# Minimal Walking Technicolor Dark Matter and Collider Signatures

Mads Toudal Frandsen

University of Oxford

TOOLS2010, Southampton, June 30<sup>th</sup> 2010 m.frandsen1@physics.ox.ac.uk

### Outline



2 Minimal Walking Technicolor and TIMPs

3 LHC Phenomenology and Dark Matter

• = • •

### Outline



2 Minimal Walking Technicolor and TIMPs

3 LHC Phenomenology and Dark Matter

• = • •

In collaboration with:

Alexander Belyaev (Southampton U.), Roshan Foadi (Michigan State U.), Matti Jaïvinen (CP3-Origins), Alexander Pukhov (Moscow State U.), Francesco Sannino (CP3-Origins), Subir Sarkar (Oxford U.) Alexander Sherstnev (Oxford U.).

A. Belyaev, M.T.F and A. Sherstnev In progress

### The origin of bright and dark mass



Composite vs 'SM-like' Higgs sector

 Natural, v<sub>EW</sub> ~ F<sub>Π</sub> dynamical. • Fine-tuning, triviality etc.

< ロ > < 同 > < 三 > < 三

## Composite vs 'SM-like' Higgs sector

- Natural, v<sub>EW</sub> ~ F<sub>Π</sub> dynamical.
- Known realizations QCD and Superconductivity

- Fine-tuning, triviality etc.
- No known fundamental scalars

## Composite vs 'SM-like' Higgs sector

- Natural, v<sub>EW</sub> ~ F<sub>Π</sub> dynamical.
- Known realizations QCD and Superconductivity
- Naturally stable DM.
   Ω<sub>DM</sub>, Ω<sub>B</sub> of same origin?

- Fine-tuning, triviality etc.
- No known fundamental scalars
- Hand-made stability.

## Composite vs 'SM-like' Higgs sector

- Natural, v<sub>EW</sub> ~ F<sub>Π</sub> dynamical.
- Known realizations QCD and Superconductivity
- Naturally stable DM.
   Ω<sub>DM</sub>, Ω<sub>B</sub> of same origin?
- Dynamical flavor sector complicated

- Fine-tuning, triviality etc.
- No known fundamental scalars
- Hand-made stability.
- Flavor sector simply parametrized

### Technicolor

EWSB from Technicolor: (Weinberg 78, Susskind 78)

In the SM without a Higgs, QCD breaks the EW symmetry:

$$\langle \bar{u}_L u_R + \bar{d}_L d_R \rangle \neq 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad M_W = \frac{g f_\pi}{2}$$

- Consider a new strongly interacting gauge theory with  $F_{\Pi} = v_{EW} = 246 GeV$ .
- Let the electroweak gauge group be a subgroup of the chiral symmetry group.

### Technicolor

EWSB from Technicolor: (Weinberg 78, Susskind 78)

In the SM without a Higgs, QCD breaks the EW symmetry:

$$\langle \bar{u}_L u_R + \bar{d}_L d_R \rangle \neq 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad M_W = \frac{g f_\pi}{2}$$

- Consider a new strongly interacting gauge theory with  $F_{\Pi} = v_{EW} = 246 GeV$ .
- Let the electroweak gauge group be a subgroup of the chiral symmetry group.

# Example: Scaled-up QCD !

### New Strong Sector

The SM gauge group is augmented:

 ${\it G_{SM}} 
ightarrow {\it SU}(3)_{
m c} imes {\it SU}(2)_{
m W} imes {\it U}(1)_{
m Y} imes {\it G}_{
m TC}$  .

### New Strong Sector

The SM gauge group is augmented:

$${\it G_{SM}} 
ightarrow {\it SU}(3)_{
m c} imes {\it SU}(2)_{
m W} imes {\it U}(1)_{
m Y} imes {\it G}_{
m TC}$$
 .

The Higgs sector of the SM is replaced:

$$\mathcal{L}_{Higgs} 
ightarrow -rac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu
u} F^{a\mu
u} + i ar{Q}_{\mathrm{L}} \gamma_{\mu} D^{\mu} Q_{\mathrm{L}} + i ar{Q}_{\mathrm{R}} \gamma_{\mu} D^{\mu} Q_{\mathrm{R}} + ...$$

### New Strong Sector

The SM gauge group is augmented:

$$G_{SM} 
ightarrow SU(3)_{
m c} imes SU(2)_{
m W} imes U(1)_{
m Y} imes G_{
m TC}$$
 .

The Higgs sector of the SM is replaced:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Higgs}} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} F^{a}_{\mu\nu} F^{a\mu\nu} + i \bar{Q}_{L} \gamma_{\mu} D^{\mu} Q_{L} + i \bar{Q}_{R} \gamma_{\mu} D^{\mu} Q_{R} + ...$$

Minimal chiral symmetries: 3 GB's + Custodial + DM.

$$SU_L(2) imes SU_R(2) imes U_{TB}(1) o SU_V(2) imes U_{TB}(1)$$
 .

< 17 >

### Technicolor dark matter

Technocosmology (Nussinov 85)

Lightest Technibaryon as Asymmetric Dark Matter

(日) (同) (三) (

Technocosmology (Nussinov 85)

Lightest Technibaryon as Asymmetric Dark Matter

• The LTB abundance:

$$\Omega_{TB}/\Omega_B = m_{TB}/m_B imes n_{TB}/n_B$$

(日) (同) (三) (

Technocosmology (Nussinov 85)

Lightest Technibaryon as Asymmetric Dark Matter

• The LTB abundance:

$$\Omega_{TB}/\Omega_B = m_{TB}/m_B \times n_{TB}/n_B$$

• From initial  $n_B \sim n_{TB}$ :

 $\begin{array}{lll} \Omega_{TB}/\Omega_B & \sim & m_{TB}/m_B \times \left(m_{TB}/T_{sphaleron}\right)^{3/2} e^{-m_{TB}/T_{sphaleron}} \\ T_{sphaleron} & \sim & v_{EW} \end{array},$ 

(Chivukula and Walker 90; Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Harvey and Turner 90; Ellis et al 95; Sarkar 95; Gudnason, Kouvaris and Sannino 05)

- 4 同 6 4 日 6 4 日 6

Technocosmology (Nussinov 85)

Lightest Technibaryon as Asymmetric Dark Matter

• The LTB abundance:

$$\Omega_{TB}/\Omega_B = m_{TB}/m_B \times n_{TB}/n_B$$

• From initial  $n_B \sim n_{TB}$ :

 $\begin{array}{lll} \Omega_{TB}/\Omega_B & \sim & m_{TB}/m_B \times (m_{TB}/T_{sphaleron})^{3/2} e^{-m_{TB}/T_{sphaleron}} \\ T_{sphaleron} & \sim & v_{EW} \ , & M_{TB} \sim TeV \end{array}$ 

(Chivukula and Walker 90; Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Harvey and Turner 90; Ellis et al 95; Sarkar 95; Gudnason, Kouvaris and Sannino 05)

Technocosmology (Nussinov 85)

Lightest Technibaryon as Asymmetric Dark Matter

• The LTB abundance:

$$\Omega_{TB}/\Omega_B = m_{TB}/m_B \times n_{TB}/n_B$$

• From initial  $n_B \sim n_{TB}$ :

 $\begin{array}{lll} \Omega_{TB}/\Omega_B & \sim & m_{TB}/m_B \times (m_{TB}/T_{sphaleron})^{3/2} e^{-m_{TB}/T_{sphaleron}} \\ T_{sphaleron} & \sim & v_{EW} \ , & M_{TB} \sim TeV \end{array}$ 

(Chivukula and Walker 90; Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Harvey and Turner 90; Ellis et al 95; Sarkar 95; Gudnason, Kouvaris and Sannino 05)

Or 'Dark Baryon' with m<sub>DB</sub> ~ 5 - 10GeV ?
 (D.B.Kaplan 92; An, Chen, Mohapatra and Zhang 09; D.E.Kaplan, Luty and Zurek 09; Fitzpatrick, Zurek and Hooper 10; M.T.F and Sarkar 10)

## Constraints from LEP

A minimal matter content in the TC sector is favored:

# Constraints from LEP

A minimal matter content in the TC sector is favored:

(Kennedy and Lynn 89; Peskin and Takeuchi 90; Altarelli and Barbieri 91)  $O(S \sim S_{naive})$  in Walking (near-conformal) Technicolor (?) (Sundrum and Hsu 92; Appelquist and Sannino 98; Harada, Kurachi and Yamawaki 03; Kurachi and Shrock 06; Sannino 10)

### Minimal Technicolor Theory Space

Minimal Technicolor: 2 EW charged Dirac Flavors

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ .

(日) (同) (三) (三)

## Minimal Technicolor Theory Space

Minimal Technicolor: 2 EW charged Dirac Flavors

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ .



## Minimal Technicolor Theory Space

Minimal Technicolor: 2 EW charged Dirac Flavors

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ .



## Minimal Technicolor Theory Space

Minimal Technicolor: 2 EW charged Dirac Flavors

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 



# Minimal Technicolor Theory Space

Minimal Technicolor: 2 EW charged Dirac Flavors

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}\right)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 

### 'Orthogonal TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  real
- *F* of *SO*(*N*)
- *SU*(4)/*SO*(4)

#### 'QCD TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  complex
- *F* of *SU*(*N*)
- *SU*(2)

#### 'Symplectic TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  pseudo-real
- F of Sp(2N)
- *SU*(4)/*Sp*(4)

# Minimal Technicolor Theory Space

Minimal Technicolor: 2 EW charged Dirac Flavors

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}\right)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 

### 'Orthogonal TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  real
- *F* of *SO*(*N*)
- *SU*(4)/*SO*(4)
- $3_{\Pi} \oplus 3 \oplus \overline{3}$

#### 'QCD TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  complex
- *F* of *SU*(*N*)
- *SU*(2)

● 3<sub>Π</sub>

### 'Symplectic TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  pseudo-real
- F of Sp(2N)
- *SU*(4)/*Sp*(4)
- $\bullet \hspace{0.1cm} 3_{\Pi} \oplus 1 \oplus \overline{1}$

# Minimal Technicolor Theory Space

Minimal Technicolor: 2 EW charged Dirac Flavors

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 

### 'Orthogonal TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  real
- *F* of *SO*(*N*)
- *SU*(4)/*SO*(4)
- $3_{\Pi} \oplus 3 \oplus \overline{3}$  $\begin{pmatrix} \Pi & T_i \\ T_i^* & \Pi^T \end{pmatrix}$

#### 'QCD TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  complex
- *F* of *SU*(*N*)
- *SU*(2)

• 
$$3_{\Pi}$$
  
 $\Pi = \begin{pmatrix} \Pi^0 & \Pi^+ \\ \Pi^- & \Pi^0 \end{pmatrix}$ 

#### 'Symplectic TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  pseudo-real
- F of Sp(2N)
- *SU*(4)/*Sp*(4)
- $3_{\Pi} \oplus 1 \oplus \overline{1}$  $\begin{pmatrix} \Pi & T_s \\ T_s^* & \Pi^T \end{pmatrix}$

# Minimal Technicolor Theory Space

Minimal Technicolor: 2 EW charged Dirac Flavors

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 

### 'Orthogonal TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  real
- *F* of *SO*(*N*)
- *SU*(4)/*SO*(4)
- $3_{\Pi} \oplus 3 \oplus \overline{3}$  $\begin{pmatrix} \Pi & T_i \\ T_i^* & \Pi^T \end{pmatrix}$

 $T_i = \begin{pmatrix} T^0 & T^+ \\ T^- & T^{0*} \end{pmatrix}$ 

#### 'QCD TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  complex
- *F* of *SU*(*N*)
- *SU*(2)

• 
$$3_{\Pi}$$
  
 $\Pi = \begin{pmatrix} \Pi^0 & \Pi^+ \\ \Pi^- & \Pi^0 \end{pmatrix}$ 

#### 'Symplectic TC'

- $\mathcal{R}$  pseudo-real
- F of Sp(2N)
- *SU*(4)/*Sp*(4)
- $3_{\Pi} \oplus 1 \oplus \overline{1}$  $\begin{pmatrix} \Pi & T_s \\ T_s^* & \Pi^T \end{pmatrix}$

 $T_s = \begin{pmatrix} T^0 & 0\\ 0 & T^{0*} \end{pmatrix}$ 

### Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ .

- < 同 > < 三 > < 三 >

## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 



→ Ξ →

< D > < A >

## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}\right)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 



< D > < A >

< ∃ > <

## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 



Sannino 09)

< D > < A >

(\* ) \* ) \* ) \* )

## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 



09)

(Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Nussinov 92) (Ryttov and Sannino 08; Foadi, M.T.F and Sannino 09)

・ロト ・同ト ・ヨト ・ヨト

## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ .



(M.T.F and F.Sannino 09)

(Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Nussinov 92) (Ryttov and Sannino 08; Foadi, M.T.F and Sannino 09)

・ロト ・同ト ・ヨト ・ヨト

## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 



(M.T.F and F.Sannino 09)

(Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Nussinov 92) (Ryttov and Sannino 08; Foadi, M.T.F and Sannino 09)

・ロト ・同ト ・ヨト ・ヨト
## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ 



(101.1.1 and 1.5a) 09) (Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Nussinov 92) (Ryttov and Sannino 08; Foadi, M.T.F and Sannino 09)

・ロト ・同ト ・ヨト ・ヨト

## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ .



.F and F.Sannino

09)

(Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Nussinov 92)

٩	${\mathcal R}$ pseudo-real
٩	$T^0 \sim UD$
٩	SM singlet GB
٩	$M_{T^0}^2 \sim -g^2  F_{\Gamma}^2$

TIMP'

(Ryttov and Sannino 08; Foadi, M.T.F and Sannino 09)

イロト イポト イヨト イヨト

## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ .

#### 'iTIMP'

- $\mathcal{R}$  real
- $T^0 \sim UD$
- Iso-singlet GB
- $M_{T^0} \sim g F_{\Pi}$

(M.T.F and F.Sannino 09)

#### TIMP'

- 4 of *SU*(4)
- UDUD
- SM singlet

• 
$$M_T \sim N_{TC}^{3/2} F_{\Pi}$$

(Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Nussinov 92)

#### TIMP'

- *R* pseudo-real
- $T^0 \sim UD$

• 
$$M_{T^0}^2 \sim -g^2 F_{\Pi}^2$$

(Ryttov and Sannino 08; Foadi, M.T.F and Sannino 09)

(日) (同) (三) (三)

## Dark Matter from Minimal Technicolor

TIMP: Complex scalar, charged under the  $U(1)_{TB}$  symmetry

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ .

# iTIMP' • $\mathcal{R}$ real • $T^0 \sim UD$ Iso-singlet GB • $M_{T^0} \sim g F_{\Pi}$

(M.T.F and F.Sannino 09)

#### TIMP'

- 4 of *SU*(4)
- UDUD
- SM singlet

• 
$$M_T \sim N_{TC}^{3/2} F_{\Pi}$$

TIMP'

- $\mathcal{R}$  pseudo-real
- $T^0 \sim UD$
- SM singlet GB

• 
$$M_{T^0}^2 \sim -g^2 F_{\Pi}^2$$

(Bahr, Chivukula and Farhi 90; Nussinov 92)

(Ryttov and Sannino 08; Foadi, M.T.F and Sannino 09) (Other candidates in MWT: Gudnason, Kouvaris and Sannino 05; Kainulainen,

Virkajärvi and Tuominen 06, 09, 10; Kouvaris 07; Khlopov and Kouvaris 08) 🛓

#### Minimal Models of Walking Technicolor

$$Q_L = \left(U_L^{+1/2}, D_L^{-1/2}
ight)^T$$
,  $U_R^{+1/2}$ ,  $D_R^{-1/2}$ ;  $\lambda^f$ .

(日) (同) (三) (三)

æ

#### Minimal Models of Walking Technicolor

MWT model: (Sannino and Tuominen 04)

 $G_{TC} = SU(2)$ .  $\mathcal{R} = Adj$ . Leptons.

(Dietrich, Sannino and Tuominen 05)

(日) (同) (三) (三)

#### Minimal Models of Walking Technicolor

MWT model: (Sannino and Tuominen 04)

 $G_{TC} = SU(2)$ .  $\mathcal{R} = Adj$ . Leptons.

(Dietrich, Sannino and Tuominen 05)



#### Minimal Models of Walking Technicolor

MWT model: (Sannino and Tuominen 04)

 $G_{TC} = SU(2)$ .  $\mathcal{R} = Adj$ . Leptons. (Dietrich, Sannino and Tuominen 05)

OMT model •  $G_{TC} = SO(4)$ •  $\mathcal{R} = F$ 

(M.T.F and F.Sannino 09)

NMWT model  
• 
$$G_{TC} = SU(3)$$
  
•  $\mathcal{R} = 2S$ 

(Sannino and Tuominen 04) UMT model

• 
$$G_{TC} = SU(2)$$

• 
$$\mathcal{R} = F, Adj$$

(Ryttov and Sannino 08)

#### Minimal Models of Walking Technicolor

MWT model: (Sannino and Tuominen 04)

 $G_{TC} = SU(2)$ .  $\mathcal{R} = Adj$ . Leptons. (Dietrich, Sannino and Tuominen 05)

#### OMT model

- $G_{TC} = SO(4)$
- $\mathcal{R} = F$
- iTIMP

(M.T.F and F.Sannino 09)

#### NMWT model

• 
$$G_{TC} = SU(3)$$

• 
$$\mathcal{R} = 2S$$

(Sannino and Tuominen 04)

#### UMT model

• 
$$G_{TC} = SU(2)$$

• 
$$\mathcal{R} = F, Adj$$

• TIMP, 
$$\phi \sim \lambda \lambda$$

(Ryttov and Sannino 08)

# Minimal Models of Walking Technicolor

MWT model: (Sannino and Tuominen 04)

 $G_{TC} = SU(2)$ .  $\mathcal{R} = Adj$ . Leptons. (Dietrich, Sannino and Tuominen 05)



09)

 Other TC Models (non-minimal/including E<sup>OP</sup>C): Farhi and Susskind 79; Eichten and Lane 89; Appelquist and Terning 94; Appelquist, Christensen, Pia and Shrock 04; Lane and Martin 06; Ryttov and Shrock 10

## EFT for strong dynamics @ LHC

common sector:

$$SU_L(2) imes SU_R(2) imes U_{TB}(1) o SU_V(2) imes U_{TB}(1)$$
.

- New states: Lightest (axial)-vector triplets and scalar  $R_1^{\pm,0}, R_2^{\pm,0}, H.$  TIMPs
- Input parameters and constraints:

 $e, G_F, M_Z; S$ , Sum Rules.

• Main free parameters:

 $M_A, \tilde{g}, M_H.$ 

(Appelquist, Da Silva and Sannino 99; Foadi, M.T.F, Ryttov and Sannino

# EFT for strong dynamics @ LHC

common sector:

$$SU_L(2) imes SU_R(2) imes U_{TB}(1) o SU_V(2) imes U_{TB}(1)$$
.

New states: Lightest (axial)-vector triplets and scalar

 $R_1^{\pm,0}, R_2^{\pm,0}, H.$  TIMPs

• Input parameters and constraints:

 $e, G_F, M_Z; S,$  Sum Rules.

• Main free parameters:

 $M_A, \tilde{g}, M_H.$ 

(Appelquist, Da Silva and Sannino 99; Foadi, M.T.F, Ryttov and Sannino

• EFTs for 'BESS' models, '3-site/4-site' models and LSTC (Casalbuoni, Deandrea, De Curtis, Dominici, Gatto, Grazzini 95; He et al 08; Lane and Martin 09)

#### Parameter space



(Foadi, M.T.F and Sannino 07 ; Belyaev, Foadi, M.T.F, Järvinen, Pukhov, Sannino 08)

< □ > < 同 >

#### Lattice simulations



(Dedicated collaborations: Lattice Strong Dynamics (US) ; Strong=BSM [(EU)] → <<

Mads Toudal Frandsen

Minimal Walking Technicolor

#### Mass spectrum, imposing S and WSR1



Figure:  $R_{1,2}$  spectrum.

(Foadi, M.T.F, Ryttov and Sannion 08)

## LHC Phenomenology

• Basic phenomenology controlled by  $\tilde{g}$ ,  $M_A$ ,  $M_H$ .



< ロ > < 同 > < 三 > < 三

## LHC Phenomenology

• Basic phenomenology controlled by  $\tilde{g}$ ,  $M_A$ ,  $M_H$ .



• Different decay channels probe  $R_1, R_2$  and H.

## LHC Phenomenology

• Basic phenomenology controlled by  $\tilde{g}$ ,  $M_A$ ,  $M_H$ .



Different decay channels probe R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and H.
Di-lepton: R<sup>0</sup><sub>1,2</sub> → ℓ<sup>+</sup>ℓ<sup>-</sup>. Single top: R<sup>±</sup><sub>1,2</sub> → tb

## LHC Phenomenology

• Basic phenomenology controlled by  $\tilde{g}$ ,  $M_A$ ,  $M_H$ .



• Different decay channels probe  $R_1, R_2$  and H.

- Di-lepton:  $R_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ . Single top:  $R_{1,2}^\pm \rightarrow tb$
- Di-boson:  $R_2 \rightarrow ZW/WW$ .

## LHC Phenomenology



- Different decay channels probe  $R_1, R_2$  and H.
  - Di-lepton:  $R_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ . Single top:  $R_{1,2}^\pm \rightarrow tb$
  - Di-boson:  $R_2 \rightarrow ZW/WW$ .
  - Higgs-Strahlung:  $R_1 \rightarrow HZ/HW$ .

## LHC Phenomenology



- Different decay channels probe  $R_1, R_2$  and H.
  - Di-lepton:  $R^0_{1,2} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ . Single top:  $R^{\pm}_{1,2} \rightarrow tb$
  - Di-boson:  $R_2 \rightarrow ZW/WW$ .
  - Higgs-Strahlung:  $R_1 \rightarrow HZ/HW$ .
  - Higgs-Decays:  $H \rightarrow ZZ/WW (b\bar{b}?)$ .

## LHC Phenomenology



- Different decay channels probe  $R_1, R_2$  and H.
  - Di-lepton:  $R^0_{1,2} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ . Single top:  $R^{\pm}_{1,2} \rightarrow tb$
  - Di-boson:  $R_2 \rightarrow ZW/WW$ .
  - Higgs-Strahlung:  $R_1 \rightarrow HZ/HW$ .
  - Higgs-Decays:  $H \rightarrow ZZ/WW (b\bar{b}?)$ .
  - boosted tops, W, Z and H

# LHC Phenomenology



- Different decay channels probe  $R_1, R_2$  and H.
  - Di-lepton:  $R_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ . Single top:  $R_{1,2}^\pm \rightarrow tb$
  - Di-boson:  $R_2 \rightarrow ZW/WW$ .
  - Higgs-Strahlung:  $R_1 \rightarrow HZ/HW$ .
  - Higgs-Decays:  $H \rightarrow ZZ/WW(b\bar{b}?)$ .
  - boosted tops, W, Z and H
- Lattice can (in principle) narrow down parameter space for each model

# LHC Phenomenology



- Different decay channels probe  $R_1, R_2$  and H.
  - Di-lepton:  $R_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ . Single top:  $R_{1,2}^\pm \rightarrow tb$
  - Di-boson:  $R_2 \rightarrow ZW/WW$ .
  - Higgs-Strahlung:  $R_1 \rightarrow HZ/HW$ .
  - Higgs-Decays:  $H \rightarrow ZZ/WW (b\bar{b}?)$ .
  - boosted tops, W, Z and H
- Lattice can (in principle) narrow down parameter space for each model
  - MWT/OMT, NMWT, UMT etc...

#### Model Implementation

- (N)MWT, UMT and OMT models in:
  - LanHEP (A.Semenov) FeynRules (C.Duhr et al)
  - CalcHEP (A.Pukhov) and CompHEP (E.BOOS et al)
  - LHE output/model files is/will be available for HERWIG/PYTHIA/SHERPA/...

< 🗇 > < 🖻 > <

### Model Implementation

- (N)MWT, UMT and OMT models in:
  - LanHEP (A.Semenov) FeynRules (C.Duhr et al)
  - CalcHEP (A.Pukhov) and CompHEP (E.BOOS et al)
  - LHE output/model files is/will be available for HERWIG/PYTHIA/SHERPA/...
  - Dark matter sector in MicrOMEGAs (Belanger et al) w/ asymmetry courtesy of A. Pukhov

## Model Implementation

- (N)MWT, UMT and OMT models in:
  - LanHEP (A.Semenov) FeynRules (C.Duhr et al)
  - CalcHEP (A.Pukhov) and CompHEP (E.BOOS et al)
  - LHE output/model files is/will be available for HERWIG/PYTHIA/SHERPA/...
  - Dark matter sector in MicrOMEGAs (Belanger et al) w/ asymmetry courtesy of A. Pukhov
- Used ThePEG/HERWIG++ for showering/hadronization (Lönnblad/Bahr et al)
- Used DELPHES for Fast Detector Simulation (Ovyn and Rouby)

A (1) > A (2) > A

#### Vector BRs



Figure: BR's of  $R_1$ .

æ

#### Vector Production



Figure: DY production of  $R_{1,2}$ .

< □ > < 同 >

э

## $\ell^+\ell^-$ signature @ LHC using CalcHEP



Figure: Dilepton invariant mass distribution  $M_{\ell\ell}$  for  $pp \to R^0_{1,2} \to \ell^+ \ell^-$ 

(Belyaev, Foadi, M.T.F, Järvinen, Pukhov, Sannino 08)

## $\ell^+\ell^-$ signature @ LHC using HERWIG/DELPHES



Figure: Dilepton invariant mass distribution  $M_{\mu\mu}$  for  $pp \rightarrow R_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ .  $M_A = 1$  TeV,  $\tilde{g} = 2$ , S = 0.3.

Additional Cuts:  $M_{\mu\mu} > 500 \, GeV$  and  $R_j = 1$ . (A. Belyaev, M.T.F and A.Sherstnev in preparation)

## $\ell^+\ell^-$ signature @ LHC using HERWIG/DELPHES



Figure: Dilepton invariant mass distribution  $M_{\mu\mu}$  for  $pp \rightarrow R_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ .  $M_A = 1$  TeV,  $\tilde{g} = 3.5$ , S = 0.3.

Additional Cuts:  $M_{\mu\mu} > 500 \, GeV$  and  $R_j = 1$ . (A. Belyaev, M.T.F and A.Sherstnev in preparation)

#### Parton leveltb signature @ LHC using CompHEP



Figure: tb cross-section

#### Results for tb



Figure: Reconstructed (left plot) and partonic (right plot) invariant mass of top and b-quarks after final cuts. Distributions normalized to 30  $\rm fb^{-1}$ .

A (1) > A (2) > A

#### Di-boson vs Higgs-strahlung



(Belyaev, Foadi, M.T.F, Järvinen, Pukhov, Sannino 08)

## Higgs Strahlung in the SM and TC

Enhanced HZ/HW cross-section from a resonance

(日) (同) (三) (三)
### Higgs Strahlung in the SM and TC

- Enhanced HZ/HW cross-section from a resonance
- U(1) techni-omega, U(1) Z', axial techni-vector (R<sub>1</sub>) resonance

(Zerwekh 05; Barger, Langacker and Lee 05; Belyaev, Foadi, M.T.F,

Järvinen, Pukhov, Sannino 08)



### Higgs Strahlung in the SM and TC

#### **(1)** Resonance peaks from axial-vector $R_1$



(Belyaev, Foadi, M.T.F, Järvinen, Pukhov, Sannino 08 ; M.T.F and Sannino 09)

- E -

< D > < A >

### Boosted WH final states: Preliminary analysis



 Large Higgs transverse momenta peaked at p<sub>T</sub>(H) ~ M<sub>R1</sub>/2 (Belyaev, M.T.F and Sherstnev in progress)

< 17 >

- ∢ ≣ →

### Boosted WH final states: Preliminary analysis



•  $\Delta R_{bb}$  and  $\Delta R_{jj}$  accordingly small in the  $b\bar{b}$  channel: Peaked at  $\Delta R_{bb} \sim 4M_H/M_{R_1}, \Delta R_{jj} \sim 4M_Z/M_{R_1}$ (Belyaev, M.T.F and Sherstnev in progress)

- ∢ ∩ ¬ >

### Boosted WH final states: Preliminary analysis



Boost analysis also relevant when M<sub>H</sub> > 2M<sub>W</sub> for the W associated with H and for the Z's (Belyaev, M.T.F and Sherstnev in progress)

< m
 </li>

### (i)TIMP missing energy signals (Invisible Higgs)



(Foadi, M.T.F and Sannino 08; Shrock and Suzuki 88; Godbole, Guchait, Mazumdar, Moretti and Roy 03).

## Summary

• Minimal Walking Technicolor models constructed to be viable realizations of DEWSB and DM

• • • • • • • • • • • • •

3

# Summary

- Minimal Walking Technicolor models constructed to be viable realizations of DEWSB and DM
  - Lattice simulations are vigorously investigating (near)-conformal dynamics

< ∃ >

- Minimal Walking Technicolor models constructed to be viable realizations of DEWSB and DM
  - Lattice simulations are vigorously investigating (near)-conformal dynamics
- Models provide distinctive pattern of LHC signatures

- Minimal Walking Technicolor models constructed to be viable realizations of DEWSB and DM
  - Lattice simulations are vigorously investigating (near)-conformal dynamics
- Models provide distinctive pattern of LHC signatures
- General EFT framework for LHC studies

- Minimal Walking Technicolor models constructed to be viable realizations of DEWSB and DM
  - Lattice simulations are vigorously investigating (near)-conformal dynamics
- Models provide distinctive pattern of LHC signatures
- General EFT framework for LHC studies
  - First Fast-Detector analysis in progress.

- Minimal Walking Technicolor models constructed to be viable realizations of DEWSB and DM
  - Lattice simulations are vigorously investigating (near)-conformal dynamics
- Models provide distinctive pattern of LHC signatures
- General EFT framework for LHC studies
  - First Fast-Detector analysis in progress.
- Model implementations/LHE files available for detailed analysis!

- Minimal Walking Technicolor models constructed to be viable realizations of DEWSB and DM
  - Lattice simulations are vigorously investigating (near)-conformal dynamics
- Models provide distinctive pattern of LHC signatures
- General EFT framework for LHC studies
  - First Fast-Detector analysis in progress.
- Model implementations/LHE files available for detailed analysis!
  - LanHEP /FeynRules and CalcHEP /CompHEP