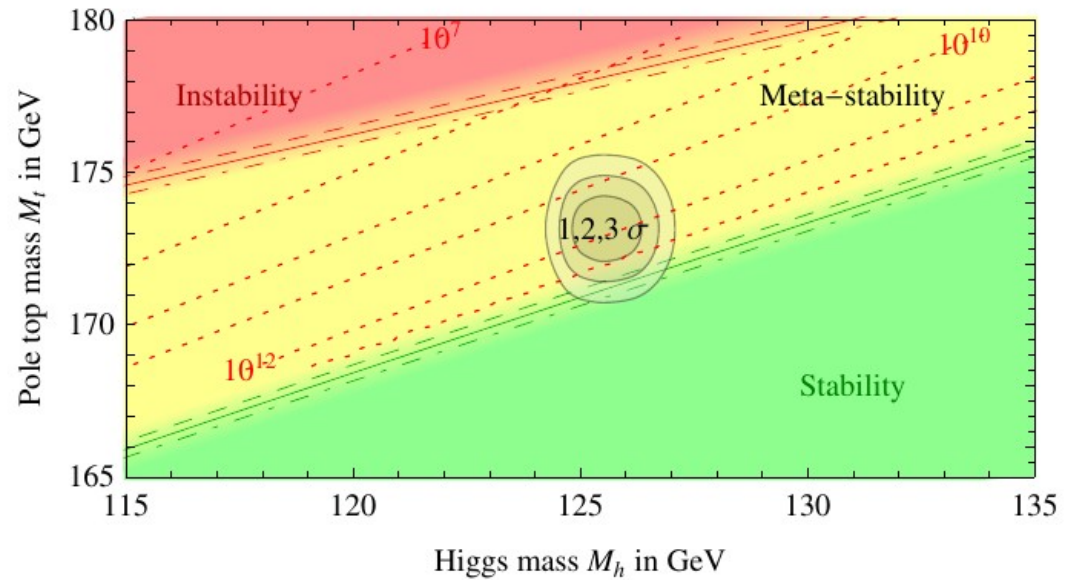
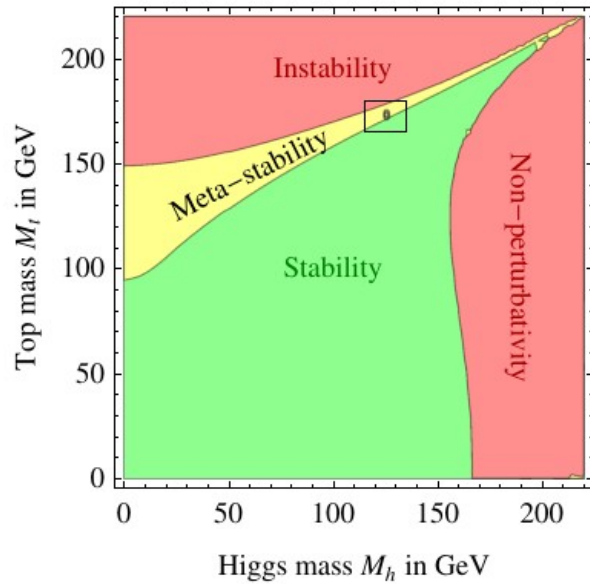


Why do we expect New Physics in the EWSB sector ?

- **We would like to understand why the Higgs is light**
- **The Standard Model doesn't explain what triggers the EWSB (why $\mu^2 < 0$?)**
 - **What's the origin of Higgs Potential ?**
 - **What's the origin of Yukawa couplings ?**
 - **Most (all?) of the SM problems are related to the fact that the potential and the Yukawas don't come from a (gauge) symmetry principle,**
- **It is very easy to couple the Higgs doublet to new scalars and vectors**
- **Vacuum stability**

Vacuum Stability

Degrassi et al. JHEP 08 (2012) 098



Further Thoughts and Conclusions

Other sources of BSM physics

- CP violation and Baryon Asymmetry
- Dark Matter
- Neutrino Physics
- Lorentz Violation
- Etc...

We have not discovered New Physics yet, but...

- It should have been expected if we had listened to LEP**
- There good reasons to expect NP in sectors other than neutrinos and DM**
- Probably the NP will not be related to the Naturalness problem**
- There is a lot of ideas that can explain current “anomalies” and are not related to the big narratives of the “Big Models” and are worth to be explored**

A little story of caution

- Before the era of geographical explorations, educated Europeans expected to find antipodean monsters beyond the Equator line
- They found exotic fauna but not monsters
- There was a lack of understanding of how gravity works



A little story of caution

- **Maybe the TeV scale is our Equator line and we will not find monster.**
- **For sure we will find new things and phenomena, but not monster**
- **It is even possible that again a better understanding of gravity can explain the stability of the TeV scale**

Caminante, no hay camino. Se hace camino al andar

Walker, there is no way. You make your way by walking

Antonio Machado

We are making the ways

Thank You